FIRST REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 1111

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE VEIT.

2167H.02I

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 193.265, 208.010, 214.010, 214.020, 214.030, 214.035, 214.040, 214.131, 214.132, 214.160, 214.170, 214.205, 214.208, 214.209, 214.260, 214.270, 214.275, 214.276, 214.277, 214.280, 214.282, 214.283, 214.300, 214.310, 214.320, 214.325, 214.330, 214.335, 214.340, 214.345, 214.360, 214.363, 214.365, 214.367, 214.370, 214.380, 214.385, 214.387, 214.389, 214.390, 214.392, 214.400, 214.410, 214.504, 214.508, 214.512, 214.516, 324.010, 324.022, and 436.410, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twenty-one new sections relating to cemeteries, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 193.265, 208.010, 214.010, 214.020, 214.030, 214.035, 214.040,

- 2 214.131, 214.132, 214.160, 214.170, 214.205, 214.208, 214.209, 214.260, 214.270, 214.275,
- 3 214.276, 214.277, 214.280, 214.282, 214.283, 214.300, 214.310, 214.320, 214.325, 214.330,
- 4 214.335, 214.340, 214.345, 214.360, 214.363, 214.365, 214.367, 214.370, 214.380, 214.385,
- 5 214.387, 214.389, 214.390, 214.392, 214.400, 214.410, 214.504, 214.508, 214.512, 214.516,
- 6 324.010, 324.022, and 436.410, RSMo, are repealed and twenty-one new sections enacted in lieu
- 7 thereof, to be known as sections 193.265, 208.010, 214.010, 214.015, 214.020, 214.030,
- 8 214.035, 214.040, 214.131, 214.132, 214.160, 214.170, 214.205, 214.208, 214.209, 214.260,
- 9 214.504, 214.508, 214.516, 324.010, and 324.022, to read as follows:

193.265. 1. For the issuance of a certification or copy of a death record, the applicant

- 2 shall pay a fee of thirteen dollars for the first certification or copy and a fee of ten dollars for each
- 3 additional copy ordered at that time. For the issuance of a certification or copy of a birth,
- 4 marriage, divorce, or fetal death record, the applicant shall pay a fee of fifteen dollars. No fee
- 5 shall be required or collected for a certification of birth, death, or marriage if the request for

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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certification is made by the children's division, the division of youth services, a guardian ad litem, or a juvenile officer on behalf of a child or person under twenty-one years of age who has come under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under section 211.031. All fees shall be deposited to the state department of revenue. Beginning August 28, 2004, for each vital records fee collected, the director of revenue shall credit four dollars to the general revenue fund, five 10 11 dollars to the children's trust fund, one dollar shall be credited to the endowed care cemetery 12 audit fund, and three dollars for the first copy of death records and five dollars for birth, 13 marriage, divorce, and fetal death records shall be credited to the Missouri public services health 14 fund established in section 192.900. Money in the endowed care cemetery audit fund shall be available by appropriation to the division of professional registration to pay its expenses in 15 16 administering [sections 214.270 to 214.410] section 214.015. All interest earned on money 17 deposited in the endowed care cemetery audit fund shall be credited to the endowed care 18 cemetery fund. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, money placed 19 in the endowed care cemetery audit fund shall not be transferred and placed to the credit of 20 general revenue until the amount in the fund at the end of the biennium exceeds three times the 21 amount of the appropriation from the endowed care cemetery audit fund for the preceding fiscal 22 The money deposited in the public health services fund under this section shall be 23 deposited in a separate account in the fund, and moneys in such account, upon appropriation, 24 shall be used to automate and improve the state vital records system, and develop and maintain 25 an electronic birth and death registration system. For any search of the files and records, when 26 no record is found, the state shall be entitled to a fee equal to the amount for a certification of 27 a vital record for a five-year search to be paid by the applicant. For the processing of each 28 legitimation, adoption, court order or recording after the registrant's twelfth birthday, the state 29 shall be entitled to a fee equal to the amount for a certification of a vital record. Except 30 whenever a certified copy or copies of a vital record is required to perfect any claim of any 31 person on relief, or any dependent of any person who was on relief for any claim upon the 32 government of the state or United States, the state registrar shall, upon request, furnish a certified 33 copy or so many certified copies as are necessary, without any fee or compensation therefor.

2. For the issuance of a certification of a death record by the local registrar, the applicant shall pay a fee of thirteen dollars for the first certification or copy and a fee of ten dollars for each additional copy ordered at that time. For the issuance of a certification or copy of a birth, marriage, divorce, or fetal death record, the applicant shall pay a fee of fifteen dollars; except that, in any county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants, a donation of one dollar may be collected by the local registrar over and above any fees required by law when a certification or copy of any marriage license or birth certificate is provided, with such donations collected to be forwarded

42 monthly by the local registrar to the county treasurer of such county and the donations so 43 forwarded to be deposited by the county treasurer into the housing resource commission fund to 44 assist homeless families and provide financial assistance to organizations addressing 45 homelessness in such county. The local registrar shall include a check-off box on the application 46 form for such copies. All fees, other than the donations collected in any county with a charter 47 form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred 48 thousand inhabitants for marriage licenses and birth certificates, shall be deposited to the official 49 city or county health agency. A certified copy of a death record by the local registrar can only 50 be issued within twenty-four hours of receipt of the record by the local registrar. 51 Computer-generated certifications of death records may be issued by the local registrar after 52 twenty-four hours of receipt of the records. The fees paid to the official county health agency 53 shall be retained by the local agency for local public health purposes.

208.010. 1. In determining the eligibility of a claimant for public assistance pursuant to this law, it shall be the duty of the family support division to consider and take into account all facts and circumstances surrounding the claimant, including his or her living conditions, earning capacity, income and resources, from whatever source received, and if from all the facts and circumstances the claimant is not found to be in need, assistance shall be denied. In determining the need of a claimant, the costs of providing medical treatment which may be furnished pursuant to sections 208.151 to 208.158 shall be disregarded. The amount of benefits, when added to all other income, resources, support, and maintenance shall provide such persons with reasonable subsistence compatible with decency and health in accordance with the standards 10 developed by the family support division; provided, when a husband and wife are living together, 11 the combined income and resources of both shall be considered in determining the eligibility of 12 either or both. "Living together" for the purpose of this chapter is defined as including a husband 13 and wife separated for the purpose of obtaining medical care or nursing home care, except that 14 the income of a husband or wife separated for such purpose shall be considered in determining 15 the eligibility of his or her spouse, only to the extent that such income exceeds the amount 16 necessary to meet the needs (as defined by rule or regulation of the division) of such husband or 17 wife living separately. In determining the need of a claimant in federally aided programs there 18 shall be disregarded such amounts per month of earned income in making such determination 19 as shall be required for federal participation by the provisions of the federal Social Security Act 20 (42 U.S.C.A. Section 301, et seq.), or any amendments thereto. When federal law or regulations 21 require the exemption of other income or resources, the family support division may provide by 22 rule or regulation the amount of income or resources to be disregarded.

2. Benefits shall not be payable to any claimant who:

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- (1) Has or whose spouse with whom he or she is living has, prior to July 1, 1989, given away or sold a resource within the time and in the manner specified in this subdivision. In determining the resources of an individual, unless prohibited by federal statutes or regulations, there shall be included (but subject to the exclusions pursuant to subdivisions (4) and (5) of this subsection, and subsection 5 of this section) any resource or interest therein owned by such individual or spouse within the twenty-four months preceding the initial investigation, or at any time during which benefits are being drawn, if such individual or spouse gave away or sold such resource or interest within such period of time at less than fair market value of such resource or interest for the purpose of establishing eligibility for benefits, including but not limited to benefits based on December, 1973, eligibility requirements, as follows:
- (a) Any transaction described in this subdivision shall be presumed to have been for the purpose of establishing eligibility for benefits or assistance pursuant to this chapter unless such individual furnishes convincing evidence to establish that the transaction was exclusively for some other purpose;
- (b) The resource shall be considered in determining eligibility from the date of the transfer for the number of months the uncompensated value of the disposed of resource is divisible by the average monthly grant paid or average Medicaid payment in the state at the time of the investigation to an individual or on his or her behalf under the program for which benefits are claimed, provided that:
- a. When the uncompensated value is twelve thousand dollars or less, the resource shall not be used in determining eligibility for more than twenty-four months; or
- b. When the uncompensated value exceeds twelve thousand dollars, the resource shall not be used in determining eligibility for more than sixty months;
- (2) The provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply to a transfer, other than a transfer to claimant's spouse, made prior to March 26, 1981, when the claimant furnishes convincing evidence that the uncompensated value of the disposed of resource or any part thereof is no longer possessed or owned by the person to whom the resource was transferred;
- (3) Has received, or whose spouse with whom he or she is living has received, benefits to which he or she was not entitled through misrepresentation or nondisclosure of material facts or failure to report any change in status or correct information with respect to property or income as required by section 208.210. A claimant ineligible pursuant to this subsection shall be ineligible for such period of time from the date of discovery as the family support division may deem proper; or in the case of overpayment of benefits, future benefits may be decreased, suspended or entirely withdrawn for such period of time as the division may deem proper;
- (4) Owns or possesses resources in the sum of one thousand dollars or more; provided, however, that if such person is married and living with spouse, he or she, or they, individually

or jointly, may own resources not to exceed two thousand dollars; and provided further, that in the case of a temporary assistance for needy families claimant, a MO HealthNet blind claimant, a MO HealthNet aged claimant, or a MO HealthNet permanent and total disability claimant, the provision of this subsection shall not apply;

- (5) Prior to October 1, 1989, owns or possesses property of any kind or character, excluding amounts placed in an irrevocable prearranged funeral or burial contract under chapter 436, or has an interest in property, of which he or she is the record or beneficial owner, the value of such property, as determined by the family support division, less encumbrances of record, exceeds twenty-nine thousand dollars, or if married and actually living together with husband or wife, if the value of his or her property, or the value of his or her interest in property, together with that of such husband and wife, exceeds such amount;
- (6) In the case of temporary assistance for needy families, if the parent, stepparent, and child or children in the home owns or possesses property of any kind or character, or has an interest in property for which he or she is a record or beneficial owner, the value of such property, as determined by the family support division and as allowed by federal law or regulation, less encumbrances of record, exceeds one thousand dollars, excluding the home occupied by the claimant, amounts placed in an irrevocable prearranged funeral or burial contract under chapter 436, one automobile which shall not exceed a value set forth by federal law or regulation and for a period not to exceed six months, such other real property which the family is making a good-faith effort to sell, if the family agrees in writing with the family support division to sell such property and from the net proceeds of the sale repay the amount of assistance received during such period. If the property has not been sold within six months, or if eligibility terminates for any other reason, the entire amount of assistance paid during such period shall be a debt due the state;
- (7) In the case of MO HealthNet blind claimants, MO HealthNet aged claimants, and MO HealthNet permanent and total disability claimants, starting in fiscal year 2018, owns or possesses resources not to exceed two thousand dollars; provided, however, that if such person is married and living with spouse, he or she, or they, individually or jointly, may own resources not to exceed four thousand dollars except for medical savings accounts and independent living accounts as defined and limited under subsection 3 of section 208.146. These resource limits shall be increased annually by one thousand dollars and two thousand dollars respectively until the sum of resources reach the amount of five thousand dollars and ten thousand dollars respectively by fiscal year 2021. Beginning in fiscal year 2022 and each successive fiscal year thereafter, the division shall measure the cost-of-living percentage increase, if any, as of the preceding July over the level as of July of the immediately preceding year of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers or successor index published by the U.S. Department of Labor

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or its successor agency, and the sum of resources allowed under this subdivision shall be modified accordingly to reflect any increases in the cost-of-living, with the amount of the resource limit rounded to the nearest five cents;

- (8) Is an inmate of a public institution, except as a patient in a public medical institution.
- 3. In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to be granted pursuant to federally aided programs, the income and resources of a relative or other person living in the home shall be taken into account to the extent the income, resources, support and maintenance are allowed by federal law or regulation to be considered.
- 4. In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to be granted pursuant to federally aided programs, the value of burial lots or any amounts placed in an irrevocable prearranged funeral or burial contract under chapter 436 shall not be taken into account or considered an asset of the burial lot owner or the beneficiary of an irrevocable prearranged funeral or funeral contract. For purposes of this section, "burial lots" means [any burial space as defined in section 214,270 one or more plot, grave, mausoleum, crypt, lawn, surface lawn crypt, niche, or space used or intended for the interment of the human dead and includes any memorial, monument, marker, tombstone or letter marking [a burial space] the same. If the beneficiary, as defined in chapter 436, of an irrevocable prearranged funeral or burial contract receives any public assistance benefits pursuant to this chapter and if the purchaser of such contract or his or her successors in interest transfer, amend, or take any other such actions regarding the contract so that any person will be entitled to a refund, such refund shall be paid to the state of Missouri with any amount in excess of the public assistance benefits provided under this chapter to be refunded by the state of Missouri to the purchaser or his or her successors. In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to be granted under federally aided programs, the value of any life insurance policy where a seller or provider is made the beneficiary or where the life insurance policy is assigned to a seller or provider, either being in consideration for an irrevocable prearranged funeral contract under chapter 436, shall not be taken into account or considered an asset of the beneficiary of the irrevocable prearranged funeral contract. In addition, the value of any funds, up to nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine dollars, placed into an irrevocable personal funeral trust account, where the trustee of the irrevocable personal funeral trust account is a state or federally chartered financial institution authorized to exercise trust powers in the state of Missouri, shall not be taken into account or considered an asset of the person whose funds are so deposited if such funds are restricted to be used only for the burial, funeral, preparation of the body, or other final disposition of the person whose funds were deposited into said personal funeral trust account. No person or entity shall charge more than ten percent of the total amount deposited into a personal funeral trust in order to create or set up said personal funeral trust, and any fees charged for the maintenance of such

a personal funeral trust shall not exceed three percent of the trust assets annually. Trustees may commingle funds from two or more such personal funeral trust accounts so long as accurate books and records are kept as to the value, deposits, and disbursements of each individual depositor's funds and trustees are to use the prudent investor standard as to the investment of any funds placed into a personal funeral trust. If the person whose funds are deposited into the personal funeral trust account receives any public assistance benefits pursuant to this chapter and any funds in the personal funeral trust account are, for any reason, not spent on the burial, funeral, preparation of the body, or other final disposition of the person whose funds were deposited into the trust account, such funds shall be paid to the state of Missouri with any amount in excess of the public assistance benefits provided under this chapter to be refunded by the state of Missouri to the person who received public assistance benefits or his or her successors. No contract with any cemetery, funeral establishment, or any provider or seller shall be required in regards to funds placed into a personal funeral trust account as set out in this subsection.

- 5. In determining the total property owned pursuant to subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section, or resources, of any person claiming or for whom public assistance is claimed, there shall be disregarded any life insurance policy, or prearranged funeral or burial contract, or any two or more policies or contracts, or any combination of policies and contracts, which provides for the payment of one thousand five hundred dollars or less upon the death of any of the following:
 - (1) A claimant or person for whom benefits are claimed; or
- (2) The spouse of a claimant or person for whom benefits are claimed with whom he or she is living.

If the value of such policies exceeds one thousand five hundred dollars, then the total value of such policies may be considered in determining resources; except that, in the case of temporary assistance for needy families, there shall be disregarded any prearranged funeral or burial contract, or any two or more contracts, which provides for the payment of one thousand five hundred dollars or less per family member.

6. Beginning September 30, 1989, when determining the eligibility of institutionalized spouses, as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5, for medical assistance benefits as provided for in section 208.151 and 42 U.S.C. Sections 1396a, et seq., the family support division shall comply with the provisions of the federal statutes and regulations. As necessary, the division shall by rule or regulation implement the federal law and regulations which shall include but not be limited to the establishment of income and resource standards and limitations. The division shall require:

- 168 (1) That at the beginning of a period of continuous institutionalization that is expected 169 to last for thirty days or more, the institutionalized spouse, or the community spouse, may request 170 an assessment by the family support division of total countable resources owned by either or both 171 spouses;
 - (2) That the assessed resources of the institutionalized spouse and the community spouse may be allocated so that each receives an equal share;
 - (3) That upon an initial eligibility determination, if the community spouse's share does not equal at least twelve thousand dollars, the institutionalized spouse may transfer to the community spouse a resource allowance to increase the community spouse's share to twelve thousand dollars;
 - (4) That in the determination of initial eligibility of the institutionalized spouse, no resources attributed to the community spouse shall be used in determining the eligibility of the institutionalized spouse, except to the extent that the resources attributed to the community spouse do exceed the community spouse's resource allowance as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5;
 - (5) That beginning in January, 1990, the amount specified in subdivision (3) of this subsection shall be increased by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers between September, 1988, and the September before the calendar year involved; and
 - (6) That beginning the month after initial eligibility for the institutionalized spouse is determined, the resources of the community spouse shall not be considered available to the institutionalized spouse during that continuous period of institutionalization.
- 7. Beginning July 1, 1989, institutionalized individuals shall be ineligible for the periods required and for the reasons specified in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396p.
 - 8. The hearings required by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5 shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of section 208.080.
 - 9. Beginning October 1, 1989, when determining eligibility for assistance pursuant to this chapter there shall be disregarded unless otherwise provided by federal or state statutes the home of the applicant or recipient when the home is providing shelter to the applicant or recipient, or his or her spouse or dependent child. The family support division shall establish by rule or regulation in conformance with applicable federal statutes and regulations a definition of the home and when the home shall be considered a resource that shall be considered in determining eligibility.
- 201 10. Reimbursement for services provided by an enrolled Medicaid provider to a recipient 202 who is duly entitled to Title XIX Medicaid and Title XVIII Medicare Part B, Supplementary 203 Medical Insurance (SMI) shall include payment in full of deductible and coinsurance amounts

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204 as determined due pursuant to the applicable provisions of federal regulations pertaining to Title 205 XVIII Medicare Part B, except for hospital outpatient services or the applicable Title XIX cost 206 sharing.

- 11. A "community spouse" is defined as being the noninstitutionalized spouse.
- 12. An institutionalized spouse applying for Medicaid and having a spouse living in the 209 community shall be required, to the maximum extent permitted by law, to divert income to such community spouse to raise the community spouse's income to the level of the minimum monthly needs allowance, as described in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5. Such diversion of income shall occur before the community spouse is allowed to retain assets in excess of the community spouse protected amount described in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5.
 - 214.010. 1. Any [town, city, village or county] political subdivision in the state of Missouri may purchase, receive and hold real estate within such [city, town, village or county] political subdivision for the burial of the dead, and may lease, sell or otherwise dispose of the same. The [council of such cities, towns and villages or county commissioners] governing body of such political subdivision may make rules and pass ordinances or orders imposing penalties and fines not exceeding one thousand dollars, regulating, protecting and governing cemeteries within such cities, towns, villages, and counties, the owners of lots therein, visitors thereto, and punishing trespassers thereon.
 - 2. An owner of a cemetery may sell or otherwise transfer a cemetery to a political subdivision within the state of Missouri. A transfer shall include all property of the cemetery, real or personal; all files, paper or electronic, containing records related to the cemetery, if any; all funds held by a person or entity for the cemetery including, but not limited to, endowed care trust funds, escrow funds, prearranged contract funds, bank accounts, and investment accounts; and all interest in trusts whose purpose is to provide for any lawful purpose of the cemetery, including such funds for which the cemetery is an owner, grantor, or beneficiary. Any funds so received by a political subdivision shall be maintained in a segregated fund and shall be used only for the purposes to provide for the care, maintenance, and upkeep of the cemetery.
 - 3. In addition to any other powers or authorities, any political subdivision may choose to exercise the following authorities:
 - (1) Issue licenses to any cemetery within its jurisdiction as either an endowed cemetery, nonendowed cemetery, or any other type of cemetery the political subdivision may define by local ordinance;
 - (2) Conduct examinations and audits of any cemetery within its jurisdiction, including any endowed care trust funds or any other funds available for the operation, care, and maintenance of the cemetery; and

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27 (3) Accept title to any cemetery within its jurisdiction.

214.015. 1. The department of health and senior services shall manage the endowed care cemetery audit fund established under section 193.265.

- 2. Any political subdivision that has adopted licensing pursuant to this chapter shall be eligible to apply to the department for payment from the endowed care audit fund to assist with the costs incurred by the political subdivision in conducting audits of endowed care funds for cemeteries licensed by that political subdivision. Applications for grants from the fund shall be made in writing and include:
 - (1) The name and address of the cemetery sought to be audited;
- 9 (2) The name of an individual at the political subdivision authorized to make the application, including that person's name, job title, address, telephone number, and email address, if applicable;
 - (3) The name; firm name, if any; address; and telephone number of the individuals retained to perform the audit along with verification of their professional qualifications to conduct the audit:
 - (4) The estimated cost of the audit;
 - (5) The anticipated sources of payment for the audit;
 - (6) The amount of moneys requested to assist with the audit; and
 - (7) Any other information the department may require to ensure that funds shall be used solely to assist with the expenses of the of audit.
 - 3. The department shall have the discretion to approve or deny any request for funds under this section and may request any documentation to support the claim of the political subdivision for any such moneys from the endowed care audit fund.
 - 4. All funds paid by the department shall be paid directly to the political subdivision.

214.020. Any [town, city or village] political subdivision in the state of Missouri which now owns or may hereafter acquire any cemetery, may by ordinance establish a fund for the preservation, care, upkeep and adornment of such cemetery, such fund to be known as "Perpetual Care Cemetery Fund", and may accept and acquire by gift or donation, money or funds to be placed to the credit of such perpetual care cemetery fund. Such [town, city or village] political subdivision may also deposit in such fund a portion of the income derived from the sale of lots in such cemetery as shall be determined by ordinance of such [town, city or village] political subdivision. Such moneys and funds so placed in such perpetual care cemetery fund shall be invested from time to time in bonds of the United States government or of the state of Missouri, or may be placed in any bank or savings and loan association which is authorized to do business in this state so long as the funds so deposited are protected by federal deposit insurance. The

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12 income therefrom shall be expended by such [town, city or village] political subdivision for the 13 preservation, care, upkeep and adornment of such cemetery, for the repurchasing of cemetery lots 14 previously sold, and for no other purpose whatsoever. The principal of said perpetual care 15 cemetery fund shall not be encroached upon for any purpose whatsoever and no money shall be 16 transferred out of such perpetual care cemetery fund except for the purposes of being invested 17 as provided for in this section and for the repurchasing of cemetery lots previously sold. The [city council] governing body of the [various towns, cities or villages which] political 18 19 subdivision that shall establish such perpetual care cemetery fund shall by ordinance accept any 20 gift or donation to such fund, and shall by said ordinance direct the treasurer of said [town, eity 21 or village political subdivision to place such money or funds to the credit of such perpetual care cemetery fund. Such [city council] governing body shall have all the necessary authority by 22 23 ordinance to invest such funds as provided for in this section.

subdivision shall be conveyed by deed signed by the mayor, officer, or presiding commissioner of said [county, city, town or village] political subdivision, duly attested by the clerk of such [county, city, town or village] political subdivision, or other officer performing the duties of clerk, and shall vest in the purchaser, his or her heirs and assigns, a right in fee simple to such lot for the sole purpose of interment pursuant to the regulations of the council or commission, except that such fee simple right may be revested in the [county, city, town or village] political subdivision pursuant to section 214.035.

214.035. 1. For purposes of this section, the term "lot owner" means the purchaser of the cemetery lot or such purchaser's heirs, administrators, trustees, legatees, devisees, or assigns.

- 2. Whenever a [county, city, town or village] political subdivision has acquired real estate for the purpose of maintaining a cemetery or has acquired a cemetery from [a cemetery association] any person or entity, and such [county, city, town or village] political subdivision or its predecessor in title has conveyed any platted lot or designated piece of ground within the area of such cemetery, and the governing body of such [county, city, town or village] political subdivision is the governing body of such cemetery pursuant to section 214.010, the title to any conveyed platted lots or designated pieces of ground, other than ground in which dead human remains are actually buried and all ground within two feet thereof, may be revested in the [county, city, town or village] political subdivision in the following manner and subject to the following conditions:
- (1) No interment shall have been made in the lot and the title to such lot shall have been vested in the present owner for a period of at least fifty years prior to the commencement of any proceedings pursuant to this section;

- (2) [If the lot owner of any cemetery lot is a resident of the county where the cemetery is located,] The governing body of the political subdivision shall cause to be served upon such lot owner a notice that proceedings have been initiated to revest the title of such lot in the [county, city, town or village] political subdivision and that such lot owner may within the time provided by the notice file with the clerk or other officer performing the duties of clerk of such [county, city, town or village] political subdivision, as applicable, a statement in writing explaining how rights in the cemetery lot were acquired and such person's desire to claim such rights in the lot. The notice shall be served in the manner provided for service of summons in a civil case and shall provide a period of not less than thirty days in which the statement can be filed. If the governing body ascertains that the statement filed by the lot owner is correct and the statement contains a claim asserting the rights of the lot owner in the lot, all proceedings by the governing body to revest title of the lot in the [county, city, town or village] political subdivision shall be null and void and such proceedings shall be summarily terminated by the governing body as to the lots identified in the statement;
- (3) [If it is determined by the return of the sheriff of the county in which the cemetery is located that the lot owner is not a resident of the county and cannot be found in the county, the governing body may cause the notice required by subdivision (2) of this subsection to be published once each week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the county, city, town or village. Such notice shall contain a general description of the title revestment proceedings to be undertaken by the governing body pursuant to this section, lot numbers and descriptions and lot owners' names. In addition, the notice shall notify the lot owner that such lot owner may, within the time provided, file with the clerk or other officer performing the duties of a clerk a statement setting forth how such lot owner acquired rights in the cemetery lot and that such lot owner desires to assert such rights. If the governing body ascertains that the statement filed by the lot owner is correct and the statement contains a claim asserting the rights of the lot owner in the lot, all proceedings by the governing body to revest title to the lot in the county, city, town or village shall be null and void and such proceedings shall be summarily terminated by the governing body as to the lots identified in the statement; (4) All notices, with proofs of service, mailing and publication of such notices, and all ordinances or other resolutions adopted by the governing body relative to these revestment proceedings shall be made a part of the records of such governing body;
- [(5)] (4) Upon expiration of the period of time allowed for the filing of statements by lot owners as contained in the notice served personally, by mail or published, all parties who fail to file with the clerk, or other officer performing the duties of clerk in such [county, city, town or village] political subdivision, their statement asserting their rights in the cemetery lots shall be deemed to have abandoned their rights and claims in the lot, and the governing body may bring

an action in the circuit court of the county in which the cemetery is located against all lot owners in default, joining as many parties so in default as it may desire in one action, to have the rights of the parties in such lots or parcels terminated and the property restored to the governing body of such cemetery free of any right, title or interest of all such defaulting parties or their heirs, administrators, trustees, legatees, devisees or assigns. Such action in all other respects shall be brought and determined in the same manner as ordinary actions to determine title to real estate;

- [(6)] (5) In all such cases the fact that the grantee, holder or lot owner has not, for a term of more than fifty successive years, had occasion to make an interment in the cemetery lot and the fact that such grantee, holder or lot owner did not upon notification assert a claim in such lot, pursuant to this section, shall be prima facie evidence that the party has abandoned any rights such party may have had in such lot;
- [(7)] (6) A certified copy of the judgments in such actions quieting title may be filed in the office of the recorder of deeds in and for the county in which the cemetery is situated;
- [(8)] (7) All notices and all proceedings pursuant to this section shall distinctly describe the portion of such cemetery lot unused for burial purposes and the [county, city, town or village] political subdivision shall leave sufficient ingress to, and egress from, any grave upon the lot, either by duly dedicated streets or alleys in the cemetery, or by leaving sufficient amounts of the unused portions of the cemetery for such purposes;
- [(9)] (8) This section shall not apply to any lot in any cemetery where a perpetual care contract has been entered into between such cemetery, the [county, city, town or village] political subdivision and the owner of such lot;
- [(10)] (9) Compliance with the terms of this section shall fully revest the [county, city, town or village] political subdivision with, and divest the lot owner of record of, the title to such portions of such cemetery lot unused for burial purposes as though the lot had never been conveyed to any person, and such county, city, town or village shall have, hold and enjoy such unclaimed portions of such lots for its own uses and purposes, subject to the laws of this state, and to the charter, ordinances and rules of such cemetery and the county, city, town or village.
- 214.040. 1. Every person or [association which] entity that owns any cemetery in which dead human remains are or may be buried or otherwise interred, except a private or family cemetery, shall cause to be maintained in an office in the cemetery, or in an office within a reasonable distance of the cemetery, a plat of such cemetery showing the entire area and location of the cemetery, the portion thereof which is formally dedicated for the burial of dead human remains, all burial lots or interment spaces, and all walks, roads, improvements and features. The cemetery [operator] shall cause the plat to be updated from time to time as is necessary to
- 8 cause the plat to remain current.

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9 2. The cemetery [operator] shall also cause to be maintained at such office a record of 10 the owner of each burial lot or interment space described in the current plat of the cemetery and 11 a record of all dead human remains buried or interred at the cemetery, which record shall include 12 the name of each deceased person buried or interred at the cemetery, the date of burial or 13 interment, the location of burial or interment and, if known, the name and address of the funeral director who provided the memorial service or other final arrangements for the deceased person. The cemetery [operator] shall cause reasonable assistance to be provided to burial lot or 15 16 interment space owners in locating their lots or spaces and to the family or other interested 17 persons in locating the place of burial or interment of deceased persons whose remains are buried 18 or interred in the cemetery.

214.131. Every person who shall knowingly destroy, mutilate, disfigure, deface, injure or remove any tomb, monument or gravestone, or other structure placed in any [abandoned family] cemetery or private burying ground, or any fence, railing, or other work for the protection or ornamentation of any such cemetery or place of burial of any human being, or tomb, monument or gravestone, memento, or memorial, or other structure aforesaid, or of any lot within such cemetery is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. For the purposes of this section and subsection 1 of section 214.132, [an "abandoned family cemetery"] a "cemetery" or "private burying ground" shall include those cemeteries or burying grounds which have not been deeded to the public as provided in chapter 214, and in which no body has been interred for at least twenty-five years.

- 214.132. 1. Any person who wishes to visit [an abandoned family] a cemetery or private burying ground which is completely surrounded by privately owned land, for which no public ingress or egress is available, shall have the right to reasonable ingress or egress for the purpose of visiting such cemetery. This right of access to such cemeteries extends only to visitation during reasonable hours and only for purposes usually associated with cemetery visits.
- 2. The sheriff or chief law enforcement officer of the county in which the [abandoned family] cemetery or private burying ground is located shall enforce the provisions of subsection 1 of this section.
- 3. Nothing in section 214.131 and this section shall be construed to limit or modify the power or authority of a court in any action of law or equity to order the disinterment and removal of the remains from a cemetery and interment in a suitable location.
- 4. Any person denied access to a cemetery or private burying ground shall have standing to seek court orders as appropriate to obtain reasonable ingress and egress for the purpose of visiting the cemetery. If the court determines a violation of this section, the court shall access costs and fees incurred in such an action against the persons who denied access to the cemetery.

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5. Any person who denies access under this section shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

214.160. 1. Under sections 214.140 to 214.180, and as otherwise not prohibited under Article VI, Section 23 of the Constitution of Missouri, the [county commission] governing body of a political subdivision may invest or loan said trust fund or funds in United States government, state, county or municipal bonds, certificates of deposit, first real estate mortgages, 5 or deeds of trust and may utilize investment managers to invest, reinvest, and manage assets, subject to the terms, conditions, and limitations provided in this section and Article IV, Section 7 15 of the Constitution of Missouri. They shall use the net income from said trust fund or funds or such investments or so much thereof as is necessary to support and maintain and beautify any public or private cemetery or any particular part thereof which may be designated by the person, 10 persons or firm or association making said gift or bequest. In maintaining or supporting the 11 cemetery or any particular part or portion thereof the commission shall as nearly as possible 12 follow the expressed wishes of the creator of said trust fund.

- 2. An investment manager shall discharge his or her duties in the interest of the public or private cemetery and the interest of the person, persons, or firm making the gift or bequest and shall:
- (1) Act with the same care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in a similar capacity and familiar with those matters would use in the conduct of a similar enterprise with similar aims;
- (2) Act with due regard for the management, reputation, and stability of the issuer and the character of the particular investments being considered;
- (3) Make investments for the purpose of supporting, maintaining, and beautifying any public or private cemetery or any particular part thereof, which may be designated by the person, persons, or firm or association making said gift or bequest, and of defraying reasonable expenses of investing the assets;
- (4) Give appropriate consideration to those facts and circumstances that the investment fiduciary knows or should know are relevant to the particular investment or investment course of action involved, including the role the investment or investment course of action plays in that portion of the investments for which the investment fiduciary has responsibility. For purposes of this subdivision, "appropriate consideration" shall include, but is not limited to, a determination by the investment fiduciary that a particular investment or investment course of action is reasonably designed to further the purposes of supporting, maintaining, and beautifying any public or private cemetery or any particular part thereof, which may be designated by the person, persons, or firm or association making said gift or bequest, while considering the risk of loss and the opportunity for gain or other return associated with the investment or investment

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35 course of action and considering the following factors as they relate to the investment or 36 investment course of action:

- (a) The diversification of the investments;
- 38 (b) The liquidity and current return of the investments relative to the anticipated cash 39 flow requirements; and
 - (c) The projected return of the investments relative to the funding objectives; and
 - (5) Give appropriate consideration to investments that would enhance the general welfare of this state and its citizens if those investments offer the safety and rate of return comparable to other investments available to the investment fiduciary at the time the investment decision is made.
- 3. As used in this section, "invest" or "investment" means utilization of moneys in the expectation of future returns in the form of income or capital gain.
- 214.170. Any responsible organization or individual, who is directly interested in a particular cemetery, who and is willing to undertake the administration of the income from all trusts and gifts to this particular cemetery [shall] may be designated by the [commission] governing body to administer the said income and shall make an annual report to the commission. Any time the organization or individual so appointed fails to maintain and beautify 5 said cemetery in keeping with the income, the [commission] governing body shall appoint some other organization or individual to administer the aforesaid income. Where there is no responsible organization or individual, that is willing to undertake the administration of the said income from the trusts or gifts to any particular cemetery, the commission shall administer same, 10 or appoint some organization or individual, who is responsible to administer the same, making 11 the said annual report to the commission. The commission shall retain five percent of the 12 incomes from all trusts and gifts to create a fund to reimburse any trust or gift which has a loss. 13 The commission shall have authority to increase or decrease the said five percent as may be necessary to keep all trusts and gifts intact.
 - 214.205. 1. If any cemetery not described in section 214.090 is found to be in violation of a [eity, town, village or county] nuisance ordinance for failure to cut grass or weeds, or care for graves, grave markers, walls, fences, driveways or buildings, the governing body of such [eity, town, village or county] political subdivision shall be authorized to take those actions necessary to restore and maintain the cemetery, and the governing body shall be authorized to charge the expenses of such actions against the cemetery. If actions are taken by a [eity, town, village or county] political subdivision pursuant to this subsection, the [eity, town, village or county] political subdivision may assess all true costs of restoration, maintenance and operation against any responsible person, partnership or corporation whether such person, partnership or corporation is a lessee, lessor, equitable title holder or legal title holder to the unmaintained

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Any [city, town, village or county] political subdivision which assesses costs pursuant to this section reserves the right to pursue any and all legal, equitable or criminal 13 remedies to collect such assessed costs. Any [eity, town, village or county] political subdivision which pursues a civil remedy pursuant to this section may employ independent attorneys and law firms to collect the costs of restoration, maintenance and operation of any unmaintained 15 16 cemetery. In addition, the political subdivision that has assessed costs under this section 17 and those costs remain unpaid by the cemetery may make a written claim, with a copy 18 mailed to the cemetery owner and operator, to the trustee of any endowed care cemetery 19 fund for that cemetery and the trustee is authorized to distribute to the assessing authority 20 any funds available that would otherwise be distributed to the cemetery owner or operator 21 for the care and maintenance of the cemetery. Any such claim by an assessing authority 22 shall have priority over any distribution to the cemetery.

- 2. As used in this section, the term "[abandoned] neglected cemetery" means any cemetery, except one described in section 214.090, in which:
- (1) For a period of at least one year, [there has been a substantial failure to cut grass or weeds or care for graves, grave markers, walls, fences, driveways and buildings or for which proper records have not been maintained pursuant to section 214.340. Whenever the attorney general determines the existence of an abandoned] no owner has demonstrated responsibility for the operation of the cemetery;
- (2) For a period of at least one year, there has been a substantial failure to cut grass or weeds or to care for graves, grave markers, walls, fences, driveways, or buildings. Citations for code violations by any state or local authority related to the lack of such care that have not been resolved shall be prima facia evidence of the existence of this condition;
- (3) As shown by an investigation by a licensing authority or by any political subdivision or agency thereof, or the attorney general, that proper records have not been maintained under sections 214.010 to 214.550;
- (4) There has been a substantial failure of the cemetery to honor its contractual, financial, or fiduciary duties related to the cemetery operations; or
- 39 (5) Any cemetery license held by the cemetery has been revoked under sections 40 214.010 to 214.550 or other state or local law.
 - 3. If a neglected cemetery exists in this state, the attorney general or any political subdivision in which the cemetery is located [shall immediately proceed to] may:
- 43 **(1) File a court action to** dissolve the [cemetery] corporation owning or operating the 44 [same. Upon the dissolution of such corporation,] cemetery;
 - (2) Take action to quiet title;

- 46 (3) Appoint a receiver with appropriate authority to protect the cemetery property and assets;
 - (4) Transfer title to [all property owned by] the cemetery [corporation shall vest in the municipality or county] to any political subdivision in which the cemetery is located[, and];
 - (5) Transfer the endowed care fund or other funds, together with all investments then outstanding, and all books, records, and papers, of [such corporation shall be transferred] the cemetery to the treasurer of such [municipality or county and shall become the property thereof] political subdivision. Upon the transfer of such property and funds, the governing body of [such municipality or county] the political subdivision shall care for and maintain such cemetery with any moneys of the cemetery [corporation], including the principal of and income from the endowed care funds[,] and, if such moneys are insufficient to properly maintain such cemetery, [then it may use] funds of the [municipality or county] political subdivision; and
 - (6) Take any other authorized action to ensure the protection of the cemetery.
 - [3-] 4. In addition to those powers granted the attorney general in subsection 2 of this section, [every municipality or county] any political subdivision in which any [abandoned] neglected cemetery is located may acquire through its power of eminent domain such cemetery, together with all endowed care funds, maintenance equipment, books and records, accounts receivable and other personal property used or created in the operation of the cemetery and owned or controlled by the person or association which owns the cemetery. The [municipality or county] political subdivision shall acquire the cemetery and related property subject to the rights of owners of burial lots or other interment spaces. Upon so acquiring the cemetery and related property, the acquiring [municipality or county] political subdivision shall operate and maintain the cemetery as a public cemetery. The [municipality or county which so] political subdivision that acquires [an abandoned] a neglected cemetery shall not be liable for any act or transaction which occurred prior to such acquisition, including, without limitation, any obligation to third parties or incorrect lot ownership or burial records.
 - 5. Any owner of a cemetery who no longer is willing and able to care for and maintain the cemetery may enter into an agreement to transfer the cemetery, including all real and personal property of the cemetery and any trust funds or bank accounts maintained for or on behalf of the cemetery, to a political subdivision, nonprofit, or religious corporation or association. Such transfer shall be governed by the provisions of this section related to the transfer of a neglected cemetery.
 - 6. Any political subdivision obtaining a cemetery under this section may, at its discretion, continue to operate the cemetery, transfer the cemetery via sale to any person or entity, or may designate the cemetery as historic property or a park for rest and contemplation as may be reasonably consistent with reverent respect for the final resting

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places of the dead. The political subdivision may, by ordinance, provide and enforce rules, regulations, and reasonable restrictions on the uses of the cemetery for park purposes.

- 7. The attorney general shall be deemed the guardian of all cemetery property in this state and shall have the authority to exercise all powers available to the attorney general to ensure the protection, care, and maintenance of cemetery properties and assets.
- 214.208. 1. Every person or [association which] entity that owns any cemetery in which dead human remains are buried or otherwise interred is authorized, at the [cemetery owner's] cemetery's expense, to disinter individual remains and reinter or rebury the remains at another location within the cemetery in order to correct an error made in the original burial or interment of the remains. Written notice shall be provided to the person who exercised the right of sepulcher, as defined under section 194.119, at the time of final disposition or, if such person is deceased, to the person who would have the right of sepulcher at the time of the change of interment. All other provisions of law related to the disinterment and reburial of human remains, including chapter 194, shall apply.
- 2. [Every] If any person [or association which owns any], other than the cemetery [in which dead human remains are buried or otherwise interred is authorized], requests a cemetery to disinter individual remains [and], either to reinter or rebury the remains [at another location] within the cemetery or to deliver the remains to a carrier for transportation out of the cemetery, [all pursuant to written instructions signed and acknowledged by the next-of-kin at the time of death of the deceased person as set out in section 194.119. If the next-of-kin at the time of death as set out in section 194.119 is no longer living, then a majority of the following adult members of the deceased person's family who are then known and living: surviving spouse, children, and parents may authorize the disinterment. If none of the above family members survive the deceased, then the majority of the grandchildren, brothers and sisters of whole and half blood may authorize the disinterment, relocation or delivery of the remains of the deceased. The costs of such disinterment, relocation or delivery shall be paid by the deceased person's family the cemetery shall follow all laws related to the disinterment and reinternment of dead human remains, including those under chapter 194, and shall obtain the written consent of the person who was authorized to exercise the right of sepulcher at the time of the original burial or interment or, if that person is deceased, the person who would be authorized to exercise the right of sepulcher as if it was for the initial burial. If more than one person would be authorized to exercise the right of sepulcher, the cemetery shall only act upon written consent from a majority of the living members of that class. The person requesting the disinterment shall be responsible for the costs of such disinterment, relocation, or delivery.

- 3. [Every person or association which owns any cemetery in which dead human remains are buried or otherwise interred is authorized to disinter individual remains and either to reinter or rebury the remains at another location within the cemetery or to deliver the remains to a carrier for transportation out of the cemetery, all pursuant to a final order issued by the circuit court for the county in which the cemetery is located.] If written consent cannot be obtained or notice cannot be given under subsection 2 of this section, any interested person or the cemetery may file an action in circuit court seeking a court order to disinter individual remains and to either reinter or rebury the remains at a different location or to deliver the remains to a carrier for transportation to a different location. The court may issue the order, in the court's discretion and upon such notice and hearing as the court shall deem appropriate, for good cause shown, including without limitation, the best interests of public health or safety, the best interests of the deceased person's family, or the reasonable requirements of the cemetery to facilitate the operation, maintenance, improvement or enlargement of the cemetery. The costs of such disinterment, relocation and delivery, and the related court proceedings, shall be paid by the persons so ordered by the court.
- 4. The cemetery owner, cemetery operator, funeral director, funeral establishment, or any other person or entity involved in the process shall not be liable to the deceased person's family or to any third party for a disinterment, relocation or delivery of deceased human remains made pursuant to this section.
- 214.209. 1. After a period of [seventy-five] fifty years since the last recorded activity on a burial site and after a reasonable search for heirs and beneficiaries, the burial site shall be abandoned and the right of ownership in the burial site shall revert to the private or public cemetery, after the cemetery has met the requirements of this section.
- 2. A reasonable search for heirs and beneficiaries pursuant to this section shall include sending a letter of notice to the last known address of the record property owner; and publishing a copy of the description of the abandoned burial site in a newspaper qualified to publish public notices as provided in chapter 493, published in the county of the record property owner's last known address, for three weeks; and if no person proves ownership of the burial site within one year after such publication, the burial site shall be deemed abandoned.
- 3. If persons with a legitimate claim to the abandoned burial site present themselves after the abandoned burial site has been used or sold by the private or public cemetery, the person's claim shall be settled by providing an equal burial site in an equivalent location to the burial site that reverted to the private or public cemetery.
- 214.260. Any person, persons, association or corporation who shall violate the provisions of section 214.250 shall be deemed guilty of a **class A** misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty dollars or more than five hundred dollars and each

4 day said burial ground, cemetery or graveyard shall remain open in violation of section 214.250,

- 5 shall constitute a distinct and separate offense, and upon conviction shall be subject to a separate
- 6 fine for each day he, she or they continue to operate and maintain said burial ground, cemetery 7 or graveyard.

214.504. Any [cemetery operator] person or entity who purchases a cemetery from a [city pursuant to sections 214.500 to 214.516] political subdivision shall not be liable for any wrongful interments or errors made in the sale of plots prior to the cemetery operator's purchase of the cemetery, nor shall such [cemetery operator] person or entity be liable for multiple ownership of plots sold by [such] any prior cemetery operator [due to] if there is a lack of adequate records [in such cemetery operator's possession] at the time of [such cemetery operator's] purchase of such cemetery from the [city, provided the cemetery operator offers] political subdivision. However, any purchaser shall provide, at no additional cost, a plot of equal value for the interment[5] if such party can prove ownership of the right to bury a person by presenting a paid-in-full contract for the right to burial.

214.508. Any [cemetery operator] person or entity who purchases a cemetery from a [city] political subdivision shall not be held liable or responsible for any conditions existing or actions taken which occurred prior to the [cemetery operator's] person or entity's purchase from such [city;] political subdivision, except that[5] the exemption provided in this section shall not relieve any previous owner or wrongdoer for their actions related to such cemetery.

214.516. Any cemetery owner subsequent to a city, regardless of whether such cemetery was previously registered as an endowed care cemetery, held itself out to be an endowed care cemetery or was a nonendowed care cemetery, shall [comply with section 214.310 and] register such cemetery as an endowed care cemetery as if it were a newly created cemetery with no interments at the time of such registration. [Any contracts for the right of burial sold after compliance with section 214.310 and all subsequent action of a subsequent cemetery owner shall comply fully with the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410.]

324.010. All governmental entities issuing professional licenses, certificates, registrations, or permits pursuant to sections 209.319 to 209.339, sections [214.270] 214.450 to 214.516, sections 256.010 to 256.453, section 375.014, sections 436.005 to 436.071, and chapter 317 and chapters 324 to 346 shall provide the director of revenue with the name and Social Security number of each applicant for licensure with or licensee of such entities within one month of the date the application is filed or at least one month prior to the anticipated renewal of a licensee's license. If such licensee is delinquent on any state taxes or has failed to file state income tax returns in the last three years, the director shall then send notice to each such entity and licensee. In the case of such delinquency or failure to file, the licensee's license shall be suspended within ninety days after notice of such delinquency or failure to file, unless the

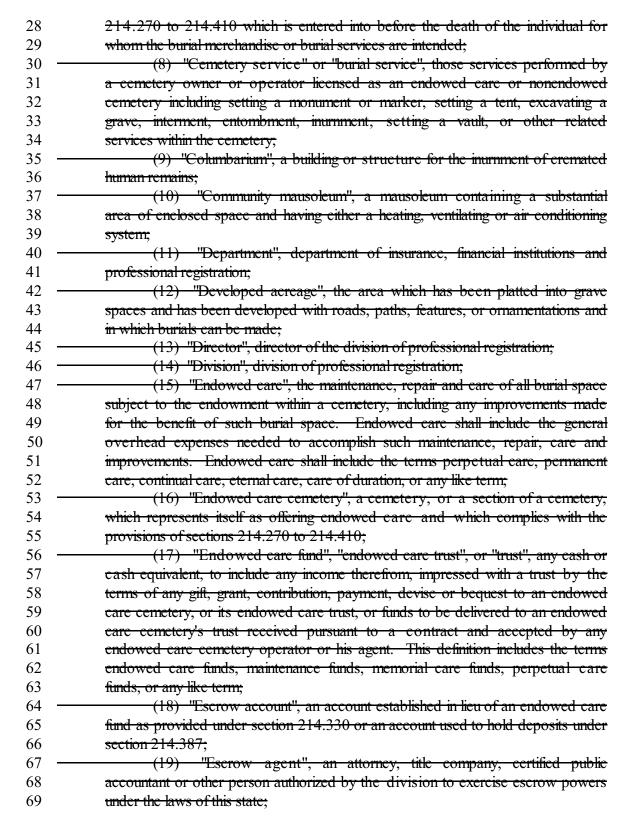
director of revenue verifies that such delinquency or failure has been remedied or arrangements have been made to achieve such remedy. The director of revenue shall, within ten business days of notification to the governmental entity issuing the professional license that the delinquency has been remedied or arrangements have been made to remedy such delinquency, send written notification to the licensee that the delinquency has been remedied. Tax liability paid in protest or reasonably founded disputes with such liability shall be considered paid for the purposes of this section.

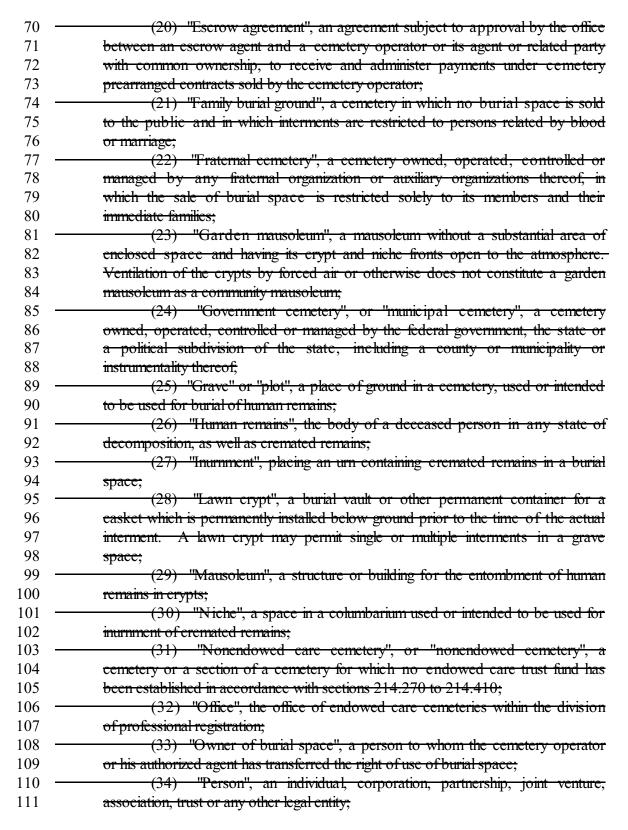
324.022. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of sections 209.285 to 209.339, sections [214.270] 214.450 to 214.516, sections 256.010 to 256.453, this chapter, and chapters 317, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 345, and 346 shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024.

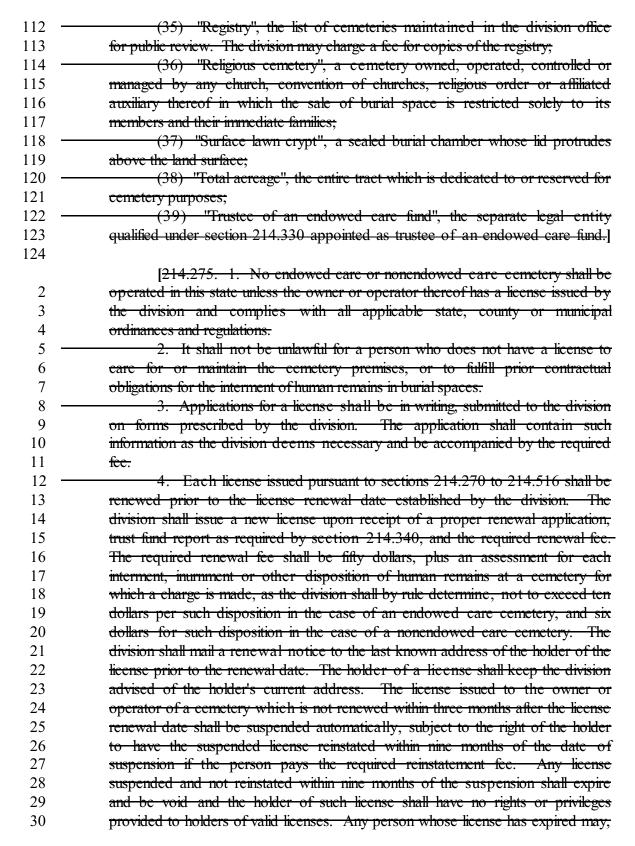
[214.270. As used in sections 214.270 to 214.410, the following terms

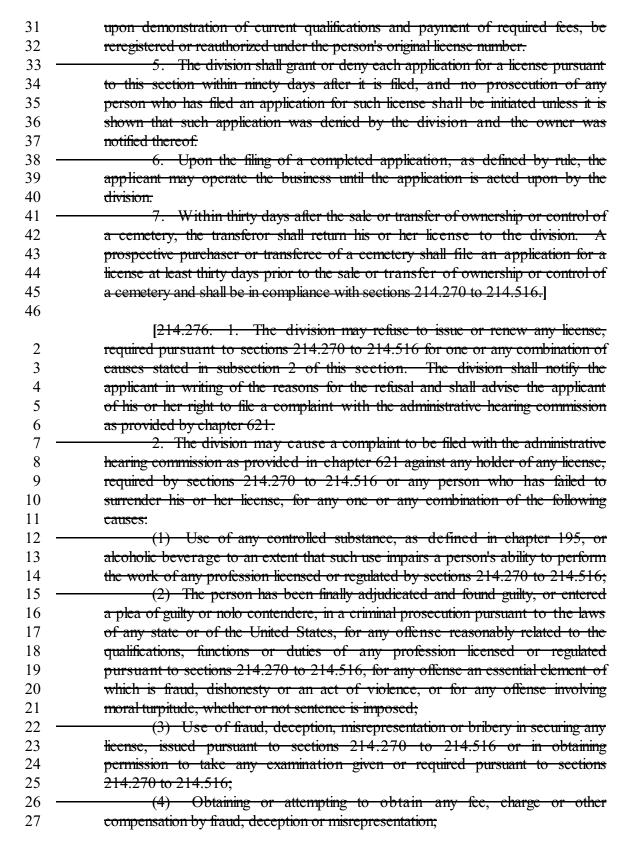
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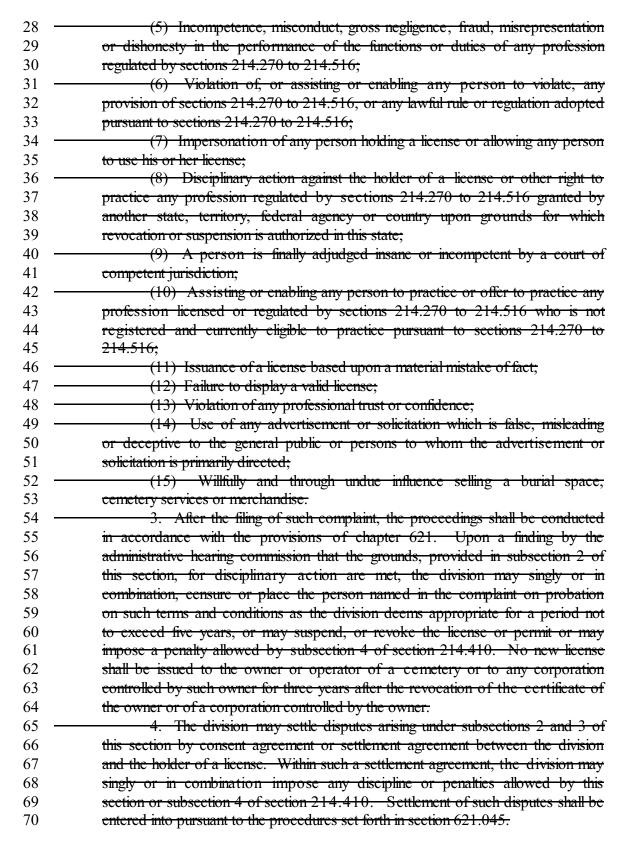
- (1) "Agent" or "authorized agent", any person empowered by the cemetery operator to represent the operator in dealing with the general public, including owners of the burial space in the cemetery;
- (2) "Burial merchandise", a monument, marker, memorial, tombstone, headstone, urn, outer burial container, or similar article which may contain specific lettering, shape, color, or design as specified by the purchaser;
- (3) "Burial space", one or more than one plot, grave, mausoleum, crypt, lawn, surface lawn crypt, niche or space used or intended for the interment of the human dead;
- (4) "Cemetery", property restricted in use for the interment of the human dead by formal dedication or reservation by deed but shall not include any of the foregoing held or operated by the state or federal government or any political subdivision thereof, any incorporated city or town, any county or any religious organization, cemetery association or fraternal society holding the same for sale solely to members and their immediate families;
- (5) "Cemetery association", any number of persons who shall have associated themselves by articles of agreement in writing as a not-for-profit association or organization, whether incorporated or unincorporated, formed for the purpose of ownership, preservation, care, maintenance, adornment and administration of a cemetery. Cemetery associations shall be governed by a board of directors. Directors shall serve without compensation;
- (6) "Cemetery operator" or "operator", any person who owns, controls, operates or manages a cemetery;
- (7) "Cemetery prearranged contract", any contract with a cemetery or cemetery operator for burial merchandise or burial services covered by sections

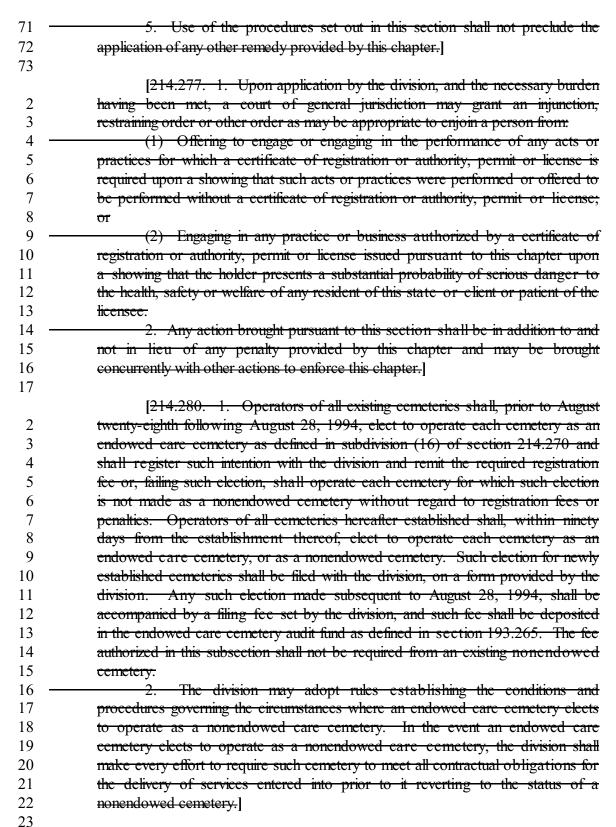


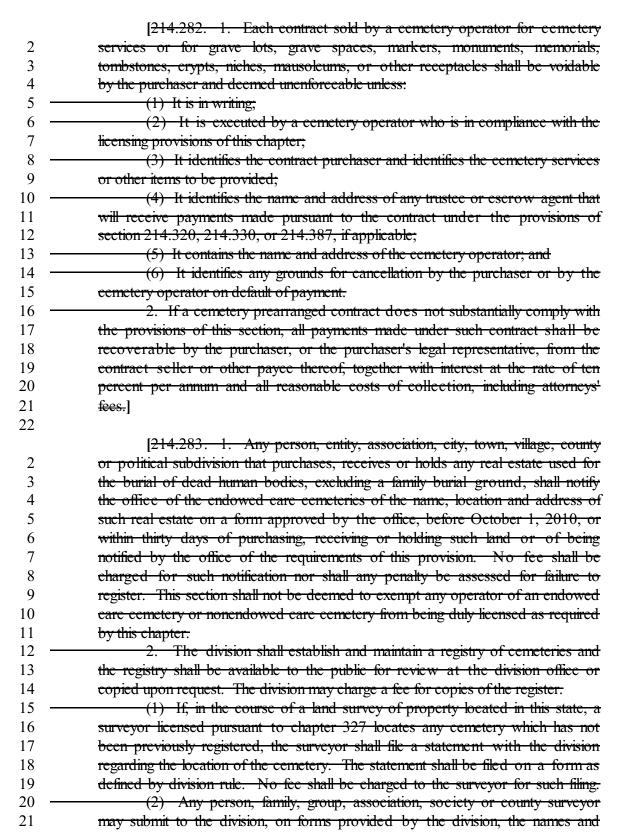












locations of any cemetery located in this state for inclusion in the registry. No fee shall be charged for such submissions.]

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[214.300. Any cemetery operator may, after October 13, 1961, qualify to operate a cemetery which has been operated as a nonendowed cemetery for a minimum of two years, as an endowed care cemetery by:

(1) So electing in compliance with section 214.280;

(2) Establishing an endowed care trust fund in each of one thousand dollars for each acre in said cemetery with a minimum of five thousand dollars and a maximum of twenty-five thousand dollars;

(3) Filing the report required by section 214.340.]

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[214.310. 1. Any cemetery operator who elects to operate a new cemetery as an endowed care cemetery or who represents to the public that perpetual, permanent, endowed, continual, eternal care, care of duration or similar care will be furnished cemetery property sold shall create an endowed care trust fund and shall deposit a minimum of twenty-five thousand dollars for cemeteries that have in excess of one hundred burials annually or a minimum of five thousand dollars for cemeteries that have one hundred or less burials annually in such fund before selling or disposing of any burial space in said cemetery, or in lieu thereof such cemetery owner may furnish a surety bond issued by a bonding company or insurance company authorized to do business in this state in the face amount of thirty thousand dollars, and such bond shall run to the office of endowed care cemeteries for the benefit of the care trust funds held by such cemetery. This bond shall be for the purpose of guaranteeing an accumulation of twenty-five thousand dollars in such care trust fund and also for the further purpose of assuring that the cemetery owner shall provide annual perpetual or endowment care in an amount equal to the annual reasonable return on a secured cash investment of twenty-five thousand dollars until twenty-five thousand dollars is accumulated in said endowed care trust funds, and these shall be the conditions of such surety bond; provided, however, the liability of the principal and surety on the bond shall in no event exceed thirty thousand dollars. Provided further, that whenever a cemetery owner which has made an initial deposit to the endowed care trust fund demonstrates to the satisfaction of the administrator of the office of endowed care cemeteries that more than twenty-five thousand dollars has been accumulated in the endowed care trust fund, the cemetery owner may petition the administrator of the office of endowed care cemeteries for an order to dissolve the surety bond requirement, so long as at least twenty-five thousand dollars always remains in the endowed care trust fund. 2. Construction of a mausoleum, lawn crypt, columbarium or

2. Construction of a mausoleum, lawn crypt, columbarium or erematorium as part of a cemetery then operated as an endowed care cemetery shall not be considered the establishment of a new cemetery for purposes of this section.

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32 3. Any endowed care cemetery which does not maintain an adequately staffed office in the county in which the cemetery is located shall have 33 34 prominently displayed on the premises a sign clearly stating the operator's name, address and telephone number. If the operator does not reside in the county in 35 36 which the cemetery is located, the sign shall also state the name, address and 37 telephone number of a resident of the county who is the authorized agent of the operator or the location of an office of the cemetery which is within ten miles of 38 39 such cemetery. In jurisdictions where ordinances require signs to meet certain 40 specifications, a weatherproof notice containing the information required by this 41 subsection shall be sufficient. I

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214.320. 1. An operator of an endowed care cemetery shall establish and deposit in an endowed care trust fund not less than the following amounts for burial space sold or disposed of, with such deposits to the endowed care trust fund to be made monthly on all burial space that has been fully paid for to the date of deposit:

5 6 (1) A minimum of fifteen percent of the gross sales price, or twenty 7 dollars, whichever is greater, for each grave space sold;

- (2) A minimum of ten percent of the gross sales price of each crypt or niche sold in a community mausoleum, or a minimum of one hundred dollars for each crypt or fifty dollars for each niche sold in a community mausoleum, whichever is greater;
- (3) A minimum of ten percent of the gross sales price of each crypt or niche sold in a garden mausoleum, or a minimum of one hundred dollars for each erypt or twenty-five dollars for each niche sold in a garden mausoleum, whichever is greater;
- (4) A minimum of ten percent of the gross sales price of each lawn crypt sold or a minimum of seventy-five dollars, whichever is greater.
- 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, a cemetery operator who has made the initial deposit in trust as required by sections 214.270 to 214.410 from his own funds, and not from funds deposited with respect to sales of burial space, may deposit only one-half the minimum amounts set forth in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 1 of this section, until he shall have recouped his entire initial deposit. Thereafter, he shall make the minimum deposits required under subdivisions (1), (2), (3), and (4) of subsection 1 of this section.
- 3. As required by section 214.340, each operator of an endowed care cemetery shall file with the division of professional registration, on a form provided by the division, an annual endowed care trust fund report. The operator of any cemetery representing the cemetery, or any portion of the cemetery, as an endowed care cemetery shall make available to the division for inspection or audit at any reasonable time only those cemetery records and trust fund records necessary to determine whether the cemetery's endowed care trust fund is in

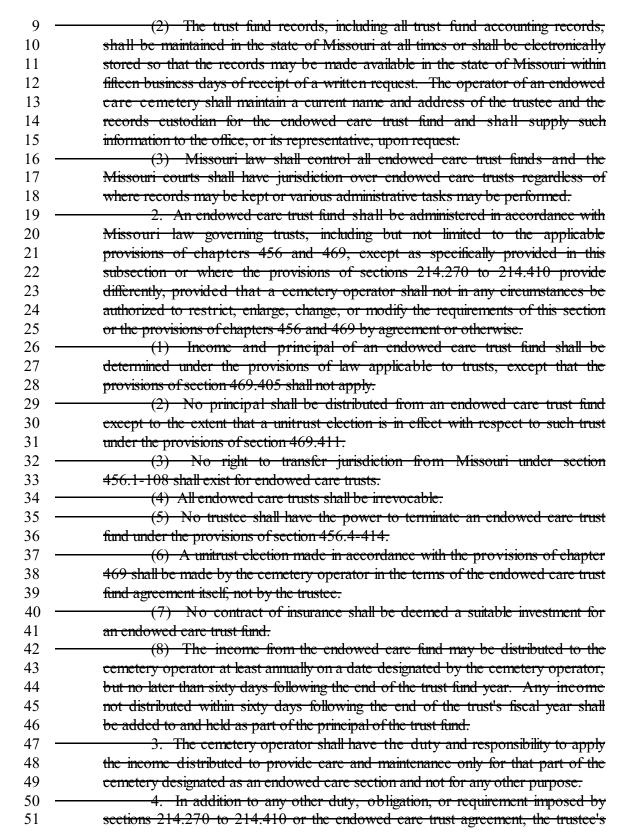
compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.410. Each cemetery operator who has established an escrow account pursuant to section 214.387 shall make available to the division for inspection or audit at any reasonable time those cemetery records and financial institution records necessary to determine whether the cemetery operator is in compliance with the provisions of section 214.387.

4. No cemetery operator shall operate or represent to the public by any title, description, or similar terms that a cemetery provides endowed care unless the cemetery is in compliance with the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410.

5. A cemetery operator shall be exempt from the provisions of chapter 436 for the sale of cemetery services or for grave lots, grave spaces, markers, monuments, memorials, tombstones, crypts, niches or mausoleums, outer burial containers or other receptacle. A cemetery operator shall be prohibited from adjusting or establishing the sales price of items with the intent of evading the trusting or escrow provisions of this chapter.]

> 214.325. If the deposits to any endowed care trust fund are less than the total sum required to be set aside and deposited since the effective date of such sections, the cemetery operator shall correct such deficiency by depositing not less than twenty percent of such deficiency each year for five years and shall file, on the form provided by the division, a statement outlining the date and amount such deposits were made. If the cemetery operator fails to correct the deficiency with respect to funds maintained under section 214.330, the cemetery operator shall thereafter not represent the cemetery as an endowed care cemetery. Any funds held in the cemetery's endowed care trust shall continue to be used for endowed care for that cemetery. The cemetery operator shall remain subject to the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410 for any cemetery or any section of the cemetery for which endowed care payments have been collected, subject to the penalties contained in section 214.410, and civil actions as well as subject to any regulations promulgated by the division. For purposes of this section, the term "deficiency" shall mean a deficiency in the amount required to be deposited pursuant to section 214.320, or a deficiency created by disbursements in excess of what is permitted under section 214.330 and shall not include or be affected by deficiencies or shortages caused by the fluctuating value of investments.

[214.330. 1. (1) The endowed care trust fund required by sections 214.270 to 214.410 shall be permanently set aside in trust or in accordance with the provisions of subsection 2 of this section. The trustee of the endowed care trust shall be a state or federally chartered financial institution authorized to exercise trust powers in Missouri. The contact information for a trust officer or duly appointed representative of the trustee with knowledge and access to the trust fund accounting and trust fund records must be disclosed to the office or its duly authorized representative upon request:



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52 duties shall be the maintenance of records related to the trust and the accounting 53 for and investment of moneys deposited by the operator to the endowed care trust 54 fund. 55 (1) For the purposes of sections 214.270 to 214.410, the trustee shall not 56 be deemed responsible for the care, the maintenance, or the operation of the 57 cemetery, or for any other matter relating to the cemetery, or the proper expenditure of funds distributed by the trustee to the cemetery operator, 58 59 including, but not limited to, compliance with environmental laws and 60 regulations. 61 (2) With respect to cemetery property maintained by endowed care funds, 62 the cemetery operator shall be responsible for the performance of the care and maintenance of the cemetery property. 63 5. If the endowed care cemetery fund is not permanently set aside in a 64 65 trust fund as required by subsection 1 of this section, then the funds shall be permanently set aside in an escrow account in the state of Missouri. Funds in an 66 escrow account shall be placed in an endowed care trust fund under subsection 67 1 if the funds in the escrow account exceed three hundred fifty thousand dollars, 68 69 unless otherwise approved by the division for good cause. The account shall be insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or comparable deposit 70 71 insurance and held in a state or federally chartered financial institution authorized to do business in Missouri and located in this state. 72 73 (1) The interest from the escrow account may be distributed to the cemetery operator at least in annual or semiannual installments, but not later than 74 six months following the calendar year. Any interest not distributed within six 75 76 months following the end of the calendar year shall be added to and held as part 77 of the principal of the account. 78 (2) The cemetery operator shall have the duty and responsibility to apply the interest to provide care and maintenance only for that part of the cemetery in 79 80 which burial space shall have been sold and with respect to which sales the escrow account shall have been established and not for any other purpose. The 81 82 principal of such funds shall be kept intact. The cemetery operator's duties shall 83 be the maintenance of records and the accounting for an investment of moneys deposited by the operator to the escrow account. For purposes of sections 84 85 214.270 to 214.410, the administrator of the office of endowed care cemeteries shall not be deemed to be responsible for the care, maintenance, or operation of 86 87 the cemetery. With respect to cemetery property maintained by cemetery care funds, the cemetery operator shall be responsible for the performance of the care 88 and maintenance of the cemetery property owned by the cemetery operator. 89 90 (3) The division may approve an escrow agent if the escrow agent demonstrates the knowledge, skill, and ability to handle escrow funds and 91

financial transactions and is of good moral character.

6. The cemetery operator shall be accountable to the owners of burial

space in the cemetery for compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.410.

7. Excluding funds held in an escrow account, all endowed care trust funds shall be administered in accordance with an endowed care trust fund agreement, which shall be submitted to the office by the cemetery operator for review and approval. The endowed care cemetery shall be notified in writing by the office of endowed care cemeteries regarding the approval or disapproval of the endowed care trust fund agreement and regarding any changes required to be made for compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.410 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

- 8. All endowed care cemeteries shall be under a continuing duty to file with the office of endowed care cemeteries and to submit for prior approval any and all changes, amendments, or revisions of the endowed care trust fund agreement at least thirty days before the effective date of such change, amendment, or revision.
- 9. If the endowed care trust fund agreement, or any changes, amendments, or revisions filed with the office, are not disapproved by the office within thirty days after submission by the cemetery operator, the endowed care trust fund agreement, or the related change, amendment, or revision, shall be deemed approved and may be used by the cemetery operator and the trustee. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the office may review and disapprove an endowed care trust fund agreement, or any submitted change, amendment, or revision, after the thirty days provided herein or at any other time if the agreement is not in compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.410 or the rules promulgated thereunder. Notice of disapproval by the office shall be in writing and delivered to the cemetery operator and the trustee within ten days of disapproval.
- 10. Funds in an endowed care trust fund or escrow account may be commingled with endowed care funds for other endowed care cemeteries, provided that the cemetery operator and the trustee shall maintain adequate accounting records of the disbursements, contributions, and income allocated for each cemetery.
- 11. By accepting the trusteeship of an endowed care trust or accepting funds as an escrow agent pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.410, the trustee or escrow agent submits personally to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state and the office of endowed care cemeteries regarding the administration of the trust or escrow account. A trustee or escrow agent shall consent in writing to the jurisdiction of the state of Missouri and the office in regards to the trusteeship or the operation of the escrow account and to the appointment of the office of secretary of state as its agent for service of process regarding any administrative or legal actions relating to the trust or the escrow account, if it has no designated agent for service of process located in this state. Such consent shall be filed with the office prior to accepting funds pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.410 as trustee or as an escrow agent on a form provided by the office by rule.]

[214.335. 1. Any endowed care cemetery may require a contribution to the endowed care fund or to a separate memorial care fund for each memorial or monument installed on a grave in the cemetery. Such contribution, if required by a cemetery, shall not exceed twenty cents per square inch of base area, and shall be charged on every installation regardless of the person performing the installation. Each contribution made pursuant to a contract or agreement entered into after August 28, 1990, shall be entrusted and administered pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.410 for the endowed care fund. Each contribution made pursuant to a contract or agreement entered into before August 28, 1990, shall be governed by the law in effect at the time the contract or agreement was entered into.

2. If the deposits to any endowed care trust fund are less than the total sum required to be set aside and deposited since the effective date of such sections, the cemetery operator shall correct such deficiency by depositing not less than twenty percent of such deficiency each year for five years and shall file, on the form provided by the division, a statement outlining the date and amount such deposits were made. If the cemetery operator fails to correct the deficiency with respect to funds maintained under section 214.330, the cemetery operator shall thereafter not represent the cemetery as an endowed care cemetery. Any funds held in the cemetery's endowed care trust shall continue to be used for endowed care for that cemetery. The cemetery operator shall remain subject to the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410 for any cemetery or any section of the cemetery for which endowed care payments have been collected, subject to the penalties contained in section 214.410, and civil actions, as well as subject to any regulations promulgated by the division. For purposes of this section, the term "deficiency" shall mean a deficiency in the amount required to be deposited pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, or a deficiency created by disbursements in excess of what is permitted under section 214.330 and shall not include or be affected by deficiencies or shortages caused by the fluctuating value of investments.

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[214.340. 1. Each operator of an endowed care cemetery shall maintain at an office in the cemetery or, if the cemetery has no office in the cemetery, at an office within a reasonable distance of the cemetery, the reports of the endowed eare trust fund's operation for the preceding seven years. Each report shall contain, at least, the following information:

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- (1) Name and address of the trustee of the endowed care trust fund and the depository, if different from the trustee;
 - (2) Balance per previous year's report;
 - (3) Principal contributions received since previous report;
- 10 (4) Total earnings since previous report;
- 11 (5) Total distribution to the cemetery operator since the previous report;
- 12 (6) Current balance;

13 —	(7) A statement of all assets listing cash, real or personal property, stocks,
14	bonds, and other assets, showing cost, acquisition date and current market value
15	of each asset;
16 –	(8) Total expenses, excluding distributions to cemetery operator, since
17	previous report; and
18 —	(9) A statement of the cemetery's total acreage and of its developed
19	acreage.
20 —	2. Subdivisions (1) through (7) of the report described in subsection 1
21	above shall be certified to under oath as complete and correct by a corporate
22	officer of the trustee. Subdivision (8) of such report shall be certified under oath
23	as complete and correct by an officer of the cemetery operator. Both the trustee
24	and cemetery operator or officer shall be subject to the penalty of making a false
25	affidavit or declaration.
26 —	3. The report shall be placed in the cemetery's office within ninety days
27	of the close of the trust's fiscal year. A copy of this report shall be filed by the
28	cemetery operator with the division of professional registration as condition of
29	license renewal as required by subsection 4 of section 214.275.
30 —	4. Each cemetery operator who establishes an escrow or trust account
31	pursuant to section 214.387 shall file with the report required under subsection
32	1 of this section an escrow or trust account report that shall provide the following
33	information.
34 —	(1) The total face value of all contracts for burial merchandise and
35	services that have been deferred for delivery by purchase designation; and
36 —	(2) The amount on deposit in the escrow or trust account established
37	pursuant to section 214.387, and the account number in the case of an escrow
38	account.]
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	[214.345. 1. Any cemetery operator who negotiates the sale of burial
2	space in any cemetery located in this state shall provide each prospective owner
3	of burial space a written statement, which may be a separate form or a part of the
4	sales contract, which states and explains in plain language that the burial space
5	is part of an endowed care cemetery; that the cemetery has established and
6	maintains the endowed care trust fund required by law; and that the information
7	regarding the fund described in section 214.340 is available to the prospective
8	purchaser. If the burial space is in a nonendowed cemetery, or in a nonendowed
9	section of an endowed care cemetery, the cemetery operator shall state he has
10	elected not to establish an endowed care trust fund.
11 —	2. The operator of each endowed care cemetery shall, upon request, give
12	to the public for retention a copy of the endowed care trust fund annual report
13	prepared pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of section 214.340.]
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	[214.360. No cemetery operator, nor any director, officer or shareholder
2	of any comptery may horrow or in any other way make use of the endowed care

trust funds for his own use, directly or indirectly, or for furthering or developing his or any other cemetery, nor may any trustee lend or make such funds available for said purpose or for the use of any operator or any director, officer or shareholder of any cemetery.]

[214.363. In the event of a cemetery's bankruptcy, insolvency, or assignment for the benefit of creditors, the endowed care trust funds shall not be available to any creditor as assets of the cemetery's owner or to pay any expenses of any bankruptcy or similar proceeding, but shall be retained intact to provide for the future maintenance of the cemetery.]

[214.365. Prior to any action as provided in subsection 2 of section 214.205, and when the division has information that a cemetery is not providing maintenance and care, has been abandoned, or has ceased operation, the division may investigate the cemetery to determine the cemetery's current status. If the division finds evidence that the cemetery is abandoned, is not conducting business, or is not providing maintenance and care, the division may apply to the circuit court for appointment as receiver, trustee, or successor in trust.]

[214.367. 1. Prior to selling or otherwise disposing of a majority of the business assets of a cemetery, or a majority of its stock or other ownership interest, if a corporation or other organized business entity, the cemetery operator shall provide written notification to the division of its intent at least thirty days prior to the date set for the transfer, or the closing of the sale, or the date set for termination of its business. Such notice is confidential and shall not be considered a public record subject to the provisions of chapter 610 until the sale of the cemetery has been effectuated. Upon receipt of the written notification, the division may take reasonable and necessary action to determine that the cemetery operator has made proper plans to assure that trust funds or funds held in an escrow account for or on behalf of the cemetery will be set aside and used as provided in sections 214.270 to 214.410, including, but not limited to, an audit or examination of books and records. The division may waive the requirements of this subsection or may shorten the period of notification for good cause or if the division determines in its discretion that compliance with its provisions are not necessary.

 2. A cemetery operator may complete the sale, transfer, or cessation if the division does not disapprove the transaction within thirty days after receiving notice. Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict any other right or remedy vested in the division or the attorney general.

3. A prospective purchaser or transferee of endowed or unendowed cemetery, with the written consent of the cemetery operator, may obtain a copy of the cemetery's most recent audit or inspection report from the division. The

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for actual delivery.]

24 division shall inform the prospective purchaser or transferee, within thirty days, 25 whether the cemetery may continue to operate and be represented as a cemetery. 26 214.370. 1. Every operator of a nonendowed cemetery shall comply with the provisions of this section. 2 3 2. Every person subject to this section shall post in a conspicuous place in every office where sales of burial space in a nonendowed cemetery are 4 conducted, a legible sign stating, "This is a nonendowed cemetery." The lettering 5 of this sign shall be of suitable size so it is easily read at a distance of fifty feet. 6 3. Every person subject to this section shall also have printed or stamped 7 8 at the head of all contracts, deeds, statements, letterheads, and advertising 9 material, used in any connection with the sale of burial space in a nonendowed cemetery, the statement: "This is a nonendowed cemetery." in lettering equivalent 10 to a minimum of ten point number two black type, and shall not sell any lot or 11 interment space therein unless and until the purchaser thereof is informed that the 12 13 cemetery is a nonendowed cemetery.] 14 [214.380. An endowed care cemetery may have within its confines a section which may be sold without endowed care; provided, that such section 2 shall be separately set off from the remainder of the cemetery and provided that 3 4 signs are kept prominently placed around such section stating, "This is a 5 nonendowed section." in lettering of suitable size so it is easily read at a distance of fifty feet. There shall be printed or stamped at the head of all contracts, deeds, 6 7 statements, letterheads and advertising material used in any connection with the sale of burial space in said section, the statement, "This is a nonendowed 8 section." in lettering equivalent to a minimum of ten point number two black 9 type. No operator shall sell any lot or interment space in a nonendowed section 10 unless and until he shall have informed the purchaser thereof that the section is 11 12 not endowed.] 13 [214.385. 1. If the operator of any cemetery or another authorized person moves a grave marker, memorial or monument in the cemetery for any reason, 2 the operator or other authorized person shall replace the grave marker, memorial 3 or monument to its original position within a reasonable time. 4 5 2. When the purchase price of an item of burial merchandise sold by a cemetery operator or its agent is paid in full, the cemetery operator shall make 6 7 delivery of such property within a reasonable time. A cemetery operator may 8 comply with this section by delivering to the purchaser of such property a valid

warehouse receipt which may be presented to the cemetery operator at a later date

[214.387. 1. With the exception of sales made pursuant to section 214.385, all sales of prearranged burial merchandise and services shall be made pursuant to this section.

- 2. Upon written instructions from the purchaser of burial merchandise or burial services set forth in a cemetery prearranged contract, a cemetery may defer delivery of such burial merchandise or a warehouse receipt for the same under section 214.385, or performance of services, to a date designated by the purchaser, provided the cemetery operator, after deducting sales and administrative costs associated with the sale, not to exceed twenty percent of the purchase price, deposits the remaining portion of the purchase price into an escrow or trust account as herein provided, within sixty days following receipt of payment from the purchaser. Funds so deposited pursuant to this section shall be maintained in such account until delivery of the property or the performance of services is made or the contract for the purchase of such property or services is cancelled, and fees and costs associated with the maintenance of the trust or escrow arrangement shall be charged to these funds. The account is subject to inspection, examination or audit by the division. No withdrawals may be made from the escrow or trust account established pursuant to this section except as herein provided.
 - 3. Each escrow arrangement must comply with the following:
- (1) The escrow agent shall be located in Missouri, authorized to exercise escrow powers, and shall maintain the escrow records so that they may be accessed and produced for inspection within five business days of the agent's receipt of a written request made by the office or its duly authorized representative. A cemetery operator shall not serve as an escrow agent for the emetery operator's account nor shall the escrow agent be employed by or under common ownership with the cemetery operator. The cemetery operator shall maintain a current name and address for the escrow agent with the office, and shall obtain written approval from the office before making any change in the name or address of the escrow agent. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, information regarding the escrow agent shall be deemed an open record;
- (2) The escrow account funds shall be maintained in depository accounts at a Missouri financial institution that provides Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or comparable deposit insurance;
- (3) The escrow arrangement shall be administered by the escrow agent pursuant to an agreement approved by the office under the same filing and approval procedure as that set forth for endowed care trust fund agreements in section 214.330;
- (4) The operator shall establish a separate depository account for each cemetery prearranged contract administered pursuant to this subsection;
- (5) The division may promulgate by rule a form escrow agreement to be used by a cemetery operator operating pursuant to this section.
 - 4. Each trust must comply with the following:

44 (1) The trustee shall be a state or federally chartered financial institution authorized to exercise trust powers in Missouri, provided that a foreign financial 45 institution must be approved by the office; 46 (2) The trust fund records, including all trust fund accounting records, 47 48 shall either be maintained in the state of Missouri or shall be electronically stored 49 so that the records may be made available within fifteen business days of the trustee's receipt of a written request made by the office or its duly authorized 50 representative. The cemetery operator shall maintain a current name and address 51 of the trustee and the records custodian and shall supply such information to the 52 53 office or its representative upon request; 54 (3) The principal of such funds shall be appropriately invested pursuant to the prudent investor rule under chapter 469, provided that no trust funds shall 55 be invested in any term insurance product; 56 57 (4) Payments regarding two or more cemetery prearranged contracts may be deposited into and commingled in the same trust, so long as adequate records 58 59 are made available to the trustee to account for cemetery prearranged contracts on an individual basis with regard to deposits, earnings, distributions, and any 60 61 taxes: 62 (5) Trust instruments shall be subject to the same filing and approval procedure as that set forth for endowed care trust fund agreements under section 63 214.330: 64 65 (6) A trustee may commingle the funds from trusts of unrelated cemetery operators for investment purposes if the trustee has adequate accounting for the 66 allocations, disbursements, payments, and income among the participating trusts. 67 68 The income from escrow accounts, after payment of expenses associated with the arrangement, shall be distributed to the cemetery operator. 69 70 All other distributions from trusts and escrow accounts shall be made pursuant 71 to forms approved by the office. For performance of a cemetery prearranged 72 contract, a certificate of performance form signed by the cemetery operator shall 73 be required for distribution. For cancellation of a cemetery prearranged contract, 74 a certificate of cancellation form signed by the cemetery operator and the 75 purchaser shall be required for distribution. 76 6. A cemetery prearranged contract is subject to cancellation as follows: 77 (1) At any time before the final disposition of the deceased, or before the services or merchandise described in this section are provided, the purchaser may 78 cancel the contract without cause by delivering written notice thereof to the 79 operator. Within fifteen days after its receipt of such notice, the cemetery 80 operator shall pay to the purchaser a net amount equal to eighty percent of all 81 82 payments made under the contract. The cemetery operator shall be entitled to keep one-half of the interest earned on trust funds. Upon delivery of the 83 84 purchaser's receipt for such payment to the escrow agent or trustee, the escrow

agent or trustee shall distribute to the cemetery operator from the escrow account

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86 or trust an amount equal to all deposits made into the escrow account or trust for 87 88 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, if a purchaser is eligible, becomes eligible, or desires to become eligible, to 89 90 receive public assistance under chapter 208 or any other applicable state or federal law, the purchaser may irrevocably waive and renounce his right to cancel 91 the contract pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (1) of this section, which 92 93 waiver and renunciation shall be made in writing and delivered to the cemetery 94 operator; 95 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, 96 any purchaser, within thirty days of receipt of the executed contract, may cancel 97 the contract without cause by delivering written notice thereof to the cemetery operator, and receive a full refund of all payments made on the contract; 98 99 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, once any purchase order is entered for the production or manufacture of burial 100 merchandise, per the purchaser's written request, the purchaser's obligation to pay 101 for said burial merchandise shall be noncancellable; 102 103 (5) No funds subject to a purchaser's right of cancellation hereunder shall 104 be subject to the claims of the cemetery operator's creditors. 105 7. Burial merchandise sold through a contract with a cemetery or cemetery operator which is entered into after the death of the individual for 106 whom the burial merchandise is intended shall not be subject to any trusting or 107 108 escrow requirement of this section. 109 8. This section shall apply to all agreements entered into after August 28, 2010.] 110 111 [214.389. 1. The division may direct a trustee, financial institution, or 2 escrow agent to suspend distribution from an endowed care trust fund or escrow account if the cemetery operator does not have a current and active cemetery 3 operator license, has failed to file an annual report, or if, after an audit or 4 5 examination, the division determines there is a deficiency in an endowed care 6 trust fund or escrow account maintained under section 214.330 and the cemetery 7 operator has failed to file a corrective action plan detailing how the deficiency 8 shall be remedied. For purposes of this section, a deficiency shall only be deemed to exist if, after an audit or examination, the division determines a 9 cemetery operator has failed to deposit the total aggregate of funds required to be 10 deposited in trust or an escrow account pursuant to section 214.320 or subsection 11 1 of section 214.335, or has received disbursements from the trust or escrow 12 account in excess of what is permitted under section 214.330. No deficiency 13 shall be deemed to be created by fluctuations in the value of investments held in 14 15 trust or escrow. 16 2. The division shall provide written notification to the cemetery operator

and the trustee, financial institution, or escrow agent within fourteen days of

discovering a potential violation as described in this section. Upon receipt of written notification from the division, the cemetery operator shall have sixty days to cure any alleged violations or deficiencies cited in the notification without a suspension of distribution. If, after the sixty-day time period, the division feels the cemetery has not cured the alleged violations or deficiencies cited in the notification, the division may send a notice of suspension to the cemetery operator that the division is ordering a suspension of distribution as described in this section. In the event of a suspension of distribution, the amount of any distribution suspended shall become principal, with credit against the deficiency, unless the cemetery operator files an appeal with a court of competent jurisdiction or with the administrative hearing commission, as provided herein. In the event of an appeal, a cemetery operator may request the court or administrative hearing commission stay the suspension of distribution after a showing of necessity and good cause or authorize payment from the endowed care trust fund or escrow account for necessary expenses from any amount subject to distribution.

- 3. Upon receipt of an order from the division suspending distribution pursuant to this section, a trustee, financial institution, or escrow agent shall immediately suspend distribution as required by the order. A trustee, financial institution, or escrow agent shall be exempt from liability for failure to distribute funds as ordered by the division.
- 4. A cemetery operator may appeal an order suspending distribution pursuant to this section to the administrative hearing commission. The administrative hearing commission shall receive notice of such appeal within thirty days from the date the notice of suspension was mailed by certified mail. Failure of a person whose license was suspended to notify the administrative hearing commission of his or her intent to appeal waives all rights to appeal the suspension. Upon notice of such person's intent to appeal, a hearing shall be held before the administrative hearing commission pursuant to chapter 621.
- 5. A cemetery operator may apply for reinstatement of distributions upon demonstration that the deficiencies or other problems have been cured or that the operator has otherwise come into compliance.
- 6. The division may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2010, shall be invalid and void.]

[214.390. Cemeteries existing at the time of the adoption of sections 214.270 to 214.410 shall hereafter be operated subject to the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410. Where an ordinance or order is established by a county, city, town or village which relates to the maintenance of cemetery property, including the control of weeds and other debris, all cemeteries, including nonperpetual cemeteries, shall be maintained consistent with the provisions of the ordinance or order.]

[214.392. 1. The division shall:

- (1) Recommend prosecution for violations of the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410 to the appropriate prosecuting, circuit attorney or to the attorney general;
- (2) Employ, within limits of the funds appropriated, such employees as are necessary to earry out the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410;
- (3) Be allowed to convey full authority to each city or county governing body the use of inmates controlled by the department of corrections and the board of probation and parole to care for abandoned cemeteries located within the boundaries of each city or county;
- (4) Exercise all budgeting, purchasing, reporting and other related management functions;
- (5) Be authorized, within the limits of the funds appropriated, to conduct investigations, examinations, or audits to determine compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.410;
- (6) The division may promulgate rules necessary to implement the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.516, including but not limited to:
- (a) Rules setting the amount of fees authorized pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.516. The fees shall be set at a level to produce revenue that shall not substantially exceed the cost and expense of administering sections 214.270 to 214.516. All moneys received by the division pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.516 shall be collected by the director who shall transmit such moneys to the department of revenue for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the endowed care cemetery audit fund created in section 193.265;
- (b) Rules to administer the inspection and audit provisions of the endowed care cemetery law;
- (e) Rules for the establishment and maintenance of the cemetery registry pursuant to section 214.283.
- 2. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are

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35 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2001, shall be invalid and void.] 36 37 214.400. Sections 214.270 to 214.410 shall be known as the "Cemetery 2 **Endowed Care Trust Fund Law".**] 3 [214.410. 1. Any cemetery operator who shall willfully violate any provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410 for which no penalty is otherwise 2 prescribed shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof 3 4 shall be fined a sum not to exceed five hundred dollars or shall be confined not 5 more than six months or both. 6 2. Any cemetery operator who shall willfully violate any provision of section 214.320, 214.330, 214.335, 214.340, 214.360, 214.385, or 214.387 shall 7 be deemed guilty of a class E felony and upon conviction thereof shall be fined 8 9 a sum not to exceed ten thousand dollars or shall be confined not more than five 10 years or both. This section shall not apply to cemeteries or cemetery associations which do not sell lots in the cemetery. 11 Any trustee who shall willfully violate any applicable provisions of 12 sections 214.270 to 214.410 shall have committed an unsafe and unsound 13 banking practice and shall be penalized as authorized by chapters 361 and 362. 14 This subsection shall be enforced exclusively by the Missouri division of finance 15 for state chartered institutions and the Missouri attorney general for federally 16 17 chartered institutions. 18 4. Any person who shall willfully violate any provision of section 214.320, 214.330, 214.335, 214.340, 214.360 or 214.385 or violates any rule, 19 regulation or order of the division may, in accordance with the regulations issued 20 by the division, be assessed an administrative penalty by the division. The 21 penalty shall not exceed five thousand dollars for each violation and each day of 22 the continuing violation shall be deemed a separate violation for purposes of 23 administrative penalty assessment. However, no administrative penalty may be 24 assessed until the person charged with the violation has been given the 25 opportunity for a hearing on the violation. Penalty assessments received shall be 26 27 deposited in the endowed care cemetery audit fund created in section 193.265.] 28 [214.512. Any subsequent cemetery owner after a city shall be exempt from the provisions of section 214.325 and section 214.410 for any deficiency 2 3 existing prior to such city's ownership; except that, such exemption shall not 4 relieve any previous cemetery owners or wrongdoers from the provisions of such 5 sections. 6 [436.410. The provisions of sections 436.400 to 436.520 shall not apply to any contract or other arrangement sold by a cemetery operator for which 2

payments received by or on behalf of the purchaser are required to be placed in

4	an endowed care fund or for which a deposit into a segregated account is required
5	under chapter 214; provided that a cemetery operator shall comply with sections
6	436.400 to 436.520 if the contract or arrangement sold by the operator includes
7	services that may only be provided by a licensed funeral director or embalmer.]