## FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 904

## **100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

1834H.02C

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

## AN ACT

To amend chapter 191, RSMo, by adding thereto five new sections relating to the treatment of substance use disorders.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 191, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto five new sections, to be 2 known as sections 191.1164, 191.1165, 191.1166, 191.1167, and 191.1168, to read as follows: 191.1164. 1. Sections 191.1164 to 191.1168 shall be known and may be cited as the 2 "Ensuring Access to High Quality Care for the Treatment of Substance Use Disorders 3 Act". 4 2. As used in sections 191.1164 to 191.1168, the following terms shall mean: 5 (1) "Behavioral therapy", an individual, family, or group therapy designed to help patients engage in the treatment process, modify their attitudes and behaviors related to 6 7 substance use, and increase healthy life skills; 8 (2) "Department of insurance", the department that has jurisdiction regulating 9 health insurers: (3) "Financial requirements", deductibles, co-payments, coinsurance, or out-of-10 11 pocket maximums; (4) "Health care professional", a physician or other health care practitioner 12 13 licensed, accredited, or certified by the state of Missouri to perform specified health 14 services: 15 (5) "Health insurance plan", an individual or group plan that provides, or pays the 16 cost of, health care items or services; "Health insurer", any person or entity that issues, offers, delivers, or 17 (6) 18 administers a health insurance plan;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

19 (7) "Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA)", the Paul 20 Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 found at 42 U.S.C. 300gg-26 and its implementing and related regulations found at 45 CFR 21 22 146.136, 45 CFR 147.160, and 45 CFR 156.115;

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(8) "Nonquantitative treatment limitation" or "NQTL", any limitation on the scope or duration of treatment that is not expressed numerically; 24

25 (9) "Pharmacologic therapy", a prescribed course of treatment that may include 26 methadone, buprenorphine, naltrexone, or other FDA-approved or evidence-based 27 medications for the treatment of substance use disorder;

28 (10) "Pharmacy benefits manager", an entity that contracts with pharmacies on 29 behalf of health carriers or any health plan sponsored by the state or a political subdivision 30 of the state;

31 (11) "Prior authorization", the process by which the health insurer or the 32 pharmacy benefits manager determines the medical necessity of otherwise covered health 33 care services prior to the rendering of such health care services. "Prior authorization" also 34 includes any health insurer's or utilization review entity's requirement that a subscriber 35 or health care provider notify the health insurer or utilization review entity prior to receiving or providing a health care service; 36

37 (12) "Quantitative treatment limitation" or "QTL", numerical limits on the scope 38 or duration of treatment, which include annual, episode, and lifetime day and visit limits; 39 (13) "Step therapy", a protocol or program that establishes the specific sequence

in which prescription drugs for a medical condition that are medically appropriate for a 40 particular patient are authorized by a health insurer or prescription drug management 41 42 company;

43 (14) "Urgent health care service", a health care service with respect to which the application of the time period for making a non-expedited prior authorization, in the 44 opinion of a physician with knowledge of the enrollee's medical condition: 45

(a) Could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the subscriber or the ability of 46 47 the enrollee to regain maximum function; or

48 (b) Could subject the enrollee to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed 49 without the care or treatment that is the subject of the utilization review.

50 3. For the purpose of this section, "urgent health care service" shall include 51 services provided for the treatment of substance use disorders.

191.1165. 1. Medication-assisted treatment (MAT) shall include pharmacologic 2 therapies. A formulary used by a health insurer or managed by a pharmacy benefits

3 manager, or medical benefit coverage in the case of medications dispensed through an

- 4 opioid treatment program, shall include:
- 5 (1) Buprenorphine tablets;
- 6 (2) Methadone;
- 7 (3) Naloxone;
- 8 (4) Extended-release injectable naltrexone; and

9 (5) **Buprenorphine/naloxone combination.** 

2. All MAT medications required for compliance in this section shall be placed on
 the lowest cost-sharing tier of the formulary managed by the health insurer or the
 pharmacy benefits manager.

3. MAT medications provided for in this section shall not be subject to any of thefollowing:

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(1) Any annual or lifetime dollar limitations;

(2) Financial requirements and quantitative treatment limitations that do not
comply with the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA),
specifically 45 CFR 146.136(c)(3);

(3) Step therapy or other similar drug utilization strategy or policy when it conflicts
 or interferes with a prescribed or recommended course of treatment from a licensed health
 care professional; and

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(4) Prior authorization for MAT medications as specified in this section.

4. MAT medications outlined in this section shall apply to all health insurance plans
 delivered in the state of Missouri.

5. Any entity that holds itself out as a treatment program or that applies for
licensure by the state to provide clinical treatment services for substance use disorders
shall be required to disclose the MAT services it provides, as well as which of its levels of
care have been certified by an independent, national, or other organization that has
competencies in the use of the applicable placement guidelines and level of care standards.
6. The MO HealthNet program shall cover the MAT medications and services

31 provided for in this section and include those MAT medications in its preferred drug lists 32 for the treatment of substance use disorders and prevention of overdose and death. The 33 preferred drug list shall include all current and new formulations and medications that are 34 approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of substance use 35 disorders.

7. Drug courts or other diversion programs that provide for alternatives to jail or
 prison for persons with a substance use disorder shall be required to ensure all persons
 under their care are assessed for substance use disorders using standard diagnostic criteria

39 by a licensed physician who actively treats patients with substance use disorders. The 40 court or other diversion program shall make available the MAT services covered under 41 this section, consistent with a treatment plan developed by the physician, and shall not 42 impose any limitations on the type of medication or other treatment prescribed or the dose 43 or duration of MAT recommended by the physician.

8. Requirements under this section shall not be subject to a covered person's prior
success or failure of the services provided.

191.1166. 1. All health insurers and other payers providing health coverage in the state shall be required to disclose which providers in its network provide MAT services and what level of care is provided pursuant to nationally recognized, research-validated, substance use disorder-specific program standards recognized by the state's applicable licensure body. Such disclosure shall be made in a prominent location in the online and print provider directories.

7 2. The department of insurance shall require that provider networks meet
8 maximum time and distance standards and minimum wait time standards for providers
9 of MAT services.

10 (1) Such standards shall be established by the director of the department of 11 insurance and reviewed biannually to ensure patient access to MAT services.

(2) Health insurers shall include a description of how their provider networks meet
 the requirements under this section as part of their access plan or other required network
 adequacy documentation provided to the department of insurance.

153. A health insurance plan shall have a process to ensure that an enrollee obtains16a covered benefit for MAT and related treatment services at an in-network level of17coverage or shall make other arrangements acceptable to the department of insurance if:

(1) The health insurance plan has an otherwise sufficient network but does not have
 an appropriate type of in-network provider available to provide the covered MAT services
 to the enrollee or it does not have an in-network provider available to provide the covered
 MAT services to the enrollee without unreasonable travel or delay; or

(2) The health insurance plan has an insufficient number or type of appropriate in network providers available to provide the covered MAT services to the enrollee without
 unreasonable travel or delay.

4. For purposes of an enrollee's financial responsibilities when the health insurance plan is deemed inadequate under the requirements of this section, the health insurer shall treat the health care services the enrollee receives from an out-of-network provider pursuant to this section as if the services were provided by an in-network provider, including counting the enrollee's cost-sharing for such services toward the enrollee's

30 deductible and maximum out-of-pocket limit applicable to services obtained from in-

31 network providers under the health insurance plan.

5. A health insurer shall render a determination to a request by an enrollee concerning a covered benefit for MAT services from an out-of-network provider and notify the enrollee and the enrollee's health care provider of that determination within twentyfour hours from the date and time on which the health insurer receives that request.

6. A health insurer shall render a determination concerning urgent care services
for MAT and related services and notify the enrollee and the enrollee's health care
provider of that determination within twenty-four hours from the date and time on which
the health insurer receives that request.

7. The health insurer shall report biannually to the department of insurance on the
frequency with which the processes outlined in subsections 4, 5, and 6 in this section are
used.

8. All payers providing health coverage in the state of Missouri shall submit an
annual report to the department of insurance on or before January 1, 2020 that contains
the following information:

46 (1) A description of the process used to develop or select the medical necessity
 47 criteria for mental health and substance use disorders and the process used to develop or
 48 select the medical necessity criteria for medical and surgical benefits;

49 (2) Identification of all nonquantitative treatment limitations (NQTLs) that are 50 applied to mental health and substance use disorder benefits; and

51 (3) An analysis that demonstrates, for the medical necessity criteria and each 52 NQTL, as written and in operation, the processes, strategies, evidentiary standards, or 53 other factors used in applying the medical necessity criteria and each NQTL to mental health and substance use disorder benefits within each classification of benefits are 54 55 comparable to, and applied no more stringently than, the processes, strategies, evidentiary 56 standards, or other factors used in applying the medical necessity criteria and each NOTL to medical and surgical benefits within the corresponding classification of benefits; at a 57 58 minimum, the results of the analysis shall:

(a) Identify how the factors used to determine that NQTL will apply to a benefit,
 including factors that were considered but rejected;

61 (b) Identify and define the specific evidentiary standards used to define the factors
62 and any other evidence relied upon in designing each NQTL;

(c) Provide the comparative analyses, including the results of the analyses,
 performed to determine that the processes and strategies used to design each NQTL, as
 written, for mental health and substance use disorder benefits are comparable to, and are

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66 applied no more stringently than, the processes and strategies used to design each QTL and

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67 NQTL, as written, for medical and surgical benefits; and

68 (d) Provide the comparative analyses, including the results of the analyses, 69 performed to determine that the processes and strategies used to apply each NQTL, in 70 operation, for mental health and substance use disorder benefits are comparable to, and 71 applied no more stringently than, the processes or strategies used to apply each NQTL, in 72 operation, for medical and surgical benefits.

73 9. The department of insurance shall publicly disclose the specific findings and
 74 conclusions reached by the health insurer.

10. The department of insurance shall be required to periodically perform parity compliance market conduct examinations of all health insurers that provide coverage for mental health and substance use disorder care in this state with a focus on determining compliance with the requirements of this section.

11. The department of insurance shall promote and make prominent on its website a mechanism to explain the requirements of this section or sections and a feedback and complaint process for subscribers and enrollees, and providers, who have a bona fide complaint that a health insurer is not meeting the requirements of this section.

12. The department of insurance shall promulgate guidelines or regulations as needed to implement and enforce the requirements of this section or sections. Consultation with representatives of the mental health, medical, social work, and other relevant organizations is strongly encouraged.

191.1167. Any contract provision, written policy, or written procedure in violationof this section shall be deemed to be unenforceable and shall be null and void.

191.1168. If any provision of sections 191.1164 to 191.1168 or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of sections 191.1164 to 191.1168 which may be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to that end the provisions of sections 191.1164 to 191.1168 are severable.