#### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

## **HOUSE BILL NO. 908**

### **100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE LOVE.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.087, 66.601, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1712, 67.1713, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.1971, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 94.900, 144.010, 144.011, 144.014, 144.020, 144.021, 144.030, 144.032, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.060, 144.069, 144.080, 144.083, 144.100, 144.140, 144.190, 144.210, 144.285, 144.517, 144.526, 144.600, 144.605, 144.655, 144.710, 144.759, 144.761, 144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 144.1009, 144.1012, 144.1015, 184.845, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and 644.032, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eighty-four new sections relating to the implementation of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, with a delayed effective date.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.087, 66.601, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 67.578, 2 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1712, 67.1713, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.1971, 3 4 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 94.900, 144.010, 144.011, 144.014, 144.020, 144.021, 144.030, 144.032, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.060, 144.069, 5 144.080, 144.083, 144.100, 144.140, 144.190, 144.210, 144.285, 144.517, 144.526, 144.600, 6 144.605, 144.655, 144.710, 144.759, 144.761, 144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 144.1009, 7 144.1012, 144.1015, 184.845, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and 644.032, RSMo, are repealed and 8 9 eighty-four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 32.070, 32.086, 32.087, 32.311,66.620,67.395,67.525,67.571,67.576,67.578,67.581,67.582,67.583,67.584,67.712, 10

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

1910H.02I

67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 11 67.1545, 67.1712, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 12 94.660, 94.705, 94.900, 144.010, 144.011, 144.014, 144.020, 144.021, 144.022, 144.030, 13 14 144.032, 144.049, 144.054, 144.060, 144.079, 144.080, 144.082, 144.083, 144.084, 144.100, 15 144.105, 144.108, 144.109, 144.111, 144.112, 144.113, 144.114, 144.123, 144.124, 144.125, 144.140, 144.190, 144.210, 144.212, 144.285, 144.526, 144.560, 144.600, 144.612, 144.655, 16 17 144.710, 144.759, 144.761, 184.845, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and 644.032, to read as 18 follows:

32.070. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Streamlined Sales and 2 Use Tax Agreement Act".

2. The director of revenue shall enter into the streamlined sales and use tax agreement with one or more states to simplify and modernize sales and use tax administration in order to substantially reduce the burden of tax compliance for all sellers and for all types of commerce. In furtherance of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, the director of revenue may act jointly with other states that are members of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to establish standards for certification of a certified service provider and certified automated system and establish performance standards for multistate sellers.

3. The director of revenue may take other actions reasonably required to implement the provisions set forth in the streamlined sales and use tax agreement act including, but not limited to, the promulgation of rules and the joint procurement, with other member states, of goods and services in furtherance of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.

16 4. For the purposes of representing the state as a member of the agreement and, if 17 necessary, amending the agreement, three delegates shall represent the state: one of whom 18 is appointed by the governor, one of whom is a member of the general assembly appointed by mutual agreement of the president pro tempore of the senate and the speaker of the 19 20 house of representatives, and one of whom is the director of revenue or the director's 21 designee. Each year, the delegates shall recommend to the committees responsible for 22 reviewing tax issues in the senate and the house of representatives any amendment of state 23 statutes required to be substantially in compliance with the agreement. Such delegates 24 shall make a written report by the fifteenth day of January each year regarding the status 25 of the agreement.

5. The department of revenue shall promulgate rules necessary to implement the provisions of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in

this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2019, shall be invalid and void.

32.086. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for all local sales and use taxes collected by the department of revenue and remitted to a political jurisdiction or taxing district, the department shall remit one percent of the amount collected to the general revenue fund to offset the cost of collection unless a greater amount is specified in the local sales and use tax law. The department shall not commingle the remaining amounts collected with general revenue and shall remit the remaining amounts collected to the political jurisdiction or taxing district, less any credits for erroneous payments, overpayments, and dishonored checks.

32.087. 1. Within ten days after the adoption of any ordinance or order in favor of adoption of any local sales tax authorized under the local sales tax law by the voters of a taxing entity, the governing body or official of such taxing entity shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance or order. [The ordinance or order shall reflect the effective date thereof.]

Any local sales tax so adopted shall become effective [on the first day of the second
calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local sales tax,
except] as provided in subsection [18] 19 of this section, and shall be imposed on all transactions
on which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed.

3. Every retailer within the jurisdiction of one or more taxing entities which has imposed one or more local sales taxes under the local sales tax law shall add all taxes so imposed along with the tax imposed by the sales tax law of the state of Missouri to the sale price and, when added, the combined tax shall constitute a part of the price, and shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. The combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes shall be the sum of the rates, multiplying the combined rate times the amount of the sale.

17 4. [The brackets required to be established by the director of revenue under the
 18 provisions of section 144.285 shall be based upon the sum of the combined rate of the state sales
 19 tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.

20 - 5.] (1) The ordinance or order imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law shall impose a tax upon all transactions upon which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed to the extent and in the manner provided in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144, and the

rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax or state highway use tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.

26 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, local taxing jurisdictions, 27 except those in which voters have **previously** approved a local use tax under section 144.757, 28 shall have placed on the ballot on or after the general election in November 2014, but no later 29 than the general election in November 2022, whether to repeal application of the local sales tax 30 to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales 31 tax under section 144.020 and purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. 32 The ballot question presented to the local voters shall contain substantially the following 33 language:

34 Shall the \_\_\_\_\_\_ (local jurisdiction's name) discontinue applying and 35 collecting the local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors 36 that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer?

37

Approval of this measure will result in a reduction of local revenue to provide for vital services for \_\_\_\_\_\_ (local jurisdiction's name) and it will place Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers at a competitive disadvantage to non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers.

42  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

43

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposedto the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

46 (3) If the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection receives a majority 47 of the votes cast in favor of the proposal, or if the local taxing jurisdiction fails to place the ballot 48 question before the voters on or before the general election in November 2022, the local taxing 49 jurisdiction shall cease applying the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, 50 and outboard motors that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer.

51 (4) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of 52 this subsection be placed before the voters, the governing body of any local taxing jurisdiction 53 that had previously imposed a local use tax on the use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and 54 outboard motors may, at any time, place a proposal on the ballot at any election to repeal 55 application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard 56 motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes 57 cast by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal application of 58 the local sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to the titling

59 of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a 60 licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon 61 are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such 62 application shall remain in effect.

63 (5) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of 64 this subsection be placed before the voters on or after the general election in November 2014, and on or before the general election in November 2022, whenever the governing body of any 65 66 local taxing jurisdiction imposing a local sales tax on the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, 67 and outboard motors receives a petition, signed by fifteen percent of the registered voters of such 68 jurisdiction voting in the last gubernatorial election, and calling for a proposal to be placed on 69 the ballot at any election to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor 70 vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed 71 Missouri dealer, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such jurisdiction a proposal to 72 repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling. If a majority of the votes cast by the 73 registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal application of the local 74 sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to the titling of motor 75 vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed 76 Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are 77 opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such 78 application shall remain in effect.

79 (6) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the voters of any 80 jurisdiction to repeal application of any state sales or use tax.

81 (7) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard 82 motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is repealed, such repeal 83 shall take effect [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the election] as provided 84 in subsection 19 of this section. If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, 85 boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is required to cease to be applied or collected due to failure of a local taxing jurisdiction to hold an 86 87 election [pursuant to] under subdivision (2) of this subsection, such cessation shall take effect 88 on March 1, 2023.

89 (8) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, if any local sales tax on the 90 titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than 91 a licensed Missouri dealer is repealed after the general election in November 2014, or if the 92 taxing jurisdiction failed to present the ballot to the voters at a general election on or before 93 November 2022, then the governing body of such taxing jurisdiction may, at any election 94 subsequent to the repeal or after the general election in November 2022, if the jurisdiction failed

95 to present the ballot to the voters, place before the voters the issue of imposing a sales tax on the 96 tilling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax 97 under section 144.020 that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. 98 The ballot question presented to the local voters shall contain substantially the following 99 language: 100 Shall the (local jurisdiction's name) apply and collect the local 101 sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to 102 state sales tax under section 144.020 and purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri 103 dealer?

104

Approval of this measure will result in an increase of local revenue to provide for vital services for \_\_\_\_\_\_ (local jurisdiction's name), and it will remove a competitive advantage that non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers have over Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers.

109  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

110

111 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed 112 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

(9) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is adopted, such tax shall take effect and be imposed [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the election] as provided in subsection 19 of this section.

117 [6.] 5. On and after the effective date of any local sales tax imposed under the provisions 118 of the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the 119 administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue 120 shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri all additional local sales taxes 121 authorized under the authority of the local sales tax law. All local sales taxes imposed under the 122 local sales tax law together with all taxes imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri 123 shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and 124 regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

125 [7.] 6. All applicable provisions contained in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 126 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall 127 apply to the collection of any local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law except as 128 modified by the local sales tax law.

129 [8.] 7. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and 130 to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under

131 [the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144, as these sections now read and as 132 they may hereafter be amended, it being the intent of this general assembly to ensure that the 133 same sales tax exemptions granted from the state sales tax law also be granted under the local 134 sales tax law, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of all local sales taxes 135 imposed under the local sales tax law.

136 [9.] 8. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required 137 [by sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 for the administration and collection of the 138 state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of the local sales tax law, and no additional permit 139 or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue 140 may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from any local sales tax imposed 141 by the local sales tax law.

142 [10.] 9. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law 143 for the collection of and for payment of taxes under the provisions of the state sales tax law are 144 hereby allowed and made applicable to any local sales tax collected under the provisions of the 145 local sales tax law.

[11.] 10. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and [sections 144.010 to 144.525]
chapter 144 for a violation of the provisions of those sections are hereby made applicable to
violations of the provisions of the local sales tax law.

149 [12, (1)] 11. For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order 150 under the local sales tax law, all sales, except the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and 151 outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri, shall be deemed to 152 be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold 153 is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be 154 155 deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the 156 tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's agent or employee shall 157 be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which he works. 158 159 (2) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the

160 local sales tax law, the sales tax upon the titling of all motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and 161 outboard motors shall be imposed at the rate in effect at the location of the residence of the

162 purchaser, and remitted to that local taxing entity, and not at the place of business of the retailer,

163 or the place of business from which the retailer's agent or employee works.

164 (3) For the purposes of any local tax imposed by an ordinance or under the local sales

165 tax law on charges for mobile telecommunications services, all taxes of mobile

166 telecommunications service shall be imposed as provided in the Mobile Telecommunications

# Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sections 116 through 124, as amended] shall be sourced as provided by sections 144.111 to 144.114.

169 [13.] 12. Local sales taxes shall not be imposed on the seller of motor vehicles, trailers, 170 boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri, but shall 171 be collected from the purchaser by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a 172 certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a taxing entity imposing a local sales 173 tax under the local sales tax law.

174 [14.] 13. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and employees who 175 have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, 176 disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the 177 director of revenue under the provisions of the local sales tax law shall enter a surety bond or 178 bonds payable to any and all taxing entities in whose behalf such funds have been collected 179 under the local sales tax law in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars for each such tax; 180 but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond covering himself and all such deputies, 181 assistants and employees. The cost of any premium for such bonds shall be paid by the director 182 of revenue from the share of the collections under the sales tax law retained by the director of 183 revenue for the benefit of the state.

[15.] 14. The director of revenue shall annually report on his management of each trust fund which is created under the local sales tax law and administration of each local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law. He shall provide each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes authorized by the local sales tax law with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by him for the taxing entity. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the state auditor shall annually audit each trust fund. A copy of the director's report and annual audit shall be forwarded to each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes.

191 [16.] 15. Within the boundaries of any taxing entity where one or more local sales taxes 192 have been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid 193 by him under the local sales tax law or in the event a determination has been made against him 194 for taxes and penalty under the local sales tax law, the limitation for bringing suit for the 195 collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in [sections 196 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144. Where the director of revenue has determined that suit must 197 be filed against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the state 198 sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under the local sales 199 tax law, the director of revenue shall notify the taxing entity in the event any person fails or 200 refuses to pay the amount of any local sales tax due so that appropriate action may be taken by 201 the taxing entity.

202 [17.] 16. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any 203 law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax 204 imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any 205 tax imposed by the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall permit the taxing entity to 206 join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the 207 taxing entity under the local sales tax law. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to 208 all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such taxing 209 entity.

210 [18.] 17. If a local sales tax has been in effect for at least one year under the provisions 211 of the local sales tax law and voters approve reimposition of the same local sales tax at the same 212 rate at an election as provided for in the local sales tax law prior to the date such tax is due to 213 expire, the tax so reimposed shall become effective [the first day of the first calendar quarter after 214 the director receives a certified copy of the ordinance, order or resolution accompanied by a map 215 clearly showing the boundaries thereof and the results of such election, provided that such 216 ordinance, order or resolution and all necessary accompanying materials are received by the 217 director at least thirty days prior to the expiration of such tax] as provided by subsection 19 of 218 this section. Any administrative cost or expense incurred by the state as a result of the 219 provisions of this subsection shall be paid by the city or county reimposing such tax.

220 18. If the boundaries of a city in which a sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter 221 be changed or altered, the city clerk shall forward to the director of revenue, by United 222 States registered mail or certified mail, a certified copy of the ordinance adding or 223 detaching territory from the city within ten days of adoption of the ordinance. The 224 ordinance shall reflect the effective date of the ordinance and shall be accompanied by a 225 map of the city clearly showing the territory added or detached from the city boundaries. 226 Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed under the local sales tax law shall 227 be effective in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the first day of 228 a calendar quarter after one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.

19. (1) The effective date for the imposition, repeal, or rate change of each local sales and use tax is the first day of the calendar quarter after a minimum of one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers. In all cases where notice is required to be made to the director of revenue by a local taxing jurisdiction, such notice shall be made at least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective date for the imposition, repeal, or rate change of a local sales and use tax.

(2) The effective date for any local jurisdiction boundary change for sales and use
 tax purposes is the first day of the calendar quarter after a minimum of one hundred
 twenty days' notice to sellers.

238 **20.** (1) For a rate increase, the new rate shall apply to the first billing period 239 starting on or after the effective date;

240 (2) For a rate decrease, the new rate shall apply to bills rendered on or after the 241 effective date.

32.311. 1. The department of revenue shall create and maintain a mapping feature on its official public website that displays sales tax information of political subdivisions of this state that have taxing authority, including the current tax rate for each sales tax imposed and collected. Such display shall have the option to showcase the borders and jurisdiction of the following political subdivisions on a map of the state to the extent that such political subdivisions collect sales tax:

- 7 (1) Ambulance districts;
- 8 (2) Community improvement districts;
- 9 (3) Fire protection districts;
- 10 (4) Levee districts;
- 11 (5) Library districts;
- 12 (6) Neighborhood improvement districts;
- 13 (7) Port authority districts;
- 14 (8) Tax increment financing districts;
- 15 (9) Transportation development districts;
- 16 (10) School districts; or

17 (11) Any other political subdivision that imposes a sales tax within its borders and 18 jurisdiction.

19 **2.** The mapping feature shall also have the option to superimpose state house of 20 representative districts and state senate districts over the political subdivisions.

**3.** A political subdivision collecting sales tax listed in subsection 1 of this section shall provide to the department of revenue mapping and geographic data pertaining to the political subdivision's borders and jurisdictions. The political subdivision shall certify the accuracy of the data by affidavit and shall provide the data in a format specified by the department of revenue. Such data shall be sent to the department of revenue by April 1, 2020, and shall be updated and sent to the department if a change in the political subdivision's borders or jurisdiction occurs thereafter.

4. The department of revenue may contract with another entity to build and maintain the mapping feature.

30 5. By July 1, 2020, the department shall implement the mapping feature using the
 31 data provided to it under subsection 3 of this section.

66.620. 1. All county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 2 66.600 to 66.630 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be 3 deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as 4 provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county sales tax trust 5 6 fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust 7 8 fund which was collected in each county imposing a county sales tax, and the records shall be 9 open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of 10 each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during 11 the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the 12 treasurer of the county and all expenditures of funds arising from the county sales tax trust fund 13 shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the legislative council of the county, and to the 14 cities, towns and villages located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax in the manner as set forth in sections 66.600 to 66.630. 15

16 2. In any county not adopting an additional sales tax and alternate distribution system 17 as provided in section 67.581, for the purposes of distributing the county sales tax, the county shall be divided into two groups, "Group A" and "Group B". Group A shall consist of all cities, 18 19 towns and villages which are located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and 20 which had a city sales tax in effect under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the day 21 prior to the adoption of the county sales tax ordinance, except that beginning January 1, 1980, 22 group A shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are located wholly or partly within 23 the county which levied the tax and which had a city sales tax approved by the voters of such city 24 under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the day prior to the effective date of the 25 county sales tax. For the purposes of determining the location of consummation of sales for 26 distribution of funds to cities, towns and villages in group A, the boundaries of any such city, 27 town or village shall be the boundary of that city, town or village as it existed on March 19, 28 1984. Group B shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are located wholly or partly 29 within the county which levied the tax and which did not have a city sales tax in effect under the 30 provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the day prior to the adoption of the county sales tax 31 ordinance, and shall also include all unincorporated areas of the county which levied the tax; 32 except that, beginning January 1, 1980, group B shall consist of all cities, towns and villages 33 which are located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which did not have 34 a city sales tax approved by the voters of such city under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 35 94.550 on the day prior to the effective date of the county sales tax and shall also include all 36 unincorporated areas of the county which levied the tax.

37 3. Until January 1, 1994, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns and 38 villages in group A the taxes based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated 39 under section 66.630 and subsection [12] 11 of section 32.087. Except for distribution governed 40 by section 66.630, after deducting the distribution to the cities, towns and villages in group A, 41 the director of revenue shall distribute the remaining funds in the county sales tax trust fund to 42 the cities, towns and villages and the county in group B as follows: to the county which levied 43 the tax, a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population 44 of the unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of group B; and to each 45 city, town or village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the 46 distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such city, town or 47 village bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or village located partly 48 within the taxing county, a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio 49 that the population of that part of the city, town or village located within the taxing county bears 50 to the total population of group B.

51 4. From January 1, 1994, until December 31, 2016, the director of revenue shall 52 distribute to the cities, towns and villages in group A a portion of the taxes based on the location 53 in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 11 of 54 section 32.087 in accordance with the formula described in this subsection and in subsection 6. 55 After deducting the distribution to the cities, towns and villages in group A, the director of 56 revenue shall distribute funds in the county sales tax trust fund to the cities, towns and villages 57 and the county in group B as follows: to the county which levied the tax, ten percent multiplied 58 by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or 59 incorporated since April 1, 1993, multiplied by the total of all sales tax revenues countywide, and 60 a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the 61 population of unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of group B; and 62 to each city, town or village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of 63 the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such city, 64 town or village bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or village located 65 partly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the 66 percentage ratio that the population of that part of the city, town or village located within the 67 taxing county bears to the total population of group B.

68

5. (1) From and after January 1, 2017, in each year in which the total revenues from the 69 county sales tax collected under sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the previous calendar year are less 70 than or equal to the amount of such revenues which were collected in the calendar year 2014, the 71 director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns, and villages in group A and the cities, 72 towns, and villages, and the county in group B, the amounts required to be distributed under the

73 formula described in subsection 4 and in subsection 6 of this section. From and after January 74 1, 2017, in each year in which the total revenues from the county sales tax collected under 75 sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the previous calendar year is greater than the amount of such 76 revenues which were collected in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall distribute 77 to the cities, towns, and villages in group A a portion of the taxes based on the location in which 78 the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection [12] 11 of section 79 32.087, in accordance with the formula described in this subsection and in subsection 6. After 80 deducting the distribution to the cities, towns, and villages in group A, the director of revenue 81 shall, subject to the limitation described in subdivision (2) of this subsection, distribute funds in 82 the county sales tax trust fund to the cities, towns, and villages, and the county in group B as 83 follows: to the county which levied the tax, ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the 84 population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated since April 1, 85 1993, multiplied by the total of all sales tax revenues countywide, and a percentage of the 86 remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of 87 unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of group B as adjusted such that 88 no city, town, or village in group B shall receive a distribution that is less than fifty percent of 89 the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which 90 the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection [12] 11 of section 91 32.087; and to each city, town, or village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a 92 percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the 93 population of such city, town, or village bears to the total population of group B, as adjusted such 94 that no city, town, or village in group B shall receive a distribution that is less than fifty percent 95 of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which 96 the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection [12] 11 of section 97 32.087; and to each city, town, or village located partly within the taxing county, a percentage 98 of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that 99 part of the city, town, or village located within the taxing county bears to the total population of 100 group B, as adjusted such that no city, town, or village in group B shall receive a distribution that 101 is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based 102 on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and 103 subsection [12] 11 of section 32.087.

(2) For purposes of making any adjustment required by this subsection, the director of revenue shall, prior to any distribution to the county or to each city, town, or village in group B located wholly or partly within the taxing county, identify each city, town, or village in group B located wholly or partly within the taxing county that would receive a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on

the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection [12] 11 of section 32.087 if no adjustments were made and calculate the difference between the amount that the distribution to each such city, town, or village would have been without any adjustment and the amount that equals fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection [12] 11 of section 32.087. Thereafter, the director of revenue shall determine the amount of any adjustment under this subsection as follows:

116 (a) If the aggregate amount of the difference calculated in accordance with this 117 subsection is less than or equal to the aggregate increase in the remaining distributable revenue 118 for the applicable period in the current calendar year over the remaining distributable revenue 119 for the corresponding period in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall deduct the 120 amount of such difference from the remaining distributable revenue and distribute an allocable 121 portion of the amount of such difference to each city, town, or village that would otherwise have 122 received a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such 123 city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under 124 section 66.630 and subsection [12] 11 of section 32.087 if no adjustment were made, such that 125 each such city, town, or village receives a distribution that is equal to fifty percent of the amount 126 of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were 127 deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection [12] 11 of section 32.087;

128 (b) If, however, the aggregate amount of the difference calculated in accordance with this 129 subsection is greater that the aggregate increase in the remaining distributable revenue for the 130 applicable period in the current calendar year over the remaining distributable revenue for the 131 corresponding period in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall deduct from the 132 remaining distributable revenue an amount equal to the difference between the remaining 133 distributable revenue for the applicable period in the current calendar year and the remaining 134 distributable revenue for the corresponding period in the calendar year 2014 and distribute an 135 allocable portion of the amount of such difference to each city, town, or village that would 136 otherwise have received a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes 137 generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed 138 consummated under section 66.630 and subsection [12] 11 of section 32.087 if no adjustment 139 were made, such that each such city, town, or village receives a distribution that includes an 140 adjustment that is proportionate to the amount of the adjustment that would otherwise have been 141 made if such adjustment were calculated in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision; 142 (c) After determining the amount of the adjustment and making the allocation in 143 accordance with paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision, as applicable, the director of revenue

144 shall thereafter distribute the remaining distributable revenue, as adjusted, to the county and to

each city, town, or village in group B located wholly or partly within the taxing county in the manner provided in this subsection.

147 (3) For purposes of this subsection, if a city, town, or village is partly in group A and 148 partly in group B, the director of revenue shall calculate fifty percent of the amount of taxes 149 generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed 150 consummated under section 66.630 and subsection [12] 11 of section 32.087 by multiplying fifty 151 percent by the amount of all county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under 152 sections 66.600 to 66.630[, less one percent for cost of collection,] that are generated within such 153 city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under 154 section 66.630 and subsection [12] 11 of section 32.087, regardless of whether such taxes are 155 deemed consummated in group A or group B.

156 6. (1) For purposes of administering the distribution formula of subsections 4 and 5 of 157 this section, the revenues arising each year from sales occurring within each group A city, town 158 or village shall be distributed as follows: until such revenues reach the adjusted county average, 159 as hereinafter defined, there shall be distributed to the city, town or village all of such revenues 160 reduced by the percentage which is equal to ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the 161 population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993; 162 and once revenues exceed the adjusted county average, total revenues shall be shared in 163 accordance with the redistribution formula as defined in this subsection.

164 (2) For purposes of this subsection, the "adjusted county average" is the per capita 165 countywide average of all sales tax distributions during the prior calendar year reduced by the 166 percentage which is equal to ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of 167 unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993; the 168 redistribution formula is as follows: during 1994, each group A city, town and village shall 169 receive that portion of the revenues arising from sales occurring within the municipality that 170 remains after deducting therefrom an amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising from sales within the municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the sum of ten percent 171 172 multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed 173 or incorporated after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if greater than zero, equal to the product 174 of 8.5 multiplied by the logarithm (to base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the total of 175 cumulative per capita sales taxes arising from sales within the municipality less the adjusted 176 county average. During 1995, each group A city, town and village shall receive that portion of 177 the revenues arising from sales occurring within the municipality that remains after deducting 178 therefrom an amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising from sales within the 179 municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the sum of ten percent multiplied by the 180 percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated

181 after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if greater than zero, equal to the product of seventeen 182 multiplied by the logarithm (to base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the total of 183 cumulative per capita sales taxes arising from sales within the municipality less the adjusted 184 county average. From January 1, 1996, until January 1, 2000, each group A city, town and 185 village shall receive that portion of the revenues arising from sales occurring within the 186 municipality that remains after deducting thereform an amount equal to the cumulative sales tax 187 revenues arising from sales within the municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the 188 sum of ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county 189 which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if greater than 190 zero, equal to the product of 25.5 multiplied by the logarithm (to base 10) of the product of 0.035 191 multiplied by the total of cumulative per capita sales taxes arising from sales within the 192 municipality less the adjusted county average. From and after January 1, 2000, the distribution 193 formula covering the period from January 1, 1996, until January 1, 2000, shall continue to apply, 194 except that the percentage computed for sales arising within the municipalities shall be not less 195 than 7.5 percent for municipalities within which sales tax revenues exceed the adjusted county 196 average, nor less than 12.5 percent for municipalities within which sales tax revenues exceed the 197 adjusted county average by at least twenty-five percent.

(3) For purposes of applying the redistribution formula to a municipality which is partly within the county levying the tax, the distribution shall be calculated alternately for the municipality as a whole, except that the factor for annexed portion of the county shall not be applied to the portion of the municipality which is not within the county levying the tax, and for the portion of the municipality within the county levying the tax. Whichever calculation results in the larger distribution to the municipality shall be used.

204 (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the fifty percent of additional 205 sales taxes as described in section 99.845 arising from economic activities within the area of a 206 redevelopment project established after July 12, 1990, [pursuant to] under sections 99.800 to 207 99.865, while tax increment financing remains in effect shall be deducted from all calculations 208 of countywide sales taxes, shall be distributed directly to the municipality involved, and shall be 209 disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. Further, 210 any agreement, contract or covenant entered into prior to July 12, 1990, between a municipality 211 and any other political subdivision which provides for an appropriation of incremental sales tax 212 revenues to the special allocation fund of a tax increment financing project while tax increment 213 financing remains in effect shall continue to be in full force and effect and the sales taxes so 214 appropriated shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide sales taxes, shall be 215 distributed directly to the municipality involved, and shall be disregarded in calculating the 216 amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. In addition, and notwithstanding any 217 other provision of this chapter to the contrary, economic development funds shall be distributed 218 in full to the municipality in which the sales producing them were deemed consummated. 219 Additionally, economic development funds shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide 220 sales taxes and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the 221 municipality. As used in this subdivision, the term "economic development funds" means the 222 amount of sales tax revenue generated in any fiscal year by projects authorized [pursuant to] 223 under chapter 99 or chapter 100 in connection with which such sales tax revenue was pledged 224 as security for, or was guaranteed by a developer to be sufficient to pay, outstanding obligations 225 under any agreement authorized by chapter 100, entered into or adopted prior to September 1, 226 1993, between a municipality and another public body. The cumulative amount of economic 227 development funds allowed under this provision shall not exceed the total amount necessary to 228 amortize the obligations involved.

229 7. If the qualified voters of any city, town or village vote to change or alter its boundaries 230 by annexing any unincorporated territory included in group B or if the qualified voters of one or 231 more city, town or village in group A and the qualified voters of one or more city, town or village 232 in group B vote to consolidate, the area annexed or the area consolidated which had been a part 233 of group B shall remain a part of group B after annexation or consolidation. After the effective 234 date of the annexation or consolidation, the annexing or consolidated city, town or village shall 235 receive a percentage of the group B distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the 236 population of the annexed or consolidated area bears to the total population of group B and such 237 annexed area shall not be classified as unincorporated area for determination of the percentage 238 allocable to the county. If the qualified voters of any two or more cities, towns or villages in 239 group A each vote to consolidate such cities, towns or villages, then such consolidated cities, 240 towns or villages shall remain a part of group A. For the purpose of sections 66.600 to 66.630, 241 population shall be as determined by the last federal decennial census or the latest census that 242 determines the total population of the county and all political subdivisions therein. For the 243 purpose of calculating the adjustment based on the percentage of unincorporated county 244 population which is annexed after April 1, 1993, the accumulated percentage immediately before 245 each census shall be used as the new percentage base after such census. After any annexation, 246 incorporation or other municipal boundary change affecting the unincorporated area of the 247 county, the chief elected official of the county shall certify the new population of the 248 unincorporated area of the county and the percentage of the population which has been annexed 249 or incorporated since April 1, 1993, to the director of revenue. After the adoption of the county 250 sales tax ordinance, any city, town or village in group A may by adoption of an ordinance by its 251 governing body cease to be a part of group A and become a part of group B. Within ten days 252 after the adoption of the ordinance transferring the city, town or village from one group to the

253 other, the clerk of the transferring city, town or village shall forward to the director of revenue, 254 by registered mail, a certified copy of the ordinance. Distribution to such city as a part of its 255 former group shall cease and as a part of its new group shall begin on the first day of January of 256 the year following notification to the director of revenue, provided such notification is received 257 by the director of revenue on or before the first day of July of the year in which the transferring 258 ordinance is adopted. If such notification is received by the director of revenue after the first day 259 of July of the year in which the transferring ordinance is adopted, then distribution to such city 260 as a part of its former group shall cease and as a part of its new group shall begin the first day 261 of July of the year following such notification to the director of revenue. Once a group A city, 262 town or village becomes a part of group B, such city may not transfer back to group A.

263 8. If any city, town or village shall hereafter change or alter its boundaries, the city clerk 264 of the municipality shall forward to the director of revenue, by registered mail, a certified copy 265 of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the municipality. The ordinance shall reflect 266 the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a map of the municipality clearly 267 showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and 268 map, the tax imposed by sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be redistributed and allocated in 269 accordance with the provisions of this section on the effective date of the change of the 270 municipal boundary so that the proper percentage of group B distributable revenue is allocated 271 to the municipality in proportion to any annexed territory. If any area of the unincorporated 272 county elects to incorporate subsequent to the effective date of the county sales tax as set forth 273 in sections 66.600 to 66.630, the newly incorporated municipality shall remain a part of group 274 B. The city clerk of such newly incorporated municipality shall forward to the director of 275 revenue, by registered mail, a certified copy of the incorporation election returns and a map of 276 the municipality clearly showing the boundaries thereof. The certified copy of the incorporation 277 election returns shall reflect the effective date of the incorporation. Upon receipt of the 278 incorporation election returns and map, the tax imposed by sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be 279 distributed and allocated in accordance with the provisions of this section on the effective date 280 of the incorporation.

281 9. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 282 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 283 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 284 If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at 285 least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order 286 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 287 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 288 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed

289 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit 290 the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of 291 revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed 292 from receipts due the county.

293

10. Except as modified in sections 66.600 to 66.630, all provisions of sections 32.085 294 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 66.600 to 66.630.

67.395. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.391 to 2 67.395 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in 3 4 section 32.087] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Anti-Drug Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the 5 county anti-drug sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be 6 commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of 7 8 the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax 9 under sections 67.391 to 67.395, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the 10 county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall 11 distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county which 12 levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and 13 all expenditures of funds arising from the county anti-drug sales tax trust fund shall be by an 14 appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county.

15 2. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 16 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 17 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 18 If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at 19 least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order 20 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 21 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 22 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 23 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall 24 [authorize the state treasurer to] remit the balance in the account to the county and close the 25 account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any 26 amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

27 3. Except as modified in sections 67.391 to 67.395, all provisions of sections 32.085 28 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.391 to 67.395.

67.525. 1. All county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.500 to 67.545 on behalf of any county[, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall 2

3 be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as

4 provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a county sales tax trust

5 fund, which fund shall be separate and apart from the county sales tax trust fund established by section 66.620. [The moneys in such county sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state 6 funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall 7 8 keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each 9 county imposing a county sales tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers 10 of the county and to the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of 11 revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by 12 distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county 13 ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax authorized by sections 67.500 to 67.545, the 14 sum due the county as certified by the director of revenue.

15 2. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 16 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 17 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 18 If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at 19 least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order 20 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 21 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 22 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 23 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall 24 [authorize the state treasurer to] remit the balance in the account to the county and close the 25 account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any 26 amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

3. Except as modified in sections 67.500 to 67.545, all provisions of sections 32.085
[and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.500 to 67.545.

67.571. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with a population of more than eighty-two thousand inhabitants and less than ninety thousand inhabitants may, in addition to any tourism sales tax imposed [pursuant-to] under sections 67.671 to 67.685, by a majority vote, impose a sales tax on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 for the funding of museums and festivals. For purposes of this ection, the term "funding of museums and festivals" shall mean:

7 (1) Funding of museums operating in the county, which are registered with the United 8 States Internal Revenue Service as a 501(C)(3) corporation and which are considered by the 9 board to be tourism attractions; and

10 (2) Funding of organizations that are registered as 501(C)(3) corporations which promote 11 cultural heritage tourism including festivals and the arts.

12 2. Any question submitted to the voters of such county to establish a sales tax [pursuant
 13 to] under this section shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

14 Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the county) impose a 15 sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent to be used to fund (museums, cultural 16 heritage, festivals) in certain areas of the county?

 $\Box$  YES

17

 $\Box$  NO

18 3. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon 19 are in favor of the proposal, and the tax takes effect [pursuant to] under this section, the 20 museums and festivals board appointed [pursuant to] under subsection 5 of this section shall 21 determine in what manner the tax revenue moneys will be expended, and disbursements of these 22 moneys shall be made strictly in accordance with directions of the board which are consistent 23 with the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577. Expenditures of these tax moneys may be 24 made for the employment of personnel selected by the board to assist in carrying out the duties 25 of the board, and the board is expressly authorized to employ such personnel. Expenditures of 26 these tax moneys may be made directly to corporations [pursuant to] under subsection 1 of this 27 section. No such tax revenue moneys shall be disbursed to or on behalf of any corporation, 28 organization or entity that is not duly registered with the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(C)(3)29 organization.

4. Any sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section shall be imposed at a rate not
to exceed two-tenths of one percent on receipts from the sale of certain tangible personal
property or taxable services within the county [pursuant to] under sections 67.571 to 67.577.

33 5. The governing body of any county which imposes a sales tax [pursuant to] under this 34 section may establish a museums and festivals board for the purpose of expending funds 35 collected from any sales tax submitted and approved by the county's voters [pursuant to] under 36 this section. The board shall be comprised of six members who are appointed by the governing 37 body of the county from a list of candidates supplied by the chair of each of the two major 38 political parties of the county. The board shall be comprised of three members from each of the 39 two political parties. Members shall serve for three-year terms, but of the members first 40 appointed, one shall be appointed for a term of one year, two shall be appointed for a term of two 41 years, and two shall be appointed for a term of three years. Each member shall be a resident of 42 the county from which he or she is appointed. The members of the board shall not receive 43 compensation for service on the board, but shall be reimbursed from the tax revenue money for 44 any reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in service on the board.

6. In the area of each county in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by sections 67.571 to 67.577, every retailer within such area shall add the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577 to his **or her** sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.

50 7. In counties imposing a tax under the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577, in order 51 to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be 52 reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to 53 serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the governing body may 54 authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that] tax shall be calculated as authorized by the provisions of section 144.285, and notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new 55 56 bracket system shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable 57 transactions].

8. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall
apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.576. 1. The following provisions shall govern the collection of the tax imposed by 2 the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577:

3 (1) All applicable provisions contained in [sections 144.010 to 144.510] chapter 144 4 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall 5 apply to the collection of the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577;

6 (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and persons under 7 the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.510] chapter 144 are hereby made applicable to the 8 imposition and collection of the tax imposed by sections 67.571 to 67.577.

9 2. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required [by 10 sections 144.010 to 144.510] under chapter 144 for the administration and collection of the 11 state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of sections 67.571 to 67.577, and no additional 12 permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the director of 13 revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed 14 by sections 67.571 to 67.577.

3. All discounts allowed the retailer [pursuant to] under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes [pursuant to] under that act are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected [pursuant to] under the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577.

4. The penalties provided [in] under section 32.057 and [sections 144.010 to 144.510]
chapter 144 for a violation of those acts are hereby made applicable to violations of the
provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577.

5. [For the purposes of the sales tax imposed by an order pursuant to sections 67.571 to 67.577, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer] Except as provided in sections 67.571 to 67.577, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.571 to 67.577.

67.578. 1. The governing authority of any county of the third classification without a 2 township form of government and with more than sixteen thousand four hundred but less than 3 sixteen thousand five hundred inhabitants may impose a sales tax in an amount not to exceed 4 one-fifth of one percent on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to taxation [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144, to be used solely for the funding 5 6 of museums. For purposes of this section, the term "museums" means museums operating in the county, which are registered with the United States Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3)7 8 corporation and which are considered by the board to be a tourism attraction. The tax authorized 9 by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no 10 sales tax shall be imposed [pursuant to] under this section unless the governing authority submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary, or special election, a 11 12 proposal to authorize the governing authority to impose the tax.

13 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following 14 language:

15 Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the county) impose a 16 sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for the funding of museums? 17 "Museums" means museums operating in the county, which are registered with the United States 18 Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) corporation and which are considered by the museum 19 board to be a tourism attraction.

20  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

21

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

24

25 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 26 of the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar 27 quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of the adoption of the tax] as provided by 28 subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the proposal receives less than the required majority of 29 votes, then the governing authority shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until the 30 governing authority has again submitted another proposal to authorize the governing authority 31 to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required 32 majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

33 3. On or after the effective date of the tax, the director of revenue shall be responsible 34 for the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and sections 32.085 35 [and] to 32.087 shall apply. [The director may retain an amount not to exceed one percent for 36 deposit in the general revenue fund to offset the costs of collection.] In order to permit sellers 37 required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and 38 remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a 39 levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the governing authority may authorize 40 the use of a bracket system similar to that | tax shall be calculated as authorized [in] under 41 section 144.285[, and notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket system 42 shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable transactions]. Beginning 43 with the effective date of the tax, every retailer in the county shall add the sales tax to the sale 44 price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be 45 recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. For purposes of this section, all 46 retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer.

47 4. All applicable provisions in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 governing the 48 state sales tax, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the 49 collection of the tax, and all exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and persons [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 are hereby made 50 51 applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax. The same sales tax permit, exemption 52 certificate, and retail certificate required [by sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 53 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this 54 section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; 55 except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an 56 exemption from the tax. All discounts allowed the retailer [pursuant to] under the state sales 57 tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and made applicable 58 to the tax. The penalties for violations provided [in] under section 32.057 and [sections 144.010] 59 to 144.525] chapter 144 are hereby made applicable to violations of this section. If any person 60 is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid [pursuant to] under this section, 61 or in the event a determination has been made against the person for taxes and penalty pursuant 62 to] under this section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and 63 penalty shall be the same as that provided [in sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144.

5. The governing authority may authorize any museum board already existing in the county, or may establish a museum board, to expend revenue collected [pursuant to] under this section. In the event that no museum board already exists, the board established [pursuant to] under this section shall consist of six members who are appointed by the governing authority from a list of candidates supplied by the chair of each of the two major political parties of the 69 county, with three members from each of the two parties. Members shall serve for three-year 70 terms, but of the members first appointed, [one] two shall be appointed for a term of one year, 71 two shall be appointed for a term of two years, and two shall be appointed for a term of three 72 Each member shall be a resident of the county. The members shall not receive vears. 73 compensation for service on the board, but shall be reimbursed from the revenues collected 74 [pursuant to] under this section for any reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in service 75 on the board. The board shall determine in what manner the revenues will be expended, and 76 disbursements of these moneys shall be made strictly in accordance with this section. 77 Expenditures may be made for the employment of personnel selected by the board to assist in 78 carrying out the duties of the board, and the board is expressly authorized to employ such 79 personnel.

6. The governing authority may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters at any county or state general, primary, or special election. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

83 Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert name of county) repeal the sales tax
84 of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for the funding of museums?
85 \_\_\_\_\_ YES \_\_\_\_ NO

86

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". [If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which the repeal was approved.]

67.581. 1. In addition to the sales tax permitted by sections 66.600 to 66.630, any county 2 of the first class having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred 3 thousand or more may impose an additional countywide sales tax on all retail sales made in the 4 county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 upon approval by a vote of the 5 qualified voters of the county. The proposal may be submitted to the voters by the governing body of the county and shall be submitted to the voters at the next general election upon petitions 6 signed by a number of qualified voters residing in the county equal to at least eight percent of 7 8 the votes cast in the county in the next preceding gubernatorial election filed with the governing body of the county. The submission shall include the levying of a sales tax at a rate of not to 9 10 exceed two hundred seventy-five one-thousandths of one percent on the receipts from the sale 11 at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services within the county which are also taxable under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630, and shall provide for the distribution 12 13 of the proceeds in the manner provided in either subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section. If 14 either of the alternative distribution systems as provided in subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this

15 section is approved by the voters, then the alternative system of distribution may not be 16 submitted to the voters for at least three years from the date of such voter approval.

2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but is not limited to, the following language:
Shall the County of \_\_\_\_\_\_ levy an additional sales tax at the rate of
(insert rate of percent) and distribute the proceeds in the manner provided in
(insert proper reference) (subsection 4)(subsection 5) of section
67.581, RSMo?

 $\Box$  YES

22 23

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, the additional sales tax shall be levied and collected and the proceeds from the additional tax shall be distributed as provided in either subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the additional sales tax authorized by this section unless and until a proposal for the levy of such tax is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county.

 $\Box$  NO

3. The provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 and sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087, 32 except to the extent otherwise provided in this section, shall govern the levy, collection, 33 distribution and other procedures related to an additional sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under 34 this section.

35 4. In any county adopting an additional sales tax [pursuant to] under the provisions of 36 this section, and selecting the method of distribution provided in this subsection, the proceeds 37 from the sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section, less one percent collection cost, 38 shall be distributed first to those municipalities that did not receive during the preceding calendar 39 year ninety-five percent of the amount the municipality would have received by multiplying the 40 population of the municipality by the average per capita sales tax receipt for such county in an 41 amount which will bring each municipality receipt of sales tax moneys up to ninety-five percent 42 of the average per capita receipts from the proceeds of the sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under 43 sections 66.600 to 66.630. Any remainder of the money received from the sales tax imposed 44 [pursuant to] under this section shall be distributed to all municipalities on the ratio that the population of each municipality bears to the total population of the county. The average per 45 46 capita sales tax distribution shall be calculated by dividing the sum of the total sales tax revenue 47 derived from the tax imposed [pursuant to] under sections 66.600 to 66.630 by the total 48 population of the county. Population of each municipality, of the unincorporated area of the 49 county, and the total population of the county shall be determined on the basis of the most recent

50 federal decennial census. For the purposes of this subsection, any city, town, village or the unincorporated area of the county shall be considered a municipality. 51

52 5. In any county adopting an additional sales tax [pursuant to the provisions of] under 53 this section and selecting the method of distribution provided in this subsection, the proceeds 54 from the sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section, less one percent collection cost, 55 shall be distributed to all cities, towns and villages, and the unincorporated areas of the county 56 in group B and to such cities, towns and villages in group A as necessary so that no city, town, 57 or village in group A receives from the combined proceeds of both the sales tax imposed 58 [pursuant to] under this section and the sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under sections 66.600 59 to 66.630, less than the per capita amount received by the cities, towns and villages and the 60 unincorporated area of the county in group B receives from the total proceeds from both sales 61 taxes.

62 6. The governing body of any county which is imposing a sales tax under the provisions 63 of sections 66.600 to 66.630 may on its own motion and shall, upon petitions filed with the 64 governing body of the county signed by a number of qualified voters residing in the county equal 65 to at least eight percent of the votes cast in the county at the next preceding gubernatorial 66 election, submit to the qualified voters of the county a proposal to change the method of 67 distribution of sales tax proceeds from the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620 68 to the method provided in this subsection. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the 69 following form:

70 Shall the proceeds from the county sales tax be distributed among the county of 71 and the various cities, towns and villages therein in the manner 72 provided in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 6 of section 67.581, RSMo, in lieu of the 73 present manner of distribution?

 $\Box$  NO

 $\Box$  YES

- 74
- 75

76 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the county voting thereon 77 are in favor of the proposal, the sales tax imposed by the county under the provisions of sections 78 66.600 to 66.630 shall be distributed in the manner provided in this subsection and not in the 79 manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620. If a majority of the votes cast by the 80 qualified voters of the county voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the governing 81 body of the county shall have no power to order the proceeds from the sales tax imposed [pursuant to the provisions of] under sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the manner provided in this 82 83 subsection in lieu of the method provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620, unless and until a 84 proposal authorizing such method of distribution is submitted to and approved by the voters of 85 the county. If the voters approve the change in the method of distribution of the sales tax

86 proceeds in the manner provided in this subsection, the county clerk of the county shall notify 87 the director of revenue of the change in the method of distribution within ten days after adoption 88 of the proposal and shall inform the director of the effective date of the change in the method of 89 distribution, which shall be on the first day of the third calendar quarter after the director of 90 revenue receives notice. After the effective date of the change in the manner of distribution, the 91 director of revenue shall distribute the proceeds of the sales tax imposed by such county under 92 the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the manner provided in this subsection in lieu of 93 the manner of distribution provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620. The proceeds of the sales 94 tax imposed under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in any county which elects to have 95 the proceeds distributed in the manner provided in this subsection shall be distributed in the 96 following manner:

97 (1) The proceeds from the sales taxes shall be distributed to the cities, towns and villages 98 in group A and to the cities, towns and villages, and the county in group B as defined in section 99 66.620 in the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620, until an amount equal to the 100 total amount distributed under section 66.620 for the twelve-month period immediately 101 preceding the effective date of the tax levied [pursuant to the provisions of] under this section 102 has been distributed;

103 (2) All moneys received in excess of the total amount distributed under section 66.620 104 for the twelve-month period immediately preceding the effective date of the tax levied [pursuant 105 to the provisions of **under** this section shall be distributed to all cities, towns and villages and 106 to the county on the basis that the population of each city, town or village, and in the case of the 107 county the basis that the population of the unincorporated area of the county, bears to the total 108 population of the county. The average per capita sales tax distribution shall be calculated by 109 dividing the sum of the remaining amount of the total sales tax revenues by the total population 110 of the county. Population of each city, town or village, of the unincorporated area of the county, 111 and the total population of the county shall be determined on the basis of the most recent federal 112 decennial census.

113 7. No municipality incorporated after the adoption of the tax authorized by this section 114 shall be included as other than part of the unincorporated area of the county nor receive any share 115 of either the proceeds from the tax levied [pursuant to the provisions of] under this section or 116 the tax levied [pursuant to the provisions of] under sections 66.600 to 66.630 unless, at the time 117 of incorporation, such municipality had a population of ten thousand or more.

118 8. The county sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section on the purchase and 119 sale of motor vehicles shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by 120 the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of 121 the applicant is within the county imposing the additional sales tax. [The amounts so collected,

- 122 less one percent collection cost, shall be deposited in the county sales tax trust fund to be 123 distributed in accordance with section 66.620. The purchase or sale of motor vehicles shall be
- 124 deemed to be consummated at the address of the applicant for a certificate of title.]

9. No tax shall be imposed [pursuant to] under this section for the purpose of funding in whole or in part the construction, operation or maintenance of a sports stadium, field house, indoor or outdoor recreational facility, center, playing field, parking facility or anything incidental or necessary to a complex suitable for any type of professional sport, either upon, above or below the ground.

130 10. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 131 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 132 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 133 If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at 134 least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order 135 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 136 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 137 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 138 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit 139 the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of 140 revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed 141 from receipts due the county.

67.582. 1. The governing body of any county, except a county of the first class with a charter form of government with a population of greater than four hundred thousand inhabitants, 2 is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half 3 of one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under [the 4 5 provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 for the purpose of providing law enforcement services for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to 6 7 any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales 8 tax under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county 9 submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a 10 proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax.

11 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following 12 language:

13 (1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized 14 by this section the ballot shall contain substantially the following: Shall the county of

15

(county's name) impose a countywide sales

(insert [amount] rate of percent) for the purpose of providing law 16 tax of enforcement services for the county? 17 18  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO 19 20 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed 21 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No"; or 22 (2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to enter into agreements to form a 23 regional jail district and obligates the county to make payments from the tax authorized by this 24 section the ballot shall contain substantially the following: 25 Shall the county of (county's name) be authorized to enter into 26 agreements for the purpose of forming a regional jail district and obligating the county to impose (insert [amount] rate of percent) to fund 27 a countywide sales tax of 28 dollars of the costs to construct a regional jail and to fund the costs to operate a regional jail, with any funds in excess of that necessary to construct and operate such 29 30 jail to be used for law enforcement purposes? 31  $\Box$  NO  $\Box$  YES 32 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed 33 34 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No". 35 36 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 37 of the proposal submitted [pursuant to] under subdivision (1) of this subsection, then the 38 ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the second 39 quarter immediately following the election approving the proposal as provided by subsection 40 **19 of section 32.087.** If the constitutionally required percentage of the voters voting thereon are 41 in favor of the proposal submitted [pursuant to] under subdivision (2) of this subsection, then 42 the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the 43 second quarter immediately following the election approving the proposal as provided by 44 subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a proposal receives less than the required majority, then the 45 governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized 46 unless and until the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another proposal 47 to authorize the governing body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section 48 and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. 49 However, in no event shall a proposal [pursuant to] under this section be submitted to the voters 50 sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal [pursuant to] under this section.

3. All revenue received by a county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing law enforcement services for such county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Revenue placed in the special trust fund may also be utilized for capital improvement projects for law enforcement facilities and for the payment of any interest and principal on bonds issued for said capital improvement projects.

4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for providing law enforcement services for the county. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.

62 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general 63 64 revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall 65 be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Law Enforcement Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county law enforcement sales tax trust 66 fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the 67 68 state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust 69 and which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records 70 shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth 71 day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund 72 during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited 73 with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of funds arising from the 74 county law enforcement sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the 75 governing body of each such county. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any law 76 enforcement functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body 77 submitting the law enforcement tax to the voters.

78 6. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 79 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 80 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 81 If any county abolishes the tax, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided in 82 subsection 19 of section 32.087. The county shall notify the director of revenue of the action 83 [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may 84 order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected 85 after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 86 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed

after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

01

91 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087
92 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.583. 1. The governing body of any county of the second class with a population of 2 more than forty thousand but less than sixty thousand and which contains institutions operated 3 by the department of corrections and by the department of mental health is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent on all retail 4 sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under [the provisions of sections 144.010 5 6 to 144.525] chapter 144. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all 7 other sales taxes allowed by law; provided, however, that no ordinance or order imposing a sales 8 tax under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a 9 proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax. 10

11 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following 12 language:

Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert [amount] rate of percent) for the purpose of providing retirement and health care benefits for county employees and their dependents?

16  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

17

18 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed 19 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".

20

21 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 22 of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect as 23 provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified 24 voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county shall have no 25 power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the 26 county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county 27 to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by a majority 28 of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal [pursuant to] under 29 this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last 30 proposal [pursuant to] under this section.

3. All revenue received by a county from the tax authorized under [the provisions of] this 32 section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing retirement 33 and health care benefits for county employees and their dependents.

34 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general 35 36 revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall 37 be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County 38 Employee Benefit Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county employee benefit sales tax 39 trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of 40 the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the 41 trust and which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the 42 records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than 43 the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the 44 trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be 45 deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of funds arising 46 from the county employee benefit sales tax trust fund shall be for the provision of retirement 47 benefits or health care benefits for employees of the county and their dependents and for no other 48 purpose.

49 5. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 50 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 51 made and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If 52 any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least 53 ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order 54 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 55 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 56 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 57 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit 58 the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of 59 revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed 60 from receipts due the county.

6. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 62 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.584. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation 5 [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 for the purpose of providing law 6 enforcement services for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to 7 any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales 8 tax [pursuant to] under this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county 9 submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary, or special election, a 10 proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax.

11 2. If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized by 12 this section, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following 13 language:

 14
 Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (county's name) impose a countywide sales

 15
 tax of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert [amount] rate of percent) for the purpose of providing law

 16
 enforcement services for the county?

- 17  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO
- 18

19 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed 20 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

21

22 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 23 of the proposal submitted [pursuant to] under this subsection, then the ordinance or order and 24 any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the second quarter immediately 25 following the election approving the proposal as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. 26 If a proposal receives less than the required majority, then the governing body of the county shall 27 have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of 28 the county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the 29 county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the 30 required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal 31 [pursuant to] under this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the 32 date of the last proposal [pursuant to] under this section.

33 3. Twenty-five percent of the revenue received by a county treasurer from the tax 34 authorized [pursuant to] under this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall 35 be used solely by a prosecuting attorney's office for such county for so long as the tax shall 36 remain in effect. The remainder of revenue shall be deposited in the county law enforcement 37 sales tax trust fund established [pursuant to] under section 67.582 of the county levying the tax 38 [pursuant to] under this section. The revenue derived from the tax imposed [pursuant to] under 39 this section shall be used for public law enforcement services only. No revenue derived from 40 the tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section shall be used for any private contractor 41 providing law enforcement services or for any private jail.

42 4. Once the tax authorized [by] under this section is abolished or is terminated by any 43 means, all funds remaining in the prosecuting attorney's trust fund shall be used solely by a 44 prosecuting attorney's office for the county. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not 45 needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with 46 applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.

47 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue [pursuant to] under this section on behalf of any county[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the 48 49 state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 50 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the 51 "County Prosecuting Attorney's Office Sales Tax Trust Fund" or in the county law enforcement 52 sales tax trust fund, [pursuant to] under the deposit ratio in subsection 3 of this section. [The 53 moneys in the trust funds shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with 54 any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of 55 money in the trusts and which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax [pursuant to] 56 under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and 57 the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all 58 moneys deposited in the trust funds during the preceding month to the county which levied the 59 tax; such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of funds arising from either trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted 60 by the governing body of each such county. Expenditures may be made from the funds for any 61 62 functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax 63 to the voters.

64 6. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 65 amounts in the trust funds and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 66 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 67 If any county abolishes the tax, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided in 68 subsection 19 of section 32.087. The county shall notify the director of revenue of the action 69 [at least ninety days] before the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order 70 retention in the appropriate trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount 71 collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayments of the tax and 72 to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year 73 has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue 74 shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county

restablished [pursuant to] under this section. The director of revenue shall notify each county refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

77 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087
78 shall apply to the tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section.

67.712. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.700 to 2 67.727 on behalf of any county, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as 3 4 provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, 5 which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Alternate Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county alternate sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall 6 7 not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate 8 records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing 9 a sales tax under sections 67.700 to 67.727, and the records shall be open to the inspection of 10 officers of each county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the 11 director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the 12 13 county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax authorized by sections 67.700 to 14 67.727, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the county.

15 2. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 16 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 17 18 If any county repeals the tax authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727, the county shall notify the 19 director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal, and 20 the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of 21 revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the 22 amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After 23 24 one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal of the tax authorized by sections 67.700 25 to 67.727 in such county, the director of revenue shall [authorize the state treasurer to] remit the 26 balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of 27 revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed 28 from receipts due the county.

3. Except as modified in sections 67.700 to 67.727, all provisions of sections 32.085
[and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.700 to 67.727.

67.713. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 67.712, as to the disposition of any 2 other sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 67.700 to 67.727, one-fifth of the sales

3 taxes collected by the director of revenue from the tax authorized by section 67.701 on behalf 4 of any county of the first class having a charter form of government and having a population of 5 nine hundred thousand or more[, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in 6 sections 67.700 to 67.727.] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to 7 8 be known as the "County-Municipal Storm Water and Public Works Sales Tax Trust Fund". 9 [The moneys in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund shall not 10 be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The 11 director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which 12 was collected in each county and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the 13 county and of the municipalities within the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day 14 of each month, the director [of the department] of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund during the preceding 15 16 month to the county which levied the tax, and the municipalities which are located wholly or 17 partially within such county as follows:

(1) The county which levied the sales tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable
 revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of the
 county bears to the total population of the county;

(2) Each municipality located wholly within the county which levied the tax shall receive
 a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such
 municipality bears to the total population of the county; and

(3) Each municipality located partially within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the municipality located within the county bears to the total population of the county.

28 2. The director of revenue may make refunds from the amounts in the county-municipal 29 storm water and public works sales tax trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for 30 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts 31 deposited to the credit of such county or municipality. If any county abolishes the tax, the county 32 shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date 33 of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. 34 The director of revenue may order retention in the county-municipal storm water and public 35 works sales tax trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 36 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 37 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 38 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit

39 the balance in the account to the county or municipality and close the account of that county or 40 municipality. The director of revenue shall notify each county or municipality of each instance 41 of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county or municipality.

42 3. If the governing body of any municipality located wholly or partially within the county 43 so requests by resolution, no funds shall be expended from the proceeds of any tax imposed 44 under section 67.701 within the corporate boundaries of the requesting municipality for the 45 construction, reconstruction or widening of any road established or to be established pursuant 46 to] under section 137.558, the total cost of which exceeds one hundred thousand dollars unless: 47 (a) a public hearing is first held at a place near such proposed action; and (b) plans and 48 specifications of such proposed action are prepared and a cost-benefit analysis prepared in 49 accordance with accepted accounting principles of such proposed action is presented to such 50 public hearing. Such cost-benefit analysis and its work papers shall be a public document and 51 subject to inspection as provided in chapter 610. The provisions of this subsection shall not 52 apply to proposed projects in unincorporated areas of the county.

67.729. 1. Any county except any first class county having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more may, in the same manner and by the same procedure and subject to the same penalties as set out in sections 67.700 to 67.727, impose a sales tax of not more than one-tenth of one percent on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 for the purpose of funding storm water control and public works projects other than stadiums or other sports facilities. This sales tax shall be in addition to any other sales tax authorized by law.

8 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 67.712 as to the disposition of any other 9 sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 67.700 to 67.727, all sales taxes collected by the director of revenue from the tax authorized by this section on behalf of any county[, less one 10 11 percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after 12 payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with 13 the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County 14 Storm Water and Public Works Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county storm water 15 and public works sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be 16 commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax 17 18 under this section and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and 19 the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all 20 moneys deposited in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund during the 21 preceding month to the county which levied the tax, and the municipalities which are located 22 wholly or partially within such county as follows:

(1) The county which levied the sales tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable
 revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of the
 county bears to the total population of the county;

(2) Each municipality located wholly within the county which levied the tax shall receive
 a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such
 municipality bears to the total population of the county; and

(3) Each municipality located partially within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the municipality located within the county bears to the total population of the county.

33 3. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 34 amounts in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund and credited to any 35 county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and 36 drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall 37 notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the 38 repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The 39 director of revenue may order retention in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust 40 fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice 41 to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 42 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 43 abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall [authorize the state treasurer to] 44 remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director 45 of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county. 46

47 4. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall
48 apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.737. Except as modified in sections 67.730 to 67.739, all provisions of sections 2 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.730 to 67.739.

67.738. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.730 to 67.739 on behalf of any county[<del>, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be</del> deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Capital Improvement Bond Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county capital improvement bond sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was 9 collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 67.730 to 67.739, and the records 10 shall be open to the inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not later than 11 the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the 12 trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other 13 officer as may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax 14 authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the 15 county.

16 2. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make [refund] refunds 17 from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and 18 overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 19 such counties. If any county repeals the tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739, the county 20 shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date 21 of the repeal or expiration, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of 22 section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one 23 year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds 24 or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit 25 of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal or expiration of 26 the tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739 in such county, the director of revenue shall 27 remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director 28 of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check 29 redeemed from receipts due the county.

67.745. 1. Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than eleven thousand seven hundred fifty but fewer than eleven thousand eight hundred fifty inhabitants may impose a sales tax throughout the county on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 for public recreational projects and programs, but the sales tax authorized by this section shall not become effective unless the governing body of such county submits to the qualified voters of the county a proposal to authorize the county to impose the sales tax.

8

2. The ballot submission shall be in substantially the following form:

9

10 Shall the County of \_\_\_\_\_\_ impose a sales tax of up to one percent for 11 the purpose of funding the financing, acquisition, construction, operation, and maintenance of 12 recreational projects and programs, including the acquisition of land for such purposes?

13  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

14

3. If approved by a majority of qualified voters **voting on the issue** in the county, the governing body of the county shall appoint a board of directors consisting of nine members. Of the initial members appointed to the board, three members shall be appointed for a term of three years, three members shall be appointed for a term of two years, and three members shall be appointed for a term of one year. After the initial appointments, board members shall be appointed to three-year terms.

4. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of up to one percent on the receipts from the retail sale of all tangible personal property or taxable service within the county[<del>, if such property</del> and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under sections 144.010 to 144.525].

24 5. All revenue collected from the sales tax under this section by the director of revenue 25 on behalf of a county, less one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the 26 state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 27 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby 28 created, to be known as the "County Recreation Sales Trust Fund". [Moneys in the fund shall 29 not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The 30 director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund collected 31 in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the 32 inspection of officers of such county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each 33 calendar month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund 34 during the preceding calendar month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such officer as 35 may be designated by county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax under this 36 section the sum due the county as certified by the director of revenue.

37 6. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 38 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 39 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 40 Each county shall notify the director of revenue [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date 41 of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section, and the repeal shall be effective as 42 provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in 43 the trust fund for a period of one year of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such 44 notice to cover possible refunds or overpayments of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks 45 and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of 46 expiration of the tax authorized by this section in a county, the director of revenue shall remit 47 the balance in the account to the county and close the account of such county. The director of 48 revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed 49 from receipts due such county.

50 7. The tax authorized under this section may be imposed in accordance with this section 51 by a county in addition to or in lieu of the tax authorized in sections 67.750 to 67.780.

52 8. The sales tax imposed under this section shall expire twenty years from the effective 53 date thereof unless an extension of the tax is submitted to and approved by the qualified voters 54 in the county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for 55 a period of ten years.

9. The provisions of this section shall not in any way affect or limit the powers granted to any county to establish, maintain, and conduct parks and other recreational grounds for public recreation.

59 10. Except as modified in this section, the provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 60 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.782. 1. Any county of the third class having a population of more than ten thousand and less than fifteen thousand and any county of the second class having a population of more 2 3 than fifty-eight thousand and less than seventy thousand adjacent to such third class county, both counties making up the same judicial circuit, may jointly impose a sales tax throughout each of 4 their respective counties on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to sales tax 5 under chapter 144 for public recreational purposes including the financing, acquisition, 6 7 construction, operation and maintenance of recreational projects and programs, but the sales 8 taxes authorized by this section shall not become effective unless the governing body of each 9 such county submits to the voters of their respective counties a proposal to authorize the counties 10 to impose the sales tax.

11

2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

12 Shall the County of \_\_\_\_\_\_ impose a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert 13 rate of percent) percent in conjunction with the county of \_\_\_\_\_\_ for the 14 purpose of funding the financing, acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of 15 recreational projects and programs, including the acquisition of land for such purposes?

16  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

17

18 If a separate majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon in 19 each county are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall be in effect as provided by section 20 **32.087** in both counties. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon in 21 either county are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of neither county shall have 22 power to impose the sales tax authorized by this section unless or until the governing body of the 23 county that has not approved the tax shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize 24 the governing body to impose the tax, and the proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified 25 voters voting thereon in that county.

3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable service at retail within the county adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under [the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144.

30 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any 31 county[, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general 32 revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall 33 be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known 34 as the "County Recreation Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county recreation sales 35 tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds 36 of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the 37 trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the 38 records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not 39 later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys 40 deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or 41 such other officer as may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county 42 imposing the tax authorized by this section, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due 43 the county.

44 5. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 45 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 46 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 47 Each county shall notify the director of revenue [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date 48 of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section, and the repeal shall be effective as 49 provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in 50 the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of 51 such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored 52 checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the 53 date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such county, the director of revenue 54 shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The 55 director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any 56 check redeemed from receipts due the county.

57 6. The tax authorized by this section may be imposed, in accordance with this section, 58 by a county in addition to or in lieu of the tax authorized by sections 67.750 to 67.780.

59 7. Any county imposing a sales tax [pursuant to the provisions of] under this section 60 may contract with the authority of any other county or with any city or political subdivision for 61 the financing, acquisition, operation, construction, maintenance, or utilization of any recreation

44

facility or project or program funded in whole or in part from revenues derived from the tax
levied [pursuant to the provisions of] under this section.

8. The sales tax imposed [pursuant to the provisions of] under this section shall expire twenty-five years from the effective date thereof unless an extension of the tax is submitted to and approved by the voters in each county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period of ten years.

9. The governing body of each of the counties imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section may cooperate with the governing body of any county or other political subdivision of this state in carrying out the provisions of this section, and may establish and conduct jointly a system of public recreation. The respective governing bodies administering programs jointly may provide by agreement among themselves for all matters connected with the programs and determine what items of cost and expense shall be paid by each.

10. The provisions of this section shall not in any way repeal, affect or limit the powers granted to any county to establish, maintain and conduct parks and other recreational grounds for public recreation.

11. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087
shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.799. 1. A regional recreational district may, by a majority vote of its board of directors, impose an annual property tax for the establishment and maintenance of public parks and recreational facilities and grounds within the boundaries of the regional recreational district not to exceed sixty cents per year on each one hundred dollars of assessed valuation on all property within the district, except that no such tax shall become effective unless the board of directors of the district submits to the voters of the district, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the tax.

8

2. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

9 Shall a \_\_\_\_\_ cent tax per one hundred dollars assessed valuation be levied for 10 public parks and recreational facilities?

11  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

12

13 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 14 of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective **as provided by subsection 19 of section** 15 **32.087**. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, 16 then the board of directors shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until the board of 17 directors of the district submits another proposal to authorize the tax and such proposal is 18 approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

- 19 3. The property tax authorized in subsections 1 and 2 of this section shall be levied and 20 collected in the same manner as other ad valorem property taxes are levied and collected.

21 4. (1) A regional recreational district may, by a majority vote of its board of directors, 22 impose a tax not to exceed one-half of one cent on all retail sales subject to taxation pursuant 23 to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 for the purpose of funding the creation, operation and maintenance of public parks, recreational facilities and grounds within the 24 25 boundaries of a regional recreational district. The tax authorized by this subsection shall be in 26 addition to all other sales taxes allowed by law. No tax [pursuant to] under this subsection shall 27 become effective unless the board of directors submits to the voters of the district, at a county 28 or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the tax, and such tax shall 29 become effective only after the majority of the voters voting on such tax approve such tax.

30 (2) In the event the district seeks to impose a sales tax [pursuant to] under this 31 subsection, the question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

32 Shall a cent sales tax be levied on all retail sales within the district for public 33 parks and recreational facilities?

 $\Box$  NO

 $\Box$  YES

34 35

36 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 37 of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 38 **32.087.** If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, 39 then the board of directors shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until another 40 proposal to authorize the tax is submitted to the voters of the district and such proposal is 41 approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. The provisions of sections 32.085 42 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to any tax approved [pursuant to] under this subsection.

43 5. As used in this section, "qualified voters" or "voters" means any individuals residing 44 within the proposed district who are eligible to be registered voters and who have registered to 45 vote under chapter 115 or, if no individuals eligible and registered to vote reside within the 46 proposed district, all of the owners of real property located within the proposed district who have 47 unanimously petitioned for or consented to the adoption of an ordinance by the governing body 48 imposing a tax authorized in this section. If the owner of the property within the proposed 49 district is a political subdivision or corporation of the state, the governing body of such political 50 subdivision or corporation shall be considered the owner for purposes of this section.

67.997. 1. The governing body of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than eighteen thousand one hundred but fewer than 2 3 eighteen thousand two hundred inhabitants may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all 4 retail sales made within the county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax

5 authorized in this section shall not exceed one-fourth of one percent, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding senior services and youth programs provided by the county. One-half 6 7 of all revenue collected under this section, less one-half the cost of collection, shall be used 8 solely to fund any service or activity deemed necessary by the senior service tax commission 9 established in this section, and one-half of all revenue collected under this section, less one-half 10 the cost of collection,] shall be used solely to fund all youth programs administered by an 11 existing county community task force. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to 12 all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and 13 taxes. The order or ordinance shall not become effective unless the governing body of the county 14 submits to the voters residing within the county at a state general, primary, or special election 15 a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax under this section.

16 2. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially 17 the following form:

18 Shall \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the county) impose a sales tax at a rate 19 of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent, with half of the revenue from the tax, less 20 one-half the cost of collection, to be used solely to fund senior services provided by the county 21 and half of the revenue from the tax, less one-half the cost of collection, to be used solely to fund 22 youth programs provided by the county?

- 23  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO
- 24

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

27

28 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 29 of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar 30 quarter immediately following the approval of the tax or notification to the department of 31 revenue if such tax will be administered by the department of revenue] as provided by 32 subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified 33 voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless 34 and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question 35 is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

36 3. [On or after the effective date of any tax authorized under this section, the county 37 which imposed the tax shall enter into an agreement with the director of the department of 38 revenue for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. On or after the effective 39 date of the tax the director of revenue shall be responsible for the administration, collection, 40 enforcement, and operation of the tax, and Sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall apply.] All revenue

collected under this section by the director of [the department of] revenue on behalf of any 41 42 county[, except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's 43 general revenue fund,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and 44 shall be known as the "Senior Services and Youth Programs Sales Tax Trust Fund", and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. [Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state 45 46 funds, and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director may make refunds 47 from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to the county for erroneous payments and 48 overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 49 such county. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures 50 shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys 51 earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

52 4. [In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the 53 amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or 54 remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the governing body of the county may authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that authorized 55 56 in section 144.285 and notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket system 57 shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable transactions.] Beginning 58 with the effective date of the tax, every retailer in the county shall add the sales tax to the sale 59 price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be 60 recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. [For purposes of this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer.] 61

62 5. All applicable provisions in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 governing the state sales tax, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the 63 64 collection of the tax[, and all exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and persons under sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and 65 66 collection of the tax. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate 67 required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption 68 certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe 69 70 a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax. All discounts allowed the retailer 71 under the state sales tax for the collection of and for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and 72 made applicable to the tax. The penalties for violations provided in section 32.057 and sections 73 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to violations of this section. If any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid under this section, or in the event 74 a determination has been made against the person for taxes and penalty under this section, the 75

 limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same

section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for

6. The governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this

as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525].

80	elections for the county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:
81	Shall (insert the name of the county) repeal the sales tax
82	imposed at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for the purpose of funding senior
83	services and youth programs provided by the county?
84	$\Box$ YES $\Box$ NO
85	
86	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed
87	to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
88	
89	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor
90	of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in
91	which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority
92	of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal,
93	then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is
94	resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of
95	the qualified voters voting on the question.
96	7. Whenever the governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized
97	in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the county
98	voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed
99	under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the county a proposal to
100	repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting
101	thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of
102	the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section
103	<b>32.087</b> . If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are
104	opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the
105	question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by
106	a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
107	8. If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special
108	trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes, and the county shall notify
109	the director of [the department of] revenue of the action [at least thirty days] before the effective
110	date of the repeal and the director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year,
111	of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or

overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

9. Each county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish a senior services tax commission to administer the portion of the sales tax revenue dedicated to providing senior services. Such commission shall consist of seven members appointed by the county commission. The county commission shall determine the qualifications, terms of office, compensation, powers, duties, restrictions, procedures, and all other necessary functions of the commission.

67.1300. 1. Any governing body of a municipality located in a county enumerated in subdivisions (1) to (26) of this subsection or the governing body of any of the contiguous counties of the third classification without a township form of government enumerated in subdivisions [(1)] (27) to [(5)] (31) of this subsection [ $\Theta r$ ] may impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax on all retail sales made in such county or municipality that are subject to taxation under chapter 144:

7 (1) [In any] A county of the fourth classification acting as a county of the second 8 classification, having a population of at least forty thousand but less than forty-five thousand 9 with a state university, and adjoining a county of the first classification with part of a city with 10 a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants [or];

(2) A county of the third classification with a township form of government and with a
 population of at least eight thousand but less than eight thousand four hundred inhabitants [or]
 ;

14 (3) A county of the third classification with more than fifteen townships having a 15 population of at least twenty-one thousand inhabitants  $[\Theta r]$ ;

(4) A county of the third classification without a township form of government and with
 a population of at least seven thousand four hundred but less than eight thousand inhabitants [or]
 ;

19 (5) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than three thousand 20 but less than four thousand [or];

21 (6) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than six thousand one 22 hundred but less than six thousand four hundred [or];

23 (7) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than six thousand
 24 eight hundred but less than seven thousand [or];

25

26

eight hundred but less than seven thousand nine hundred [or];

(8) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than seven thousand

27 (9) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than eight thousand 28 four hundred sixty but less than eight thousand five hundred [or]; 29 (10) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than nine thousand 30 but less than nine thousand two hundred [or]; 31 (11) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than ten thousand 32 five hundred but less than ten thousand six hundred [or]; 33 (12) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-three 34 thousand five hundred but less than twenty-three thousand seven hundred [or]; 35 (13) A county of the third classification with a population greater than thirty-three 36 thousand but less than thirty-four thousand [or]; 37 (14) A county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty thousand 38 eight hundred but less than twenty-one thousand [or]; 39 (15) A county of the third classification with a population greater than fourteen thousand 40 one hundred but less than fourteen thousand five hundred [or]; 41 (16) A county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty thousand 42 eight hundred fifty but less than twenty-two thousand [or]; 43 (17) A county of the third classification with a population greater than thirty-nine 44 thousand but less than forty thousand [or]; 45 (18) A county of the third classification with a township form of organization and a 46 population greater than twenty-eight thousand but less than twenty-nine thousand [or]; 47 (19) A county of the third classification with a population greater than fifteen thousand 48 but less than fifteen thousand five hundred [or];

49 (20) A county of the third classification with a population greater than eighteen thousand
50 but less than nineteen thousand seventy [or];

51 (21) A county of the third classification with a population greater than thirteen thousand 52 nine hundred but less than fourteen thousand four hundred [or];

53 (22) A county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-seven 54 thousand but less than twenty-seven thousand five hundred [or];

55 (23) A county of the first classification without a charter form of government and a 56 population of at least eighty thousand but not greater than eighty-three thousand [or];

57 (24) A county of the third classification with a population greater than fifteen thousand 58 but less than fifteen thousand nine hundred without a township form of government which does 59 not adjoin any county of the first, second or fourth classification

60 [<del>or</del>];

61 (25) A county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-three 62 thousand but less than twenty-five thousand without a township form of government which does 63 not adjoin any county of the second or fourth classification and does adjoin a county of the first classification with a population greater than one hundred twenty thousand but less than one 64 65 hundred fifty thousand [or] :

66 (26) [In any] A county of the fourth classification acting as a county of the second 67 classification, having a population of at least forty-eight thousand [or any governing body of a 68 municipality located in any of such counties may impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax on 69 all retail sales made in such county or municipality which are subject to taxation pursuant to the 70 provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525:

71 -(1);

72 (27) A county with a population of at least four thousand two hundred inhabitants but 73 not more than four thousand five hundred inhabitants;

74 (2) (28) A county with a population of at least four thousand seven hundred inhabitants 75 but not more than four thousand nine hundred inhabitants;

76 [(3)] (29) A county with a population of at least seven thousand three hundred 77 inhabitants but not more than seven thousand six hundred inhabitants;

78 [(4)] (30) A county with a population of at least ten thousand one hundred inhabitants 79 but not more than ten thousand three hundred inhabitants; [and

80 <u>(5)</u>] or

81 (31) A county with a population of at least four thousand three hundred inhabitants but 82 not more than four thousand five hundred inhabitants.

83 2. The maximum rate for a sales tax [pursuant to] under this section shall be one percent 84 for municipalities and one-half of one percent for counties.

85 3. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax [pursuant to the 86 87 provisions of **under** this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county or 88 municipality submits to the voters of the county or municipality, at a regularly scheduled county, 89 municipal or state general or primary election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the 90 county or municipality to impose a tax. Any sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section 91 shall not be authorized for a period of more than five years.

92

4. Such proposal shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

93 Shall the (city, town, village or county) of impose a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert [amount] rate of percent) for the purpose of economic development in 94 95 the (city, town, village or county)?

96  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

97

98 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 99 of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on 100 the first day of the second quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the 101 tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the 102 qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county or 103 municipality shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section until the governing body 104 of the county or municipality resubmits another proposal to authorize the governing body of the 105 county or municipality to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is 106 approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon; however no such proposal shall 107 be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the submission of the 108 last such proposal.

5. All revenue received by a county or municipality from the tax authorized [pursuant to the provisions of] under this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for economic development purposes within such county or municipality for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.

6. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for economic development purposes within the county or municipality. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county or municipal funds.

118 7. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue [pursuant to] under this section 119 on behalf of any county or municipality[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be 120 deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as 121 provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, 122 to be known as the "Local Economic Development Sales Tax Trust Fund".

8. [The moneys in the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and which was collected in each county or municipality imposing a sales tax [pursuant\_to] under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county or municipality and the public.

9. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county or municipality which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county or the appropriate municipal officer in the case of a municipal tax, and all expenditures

133 of funds arising from the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall be by an 134 appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county or municipality. 135 Expenditures may be made from the fund for any economic development purposes authorized 136 in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the voters.

137 10. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 138 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for erroneous payments and 139 overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 140 such counties and municipalities.

141 11. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the county or municipality shall 142 notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the 143 repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The 144 director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent 145 of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of 146 the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. 147 After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county or 148 municipality, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county or 149 municipality and close the account of that county or municipality. The director of revenue shall 150 notify each county or municipality of each instance of any amount refunded or any check 151 redeemed from receipts due the county or municipality.

152 12. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 153 shall apply to the tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section.

154 13. For purposes of this section, the term "economic development" is limited to the 155 following:

(1) Operations of economic development or community development offices, includingthe salaries of employees;

158

(2) Provision of training for job creation or retention;

(3) Provision of infrastructure and sites for industrial development or for publicinfrastructure projects; and

161

(4) Refurbishing of existing structures and property relating to community development.

67.1303. 1. The governing body of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred inhabitants, any home rule city with more than forty-five thousand five hundred but less than forty-five thousand nine hundred inhabitants and the governing body of any city within any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but less than one hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants and the governing body of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than forty

8 thousand eight hundred but less than forty thousand nine hundred inhabitants or any city within 9 such county may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or 10 county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. In addition, the governing body of any 11 county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants or the governing body of any home rule city with more than 12 13 seventy-three thousand but less than seventy-five thousand inhabitants may impose, by order or 14 ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax 15 under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall not be more than one-half of one 16 percent. The order or ordinance imposing the tax shall not become effective unless the 17 governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of the city or county at a state general 18 or primary election a proposal to authorize the governing body to impose a tax under this section. 19 The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and 20 shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

2. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially 22 the following form:

Shall \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the city or county) impose a sales tax
at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for economic development purposes?
U YES \_\_\_\_ NO

26

27 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 28 of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar 29 quarter following the calendar quarter in which the election was held] as provided by 30 subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified 31 voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question 32 33 is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question, provided that no 34 proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the 35 submission of the last proposal.

36 3. No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used for any retail 37 development project. At least twenty percent of the revenue generated by the tax authorized in 38 this section shall be used solely for projects directly related to long-term economic development 39 preparation, including, but not limited to, the following:

40 (1) Acquisition of land;

41 (2) Installation of infrastructure for industrial or business parks;

- 42 (3) Improvement of water and wastewater treatment capacity;
- 43 (4) Extension of streets;

55

44 (5) Providing matching dollars for state or federal grants;

45 (6) Marketing;

46

(7) Construction and operation of job training and educational facilities; and

47 (8) Providing grants and low-interest loans to companies for job training, equipment 48 acquisition, site development, and infrastructure.

49

50 Not more than twenty-five percent of the revenue generated may be used annually for 51 administrative purposes, including staff and facility costs.

4. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city or county funds.

58 5. The director of revenue may make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund 59 and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments to the trust 60 fund and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities 61 or counties. If any city or county abolishes the tax authorized under this section, the repeal 62 of such tax shall become effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. Each city 63 or county shall notify the director of revenue prior to the effective date of the expiration 64 of the sales tax authorized by this section, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by 65 subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust 66 fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such 67 notice to cover possible refunds or overpayments of such tax and to redeem dishonored 68 checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after 69 the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such city or county, the 70 director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county and close 71 the account of that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county 72 of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due to the 73 city or county.

6. Any city or county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish an economic development tax board. The board shall consist of eleven members, to be appointed as follows:

(1) Two members shall be appointed by the school boards whose districts are included
within any economic development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this section.
Such members shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts;

80 (2) One member shall be appointed, in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts, 81 to represent all other districts levying ad valorem taxes within the area selected for an economic 82 development project or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this section, excluding 83 representatives of the governing body of the city or county;

84 (3) One member shall be appointed by the largest public school district in the city or 85 county;

86 (4) In each city or county, five members shall be appointed by the chief elected officer87 of the city or county with the consent of the majority of the governing body of the city or county;

88 (5) In each city, two members shall be appointed by the governing body of the county 89 in which the city is located. In each county, two members shall be appointed by the governing 90 body of the county. At the option of the members appointed by a city or county the members 91 who are appointed by the school boards and other taxing districts may serve on the board for a 92 term to coincide with the length of time an economic development project, plan, or designation 93 of an economic development area is considered for approval by the board, or for the definite 94 terms as provided in this subsection. If the members representing school districts and other 95 taxing districts are appointed for a term coinciding with the length of time an economic 96 development project, plan, or area is approved, such term shall terminate upon final approval of 97 the project, plan, or designation of the area by the governing body of the city or county. If any 98 school district or other taxing jurisdiction fails to appoint members of the board within thirty 99 days of receipt of written notice of a proposed economic development plan, economic 100 development project, or designation of an economic development area, the remaining members 101 may proceed to exercise the power of the board. Of the members first appointed by the city or 102 county, three shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, three shall be designated to 103 serve for a term of three years, and the remaining members shall be designated to serve for a term 104 of four years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter, the members appointed by 105 the city or county shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be filled for 106 unexpired terms in the same manner as were the original appointments.

107 [6.] 7. The board, subject to approval of the governing body of the city or county, shall 108 develop economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an 109 economic development area, and shall hold public hearings and provide notice of any such 110 hearings. The board shall vote on all proposed economic development plans, economic 111 development projects, or designations of an economic development area, and amendments 112 thereto, within thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project, or 113 designation, and shall make recommendations to the governing body within ninety days of the 114 hearing concerning the adoption of or amendment to economic development plans, economic 115 development projects, or designations of an economic development area.

116 [7.] **8.** The board shall report at least annually to the governing body of the city or 117 county on the use of the funds provided under this section and on the progress of any plan, 118 project, or designation adopted under this section.

119 [8.] 9. The governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax 120 authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date 121 available for elections for the city or county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially 122 the following form:

123 Shall \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the city or county) repeal the sales tax 124 imposed at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for economic development 125 purposes?

126  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

127

128 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become 129 effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as 130 provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by 131 the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this 132 section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified 133 voters of the city or county, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters 134 voting on the question.

135 [9.] 10. Whenever the governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales 136 tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters 137 of the city or county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the 138 sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal 139 to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 140 thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of 141 the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 142 **32.087.** If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are 143 opposed to the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under 144 this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters 145 voting on the question. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify 146 the director of revenue of the action and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. 147

148 **11.** After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, 149 the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, 150 collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for 151 this state, the additional tax authorized under this section. The tax imposed under this

152 section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of this state shall be collected together

and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may

154 be prescribed by the director of revenue.

155 12. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087
 156 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.1305. 1. As used in this section, the term "city" shall mean any incorporated city, 2 town, or village.

3 2. In lieu of the sales taxes authorized under sections 67.1300 and 67.1303, the 4 governing body of any city or county may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax 5 6 authorized in this section shall not be more than one-half of one percent. The order or ordinance imposing the tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city or county 7 submits to the voters of the city or county at any citywide, county or state general, primary or 8 9 special election a proposal to authorize the governing body to impose a tax under this section. 10 The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and 11 shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. The tax authorized in this section 12 shall not be imposed by any city or county that has imposed a tax under section 67.1300 or 13 67.1303 unless the tax imposed under those sections has expired or been repealed.

14 3. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially 15 the following form:

19

20 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 21 of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar 22 quarter following the calendar quarter in which the election was held as provided by 23 subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified 24 voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless 25 and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question 26 is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question, provided that no 27 proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the 28 submission of the last proposal.

4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any
 county or municipality[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the
 state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section

32 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the
 33 "Local Option Economic Development Sales Tax Trust Fund".

5. [The moneys in the local option economic development sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and which was collected in each city or county imposing a sales tax [pursuant to] under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the city or county and the public.

6. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the city or county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county or the appropriate municipal officer in the case of a municipal tax, and all expenditures of funds arising from the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall be in accordance with this section.

45 7. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 46 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments and 47 overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 48 such cities and counties.

49 8. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the 50 director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal, and 51 the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of 52 revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the 53 amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax 54 and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one 55 year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or county, the director 56 of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county and close the account of 57 that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county of each instance of 58 any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.

59 9. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087
60 shall apply to the tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section.

61 10. (1) No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used for any 62 retail development project, except for the redevelopment of downtown areas and historic 63 districts. Not more than twenty-five percent of the revenue generated shall be used annually for 64 administrative purposes, including staff and facility costs.

65 (2) At least twenty percent of the revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section 66 shall be used solely for projects directly related to long-term economic development preparation, 67 including, but not limited to, the following:

60

68 (a) Acquisition of land;

69 (b) Installation of infrastructure for industrial or business parks;

70 (c) Improvement of water and wastewater treatment capacity;

71 (d) Extension of streets;

72 (e) Public facilities directly related to economic development and job creation; and

(f) Providing matching dollars for state or federal grants relating to such long-termprojects.

75 (3) The remaining revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section may be used 76 for, but shall not be limited to, the following:

77 (a) Marketing;

(b) Providing grants and loans to companies for job training, equipment acquisition, sitedevelopment, and infrastructures;

80 (c) Training programs to prepare workers for advanced technologies and high skill jobs;

(d) Legal and accounting expenses directly associated with the economic development
 planning and preparation process;

83

(e) Developing value-added and export opportunities for Missouri agricultural products.

11. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city or county funds.

90 12. (1) Any city or county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish an 91 economic development tax board. The volunteer board shall receive no compensation or 92 operating budget.

93 (2) The economic development tax board established by a city shall consist of at least 94 five members, but may be increased to nine members. Either a five-member or nine-member 95 board shall be designated in the order or ordinance imposing the sales tax authorized by this 96 section, and the members are to be appointed as follows:

97 (a) One member of a five-member board, or two members of a nine-member board, shall 98 be appointed by the school districts included within any economic development plan or area 99 funded by the sales tax authorized in this section. Such member or members shall be appointed 100 in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts;

(b) Three members of a five-member board, or five members of a nine-member board,
shall be appointed by the chief elected officer of the city with the consent of the majority of the
governing body of the city;

(c) One member of a five-member board, or two members of a nine-member board, shallbe appointed by the governing body of the county in which the city is located.

106 (3) The economic development tax board established by a county shall consist of seven107 members, to be appointed as follows:

(a) One member shall be appointed by the school districts included within any economic
development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this section. Such member shall
be appointed in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts;

111

(b) Four members shall be appointed by the governing body of the county; and

112 (c) Two members from the cities, towns, or villages within the county appointed in any 113 manner agreed upon by the chief elected officers of the cities or villages. Of the members 114 initially appointed, three shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, except that when 115 a nine-member board is designated, seven of the members initially appointed shall be designated 116 to serve for terms of two years, and the remaining members shall be designated to serve for a 117 term of four years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter, the members appointed 118 shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms 119 in the same manner as were the original appointments.

(4) If an economic development tax board established by a city is already in existence on August 28, 2012, any increase in the number of members of the board shall be designated in an order or ordinance. The four board members added to the board shall be appointed to a term with an expiration coinciding with the expiration of the terms of the three board member positions that were originally appointed to terms of two years. Thereafter, the additional members appointed shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the additional appointments.

127 13. The board, subject to approval of the governing body of the city or county, shall 128 consider economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an 129 economic development area, and shall hold public hearings and provide notice of any such 130 hearings. The board shall vote on all proposed economic development plans, economic 131 development projects, or designations of an economic development area, and amendments 132 thereto, within thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project, or 133 designation, and shall make recommendations to the governing body within ninety days of the 134 hearing concerning the adoption of or amendment to economic development plans, economic 135 development projects, or designations of an economic development area. The governing body 136 of the city or county shall have the final determination on use and expenditure of any funds 137 received from the tax imposed under this section.

138 14. The board may consider and recommend using funds received from the tax imposed 139 under this section for plans, projects or area designations outside the boundaries of the city or 140county imposing the tax if, and only if:

141 (1) The city or county imposing the tax or the state receives significant economic benefit 142 from the plan, project or area designation; and

143 The board establishes an agreement with the governing bodies of all cities and (2)144 counties in which the plan, project or area designation is located detailing the authority and 145 responsibilities of each governing body with regard to the plan, project or area designation.

146 15. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the economic 147 development sales tax imposed under this section when imposed within a special taxing district, 148 including but not limited to a tax increment financing district, neighborhood improvement 149 district, or community improvement district, shall be excluded from the calculation of revenues 150 available to such districts, and no revenues from any sales tax imposed under this section shall 151 be used for the purposes of any such district unless recommended by the economic development 152 tax board established under this section and approved by the governing body imposing the tax.

153 16. The board and the governing body of the city or county imposing the tax shall report 154 at least annually to the governing body of the city or county on the use of the funds provided 155 under this section and on the progress of any plan, project, or designation adopted under this 156 section and shall make such report available to the public.

157 17. Not later than the first day of March each year the board shall submit to the joint 158 committee on economic development a report, not exceeding one page in length, which must 159 include the following information for each project using the tax authorized under this section: 160

(1) A statement of its primary economic development goals;

161 (2) A statement of the total economic development sales tax revenues received during 162 the immediately preceding calendar year;

163 (3) A statement of total expenditures during the preceding calendar year in each of the 164 following categories:

- 165 (a) Infrastructure improvements;
- 166 (b) Land and/or buildings;
- 167 (c) Machinery and equipment;
- 168 (d) Job training investments;
- 169 (e) Direct business incentives;
- 170 (f) Marketing;
- 171 (g) Administration and legal expenses; and
- 172 (h) Other expenditures.

173 18. The governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax authorized 174 in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for 175 elections for the city or county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following 176 form:

 177
 Shall \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the city or county) repeal the sales tax

 178
 imposed at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for economic development

 179
 purposes?

 $\Box$  NO

 $\Box$  YES

180

181

182 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become 183 effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as 184 provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by 185 the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this 186 section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified 187 voters of the city or county, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters 188 voting on the question.

189 19. Whenever the governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax 190 authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the 191 city or county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales 192 tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal to repeal 193 the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are 194 in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar 195 year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If 196 a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed 197 to the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this 198 section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters 199 voting on the question.

200 20. If any provision of this section or section 67.1303 or the application thereof to any 201 person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or 202 application of this section or section 67.1303 which can be given effect without the invalid 203 provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this section and section 67.1303 are 204 declared severable.

67.1545. 1. Any district formed as a political subdivision may impose by resolution a district sales and use tax on all retail sales made in such district which are subject to taxation [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144, except sales of motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors [and sales to or by public utilities and providers of

communications, cable, or video services], electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other 5 fuels delivered by the seller. Any sales and use tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section 6 7 may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up to a maximum of one percent. 8 Such district sales and use tax may be imposed for any district purpose designated by the district 9 in its ballot of submission to its qualified voters; except that, no resolution adopted [pursuant to] 10 under this section shall become effective unless the board of directors of the district submits to 11 the qualified voters of the district, by mail-in ballot, a proposal to authorize a sales and use tax 12 [pursuant to] under this section. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters on the 13 proposed sales tax are in favor of the sales tax, then the resolution is adopted. If a majority of 14 the votes cast by the qualified voters are opposed to the sales tax, then the resolution is void.

15 2. The ballot shall be substantially in the following form:

 16
 Shall the \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert name of district) Community Improvement

 17
 District impose a community improvement districtwide sales and use tax at the maximum rate

 18
 of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert [amount] rate of percent) for a period of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert number)

 19
 years from the date on which such tax is first imposed for the purpose of providing revenue for

 20
 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert general description of the purpose)?

 21
 □ YES

22

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposedto the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

3. Within ten days after the qualified voters have approved the imposition of the sales and use tax, the district shall, in accordance with section 32.087, notify the director of [the department of] revenue. The sales and use tax authorized by this section shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of the department of revenue receives notice of the adoption of such tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.

30 4. [The director of the department of revenue shall collect any tax adopted pursuant to 31 this section pursuant to section 32.087] After the effective date of any tax imposed under the 32 provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the 33 administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition 34 to the sales tax for this state, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this 35 section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law 36 of this state shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. 37

5. In each district in which a sales and use tax is imposed [pursuant to] under this section, every retailer shall add such additional tax imposed by the district to such retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of the purchase price, shall be a debt

of the purchaser to the retailer until paid and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner asthe purchase price.

6. [In order to allow retailers to collect and report the sales and use tax authorized by this
section as well as all other sales and use taxes required by law in the simplest and most efficient
manner possible, a district may establish appropriate brackets to be used in the district imposing
a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of the brackets provided in section 144.285.

47 <u>7.</u>] The penalties provided [in sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 shall 48 apply to violations of this section.

49 [8.] 7. All revenue received by the district from a sales and use tax imposed [pursuant 50 to] under this section which is designated for a specific purpose shall be deposited into a special 51 trust fund and expended solely for such purpose. Upon the expiration of any sales and use tax 52 adopted [pursuant to] under this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall 53 continue to be used solely for the specific purpose designated in the resolution adopted by the 54 Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current qualified voters. 55 expenditures may be invested by the board of directors [pursuant to] under applicable laws 56 relating to the investment of other district funds.

57 [9.] 8. A district may repeal by resolution any sales and use tax imposed [pursuant to] 58 under this section before the expiration date of such sales and use tax unless the repeal of such 59 sales and use tax will impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities the district has incurred, 60 moneys the district has borrowed or obligation the district has issued to finance any 61 improvements or services rendered for the district.

62 [10.] 9. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 115, an election for a district sales 63 and use tax under this section shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this 64 section.

Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087
 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.1712. 1. The governing body of any county located within the proposed metropolitan district is hereby authorized to impose by ordinance a one-tenth of one cent sales tax on all retail sales subject to taxation [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 for the purpose of funding the creation, operation and maintenance of a metropolitan park and recreation district.

6 2. In addition to the tax authorized in subsection 1 of this section, the governing body 7 of any county located within the metropolitan district as of January 1, 2012, is authorized to 8 impose by ordinance an incremental sales tax of up to three-sixteenths of one cent on all retail 9 sales subject to taxation under [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 for the purpose of 10 funding the operation and maintenance of the metropolitan park and recreation district. Such

11 incremental sales tax shall not be implemented unless approved by the voters of the county with

the largest population within the district and at least one other such county under subsection 2of section 67.1715.

3. The taxes authorized by sections 67.1700 to 67.1769 shall be in addition to all other sales taxes allowed by law. The governing body of any county within the metropolitan district enacting such an ordinance shall submit to the voters of such county a proposal to approve its ordinance imposing or increasing the tax. Such ordinance shall become effective only after the majority of the voters voting on such ordinance approve such ordinance. The provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to any tax and increase in tax approved [pursuant to] under this section and sections 67.1715 to 67.1721.

4. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect, in addition to the sales tax for this state, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of this state shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

67.1775. 1. The governing body of a city not within a county, or any county of this state 2 may, after voter approval under this section, levy a sales tax not to exceed one-quarter of a cent in the county or city, or city not within a county, on all retail sales made in the city or county 3 4 which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 for the purpose of providing services 5 described in section 210.861, including counseling, family support, and temporary residential 6 services to persons nineteen years of age or less. The question shall be submitted to the qualified 7 voters of the county or city, or city not within a county, at a county or city or state general, 8 primary or special election upon the motion of the governing body of the county or city, or city 9 not within a county or upon the petition of eight percent of the qualified voters of the county or 10 city, or city not within a county, determined on the basis of the number of votes cast for governor 11 in such county at the last gubernatorial election held prior to the filing of the petition. 12 election officials of the county or city, or city not within a county, shall give legal notice as 13 provided in chapter 115. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form: 14 Shall County or City, solely for the purpose of establishing a community children's services fund for the purpose of providing services to protect the 15 well-being and safety of children and youth nineteen years of age or less and to strengthen 16 17 families, be authorized to levy a sales tax of (not to exceed one-quarter of a cent) 18 in the city or county?

19

 $\Box$  YES

 $\Box$  NO

20

21 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 22 of the question, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on 23 the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director receives notification of the local 24 sales tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a question receives less than the 25 required majority, then the governing authority of the city or county, or city not within a county, 26 shall have no power to impose the sales tax unless and until the governing authority of the city 27 or county, or city not within a county, has submitted another question to authorize the imposition 28 of the sales tax authorized by this section and such question is approved by the required majority 29 of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a question under this section 30 be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last question under this 31 section.

2. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

39 3. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any 40 city or county, or city not within a county, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall 41 be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as 42 provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special fund, which 43 is hereby created, to be known as the "Community Children's Services Fund". [The moneys in 44 the city or county, or city not within a county, community children's services fund shall not be 45 deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director 46 of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the fund which was collected 47 in each city or county, or city not within a county, imposing a sales tax under this section, and 48 the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each city or county, or city not within 49 a county, and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of 50 revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the fund during the preceding month by 51 distributing to the city or county treasurer, or the treasurer of a city not within a county, or such 52 other officer as may be designated by a city or county ordinance or order, or ordinance or order 53 of a city not within a county, of each city or county, or city not within a county, imposing the tax 54 authorized by this section, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the city or county.

55 4. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 56 amounts in the fund and credited to any city or county, or city not within a county, for erroneous 57 payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 58 the credit of such counties. Each city or county, or city not within a county, shall notify the 59 director of revenue [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales 60 tax authorized by this section, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 61 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the fund, for a period of one 62 year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds 63 or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit 64 of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized 65 by this section in such city not within a county or such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county, or city not within a county, and close 66 67 the account of that city or county, or city not within a county. The director of revenue shall 68 notify each city or county, or city not within a county, of each instance of any amount refunded 69 or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.

5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

6. All revenues generated by the tax prescribed in this section shall be deposited in the county treasury or, in a city not within a county, to the board established by law to administer such fund to the credit of a special community children's services fund to accomplish the purposes set out herein and in section 210.861, and shall be used for no other purpose. Such fund shall be administered by a board of directors, established under section 210.861.

67.1959. 1. The board, by a majority vote, may submit to the residents of such district a tax of not more than one percent on all retail sales, except sales of [food as defined in section 2 3 144.014, sales of new or used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or [other] outboard motors, [all utilities, telephone and wireless services, and sales of funeral services, made on or after 4 5 January 1, 2019, within the district which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of 6 sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144. Upon the written request of the board to the 7 election authority of the county in which a majority of the area of the district is situated, such 8 election authority shall submit a proposition to the residents of such district at a municipal or 9 statewide primary or general election, or at a special election called for that purpose. Such 10 election authority shall give legal notice as provided in chapter 115.

11 2. Such proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the district in substantially the 12 following form at such election:

Shall the Tourism Community Enhancement District impose a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_\_
 (insert [amount] rate of percent) for the purpose of promoting tourism in the district?

69

15  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

16

17 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed 18 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

19

20 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the proposed district voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order shall become effective [on the first day 21 22 of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax] 23 as provided in subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the proposal receives less than the required 24 majority, then the board shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized [pursuant to] 25 under this section unless and until the board shall again have submitted another proposal to 26 authorize the board to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is 27 approved by the required majority of the qualified voters of the district.

3. Except as modified by this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall
apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.2000. 1. This section shall be known as the "Exhibition Center and Recreational 2 Facility District Act".

3 2. An exhibition center and recreational facility district may be created under this section
4 in the following counties:

5 (1) Any county of the first classification with more than seventy-one thousand three 6 hundred but less than seventy-one thousand four hundred inhabitants;

7 (2) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred ninety-eight 8 thousand but less than one hundred ninety-nine thousand two hundred inhabitants;

9 (3) Any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine 10 hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants;

11 (4) Any county of the second classification with more than fifty-two thousand six 12 hundred but less than fifty-two thousand seven hundred inhabitants;

13 (5) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six14 hundred but less than one hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants;

15 (6) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and 16 with more than seventeen thousand nine hundred but less than eighteen thousand inhabitants;

17 (7) Any county of the first classification with more than thirty-seven thousand but less18 than thirty-seven thousand one hundred inhabitants;

19 (8) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and 20 with more than twenty-three thousand five hundred but less than twenty-three thousand six 21 hundred inhabitants;

22 (9) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and 23 with more than nineteen thousand three hundred but less than nineteen thousand four hundred 24 inhabitants;

(10) Any county of the first classification with more than two hundred forty thousandthree hundred but less than two hundred forty thousand four hundred inhabitants;

(11) Any county of the third classification with a township form of government and withmore than eight thousand nine hundred but fewer than nine thousand inhabitants;

29 (12) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and 30 with more than eighteen thousand nine hundred but fewer than nineteen thousand inhabitants;

(13) Any county of the third classification with a township form of government and with
 more than eight thousand but fewer than eight thousand one hundred inhabitants;

(14) Any county of the third classification with a township form of government and withmore than eleven thousand five hundred but fewer than eleven thousand six hundred inhabitants.

35 3. Whenever not less than fifty owners of real property located within any county listed 36 in subsection 2 of this section desire to create an exhibition center and recreational facility 37 district, the property owners shall file a petition with the governing body of each county located 38 within the boundaries of the proposed district requesting the creation of the district. The district 39 boundaries may include all or part of the counties described in this section. The petition shall 40 contain the following information:

41 (1) The name and residence of each petitioner and the location of the real property 42 owned by the petitioner;

43 (2) A specific description of the proposed district boundaries, including a map 44 illustrating the boundaries; and

45

(3) The name of the proposed district.

46 4. Upon the filing of a petition [pursuant to] under this section, the governing body of 47 any county described in this section may, by resolution, approve the creation of a district. Any 48 resolution to establish such a district shall be adopted by the governing body of each county 49 located within the proposed district, and shall contain the following information:

50

(1) A description of the boundaries of the proposed district;

51 (2) The time and place of a hearing to be held to consider establishment of the proposed 52 district;

53 54 (3) The proposed sales tax rate to be voted on within the proposed district; and(4) The proposed uses for the revenue generated by the new sales tax.

55 5. Whenever a hearing is held as provided by this section, the governing body of each 56 county located within the proposed district shall:

57 (1) Publish notice of the hearing on two separate occasions in at least one newspaper of 58 general circulation in each county located within the proposed district, with the first publication 59 to occur not more than thirty days before the hearing, and the second publication to occur not 60 more than fifteen days or less than ten days before the hearing;

61 (2) Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against the establishment of the 62 proposed district; and

63

(3) Rule upon all protests, which determinations shall be final.

64 6. Following the hearing, if the governing body of each county located within the 65 proposed district decides to establish the proposed district, it shall adopt an order to that effect; 66 if the governing body of any county located within the proposed district decides to not establish 67 the proposed district, the boundaries of the proposed district shall not include that county. The 68 order shall contain the following:

69

(1) The description of the boundaries of the district;

70 (2) A statement that an exhibition center and recreational facility district has been 71 established;

72 (3) The name of the district;

73 (4) The uses for any revenue generated by a sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under this
 74 section; and

75

(5) A declaration that the district is a political subdivision of the state.

76 7. A district established [pursuant to] under this section may, at a general, primary, or 77 special election, submit to the qualified voters within the district boundaries a sales tax of 78 one-fourth of one percent, for a period not to exceed twenty-five years, on all retail sales within 79 the district, which are subject to taxation [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under 80 chapter 144, to fund the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and 81 promotion of an exhibition center and recreational facilities. The ballot of submission shall be 82 in substantially the following form:

83 Shall the \_\_\_\_\_\_ (name of district) impose a sales tax of one-fourth of 84 one percent to fund the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and 85 promotion of an exhibition center and recreational facilities, for a period of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert 86 number of years)?

87  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

88

89 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed90 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

91

92 If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of any county that is part of the proposed district

93 favor the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective in that portion of the county [that 94 is part of the proposed district on the first day of the first calendar guarter immediately following 95 the election] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast in 96 the portion of a county that is a part of the proposed district oppose the proposal, then that 97 portion of such county shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section until after the 98 county governing body has submitted another such sales tax proposal and the proposal is 99 approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, if a sales tax proposal 100 is not approved, the governing body of the county shall not resubmit a proposal to the voters 101 **[pursuant to] under** this section sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal 102 submitted [pursuant to] under this section. If the qualified voters in two or more counties that 103 have contiguous districts approve the sales tax proposal, the districts shall combine to become 104 one district.

105 8. There is hereby created a board of trustees to administer any district created and the 106 expenditure of revenue generated [pursuant to] under this section consisting of four individuals 107 to represent each county approving the district, as provided in this subsection. The governing 108 body of each county located within the district, upon approval of that county's sales tax proposal, 109 shall appoint four members to the board of trustees; at least one shall be an owner of a 110 nonlodging business located within the taxing district, or their designee, at least one shall be an 111 owner of a lodging facility located within the district, or their designee, and all members shall 112 reside in the district except that one nonlodging business owner, or their designee, and one 113 lodging facility owner, or their designee, may reside outside the district. Each trustee shall be 114 at least twenty-five years of age and a resident of this state. Of the initial trustees appointed from 115 each county, two shall hold office for two years, and two shall hold office for four years. 116 Trustees appointed after expiration of the initial terms shall be appointed to a four-year term by 117 the governing body of the county the trustee represents, with the initially appointed trustee to 118 remain in office until a successor is appointed, and shall take office upon being appointed. Each 119 trustee may be reappointed. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner in which the trustee 120 vacating the office was originally appointed. The trustees shall not receive compensation for 121 their services, but may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses. The board shall 122 elect a chair and other officers necessary for its membership. Trustees may be removed if:

(1) By a two-thirds vote, the board moves for the member's removal and submits suchmotion to the governing body of the county from which the trustee was appointed; and

125 (2) The governing body of the county from which the trustee was appointed, by a 126 majority vote, adopts the motion for removal.

127

9. The board of trustees shall have the following powers, authority, and privileges:

73

128

(1) To have and use a corporate seal;

129

(2) To sue and be sued, and be a party to suits, actions, and proceedings;

130 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person or entity, public 131 or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts with any municipality, district, 132 or state, or the United States, and any of their agencies, political subdivisions, or 133 instrumentalities, for the funding, including without limitation interest rate exchange or swap 134 agreements, planning, development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a 135 single exhibition center and recreational facilities or to assist in such activity. "Recreational facilities" means locations explicitly designated for public use where the primary use of the 136 137 facility involves participation in hobbies or athletic activities;

138 To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by certificates, (4) 139 notes, or debentures, to issue bonds and use any one or more lawful funding methods the district 140 may obtain for its purposes at such rates of interest as the district may determine. Any bonds, 141 notes, and other obligations issued or delivered by the district may be secured by mortgage, 142 pledge, or deed of trust of any or all of the property and income of the district. Every issue of 143 such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be payable out of property and revenues of the 144 district and may be further secured by other property of the district, which may be pledged, 145 assigned, mortgaged, or a security interest granted for such payment, without preference or 146 priority of the first bonds issued, subject to any agreement with the holders of any other bonds 147 pledging any specified property or revenues. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be 148 authorized by resolution of the district board, and shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature 149 at such time or times, but not in excess of thirty years, as the resolution shall specify. Such 150 bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be in such denomination, bear interest at such rate or 151 rates, be in such form, either coupon or registered, be issued as current interest bonds, compound 152 interest bonds, variable rate bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such 153 manner, be payable in such place or places, and be subject to redemption as such resolution may 154 provide, notwithstanding section 108.170. The bonds, notes, or other obligations may be sold 155 at either public or private sale, at such interest rates, and at such price or prices as the district 156 shall determine;

157 (5) To acquire, transfer, donate, lease, exchange, mortgage, and encumber real and 158 personal property in furtherance of district purposes;

(6) To refund any bonds, notes, or other obligations of the district without an election. The terms and conditions of refunding obligations shall be substantially the same as those of the original issue, and the board shall provide for the payment of interest at not to exceed the legal rate, and the principal of such refunding obligations in the same manner as is provided for the payment of interest and principal of obligations refunded;

74

164 (7) To have the management, control, and supervision of all the business and affairs of 165 the district, and the construction, installation, operation, and maintenance of district 166 improvements therein; to collect rentals, fees, and other charges in connection with its services 167 or for the use of any of its facilities;

168

(8) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;

169

(9) To receive and accept by bequest, gift, or donation any kind of property;

(10) To adopt and amend bylaws and any other rules and regulations not in conflict with
the constitution and laws of this state, necessary for the carrying on of the business, objects, and
affairs of the board and of the district; and

173 (11) To have and exercise all rights and powers necessary or incidental to or implied 174 from the specific powers granted by this section.

175 10. There is hereby created the "Exhibition Center and Recreational Facility District 176 Sales Tax Trust Fund", which shall consist of all sales tax revenue collected [pursuant to] under 177 this section. The director of revenue shall be custodian of the trust fund, and moneys in the trust 178 fund shall be used solely for the purposes authorized in this section. Moneys in the trust fund 179 shall be considered nonstate funds [pursuant to] under section 15, article IV, Constitution of 180 Missouri. The director of revenue shall invest moneys in the trust fund in the same manner as 181 other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited 182 to the trust fund. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue [pursuant to] under this 183 section on behalf of the district, less one percent for the cost of collection which shall be 184 deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as 185 provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in the trust fund. The director of revenue shall 186 keep accurate records of the amount of moneys in the trust fund which was collected in the 187 district imposing a sales tax [pursuant to] under this section, and the records shall be open to the 188 inspection of the officers of each district and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of 189 each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during 190 the preceding month to the district. The director of revenue may authorize refunds from the 191 amounts in the trust fund and credited to the district for erroneous payments and overpayments 192 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of the district.

193 11. The sales tax authorized by this section is in addition to all other sales taxes allowed 194 by law. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the 195 director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, 196 enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for this state, 197 the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under 198 this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of this state shall be collected

199 together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and 200 regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

201 12. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087
 202 apply to the sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section.

[12.] 13. Any sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section shall not extend past the initial term approved by the voters unless an extension of the sales tax is submitted to and approved by the qualified voters in each county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period not to exceed twenty years. The ballot of submission for the extension shall be in substantially the following form:

 208
 Shall the \_\_\_\_\_\_ (name of district) extend the sales tax of one-fourth

 209
 of one percent for a period of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert number of years) years to fund the acquisition,

 210
 construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and promotion of an exhibition center and

 211
 recreational facilities?

 $\Box$  YES

212

213

214 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed 215 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

 $\Box$  NO

216

If a majority of the votes cast favor the extension, then the sales tax shall remain in effect at the rate and for the time period approved by the voters. If a sales tax extension is not approved, the district may submit another sales tax proposal as authorized in this section, but the district shall not submit such a proposal to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last extension submitted.

222 [13.] 14. Once the sales tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by any 223 means, all funds remaining in the trust fund shall be used solely for the purposes approved in the 224 ballot question authorizing the sales tax. The sales tax shall not be abolished or terminated while 225 the district has any financing or other obligations outstanding; provided that any new financing, 226 debt, or other obligation or any restructuring or refinancing of an existing debt or obligation 227 incurred more than ten years after voter approval of the sales tax provided in this section or more 228 than ten years after any voter-approved extension thereof shall not cause the extension of the 229 sales tax provided in this section or cause the final maturity of any financing or other obligations 230 outstanding to be extended. Any funds in the trust fund which are not needed for current 231 expenditures may be invested by the district in the securities described in subdivisions (1) to (12) 232 of subsection 1 of section 30.270 or repurchase agreements secured by such securities. If the 233 district abolishes the sales tax, the district shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at 234 least ninety days before prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be

235 effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order 236 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 237 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the sales tax and to redeem 238 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 239 after the effective date of abolition of the sales tax in the district, the director of revenue shall 240 remit the balance in the account to the district and close the account of the district. The director 241 of revenue shall notify the district of each instance of any amount refunded or any check 242 redeemed from receipts due the district.

243 [14.] 15. In the event that the district is dissolved or terminated by any means, the 244 governing bodies of the counties in the district shall appoint a person to act as trustee for the 245 district so dissolved or terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the trustee shall 246 take and subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give bond 247 with sufficient security, approved by the governing bodies of the counties, to the use of the 248 dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of duties. The trustee shall have and 249 exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining 250 obligations of the district, shall pay over to the county treasurer of each county in the district and 251 take receipt for all remaining moneys in amounts based on the ratio the levy of each county bears 252 to the total levy for the district in the previous three years or since the establishment of the 253 district, whichever time period is shorter. Upon payment to the county treasurers, the trustee 254 shall deliver to the clerk of the governing body of any county in the district all books, papers, 255 records, and deeds belonging to the dissolved district.

67.2030. 1. The governing authority of any city of the fourth classification with more 2 than one thousand six hundred but less than one thousand seven hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than seventy-three thousand seven hundred but 3 4 less than seventy-three thousand eight hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by 5 ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount not to exceed one-half of one percent on all retail 6 sales made in such city which are subject to taxation [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] 7 under chapter 144 for the promotion of tourism in such city. The tax authorized by this section 8 shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or 9 order imposing a sales tax [pursuant to] under this section shall be effective unless the governing 10 authority of the city submits to the qualified voters of the city, at any municipal or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing authority of the city to impose 11 12 a tax.

13 2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

14 Shall the city of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (city's name) impose a citywide sales tax of 15 (insert [amount] rate of percent) for the purpose of promoting tourism in the city? 16  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

17

18 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed

19 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

20

21 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 22 of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on 23 the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following notification to the director of the 24 department of revenue of the election approving the proposal] as provided by subsection 19 of 25 section 32.087. If a proposal receives less than the required majority, then the governing 26 authority of the city shall have no power to impose the sales tax unless and until the governing 27 authority of the city has submitted another proposal to authorize the imposition of the sales tax 28 authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified 29 voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal [pursuant to] under this section 30 be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal [pursuant 31 to] under this section.

32 3. [On and after the effective date of any tax authorized in this section, the city may 33 adopt one of the two following provisions for the collection and administration of the tax:

34 (1) The city may adopt rules and regulations for the internal collection of such tax by the
 35 city officers usually responsible for collection and administration of city taxes; or

36 (2) The eity may enter into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. In the event any city 37 enters into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection 38 39 of the tax authorized in this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident 40 to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of such tax, and the director of 41 revenue shall collect the additional tax authorized in this section. The tax authorized in this 42 section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and 43 regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue, and the director of revenue shall retain an amount not to exceed one percent for cost of collection. 44 45 4. If a tax is imposed by a city pursuant to this section, the city may collect a penalty of

45 <u>4. If a tax is imposed by a city pursuant to this section, the city may collect a penalty of</u> 46 one percent and interest not to exceed two percent per month on unpaid taxes which shall be 47 considered delinquent thirty days after the last day of each quarter] After the effective date of 48 any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform 49 all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the 50 tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for this state, the additional tax authorized 51 under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed

52 under the sales tax law of this state shall be collected together and reported upon such

forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the
 director of revenue.

55 [5.] 4. (1) The governing authority of any city that has adopted any sales tax [pursuant 56 to] under this section shall, upon filing of a petition calling for the repeal of such sales tax 57 signed by at least ten percent of the qualified voters in the city, submit the question of repeal of 58 the sales tax to the qualified voters at any primary or general election. The ballot of submission 59 shall be in substantially the following form:

 60
 Shall \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert name of city) repeal the sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_\_

 61
 (insert rate of percent) percent for tourism purposes now in effect in \_\_\_\_\_\_

 62
 (insert name of city)?

 63
 □ YES
 □ NO

64

65 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed 66 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

67

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action prior to the effective date of the repeal, as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.

(2) Once the tax is repealed as provided in this section, all funds remaining in any trust fund or account established to receive revenues generated by the tax shall be used solely for the original stated purpose of the tax. Any funds which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city funds.

78 (3) The governing authority of a city repealing a tax [pursuant to] under this section 79 shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least forty-five days before] prior to the 80 effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of 81 section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in any trust fund created in the state 82 treasury associated with the tax, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected 83 after receipt of such notice to cover refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored 84 checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the 85 effective date of repeal of the tax in the city, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the 86 trust fund to the city and close the account of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each 87 city of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city.

88 (4) In the event that the repeal of a sales tax [pursuant to] under this section dissolves 89 or terminates a taxing district, the governing authority of the city shall appoint a person to act as 90 trustee for the district so dissolved or terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the 91 trustee shall take and subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall 92 give bond with sufficient security, approved by the governing authority of the city, to the use of 93 the dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of duties. The trustee shall have 94 and exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining 95 obligations of the district, shall pay over to the city treasurer or the equivalent official and take 96 receipt for all remaining moneys. Upon payment to the city treasurer, the trustee shall deliver 97 to the clerk of the governing authority of the city all books, papers, records, and deeds belonging 98 to the dissolved district.

99 [6.] 5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 100 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section.

67.2525. 1. Each member of the board of directors shall have the following 2 qualifications:

3 (1) As to those subdistricts in which there are registered voters, a resident registered 4 voter in the subdistrict that he or she represents, or be a property owner or, as to those 5 subdistricts in which there are not registered voters who are residents, a property owner or 6 representative of a property owner in the subdistrict he or she represents;

7

(2) Be at least twenty-one years of age and a registered voter in the district.

8 2. The district shall be subdivided into at least five but not more than fifteen subdistricts, 9 which shall be represented by one representative on the district board of directors. All board 10 members shall have terms of four years, including the initial board of directors. All members 11 shall take office upon being appointed and shall remain in office until a successor is appointed 12 by the mayor or [chairman] chair of the municipality in which the district is located, or elected 13 by the property owners in those subdistricts without registered voters.

3. For those subdistricts which contain one or more registered voters, the mayor or [chairman] chair of the city, town, or village shall, with the consent of the governing body, appoint a registered voter residing in the subdistrict to the board of directors.

4. For those subdistricts which contain no registered voters, the property owners who collectively own one or more parcels of real estate comprising more than half of the land situated in each subdistrict shall meet and shall elect a representative to serve upon the board of directors. The clerk of the city, town, or village in which the petition was filed shall, unless waived in writing by all property owners in the subdistrict, give notice by causing publication to be made once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, the last publication of which shall be at least ten days before the day of the meeting required by this

24 section, to call a meeting of the owners of real property within the subdistrict at a day and hour 25 specified in a public place in the city, town, or village in which the petition was filed for the 26 purpose of electing members of the board of directors.

27 5. The property owners, when assembled, shall organize by the election of a temporary 28 [chairman] chair and secretary of the meeting who shall conduct the election. An election shall 29 be conducted for each subdistrict, with the eligible property owners voting in that subdistrict. 30 At the election, each acre of real property within the subdistrict shall represent one share, and 31 each owner, including corporations and other entities, may have one vote in person or for every 32 acre of real property owned by such person within the subdistrict. Each voter which is not an 33 individual shall determine how to cast its vote as provided for in its articles of incorporation, 34 articles of organization, articles of partnership, bylaws, or other document which sets forth an 35 appropriate mechanism for the determination of the entity's vote. If a voter has no such 36 mechanism, then its vote shall be cast as determined by a majority of the persons who run the 37 day-to-day affairs of the voter. The results of the meeting shall be certified by the temporary 38 [chairman] chair and secretary to the municipal clerk if the district is established by a 39 municipality described in this section, or to the circuit clerk if the district is established by a 40 circuit court.

41 6. Successor boards shall be appointed or elected, depending upon the presence or 42 absence of resident registered voters, by the mayor or [chairman] chair of a city, town, or village 43 described in this section, or the property owners as set forth above; provided, however, that 44 elections held by the property owners after the initial board is elected shall be certified to the 45 municipal clerk of the city, town, or village where the district is located and the board of 46 directors of the district.

47 7. Should a vacancy occur on the board of directors, the mayor or [chairman] chair of 48 the city, town, or village if there are registered voters within the subdistrict, or a majority of the owners of real property in a subdistrict if there are not registered voters in the subdistrict, shall 49 50 have the authority to appoint or elect, as set forth in this section, an interim director to complete 51 any unexpired term of a director caused by resignation or disqualification.

52 8. The board shall possess and exercise all of the district's legislative and executive 53 powers, including:

54 (1) The power to fund, promote and provide educational, civic, musical, theatrical, 55 cultural, concerts, lecture series, and related or similar entertainment events or activities, and 56 fund, promote, plan, design, construct, improve, maintain, and operate public improvements, 57 transportation projects, and related facilities within the district;

58

(2) The power to accept and disburse tax or other revenue collected in the district; and 59 (3) The power to receive property by gift or otherwise.

60 9. Within thirty days after the selection of the initial directors, the board shall meet. At 61 its first meeting and annually thereafter the board shall elect a [chairman] chair from its 62 members.

63 10. The board shall appoint an executive director, district secretary, treasurer, and such64 other officers or employees as it deems necessary.

65 11. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall define the first and subsequent 66 fiscal years of the district, and shall adopt a corporate seal.

67 12. A simple majority of the board shall constitute a quorum. If a quorum exists, a
68 majority of those voting shall have the authority to act in the name of the board, and approve any
69 board resolution.

13. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall receive the certification of the election regarding the sales tax, and may impose the sales tax in all subdistricts approving the imposing sales tax. In those subdistricts that approve the sales tax, the sales tax shall become effective [on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following the action by the district board of directors imposing the tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.

14. Each director shall devote such time to the duties of the office as the faithful discharge thereof may require and be reimbursed for his or her actual expenditures in the performance of his or her duties on behalf of the district. Directors may be compensated, but such compensation shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month.

15. In addition to all other powers granted by sections 67.2500 to 67.2530, the districtshall have the following general powers:

81 (1) To sue and be sued in its own name, and to receive service of process, which shall
82 be served upon the district secretary;

83

(2) To fix compensation of its employees and contractors;

(5) To collect and disburse funds for its activities:

84 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person or entity, public 85 or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts with any municipality, district, 86 or state, or the United States, and any of their agencies, political subdivisions, or 87 instrumentalities, for the funding, including without limitation, interest rate exchange or swap 88 agreements, planning, development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a 89 district facility or to assist in such activity;

90 (4) To acquire, develop, construct, equip, transfer, donate, lease, exchange, mortgage, 91 and encumber real and personal property in furtherance of district purposes;

- 92
- 93 (6) To collect taxes and other revenues;

94 (7) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by certificates, 95 notes, bonds, debentures, or refunding of any such obligations for the purpose of paying all or

96 any part of the cost of land, construction, development, or equipping of any facilities or 97 operations of the district;

98 (8) To own or lease real or personal property for use in connection with the exercise of
99 powers [pursuant to] under this subsection;

100 (9) To provide for the election or appointment of officers, including a [chairman] chair, 101 treasurer, and secretary. Officers shall not be required to be residents of the district, and one 102 officer may hold more than one office;

103

(10) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;

104 (11) To enter into entertainment contracts binding the district and artists, agencies, or 105 performers, management contracts, contracts relating to the booking of entertainment and the 106 sale of tickets, and all other contracts which relate to the purposes of the district;

107 (12) To contract with a local government, a corporation, partnership, or individual 108 regarding funding, promotion, planning, designing, constructing, improving, maintaining, or 109 operating a project or to assist in such activity;

110 (13) To contract for transfer to a city, town, or village such district facilities and 111 improvements free of cost or encumbrance on such terms set forth by contract;

(14) To exercise such other powers necessary or convenient for the district to accomplishits purposes which are not inconsistent with its express powers.

114 16. A district may at any time authorize or issue notes, bonds, or other obligations for 115 any of its powers or purposes. Such notes, bonds, or other obligations:

116 (1) Shall be in such amounts as deemed necessary by the district, including costs of 117 issuance thereof;

118 (2) Shall be payable out of all or any portion of the revenues or other assets of the 119 district;

(3) May be secured by any property of the district which may be pledged, assigned,mortgaged, or otherwise encumbered for payment;

(4) Shall be authorized by resolution of the district, and if issued by the district, shall
bear such date or dates, and shall mature at such time or times, but not in excess of forty years,
as the resolution shall specify;

(5) Shall be in such denomination, bear interest at such rates, be in such form, be issued as current interest bonds, compound interest bonds, variable rate bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such manner, be payable in such place or places and subject to redemption as such resolution may provide; and

(6) May be sold at either public or private sale, at such interest rates, and at such price
or prices as the district shall determine. The provisions of this subsection are applicable to the
district notwithstanding the provisions of section 108.170.

67.2530. 1. Any note, bond, or other indebtedness of the district may be refunded at any time by the district by issuing refunding bonds in such amount as the district may deem 2 necessary. Such bonds shall be subject to and shall have the benefit of the foregoing provisions 3 4 regarding notes, bonds, and other obligations. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, refunding bonds may include amounts necessary to finance any premium, unpaid interest, and 5 costs of issuance in connection with the refunding bonds. Any such refunding may be effected 6 7 whether the bonds to be refunded then shall have matured or thereafter shall mature, either by 8 sale of the refunding bonds and the application of the proceeds thereof to the payment of the 9 obligations being refunded or the exchange of the refunding bonds for the obligations being 10 refunded with the consent of the holders of the obligations being refunded.

2. Notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall be exclusively the responsibility of the district payable solely out of the district funds and property and shall not constitute a debt or liability of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision of the state. Any notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall state on their face that they are not obligations of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision thereof other than the district.

17 3. Any district may by resolution impose a district sales tax of up to one-half of one 18 percent on all retail sales made in such district that are subject to taxation pursuant to the 19 provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144. Upon voter approval, and 20 receiving the necessary certifications from the governing body of the municipality in which the 21 district is located, or from the circuit court if the district was formed by the circuit court, the 22 board of directors shall have the power to impose a sales tax at its first meeting, or any meeting 23 thereafter. Voter approval of the question of the imposing sales tax shall be in accordance with 24 section 67.2520. [The sales tax shall become effective in those subdistricts that approve the sales 25 tax on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following the passage of a resolution by the board of directors imposing the sales tax. 26

4. In each district in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this
 section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the district pursuant to this section to the
 retailer's sale price, and when so added, such tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a
 debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner
 as the purchase price.
 5. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax authorized by this

33 section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the 34 requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid

35 fractions of pennies, the district may establish appropriate brackets which shall be used in the

36 district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets provided in section 37 144.285.

38 \_\_\_\_\_6.] 4. All revenue received by a district from the sales tax authorized by this section 39 shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the purposes of the district. 40 Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for the district's current expenditures 41 may be invested by the district board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to 42 the investment of other district funds.

43 [7.] 5. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of up to one-half of one percent on the 44 receipts from the sale at retail of all [tangible personal property or taxable services] sales at retail 45 within the district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by [the 46 state of Missouri] this state under chapter 144 [pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 47 to 144.525]. Any district sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section shall be imposed 48 at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the subdistricts approving the sales tax.

Image: 19 [8. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the district.

55 9. (1) On and after the effective date of any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, 56 the district shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and 57 operation of the tax. The sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be collected and 58 reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be 59 prescribed by the district.

60 <u>(2)</u>] 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this 61 section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, 62 collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for 63 this state, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax 64 imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of this state shall 65 be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules 66 and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

67 7. All [such] sales taxes [collected by the district] shall be deposited by the district in a 68 special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The district shall keep 69 accurate records of the amount of money which was collected [pursuant to] under this section, 70 and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each district and the general public.

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(3) The district may contract with the municipality that the district is within for the municipality to collect any revenue received by the district and, after deducting the cost of such collection, but not to exceed one percent of the total amount collected, deposit such revenue in a special trust account. Such revenue and interest may be applied by the municipality to expenses, costs, or debt service of the district at the direction of the district as set forth in a contract between the municipality and the district. 10. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section. (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons, and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this section. (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section. (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax laws for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to such laws are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of this section. (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section. (6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment, or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be

103 deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which the employee works.

104 <u>(7)</u>] 8. Subsequent to the initial approval by the voters and implementation of a sales tax 105 in the district, the rate of the sales tax may be increased, but not to exceed a rate of one-half of 106 one percent on retail sales made in the district which are subject to sales tax under chapter

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107 144 as provided in this subsection. The election shall be conducted in accordance with section 108 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of directors may place the question of the 109 increase of the sales tax before the voters of the district by resolution, and the municipal clerk 110 of the city, town, or village which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, or the 111 circuit clerk of the court which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, shall 112 conduct the subsequent election. In subsequent elections, the election judges shall certify the 113 election results to the district board of directors. The ballot of submission shall be in 114 substantially the following form: 115 Shall (name of district) increase the (insert [amount] rate of percent) percent district sales tax now in effect to 116 (insert amount) 117 (name of district)? in the 118  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO 119 120 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed 121 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 122 123 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the district voting thereon 124 are in favor of the increase, the increase shall become effective [December thirty-first of the 125 calendar year in which such increase was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 126 32.087. 127 [11.] 9. (1) There shall not be any election as provided for in this section while the 128 district has any financing or other obligations outstanding. 129 (2) The board, when presented with a petition signed by at least one-third of the 130 registered voters in a district that voted in the last gubernatorial election, or signed by at least 131 two-thirds of property owners of the district, calling for an election to dissolve and repeal the tax 132 shall submit the question to the voters using the same procedure by which the imposing tax was 133 voted. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

 134
 Shall \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (name of district) dissolve and repeal the \_\_\_\_\_\_

 135
 (insert [amount] rate of percent) percent district sales tax now in effect in the 136 \_\_\_\_\_\_ (name of district)?

137  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

138

139 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed

140 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

141

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142 Such subsequent elections for the repeal of the sales tax shall be conducted in accordance with 143 section 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of directors may place the question 144 of the repeal of the sales tax before the voters of the district, and the municipal clerk of the city, 145 town, or village which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, or the circuit clerk 146 of the court which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, shall conduct the 147 subsequent election. In subsequent elections the election judges shall certify the election results 148 to the district board of directors.

149 (3) If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the district 150 voting thereon are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [December thirty-first 151 of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved or after the repayment of the district's 152 indebtedness, whichever occurs later] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the 153 district abolishes the tax, the district shall notify the director of revenue of the action prior 154 to the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by 155 subsection 19 of section 32.087.

156 [12.] 10. (1) At such time as the board of directors of the district determines that further 157 operation of the district is not in the best interests of the inhabitants of the district, and that the 158 district should dissolve, the board shall submit for a vote in an election held throughout the 159 district the question of whether the district should be abolished. The question shall be submitted 160 in substantially the following form:

161 theater, cultural arts, and entertainment district be Shall the 162 abolished?

 $\Box$  YES

 $\Box$  NO

163

164

165 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed 166 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

167 (2) The district board shall not propose the question to abolish the district while there 168 are outstanding claims or causes of action pending against the district, while the district liabilities 169 exceed its assets, while indebtedness of the district is outstanding, or while the district is 170 insolvent, in receivership or under the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court. Prior to submitting 171 the question to abolish the district to a vote of the entire district, the state auditor shall audit the 172 district to determine the financial status of the district, and whether the district may be abolished 173 [pursuant to] under law. The vote on the abolition of the district shall be conducted by the 174 municipal clerk of the city, town, or village in which the district is located. The procedure shall 175 be the same as in section 67.2520, except that the question shall be determined by the qualified 176 voters of the entire district. No individual subdistrict may be abolished, except at such time as 177 the district is abolished.

178 (3) While the district still exists, it shall continue to accrue all revenues to which it is 179 entitled at law.

(4) Upon receipt by the board of directors of the district of the certification by the city, town, or village in which the district is located that the majority of those voting within the entire district have voted to abolish the district, and if the state auditor has determined that the district's financial condition is such that it may be abolished [pursuant to] under law, then the board of directors of the district shall:

(a) Sell any remaining district real or personal property it wishes, and then transfer the
proceeds and any other real or personal property owned by the district to the city, town, or village
in which the district is located, including revenues due and owing the district, for its further use
and disposition;

(b) Terminate the employment of any remaining district employees, and otherwiseconclude its affairs;

(c) At a public meeting of the district, declare by a resolution of the board of directorspassed by a majority vote that the district has been abolished effective that date;

(d) Cause copies of that resolution under seal to be filed with the secretary of state and
the city, town, or village in which the district is located. Upon the completion of the final act
specified in this subsection, the legal existence of the district shall cease.

(5) The legal existence of the district shall not cease for a period of two years after voterapproval of the abolition.

## 198 11. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 199 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

94.578. 1. In addition to the sales tax authorized in section 94.577, the governing body 2 of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by order 3 4 or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made within the city which are subject to sales tax 5 under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section may be imposed at a rate of one-eighth, 6 one-fourth, three-eighths, or one-half of one percent, but shall not exceed one-half of one 7 percent, shall not be imposed for longer than three years, and shall be imposed solely for the 8 purpose of funding the construction, operation, and maintenance of capital improvements in the 9 city's center city. The governing body may issue bonds for the funding of such capital 10 improvements, which will be retired by the revenues received from the sales tax authorized by 11 this section. The order or ordinance shall not become effective unless the governing body of the 12 city submits to the voters residing within the city at a state or municipal general, primary, or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body of the city to impose a tax under this 13

14 section. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed 15 by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

16 2. The ballot submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially 17 the following form:

18 Shall \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the city) impose a sales tax at a rate 19 of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for [a] capital [improvements] improvement 20 purposes in the city's center city for a period of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert number of years, not to 21 exceed three) years?

 $\Box$  NO

 $\Box$  YES

22 23

24 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 25 of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar 26 quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of the adoption of the sales tax] as provided 27 by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the 28 qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become 29 effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters 30 and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. In 31 no case shall a tax be resubmitted to the qualified voters of the city sooner than twelve months 32 from the date of the proposal under this section.

33 3. Any sales tax imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced, 34 and operated as required [in] by [section] sections 32.085 to 32.087. All revenue generated by 35 the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated 36 purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be 37 used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed 38 for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any 39 interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

40 4. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 41 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city for erroneous payments and overpayments 42 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities. If any 43 city abolishes the tax, the city shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety 44 days before prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as 45 provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in 46 the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of 47 such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks 48 and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective 49 date of abolition of the tax in such city, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the

50 account to the city and close the account of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each 51 city of each instance of any amount refunded.

52 5. The governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section 53 may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for 54 the city. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

55 Shall \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the city) repeal the sales tax imposed 56 at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for capital improvements purposes in the 57 city's center city?

- 58  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO
- 59

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become 60 61 effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as 62 provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by 63 the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this 64 section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified 65 voters, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. 66 If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue 67 of the action prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as 68 provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.

69 6. Whenever the governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax authorized in 70 this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the city voting 71 in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this 72 section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the city a proposal to repeal the tax. If 73 a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of 74 the repeal, that repeal shall become effective [upon December thirty-first of the calendar year in 75 which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority 76 of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, 77 then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the 78 qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the 79 question.

80 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087
81 apply to the sales tax imposed under this section.

94.605. 1. Any city as defined in section 94.600 may by a majority vote of its governing 2 body impose a sales tax for transportation purposes enumerated in sections 94.600 to 94.655.

3 2. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one percent on [the
 4 receipts from the sale at] all retail [of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail]

5 sales within any city adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by
6 [the state of Missouri] this state under [the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter
7 144.

8 3. With respect to any tax increment financing plan originally approved by ordinance of the city council after March 31, 2009, in any home rule city with more than four hundred 9 10 thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county, any three-eighths of one cent sales tax imposed under sections 94.600 to 94.655 shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such 11 12 term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918, and tax revenues derived from such taxes shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 99.845 or subsection 13 14 4 of section 99.957. Any one-eighth of one cent sales tax imposed in such city under sections 15 94.600 to 94.655 for constructing and operating a light-rail transit system shall not be considered 16 economic activity taxes as such term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918, and tax 17 revenues derived from such tax shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of 18 subsection 3 of section 99.845 or subsection 4 of section 99.957.

19 4. [If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city or county clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United 20 States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching 21 territory from the city. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be 22 23 accompanied by a map of the city clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached 24 therefirm. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 94.600 to 94.655 25 shall be effective in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the effective date 26 of the change of the city boundary.] Except as modified by this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section. 27

94.660. 1. The governing body of any city not within a county and any county of the first classification having a charter form of government with a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants may propose, by ordinance or order, a transportation sales tax of up to one percent for submission to the voters of that city or county at an authorized election date selected by the governing body.

Any sales tax approved under this section shall be imposed on [the receipts from the
sale at] all retail [of all tangible personal property or taxable services] sales within the city or
county adopting the tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by [the state of
Missouri] this state under [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144.

10 3. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following 11 language:

 $\Box$  NO

12 Shall the county/city of \_\_\_\_\_ (county's or city's name) impose a 13 county/city-wide sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for the purpose of 14 providing a source of funds for public transportation purposes?

 $\Box$  YES

- 15
- 16

17 Except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, if a majority of the votes cast in that county 18 or city not within a county on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of 19 the proposal, then the tax shall go into effect [on the first day of the next calendar quarter 20 beginning after its adoption and notice to the director of revenue, but no sooner than thirty days 21 after such adoption and notice] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority 22 of the votes cast in that county or city not within a county by the qualified voters voting are 23 opposed to the proposal, then the additional sales tax shall not be imposed in that county or city 24 not within a county unless and until the governing body of that county or city not within a county 25 shall have submitted another proposal to authorize the local option transportation sales tax 26 authorized in this section, and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters 27 voting on it. In no event shall a proposal [pursuant to] under this section be submitted to the 28 voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal.

4. No tax shall go into effect under this section in any city not within a county or any county of the first classification having a charter form of government with a population over nine hundred thousand inhabitants unless and until both such city and such county approve the tax.

5. The provisions of subsection 4 of this section requiring both the city and county to approve a transportation sales tax before a transportation sales tax may go into effect in either jurisdiction shall not apply to any transportation sales tax submitted to and approved by the voters in such city or such county on or after August 28, 2007.

36 6. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any 37 city or county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's 38 general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds,] shall be deposited with the 39 state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Public 40 Transit Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The sales taxes shall be collected as provided in section 32.087.] 41 The moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled 42 with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount 43 of money in the trust fund which was collected in each city or county approving a sales tax under 44 this section, and the records shall be open to inspection by officers of the city or county and the 45 public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all 46 moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the city or county which levied 47 the tax, and such funds shall be deposited with the treasurer of each such city or county and all 48 expenditures of funds arising from the county public transit sales tax trust fund shall be by an 49 appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county or city not within a 50 county.

51 7. The revenues derived from any transportation sales tax under this section shall be used 52 only for the planning, development, acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of 53 public transit facilities and systems other than highways.

54 8. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 55 amount in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments and 56 overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 57 such cities or counties. If any city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the 58 director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal, and 59 the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of 60 revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the 61 amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax 62 and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one 63 year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or county, the director 64 of revenue shall [authorize the state treasurer to] remit the balance in the account to the city or 65 county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city 66 or county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the 67 city or county.

## 68 9. Except as modified by this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall 69 apply to the tax imposed under this section.

94.705. 1. Any city may by a majority vote of its governing body impose a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 for 2 transportation purposes enumerated in sections 94.700 to 94.755, and issue bonds for 3 4 transportation purposes which shall be retired by the revenues received from the sales tax authorized by this section. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all 5 6 other sales taxes allowed by law. No ordinance imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions 7 of **under** this section shall become effective unless the council or other governing body submits 8 to the voters of the city, at a city or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to 9 authorize the council or other governing body of the city to impose such a sales tax and, if such 10 tax is to be used to retire bonds authorized [pursuant to] under this section, to authorize such 11 bonds and their retirement by such tax; except that no vote shall be required in any city that 12 imposed and collected such tax under sections 94.600 to 94.655, before January 5, 1984. The 13 ballot of the submission shall contain, but is not limited to, the following language:

HB 908 94 14 (1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized 15 by this section, the following language: 16 (city's name) impose a sales tax of Shall the city of 17 (insert [amount] rate of percent) for transportation purposes? 18  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO 19 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed 20 21 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No"; 22 (2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to issue bonds and repay such bonds 23 with revenues from the tax authorized by this section, the following language: 24 Shall the city of (city's name) issue bonds in the amount of 25 (insert amount) for transportation purposes and impose a sales tax of 26 (insert [amount] rate of percent) to repay such bonds? 27  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO 28 29 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed 30 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No". 31 32 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal, provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, by 33 the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance and any 34 amendments thereto shall be in effect as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the 35 four-sevenths majority of the votes, as required by the Missouri Constitution, article VI, section 36 26, cast on the proposal, provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection to issue bonds and impose 37 a sales tax to retire such bonds, by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the 38 proposal, then the ordinance and any amendments thereto shall be in effect as provided by 39 subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal, as provided in 40 subdivision (1) of this subsection, by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the 41 proposal, then the council or other governing body of the city shall have no power to impose the 42 tax authorized in subdivision (1) of this subsection unless and until the council or other 43 governing body of the city submits another proposal to authorize the council or other governing 44 body of the city to impose the tax and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified 45 voters voting thereon. If more than three-sevenths of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting 46 thereon are opposed to the proposal, as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection to issue 47 bonds and impose a sales tax to retire such bonds, then the council or other governing body of 48 the city shall have no power to issue any bonds or to impose the tax authorized in subdivision 49 (2) of this subsection unless and until the council or other governing body of the city submits

50 another proposal to authorize the council or other governing body of the city to issue such bonds

or impose the tax to retire such bonds and such proposal is approved by four-sevenths of the qualified voters voting thereon.

2. No incorporated municipality located wholly or partially within any first class county operating under a charter form of government and having a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants shall impose such a sales tax for that part of the city, town or village that is located within such first class county, in the event such a first class county imposes a sales tax under the provisions of sections 94.600 to 94.655.

58 3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one percent on the 59 receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within 60 any city adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of 61 Missouri under the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144.

4. [If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter
be changed or altered, the city clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United States
registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory
from the city. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied
by a map of the city clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon

67 receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 94.700 to 94.755 shall be effective

68 in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the effective date of the change
 69 of the city boundary.

70 <u>5.</u>] No tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section for the purpose of retiring bonds 71 issued [pursuant to] under this section may be terminated until all of such bonds have been 72 retired.

# 5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

94.900. 1. (1) The governing body of the following cities may impose a tax as provided 2 in this section:

3 (a) Any city of the third classification with more than ten thousand eight hundred but less 4 than ten thousand nine hundred inhabitants located at least partly within a county of the first 5 classification with more than one hundred eighty-four thousand but less than one hundred 6 eighty-eight thousand inhabitants;

7 (b) Any city of the fourth classification with more than four thousand five hundred but 8 fewer than five thousand inhabitants;

9 (c) Any city of the fourth classification with more than eight thousand nine hundred but 10 fewer than nine thousand inhabitants;

11 (d) Any home rule city with more than forty-eight thousand but fewer than forty-nine 12 thousand inhabitants;

13 (e) Any home rule city with more than seventy-three thousand but fewer than 14 seventy-five thousand inhabitants;

15 (f) Any city of the fourth classification with more than thirteen thousand five hundred 16 but fewer than sixteen thousand inhabitants;

17 (g) Any city of the fourth classification with more than seven thousand but fewer than 18 eight thousand inhabitants;

(h) Any city of the fourth classification with more than four thousand but fewer than four
thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more
than one hundred fifty thousand but fewer than two hundred thousand inhabitants; or

(i) Any city of the third classification with more than thirteen thousand but fewer than fifteen thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than thirty-three thousand but fewer than thirty-seven thousand inhabitants.

26 (2) The governing body of any city listed in subdivision (1) of this subsection is hereby 27 authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half of one 28 percent on all retail sales made in such city which are subject to taxation under the provisions 29 of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 for the purpose of improving the public safety for 30 such city, including but not limited to expenditures on equipment, city employee salaries and 31 benefits, and facilities for police, fire and emergency medical providers. The tax authorized by 32 this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no 33 ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be 34 effective unless the governing body of the city submits to the voters of the city, at a county or 35 state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the city 36 to impose a tax.

2. If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized by
this section, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following
language:

40 Shall the city of \_\_\_\_\_ (city's name) impose a citywide sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert 41 amount) for the purpose of improving the public safety of the city?

42  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

43 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are 44 opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

45

46 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 47 of the proposal submitted pursuant to this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any 48 amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the 49 director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If a proposal receives 50 less than the required majority, then the governing body of the city shall have no power to 51 impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the city shall again 52 have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the city to impose the sales 53 tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the 54 qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section 55 be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant 56 to this section.

57 3. All revenue received by a city from the tax authorized under the provisions of this 58 section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for improving the public 59 safety for such city for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.

4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for improving the public safety for the city. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city funds.

65 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of the department of revenue under this 66 section on behalf of any city, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in 67 the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in 68 section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known 69 as the "City Public Safety Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the trust fund shall not be 70 deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The 71 provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary notwithstanding, money in this fund shall not be 72 transferred and placed to the credit of the general revenue fund. The director of the department 73 of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust and which was 74 collected in each city imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open 75 to the inspection of officers of the city and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month 76 the director of the department of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund 77 during the preceding month to the city which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with 78 the city treasurer of each such city, and all expenditures of funds arising from the trust fund shall 79 be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such city. Expenditures 80 may be made from the fund for any functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by 81 the governing body submitting the tax to the voters.

82 6. The director of the department of revenue may make refunds from the amounts in the 83 trust fund and credited to any city for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may 84 redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities. If any city abolishes the tax, the city shall notify the director of the department of revenue of the action at least ninety 85 days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of the department of revenue may 86 order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected 87 88 after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 89 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 90 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city, the director of the department of 91 revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city and close the account of that city. The 92 director of the department of revenue shall notify each city of each instance of any amount 93 refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city.

94 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall
95 apply to the tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section.

144.010. [1.] The following words, terms, and phrases when used in [sections 144.010
2 to 144.525] this chapter shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except when
3 the context indicates a different meaning:

4 (1) "Admission" includes seats and tables, reserved or otherwise, and other similar 5 accommodations and charges made therefor and amount paid for admission, exclusive of any 6 admission tax imposed by the federal government or [by sections 144.010 to 144.525] under 7 chapter 144;

8 (2) "Advertising and promotional direct mail", printed material that meets the 9 definition of direct mail, the primary purpose of which is to attract public attention to a 10 product, person, business, or organization or to attempt to sell, popularize, or secure 11 financial support for a product, person, business, or organization. As used in this 12 subdivision, the word "product" means tangible personal property, a product transferred 13 electronically, or a service;

(3) "Agreement", the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, as amended from
 time to time;

16 (4) "Air-to-ground radiotelephone service", a radio service, as that term is defined 17 in 47 CFR 22.99, in which common carriers are authorized to offer and provide radio 18 telecommunications service for hire to subscribers in aircraft;

(5) "Alcoholic beverages", beverages that are suitable for human consumption and
 contain one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume;

21 (6) "Ancillary services", services that are associated with or incidental to the 22 provisions of telecommunications services including, but not limited to, detailed

23 telecommunications billing, directory assistance, vertical service, and voice mail services.

- 24 "Ancillary services" shall not include specified digital products, digital audio-visual works,
- 25 digital audio works, or digital books;
- (7) "Appliance", clothes washers and dryers, water heaters, trash compactors,
  dishwashers, conventional ovens, ranges, stoves, air conditioners, furnaces, refrigerators,
  and freezers;
- (8) "Bottled water", water that is placed in a safety-sealed container or package for
   human consumption. Bottled water is calorie free and does not contain sweeteners or other
   additives except that it may contain:
- 32 (a) Antimicrobial agents;
- 33 (b) Carbonation;
- 34 (c) Fluoride;
- 35 (d) Oxygen;
- 36 (e) Preservatives;
- 37 (f) Vitamins, minerals, and electrolytes; or
- 38 (g) Only those flavors, extracts, or essences derived from a spice or fruit.
- 39

40 "Bottled water" includes water that is delivered to the buyer in a reusable container that41 is not sold with the water;

42

(9) "Bundled transaction":

(a) The retail sale of two or more products, except real property and services to real
property, where the products are otherwise distinct and identifiable, and the products are
sold for one nonitemized price. A bundled transaction shall not include the sale of any
products in which the sales price varies or is negotiable based on the selection by the
purchaser of the products included in the transaction;

48 (b) As used in this subdivision, the term "distinct and identifiable products" shall 49 not include:

a. Packaging, such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags, and bottles, or other materials,
such as wrapping, labels, tags, and instruction guides, that accompany the retail sale of the
products and are incidental or immaterial to the retail sale thereof;

- 53 b. A product provided free of charge with the required purchase of another 54 product. A product is provided free of charge if the sales price of the product purchased 55 does not vary depending on the inclusion of the product provided free of charge; or
- 56

c. Items included in the definition of the term "sales price";

57 (c) As used in this subdivision, the term "one nonitemized price" shall not include 58 a price that is separately identified by product on binding sales or other supporting

sales-related documentation made available to the customer in paper or electronic form
including, but not limited to, an invoice, bill of sale, receipt, contract, service agreement,
lease agreement, periodic notice of rates and services, rate card, or price list; and

62 (d) A transaction that otherwise meets the definition of a bundled transaction as
 63 defined in this subdivision shall not constitute a bundled transaction if it is:

a. A retail sale of tangible personal property and a service, if the tangible personal
 property is essential to the use of the service and is provided exclusively in connection with
 the service, and the true object of the transaction is the service;

b. A retail sale of services if one service is provided that is essential to the use of receipt of a second service, the first service is provided exclusively in connection with the second service, and the true object of the transaction is the second service;

c. A transaction that includes taxable products and nontaxable products and the
sales price of the taxable products is de minimis. "De minimis" means the sales price of
the taxable product is ten percent or less of the total sales price of the bundled products.
Sellers shall use the sales price of the products to determine if the taxable products are de
minimis. Sellers shall use the full term of a service contract to determine if the taxable
products are de minimis; or

d. A retail sale of exempt tangible personal property and taxable tangible personal
 property if:

(i) The transaction included food and food ingredients, drugs, durable medical
 equipment, mobility-enhancing equipment, over-the-counter drugs, prosthetic devices, or
 medical supplies; and

(ii) The seller's purchase price or sales price of the taxable tangible personal
property is fifty percent or less of the total sales price of the bundled tangible personal
property. Sellers shall not use a combination of the purchase price and sales price of the
tangible personal property if making the fifty percent determination for a transaction;

85 (10) "Business" includes any activity engaged in by any person, or caused to be engaged in by him, with the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either direct or indirect, and the 86 87 classification of which business is of such character as to be subject to the terms of [sections 88 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144. [A person is "engaging in business" in this state for purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 if such person "engages in business activities within this state" 89 90 or "maintains a place of business in this state" under section 144.605.] The isolated or 91 occasional sale of tangible personal property, service, substance, or thing, by a person not 92 engaged in such business, does not constitute engaging in business within the meaning of 93 [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 unless the total amount of the gross receipts from 94 such sales, exclusive of receipts from the sale of tangible personal property by persons which

95 property is sold in the course of the partial or complete liquidation of a household, farm or 96 nonbusiness enterprise, exceeds three thousand dollars in any calendar year. The provisions of 97 this subdivision shall not be construed to make any sale of property which is exempt from sales 98 tax or use tax on June 1, 1977, subject to that tax thereafter;

99

[(3)] (11) "Calendar quarter", the period of three consecutive calendar months 100 ending on March thirty-first, June thirtieth, September thirtieth, or December thirty-first;

101 (12) "Call-by-call basis", any method of charging for telecommunications services 102 in which the price is measured by individual calls;

103 (13) "Candy", a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 104 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts, or other ingredients or flavorings 105 in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" shall not include any preparation 106 containing flour and shall not require refrigeration;

107 (14) "Captive wildlife", includes but is not limited to exotic partridges, gray partridge, northern bobwhite quail, ring-necked pheasant, captive waterfowl, captive white-tailed deer, 108 109 captive elk, and captive furbearers held under permit issued by the Missouri department of 110 conservation for hunting purposes. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to sales 111 tax on a harvested animal:

112 (15) "Certified automated system" or "CAS", software certified under the 113 streamlined sales and use tax agreement to calculate the tax imposed by each jurisdiction 114 on a transaction, to determine the amount of tax to remit to the appropriate state, and to 115 maintain a record of the transaction;

116 "Certified service provider" or "CSP", an agent certified under the (16) 117 streamlined sales and use tax agreement to perform all the seller's sales and use tax 118 functions, other than the seller's obligation to remit tax on its own purchases;

119 (17) "Clothing":

120 (a) All human wearing apparel suitable for general use;

- 121 (b) "Clothing" shall include, but is not limited to:
- 122 a. Aprons, household and shop;
- 123 b. Athletic supporters;
- 124 c. Baby receiving blankets;
- 125 d. Bathing suits and caps;
- 126 e. Beach capes and coats;
- 127 f. Belts and suspenders;
- 128 g. Boots:
- 129 h. Coats and jackets;

130 i. Costumes;

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131		j. Diapers, children and adult, including disposable diapers;
132		k. Ear muffs;
133		l. Footlets;
134		m. Formal wear;
135		n. Garters and garter belts;
136		o. Girdles;
137		p. Gloves and mittens for general use;
138		q. Hats and caps;
139		r. Hosiery;
140		s. Insoles for shoes;
141		t. Lab coats;
142		u. Neckties;
143		v. Overshoes;
144		w. Pantyhose;
145		x. Rainwear;
146		y. Rubber pants;
147		z. Sandals;
148		aa. Scarves;
149		bb. Shoes and shoe laces;
150		cc. Slippers;
151		dd. Sneakers;
152		ee. Socks and stockings;
153		ff. Steel-toed shoes;
154		gg. Underwear;
155		hh. Uniforms, athletic and nonathletic; and
156		ii. Wedding apparel; and
157		(c) "Clothing" shall not include:
158		a. Belt buckles sold separately;
159 160		b. Costume masks sold separately;
161		c. Patches and emblems sold separately; d. Sowing againment and supplies including, but not limited to knitting needles
161	nattor	d. Sewing equipment and supplies including, but not limited to, knitting needles, rns, pins, scissors, sewing machines, sewing needles, tape measures, and thimbles; or
162	patter	e. Sewing materials that become part of clothing including, but not limited to,
164	buttor	ns, fabric, lace, thread, yarn, and zippers;

164 buttons, fabric, lace, thread, yarn, and zippers;

(18) "Clothing accessories and equipment", incidental items worn on the person
 or in conjunction with clothing. "Clothing accessories and equipment" is mutually
 exclusive of clothing, sport or recreational equipment, and protective equipment;

- (19) "Coin-operated telephone service", a telecommunications service paid for by
   inserting moneys into a telephone accepting direct deposits of moneys to operate;
- (20) "Communications channel", a physical or virtual path of communications over
   which signals are transmitted between or among customer channel termination points;

(21) "Computer", an electronic device that accepts information in digital or similar
 form and manipulates it for a result based on a sequence of instructions;

(22) "Computer software", a set of coded instructions designed to cause a computer
 or automatic data processing equipment to perform a task. "Computer software" shall not
 include specified digital products, digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, or digital
 books;

178 (23) "Conference bridging service", an ancillary service that links two or more 179 participants of an audio or video conference call and may include the provision of a 180 telephone number. "Conference bridging service" shall not include the 181 telecommunications services used to reach the conference bridge;

182 "Customer", the person or entity that contracts with the seller of (24)183 telecommunications services. If the end user of the telecommunications service is not the 184 contracting party, the end user of the telecommunications service is the customer of the 185 telecommunications service, but this definition only applies to the purpose of sourcing sales 186 of telecommunications services under section 144.114. "Customer" shall not include a 187 reseller of telecommunications service or, for mobile telecommunications, service of a 188 serving carrier under an agreement to serve the customer outside the home service 189 provider's licensed service area;

(25) "Customer channel termination point", the location where the customer either
 inputs or receives the communication;

(26) "Delivered electronically", delivered to the purchaser by means other than
 tangible storage media;

(27) "Delivery charges", charges by the seller of personal property or services for
 preparation and delivery to a location designated by the purchaser of personal property
 or services including, but not limited to, transportation, shipping, postage, handling,
 crating, and packing;

198 (28) "Detailed telecommunications billing service", an ancillary service of 199 separately stated information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing 200 statement;

"Dietary supplement", any product, other than tobacco, intended to 201 (29) 202 supplement the diet that contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients: a 203 vitamin, a mineral, an herb or other botanical, an amino acid, a dietary substance for use 204 by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total dietary intake, or a concentrate, 205 metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient described above; that is 206 intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder, softgel, gelcap, or liquid form or, if not 207 intended for ingestion in such a form, is not represented as a conventional food and is not 208 represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and that is required to be labeled 209 as a dietary supplement, identifiable by the supplemental facts box found on the label and 210 as required under 21 CFR Section 101.36;

(30) "Digital audio works", works that result from the fixation of a series of
 musical, spoken, or other sounds, including ringtones;

213 (31) "Digital audio-visual works", a series of related images that if shown in 214 succession imparts an impression of motion, together with accompanying sounds, if any;

(32) "Digital books", works that are generally recognized in the ordinary and usual
 sense as books;

(33) "Direct mail", printed material delivered or distributed by United States mail or other delivery service to a mass audience or to addressees on a mailing list provided by the purchaser or at the direction of the purchaser if the cost of the items are not billed directly to the recipients. Direct mail shall include tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by the purchaser to the direct mail seller for inclusion in the package containing the printed material. Direct mail shall not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a single address;

(34) "Directory assistance", an ancillary service of providing telephone number
 information or address information;

(35) "Drug", a compound, substance, or preparation, and any component of a
 compound, substance, or preparation, other than food and food ingredients, dietary
 supplements, alcoholic beverages, or grooming and hygiene products:

(a) Recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic
 Pharmacopoeia of the United States, official National Formulary, or a supplement to any
 of them;

(b) Intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention ofdisease; or

234 (c) Intended to affect the structure or any function of the body.

235

236 "Drug" shall include insulin and medical oxygen;

237

(36) "Durable medical equipment", equipment, including repair and replacement

238 parts for the same, excluding mobility-enhancing equipment. "Durable medical 239 equipment": 240 (a) Can withstand repeated use; 241 (b) Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose; 242 (c) Is generally not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury; 243 (d) Is not worn in or on the body; 244 (e) Is for home use; 245 (f) Is within the classification of devices eligible for MO HealthNet and Medicare 246 reimbursement; and 247 (g) Shall not include: 248 a. Kidney dialysis equipment not worn in or on the body, including repair and 249 replacement parts; and 250 b. Enteral feeding systems not worn in or on the body, including repair and 251 replacement parts. 252 253 As used in this subdivision, repair and replacement parts shall include all components or 254 attachments used in conjunction with the durable medical equipment; (37) "Electronic", relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, 255 256 wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities; 257 (38) "End user", the person who utilizes the telecommunication service. In case of 258 an entity, "end user" means the individual who utilizes the service on behalf of the entity; 259 (39) "Energy Star qualified product", a product that meets the energy efficient 260 guidelines set by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the United States 261 Department of Energy and that is authorized to carry the Energy Star label. Covered 262 products are those listed at www.energystar.gov or a successor address; 263 (40) "Engages in business activities within this state": 264 (a) Shall include: 265 a. Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating under the seller's trade 266 name in this state if the franchisee or licensee is required to collect sales tax under sections 267 144.010 to 144.527; or 268 b. Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or traveling representatives; 269 (b) A vendor is presumed to engage in business activities within this state if any 270 person, other than a common carrier acting in its capacity as such, that has substantial 271 nexus with this state:

a. Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so under the same or a similar business name;

b. Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, storage place, or similar place of business in the state to facilitate the delivery of property or services sold by the vendor to the vendor's customers;

c. Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance services for the vendor's
 customers within the state;

d. Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in the state by allowing
the vendor's customers to pick up property sold by the vendor at an office, distribution
facility, warehouse, storage place, or similar place of business maintained by the person in
the state; or

e. Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market in the state for the sales;

(c) The presumption in paragraph (b) of this subdivision may be rebutted by
demonstrating that the person's activities in the state are not significantly associated with
the vendor's ability to establish or maintain a market in this state for the vendor's sales;

288 (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) of this subdivision, a vendor shall be presumed 289 to engage in business activities within this state if the vendor enters into an agreement with 290 one or more residents of this state under which the resident, for a commission or other 291 consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an 292 internet website, an in-person oral presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to the vendor 293 if the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the vendor to referred customers in the state 294 by all residents with this type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess of ten thousand 295 dollars during the preceding twelve months;

296 (e) The presumption in paragraph (d) of this subdivision may be rebutted by 297 submitting proof that the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement did not engage 298 in any activity within the state that was significantly associated with the vendor's ability 299 to establish or maintain the vendor's market in the state during the preceding twelve 300 months. Such proof may consist of sworn written statements from all of the residents with 301 whom the vendor has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in 302 the state on behalf of the vendor during the preceding year, provided that such statements 303 were provided and obtained in good faith;

(41) "Food and food ingredients", substances, whether in liquid, concentrated,
solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans
and are consumed for their taste or nutritional value. "Food and food ingredients" shall
not include alcoholic beverages, tobacco, or dietary supplements;

308 (42) "Food sold through vending machines", food, food ingredients, prepared food,
309 bottled water, candy, soft drinks and other beverages, dispensed from a machine or other
310 mechanical device that accepts payment;

(43) "Grooming and hygiene products", soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo,
toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and suntan lotions and sunscreens, regardless of
whether the items meet the definition of over-the-counter-drugs;

314

[(4)] (44) "Gross receipts"[,] or "sales price":

315 (a) Except as provided in section 144.012, [means the total amount of the sale price of 316 the sales at retail including any services other than charges incident to the extension of credit that 317 are a part of such sales made by the businesses herein referred to, capable of being valued in 318 money, whether received in money or otherwise; except that, the term gross receipts shall not 319 include the sale price of property returned by customers when the full sale price thereof is refunded either in cash or by credit. In determining any tax due under sections 144.010 to 320 321 144.525 on the gross receipts, charges incident to the extension of credit shall be specifically 322 exempted. For the purposes of sections 144,010 to 144,525 the total amount of the sale price 323 above mentioned shall be deemed to be the amount received. It shall also include the lease or rental consideration where the right to continuous possession or use of any article of tangible 324 325 personal property is granted under a lease or contract and such transfer of possession would be taxable if outright sale were made and, in such cases, the same shall be taxable as if outright sale 326 327 were made and considered as a sale of such article, and the tax shall be computed and paid by 328 the lessee upon the rentals paid. The term gross receipts shall not include usual and customary 329 delivery charges that are stated separately from the sale price; 330 -(5)] applies to the measure subject to sales tax and means the total amount of

consideration, including cash, credit, property, and services, for which personal property
or services are sold, leased, or rented and is valued in moneys, whether received in moneys

333 or otherwise, without any deduction for the following:

334

a. The seller's cost of the property sold;

b. The cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest, losses, all costs of
transportation to the seller, all taxes imposed on the seller, and any other expense of the
seller;

c. Charges by the seller for any services necessary to complete the sale, other than
 delivery and installation charges;

- 340 **d. Delivery charges; and**
- **e.** Credit for any trade-in;
- 342 (b) The term shall not include:

343 a. Discounts, including cash, term, or coupons, that are not reimbursed by a third 344 party and that are allowed by a seller and taken by a purchaser on a sale;

345 b. Interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit extended on the sale of 346 personal property or services if the amount is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, 347 or similar document given to the purchaser; and

348 c. Any taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer that are separately stated on 349 the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given to the purchaser; and

350 (c) The term shall include consideration received by the seller from third parties 351 if:

352 a. The seller actually receives consideration from a party other than the purchaser, 353 and the consideration is directly related to a price reduction or discount on the sale;

354 b. The seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or discount through to 355 the purchaser;

356 c. The amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is fixed and 357 determinable by the seller at the time of the sale of the item to the purchaser; and

358

d. One of the following criteria is met:

359 (i) The purchaser presents a coupon, certificate, or other documentation to the 360 seller to claim a price reduction or discount where the coupon, certificate, or documentation is authorized, distributed, or granted by a third party with the 361 362 understanding that the third party will reimburse any seller to whom the coupon, 363 certificate, or documentation is presented;

364 (ii) The purchaser identifies himself or herself to the seller as a member of a group 365 or organization entitled to a price reduction or discount. A preferred customer card that 366 is available to any patron shall not constitute membership in such a group; or

367 (iii) The price reduction or discount is identified as a third-party price reduction 368 or discount on the invoice received by the purchaser or on a coupon, certificate, or other 369 documentation presented by the purchaser;

370 (45) "Home service provider", the same as such term is defined under the Mobile 371 Telecommunications Sourcing Act, Section 124(5) of Pub. L. 106-252;

372 (5) (46) "Instructional class", includes any class, lesson, or instruction intended or used 373 for teaching;

374 (47) "Lease or rental":

375 (a) Any transfer of possession or control of tangible personal property for a fixed 376 or indeterminate term for consideration. "Lease or rental" may include future options to 377 purchase or extend:

378

(b) "Lease or rental" shall not include:

a. A transfer of possession or control of property under a security agreement or
 deferred payment plan that requires the transfer of title upon completion of the required
 payments;

b. A transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement that requires the transfer of title upon completion of required payments if the payment of an option price does not exceed the greater of one hundred dollars or one percent of the total required payments; or

c. Providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time, provided that the operator is necessary for the equipment to perform as designed and that the operator does more than maintain, inspect, or set up the tangible personal property; and

(c) "Lease or rental" includes agreements covering motor vehicles and trailers if
 the amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the amount
 realized upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in 26 U.S.C. Section 7701(h)(1),
 as amended;

(48) "Light aircraft", a light airplane that seats no more than four persons, with
a gross weight of three thousand pounds or less, and is primarily used for recreational
flying or flight training;

397 (49) "Light aircraft kit", factory manufactured light aircraft parts and 398 components, including engine, propeller, instruments, wheels, brakes, and air frame parts 399 that make up a complete aircraft kit or partial kit, designed to be assembled into a light 400 aircraft and then operated by a qualified light aircraft purchaser for recreational and 401 educational purposes;

402 (50) "Light aircraft parts and components", manufactured light aircraft parts,
403 including air frame and engine parts, that are required by the qualified light aircraft
404 purchaser to complete a light aircraft kit, or spare or replacement parts for an already
405 completed light aircraft;

406 [(6)] (51) "Livestock", cattle, calves, sheep, swine, ratite birds, including but not limited 407 to, ostrich and emu, aquatic products as described in section 277.024, llamas, alpaca, buffalo, 408 bison, elk documented as obtained from a legal source and not from the wild, goats, horses, other 409 equine, honey bees, or rabbits raised in confinement for human consumption;

410 [(7)] (52) "Load and leave", delivery to the purchaser by use of a tangible storage
 411 media if the tangible storage media is not physically transferred to the purchaser;

412 (53) "Maintains a place of business in this state" includes maintaining, occupying,
413 or using, permanently or temporarily, directly or indirectly, or through a subsidiary or

414 agent, by whatever name called, an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or
415 place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of business;

416 (54) "Manufactured home", the same meaning as such term is defined under 417 section 700.010;

418 (55) "Mobile telecommunications service", the same as such term is defined under
419 the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, Section 124(7) of Pub. L. 106-252;

420 (56) "Mobility-enhancing equipment", equipment, including repair and 421 replacement parts to the same, that:

422 (a) Is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the ability to move
423 from one place to another and that is appropriate for use either in a home or motor
424 vehicle;

425 (b) Is not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and

426 (c) Is within the classification of devices eligible for MO HealthNet and Medicare
 427 reimbursement.

428

429 "Mobility-enhancing equipment" shall not include durable medical equipment or any
430 motor vehicle or equipment on a motor vehicle normally provided by a motor vehicle
431 manufacturer;

432 (57) "Model 1 seller", a seller registered under the agreement that has selected a
433 certified service provider as its agent to perform all the seller's sales and use tax functions,
434 other than the seller's obligation to remit tax on its own purchases;

435 (58) "Model 2 seller", a seller that has selected a certified automated system (CAS)
436 to perform part of its sales and use tax functions, but retains responsibility for remitting
437 the tax;

(59) "Model 3 seller", a seller registered under the agreement that has sales in at least five member states, has total annual sales revenue of at least five hundred million dollars, has a proprietary system that calculates the amount of tax due in each jurisdiction, and has entered into a performance agreement with the member states that establishes a tax performance standard for the seller. As used in this subdivision, a seller shall include an affiliated group of sellers using the same proprietary system;

444 (60) "Model 4 seller", a seller that is registered under the agreement and is not a
445 model 1 seller, a model 2 seller, or a model 3 seller;

446 [(7)] (61) "Motor vehicle leasing company" [shall be], a company obtaining a permit 447 from the director of revenue to operate as a motor vehicle leasing company. Not all persons 448 renting or leasing trailers or motor vehicles need to obtain such a permit; however, no person

failing to obtain such a permit may avail itself of the optional tax provisions of subsection 5 ofsection 144.070, as hereinafter provided;

451 [(8)] (62) "Optional computer software maintenance contract", a computer software 452 maintenance contract that a customer is not obligated to purchase as a condition to the 453 retail sale of computer software;

454 (63) "Other direct mail", any direct mail that is not advertising and promotional
455 direct mail regardless of whether advertising and promotional direct mail is included in
456 the same mailing. "Other direct mail" includes, but is not limited to:

457 (a) Transactional direct mail that contains personal information specific to the one
 458 addressee including, but not limited to, invoices, bills, statements of account, and payroll
 459 advice;

(b) Any legally required mailings including, but not limited to, privacy notices, tax
 reports, and stockholder reports; and

462 (c) Other nonpromotional direct mail delivered to existing or former shareholders,
463 customers, employees, or agents including, but not limited to, newsletters and
464 informational pieces.

465

466 "Other direct mail" shall not include the development of billing information or the467 provision of any data processing service that is more than incidental;

(64) "Over-the-counter-drug", a drug, excluding grooming and hygiene products,
that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug, as required by 21 CFR Section
201.66, and includes:

471

(a) A drug facts panel; or

472 (b) A statement of the active ingredients with a list of those ingredients contained
473 in the compound, substance, or preparation;

(65) "Person" includes any individual, firm, copartnership, joint adventure, association, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, [except the state transportation department,] estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, syndicate, [or] any other group or combination acting as a unit, or any other legal entity, and the plural as well as the singular number;

480 [(9)] (66) "Place of primary use", the street address representative of where the 481 customer's use of the telecommunications service primarily occurs, which shall be the 482 residential street address or the primary business street address of the customer. In the 483 case of mobile telecommunications services, "place of primary use" shall be within the 484 licensed service area of the home service provider;

(67) "Post-paid calling service", the telecommunications service obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card or by a charge made to a telephone number that is not associated with the origination or termination of the telecommunications service. A "post-paid calling service" includes a telecommunications service, except a prepaid wireless calling service, that would be a prepaid calling service except it is not exclusively a telecommunications service;

(68) "Prepaid calling service", the right to access exclusively telecommunications
services that is paid for in advance; that enables the origination of calls using an access
number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed; and that is sold
in predetermined units or dollars, which decline with use in a known amount;

(69) "Prepaid wireless calling service", a telecommunications service that provides
the right to utilize mobile wireless services as well as other nontelecommunications services,
including the download of digital products delivered electronically and content and
ancillary services; that is paid for in advance; and that is sold in predetermined units or
dollars, which decrease with use in a known amount;

501 (70) "Prepared food", food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller; two or 502 more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single item; or food 503 sold with eating utensils provided by the seller, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, 504 glasses, cups, napkins, or straws. A "plate" shall not include a container or packaging 505 used to transport the food. "Prepared food" shall not include food that is only cut, 506 repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, or eggs, fish, meat, poultry, or foods containing 507 these raw animal foods requiring cooking by the consumer, as recommended by the Food 508 and Drug Administration in Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of the Food Code, so as to prevent 509 foodborne illnesses;

510 (71) "Prescription", an order, formula, or recipe issued in any form of oral, 511 written, electronic, or other means of transmission by a duly licensed practitioner 512 authorized by the laws of the state;

513 (72) "Prewritten computer software", computer software, including prewritten 514 upgrades, that is not designed and developed by the author or other creator to the 515 specifications of a specific purchaser. The combining of two or more prewritten computer 516 software programs or prewritten portions thereof shall not cause the combination to be 517 other than prewritten computer software. "Prewritten computer software" shall include 518 software designed and developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a 519 specific purchaser if it is sold to a person other than the specific purchaser. If a person 520 modifies or enhances computer software of which the person is not the author or creator,

the person shall be deemed to be the author or creator only of such person's modifications or enhancements. Prewritten computer software or a prewritten portion thereof that is modified or enhanced to any degree, if such modification or enhancement is designed and developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser, remains prewritten computer software; provided that, such modification or enhancement shall not constitute prewritten computer software where there is a reasonable, separately stated charge, invoice, or other statement of the price given to the purchaser;

528 (73) "Private communication service", a telecommunications service that entitles 529 the customer to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels 530 between or among termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel or 531 channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, extension lines, stations, and any 532 other associated services that are provided in connection with the use of such channel or 533 channels;

(74) "Product-based exemption", an exemption based on the description of the
product and not based on who purchases the product or how the purchaser intends to use
the product;

537 (75) "Product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption", 538 [means] tangible personal property[ $_{7}$ ] or any service that is subject to state or local sales or use 539 taxes[ $_{7}$ ] or any tax that is substantially equivalent thereto, in this state or any other state;

(76) "Prosthetic device", a replacement, corrective, or supportive device, including repair and replacement parts for the same, worn on or in the body to artificially replace a missing portion of the body, prevent or correct a physical deformity or malfunction, or support a weak or deformed portion of the body. The term "prosthetic device" shall not include corrective eyeglasses or contact lenses and shall be limited to the classification of devices eligible for MO HealthNet and Medicare reimbursement;

(77) "Protective equipment", items for human wear and designed as protection of the wearer against injury or disease or as protection against damage or injury of other persons or property but not suitable for general use. "Protective equipment" is mutually exclusive of clothing, clothing accessories or equipment, and sport or recreational equipment;

551 (78) "Purchase", the acquisition of the ownership of or title to tangible personal 552 property through a sale, as defined herein, for the purpose of storage, use, or consumption 553 in this state;

554 (79) "Purchase price", applies to the measure subject to use tax and has the same 555 meaning as "sales price";

556 (80) "Purchaser" [means], a person [who purchases tangible] to whom a sale of 557 personal property is made or to whom are rendered services, receipts from which are taxable 558 under sections 144.010 to 144.525] a service is rendered;

559 [(10)] (81) "Qualified light aircraft purchaser", a purchaser of a light aircraft, 560 light aircraft kit, or light aircraft parts or components who is a nonresident of this state; 561 who will transport the light aircraft, light aircraft kit, or light aircraft parts or components 562 outside this state within ten days after the date of purchase; and who will register any light 563 aircraft so purchased in another state or country. A qualified light aircraft purchaser shall 564 not base the light aircraft, light aircraft kit, or light aircraft parts in this state, and a 565 qualified light aircraft purchaser shall not be a resident of the state unless such purchaser 566 has paid sales or use tax on such aircraft in another state;

567 (82) "Receive" or "receipt", taking possession of tangible personal property, 568 making first use of services, or taking possession or making first use of digital goods, whichever comes first. "Receive" or "receipt" shall not include possession by a shipping 569 570 company on behalf of the purchaser;

571 (83) "Registered under the agreement", registration by a seller with the member 572 states under the central registration system provided in article IV of the agreement;

573 [(11)] (84) "Research or experimentation activities" are the development of an 574 experimental or pilot model, plant process, formula, invention or similar property, and the 575 improvement of existing property of such type. Research or experimentation activities do not 576 include activities such as ordinary testing or inspection of materials or products for quality 577 control, efficiency surveys, advertising promotions or research in connection with literary, 578 historical or similar projects;

579 [(12) "Sale" or "sales" includes installment and credit sales, and the exchange of 580 properties as well as the sale thereof for money, every closed transaction constituting a sale, and 581 means any transfer, exchange or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means 582 whatsoever, of tangible personal property for valuable consideration and the rendering, 583 furnishing or selling for a valuable consideration any of the substances, things and services 584 herein designated and defined as taxable under the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525;

585 (13) (85) "Sale at retail" [means any transfer made by any person engaged in business 586 as defined herein of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property to the purchaser, for 587 use or consumption and not for resale in any form as tangible personal property, for a valuable consideration; except that, for the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed 588 589 thereby: (i) purchases of tangible personal property made by duly licensed physicians, dentists, 590 optometrists and veterinarians and used in the practice of their professions shall be deemed to 591 be purchases for use or consumption and not for resale; and (ii) the selling of computer printouts,

592 computer output or microfilm or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions to a 593 purchaser to enable the purchaser to obtain for his or her own use the desired information 594 contained in such computer printouts, computer output on microfilm or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions shall be considered as the sale of a service and not as the 595 596 sale of tangible personal property] or "retail sale", any sale, lease, or rental for any purpose other than for resale, sublease, or subrent. Purchases of tangible personal property made 597 598 by duly licensed physicians, dentists, optometrists, and veterinarians and used in the practice of their professions shall be deemed to be purchases for use or consumption and 599 600 not for resale. Where necessary to conform to the context of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] 601 chapter 144 and the tax imposed thereby, the term "sale at retail" shall be construed to embrace:

(a) Sales of admission tickets, cash admissions, charges and fees to or in places of
 amusement, entertainment and recreation, games and athletic events, except amounts paid for
 any instructional class;

605 (b) Sales of electricity, electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, to domestic, 606 commercial or industrial consumers;

607 (c) Sales of [local and long distance] telecommunications [service to telecommunications 608 subscribers] services and [to others through equipment of telecommunications subscribers for 609 the transmission of messages and conversations,] ancillary services and the sale, rental or 610 leasing of all equipment or services pertaining or incidental thereto;

611

(d) Sales of service for transmission of messages by telegraph companies;

612 (e) Sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern, 613 inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist camp, tourist cabin, or other place in 614 which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly served to the public; **and** 

615 (f) Sales of tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express 616 car, boat, airplane, and such buses and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and 617 railroad safety of the department of economic development of Missouri, engaged in the 618 transportation of persons for hire;

619 (86) "Sales price", see "gross receipts";

620

(87) "School art supply":

(a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of study for artwork. The term
is mutually exclusive of the terms "school supply", "school instructional material", and
"school computer supply"; and

624 (b) The following is an all-inclusive list:

- 625 a. Clay and glazes;
- 626 **b.** Paints: acrylic, tempera, and oil;
- 627 c. Paintbrushes for artwork;

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628	d. Sketch and drawing pads; and
629	e. Watercolors;
630	(88) "School computer supply":
631	(a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of study in which a computer
632	is used. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms "school supply", "school art supply",
633	and "school instructional material"; and
634	(b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
635	a. Computer storage media, diskettes, and compact discs;
636	b. Hand-held electronic schedulers, except devices that are cellular phones;
637	c. Personal digital assistants, except devices that are cellular phones; and
638	d. Computer printers and printer supplies for computers, printer paper, and
639	printer ink;
640	(89) "School instructional material":
641	(a) Written material commonly used by a student in a course of study as a reference
642	and to learn the subject being taught. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms "school
643	supply", "school art supply", and "school computer supply"; and
644	(b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
645	a. Reference books;
646	b. Reference maps and globes;
647	c. Textbooks; and
648	d. Workbooks;
649	(90) "School supply":
650	(a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of study. The term is mutually
651	exclusive of the terms "school art supply", "school computer supply", and "school
652	instructional material"; and
653	(b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
654	a. Binders;
655	b. Blackboard chalk;
656	c. Book bags;
657	d. Calculators;
658	e. Cellophane tape;
659	f. Compasses;
660	g. Composition books;
661	h. Crayons;
662	i. Erasers;
663	j. Folders: expandable, pocket, plastic, and manila;

- 664 k. Glue, paste, and paste sticks;
- 665 I. Highlighters;
- 666 m. Index cards;
- 667 n. Index card boxes:
- 668 o. Legal pads;
- 669 p. Lunch boxes;
- 670 q. Markers;
- 671 r. Notebooks;
- 672 s. Paper: loose leaf, notebook paper, copy paper, graph paper, tracing paper, 673 manila paper, colored paper, poster board, and construction paper;
- 674 t. Pencil boxes and other school supply boxes;
- 675 u. Pencil sharpeners;
- 676 v. Pencils;
- 677 w. Pens:
- 678 x. Protractors:
- 679 v. Rulers;
- 680 z. Scissors; and
- 681 aa. Writing tablets;

682 [(14)] (91) "Seller" [means], a person [selling or furnishing tangible] making sales, 683 leases, or rentals of personal property or [rendering services, on the receipts from which a tax 684 is imposed pursuant to section 144.020] services;

685 (92) "Selling agent", every person acting as a representative of a principal, if such 686 principal is not registered with the director of revenue of this state for the collection of the 687 taxes imposed under this chapter, and who receives compensation by reason of the sale of 688 tangible personal property of the principal if such property is to be stored, used, or 689 consumed in this state:

690 (93) "Service address":

691 (a) The location of the telecommunications equipment to which a customer's call 692 is charged and from which the call originates or terminates, regardless of where the call 693 is billed or paid;

694 (b) If the location in paragraph (a) of this subdivision is not known, "service 695 address" means the origination point of the signal of the telecommunications services first 696 identified by either the seller's telecommunications system or by information received by 697 the seller from its service provider if the system used to transport such signals is not that 698 of the seller: and

699 (c) If the location in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision is not known, the 700 service address shall be the location of the customer's place of primary use;

701 (94) "Specified digital products", electronically transferred digital audio-visual 702 works, digital audio works, and digital books;

703 (95) "Sport or recreational equipment", items designed for human use and worn 704 in conjunction with an athletic or recreational activity that are not suitable for general use. 705 "Sport or recreational equipment" is mutually exclusive of clothing, clothing accessories 706 or equipment, and protective equipment;

707 (96) "State", any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the 708 **Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;** 

709 (97) "Storage", any keeping or retention in this state of tangible personal property 710 purchased from a vendor, except property for sale or property that is temporarily kept or 711 retained in this state for subsequent use outside this state;

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(98) "Tangible personal property", personal property that can be seen, weighed, 713 measured, felt, or touched, or that is in any other manner perceptible to the senses. 714 "Tangible personal property" shall include electricity, water, gas, steam, and prewritten 715 computer software. "Tangible personal property" shall not include specified digital 716 products;

717 [(15) The noun "tax"] (99) "Tax" [means], either the tax payable by the purchaser of 718 a commodity or service subject to tax, or the aggregate amount of taxes due from the vendor of 719 such commodities or services during the period for which he or she is required to report his or 720 her collections, as the context may require; [and]

721 (100) "Taxpayer", any person remitting the tax or who should remit the tax levied 722 by this chapter;

723 (101)"Telecommunications nonrecurring charges", an amount billed for the 724 installation, connection, change, or initiation of telecommunications service received by the 725 customer;

726 "Telecommunications service", for the purpose of this chapter, the [<del>(16)</del>] **(102)** 727 transmission of information by wire, radio, optical cable, coaxial cable, electronic impulses, or other similar means. As used in this definition, "information" means knowledge or intelligence 728 729 represented by any form of writing, signs, signals, pictures, sounds, or any other symbols. 730 Telecommunications service does not include the following if such services are separately stated 731 on the customer's bill or on records of the seller maintained in the ordinary course of business: 732 (a) Access to the internet, access to interactive computer services or electronic publishing 733 services, except the amount paid for the telecommunications service used to provide such access; 734 (b) Answering services and one-way paging services;

(c) Private mobile radio services which are not two-way commercial mobile radio
 services such as wireless telephone, personal communications services or enhanced specialized
 mobile radio services as defined pursuant to federal law; or

738 (d) Cable or satellite television or music services; and

(16) "Product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption"
 means tangible personal property, or any service that is subject to state or local sales or use taxes,
 or any tax that is substantially equivalent thereto, in this state or any other state.]:

(a) The electronic transmission, conveyance, or routing of voice, data, audio, video,
 or any other information or signals to a point or between or among points;

(b) "Telecommunications service" shall include such transmission, conveyance, or
routing in which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, code, or
protocol of the content for purposes of transmission, conveyance, or routing without regard
to whether such service is referred to as voice over internet protocol services or is classified
by the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value added;

(c) "Telecommunications service" shall include air-to-ground radiotelephone
 service, mobile telecommunications service, post-paid calling service, prepaid calling
 service, prepaid wireless calling service, and private communication service; and

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(d) "Telecommunications service" shall not include:

a. Data processing and information services that allow data to be generated, acquired, stored, processed, or retrieved and delivered by an electronic transmission to a purchaser if such purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data or information;

b. Installation or maintenance of wiring or equipment on a customer's premises;

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c. Tangible personal property;

759 d. Advertising including, but not limited to, directory advertising;

760 e. Billing and collection services provided to third parties;

761 **f.** Internet access service;

g. Radio and television audio and video programming services, regardless of the
medium, including the furnishing of transmission, conveyance, and routing of such services
by the programming service provider. Radio and television audio and video programming
services shall include, but not be limited to, cable service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. Section
522(6), and audio and video programming services delivered by commercial mobile radio
service providers, as defined in 47 CFR 20.3;

768 h. Ancillary services; or

769 i. Digital products delivered electronically including, but not limited to, software,
 770 music, video, reading materials, or ringtones;

(103) "Tobacco", cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe tobacco, or any other item that
 contains tobacco;

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(104) "Transportation equipment", any of the following:

(a) Locomotives and railcars that are utilized for the carriage of persons or
 property in interstate commerce;

(b) Trucks and truck-tractors with a gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) of ten
 thousand one pounds or greater, trailers, semitrailers, or passenger buses that are:

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a. Registered through the International Registration Plan; and

b. Operated under authority of a carrier authorized and certificated by the United
States Department of Transportation or another federal authority to engage in the carriage
of persons or property in interstate commerce;

(c) Aircraft that are operated by air carriers authorized and certificated by the
 United States Department of Transportation or another federal or a foreign authority to
 engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce; or

(d) Containers designed for use on and component parts attached or secured on the
items set forth in paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subdivision;

(105) "Use", the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property incident to the ownership or control of that property, except that it does not include the temporary storage of property in this state for subsequent use outside the state or the sale of the property in the regular course of business;

(106) "Use-based exemption", an exemption based on a specified use of the product
 by the purchaser;

793 (107) "Vendor", every person engaged in making sales of tangible personal 794 property by mail order, by advertising, by agent, or by peddling, soliciting, or taking 795 orders for sales of tangible personal property for storage, use, or consumption in this state; 796 all salespersons, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignees, peddlers, or canvassers, 797 as agents of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals, or employers 798 under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold 799 by them; every person who maintains a place of business in this state, maintains a stock of 800 goods in this state, or engages in business activities within this state; and every person who 801 engages in this state in the business of acting as a selling agent for persons not otherwise 802 vendors as defined in this subdivision. Distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals, 803 and employers shall be regarded as vendors, irrespective of whether they are making sales 804 on their own or on behalf of the dealers, and such distributors, consignors, supervisors, 805 principals, employers, and dealers shall be regarded as vendors for the purposes of sections 144.600 to 144.745. 806

807 [2. For purposes of the taxes imposed under sections 144.010 to 144.525, and any other
 808 provisions of law pertaining to sales or use taxes which incorporate the provisions of sections
 809 144.010 to 144.525 by reference, the term "manufactured homes" shall have the same meaning
 810 given it in section 700.010.

811

3. Sections 144.010 to 144.525 may be known and quoted as the "Sales Tax Law".]

144.011. 1. For purposes of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.748]
chapter 144, and the taxes imposed thereby, the definition of "retail sale" or "sale at retail" shall
not be construed to include any of the following:

4 (1) The transfer by one corporation of substantially all of its tangible personal property 5 to another corporation pursuant to a merger or consolidation effected under the laws of the state 6 of Missouri or any other jurisdiction;

7 (2) The transfer of tangible personal property incident to the liquidation or cessation of 8 a taxpayer's trade or business, conducted in proprietorship, partnership or corporate form, except 9 to the extent any transfer is made in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business;

10 (3) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation solely in exchange for its 11 stock or securities;

(4) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation by a shareholder as acontribution to the capital of the transferee corporation;

14 (5) The transfer of tangible personal property to a partnership solely in exchange for a 15 partnership interest therein;

16 (6) The transfer of tangible personal property by a partner as a contribution to the capital 17 of the transferee partnership;

18 (7) The transfer of tangible personal property by a corporation to one or more of its 19 shareholders as a dividend, return of capital, distribution in the partial or complete liquidation 20 of the corporation or distribution in redemption of the shareholder's interest therein;

(8) The transfer of tangible personal property by a partnership to one or more of its
 partners as a current distribution, return of capital or distribution in the partial or complete
 liquidation of the partnership or of the partner's interest therein;

24 (9) The transfer of reusable containers used in connection with the sale of tangible 25 personal property contained therein for which a deposit is required and refunded on return;

(10) The purchase by persons operating eating or food service establishments, of items of a nonreusable nature which are furnished to the customers of such establishments with or in conjunction with the retail sales of their food or beverage. Such items shall include, but not be limited to, wrapping or packaging materials and nonreusable paper, wood, plastic and aluminum articles such as containers, trays, napkins, dishes, silverware, cups, bags, boxes, straws, sticks and toothpicks;

32 (11) The purchase by persons operating hotels, motels or other transient accommodation 33 establishments, of items of a nonreusable nature which are furnished to the guests in the guests' 34 rooms of such establishments and such items are included in the charge made for such 35 accommodations. Such items shall include, but not be limited to, soap, shampoo, tissue and 36 other toiletries and food or confectionery items offered to the guests without charge;

37

(12) The transfer of a manufactured home other than:

(a) A transfer which involves the delivery of the document known as the "Manufacturer's
Statement of Origin" to a person other than a manufactured home dealer, as defined in section
700.010, for purposes of allowing such person to obtain a title to the manufactured home from
the department of revenue of this state or the appropriate agency or officer of any other state;

42 (b) A transfer which involves the delivery of a "Repossessed Title" to a resident of this 43 state if the tax imposed by [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 was not paid on the 44 transfer of the manufactured home described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision;

45 (c) The first transfer which occurs after December 31, 1985, if the tax imposed by 46 [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 was not paid on any transfer of the same 47 manufactured home which occurred before December 31, 1985; or

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(13) Charges for initiation fees or dues to:

49 (a) Fraternal beneficiaries societies, or domestic fraternal societies, orders or associations
 50 operating under the lodge system a substantial part of the activities of which are devoted to
 51 religious, charitable, scientific, literary, educational or fraternal purposes;

(b) Posts or organizations of past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States or an auxiliary unit or society of, or a trust or foundation for, any such post or organization substantially all of the members of which are past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States or who are cadets, spouses, widows, or widowers of past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual; or

(c) Nonprofit organizations exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(7) of the Internal
 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

2. The assumption of liabilities of the transferor by the transferee incident to any of the transactions enumerated in the above subdivisions (1) to (8) of subsection 1 of this section shall not disqualify the transfer from the exclusion described in this section, where such liability assumption is related to the property transferred and where the assumption does not have as its principal purpose the avoidance of Missouri sales or use tax.

144.014. 1. Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, beginning October
1, 1997, the tax levied and imposed [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 and sections
<u>144.600 to 144.746</u>] under chapter 144 on all retail sales of food, food sold through vending

4 machines, and food ingredients shall be at the rate of one percent. The revenue derived from
5 the one percent rate [pursuant to] under this section shall be deposited by the state treasurer in
6 the school district trust fund and shall be distributed as provided [in] under section 144.701.

7 2. [For the purposes of this section, the term "food" shall include only those products and types of food for which food stamps may be redeemed pursuant to the provisions of the Federal 8 9 Food Stamp Program as contained in 7 U.S.C. Section 2012, as that section now reads or as it 10 may be amended hereafter, and shall include food dispensed by or through vending machines. 11 For the purpose of this section,] Except for food sold through vending [machine sales, the term 12 "food" | machines, subsection 1 of this section shall not [include] apply to food or drink sold 13 by any establishment where the gross receipts derived from the sale of food prepared by such 14 establishment for immediate consumption on or off the premises of the establishment constitutes more than eighty percent of the total gross receipts of that establishment, regardless of whether 15 16 such prepared food is consumed on the premises of that establishment, including, but not limited 17 to, sales of food by any restaurant, fast food restaurant, delicatessen, eating house, or café.

144.020. 1. A tax is hereby levied and imposed for the privilege of titling new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and, except as provided in subdivision (9) of this subsection, upon all sellers for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable service at retail in this state. The rate of tax shall be as follows:

7 (1) Upon every retail sale in this state of tangible personal property, excluding motor 8 vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats and outboard motors required to 9 be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and subject to tax under subdivision (9) of this 10 subsection, a tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price paid or charged, or in case such 11 sale involves the exchange of property, a tax equivalent to four percent of the consideration paid 12 or charged, including the fair market value of the property exchanged at the time and place of 13 the exchange, except as otherwise provided in section 144.025;

(2) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid for admission and seating
accommodations, or fees paid to, or in any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation,
games and athletic events, except amounts paid for any instructional class;

17 (3) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged on all sales of 18 electricity or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, to domestic, commercial or 19 industrial consumers;

(4) A tax equivalent to four percent on the basic rate paid or charged on all sales of local
 and long distance telecommunications service to telecommunications subscribers and to others
 through equipment of telecommunications subscribers for the transmission of messages and

conversations, **upon ancillary services**, and upon the sale, rental, or leasing of all equipment or services pertaining or incidental thereto; except that, the payment made by telecommunications subscribers or others, [pursuant to] **under** section 144.060, and any amounts paid for access to the internet or interactive computer services shall not be considered as amounts paid for telecommunications services;

(5) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged for all sales of
 services for transmission of messages of telegraph companies;

30 (6) A tax equivalent to four percent on the amount of sales or charges for all rooms, 31 meals and drinks furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, 32 dining car, tourist cabin, tourist camp or other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are 33 regularly served to the public. The tax imposed under this subdivision shall not apply to any 34 automatic mandatory gratuity for a large group imposed by a restaurant when such gratuity is 35 reported as employee tip income and the restaurant withholds income tax under section 143.191 36 on such gratuity;

37 (7) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for intrastate tickets 38 by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car, boat, airplane and such 39 buses and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the 40 department of economic development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for 41 hire;

42 (8) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for rental or lease of 43 tangible personal property, provided that if the lessor or renter of any tangible personal property 44 had previously purchased the property under the conditions of sale at retail or leased or rented 45 the property and the tax was paid at the time of purchase, lease or rental, the lessor, sublessor, 46 renter or subrenter shall not apply or collect the tax on the subsequent lease, sublease, rental or 47 subrental receipts from that property. The purchase, rental or lease of motor vehicles, trailers, 48 motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors shall be taxed and the tax paid 49 as provided in this section and section 144.070. In no event shall the rental or lease of boats and outboard motors be considered a sale, charge, or fee to, for or in places of amusement, 50 entertainment or recreation nor shall any such rental or lease be subject to any tax imposed to, 51 52 for, or in such places of amusement, entertainment or recreation. Rental and leased boats or 53 outboard motors shall be taxed under the provisions of the sales tax laws as provided under such 54 laws for motor vehicles and trailers. Tangible personal property which is exempt from the sales 55 or use tax under section 144.030 upon a sale thereof is likewise exempt from the sales or use tax upon the lease or rental thereof: 56

57 (9) A tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price, as defined in section 144.070, 58 of new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for

59 use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be registered under the laws of 60 the state of Missouri. This tax is imposed on the person titling such property, and shall be paid 61 according to the procedures in section 144.440.

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2. All tickets sold which are sold under the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] 63 this chapter which are subject to the sales tax shall have printed, stamped or otherwise endorsed 64 thereon, the words "This ticket is subject to a sales tax.".

144.021. 1. The purpose and intent of sections 144.010 to 144.510 is to impose a tax 2 upon the privilege of engaging in the business, in this state, of selling tangible personal property 3 and those services listed in section 144.020 and for the privilege of titling new and used motor 4 vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be registered under the laws of the state of Missouri. 5 Except as otherwise provided, the primary tax burden is placed upon the seller making the 6 taxable sales of property or service and is levied at the rate provided for in section 144.020. 7 8 Excluding subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.020 and sections 144.070, 144.440 and 9 144.450, the extent to which a seller is required to collect the tax from the purchaser of the taxable property or service is governed by section 144.285 and in no way affects sections 10 11 144.080 and 144.100, which require all sellers to report to the director of revenue their "gross 12 receipts", defined herein to mean the aggregate amount of the sales price of all sales at retail, and remit tax at four percent of their gross receipts. 13

14 2. If any item of tangible personal property or service determined to be taxable under the 15 sales tax law or the compensating use tax law is modified by a decision or order of:

16 (1) The director of revenue;

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(2) The administrative hearing commission; or

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(3) A court of competent jurisdiction;

20 which changes which items of tangible personal property or services are taxable, and a 21 reasonable person would not have expected the decision or order based solely on prior law or 22 regulation, all affected sellers shall be notified by the department of revenue before such 23 modification shall take effect for such sellers. Failure of the department of revenue to notify a 24 seller shall relieve such seller of liability for taxes that would be due under the modification until 25 the seller is notified. The waiver of liability for taxes under this subsection shall only apply to 26 sellers actively selling the type of tangible personal property or service affected by the decision 27 on the date the decision or order is made or handed down and shall not apply to any seller that 28 has previously remitted tax on the tangible personal property or taxable services subject to the 29 decision or order or to any seller that had prior notice that the seller must collect and remit the 30 tax.

3. The notification required by subsection 2 of this section shall be delivered by United 32 States mail, electronic mail, or other secure electronic means of direct communications. The 33 department of revenue shall update its website with information regarding modifications in sales 34 tax law but such updates shall not constitute a notification required by subsection 2 of this 35 section.

4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any seller, as defined in section 144.010, selling tangible personal property or services herein designated and defined as taxable under the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.560 for delivery into this state, who does not have a physical presence in this state, is subject to sections 144.010 to 144.560, shall remit the sales tax, and shall follow all applicable procedures and requirements of law as if the seller had a physical presence in this state, provided the seller meets either of the following criteria in the previous or current calendar year:

(1) The seller's gross revenue from delivery of tangible personal property into this
 state in the previous or current calendar year exceeds one hundred thousand dollars; or

45 (2) The seller sold tangible personal property into this state in two hundred or more
 46 separate transactions in the previous or current calendar year.

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48 No obligation to collect and remit sales tax required by this subsection shall be applied
49 before January 1, 2020.

144.022. 1. In the case of a bundled transaction that includes any 2 telecommunications service, ancillary service, internet access, or audio or video 3 programming service:

4 (1) If the price is attributable to products that are taxable and products that are 5 nontaxable, the portion of the price attributable to the nontaxable products may be subject 6 to tax unless the provider can identify, by reasonable and verifiable standards, such 7 portion from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for other 8 purposes including, but not limited to, non-tax purposes; and

9 (2) If the price is attributable to products that are subject to tax at different tax 10 rates, the total price shall be treated as attributable to the products subject to tax at the 11 highest tax rate unless the provider can identify, by reasonable and verifiable standards, 12 the portion of the price attributable to the products subject to tax at the lower rate from 13 its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for other purposes 14 including, but not limited to, nontax purposes.

15 **2.** In the case of a transaction that includes an optional computer software 16 maintenance contract for prewritten computer software, the following provisions apply:

(1) If an optional computer software maintenance contract only obligates the
 vendor to provide upgrades and updates, it shall be characterized as a sale of prewritten
 computer software;

20 (2) If an optional computer software maintenance contract only obligates the 21 vendor to provide support services, it shall be characterized as a sale of services and not 22 a sale of tangible personal property; and

(3) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a bundled transaction
in which both taxable and nontaxable or exempt products are not separately itemized on
the invoice or similar billing document, the purchase price under the contract shall be
taxable.

3. In the case of a bundled transaction that includes the retail sale of two or more products not listed in subsections 1 or 2 of this section, if the price is attributable to products that are taxable and products that are nontaxable, the bundled transaction is subject to tax and shall be taxable.

4. The provisions of this subsection shall apply unless otherwise provided by federal
law.

144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or 2 3 payable [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under this chapter such retail sales as may be made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, or between this 4 5 state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which [the state of Missouri] this state is prohibited from taxing [pursuant to] under the Constitution or laws of the United States of 6 7 America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the general assembly of the 8 state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or further taxing [by] under the constitution of this 9 state.

2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 12 144.761] chapter 144 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable [pursuant to] under the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745] chapter 144:

15 (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless all or part of 16 such excise tax is refunded [pursuant to] under section 142.824; or upon the sale at retail of fuel 17 to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, steam, electrical current or in furnishing 18 water to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into 19 foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or 20 fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested will

be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; economic poisons registered [pursuant to the provisions of] under sections 281.220 to 281.310, the Missouri pesticide registration [law, sections 281.220 to 281.310,] act, which are to be used in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

27 (2)Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used in 28 manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating become a component 29 part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting from such manufacturing, processing, 30 compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which new personal property is intended to 31 be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, 32 gases and manufactured goods, including without limitation slagging materials and firebrick, 33 which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by blending, reacting or interacting 34 with or by becoming, in whole or in part, component parts or ingredients of steel products 35 intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;

(3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for
 the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles, watercraft, railroad rolling stock
 or aircraft engaged as common carriers of persons or property;

39 (4) Motor vehicles registered in excess of fifty-four thousand pounds, and the 40 trailers pulled by such motor vehicles, that are actually used in the normal course of 41 business to haul property on the public highways of the state and that are capable of 42 hauling loads commensurate with the motor vehicle's registered weight; and the materials, 43 replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and 44 maintenance or manufacture of such vehicles. For purposes of this subdivision, "motor 45 vehicle" and "public highway" shall have the same meanings as defined under section 46 390.020;

47 (4) (5) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies 48 solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement machinery, equipment, 49 and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, fabricating or producing a product which is 50 intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and 51 the materials and supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such 52 machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or expand existing, 53 material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a "material 54 recovery processing plant" means a facility that has as its primary purpose the recovery of 55 materials into a usable product or a different form which is used in producing a new product and 56 shall include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively for the collection of recovered

57 materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall not include motor vehicles 58 used on highways. For purposes of this section, the terms "motor vehicle" and "highway" shall 59 have the same meaning [pursuant to] as under section 301.010. [For the purposes of this 60 subdivision, subdivision (6) of this subsection, and section 144.054, as well as the definition in subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.010, the term "product" includes 61 telecommunications services and the term "manufacturing" shall include the production, or 62 production and transmission, of telecommunications services. The preceding sentence does not 63 make a substantive change in the law and is intended to clarify that the term "manufacturing" has 64 65 included and continues to include the production and transmission of "telecommunications services", as enacted in this subdivision and subdivision (6) of this subsection, as well as the 66 definition in subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.010. The preceding two sentences 67 68 reaffirm legislative intent consistent with the interpretation of this subdivision and subdivision 69 (6) of this subsection in Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. 70 banc 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 71 2005), and accordingly abrogates the Missouri supreme court's interpretation of those exemptions 72 in IBM Corporation v. Director of Revenue, 491 S.W.3d 535 (Mo. banc 2016) to the extent inconsistent with this section and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 73 74 763 (Mo. banc 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005). The construction and application of this subdivision as expressed by the 75 76 Missouri supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and 77 Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby 78 79 affirmed.] Material recovery is not the reuse of materials within a manufacturing process or the use of a product previously recovered. The material recovery processing plant shall qualify 80 81 under the provisions of this section regardless of ownership of the material being recovered; 82 (5) (6) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely 83 required for the installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and

used to establish new or to expand existing manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption[. The construction and application of this subdivision as expressed by the Missouri supreme court in *DST Systems*, *Inc. v. Director of Revenue*, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); *Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v.* 

89 Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v.

90 Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby affirmed];

91 [(6)] (7) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the manufacturing, 92 processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the United States government or to 93 any agency of the United States government;

94 (7) (8) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes, or captive wildlife; 95 [(8)] (9) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner, printing plates 96 and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies used in producing newspapers 97 published for dissemination of news to the general public;

98  $\left(\frac{9}{10}\right)$  (10) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture transcriptions for 99 public commercial display;

100 [(10)] (11) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered by 101 pipelines engaged as common carriers;

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[(11)] (12) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in interstate 103 commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four thousand pounds or 104 more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in section 390.020, in the transportation of 105 persons or property;

106 [<del>(12)</del>] **(13)** Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, 107 compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the actual secondary 108 processing or fabricating of the product, or a "material recovery processing plant" as defined in 109 subdivision [(4)] (5) of this subsection, in facilities owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total 110 cost of electrical energy so used exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either 111 primary or secondary, exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials 112 used in such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as defined in 113 section 260.200. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the raw materials used in the 114 primary manufacture of automobiles contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials. For purposes of this subdivision, "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts 115 116 performed upon materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including 117 treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at the production 118 facility;

119 Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing, [(13)] (14) 120 compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of less than one 121 year;

122 [(14)] (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used 123 solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and materials and 124 supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, 125 equipment, appliances and devices;

126 [(15)] (16) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used 127 solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and materials and 128 supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, 129 equipment, appliances and devices;

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[(16)] (17) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;

[(17)] (18) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other fees paid 131 132 by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, 133 games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated 134 by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit 135 the municipality or other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or 136 corporation, provided, however, that a municipality or other political subdivision may enter into 137 revenue-sharing agreements with private persons, firms, or corporations providing goods or 138 services, including management services, in or for the place of amusement, entertainment or 139 recreation, games or athletic events, and provided further that nothing in this subdivision shall 140exempt from tax any amounts retained by any private person, firm, or corporation under such 141 revenue-sharing agreement;

142 [(18)] (19) All sales of [insulin, and all sales, rentals, repairs, and parts of durable 143 medical equipment, prosthetic devices, and orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 1980, 144 by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also specifically including 145 hearing aids and hearing aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by 146 147 a licensed pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may be 148 149 dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such samples and all sales or rental of medical 150 oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories including parts, and hospital beds and 151 accessories and ambulatory aids including parts, and all sales or rental of manual and powered 152 wheelchairs including parts, and stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased or rented by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical or mental 153 154 disabilities to enable them to function more independently, all sales or rental of scooters 155 including parts, and reading machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic 156 alternative and augmentative communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor 157 vehicles to permit the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities or sales of 158 over-the-counter [or nonprescription] drugs to individuals with disabilities, and all sales of 159 prescription drugs, durable medical equipment, prosthetic devices, mobility-enhancing equipment, kidney dialysis equipment and enteral feeding systems, and drugs required by 160 161 the Food and Drug Administration to meet the over-the-counter drug product labeling

requirements in 21 CFR 201.66, or its successor, as prescribed by a health care practitionerlicensed to prescribe;

164 [(19)] (20) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and institutions 165 in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities and all sales made by or to 166 all elementary and secondary schools operated at public expense in their educational functions 167 and activities;

168  $\left[\frac{(20)}{21}\right]$  (21) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in interstate 169 commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal 170 organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been declared tax-exempt 171 organizations [pursuant to] under Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, 172 as amended, in their civic or charitable functions and activities and all sales made to 173 eleemosynary and penal institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made to any private 174 not-for-profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded [pursuant to] under 175 subdivision  $\left[\frac{(19)}{(19)}\right]$  (20) of this subsection or any institution of higher education supported by 176 public funds, and all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and 177 activities;

[(21)] (22) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are exempt from federal tax [pursuant to the provisions of] under the Internal Revenue Code and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated [pursuant to] under sections 262.290 to 262.530;

185 (22) (23) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school, 186 all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used in the production of crops, livestock or 187 188 poultry for food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for 189 food or fiber, all sales of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for 190 drying agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of fuel 191 ethanol as defined in section 142.028, natural gas, propane, and electricity used by an eligible 192 new generation cooperative or an eligible new generation processing entity as defined in section 193 348.432, and all sales of farm machinery and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and 194 trailers, and any freight charges on any exempt item. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed 195 additives" means tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for livestock or 196 poultry, is to be used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term 197 "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted

198 pesticide carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a pesticide and the foam used to mark 199 the application of pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As 200 used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery and equipment" means new or used farm 201 tractors and such other new or used farm machinery and equipment and repair or replacement 202 parts thereon and any accessories for and upgrades to such farm machinery and equipment, rotary 203 mowers used exclusively for agricultural purposes, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, 204 solely, and directly for producing crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, pheasants, 205 chukar, quail, or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, including field drain tile, and 206 one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel therefor which is:

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(a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;

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(b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm products; and

209 (c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in processed form or 210 otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold 211 ultimately in processed form at retail;

212  $\left[\frac{(23)}{24}\right]$  (24) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered water 213 service, electricity, [electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home 214 heating oil piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller for domestic 215 use [and in any city not within a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for 216 domestic use]:

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(a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, electricity, [electrical 218 eurrent, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil, and in any city not 219 within a county, metered or unmetered water service, which piped natural or artificial gas, 220 or other fuels delivered by the seller that an individual occupant of a residential premises uses 221 for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or 222 master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including service for common areas 223 and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller shall establish 224 and maintain a system whereby individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;

225 (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt or 226 nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate classifications as contained in tariffs on file 227 with and approved by the Missouri public service commission. Sales and purchases made 228 [pursuant to] under the rate classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or 229 on behalf of the occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master 230 meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be considered 231 as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from sales tax. Sellers shall 232 charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The seller's

utility service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive asto whether or not the utility must charge sales tax;

235 (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of [services or property and] metered 236 water service, electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the 237 seller who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use shall, 238 by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment, 239 notice or demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each 240 person making nondomestic purchases of [services or property and] metered water service, 241 electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller who uses any 242 portion of the [services or property] electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels 243 delivered by the seller so purchased for domestic use, and each person making domestic 244 purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single 245 or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a 246 nonresidential utility service rate classification may, between the first day of the first month and 247 the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or refund 248 to the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes paid on the 249 domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such purchases on behalf of occupants 250 of residential apartments or condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director of revenue 251 for such credit or refund;

[(24)] (25) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse if the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross income of the seller;

[(25)] (26) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed [by] under 26 U.S.C.
Sections 4041, [4061,] 4071, 4081, [4091,] 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261, and 4271 [of Title 26,
United States Code]. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules [pursuant to] under chapter
536 to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;

[(26)] (27) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such river;

264 [(27)] (28) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created [pursuant to] under 265 sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100 in the exercise of the functions and 266 activities of such agency as provided [pursuant to] under the compact;

267 [(28)] (29) Computers, computer software and computer security systems purchased for 268 use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this state. For the purposes of this

subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;

[(29)] (30) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing, producing
or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of buying and selling,
bartering or leasing of such livestock;

274 [(30)] (31) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the transportation of 275 property or cargo on interstate waterways;

[(31)] (32) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, or other utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the manufacturing of cellular glass products or in any material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision [(4)] (5) of this subsection;

[(32)] (33) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of pesticides
 or herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or poultry;

[(33)] (34) Tangible personal property and utilities purchased for use or consumption directly or exclusively in the research and development of agricultural/biotechnology and plant genomics products and prescription pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;

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[(34)] (35) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;

[(35)] (36) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial breeder, as defined in section 273.325, and licensed [pursuant to] under sections 273.325 to 273.357;

289  $\left[\frac{(36)}{(37)}\right]$  (37) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another state, 290 provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases to a 291 contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes of this subdivision, the term 292 "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the entity is exempt from 293 sales and use taxes on purchases [pursuant to] under the laws of the state in which the entity is 294 located. Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the 295 entity's exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate issued 296 by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid 297 for any reason [and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith], neither the 298 contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty 299 due as the result of use of the invalid exemption certificate unless the contractor fraudulently 300 accepted the certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local sales and use taxes 301 when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating tangible personal property which 302 is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities 303 for the following:

(a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those entities able to issueproject exemption certificates in accordance with the provisions of section 144.062; or

306 (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is authorized to issue 307 an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the provisions of that state's law and 308 the applicable provisions of this section;

309 [(37)] (38) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor who leases 310 the property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the sale or 311 other transfer to an interstate compact agency created [pursuant\_to] under sections 70.370 to 312 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100;

313 [(38)] (39) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is held in 314 a facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi-governmental 315 agency, a state university or college or by the state or any political subdivision thereof, including 316 a municipality, and that is played on a neutral site and may reasonably be played at a site located 317 outside the state of Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" means any site that 318 is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the event;

319 [(39)] (40) All purchases by a sports complex authority created under section 64.920, and 320 all sales of utilities by such authority at the authority's cost that are consumed in connection with 321 the operation of a sports complex leased to a professional sports team;

322 [(40)] (41) All materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly 323 upon, and for the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, aircraft power 324 plants, and aircraft accessories;

325 [(41)] (42) Sales of sporting clays, wobble, skeet, and trap targets to any shooting range 326 or similar places of business for use in the normal course of business and money received by a 327 shooting range or similar places of business from patrons and held by a shooting range or similar 328 place of business for redistribution to patrons at the conclusion of a shooting event;

329 [(42)] (43) All sales of motor fuel, as defined in section 142.800, used in any watercraft,
 330 as defined in section 306.010;

331 [(43)] (44) Any new or used aircraft sold or delivered in this state to a person who is not 332 a resident of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state, and such aircraft is 333 not to be based in this state and shall not remain in this state more than ten business days 334 subsequent to the last to occur of:

(a) The transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a resident of this state or acorporation that is not incorporated in this state; or

337 (b) The date of the return to service of the aircraft in accordance with 14 CFR 91.407 for 338 any maintenance, preventive maintenance, rebuilding, alterations, repairs, or installations that are completed contemporaneously with the transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is nota resident of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state;

[(44)] (45) Motor vehicles registered in excess of fifty-four thousand pounds, and the trailers pulled by such motor vehicles, that are actually used in the normal course of business to haul property on the public highways of the state, and that are capable of hauling loads commensurate with the motor vehicle's registered weight; and the materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of such vehicles. For purposes of this subdivision, "motor vehicle" and "public highway" shall have the meaning as ascribed in section 390.020;

348 [(45)] (46) All internet access or the use of internet access regardless of whether the tax 349 is imposed on a provider of internet access or a buyer of internet access. For purposes of this 350 subdivision, the following terms shall mean:

(a) "Direct costs", costs incurred by a governmental authority solely because of an internet service provider's use of the public right-of-way. The term shall not include costs that the governmental authority would have incurred if the internet service provider did not make such use of the public right-of-way. Direct costs shall be determined in a manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles;

356 (b) "Internet", computer and telecommunications facilities, including equipment and 357 operating software, that comprises the interconnected worldwide network that employ the 358 transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocols to 359 that protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio;

360 (c) "Internet access", a service that enables users to connect to the internet to access 361 content, information, or other services without regard to whether the service is referred to as 362 telecommunications, communications, transmission, or similar services, and without regard to 363 whether a provider of the service is subject to regulation by the Federal Communications Commission as a common carrier under 47 U.S.C. Section 201, et seq. For purposes of this 364 365 subdivision, internet access also includes: the purchase, use, or sale of communications services, 366 including telecommunications services as defined in section 144.010, to the extent the 367 communications services are purchased, used, or sold to provide the service described in this 368 subdivision or to otherwise enable users to access content, information, or other services offered 369 over the internet; services that are incidental to the provision of a service described in this 370 subdivision, when furnished to users as part of such service, including a home page, electronic 371 mail, and instant messaging, including voice-capable and video-capable electronic mail and 372 instant messaging, video clips, and personal electronic storage capacity; a home page electronic 373 mail and instant messaging, including voice-capable and video-capable electronic mail and 374 instant messaging, video clips, and personal electronic storage capacity that are provided

375 independently or that are not packed with internet access. As used in this subdivision, internet 376 access does not include voice, audio, and video programming or other products and services, 377 except services described in this paragraph or this subdivision, that use internet protocol or any 378 successor protocol and for which there is a charge, regardless of whether the charge is separately 379 stated or aggregated with the charge for services described in this paragraph or this subdivision;

380 (d) "Tax", any charge imposed by the state or a political subdivision of the state for the 381 purpose of generating revenues for governmental purposes and that is not a fee imposed for a 382 specific privilege, service, or benefit conferred, except as described as otherwise under this 383 subdivision, or any obligation imposed on a seller to collect and to remit to the state or a political 384 subdivision of the state any gross retail tax, sales tax, or use tax imposed on a buyer by such a 385 governmental entity. The term tax shall not include any franchise fee or similar fee imposed or 386 authorized under [section 67.1830] sections 67.1830 to 67.1846 or section 67.2689; Section 622 387 or 653 of the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 542 and 47 U.S.C. Section 573; 388 or any other fee related to obligations of telecommunications carriers under the Communications 389 Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 151, et seq., except to the extent that:

390 a. The fee is not imposed for the purpose of recovering direct costs incurred by the 391 franchising or other governmental authority from providing the specific privilege, service, or 392 benefit conferred to the payer of the fee; or

393 b. The fee is imposed for the use of a public right-of-way based on a percentage of the 394 service revenue, and the fee exceeds the incremental direct costs incurred by the governmental 395 authority associated with the provision of that right-of-way to the provider of internet access 396 service.

397

398 Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as an exemption from taxes due on goods or 399 services that were subject to tax on January 1, 2016;

400

(47) All school instructional materials; and

401 402

# (48) Usual and customary delivery charges that are stated separately from the sale price.

403 3. Any ruling, agreement, or contract, whether written or oral, express or implied, 404 between a person and this state's executive branch, or any other state agency or department, 405 stating, agreeing, or ruling that such person is not required to collect sales and use tax in this 406 state despite the presence of a warehouse, distribution center, or fulfillment center in this state 407 that is owned or operated by the person or an affiliated person shall be null and void unless it is 408 specifically approved by a majority vote of each of the houses of the general assembly. For 409 purposes of this subsection, an "affiliated person" means any person that is a member of the same 410 controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of

411 1986, as amended, as the vendor or any other entity that, notwithstanding its form of 412 organization, bears the same ownership relationship to the vendor as a corporation that is a 413 member of the same controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the 414 Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

144.032. The provisions of section 144.030 to the contrary notwithstanding, any city imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 94,500 to 94,570, or any county imposing 2 a sales tax under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.635, or any county imposing a sales tax 3 4 under the provisions of sections 67.500 to 67.729, or any hospital district imposing a sales tax under the provisions of section 205.205 may by ordinance impose a sales tax upon all sales of 5 [metered water services,] electricity, [electrical current and natural, artificial or propane gas, 6 wood, coal, or home heating oil] piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by 7 8 the seller for domestic use only. Such tax shall be administered by the department of revenue 9 and assessed by the retailer in the same manner as any other city, county, or hospital district sales tax. Domestic use shall be determined in the same manner as the determination of domestic use 10 for exemption of such sales from the state sales tax under the provisions of section 144.030. 11

144.049. 1. [For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Clothing", any article of wearing apparel, including footwear, intended to be worn
on or about the human body. The term shall include but not be limited to cloth and other
material used to make school uniforms or other school clothing. Items normally sold in pairs
shall not be separated to qualify for the exemption. The term shall not include watches,
watchbands, jewelry, handbags, handkerehiefs, umbrellas, searves, ties, headbands, or belt
buckles; and

(2) "Personal computers", a laptop, desktop, or tower computer system which consists 8 of a central processing unit, random access memory, a storage drive, a display monitor, and a 9 10 keyboard and devices designed for use in conjunction with a personal computer, such as a disk drive, memory module, compact disk drive, daughterboard, digitizer, microphone, modem, 11 motherboard, mouse, multimedia speaker, printer, scanner, single-user hardware, single-user 12 operating system, soundcard, or video card; 13 14 (3) "School supplies", any item normally used by students in a standard classroom for educational purposes, including but not limited to textbooks, notebooks, paper, writing 15 16 instruments, crayons, art supplies, rulers, book bags, backpacks, handheld calculators, chalk,

17 maps, and globes. The term shall not include watches, radios, CD players, headphones, sporting

18 equipment, portable or desktop telephones, copiers or other office equipment, furniture, or 19 fixtures. School supplies shall also include computer software having a taxable value of three

20 hundred fifty dollars or less and any graphing calculator having a taxable value of one hundred

21 fifty dollars or less.

22 -2.] In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2005, there is hereby specifically 23 exempted from state and local sales tax law all retail sales of any article of clothing having a 24 taxable value of one hundred dollars or  $less_{[,]}$ ; all retail sales of school supplies, school art 25 supplies, and school instructional materials [not to exceed fifty dollars per purchase,]; all 26 prewritten computer software with a taxable value of three hundred fifty dollars or less, all 27 graphing calculators having a taxable value of one hundred fifty dollars or less, ]; and all retail 28 sales of [personal] computers [or computer peripheral devices] and school computer supplies 29 not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars per item, during a three-day period beginning 30 at 12:01 a.m. on the first Friday in August and ending at midnight on the Sunday following. 31 Where a purchaser and seller are located in two different time zones, the time zone of the 32 seller's location shall determine the authorized exemption period.

33 [3. If the governing body of any political subdivision adopted an ordinance that applied to the 2004 sales tax holiday to prohibit the provisions of this section from allowing the sales tax 34 35 holiday to apply to such political subdivision's local sales tax, then, notwithstanding any 36 provision of a local ordinance to the contrary, the 2005 sales tax holiday shall not apply to such 37 political subdivision's local sales tax. However, any such political subdivision may enact an 38 ordinance to allow the 2005 sales tax holiday to apply to its local sales taxes. A political 39 subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior 40 to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or order 41 rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out.

42 <u>4.</u>] **2.** This section shall not apply to any sales which take place within the Missouri state 43 fairgrounds.

44

[5.] 3. This section applies to sales of items bought for personal use only.

45 [6. After the 2005 sales tax holiday, any political subdivision may, by adopting an 46 ordinance or order, choose to prohibit future annual sales tax holidays from applying to its local 47 sales tax. After opting out, the political subdivision may rescind the ordinance or order. The 48 political subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days 49 prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or 50 order rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out.

51 — 7.] 4. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two percent of the 52 retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax holiday. The retailer [shall] may 53 offer a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax holiday.

54 5. A sale of property which is eligible for an exemption under subsection 1 of this 55 section but is purchased under a layaway sale shall only qualify for an exemption if:

56 (1) Final payment on a layaway order is made by, and the property is given to, the 57 purchaser during the exemption period; or

58 (2) The purchaser selects the property and the seller accepts the order for the 59 property during the exemption period, for immediate delivery upon full payment, even if 60 delivery is made after the exemption period.

6. The exemption of a bundled transaction shall be calculated as provided by law
62 for all other bundled transactions.

63 7. (1) For any discount offered by a seller that is a reduction of the sales price of 64 the product, the discounted sales price shall determine whether the sales price falls below 65 the price threshold provided in subsection 1 of this section. A coupon that reduces the sales 66 price shall be treated as a discount only if the seller is not reimbursed for the coupon 67 amount by a third party.

68 (2) If a discount applies to the total amount paid by a purchaser rather than to the 69 sales price of a particular product and the purchaser has purchased both exempt property 70 and taxable property, the seller shall allocate the discount based on the total sales prices 71 of the taxable property compared to the total sales prices of all property sold in the same 72 transaction.

8. Items that are normally sold as a single unit shall continue to be sold in that
manner and shall not be priced separately and sold as individual items.

9. Items that are purchased during an exemption period but that are not delivered to the purchaser until after the exemption period due to the item not being in stock shall qualify for an exemption. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an item that was delivered during an exemption period but was purchased prior to or after the exemption period.

10. (1) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property during an exemption
 period but later exchanges the item for a similar eligible item after the exemption period,
 no additional tax shall be due on the new item.

83 (2) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property during an exemption 84 period but later returns the item after the exemption period and receives credit on the 85 purchase of a different nonexempt item, the appropriate sales tax shall be due on the sale 86 of the newly purchased item.

(3) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property before an exemption
period but during the exemption period returns the item and receives credit on the
purchase of a different item of eligible property, no sales tax shall be due on the sale of the
new item if the new item is purchased during the exemption period.

91 (4) For a sixty-day period immediately following the end of the exemption period,
92 if a purchaser returns an exempt item, no credit for or refund of sales tax shall be given

93 unless the purchaser provides a receipt or invoice that shows tax was paid or the seller has 94 sufficient documentation to show that tax was paid on the item being returned.

95

11. For items that require delivery, an item shall be considered exempt if:

96 (1) The item is both delivered to and paid for by the purchaser during the 97 exemption period; or

98 (2) The purchaser orders and pays for the item and the seller accepts the order 99 during the exemption period for immediate shipment, even if delivery is made after the 100 exemption period. For the purposes of this subdivision, a seller shall be considered to have 101 accepted an order when the seller has taken action to fill the order for immediate shipment. 102 Actions to fill an order shall include placement of an "in date" stamp on a mail order or 103 the assignment of an "order number" to a telephone order. An order shall be considered 104 for immediate shipment when the purchaser does not request delayed shipment. An order 105 shall be considered for immediate shipment notwithstanding a shipment that may be 106 delayed because of a backlog of orders or because an item is currently unavailable or on 107 back order.

144.054. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Processing", any mode of treatment, act, or series of acts performed upon materials 3 to transform or reduce them to a different state or thing, including treatment necessary to 4 maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at the production facility;

5

(2)"Producing" includes, but is not limited to, the production of, including the 6 production and transmission of, telecommunication services;

7

(3) "Product" includes, but is not limited to, telecommunications services;

8 (4) "Recovered materials", those materials which have been diverted or removed from 9 the solid waste stream for sale, use, reuse, or recycling, whether or not they require subsequent 10 separation and processing.

11 In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby 2. specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 12 144.761, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 13 14 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761,] this chapter and from the computation of the tax levied, 15 assessed, or payable under this chapter electrical energy and gas, whether natural, artificial, 16 or propane, water, coal, and energy sources, chemicals, machinery, equipment, and materials 17 used or consumed in the manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, or producing of any product, or used or consumed in the processing of recovered materials, or used in research and 18 19 development related to manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, or producing any 20 product. [The exemptions granted in this subsection shall not apply to local sales taxes as 21 defined in section 32.085 and the provisions of this subsection shall be in addition to any state

22 and local sales tax exemption provided in section 144.030.] The construction and application 23 of this subsection as expressed by the Missouri supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director 24 of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 25 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 26 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby affirmed. 27 3. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 28 29 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from

30 the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 31 32 32.085, this chapter and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under 33 this chapter all utilities, machinery, and equipment used or consumed directly in television or 34 radio broadcasting and all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, utilities, services, 35 or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use tax when 36 such sales are made to or purchases are made by a contractor for use in fulfillment of any 37 obligation under a defense contract with the United States government, and all sales and leases 38 of tangible personal property by any county, city, incorporated town, or village, provided such 39 sale or lease is authorized under chapter 100, and such transaction is certified for sales tax 40 exemption by the department of economic development, and tangible personal property used for 41 railroad infrastructure brought into this state for processing, fabrication, or other modification 42 for use outside the state in the regular course of business.

43 In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby 4. 44 specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 45 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from 46 the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 47 48 32.085,] this chapter and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under 49 this chapter all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, utilities, services, or any other 50 transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use tax when such sales 51 are made to or purchases are made by a private partner for use in completing a project under 52 sections 227.600 to 227.669.

53 5. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby 54 specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 55 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from 56 the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 57 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section

58 32.085,] this chapter and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under

this chapter, all materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts, electrical energy and gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, coal and other energy sources, chemicals, soaps, detergents, cleaning and sanitizing agents, and other ingredients and materials inserted by commercial or industrial laundries to treat, clean, and sanitize textiles in facilities which process at least five hundred pounds of textiles per hour and at least sixty thousand pounds per week.

144.060. **1.** It shall be the duty of every person making any purchase or receiving any service upon which a tax is imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.510 to pay, to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, the amount of such tax to the person making such sale or rendering such service. Any person who shall willfully and intentionally refuse to pay such tax shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any person making any purchase or sale of a motor vehicle subject to sales tax as provided by the Missouri sales tax law, unless such person making the sale is a motor vehicle dealer authorized to collect and remit sales tax [pursuant to] under subsection 8 of section 144.070.

9 2. A purchaser shall be relieved from any additional tax, interest, additions, or 10 penalties for failure to collect and remit the proper amount of tax owed on a purchase 11 subject to tax under this chapter if:

12 (1) A purchaser's seller or a certified service provider relied on erroneous data 13 provided by the director on tax rates, boundaries, taxing jurisdiction assignments, or in the 14 taxability matrix created under section 144.124;

15 (2) A purchaser holding a direct pay permit created under section 144.079 relied 16 on erroneous data provided by the director on tax rates, boundaries, taxing jurisdiction 17 assignments, or in the taxability matrix created under section 144.124;

(3) A purchaser using a database created under section 144.123 received erroneous
 data provided by the director on tax rates, boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments;
 or

(4) A purchaser relied on erroneous data provided by the director in the taxability
 matrix created under section 144.124.

144.079. 1. The provisions of section 144.080 notwithstanding, the director shall promulgate rules to allow for the issuance of direct pay permits to purchasers. Purchasers holding such a permit shall be permitted to purchase goods and services which are subject to sales tax under this chapter without remitting payment of the tax to the seller at the time of purchase. Such purchaser shall make a determination of the amount of tax owed and shall report and remit such amount directly to the taxing jurisdiction.

7 2. The director shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section.
8 Such rules shall include an application process for the issuance of a permit created under

9 this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that 10 is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 11 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, 12 section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 13 14 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after January 1, 2020, 15 16 shall be invalid and void.

144.080. 1. Every person receiving any payment or consideration upon the sale of property or rendering of service, subject to the tax imposed [by the provisions of sections 2 3 144.010 to 144.525] under this chapter, is exercising the taxable privilege of selling the 4 property or rendering the service at retail and is subject to the tax levied in section 144.020. The person shall be responsible not only for the collection of the amount of the tax imposed on the 5 6 sale or service to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but shall, on or before the last day of the month following each calendar quarterly period of three months, file 7 a return with the director of revenue showing the person's gross receipts and the amount of tax 8 9 levied in section 144.020 for the preceding quarter, and shall remit to the director of revenue, 10 with the return, the taxes levied in section 144.020, except as provided in [subsections] 11 subsection 2 [and 3] of this section. The director of revenue may promulgate rules or 12 regulations changing the filing and payment requirements of sellers, but shall not require any seller to file and pay more frequently than required in this section. 13

14 2. [Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is
15 in excess of two hundred fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter,
16 the seller shall file a return and pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of
17 revenue by the twentieth day of the succeeding month.

18 <u>3.</u>] Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is 19 less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall by regulation permit 20 the seller to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or 21 before January thirty-first of the succeeding year.

[4.] **3.** The seller of any property or **any** person rendering any service, subject to the tax imposed [by sections 144.010 to 144.525] **under this chapter**, shall collect the tax from the purchaser of such property or the recipient of the service to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but the seller's inability to collect any part or all of the tax does not relieve the seller of the obligation to pay to the state the tax imposed [by] **under** section 144.020; except that the collection of the tax imposed [by sections 144.010 to 144.525] **under** 

this chapter on motor vehicles and trailers shall be made as provided [in] under sections 144.070 and 144.440.

30 [5.] 4. Any person may advertise or hold out or state to the public or to any customer 31 directly that the tax or any part thereof imposed [by sections 144.010 to 144.525] under this 32 chapter, and required to be collected by the person, will be assumed or absorbed by the person, 33 provided that the amount of tax assumed or absorbed shall be stated on any invoice or receipt for 34 the property sold or service rendered. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section 35 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. This subsection shall not apply to any retailer prohibited from 36 collecting and remitting sales tax under section 66.630.

144.082. 1. The director of revenue shall participate in an online registration 2 system that allows sellers to register in this state and other member states.

2. By registering, the seller agrees to collect and remit sales and use taxes for all taxable sales in this state as well as the other member states, including member states joining after the seller's registration. Withdrawal or revocation of this state from the agreement shall not relieve a seller of its responsibility to remit taxes previously or subsequently collected on behalf of this state.

8 3. If the seller has a requirement to register prior to registering under the 9 agreement, such seller shall obtain a retail sales license under section 144.083 and register 10 under section 144.650.

4. Registration with the central registration system and the collection of sales and
use taxes in this state shall not be used as a factor in determining whether the seller has
nexus with this state for any tax at any time.

144.083. 1. The director of revenue shall require all persons who are responsible for the collection of taxes under the provisions of section 144.080 to procure a retail sales license at no 2 3 cost to the licensee which shall be prominently displayed at the licensee's place of business, and the license is valid until revoked by the director or surrendered by the person to whom issued 4 5 when sales are discontinued. The director shall issue the retail sales license within ten working days following the receipt of a properly completed application. Any person applying for a retail 6 sales license or reinstatement of a revoked sales tax license who owes any tax under sections 7 8 144.010 to 144.510 or sections 143.191 to 143.261 must pay the amount due plus interest and 9 penalties before the department may issue the applicant a license or reinstate the revoked license. 10 All persons beginning business subsequent to August 13, 1986, and who are required to collect the sales tax shall secure a retail sales license prior to making sales at retail. Such license may, 11 12 after ten days' notice, be revoked by the director of revenue only in the event the licensee shall 13 be in default for a period of sixty days in the payment of any taxes levied under section 144.020 or sections 143.191 to 143.261. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 in the event 14

15 of revocation, the director of revenue may publish the status of the business account including 16 the date of revocation in a manner as determined by the director.

17 2. The possession of a retail sales license and a statement from the department of revenue that the licensee owes no tax due under sections 144.010 to 144.510 or sections 143.191 to 18 19 143.261 shall be a prerequisite to the issuance or renewal of any city or county occupation license or any state license which is required for conducting any business where goods are sold 20 21 at retail. The date of issuance on the statement that the licensee owes no tax due shall be no 22 more than ninety days before the date of submission for application or renewal of the local 23 license. The revocation of a retailer's license by the director shall render the occupational license 24 or the state license null and void.

3. No person responsible for the collection of taxes under section 144.080 shall make sales at retail unless such person is the holder of a valid retail sales license. After all appeals have been exhausted, the director of revenue may notify the county or city law enforcement agency representing the area in which the former licensee's business is located that the retail sales license of such person has been revoked, and that any county or city occupation license of such person is also revoked. The county or city may enforce the provisions of this section, and may prohibit further sales at retail by such person.

4. In addition to the provisions of subsection 2 of this section, beginning January 1, 2009, the possession of a statement from the department of revenue stating no tax is due under sections 143.191 to 143.265 or sections 144.010 to 144.510 shall also be a prerequisite to the issuance or renewal of any city or county occupation license or any state license required for conducting any business where goods are sold at retail. The statement of no tax due shall be dated no longer than ninety days before the date of submission for application or renewal of the city or county license.

39 [5. Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, sales tax shall only apply to the sale
 40 price paid by the final purchaser and not to any off-invoice discounts or other pricing discounts
 41 or mechanisms negotiated between manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.]

144.084. 1. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules and regulations for 2 remittance of returns. Such rules shall:

3 (1) Allow for electronic payments by all remitters by both automated clearinghouse
4 credit and automated clearinghouse debit;

5 (2) Provide an alternative method for making "same day" payments if an electronic
6 funds transfer fails;

7 (3) Provide that if a due date falls on a legal banking holiday in the state, the taxes 8 shall be due on the next succeeding business day; and

9 (4) Require that any data that accompanies a remittance be formatted using 10 uniform tax type and payment type codes approved by the streamlined sales and use tax 11 governing board.

12 2. All model 1 sellers, model 2 sellers, and model 3 sellers shall file returns 13 electronically. Any model 1 seller, model 2 seller, or model 3 seller shall submit its sales 14 and use tax returns in a simplified format approved by the director of revenue at such 15 times as may be prescribed by the director.

3. (1) The director shall make available to all sellers, regardless of whether a seller is registered under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, a simplified electronic return that is in a form approved by the streamlined sales and use tax governing board and contains only those fields approved by the governing board. Such simplified electronic return shall consist of two parts, with part one containing information relating to remittances and allocations and part two containing information relating to exempt sales.

(2) The director shall not require the submission of part two information from a
 model 4 seller that has no legal requirement to register in the state.

4. (1) Certified service providers shall file a simplified electronic return on behalf of its model 1 sellers and shall be required to file part one of the simplified electronic return at the times provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090. The director shall allow model 1 sellers to file parts one and two of the simplified electronic return.

(2) Model 2 and model 3 sellers shall file a simplified electronic return at the times
 provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090 for each taxing period for which they anticipate
 making sales in the state. Such sellers shall file part two information:

31

(a) At the same time as the seller files part one information; or

32 (b) At the time of the final due date of part one information in a given calendar 33 year. A submission under this paragraph shall include data for all previous months of the 34 same calendar year and shall be presented as yearly totals.

35 (3) The director shall allow model 4 sellers to file a simplified electronic return at 36 the times provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090. Such sellers shall file part two 37 information:

38

(a) At the same time as the seller files part one information; or

39 (b) At the time of the final due date of part one information in a given calendar
40 year. A submission under this paragraph shall include data for all previous months of the
41 same calendar year and shall be presented as yearly totals.

42 (4) Model 4 sellers that elect not to file a simplified electronic return shall file 43 returns in the form and at the times afforded to sellers not registered under the 44 streamlined sales and use tax agreement.

45 (5) The director shall allow sellers not registered under the streamlined sales and 46 use tax agreement that are registered in the state to file a simplified electronic return at the 47 times provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090. Such sellers shall file part two 48 information:

49

(a) At the same time as the seller files part one information; or

50 (b) At the time of the final due date of part one information in a given calendar 51 year. A submission under this paragraph shall include data for all previous months of the 52 same calendar year and shall be presented as yearly totals.

53 5. A seller that is registered under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement and 54 has indicated at the time of registration that it anticipates making no sales which would be 55 sourced to the state under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement shall not be 56 required to file a return. A seller shall be disqualified for such exemption for any quarter 57 in which the seller makes any taxable sales in the state and shall file a return for such 58 quarter as provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090.

6. The director shall provide for a standardized transmission process that allows for receipt of uniform tax returns and other formatted information. The process shall provide for the filing of separate returns for multiple legal entities in a single transmission and shall not include any requirement for manual entry or input by a seller. The process shall allow a certified service provider, a tax preparer, or any other authorized entity to do so, to file returns for more than one seller in a single transmission. However, sellers filing returns for multiple legal entities shall only do so for affiliated legal entities.

66 7. The director shall give notice to a seller registered under the streamlined sales 67 and use tax agreement which has no legal requirement to register in the state of a failure 68 to file a return and shall provide such seller at least thirty days following such notice to file 69 a return prior to holding the seller liable for any penalties based on a failure to file a timely 70 return.

144.100. 1. Every person making any taxable sales of property or service, except 2 transactions provided for in sections 144.070 and 144.440, individually or by duly authorized 3 officer or agent, shall make and file a written return with the director of revenue in such manner 4 as he may prescribe.

5 2. The returns shall be on blanks designed and furnished by the director of [the 6 department of] revenue and shall be filed at the times provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090. 7 The returns shall [show the amount of gross receipts from sales of taxable property and services 8 by the person and the amount of tax due thereon by that person during and for the period covered 9 by the return] state:

10 (1) The name and address of the retailer;

(2) The total amount of gross sales of all tangible personal property and taxable
 services rendered by the retailer during the period for which the return is made;

(3) The total amount received during the period for which the return is made on
 charges and time sales of tangible personal property made and taxable services rendered
 prior to the period for which the return is made;

(4) Deductions allowed by law from the total amount of gross sales and from the
 total amount received during the period for which the return is made on the charges and
 time sales;

(5) Receipts during the period for which the return is made from the total amount
 of sales of tangible personal property and taxable services rendered during such period in
 the course of such business, after deductions allowed by law have been made;

(6) Receipts during the period for which the return is made from charge and time
 sales of tangible personal property made and taxable services rendered prior to such
 period in the course of such business, after deductions allowed by law have been made;

(7) Gross receipts during the period for which the return is made from sales of
 tangible personal property and taxable services rendered in the course of such business
 upon the basis of which the tax is imposed; and

28

(8) Any other pertinent information as the director may require.

29 3. In making a return, the retailer shall determine the market value of any 30 consideration, other than moneys, received in connection with the sale of any tangible 31 personal property in the course of the business and shall include such valuation in the 32 return. The valuation shall be subject to review and revision by the director of revenue as 33 hereinafter provided. Refunds made by a retailer during the period for which the return 34 is made on account of tangible personal property returned to the retailer shall be allowed 35 as a deduction under subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of this section in case the retailer has 36 included the receipts from such sale in a return made by such retailer and paid taxes on 37 such sale. The retailer shall, at the time of making a return, pay to the director the amount 38 of tax owed, except as otherwise provided in this section. The director may extend the time 39 for making returns and paying the tax required by this section for any period not to exceed 40 sixty days under any rules and regulations as the director may prescribe.

41 **4.** The director of revenue shall only require a single tax return for each taxing 42 period, and such return shall include only the taxing jurisdictions in which the seller makes 43 sales within the state. With each return, the person shall remit to the director of revenue the full 44 amount of the tax due.

45 [3.] 5. In case of charge and time sales the gross receipts thereof shall be included as 46 sales in the returns as and when payments are received by the person, without any deduction 47 therefrom whatsoever.

48 [4.] 6. If an error or omission is discovered in a return or a change be necessary to show 49 the true facts, the error may be corrected, the omission supplied, or the change made in the return next filed with the director for the filing period immediately following the filing period in which 50 51 the error was made or the omission occurred, as prescribed by law, except that no refund under 52 this chapter shall be allowed for any amount of tax paid by a seller which is based upon charges 53 incident to credit card discounts. Any other omission or error must be corrected by filing an 54 amended return for the erroneously reported period if the amount of tax is less than that 55 originally reported, or an additional return if the amount of tax is greater than that originally 56 reported. An additional return shall be deemed filed on the date the envelope in which it is 57 mailed is postmarked or the date it is received by the director, whichever is earlier. Any payment 58 of tax, interest, penalty or additions to tax shall be deemed filed on the date the envelope 59 containing the payment is postmarked or the date the payment is received by the director, 60 whichever is earlier. If a refund or credit results from the filing of an amended return, no refund 61 or credit shall be allowed unless an application for refund or credit is properly completed and 62 submitted to the director [pursuant to] under section 144.190.

63 [5.] 7. The amount of gross receipts from sales and the amount of tax due returned by 64 the person, as well as all matters contained in the return, is subject to review and revision in the 65 manner herein provided for the correction of the returns.

144.105. 1. A seller shall be allowed a deduction from taxable sales for bad debts
attributable to taxable sales of such seller that have become uncollectable. Any deduction
taken that is attributed to bad debts shall not include interest.

2. The amount of the bad debt deduction shall be calculated under 26 U.S.C. Section 166(b), except that such amount shall be adjusted to exclude financing charges or interest, sales or use taxes charged on the purchase price, uncollectable amounts on property that remain in the possession of the seller until the full purchase price is paid, and expenses incurred in attempting to collect any debt or repossessed property.

9 3. Bad debts may be deducted on the return for the period during which the bad 10 debt is written off as uncollectable in the seller's books and records and is eligible to be 11 deducted for federal income tax purposes. For purposes of this subsection, a seller who is 12 not required to file federal income tax returns may deduct a bad debt on a return filed for 13 the period in which the bad debt is written off as uncollectable in the seller's books and 14 records and would be eligible for a bad debt deduction for federal income tax purposes if 15 the seller was required to file a federal income tax return.

4. If a deduction is taken for a bad debt and the debt is subsequently collected in
whole or in part, the tax on the amount so collected shall be paid and reported on the
return filed for the period in which the collection is made.

5. If the amount of bad debt exceeds the amount of taxable sales for the period during which the bad debt is written off, a refund claim may be filed by the seller within the applicable statute of limitations for refund claim; however, the statute of limitations shall be measured from the due date of the return on which the bad debt could first be claimed.

6. If filing responsibilities have been assumed by a certified service provider, such service provider may claim, on behalf of the seller, any bad debt allowance provided by this section. The certified service provider shall credit or refund the full amount of any bad debt allowance or refund received to the seller.

7. For the purposes of reporting a payment received on a previously claimed bad debt, any payments made on a debt or account shall first be applied proportionally to the taxable price of the property or service and the sales tax thereon and secondly to interest, service charges, and any other charges.

8. If the books and records of the seller or certified service provider on behalf of the seller claiming the bad debt allowance support an allocation of the bad debts among the member states, such an allocation shall be permitted.

144.108. 1. Certified service providers providing services to model 1 sellers shall 2 not be certified unless:

3 (1) The provider's system has been designed and tested to ensure the anonymity of
4 purchasers unless otherwise required by law;

5 (2) Personally identifiable information is only used and retained to the extent 6 necessary for the administration of model 1 sellers with respect to exempt purchasers, and 7 for the identification of taxing jurisdictions;

8 (3) The provider provides consumers with clear and conspicuous notice of its 9 information practices, including what information it collects, how it collects such 10 information, how it uses such information, how long, if at all, it retains such information, 11 and whether it discloses such information to the state. Such notice shall be satisfied by a 12 written privacy policy statement accessible by the public on the certified service provider's 13 website;

(4) The provider's collection, use, and retention of personally identifiable
 information is limited to that required by the state to ensure the validity of exemptions
 from taxation that are claimed by reason of a purchaser's status or the intended use of the

goods or services purchased, and for the documentation of correct assignment of taxing
 jurisdictions; and

19 (5) The provider provides adequate technical, physical, and administrative 20 safeguards so as to protect personally identifiable information from unauthorized access 21 and disclosure.

22 **2.** (1) When any personally identifiable information that has been collected and 23 retained is no longer required for the purposes set forth in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 24 of this section, such information shall no longer be retained by the state.

25 (2) When personally identifiable information regarding an individual is retained 26 by or on behalf of the state, the state shall provide reasonable access by such individual to 27 his or her own information in the state's possession, as well as a right to correct any 28 inaccurately recorded information.

(3) If anyone other than the state, or a person authorized by the state, seeks to discover personally identifiable information of an individual, the state shall make a reasonable and timely effort to notify the individual of such request.

32 3. The attorney general for the state of Missouri shall have the power to enforce the
33 provisions of this section.

144.109. 1. The state shall review software submitted to the streamlined sales and use tax governing board for certification as a certified automated system (CAS) under Section 501 of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. Such review shall include a review to determine that the program adequately classifies the state's product-based exemptions. Upon completion of the review, the state shall certify to the governing board its acceptance of the classifications made by the system. The state shall relieve a certified service provider (CSP) or model 2 seller from liability to this state and its local jurisdictions for failure to collect sales or use taxes resulting from the CSP or model 2 seller's reliance on the certification provided by the state.

2. The streamlined sales and use tax governing board and this state shall not be responsible for classification of an item or transaction with the product-based exemptions. The relief from liability provided in this section shall not be available for a CSP or model seller that has incorrectly classified an item or transaction into a product-based exemption certified by this state. This subsection shall not apply to the individual listing of items or transactions within a product definition approved by the governing board of the state.

If the state determines that an item or transaction is incorrectly classified as to
 its taxability, it shall notify the CSP or model 2 seller of the incorrect classification. The
 CSP or model 2 seller shall have ten days to revise the classification after receipt of notice

20 from the state of the determination. Upon expiration of the ten days, such CSP or model

21 2 seller shall be liable for failure to collect the correct amount of sales or use taxes due and
22 owing to the state.

144.111. 1. (1) All retail sales in this state, excluding leases and rentals, of tangible personal property or digital goods shall be sourced to the location where the order is received by the seller.

4

(2) This subsection shall apply only if:

5 (a) The location where the order is received by the seller and the location where the 6 purchaser receives the product are both in this state;

7 (b) The location where receipt of the product occurs is determined in accordance 8 with subsection 2 of this section; and

9 (c) At the time the order is received, the record-keeping system of the seller used 10 to calculate the proper amount of sales or use tax to be imposed captures the location 11 where the order is received.

12 (3) If the sale is sourced under this section to the location where the order is 13 received by the seller, only the sales tax for the location where the order is received by the 14 seller may be levied. No additional sales or use tax based on the location where the product 15 is delivered to the purchaser may be levied on that sale. The purchaser shall not be entitled 16 to any refund if the combined state and local rate or rates at the location where the product 17 is received by the purchaser is lower than the rate where the order is received by the seller.

18 (4) A purchaser shall have no additional liability to the state for tax, penalty, or 19 interest on a sale for which the purchaser remits tax to the seller in the amount invoiced 20 by the seller if such invoice amount is calculated at either the rate applicable to the location 21 where receipt by the purchaser occurs or at the rate applicable to the location where the 22 order is received by the seller. A purchaser may rely on a written representation by the 23 seller as to the location where the order for such sale was received by the seller. If the 24 purchaser does not have a written representation by the seller as to the location where the 25 order for such sale was received by the seller, the purchaser may use a location indicated 26 by a business address for the seller that is available from the business records of the 27 purchaser that are maintained in the ordinary course of the purchaser's business to 28 determine the rate applicable to the location where the order was received.

(5) "The location where the order is received by or on behalf of the seller" means the physical location of a seller or third party such as an established outlet, office location, or automated order receipt system operated by or on behalf of the seller where an order is initially received by or on behalf of the seller and not where the order may be subsequently accepted, completed, or fulfilled. An order is "received" when all of the

information from the purchaser necessary to the determination whether the order can be accepted has been received by or on behalf of the seller. The location from which a product is shipped shall not be used in determining the location where the order is received by the seller.

(6) If taxable services are sold with tangible personal property or digital products
 under a single contract or in the same transaction, are billed on the same billing statement
 or statements, and, because of the application of this section, would be sourced to different
 jurisdictions, this subsection shall apply to determine the source for tax.

42 2. Except as provided under section 144.112, if the location where the order is
43 received by the seller and the location where the receipt of the product by the purchaser
44 or the purchaser's donee, as designated by the purchaser, occurs are in different states,
45 then the retail sale, excluding lease or rental, of a product shall be sourced as follows:

46 (1) If the product is received by the purchaser at a business location of the seller,
47 the sale shall be sourced to such business location;

48 (2) If the product is not received by the purchaser at a business location of the 49 seller, the sale shall be sourced to the location where receipt by the purchaser or the 50 purchaser's donee, as designated by the purchaser, occurs, including the location indicated 51 by instructions for delivery to the purchaser or donee, as known to the seller;

52 (3) If subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection do not apply, the sale shall be 53 sourced to the location indicated by an address for the purchaser that is available from the 54 business records of the seller that are maintained in the ordinary course of the seller's 55 business if use of this address shall not constitute bad faith;

56 (4) If subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection do not apply, the sale shall be 57 sourced to the location indicated by an address for the purchaser obtained during the 58 consummation of the sale, including the address of a purchaser's payment instrument, if 59 no other address is available and if use of this address shall not constitute bad faith; and 60 (5) If subdivisions (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection do not apply, including the circumstances in which the seller is without sufficient information to apply the previous 61 62 rules, the location shall be determined by the address from which tangible personal 63 property was shipped, from which the digital good or computer software delivered 64 electronically was first available for transmission from the seller, or from which the service was provided, disregarding for these purposes any location that merely provided the digital 65

66 transfer of the product sold.

3. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2 of this section, all sales of motor vehicles,
trailers, semitrailers, watercraft, outboard motors, and aircraft that do not qualify as
transportation equipment shall be sourced to the address of the owner thereof.

4. The lease or rental of tangible personal property, other than property identified
in subsection 2 or 3 of this section, shall be sourced as follows:

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72 (1) For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic payments, the first 73 periodic payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of 74 subsection 1 of this section. Periodic payments made subsequent to the first payment are sourced to the primary property location for each period covered by the payment. The 75 76 primary property location shall be as indicated by an address for the property provided 77 by the lessee that is available to the lessor from its records maintained in the ordinary 78 course of business if use of this address shall not constitute bad faith. The property 79 location shall not be altered by intermittent use at different locations, such as use of 80 business property that accompanies employees on business trips and service calls;

81 (2) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring periodic payments, the
82 payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection
83 2 of this section; and

(3) This subsection shall not affect the imposition or computation of sales or use tax
 on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis or on the acquisition of
 property for lease.

5. The lease or rental of motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, or aircraft that do not qualify as transportation equipment, as defined in section 144.010, shall be sourced as follows:

90 (1) For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic payments, each periodic 91 payment is sourced to the primary property location. The primary property location shall 92 be as indicated by an address for the property provided by the lessee that is available to 93 the lessor from its records maintained in the ordinary course of business if use of such 94 address does not constitute bad faith. Such location shall not be altered by intermittent use 95 at different locations;

96 (2) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring periodic payments, the 97 payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection 98 1 of this section; and

(3) This subsection shall not affect the imposition or computation of sales or use tax
on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis or on the acquisition of
property for lease.

1026. The retail sale, including lease or rental, of transportation equipment shall be103sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection 1 of this104section, notwithstanding the exclusion of lease or rental in subsection 2 of this section.

144.112. 1. The retail sale of a product shall be sourced in accordance with section 144.111. The provisions of section 144.111 shall apply regardless of the characterization of a product as tangible personal property, a digital good, or a service. The provisions of section 144.111 shall apply only to determine a seller's obligation to pay or collect and remit sales or use tax with respect to the seller's retail sale of a product. The provisions of this subsection shall not affect the obligation of a purchaser or lessee to remit tax on the use of the product to the taxing jurisdictions of that use.

8

2. Section 144.111 shall not apply to sales or use taxes levied on the following:

9 (1) Retail sales or transfers of watercraft, modular homes, manufactured homes, 10 or mobile homes; and

11

(2) Telecommunications services and ancillary services.

144.113. 1. (1) A purchaser of advertising and promotional direct mail may 2 provide the seller with:

3

(a) A direct pay permit;

4 (b) An agreement certificate of exemption claiming direct mail or other written 5 statement approved, authorized, or accepted by the state; or

6 (c) Information showing the jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional 7 direct mail is to be delivered to recipients.

8 (2) If the purchaser provides the permit, certificate, or statement referred to in 9 paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section, the seller, in the 10 absence of bad faith, is relieved of all obligations to collect, pay, or remit any tax on any 11 transaction involving advertising and promotional direct mail to which the permit, 12 certificate, or statement applies. The purchaser shall source the sale to the jurisdictions 13 to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered to the recipients and 14 shall report and pay any applicable tax due.

(3) If the purchaser provides the seller information showing the jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered to recipients, the seller shall source the sale to the jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered and shall collect and remit the applicable tax. In the absence of bad faith, the seller is relieved of any further obligation to collect any additional tax on the sale of advertising and promotional direct mail if the seller has sourced the sale according to the delivery information provided by the purchaser.

(4) If the purchaser does not provide the seller with any of the items listed in
paragraph (a), (b), or (c) of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section, the sale shall be
sourced according to subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of section 144.111. The state to which

25 the advertising and promotional direct mail is delivered may disallow credit for tax paid 26 on sales sourced under this subdivision.

27 Notwithstanding section 144.111, this subsection shall apply to sales of (5) 28 advertising and promotional direct mail.

29 2. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, sales of other direct mail are 30 sourced in accordance with subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of section 144.111.

31

(2) A purchaser of other direct mail may provide the seller with either:

32

(a) A direct pay permit; or

33 (b) An agreement certificate of exemption claiming direct mail or other written 34 statement approved, authorized, or accepted by the state.

35 (3) If the purchaser provides the permit, certificate, or statement referred to in 36 paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (2) of this subsection, the seller, in the absence of bad faith, is relieved of all obligations to collect, pay, or remit any tax on any transaction 37 38 involving other direct mail to which the permit, certificate, or statement applies. 39 Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the sale shall be sourced to the 40 jurisdictions to which the other direct mail is to be delivered to the recipients, and the 41 purchaser shall report and pay applicable tax due.

42 (4) Notwithstanding section 144.111, this subsection shall apply to sales of other 43 direct mail.

44 3. (1) (a) This section applies to a transaction characterized under state law as the 45 sale of services only if the service is an integral part of the production and distribution of 46 printed material that meets the definition of direct mail; and

47 (b) This section shall not apply to any transaction that includes the development 48 of billing information or the provision of any data processing service that is more than 49 incidental regardless of whether advertising and promotional direct mail is included in the 50 same mailing.

51 (2) If a transaction is a bundled transaction that includes advertising and 52 promotional direct mail, this section applies only if the primary purpose of the transaction 53 is the sale of products or services that meet the definition of advertising and promotional 54 direct mail.

55

(3) Nothing in this section shall limit any purchaser's:

56 (a) Obligation for sales or use tax to any state to which the direct mail is delivered;

57 (b) Right under local, state, federal, or constitutional law to a credit for sales or use

58 taxes legally due and paid to other jurisdictions; or

59

(c) Right to a refund of sales or use taxes overpaid to any jurisdiction.

(4) This section applies for purposes of uniformly sourcing direct mail transactions
 and shall not impose requirements on states regarding the taxation of products that meet
 the definition of direct mail or to the application of sales for resale or other exemptions.

144.114. 1. Except for the defined telecommunications services under subsection 2 3 of this section, the sale of telecommunications service sold on a call-by-call basis shall be 3 sourced to:

4 (1) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates and terminates in that 5 jurisdiction; or

6 (2) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call either originates or terminates 7 and in which the service address is also located.

8 2. Except for the defined telecommunications services under subsection 3 of this 9 section, a sale of telecommunications services sold on a basis other than a call-by-call basis 10 is sourced to the customer's place of primary use.

3. The sale of the following telecommunications services shall be sourced to each
 level of taxing jurisdiction as follows:

(1) A sale of mobile telecommunications services other than air-to-ground
 radiotelephone service and prepaid calling service is sourced to the customer's place of
 primary use, as required under the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act;

16 (2) A sale of post-paid calling service is sourced to the origination point of the 17 telecommunications signal as first identified by either:

18

(a) The seller's telecommunications system; or

19 (b) Information received by the seller from its service provider, where the system 20 used to transport such signals is not that of the seller;

(3) A sale of prepaid calling service or a sale of a prepaid wireless calling service is sourced in accordance with section 144.111; provided, however, in the case of a sale of prepaid wireless calling service, the rule provided in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of section 144.111 shall include as an option the location associated with the mobile telephone number;

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(4) A sale of a private communication service is sourced as follows:

(a) Service for a separate charge related to a customer channel termination point
is sourced to each level of jurisdiction in which such customer channel termination point
is located;

30 (b) Service where all customer termination points are located entirely within one 31 jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction is sourced in such jurisdiction in which the customer 32 channel termination points are located;

(c) Service for segments of a channel between two customer channel termination
 points located in different jurisdictions and which segments of a channel are separately
 charged is sourced fifty percent in each level of jurisdiction in which the customer channel
 termination points are located; and

- (d) Service for segments of a channel located in more than one jurisdiction or levels
  of jurisdiction and which segments are not separately billed is sourced in each jurisdiction
  based on the percentage determined by dividing the number of customer channel
  termination points in such jurisdiction by the total number of customer channel
  termination points.
- 42 **4.** The sale of internet access service is sourced to the customer's place of primary 43 use.
- 44

5. The sale of ancillary service is sourced to the customer's place of primary use.

144.123. 1. The director of revenue shall provide and maintain a database that 2 describes boundary changes for all taxing jurisdictions and the effective dates of such 3 changes for sales and use tax purposes.

2. The director of revenue shall provide and maintain a database of all sales and use tax rates for all taxing jurisdictions. For the identification of counties and cities, codes corresponding to the rates shall be provided according to Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) as developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. For the identification of all other jurisdictions, codes corresponding to the rates shall be in a format determined by the director.

10 3. The director of revenue shall provide and maintain a database that assigns the 11 proper tax rates and jurisdictions to each five- and nine-digit zip code within the state. The 12 lowest combined tax rate imposed in the zip code area shall apply if the area includes more 13 than one tax rate in any level of taxing jurisdiction. If a nine-digit zip code designation is 14 not available for a street address or if a seller or a certified service provider (CSP) is unable to determine the nine-digit zip code designation applicable to a transaction after 15 exercising due diligence to determine the designation, the seller or CSP may apply the rate 16 17 for the five-digit zip code area. For purposes of this section, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that a seller or CSP has exercised due diligence if the seller has attempted to 18 19 determine the nine-digit zip code designation by utilizing software approved by the 20 governing board that makes this designation from the street address and five-digit zip code 21 applicable to a purchase.

4. The director of revenue may provide address-based boundary database records for assigning taxing jurisdictions and associated rates that shall be in addition to the requirements of subsection 3 of this section. The database records shall be in the same

25 approved format as the database records required under subsection 3 of this section and 26 shall meet the requirements developed under the federal Mobile Telecommunications 27 Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 119(a). If the director develops address-based assignment 28 database records under the agreement, sellers that register under the agreement shall be 29 required to use such database. A seller or CSP shall use such database records in place of the five- and nine-digit zip code database records provided for in subsection 3 of this 30 31 section. If a seller or CSP is unable to determine the applicable rate and jurisdiction using 32 an address-based database record after exercising due diligence, the seller or CSP may 33 apply the nine-digit zip code designation applicable to a transaction. If a nine-digit zip code designation is not available for a street address or if a seller or CSP is unable to 34 35 determine the nine-digit zip code designation applicable to a transaction after exercising 36 due diligence to determine the designation, the seller or CSP may apply the rate for the 37 five-digit zip code area. For the purposes of this section, there shall be a rebuttable 38 presumption that a seller or CSP has exercised due diligence if the seller or CSP has 39 attempted to determine the tax rate and jurisdiction by utilizing software approved by the 40 director and makes the assignment from the address and zip code information applicable 41 to the transaction. If the director has met the requirements of subsection 3 of this section, 42 the director may also elect to certify vendor-provided address-based databases for 43 assigning tax rates and jurisdictions. The databases shall be in the same approved format 44 as the database records under this section and meet the requirements developed under the 45 federal Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 119(a). If the director 46 certifies a vendor-provided address-based database, a seller or CSP may use such database 47 in place of the database provided for in this subsection.

48 5. The electronic databases provided for in subsections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of this section 49 shall be in downloadable format as determined by the director of revenue. The databases may be directly provided by the director or provided by a vendor as designated by the 50 51 director. A database provided by a vendor as designated by the director shall be 52 applicable and subject to the provisions of section 144.124 and this section. The databases 53 shall be provided at no cost to the user of the database. The provisions of subsections 3 and 54 4 of this section shall not apply if the purchased product is received by the purchaser at the 55 business location of the seller.

56 **6.** No seller or CSP shall be liable for reliance upon erroneous data provided by the 57 director of revenue on tax rates, boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments.

144.124. 1. The director of revenue shall complete a taxability matrix. The state's entries in the matrix shall be provided and maintained by the director in a database that is in a downloadable format.

4 2. The director of revenue shall provide reasonable notice of changes in the 5 taxability of the products or services listed in the taxability matrix.

3. A seller or certified service provider (CSP) shall be relieved from liability to this
state or any local taxing jurisdiction for having charged and collected the incorrect amount
of state or local sales or use tax resulting from such seller's or CSP's reliance upon
erroneous data provided by the director of revenue in the taxability matrix.

144.125. 1. (1) Amnesty shall be granted for uncollected or unpaid sales or use tax to a seller who registers to pay or to collect and remit applicable sales or use tax on sales made to purchasers in this state in accordance with the terms of the agreement, provided that the seller was not so registered in this state in the twelve-month period preceding the effective date of this state's participation in the agreement.

6 (2) Amnesty shall preclude assessment for uncollected or unpaid sales or use tax 7 together with penalty or interest for sales made during the period the seller was not 8 registered in this state, provided registration occurs within twelve months of the effective 9 date of this state's participation in the agreement.

(3) Amnesty shall be provided if this state joins the agreement after the seller has
 registered.

2. Amnesty shall not be available to a seller with respect to any matter or matters for which the seller received notice of the commencement of an audit and for which audit is not yet finally resolved, including any related administrative and judicial processes. The amnesty shall not be available for sales or use taxes already paid or remitted to this state or to taxes collected by the seller.

3. Amnesty provided under this section shall be fully effective, absent the seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material fact, as long as the seller continues registration and payment or collection and remittance of applicable sales or use taxes for a period of at least thirty-six months. The statute of limitations applicable to asserting a tax liability during this thirty-six-month period shall be tolled.

4. Amnesty provided under this section shall be applicable only to sales or use taxes
due from a seller in its capacity as a seller and not to sales or use taxes due from a seller in
its capacity as a purchaser.

5. The provisions of this section shall become effective as of the date that the state joins and becomes a member state of the agreement.

144.140. **1.** From every remittance to the director of revenue made on or before the date 2 when the same becomes due, the person required to remit the same shall be entitled to deduct and 3 retain an amount equal to two percent thereof.

4 2. If the director of revenue enters into the streamlined sales and use tax agreement
5 under section 32.070, the director shall provide a monetary allowance from the taxes
6 collected to each of the following:

7 (1) A certified service provider, in accordance with the agreement and under the 8 terms of the contract signed with the provider, provided that such allowance shall not 9 exceed two percent of the amount collected;

10 (2) Any vendor registered under the agreement that selects a certified automated 11 system to perform part of its sales or use tax functions; and

(3) Any vendor registered under the agreement that uses a proprietary system to
 calculate taxes due and has entered into a performance agreement with states that are
 members of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.

15 **3.** The monetary allowance provided for vendors in subdivision (2) or (3) of 16 subsection 2 of this section shall be in an amount equal to two percent of the taxes collected.

4. Any vendor receiving an allowance under subsection 2 of this section shall not
be entitled simultaneously to deduct the allowance provided for in subsection 1 of this
section.

144.190. 1. If a tax has been incorrectly computed by reason of a clerical error or mistake on the part of the director of revenue, such fact shall be set forth in the records of the director of revenue, and the amount of the overpayment shall be credited on any taxes then due from the person legally obligated to remit the tax [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] **under this chapter**, and the balance shall be refunded to the person legally obligated to remit the tax, such person's administrators or executors, as provided for in section 144.200.

2. If any tax, penalty or interest has been paid more than once, or has been erroneously or illegally collected, or has been erroneously or illegally computed, such sum shall be credited on any taxes then due from the person legally obligated to remit the tax [pursuant to sections 10 144.010 to 144.525] under this chapter, and the balance, with interest as determined [by] under section 32.065, shall be refunded to the person legally obligated to remit the tax, but no such credit or refund shall be allowed unless duplicate copies of a claim for refund are filed within three years from date of overpayment.

3. Every claim for refund must be in writing and signed by the applicant, and must state the specific grounds upon which the claim is founded. Any refund or any portion thereof which is erroneously made, and any credit or any portion thereof which is erroneously allowed, may be recovered in any action brought by the director of revenue against the person legally obligated to remit the tax. In the event that a tax has been illegally imposed against a person legally obligated to remit the tax, the director of revenue shall authorize the cancellation of the tax upon the director's record.

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057, a purchaser that originally paid sales or use tax to a vendor or seller may submit a refund claim directly to the director of revenue for such sales or use taxes paid to such vendor or seller and remitted to the director, provided no sum shall be refunded more than once, any such claim shall be subject to any offset, defense, or other claim the director otherwise would have against either the purchaser or vendor or seller, and such claim for refund is accompanied by either:

27 (1) A notarized assignment of rights statement by the vendor or seller to the purchaser 28 allowing the purchaser to seek the refund on behalf of the vendor or seller. An assignment of 29 rights statement shall contain the Missouri sales or use tax registration number of the vendor or 30 seller, a list of the transactions covered by the assignment, the tax periods and location for which 31 the original sale was reported to the director of revenue by the vendor or seller, and a notarized 32 statement signed by the vendor or seller affirming that the vendor or seller has not received a 33 refund or credit, will not apply for a refund or credit of the tax collected on any transactions 34 covered by the assignment, and authorizes the director to amend the seller's return to reflect the 35 refund: or

36 (2) In the event the vendor or seller fails or refuses to provide an assignment of rights 37 statement within sixty days from the date of such purchaser's written request to the vendor or 38 seller, or the purchaser is not able to locate the vendor or seller or the vendor or seller is no 39 longer in business, the purchaser may provide the director a notarized statement confirming the 40 efforts that have been made to obtain an assignment of rights from the vendor or seller. Such 41 statement shall contain a list of the transactions covered by the assignment, the tax periods and 42 location for which the original sale was reported to the director of revenue by the vendor or 43 seller.

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45 The director shall not require such vendor, seller, or purchaser to submit amended returns for 46 refund claims submitted under the provisions of this subsection. Notwithstanding the provisions 47 of section 32.057, if the seller is registered with the director for collection and remittance of sales 48 tax, the director shall notify the seller at the seller's last known address of the claim for refund. 49 If the seller objects to the refund within thirty days of the date of the notice, the director shall not 50 pay the refund. If the seller agrees that the refund is warranted or fails to respond within thirty 51 days, the director may issue the refund and amend the seller's return to reflect the refund. For 52 purposes of section 32.069, the refund claim shall not be considered to have been filed until the 53 seller agrees that the refund is warranted or thirty days after the date the director notified the 54 seller and the seller failed to respond.

55 5. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057, when a vendor files a refund claim 56 on behalf of a purchaser and such refund claim is denied by the director, notice of such denial 57 and the reason for the denial shall be sent by the director to the vendor and each purchaser whose 58 name and address is submitted with the refund claim form filed by the vendor. A purchaser shall 59 be entitled to appeal the denial of the refund claim within sixty days of the date such notice of 60 denial is mailed by the director as provided in section 144.261. The provisions of this subsection shall apply to all refund claims filed after August 28, 2012. The provisions of this subsection 61 allowing a purchaser to appeal the director's decision to deny a refund claim shall also apply to 62 63 any refund claim denied by the director on or after January 1, 2007, if an appeal of the denial of 64 the refund claim is filed by the purchaser no later than September 28, 2012, and if such claim is 65 based solely on the issue of the exemption of the electronic transmission or delivery of computer 66 software.

67 6. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall authorize 68 direct-pay agreements to purchasers which have annual purchases in excess of seven hundred 69 fifty thousand dollars [pursuant\_to] under rules and regulations adopted by the director of 70 revenue. For the purposes of such direct-pay agreements, the taxes authorized [pursuant\_to] 71 under chapters 66, 67, 70, 92, 94, 162, 190, 238, 321, and 644 shall be remitted based upon the 72 location of the place of business of the purchaser.

73 7. Special rules applicable to error corrections requested by customers of mobile 74 telecommunications service are as follows:

(1) For purposes of this subsection, the terms "customer", "home service provider",
"place of primary use", "electronic database", and "enhanced zip code" shall have the same
meanings as defined in the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act incorporated by reference
in section 144.013;

79 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, if a customer of mobile (2)telecommunications services believes that the amount of tax, the assignment of place of primary 80 81 use or the taxing jurisdiction included on a billing is erroneous, the customer shall notify the 82 home service provider, in writing, within three years from the date of the billing statement. The 83 customer shall include in such written notification the street address for the customer's place of primary use, the account name and number for which the customer seeks a correction of the tax 84 85 assignment, a description of the error asserted by the customer and any other information the 86 home service provider reasonably requires to process the request;

(3) Within sixty days of receiving the customer's notice, the home service provider shall review its records and the electronic database or enhanced zip code to determine the customer's correct taxing jurisdiction. If the home service provider determines that the review shows that the amount of tax, assignment of place of primary use or taxing jurisdiction is in error, the home service provider shall correct the error and, at its election, either refund or credit the amount of tax erroneously collected to the customer for a period of up to three years from the last day of

93 the home service provider's sixty-day review period. If the home service provider determines 94 that the review shows that the amount of tax, the assignment of place of primary use or the taxing 95 jurisdiction is correct, the home service provider shall provide a written explanation of its 96 determination to the customer.

97 8. For all refund claims submitted to the department of revenue on or after September 98 1, 2003, notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, if a person legally 99 obligated to remit the tax levied [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under this chapter 100 has received a refund of such taxes for a specific issue and submits a subsequent claim for refund 101 of such taxes on the same issue for a tax period beginning on or after the date the original refund 102 check issued to such person, no refund shall be allowed. This subsection shall not apply and a 103 refund shall be allowed if the refund claim is filed by a purchaser under the provisions of 104 subsection 4 of this section, the refund claim is for use tax remitted by the purchaser, or an 105 additional refund claim is filed by a person legally obligated to remit the tax due to any of the 106 following:

107 (1) Receipt of additional information or an exemption certificate from the purchaser of 108 the item at issue;

109 (2) A decision of a court of competent jurisdiction or the administrative hearing 110 commission; or

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(3) Changes in regulations or policy by the department of revenue.

112 9. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the director of revenue shall 113 respond to a request for a binding letter ruling filed in accordance with section 536.021 within 114 sixty days of receipt of such request. If the director of revenue fails to respond to such letter 115 ruling request within sixty days of receipt by the director, the director of revenue shall be barred 116 from pursuing collection of any assessment of sales or use tax with respect to the issue which is 117 the subject of the letter ruling request. For purposes of this subsection, the term "letter ruling" 118 means a written interpretation of law by the director to a specific set of facts provided by a 119 specific taxpayer or his or her agent.

120 10. If any tax was paid more than once, was incorrectly collected, or was incorrectly 121 computed, such sum shall be credited on any taxes then due from the person legally obligated 122 to remit the tax [pursuant to] under sections 144.010 to 144.510 against any deficiency or tax 123 due discovered through an audit of the person by the department of revenue through adjustment 124 during the same tax filing period for which the audit applied.

125 **11.** A cause of action against the seller by a purchaser for a tax erroneously or 126 illegally collected under this chapter does not accrue until a purchaser has provided 127 written notice to a seller and the seller has had sixty days to respond. Such notice to the 128 seller shall contain the information necessary to determine the validity of the request. A

# 129 seller shall be presumed to have a reasonable business practice if, in the collection of such

130 tax, the seller uses a provider or a system certified by the director and has remitted to the

# 131 state all tax collected less any deductions, credits, or allowances.

144.210. 1. The burden of proving that a sale of tangible personal property, services, substances or things was not a sale at retail shall be upon the person who made the sale, except 2 that with respect to sales, services, or transactions provided for in section 144.070. [The seller 3 4 shall obtain and maintain exemption certificates signed by the purchaser or his agent as evidence for any exempt sales claimed; provided, however, that before any administrative tribunal of this 5 6 state, a seller may prove that sale is exempt from tax under this chapter in accordance with proof admissible under the applicable rules of evidence; except that when a purchaser has purchased 7 tangible personal property or services sales tax free under a claim of exemption which is found 8 9 to be improper, the director of revenue may collect the proper amount of tax, interest, additions to tax and penalty from the purchaser directly. Any tax, interest, additions to tax or penalty 10 11 collected by the director from the purchaser shall be credited against the amount otherwise due 12 from the seller on the purchases or sales where the exemption was claimed.] 13 2. If the director of revenue is not satisfied with the return and payment of the tax made

13 2. If the director of revenue is not satisfied with the return and payment of the tax made 14 by any person, he is hereby authorized and empowered to make an additional assessment of tax 15 due from such person, based upon the facts contained in the return or upon any information 16 within his possession or that shall come into his possession.

3. The director of revenue shall give to the person written notice of such additional or revised assessment by certified or registered mail to the person at his or its last known address.

144.212. 1. In addition to all other provisions of law provided for exemptions, if an 2 exemption is claimed by a purchaser:

3 (1) The seller shall obtain identifying information of the purchaser and the reason
4 for claiming a tax exemption at the time of the purchase;

5 (2) A purchaser shall not be required to provide a signature to claim an exemption
6 from tax unless a paper exemption certificate is used;

7 (3) The seller shall use the standard form for claiming an exemption electronically
8 prescribed by the director of revenue and acceptable to the streamlined sales and use tax
9 governing board;

10 (4) The seller shall obtain the same information for proof of a claimed exemption 11 regardless of the medium in which the transaction occurred;

12 (5) The seller shall maintain proper records of exempt transactions and provide 13 such records to the director of revenue or the director's designee upon request; and

(6) In the case of drop shipment sales, a third-party vendor such as a drop shipper
 may claim a resale exemption based on an exemption certificate provided by its customer

16 or any other acceptable information available to the third-party vendor evidencing 17 qualification for a resale exemption, regardless of whether the customer is registered to 18 collect and remit sales and use tax in the state where the sale is sourced.

19 2. Sellers that comply with the requirements of this section shall be relieved from 20 collecting and remitting tax otherwise applicable if it is determined that the purchaser 21 improperly claimed an exemption, and such purchaser shall be liable for the nonpayment 22 of tax. Relief from liability provided under this section shall not apply to a seller who 23 fraudulently fails to collect tax, to a seller who solicits purchasers to participate in the 24 unlawful claim of an exemption, to a seller who accepts an exemption certificate if the 25 purchaser claims an entity-based exemption if the subject of the transaction sought to be 26 covered by the exemption certificate is actually received by the purchaser at a location 27 operated by the seller and the state in which that location resides provides an exemption 28 certificate that clearly and affirmatively indicates that the claimed exemption is not 29 available in such state, or to a seller who accepts an exemption certificate claiming multiple 30 points of use for tangible personal property other than computer software for which an 31 exemption claiming multiple points of use:

(1) A seller shall be relieved from collecting and remitting tax otherwise applicable
 if the seller obtains a fully completed exemption certificate or captures the relevant data
 elements required under the agreement within ninety days subsequent to the date of sale;
 and

36 (2) If a seller fails to obtain an exemption certificate or all relevant data elements 37 as provided in this section, the seller may, within one hundred twenty days subsequent to 38 a request for substantiation by the director of revenue or the director's designee, either 39 prove that the transaction was not subject to tax by other means or obtain a fully 40 completed exemption certificate from the purchaser, taken in good faith.

3. Nothing in this section shall affect the ability of the director of revenue or the
director's designee to require purchasers to update exemption certificate information or
to reapply with the state to claim certain exemptions.

44 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 of this section to the contrary, the 45 director shall relieve a seller of the tax otherwise applicable if the seller obtains a blanket 46 exemption certificate for a purchaser with which the seller has a recurring business 47 relationship. The director shall not request from the seller renewal of blanket certificates 48 or updates of exemption certificate information or data elements if there is a recurring 49 business relationship between the buyer and seller. For purposes of this section, a 50 recurring business relation exists if a period of no more than twelve months elapses between sales transactions. 51

144.285. 1. [In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the director of revenue shall establish brackets, showing the amounts of tax to be collected on sales of specified amounts, which shall be applicable to all taxable transactions] When a seller is computing the amount of tax owed by the purchaser and remitted to the state:

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(1) Tax computation shall be carried to the third decimal place; and

9 (2) The tax shall be rounded to a whole cent using a method that rounds up to the 10 next cent if the third decimal place is greater than four.

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2. [In all instances where statements covering taxable purchases are rendered to the taxpayer on a monthly or other periodic basis, the amount of tax shall be determined by applying the applicable tax rate to the taxable purchases represented on the statement, rounded to the nearest whole cent, or by application of the brackets established by the director of revenue, at the option of the retail vendor] Sellers may elect to compute the tax due on a transaction on an item or an invoice basis. The provision of this subsection may be applied to the aggregated state and local taxes.

3. No vendor or seller shall knowingly charge or receive from a purchaser as a sales taxany sum in excess of the sums provided for in this section.

4. [A vendor may, at his option, determine the amount charged to and received from each
 purchaser by use of a formula which applies the applicable tax rate to each taxable purchase,
 rounded to the nearest whole cent. The formula shall be uniformly and consistently applied to
 all purchases similarly situated.

Amounts which a vendor charges to and receives from the purchaser in accordance with this section shall not be includable in [his] the vendor's gross receipts if the amounts are separately charged or stated.

27 [6.] 5. If sales tax for one or more local political subdivisions is owed by a taxpayer 28 [pursuant to] under chapter 66, 67, 92, or 94 and that taxpayer remits less than all sales tax due for a filing period specified in section 144.080, the director of revenue shall deposit the tax 29 30 remitted proportionately to each taxing jurisdiction in accordance with the percentage that each 31 such jurisdiction's share of the tax due for the filing period bears to the total tax due from such 32 taxpayer for such period. The unpaid balance due along with penalties and interest shall be 33 similarly prorated among the state and all local jurisdictions for which tax was due during the 34 filing period for which an underpayment occurs. The provisions of this subsection shall apply to all returns or remittances relating to sales made on or after January 1, 1984. 35

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144.526. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Show Me Green Sales 2 Tax Holiday".

2. [For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

4 (1) "Appliance", clothes washers and dryers, water heaters, trash compactors,
 5 dishwashers, conventional ovens, ranges, stoves, air conditioners, furnaces, refrigerators and
 6 freezers; and

7 (2) "Energy star certified", any appliance approved by both the United States
 8 Environmental Protection Agency and the United States Department of Energy as eligible to
 9 display the energy star label, as amended from time to time.

10 — 3.] In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, there is hereby specifically 11 exempted from state and local sales tax law all retail sales of any [energy star certified] new 12 appliance that is an Energy Star qualified product, up to one thousand five hundred dollars 13 per appliance, during a seven-day period beginning at 12:01 a.m. on April nineteenth and ending 14 at midnight on April twenty-fifth. Where a purchaser and seller are located in two different 15 time zones, the time zone of the seller's location shall determine the authorized exemption 16 period.

[4. A political subdivision may allow the sales tax holiday under this section to apply to
its local sales taxes by enacting an ordinance to that effect. Any such political subdivision shall
notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date
of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any such ordinance or order.

21 5. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two percent of the retailer's
 22 merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax holiday. The retailer shall offer a sales
 23 tax refund in lieu of the sales tax holiday.]

3. A sale of property which is eligible for an exemption under subsection 1 of this
 section but is purchased under a layaway sale shall only qualify for an exemption if:

(1) Final payment on a layaway order is made by, and the property is given to, the
 purchaser during the exemption period; or

(2) The purchaser selects the property and the seller accepts the order for the
 property during the exemption period, for immediate delivery upon full payment, even if
 delivery is made after the exemption period.

4. The exemption of a bundled transaction shall be calculated as provided by law
for all other bundled transactions.

5. (1) For any discount offered by a seller that is a reduction of the sales price of the product, the discounted sales price shall determine whether the sales price falls below the price threshold provided in subsection 1 of this section. A coupon that reduces the sales

36 price shall be treated as a discount only if the seller is not reimbursed for the coupon 37 amount by a third party.

(2) If a discount applies to the total amount paid by a purchaser rather than to the sales price of a particular product and the purchaser has purchased both exempt property and taxable property, the seller shall allocate the discount based on the total sales prices of the taxable property compared to the total sales prices of all property sold in the same transaction.

6. Items that are normally sold as a single unit shall continue to be sold in that
manner and shall not be priced separately and sold as individual items.

45 7. Items that are purchased during an exemption period but that are not delivered 46 to the purchaser until after the exemption period due to the item not being in stock shall 47 qualify for an exemption. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an item that 48 was delivered during an exemption period but was purchased prior to or after the 49 exemption period.

8. (1) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property during an exemption
period but later exchanges the item for a similar eligible item after the exemption period,
no additional tax shall be due on the new item.

53 (2) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property during an exemption 54 period but later returns the item after the exemption period and receives credit on the 55 purchase of a different nonexempt item, the appropriate sales tax shall be due on the sale 56 of the newly purchased item.

57 (3) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property before an exemption 58 period but during the exemption period returns the item and receives credit on the 59 purchase of a different item of eligible property, no sales tax shall be due on the sale of the 60 new item if the new item is purchased during the exemption period.

(4) For a sixty-day period immediately following the end of the exemption period,
if a purchaser returns an exempt item, no credit for or refund of sales tax shall be given
unless the purchaser provides a receipt or invoice that shows tax was paid, or the seller has
sufficient documentation to show that tax was paid on the item being returned.

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9. For items that require delivery, an item shall be considered exempt if:

66 (1) The item is both delivered to and paid for by the purchaser during the 67 exemption period; or

68 (2) The purchaser orders and pays for the item and the seller accepts the order 69 during the exemption period for immediate shipment, even if delivery is made after the 70 exemption period. For the purposes of this subdivision, a seller shall be considered to have 71 accepted an order when the seller has taken action to fill the order for immediate shipment.

72 Actions to fill an order shall include placement of an "in date" stamp on a mail order or 73 the assignment of an "order number" to a telephone order. An order shall be considered 74 for immediate shipment when the purchaser does not request delayed shipment. An order 75 shall be considered for immediate shipment notwithstanding a shipment that may be 76 delayed because of a backlog of orders or because an item is currently unavailable or on 77 back order. 144.560. 1. For the purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean: (1) "Marketplace facilitator", a person that contracts with sellers to facilitate for 2 3 consideration, regardless of whether deducted as fees from the transaction, the sale of the 4 seller's products through an electronic marketplace operated by a person, and engages: 5 (a) Either directly or indirectly, through one or more affiliated persons, in any of 6 the following: 7 a. Transmitting or otherwise communicating the offer or acceptance between the 8 purchaser and marketplace seller; 9 b. Owning or operating the infrastructure, electronic or physical, or technology 10 that brings purchasers and marketplace sellers together; 11 c. Providing a virtual currency that purchasers are allowed or required to use to purchase products from the marketplace seller; or 12 13 d. Software development or research and development activities related to any of 14 the activities described in paragraph (b) of this subdivision if such activities are directly related to an electronic marketplace operated by a person or an affiliated person; and 15 16 (b) In any of the following activities with respect to the marketplace seller's

- 17 products:
- 18 **a.** Payment processing services;
- 19 **b.** Fulfillment or storage services;
- 20 c. Listing products for sale;
- 21 **d.** Setting prices;
- 22 e. Branding sales as those of the marketplace facilitator;
- 23 f. Order taking;
- 24 g. Advertising or promotion; or
- 25 h. Providing customer service or accepting or assisting with returns or exchanges;
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27 A marketplace facilitator is a seller and shall comply with this chapter.

28 (2) "Marketplace seller", a seller that makes sales through any electronic 29 marketplace operated by a marketplace facilitator;

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department of transportation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by
 the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit;

35 (4) "Purchaser", any person who is the recipient for a valuable consideration of 36 any sale of tangible personal property acquired for use, storage, or consumption in this 37 state;

(5) "Qualifying amount", one hundred thousand dollars or an amount as otherwise
 prescribed by the department;

40 (6) "Retail sale", as defined in section 144.011, excluding motor vehicles, trailers, 41 motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled 42 under the laws of the state and subject to tax under subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of 43 section 144.020;

44 (7) "Seller", a person selling or furnishing tangible personal property or rendering
 45 services on the receipts from which a tax is imposed under section 144.020.

46 2. By no later than January 1, 2020, marketplace facilitators that reach the 47 threshold in subsection 4 of section 144.021 shall register with the department to collect 48 and remit sales tax on sales made through the marketplace facilitator's marketplace by or 49 on behalf of a marketplace seller that are delivered in the state, whether by the 50 marketplace facilitator or another person. Such retail sales shall include those made 51 directly by the marketplace facilitator and shall also include those retail sales made by 52 marketplace sellers through the marketplace facilitator's marketplace. The collection and 53 reporting requirements of this subsection shall not apply to retail sales other than those 54 made through a marketplace facilitator's marketplace.

3. Marketplace facilitators that collect sales tax under this section may report and remit the tax in accordance with the provisions of sections 144.530 to 144.555 and shall maintain records of all sales delivered to a location in the state, including copies of invoices showing the purchaser, address, purchase amount, and sales tax collected. Such records shall be made available for review and inspection upon request by the department.

60 4. Marketplace facilitators who properly collect and then remit to the department 61 in a timely manner sales tax on sales in accordance with the provisions of this section by 62 or on behalf of marketplace sellers shall be eligible for any discount provided under this 63 chapter.

5. The marketplace facilitator shall provide the purchaser with a statement or invoice showing that the sales tax was collected and shall be remitted on the purchaser's behalf.

67 **6.** Any taxpayer who remits sales tax under this section shall be entitled to refunds 68 or credits to the same extent and in the same manner provided for in section 144.190 for 69 taxes collected and remitted through this section.

70 7. Marketplace facilitators shall be subject to the penalty provisions, procedures,
 71 and reporting requirements of this chapter.

8. The distribution of the sales tax remitted by marketplace facilitators shall be
made in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

144.600. 1. This law may be cited as the "Compensating Use Tax Law".

2 2. All provisions in sections 144.010 to 144.527 with respect to sales into this state 3 by out-of-state sellers shall apply to the compensating use tax law.

144.612. 1. A vendor is required to register with the director under this chapter for
the collection and remittance of use tax if the vendor is engaged in business activities within
this state. For purposes of this chapter, "engaging in business activities within this state"

4 includes:

5 (1) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating under the seller's trade 6 name in this state if the franchisee or licensee is required to collect sales tax under sections 7 144.010 to 144.527; and

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(2) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or traveling representatives.

9 2. A vendor is presumed to engage in business activities within this state if any 10 person, other than a common carrier acting in its capacity as such, that has substantial 11 nexus with this state:

12 (1) Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so under the same or a 13 similar business name;

(2) Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, or storage place, or similar
 place of business in the state to facilitate the delivery of property or services sold by the
 vendor to the vendor's customers;

(3) Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance services for the vendor's
 customers within the state;

(4) Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in the state by
allowing the vendor's customers to pick up property sold by the vendor at an office,
distribution facility, warehouse, storage place, or similar place of business maintained by
the person in the state; or

(5) Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly associated with
 the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market in the state for the sales;

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25 **3.** The presumption in subsection 2 may be rebutted by demonstrating that the 26 person's activities in the state are not significantly associated with the vendor's ability to 27 establish or maintain a market in this state for the vendor's sales;

28 4. Notwithstanding subsection 2, a vendor shall be presumed to engage in business 29 activities within this state if the vendor enters into an agreement with one or more residents 30 of this state under which the resident, for a commission or other consideration, directly or 31 indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an internet website, an in-person oral presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to the vendor, if the cumulative 32 33 gross receipts from sales by the vendor to customers in the state who are referred to the 34 vendor by all residents with this type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess of ten 35 thousand dollars during the preceding twelve months; and

36 5. The presumption in subsection 4 may be rebutted by submitting proof that the 37 residents with whom the vendor has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the 38 state that was significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain the 39 vendor's market in the state during the preceding twelve months. Such proof may consist 40 of sworn written statements from all of the residents with whom the vendor has an 41 agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the 42 vendor during the preceding year, provided that such statements were provided and 43 obtained in good faith.

144.655. 1. Every vendor, on or before the last day of the month following each calendar guarterly period of three months, shall file with the director of revenue a return of all taxes 2 collected for the preceding quarter in the form prescribed by the director of revenue, showing the 3 4 total sales price of the tangible personal property sold by the vendor, the storage, use or consumption of which is subject to the tax levied by this law, and other information the director 5 of revenue deems necessary. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance of the amount of 6 the tax required to be collected by the vendor during the period covered by the return. Returns 7 8 shall be signed by the vendor or the vendor's authorized agent. The director of revenue may 9 promulgate rules or regulations changing the filing and payment requirements of vendors, but 10 shall not require any vendor to file and pay more frequently than required in this section.

2. Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor is in excess of two hundred and fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter, the vendor shall pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue by the twentieth day of the succeeding month. The amount so paid shall be allowed as a credit against the liability shown on the vendor's quarterly return required by this section.

3. Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor is less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall by regulation permit the vendor to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirty-first of the succeeding year.

20 4. Except as provided in subsection 5 of this section, every person purchasing tangible 21 personal property, the storage, use or consumption of which is subject to the tax levied by 22 sections 144.600 to 144.748, who has not paid the tax due to a vendor registered in accordance 23 with the provisions of section 144.650, shall file with the director of revenue a return for the 24 preceding reporting period in the form and manner that the director of revenue prescribes, 25 showing the total sales price of the tangible property purchased during the preceding reporting 26 period and any other information that the director of revenue deems necessary for the proper 27 administration of sections 144.600 to 144.748. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance 28 of the amount of the tax required by sections 144,600 to 144,748 to be paid by the person. 29 Returns shall be signed by the person liable for the tax or such person's duly authorized agent. 30 For purposes of this subsection, the reporting period shall be determined by the director of 31 revenue and may be a calendar quarter or a calendar year. Annual returns and payments required 32 by the director [<del>pursuant to</del>] **under** this subsection shall be due on or before April fifteenth of 33 the year for the preceding calendar year and quarterly returns and payments shall be due on or 34 before the last day of the month following each calendar period of three months. Upon the 35 taxpayer's request, the director may allow the filing of such returns and payments on a monthly 36 basis. If a taxpayer elects to file a monthly return and payment, such return and payment shall 37 be due on or before the twentieth day of the succeeding month.

5. Any person purchasing tangible personal property subject to the taxes imposed by sections 144.600 to 144.748 shall not be required to file a use tax return with the director of revenue if such purchases on which such taxes were not paid do not exceed in the aggregate two thousand dollars in any calendar year.

6. Nothing in subsection 5 of this section shall relieve a vendor of liability to collect the tax imposed [pursuant to] under sections 144.600 to 144.748 on the total gross receipts of all sales of tangible personal property used, stored or consumed in this state and to remit all taxes collected to the director of revenue in accordance with the provisions of this section nor shall it relieve a purchaser from paying such taxes to a vendor registered in accordance with the provisions of section 144.650.

48 7. Any out-of-state seller that is not legally required to register for use tax in this 49 state but chooses to collect and remit use tax under sections 144.600 to 144.761 shall file a 50 return for the calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before 51 January thirty-first of the succeeding year.

144.710. [From every remittance made by a vendor as required by sections 144.600 to 144.745 to the director of revenue on or before the date when the remittance becomes due, the vendor may deduct and retain an amount equal to two percent thereof] Sections 144.210 and 144.212, pertaining to the allowance for timely remittance of payment, are applicable to the tax levied by this law.

144.759. 1. All local use taxes collected by the director of revenue [pursuant to] under sections 144.757 to 144.761 on behalf of any county or municipality, less one percent for cost 2 3 of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of 4 premiums for surety bonds as provided [in] under section 32.087 shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a local use tax trust fund, which fund shall be separate and apart from the local 5 6 sales tax trust funds. The moneys in such local use tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state 7 funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall 8 keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each 9 county or municipality imposing a local use tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection 10 of officers of the county or municipality and to the public. No later than the tenth day of each 11 month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the 12 preceding month, except as provided in subsection 2 of this section, to the county or municipality 13 treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county or municipality ordinance or order, of each county or municipality imposing the tax authorized by sections 144.757 to 14 15 144.761, the sum due the county or municipality as certified by the director of revenue.

16 2. The director of revenue shall distribute all moneys which would be due any county 17 having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more 18 to the county treasurer or such other officer as may be designated by county ordinance, who shall 19 distribute such moneys as follows: the portion of the use tax imposed by the county which 20 equals one-half the rate of sales tax in effect for such county shall be disbursed to the county 21 treasurer for expenditure throughout the county for public safety, parks, and job creation, subject 22 to any qualifications and regulations adopted by ordinance of the county. Such ordinance shall 23 require an audited comprehensive financial report detailing the management and use of such 24 funds each year. Such ordinance shall also require that the county and the municipal league of 25 the county jointly prepare a strategy to guide expenditures of funds and conduct an annual review 26 of the strategy. The treasurer or such other officer as may be designated by county ordinance 27 shall distribute one-third of the balance to the county and to each city, town and village in group 28 B according to section 66.620 as modified by this section, a portion of the two-thirds remainder 29 of such balance equal to the percentage ratio that the population of each such city, town or village bears to the total population of all such group B cities, towns and villages. For the 30 31 purposes of this subsection, population shall be determined by the last federal decennial census

32 or the latest census that determines the total population of the county and all political 33 subdivisions therein. For the purposes of this subsection, each city, town or village in group A 34 according to section 66.620 but whose per capita sales tax receipts during the preceding calendar 35 year [pursuant to] under sections 66.600 to 66.630 were less than the per capita countywide 36 average of all sales tax receipts during the preceding calendar year, shall be treated as a group 37 B city, town or village until the per capita amount distributed to such city, town or village equals 38 the difference between the per capita sales tax receipts during the preceding calendar year and 39 the per capita countywide average of all sales tax receipts during the preceding calendar year.

40 3. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the 41 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for erroneous payments and 42 overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 43 such counties or municipalities. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the county or 44 municipality shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the 45 effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of 46 section 32.097. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one 47 year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds 48 or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 49 such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such 50 county or municipality, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the 51 balance in the account to the county or municipality and close the account of that county or 52 municipality. The director of revenue shall notify each county or municipality of each instance 53 of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county or municipality.

4. Except as modified **[in] under** sections 144.757 to 144.761, all provisions of sections 32.085 **[and] to** 32.087 applicable to the local sales tax, except for subsection 12 of section 32.087, and all provisions of sections 144.600 to 144.745 shall apply to the tax imposed **[pursuant to] under** sections 144.757 to 144.761, and the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax.

144.761. 1. No county or municipality imposing a local use tax [pursuant to] under sections 144.757 to 144.761 may repeal or amend such local use tax unless such repeal or amendment is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county or municipality in the manner provided in section 144.757; provided, however, that the repeal of the local sales tax within the county or municipality shall be deemed to repeal the local use tax imposed [pursuant to] under sections 144.757 to 144.761.

2. Whenever the governing body of any county or municipality in which a local use tax
has been imposed in the manner provided by sections 144.757 to 144.761 receives a petition,
signed by fifteen percent of the registered voters of such county or municipality voting in the last

10 gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal such local use tax, the governing body 11 shall submit to the voters of such county or municipality a proposal to repeal the county or 12 municipality use tax imposed [pursuant to] under sections 144.757 to 144.761. If a majority of 13 the votes cast on the proposal by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal 14 to repeal the local use tax, then the ordinance or order imposing the local use tax, along with any 15 amendments thereto, is repealed. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting 16 thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal the local use tax, then the ordinance or order 17 imposing the local use tax, along with any amendments thereto, shall remain in effect. The 18 notice provision of section 32.087 shall apply to such repeal of this tax.

184.845. 1. The board of the district may impose a museum and cultural district sales tax by resolution on all retail sales made in such museum and cultural district which are subject to [taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] sales tax under chapter 144. Such museum and cultural district sales tax may be imposed for any museum or cultural purpose designated by the board of the museum and cultural district. If the resolution is adopted the board of the district may submit the question of whether to impose a sales tax authorized by this section to the qualified voters, who shall have the same voting interests as with the election of members of the board of the district.

9 2. The sales tax authorized by this section shall become effective [on the first day of the 10 second calendar quarter following adoption of the tax by the board or qualified voters] as 11 provided in subsection 19 of section 32.087, if the board elects to submit the question of 12 whether to impose a sales tax to the qualified voters.

3. In each museum and cultural district in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the museum and cultural district [pursuant to] under this section to the retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.

18 4. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax authorized by this 19 section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the 20 requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid 21 fractions of pennies, the [museum and cultural district may establish appropriate brackets which 22 shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets 23 provided in tax shall be calculated as authorized under the provisions of section 144.285. 24 5. All revenue received by a museum and cultural district from the tax authorized by this 25 section which has been designated for a certain museum or cultural purpose shall be deposited 26 in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for such designated purpose. All funds remaining

27 in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for such designated museum or cultural

28 purpose. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may 29 be invested by the board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the 30 investment of other museum or cultural district funds.

6. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of one-half of one percent, three-fourths of one percent or one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the museum and cultural district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by [the state of Missouri pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] this state under chapter 144. Any museum and cultural district sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the district.

38 7. On and after the effective date of any tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section, 39 the [museum and cultural district] director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to 40 the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax. The tax imposed [pursuant 41 to] under this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such 42 administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the [museum and cultural district] 43 director of revenue.

44 8. All applicable provisions contained in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 45 governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087, and section 32.057, the uniform 46 confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except 47 as modified in this section. All revenue collected under this section by the director of the 48 department of revenue on behalf of the museum and cultural districts [, except for one percent 49 for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund, shall be 50 deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the "Missouri 51 Museum Cultural District Tax Fund", and shall be used solely for such designated purpose. 52 [Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds, and shall not be commingled with any 53 funds of the state.] The director may make refunds from the amounts in the fund and credited to 54 the district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 55 and drafts deposited to the credit of such county.

9. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services [pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this section.

10. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required [by sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the museum and cultural

district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed[by] under this section.

11. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter
144 for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section.

68 12. [For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all 69 retail sales except retail sales of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be consummated at the place 70 of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer 71 or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an 72 out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of 73 74 business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even 75 though the order shall be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or 76 billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of 77 business from which the employee works.

78 13.] All sales taxes collected by the museum and cultural district shall be deposited by \_\_\_\_\_ 79 the museum and cultural district in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in 80 this section. The museum and cultural district shall keep accurate records of the amount of 81 money which was collected [pursuant to] under this section, and the records shall be open to the 82 inspection by the officers and directors of each museum and cultural district and the Missouri 83 department of revenue. Tax returns filed by businesses within the district shall otherwise be 84 considered as confidential in the same manner as sales tax returns filed with the Missouri 85 department of revenue.

[14.] 13. No museum and cultural district imposing a sales tax [pursuant to] under this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued to finance any project or projects.

91 14. Except as modified in this section, all provisions under sections 32.085 to 32.087
92 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

221.407. 1. The commission of any regional jail district may impose, by order, a sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent, one-fourth of one percent, three-eighths of one percent, or one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such region which are subject to taxation [pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 for the purpose of providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for such region. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no order imposing a sales tax [pursuant to] under this section shall be effective

8 unless the commission submits to the voters of the district, on any election date authorized in9 chapter 115, a proposal to authorize the commission to impose a tax.

10 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following 11 language:

12 Shall the regional jail district of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (counties' names) impose a 13 region-wide sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert [amount] rate of percent) for the purpose of 14 providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for the region?

- $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO
- 15 16

17 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed 18 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".

19

20 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the district voting thereon 21 are in favor of the proposal, then the order and any amendment to such order shall be in effect 22 [on the first day of the second quarter immediately following the election approving the 23 proposal] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the proposal receives less than 24 the required majority, the commission shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized 25 [pursuant to] under this section unless and until the commission shall again have submitted 26 another proposal to authorize the commission to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters of the district 27 28 voting on such proposal; however, in no event shall a proposal [pursuant to] under this section 29 be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last submission of a 30 proposal [pursuant to] under this section.

3. All revenue received by a district from the tax authorized [pursuant to] under this 32 section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing jail 33 services and court facilities and equipment for such district for so long as the tax shall remain 34 in effect.

4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for the district. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the commission in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.

5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue [pursuant to] under this section on behalf of any district[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the

44 "Regional Jail District Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the regional jail district sales tax 45 trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of 46 the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust 47 fund which was collected in each district imposing a sales tax [pursuant to] under this section, 48 and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each member county and the public. 49 Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys 50 deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the district which levied the tax. Such 51 funds shall be deposited with the treasurer of each such district, and all expenditures of funds 52 arising from the regional jail district sales tax trust fund shall be paid [pursuant to] under an 53 appropriation adopted by the commission and shall be approved by the commission. 54 Expenditures may be made from the fund for any function authorized in the order adopted by the 55 commission submitting the regional jail district tax to the voters.

56 6. The director of revenue may [authorize the state treasurer to] make refunds from the 57 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any district for erroneous payments and overpayments 58 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such districts. 59 If any district abolishes the tax, the commission shall notify the director of revenue of the action 60 [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective 61 as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention 62 in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of 63 such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks 64 and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such district, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the 65 account to the district and close the account of that district. The director of revenue shall notify 66 67 each district in each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due 68 the district.

69 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087
70 shall apply to the tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section.

71

8. The provisions of this section shall expire September 30, 2015.

238.235. 1. (1) Any transportation development district may by resolution impose a transportation development district sales tax on all retail sales made in such transportation development district which are subject to taxation [pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144, except such transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, [or] outboard motors [nor to all sales of electricity or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, nor to sales of service to telephone subscribers, either local or long distance], electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller. Such transportation development district sales tax

9 may be imposed for any transportation development purpose designated by the transportation 10 development district in its ballot of submission to its qualified voters, except that no resolution 11 enacted [pursuant to] under the authority granted by this section shall be effective unless:

12 (a) The board of directors of the transportation development district submits to the 13 qualified voters of the transportation development district a proposal to authorize the board of 14 directors of the transportation development district to impose or increase the levy of an existing 15 tax [pursuant to the provisions of] under this section; or

16 (b) The voters approved the question certified by the petition filed [pursuant to] under 17 subsection 5 of section 238.207.

18 (2) If the transportation district submits to the qualified voters of the transportation 19 development district a proposal to authorize the board of directors of the transportation 20 development district to impose or increase the levy of an existing tax [pursuant to] under the 21 provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the ballot of submission shall 22 contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall the transportation development district of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (transportation development district's name) impose a transportation development district-wide sales tax at the ate of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert [amount] rate of percent) for a period of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert number) years from the date on which such tax is first imposed for the purpose of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert transportation development purpose)?

29

30 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed31 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

32

33 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 34 of the proposal, then the resolution and any amendments thereto shall be in effect as provided 35 by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting 36 are opposed to the proposal, then the board of directors of the transportation development district 37 shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized by this section unless and until the board 38 of directors of the transportation development district shall again have submitted another 39 proposal to authorize it to impose the sales tax [pursuant to the provisions of] under this section 40 and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

(3) [The sales tax authorized by this section shall become effective on the first day of the
 second calendar quarter after the department of revenue receives notification of the tax.

(4) In each transportation development district in which a sales tax has been imposed in
 the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the transportation

45 development district pursuant to this section to the retailer's sale price, and when so added such

46 tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid,

47 and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.

(5) In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax authorized by this
 section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the
 requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid
 fractions of pennies, the transportation development district may establish appropriate brackets
 which shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets
 provided in section 144.285.
 (6)] All revenue received by a transportation development district from the tax authorized

(6) All revenue received by a transportation development district from the tax authorized 55 by this section which has been designated for a certain transportation development purpose shall 56 be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for such designated purpose. Upon 57 the expiration of the period of years approved by the qualified voters [pursuant to] under 58 subdivision (2) of this subsection or if the tax authorized [by] under this section is repealed 59 [pursuant to] under subsection [6] 4 of this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund 60 shall continue to be used solely for such designated transportation development purpose. Any 61 funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested 62 by the board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other 63 transportation development district funds.

64 [(7)] (4) The sales tax may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up 65 to a maximum of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the transportation development district adopting such 66 67 tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by [the state of Missouri pursuant to the 68 provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] this state under chapter 144, except such 69 transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors [nor to public utilities]. Any transportation development 70 71 district sales tax imposed [pursuant to] under this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall 72 be uniform throughout the district.

2. The resolution imposing the sales tax [pursuant to] under this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided [im sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the transportation development district.

80 3. [On and after the effective date of any tax imposed pursuant to this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, 81 enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect, in addition to all 82 other sales taxes imposed by law, the additional tax authorized pursuant to this section. The tax 83 imposed pursuant to this section and the taxes imposed pursuant to all other laws of the state of 84 Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and pursuant to such 85 administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. 86 4. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525, governing the 87 88 state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087 and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality 89 provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section. 90 91 (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services pursuant to 92 the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and 93 collection of the tax imposed by this section. 94 95 (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall 96 97 satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the transportation development district may prescribe 98 99 a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section. (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax laws 100 101 for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to such laws are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of this section. 102 103 (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section. 104 (6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all 105 retail sales except retail sales of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be consummated at the place 106 of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer 107 or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an 108 109 out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state 110 which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of 111 business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even 112 though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of 113 business from which the employee works. 114

115 <u>5.</u> All sales taxes received by the transportation development district shall be deposited 116 by the director of revenue in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money which was 117 118 collected [pursuant to] under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of 119 officers of each transportation development district and the general public.

120

[6.] 4. (1) No transportation development district imposing a sales tax [pursuant to] 121 under this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment will not 122 impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has 123 borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been 124 issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects.

125 (2) Whenever the board of directors of any transportation development district in which 126 a transportation development sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section 127 receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the qualified voters calling for an election to repeal 128 such transportation development sales tax, the board of directors shall, if such repeal will not 129 impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has 130 borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been 131 issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects, 132 submit to the qualified voters of such transportation development district a proposal to repeal the 133 transportation development sales tax imposed [pursuant to the provisions of] under this section. 134 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 135 of the proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax, then the resolution imposing 136 the transportation development sales tax, along with any amendments thereto, is repealed as 137 provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified 138 voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal the transportation development sales 139 tax, then the ordinance or resolution imposing the transportation development sales tax, along 140with any amendments thereto, shall remain in effect.

141 [7-] 5. Notwithstanding any provision of sections 99.800 to 99.865 and this section to 142 the contrary, the sales tax imposed by a district whose project is a public mass transportation 143 system shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such term is defined under sections 144 99.805 and 99.918 and shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of 145 section 99.845, or subsection 4 of section 99.957.

146 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, 147 the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, 148 collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for 149 the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The 150 tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of

151 Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such 152 administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

153 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall
154 apply to the tax imposed under this section.

238.410. 1. Any county transit authority established [pursuant to] under section 238.400 may impose a sales tax of up to one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under [the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county, on behalf of the transit authority, submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the transit authority to impose a tax.

9 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following 10 language:

11 Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ Transit Authority impose a countywide sales tax of 12 \_\_\_\_\_ (insert [amount] rate of percent) in order to provide revenues for the operation of 13 transportation facilities operated by the transit authority?

14  $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

15

16 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed 17 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

18

19 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 20 of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar 21 quarter following notification to the department of revenue of adoption of the tax] as provided 22 by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting 23 are opposed to the proposal, then the transit authority shall have no power to impose the sales 24 tax authorized by this section unless and until another proposal to authorize the transit authority 25 to impose the sales tax authorized by this section has been submitted and such proposal is 26 approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

3. All revenue received by the transit authority from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely by the transit authority for construction, purchase, lease, maintenance and operation of transportation facilities located within the county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the transit authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of county funds.

33 4. No transit authority imposing a sales tax [pursuant to] under this section may repeal 34 or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment is submitted to and approved by the 35 voters of the county in the same manner as provided [in] under subsection 1 of this section for 36 approval of such tax. Whenever the governing body of any county in which a sales tax has been 37 imposed in the manner provided by this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the 38 registered voters of such county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election 39 to repeal such sales tax, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such county a proposal 40 to repeal the sales tax imposed under [the provisions of] this section. If a majority of the votes 41 cast on the proposal by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal 42 the sales tax, then such sales tax is repealed as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. 43 If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal 44 to repeal the sales tax, then such sales tax shall remain in effect.

45 5. The sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section shall impose upon all sellers 46 a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or 47 rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided [in sections 144.010] 48 to 144.525] under chapter 144 and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued 49 pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate approved [pursuant to] under 50 this section. The amount reported and returned to the director of revenue by the seller shall be 51 computed on the basis of the combined rate of the tax imposed [by sections 144.010 to 144.525] 52 under chapter 144 and the tax imposed by this section, plus any amounts imposed under other 53 provisions of law.

54 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the 55 director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, 56 enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the 57 sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. 58 The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of 59 Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative 60 rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. In order to permit sellers 61 required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and 62 remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy 63 of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the applicable provisions of section 144.285 64 shall apply to all taxable transactions.

65 7. All applicable provisions contained in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 66 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall 67 apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section. All 68 exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain

69 articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of 70 [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and 71 collection of the tax imposed by this section. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate 72 and retail certificate required [by sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 for the 73 administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, 74 and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except 75 that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from 76 the tax imposed by this section. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the 77 state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes under chapter 144 are hereby 78 allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected under the provisions of this section. The 79 penalties provided in section 32.057 and [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 for a 80 violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section.

81 8. [For the purposes of a sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, all retail sales shall 82 be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer, except for tangible personal property sold which is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination 83 or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination and except for the sale of motor 84 vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors, which is provided for in subsection 12 of this 85 86 section. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which 87 participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of 88 the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the 89 order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A 90 sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from 91 which he works.

92 -9.] All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any 93 transit authority, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's 94 general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in this section,] 95 shall be deposited in the state treasury in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be 96 known as the "County Transit Authority Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county 97 transit authority sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be 98 commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of 99 the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each transit authority imposing a 100 sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the 101 county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall 102 distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the transit 103 authority which levied the tax.

104 [10.] 9. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from 105 the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any transit authority for erroneous payments and 106 overpayments made, and may [authorize the state treasurer to] redeem dishonored checks and 107 drafts deposited to the credit of such transit authorities. If any transit authority abolishes the tax, 108 the transit authority shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior 109 to the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 110 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period 111 of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible 112 refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the 113 credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax 114 in such transit authority, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the 115 balance in the account to the transit authority and close the account of that transit authority. The 116 director of revenue shall notify each transit authority of each instance of any amount refunded 117 or any check redeemed from receipts due the transit authority. The director of revenue shall 118 annually report on his management of the trust fund and administration of the sales taxes 119 authorized by this section. He shall provide each transit authority imposing the tax authorized 120 by this section with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by him for the 121 transit authority.

122 [11.] 10. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and employees who 123 shall have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, 124 transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the 125 hands of the director of revenue under the provisions of this section shall enter a surety bond or 126 bonds payable to any and all transit authorities in whose behalf such funds have been collected 127 under this section in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars; but the director of revenue 128 may enter into a blanket bond or bonds covering himself and all such deputies, assistants and 129 employees. The cost of the premium or premiums for the surety bond or bonds shall be paid by 130 the director of revenue from the share of the collection retained by the director of revenue for the 131 benefit of the state.

[12.] **11.** Sales taxes imposed [pursuant to] under this section and use taxes on the purchase and sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a county where a sales tax is imposed under this section. The amounts so collected, less the one percent collection cost, shall be deposited in the county transit authority sales tax trust fund. The purchase or sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be deemed to be consummated at the address of the applicant. As used in this subsection, the term "boat" shall only includemotorboats and vessels as the terms "motorboat" and "vessel" are defined in section 306.010.

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otorboats and vessels as the terms "motorboat" and "vessel" are defined in section 306.010. [13.] 12. In any county where the transit authority sales tax has been imposed, if any

142 person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by him under this section 143 or in the event a determination has been made against him for taxes and penalty under this 144 section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall 145 be the same as that provided [in sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144. Where the 146 director of revenue has determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection 147 of delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and where such person is also 148 delinquent in payment of taxes under this section, the director of revenue shall notify the transit 149 authority to which delinquent taxes are due under this section by United States registered mail 150 or certified mail at least ten days before turning the case over to the attorney general. The transit 151 authority, acting through its attorney, may join in such suit as a party plaintiff to seek a judgment 152 for the delinquent taxes and penalty due such transit authority. In the event any person fails or 153 refuses to pay the amount of any sales tax due under this section, the director of revenue shall 154 promptly notify the transit authority to which the tax would be due so that appropriate action may 155 be taken by the transit authority.

156 [14.] 13. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any 157 law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax 158 imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any 159 tax imposed by this section, the director of revenue shall permit the transit authority to join in 160 any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the transit 161 authority under this section. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due 162 the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such transit authority under 163 this section.

164 [15. The transit authority created under the provisions of sections 238.400 to 238.412
 165 shall notify any and all affected businesses of the change in tax rate caused by the imposition of
 166 the tax authorized by sections 238.400 to 238.412.

167 <u>16.</u>] 14. In the event that any transit authority in any county with a charter form of 168 government and with more than two hundred fifty thousand but fewer than three hundred fifty 169 thousand inhabitants submits a proposal in any election to increase the sales tax under this 170 section, and such proposal is approved by the voters, the county shall be reimbursed for the costs 171 of submitting such proposal from the funds derived from the tax levied under this section.

172 **15.** Except as provided in sections 238.400 to 238.412, all provisions of sections 173 **32.085** to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 238.410 and 238.412.

644.032. 1. The governing body of any municipality or county may impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in an amount not to exceed one-half of one percent on all retail 2 sales made in such municipality or county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of 3 4 [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144. The tax authorized by this section and section 644.033 shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no 5 ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section and section 644.033 6 shall be effective unless the governing body of the municipality or county submits to the voters 7 8 of the municipality or county, at a municipal, county or state general, primary or special election, 9 a proposal to authorize the governing body of the municipality or county to impose a tax, 10 provided, that the tax authorized by this section shall not be imposed on the sales of food, as 11 defined in section 144.014, when imposed by any county with a charter form of government and 12 with more than one million inhabitants.

13 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following 14 language:

Shall the municipality (county) of \_\_\_\_\_\_ impose a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert
 [amount] rate of percent) for the purpose of providing funding for

17 (insert either storm water control, or local parks, or storm water control and local parks) for the18 municipality (county)?

 $\Box$  NO

 $\Box$  YES

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21 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 22 of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on 23 the first day of the second quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the 24 tax] become effective as provided in subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes 25 cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the 26 municipality or county shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section and section 27 644.033 until the governing body of the municipality or county resubmits another proposal to 28 authorize the governing body of the municipality or county to impose the sales tax authorized 29 by this section and section 644.033 and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified 30 voters voting thereon; however, in no event shall a proposal [pursuant to] under this section and 31 section 644.033 be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last 32 proposal [pursuant to] under this section and section 644.033.

3. All revenue received by a municipality or county from the tax authorized under [the 34 provisions of] this section and section 644.033 shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall 35 be used to provide funding for storm water control or for local parks, or both, within such 36 municipality or county, provided that such revenue may be used for local parks outside such

37 municipality or county if the municipality or county is engaged in a cooperative agreement [pursuant to] under section 70.220. 38

39 4. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures 40 may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other municipal or county funds. 41

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#### 5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall 43 apply to the tax imposed under this section.

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[66.601. The duties of the director of revenue with respect to the 2 allocation, division and distribution of sales and use tax proceeds determined to be due any county of the first classification having a charter form of government 3 4 and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more inhabitants and all 5 municipalities within such county, resulting from taxes levied or imposed under the authority of sections 66.600 to 66.630, section 144.748, and sections 94.850 6 to 94.857, may be delegated to the county levying the county sales tax under 7 8 sections 66.600 to 66.630, at the discretion of the director of revenue and with the consent of the county. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 to the 9 contrary, if such duties are so assigned, the director of revenue shall furnish the 10 county with sufficient information to perform such duties in such form as may be 11 agreed upon by the director and the county at no cost to the county. The county 12 shall be bound by the provisions of section 32.057, and shall use any information 13 provided by the director of revenue under the provisions of this section solely for 14 the purpose of allocating, dividing and distributing such sales and use tax 15 revenues. The county shall exercise all of the director's powers and duties with 16 respect to such allocation, division and distribution, and shall receive no fee for 17 carrying out such powers and duties.] 18 19

[67.1713. Beginning January 1, 2002, there is hereby specifically 2 exempted from the tax imposed pursuant to section 67.1712 all sales of food as defined by section 144.014.] 3

All entities remitting the sales tax authorized pursuant to <del>67.1971.</del> section 67.1959 shall have their liability reduced by an amount equal to twenty-five percent of any taxes collected and remitted pursuant to sections 94.802 to 94.805.]

[144.043. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Light aircraft", a light airplane that seats no more than four persons, 3 with a gross weight of three thousand pounds or less, which is primarily used for 4 recreational flying or flight training;

5 (2) "Light aircraft kit", factory manufactured parts and components, 6 including engine, propeller, instruments, wheels, brakes, and air frame parts

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- which make up a complete aircraft kit or partial kit designed to be assembled into
   a light aircraft and then operated by a qualified purchaser for recreational and
   educational purposes;
  - (3) "Parts and components", manufactured light aircraft parts, including air frame and engine parts, that are required by the qualified purchaser to complete a light aircraft kit, or spare or replacement parts for an already completed light aircraft;
- (4) "Qualified purchaser", a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit,
   parts or components who is nonresident of this state, who will transport the light
   aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts or components outside this state within ten days
   after the date of purchase, and who will register any light aircraft so purchased
   in another state or country. Such purchaser shall not base such aircraft in this
   state and such purchaser shall not be a resident of the state unless such purchaser
   has paid sales or use tax on such aircraft in another state.
- 2. In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 21 22 144.030, there shall also be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, section 238.235, and from the 23 24 provisions of any local sales tax law, as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable under sections 144.010 to 25 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, section 238.235, and under any local sales 26 tax law, as defined in section 32.085, all sales of new light aircraft, light aircraft 27 kits, parts or components manufactured or substantially completed within this 28 29 state, when such new light aircraft, light aircraft kits, parts or components are sold by the manufacturer to a qualified purchaser. The director of revenue shall 30 prescribe the manner for a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts or 31 components to establish that such person is a qualified purchaser and is eligible 32 33 for the exemption established in this section.]
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[144.069. All sales taxes associated with the titling of motor 2 vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors under the laws of Missouri 3 shall be imposed at the rate in effect at the location of the address of the 4 owner thereof, and all sales taxes associated with the titling of vehicles 5 under leases of over sixty-day duration of motor vehicles, trailers, boats 6 and outboard motors shall be imposed at the rate in effect, unless the vehicle, trailer, boat or motor has been registered and sales taxes have 7 8 been paid prior to the consummation of the lease agreement at the 9 location of the address of the lessee thereof on the date the lease is consummated, and all applicable sales taxes levied by any political 10 subdivision shall be collected and remitted on such sales from the 11 purchaser or lessee by the state department of revenue on that basis.] 12

2 [144.517. In addition to the exemptions granted pursuant to 2 section 144.030, there shall also be exempted from state sales and use

3	taxes all sales of textbooks, as defined by section 170.051, when such
4	textbook is purchased by a student who possesses proof of current
5	enrollment at any Missouri public or private university, college or other
6	postsecondary institution of higher learning offering a course of study
7	leading to a degree in the liberal arts, humanities or sciences or in a
8	professional, vocational or technical field, provided that the books which
9	are exempt from state sales tax are those required or recommended for a
10	elass. Upon request the institution or department must provide at least
11	one list of textbooks to the bookstore each semester. Alternately, the
12	student may provide to the bookstore a list from the instructor,
13	department or institution of his or her required or recommended
14	textbooks. This exemption shall not apply to any locally imposed sales
15	or use tax.]
16	
	[144.605. The following words and phrases as used in sections
2	144.600 to 144.745 mean and include:
3	(1) "Calendar quarter", the period of three consecutive calendar
4	months ending on March thirty-first, June thirtieth, September thirtieth
5	or December thirty-first;
6	(2) "Engages in business activities within this state" includes:
7	(a) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating under
8	the seller's trade name in this state if the franchisee or licensee is required
9	to collect sales tax pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525;
10	(b) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or traveling
11	representatives;
12	(c) A vendor is presumed to engage in business activities within
13	this state if any person, other than a common carrier acting in its capacity
14	as such, that has substantial nexus with this state:
15	a. Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so under
16	the same or a similar business name;
17	b. Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, or storage
18	place, or similar place of business in the state to facilitate the delivery of
19	property or services sold by the vendor to the vendor's customers;
20	c. Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance services
21	for the vendor's customers within the state;
22	d. Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in the
23	state by allowing the vendor's customers to pick up property sold by the
24	vendor at an office, distribution facility, warehouse, storage place, or
25	similar place of business maintained by the person in the state; or
26	e. Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly
27	associated with the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market in
28	the state for the sales;

29	(d) The presumption in paragraph (c) may be rebutted by
30	demonstrating that the person's activities in the state are not significantly
31	associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain a market in
32	this state for the vendor's sales;
22	

(e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a vendor shall be presumed to 33 34 engage in business activities within this state if the vendor enters into an 35 agreement with one or more residents of this state under which the 36 resident, for a commission or other consideration, directly or indirectly 37 refers potential customers, whether by a link on an internet website, an 38 in-person oral presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to the vendor, if 39 the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the vendor to customers in the 40 state who are referred to the vendor by all residents with this type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess of ten thousand dollars during the 41 42 preceding twelve months;

43 (f) The presumption in paragraph (c) may be rebutted by 44 submitting proof that the residents with whom the vendor has an 45 agreement did not engage in any activity within the state that was 46 significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain 47 the vendor's market in the state during the preceding twelve months. 48 Such proof may consist of sworn written statements from all of the 49 residents with whom the vendor has an agreement stating that they did 50 not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the vendor during 51 the preceding year provided that such statements were provided and 52 obtained in good faith;

(3) "Maintains a place of business in this state" includes
 maintaining, occupying, or using, permanently or temporarily, directly or
 indirectly, by whatever name called, an office, place of distribution, sales
 or sample room or place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of
 business in this state, whether owned or operated by the vendor or by any
 other person other than a common carrier acting in its capacity as such;

(4) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership, joint venture,
 association, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for
 profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department,
 commission, board, bureau or agency, except the state transportation
 department, estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by
 the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination
 acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number;

(5) "Purchase", the acquisition of the ownership of, or title to,
 tangible personal property, through a sale, as defined herein, for the
 purpose of storage, use or consumption in this state;

69 (6) "Purchaser", any person who is the recipient for a valuable
 70 consideration of any sale of tangible personal property acquired for use,
 71 storage or consumption in this state;

72	(7) "Sale", any transfer, barter or exchange of the title or
73	ownership of tangible personal property, or the right to use, store or
74	consume the same, for a consideration paid or to be paid, and any
75	transaction whether called leases, rentals, bailments, loans, conditional
76	sales or otherwise, and notwithstanding that the title or possession of the
77	property or both is retained for security. For the purpose of this law the
78	place of delivery of the property to the purchaser, user, storer or consumer
79	is deemed to be the place of sale, whether the delivery be by the vendor
80	or by common carriers, private contractors, mails, express, agents,
81	salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignors, peddlers,
82	canvassers or otherwise;
83	(8) "Sales price", the consideration including the charges for
84	services, except charges incident to the extension of credit, paid or given,
85	or contracted to be paid or given, by the purchaser to the vendor for the
86	tangible personal property, including any services that are a part of the
87	sale, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, and any
88	amount for which credit is given to the purchaser by the vendor, without
89	any deduction therefrom on account of the cost of the property sold, the
90	cost of materials used, labor or service cost, losses or any other expenses
91	whatsoever, except that eash discounts allowed and taken on sales shall
92	not be included and "sales price" shall not include the amount charged for
93	property returned by customers upon reseission of the contract of sales
94	when the entire amount charged therefor is refunded either in cash or
95	eredit or the amount charged for labor or services rendered in installing
96	or applying the property sold, the use, storage or consumption of which
97	is taxable pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745. The sales price shall
98	not include usual and customary delivery charges that are separately
99	stated. In determining the amount of tax due pursuant to sections
100	144.600 to 144.745, any charge incident to the extension of credit shall
101	be specifically exempted;
102	(9) "Selling agent", every person acting as a representative of a
103	principal, when such principal is not registered with the director of
104 105	revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the taxes imposed
105	pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 or sections 144.600 to 144.745
106	and who receives compensation by reason of the sale of tangible personal
107	property of the principal, if such property is to be stored, used, or consumed in this state;
108	(10) "Storage", any keeping or retention in this state of tangible
109	personal property purchased from a vendor, except property for sale or
111	property that is temporarily kept or retained in this state for subsequent
112	use outside the state;
114	

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113	(11) "Tangible personal property", all items subject to the
114	Missouri sales tax as provided in subdivisions (1) and (3) of section
115	<del>144.020;</del>
116	(12) "Taxpayer", any person remitting the tax or who should remit
117	the tax levied by sections 144.600 to 144.745;
118	(13) "Use", the exercise of any right or power over tangible
119	personal property incident to the ownership or control of that property,
120	except that it does not include the temporary storage of property in this
121	state for subsequent use outside the state, or the sale of the property in the
122	regular course of business;
123	(14) "Vendor", every person engaged in making sales of tangible
124	personal property by mail order, by advertising, by agent or peddling
125	tangible personal property, soliciting or taking orders for sales of tangible
126	personal property, for storage, use or consumption in this state, all
127	salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignees, peddlers or
128	canvassers, as agents of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors,
129	principals or employers under whom they operate or from whom they
130	obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, and every person who
131	maintains a place of business in this state, maintains a stock of goods in
132	this state, or engages in business activities within this state and every
133	person who engages in this state in the business of acting as a selling
134	agent for persons not otherwise vendors as defined in this subdivision.
135	Irrespective of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on
136	behalf of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or
137	employers, they must be regarded as vendors and the dealers, distributors,
138	consignors, supervisors, principals or employers must be regarded as
139	vendors for the purposes of sections 144.600 to 144.745.]
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	[ <del>144.1000. Sections 144.1000 to 144.1015 shall be known as and</del>
2	referred to as the "Simplified Sales and Use Tax Administration Act".]
3	
	[ <del>144.1003. As used in sections 144.1000 to 144.1015, the</del>
2	following terms shall mean:
3	(1) "Agreement", the streamlined sales and use tax agreement;
4	(2) "Certified automated system", software certified jointly by the
5	states that are signatories to the agreement to calculate the tax imposed
6	by each jurisdiction on a transaction, determine the amount of tax to remit
7	to the appropriate state and maintain a record of the transaction;
8	(3) "Certified service provider", an agent certified jointly by the
9	states that are signatories to the agreement to perform all of the seller's
10	sales tax functions;

22

11	(4) "Person", an individual, trust, estate, fiduciary, partnership,
12	limited liability company, limited liability partnership, corporation or any
13	other legal entity;
14	(5) "Sales tax", any sales tax levied pursuant to this chapter,
15	section 32.085, or any other sales tax authorized by statute and levied by
16	this state or its political subdivisions;
17	(6) "Seller", any person making sales, leases or rentals of personal
18	property or services;
19	(7) "State", any state of the United States and the District of
20	<del>Columbia;</del>
21	(8) "Use tax", the use tax levied pursuant to this chapter.]
22	
	[144.1006. For the purposes of reviewing and, if necessary,
2	amending the agreement embodying the simplification recommendations
3	contained in section 144.1015, the state may enter into multistate
4	discussions. For purposes of such discussions, the state shall be

For purposes of such discussions, the state shall be discussions. 4 5 represented by seven delegates, one of whom shall be appointed by the 6 governor, two members appointed by the speaker of the house of 7 representatives, one member appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives, two members appointed by the president pro-8 9 tempore of the senate and one member appointed by the minority leader 10 of the senate. The delegates need not be members of the general assembly and at least one of the delegates appointed by the speaker of the 11 12 house of representatives and one member appointed by the president protempore of the senate shall be from the private sector and represent the 13 interests of Missouri businesses. The delegates shall recommend to the 14 committees responsible for reviewing tax issues in the senate and the 15 16 house of representatives each year any amendment of state statutes required to be substantially in compliance with the agreement. Such 17 18 delegates shall make a written report by the fifteenth day of January each 19 year regarding the status of the multistate discussions and upon final 20 adoption of the terms of the sales and use tax agreement by the multistate 21 body.]

[144.1009. No provision of the agreement authorized by sections 2 144.1000 to 144.1015 in whole or in part invalidates or amends any 3 provision of the law of this state. Implementation of any condition of this 4 agreement in this state, whether adopted before, at, or after membership 5 of this state in the agreement, must be by action of the general assembly. 6 Such report shall be delivered to the governor, the secretary of state, the 7 president pro tempore of the senate and the speaker of the house of 8 representatives and shall simultaneously be made publicly available by 9 the secretary of state to any person requesting a copy.]

	[144.1012. Unless five of the seven delegates agree, the delegates
2	shall not enter into or vote for any streamlined sales and use tax
3	agreement that:
4	(1) Requires adoption of a definition of any term that would cause
5	any item or transaction that is now excluded or exempted from sales or
6	use tax to become subject to sales or use tax;
7	(2) Requires the state of Missouri to fully exempt or fully apply
8	sales taxes to the sale of food or any other item;
9	(3) Restricts the ability of local governments under statutes in
10	effect on August 28, 2002, to enact one or more local taxes on one or
11	more items without application of the tax to all sales within the taxing
12	jurisdiction, however, restriction of any such taxes allowed by statutes
13	effective after August 28, 2002, may be supported;
14	(4) Provides for adoption of any uniform rate structure that would
15	result in a tax increase for any Missouri taxpayer;
16	(5) Affects the sourcing of sales tax transactions; or
17	(6) Prohibits limitations or thresholds on the application of sales
18	and use tax rates or prohibits any current sales or use tax exemption in the
19	state of Missouri, including exemptions that are based on the value of the
20	transaction or item.]
21	
	[144.1015. In addition to the requirements of section 144.1012,
2	the delegates should consider the following features when deciding
3	whether or not to enter into any streamlined sales and use tax agreement:
4	(1) The agreement should address the limitation of the number of
5	state rates over time;
6	(2) The agreement should establish uniform standards for
7	administration of exempt sales and the form used for filing sales and use
8	tax returns and remittances;
9	(3) The agreement should require the state to provide a central,
10	electronic registration system that allows a seller to register to collect and
11	remit sales and use taxes for all signatory states;
12	(4) The agreement should provide that registration with the
13	central registration system and the collection of sales and use taxes in the
14	signatory states will not be used as a factor in determining whether the
15	seller has nexus with a state for any tax;
16	(5) The agreement should provide for reduction of the burdens of
17	complying with local sales and use taxes through the following so long
18	as they do not conflict with the provisions of section 144.1012:
19	(a) Restricting variances between the state and local tax bases;
20	(b) Requiring states to administer any sales and use taxes levied
21	by local jurisdictions within the state so that sellers collecting and
22	remitting these taxes will not have to register or file returns with, remit

23	funds to, or be subject to independent audits from local taxing
24	<del>jurisdictions;</del>
25	(c) Restricting the frequency of changes in the local sales and use
26	tax rates and setting effective dates for the application of local
27	jurisdictional boundary changes to local sales and use taxes; and
28	(d) Providing notice of changes in local sales and use tax rates and
29	of changes in the boundaries of local taxing jurisdictions;
30	(6) The agreement should outline any monetary allowances that
31	are to be provided by the states to sellers or certified service providers.
32	The agreement must allow for a joint public and private sector study of
33	the compliance cost on sellers and certified service providers to collect
34	sales and use taxes for state and local governments under various levels
35	of complexity to be completed by July 1, 2003;
36	(7) The agreement should require each state to certify compliance
37	with the terms of the agreement prior to joining and to maintain
38	compliance, under the laws of the member state, with all provisions of the
39	agreement while a member, only if the agreement and any amendment
40	thereto complies with the provisions of section 144.1012;
41	(8) The agreement should require each state to adopt a uniform
42	policy for certified service providers that protects the privacy of
43	consumers and maintains the confidentiality of tax information; and
44	(9) The agreement should provide for the appointment of an
45	advisory council of private sector representatives and an advisory council
46	of nonmember state representatives to consult with in the administration
47	of the agreement.]
48	

Section B. This act shall become effective on January 1, 2020.

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