

HB 912 -- DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED

SPONSOR: Ellebracht

Currently, a person found guilty of the offense of driving while intoxicated as a prior offender will not be granted parole or probation until the person has served at least 10 days of imprisonment; as a persistent offender, shall not be eligible for probation or parole until the person has served at least 30 days of imprisonment; and, as an aggravated offender, shall not be eligible for probation or parole until the person serves at least 60 days of imprisonment. This bill specifies that a prior offender under this section will not be granted probation or parole unless, as a condition of the probation or parole, the person is required to serve 10 days of imprisonment; a persistent offender will not be granted probation or parole unless, as a condition of probation or parole, the person is required to serve at least 30 days of imprisonment; and an aggravated offender will not be granted probation or parole unless, as a condition of probation or parole, the person is required to serve at least 60 days of imprisonment.