House	Amendment NO
AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 594, Page 37, Section 105.145, Line 148, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:	
	re that is used as commercial property, newly constructed and
_	erty, shall be assessed and taxed on such assessed valuation as of
	the date of occupancy for the proportionate part of the
	olished for that year, in all taxing jurisdictions located in the
	vided in subsection 8 of this section. Newly constructed
commercial property that has never	been occupied shall not be assessed as improved real property
until such occupancy or January firs	st of the year following the year in which construction of the
improvements is completed. The pr	rovisions of this subsection shall apply in any county in which
the governing body has previously a	adopted or hereafter adopts the provisions of this subsection. Fo
purposes of this section, the term "c	ounty" shall include any county and any city not within a county
	er a property commercially occupied upon personal verification
or if any two of the following condi-	
	as been issued for the property;
	tership from one party to another has been filed with the recorde
	ate of the first permanent utility service;
	ding service in the county has verified a transfer of service for
property from one party to another;	
	ccupying the newly constructed property have registered a
	ate, or federal governmental office or agency. visions of this section, the assessor may use occupancy permits,
	tility connection documents including telephone connections, or
	necessary to discover the existence of newly constructed
	Il refuse to provide verification monthly to the assessor of a
utility connection to a newly occupi	<u> </u>
	ssment under subsections 1 and 2 of this section is not completed
	peals in a given tax year, the owner of the newly constructed
~	sessment of the property may appeal this assessment the
following year to the county board of	of equalization in accordance with chapter 138 and may pay any
taxes under protest in accordance w	ith section 139.031; provided, however, that such payment unde
<u> </u>	ndition of appealing to the county board of equalization. The
	ted taxes and shall not disburse such taxes until resolution of the

Action Taken____

Date ____

appeal.

- <u>5. The increase in assessed valuation resulting from the implementation of the provisions of this section shall be considered new construction and improvements under the provisions of this chapter.</u>
- 6. In counties that adopt the provisions of subsections 1 to 7 of this section, an amount not to exceed ten percent of all ad valorem property tax collections on newly constructed and occupied commercial property allocable to each taxing authority within counties of the first classification having a population of nine hundred thousand or more, one-tenth of one percent of all ad valorem property tax collections allocable to each taxing authority within all other counties of the first classification and one-fifth of one percent of all ad valorem property tax collections allocable to each taxing authority within counties of the second, third and fourth classifications and any county of the first classification having a population of at least eighty-two thousand inhabitants, but less than eighty-two thousand one hundred inhabitants, in addition to the amount prescribed by section 137.720 shall be deposited into the assessment fund of the county for collection costs.
- 7. For purposes of calculating the tax due on such newly constructed commercial property, the assessor or the board of equalization shall place the full amount of the assessed valuation on the tax book upon the first day of the month following occupancy. Such assessed valuation shall be taxed for each month of the year following such date at its new assessed valuation, and for each month of the year preceding such date at its previous valuation. The percentage derived from dividing the number of months at which the property is taxed at its new valuation by twelve shall be applied to the total assessed valuation of the new construction and improvements, and such percentage shall be included in the next year's base for the purposes of calculating the next year's tax levy rollback. The untaxed percentage shall be considered as new construction and improvements in the following year and shall be exempt from the rollback provisions.
- 8. The provisions of subsections 1 to 7 of this section shall be effective in any county in which the governing body of such county elects to adopt a proposal to implement such provisions. Such subsections shall become effective in such county on January first of the year following the election.
- 9. In any county that adopts the provisions of subsections 1 to 7 of this section prior to June first in any year under subsection 8 of this section, the assessor of such county shall, upon application of the property owner, remove on a pro rata basis from the tax book for the current year any commercial real property improvements destroyed by a natural disaster if such property is unoccupied and uninhabitable due to such destruction. On or after the first day of July, the board of equalization shall perform such duties. Any person claiming such destroyed property shall provide a list of such destroyed property to the county assessor. The assessor shall have available a supply of appropriate forms on which the claim shall be made. The assessor may verify all such destroyed property listed to ensure that the person made a correct statement. Any person who completes such a list and, with intent to defraud, includes property on the list that was not destroyed by a natural disaster shall, in addition to any other penalties provided by law, be assessed double the value of any property fraudulently listed. The list shall be filed by the assessor, after he or she has provided a copy of the list to the county collector and the board of equalization, in the office of the county clerk who, after entering the filing thereof, shall preserve and safely keep them. If the assessor, subsequent to such destruction, considers such property occupied as provided in subsection 2 of this section, the assessor shall consider such property new construction and improvements and shall assess such property accordingly as provided in subsection 1 of this section. For the purposes of this section, the term "natural disaster" means any disaster due to natural causes such as tornado, fire, flood, or earthquake.
- 10. Any political subdivision may recover the loss of revenue caused by subsection 9 of this section by adjusting the rate of taxation, to the extent previously authorized by the voters of such

- political subdivision, for the tax year immediately following the year of such destruction in an amount not to exceed the loss of revenue caused by this section."; and 1
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- Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references
- 5 accordingly.