SECOND REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 1921

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE HILL.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 288.036, 288.060, 288.122, and 288.330 as enacted by house bill no. 150, ninety-eighth general assembly, first regular session, sections 288.036 and 288.122 as enacted by house bill no. 1456, ninety-third general assembly, second regular session, section 288.060 as enacted by house bill no. 163, ninety-sixth general assembly, first regular session, and section 288.330 as enacted by house bill no. 1075, ninety-fifth general assembly, first regular session, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to employment security, with a delayed effective date for certain provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 288.036, 288.060, 288.122, and 288.330 as enacted by house bill no. 150, ninety-eighth general assembly, first regular session, sections 288.036 and 288.122 as enacted by house bill no. 1456, ninety-third general assembly, second regular session, section 288.060 as enacted by house bill no. 163, ninety-sixth general assembly, first regular session, and section 288.330 as enacted by house bill no. 1075, ninety-fifth general assembly, first regular session, are repealed and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 288.036, 288.060, 288.122, and 288.330, to read as follows:

[288.036. 1. "Wages" means all remuneration, payable or paid, for personal services including commissions and bonuses and, except as provided in subdivision (7) of this section, the eash value of all remuneration paid in any medium other than eash. Gratuities, including tips received from persons other than the employing unit, shall be considered wages only if required to be reported as wages pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 U.S.C. Section 3306, and shall be, for the purposes of this chapter, treated as having been paid by the employing unit. Severance pay shall be considered as wages to the extent

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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9	required pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 U.S.C. Section
10	3306(b). Vacation pay, termination pay, severance pay and holiday pay shall be
11	considered as wages for the week with respect to which it is payable. The total
12	amount of wages derived from severance pay, if paid to an insured in a lump
13	sum, shall be prorated on a weekly basis at the rate of pay received by the insured
14	at the time of termination for the purposes of determining unemployment benefits
15	eligibility. The term "wages" shall not include:
16	(1) The amount of any payment made (including any amount paid by an
17	employing unit for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such
18	payment) to, or on behalf of, an individual under a plan or system established by
19	an employing unit which makes provision generally for individuals performing
20	services for it or for a class or classes of such individuals, on account of:
21	(a) Sickness or accident disability, but in case of payments made to an
22	employee or any of the employee's dependents this paragraph shall exclude from
23	the term wages only payments which are received pursuant to a workers'
24	compensation law; or-
25	(b) Medical and hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or
26	accident disability; or
27	
28	(2) The amount of any payment on account of sickness or accident
29	disability, or medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or
30	accident disability, made by an employing unit to, or on behalf of, an individual
31	performing services for it after the expiration of six calendar months following
32	the last calendar month in which the individual performed services for such
33	employing unit;
34	(3) The amount of any payment made by an employing unit to, or on
35	behalf of, an individual performing services for it or his or her beneficiary:
36	(a) From or to a trust described in 26 U.S.C. Section 401(a) which is
37	exempt from tax pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 501(a) at the time of such
38	payment unless such payment is made to an employee of the trust as
39	remuneration for services rendered as such an employee and not as a beneficiary
40	of the trust; or
41	(b) Under or to an annuity plan which, at the time of such payments,
42	meets the requirements of Section 404(a)(2) of the Federal Internal Revenue
43	Code (26 U.S.C.A. Section 404);
44	(4) The amount of any payment made by an employing unit (without
45	deduction from the remuneration of the individual in employment) of the tax
46	imposed pursuant to Section 3101 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code (26
47	U.S.C.A. Section 3101) upon an individual with respect to remuneration paid to
48	an employee for domestic service in a private home or for agricultural labor;
49	(5) Remuneration paid in any medium other than cash to an individual
50	for services not in the course of the employing unit's trade or business;

(6) Remuneration paid in the form of meals provided to an individual in
 the service of an employing unit where such remuneration is furnished on the
 employer's premises and at the employer's convenience, except that remuneration
 in the form of meals that is considered wages and required to be reported as
 wages pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 U.S.C. Section 3306
 shall be reported as wages as required thereunder;

57 (7) For the purpose of determining wages paid for agricultural labor as
 58 defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of subsection 12 of section 288.034
 59 and for domestic service as defined in subsection 13 of section 288.034, only
 60 cash wages paid shall be considered;

- 61 (8) Beginning on October 1, 1996, any payment to, or on behalf of, an
 62 employee or the employee's beneficiary under a cafeteria plan, if such payment
 63 would not be treated as wages pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.
- 64 2. The increases or decreases to the state taxable wage base for the remainder of calendar year 2004 shall be eight thousand dollars, and the state 65 taxable wage base in calendar year 2005, and each calendar year thereafter, shall 66 be determined by the provisions within this subsection. On January 1, 2005, the 67 68 state taxable wage base for calendar year 2005, 2006, and 2007 shall be eleven 69 thousand dollars. The taxable wage base for calendar year 2008 shall be twelve 70 thousand dollars. The state taxable wage base for each calendar year thereafter 71 shall be determined by the average balance of the unemployment compensation trust fund of the four preceding calendar guarters (September thirtieth, June 72 73 thirtieth, March thirty-first, and December thirty-first of the preceding calendar year), less any outstanding federal Title XII advances received pursuant to section 74 75 288.330, less the principal, interest, and administrative expenses related to any eredit instrument issued under section 288.030, and less the principal, interest, 76 77 and administrative expenses related to any financial agreements under subdivision (17) of subsection 2 of section 288.330. When the average balance 78 79 of the unemployment compensation trust fund of the four preceding quarters 80 (September thirtieth, June thirtieth, March thirty-first, and December thirty-first of the preceding calendar year), as so determined is: 81

(1) Less than, or equal to, three hundred fifty million dollars, then the
 wage base shall increase by one thousand dollars; or-

- (2) Six hundred fifty million or more, then the state taxable wage base 84 for the subsequent calendar year shall be decreased by five hundred dollars. In 85 no event, however, shall the state taxable wage base increase beyond twelve 86 thousand five hundred dollars, or decrease to less than seven thousand dollars. 87 For calendar year 2009, the tax wage base shall be twelve thousand five hundred 88 89 dollars. For calendar year 2010 and each calendar year thereafter, in no event 90 shall the state taxable wage base increase beyond thirteen thousand dollars, or 91 decrease to less than seven thousand dollars.
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For any calendar year, the state taxable wage base shall not be reduced to less
 than that part of the remuneration which is subject to a tax under a federal law
 imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be
 paid into a state unemployment compensation trust fund. Nothing in this section
 shall be construed to prevent the wage base from increasing or decreasing by
 increments of five hundred dollars.]

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288.036. 1. "Wages" means all remuneration, payable or paid, for personal services including commissions and bonuses and, except as provided in subdivision (7) of this [section] 2 3 subsection, the cash value of all remuneration paid in any medium other than cash. Gratuities, including tips received from persons other than the employing unit, shall be considered wages 4 only if required to be reported as wages pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 5 U.S.C. Section [3306] 3301, et seq., as amended, and shall be, for the purposes of this chapter, 6 7 treated as having been paid by the employing unit. Severance pay shall be considered as wages to the extent required pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 U.S.C. Section 8 9 3306(b). Vacation pay, termination pay, severance pay, and holiday pay shall be considered as wages for the week with respect to which it is payable. The total amount of wages derived 10 from severance pay, if paid to an insured in a lump sum, shall be prorated on a weekly 11 12 basis at the rate of pay received by the insured at the time of termination for the purposes 13 of determining unemployment benefits eligibility. The term "wages" shall not include:

(1) The amount of any payment made (including any amount paid by an employing unit for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment) to, or on behalf of, an individual under a plan or system established by an employing unit which makes provision generally for individuals performing services for it or for a class or classes of such individuals, on account of:

(a) Sickness or accident disability, but in case of payments made to an employee or any
of the employee's dependents this paragraph shall exclude from the term wages only payments
which are received pursuant to a workers' compensation law; or

(b) Medical and hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accidentdisability; or

24 (c) Death;

(2) The amount of any payment on account of sickness or accident disability, or medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, made by an employing unit to, or on behalf of, an individual performing services for it after the expiration of six calendar months following the last calendar month in which the individual performed services for such employing unit;

30 (3) The amount of any payment made by an employing unit to, or on behalf of, an31 individual performing services for it or his or her beneficiary:

(a) From or to a trust described in 26 U.S.C. Section 401(a) which is exempt from tax
pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 501(a) at the time of such payment unless such payment is made
to an employee of the trust as remuneration for services rendered as such an employee and not
as a beneficiary of the trust;

(b) Under or to an annuity plan which, at the time of such payments, meets the
requirements of Section 404(a)(2) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C.A. Section
404);

(4) The amount of any payment made by an employing unit (without deduction from the
remuneration of the individual in employment) of the tax imposed pursuant to Section 3101 of
the Federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C.A. Section 3101) upon an individual with respect
to remuneration paid to an employee for domestic service in a private home or for agricultural
labor;

44 (5) Remuneration paid in any medium other than cash to an individual for services not 45 in the course of the employing unit's trade or business;

(6) Remuneration paid in the form of meals provided to an individual in the service of
an employing unit where such remuneration is furnished on the employer's premises and at the
employer's convenience, except that remuneration in the form of meals that is considered wages
and required to be reported as wages pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 U.S.C.
Section [3306] 3301, et seq., as amended, shall be reported as wages as required thereunder;

51 (7) For the purpose of determining wages paid for agricultural labor as defined in 52 paragraph [(b)] (a) of subdivision (1) of subsection 12 of section 288.034 and for domestic 53 service as defined in **subdivision (13) of** subsection [13] 12 of section 288.034, only cash wages 54 paid shall be considered;

(8) Beginning on October 1, 1996, any payment to, or on behalf of, an employee or the
employee's beneficiary under a cafeteria plan, if such payment would not be treated as wages
pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.

58 2. The increases or decreases to the state taxable wage base for the remainder of calendar 59 year 2004 shall be eight thousand dollars, and the state taxable wage base in calendar year 2005, 60 and each calendar year thereafter, shall be determined by the provisions within this subsection. 61 On January 1, 2005, the state taxable wage base for calendar year 2005, 2006, and 2007 shall be 62 eleven thousand dollars. The taxable wage base for calendar year 2008 shall be twelve thousand 63 dollars. The state taxable wage base for each calendar year thereafter shall be determined by the 64 average balance of the unemployment compensation trust fund of the four preceding calendar 65 quarters (September thirtieth, June thirtieth, March thirty-first, and December thirty-first of the

66 preceding calendar year), less any outstanding federal Title XII advances received pursuant to section 288.330, less the principal, interest, and administrative expenses related to any credit 67 68 instrument issued under section [288.030] 288.330, and less the principal, interest, and administrative expenses related to any financial agreements under subdivision (17) of subsection 69 70 2 of section 288.330. When the average balance of the unemployment compensation trust fund of the four preceding quarters (September thirtieth, June thirtieth, March thirty-first, and 71 72 December thirty-first of the preceding calendar year), as so determined is:

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(1) Less than, or equal to, three hundred fifty million dollars, then the wage base shall 74 increase by one thousand dollars; or

(2) Six hundred fifty million or more, then the state taxable wage base for the subsequent 75 calendar year shall be decreased by five hundred dollars. In no event, however, shall the state 76 taxable wage base increase beyond twelve thousand five hundred dollars, or decrease to less than 77 78 seven thousand dollars. For calendar year 2009, the tax wage base shall be twelve thousand five hundred dollars. For calendar year 2010 and each calendar year thereafter, in no event shall the 79 80 state taxable wage base increase beyond thirteen thousand dollars, or decrease to less than seven 81 thousand dollars.

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83 For any calendar year, the state taxable wage base shall not be reduced to less than that part of the remuneration which is subject to a tax under a federal law imposing a tax against which 84 85 credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment 86 compensation trust fund. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the wage base 87 from increasing or decreasing by increments of five hundred dollars.

[288.060. 1. All benefits shall be paid through employment offices in 2 accordance with such regulations as the division may prescribe. 3 2. Each eligible insured worker who is totally unemployed in any week 4 shall be paid for such week a sum equal to his or her weekly benefit amount. 5 3. Each eligible insured worker who is partially unemployed in any week 6 shall be paid for such week a partial benefit. Such partial benefit shall be an 7 amount equal to the difference between his or her weekly benefit amount and that 8 part of his or her wages for such week in excess of twenty dollars, and, if such 9 partial benefit amount is not a multiple of one dollar, such amount shall be 10 reduced to the nearest lower full dollar amount. For calendar year 2007 and each year thereafter, such partial benefit shall be an amount equal to the difference 11 between his or her weekly benefit amount and that part of his or her wages for 12 13 such week in excess of twenty dollars or twenty percent of his or her weekly 14 benefit amount, whichever is greater, and, if such partial benefit amount is not a 15 multiple of one dollar, such amount shall be reduced to the nearest lower full dollar amount. Pay received by an eligible insured worker who is a member of 16 17 the organized militia for training or duty authorized by Section 502(a)(1) of Title

18 32, United States Code, shall not be considered wages for the purpose of this
 19 subsection.

20 4. The division shall compute the wage credits for each individual by crediting him or her with the wages paid to him or her for insured work during 21 22 each quarter of his or her base period or twenty-six times his or her weekly benefit amount, whichever is the lesser. In addition, if a claimant receives wages 23 in the form of termination pay or severance pay and such payment appears in a 24 25 base period established by the filing of an initial claim, the elaimant may, at his or her option, choose to have such payment included in the calendar quarter in 26 27 which it was paid or choose to have it prorated equally among the quarters 28 comprising the base period of the claim. For the purpose of this section, wages shall be counted as wage credits for any benefit year, only if such benefit year 29 30 begins subsequent to the date on which the employing unit by whom such wages 31 were paid has become an employer. The wage credits of an individual earned during the period commencing with the end of a prior base period and ending on 32 the date on which he or she filed an allowed initial claim shall not be available 33 34 for benefit purposes in a subsequent benefit year unless, in addition thereto, such 35 individual has subsequently earned either wages for insured work in an amount 36 equal to at least five times his or her current weekly benefit amount or wages in 37 an amount equal to at least ten times his or her current weekly benefit amount. 38 5. The duration of benefits payable to any insured worker during any 39 benefit year shall be limited to: 40 (1) Twenty weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is nine 41 percent or higher; 42 (2) Nineteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is 43 between eight and one-half percent and nine percent;

44 (3) Eighteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is eight
 45 percent up to and including eight and one-half percent;

46 (4) Seventeen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is
 47 between seven and one-half percent and eight percent;

48 (5) Sixteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is seven
 49 percent up to and including seven and one-half percent;

50 (6) Fifteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is between
 51 six and one-half percent and seven percent;

52 (7) Fourteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is six
 53 percent up to and including six and one-half percent;

- 54 (8) Thirteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is below
 55 six percent.
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As used in this subsection, the phrase "Missouri average unemployment rate"
 means the average of the seasonally adjusted statewide unemployment rates as
 published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics,
 for the time periods of January first through March thirty-first and July first

through September thirtieth. The average of the seasonally adjusted statewide
 unemployment rates for the time period of January first through March thirty-first
 shall be effective on and after July first of each year and shall be effective
 through December thirty-first. The average of the seasonally adjusted statewide
 unemployment rates for the time period of July first through September thirtieth
 shall be effective on and after January first of each year and shall be effective
 unemployment rates for the time period of July first through September thirtieth
 shall be effective on and after January first of each year and shall be effective
 through June thirtieth; and

68 (9) The provisions of this subsection shall become effective January 1,
 69 2016.

6. In the event that benefits are due a deceased person and no petition has
 been filed for the probate of the will or for the administration of the estate of such
 person within thirty days after his or her death, the division may by regulation
 provide for the payment of such benefits to such person or persons as the division
 finds entitled thereto and every such payment shall be a valid payment to the
 same extent as if made to the legal representatives of the deceased.

76 7. The division is authorized to cancel any benefit warrant remaining
 77 outstanding and unpaid one year after the date of its issuance and there shall be
 78 no liability for the payment of any such benefit warrant thereafter.

79 8. The division may establish an electronic funds transfer system to 80 transfer directly to claimants' accounts in financial institutions benefits payable to them pursuant to this chapter. To receive benefits by electronic funds transfer, 81 a claimant shall satisfactorily complete a direct deposit application form 82 83 authorizing the division to deposit benefit payments into a designated checking or savings account. Any electronic funds transfer system created pursuant to this 84 85 subsection shall be administered in accordance with regulations prescribed by the division. 86

87 9. The division may issue a benefit warrant covering more than one week
 88 of benefits.

89 10. Prior to January 1, 2005, the division shall institute procedures 90 including, but not limited to, name, date of birth, and Social Security verification 91 matches for remote claims filing via the use of telephone or the internet in 92 accordance with such regulations as the division shall prescribe. At a minimum, 93 the division shall verify the Social Security number and date of birth when an individual claimant initially files for unemployment insurance benefits. If 94 verification information does not match what is on file in division databases to 95 96 what the individual is stating, the division shall require the claimant to submit a 97 division-approved form requesting an affidavit of eligibility prior to the payment of additional future benefits. The division of employment security shall 98 99 eross-check unemployment compensation applicants and recipients with Social Security Administration data maintained by the federal government at least 100 101 weekly. The division of employment security shall cross-check at least monthly unemployment compensation applicants and recipients with department of 102 revenue drivers license databases. 103

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288.060. 1. All benefits shall be paid through employment offices in accordance with 2 such regulations as the division may prescribe.

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2. Each eligible insured worker who is totally unemployed in any week shall be paid for 4 such week a sum equal to his or her weekly benefit amount.

5 3. Each eligible insured worker who is partially unemployed in any week shall be paid 6 for such week a partial benefit. Such partial benefit shall be an amount equal to the difference 7 between his or her weekly benefit amount and that part of his or her wages for such week in 8 excess of twenty dollars, and, if such partial benefit amount is not a multiple of one dollar, such 9 amount shall be reduced to the nearest lower full dollar amount. For calendar year 2007 and each year thereafter, such partial benefit shall be an amount equal to the difference between his 10 or her weekly benefit amount and that part of his or her wages for such week in excess of twenty 11 12 dollars or twenty percent of his or her weekly benefit amount, whichever is greater, and, if such partial benefit amount is not a multiple of one dollar, such amount shall be reduced to the nearest 13 14 lower full dollar amount. [Termination pay, severance pay or] Pay received by an eligible insured worker who is a member of the organized militia for training or duty authorized by 15 [Section 502(a)(1) of Title 32, United States Code,] 32 U.S.C. Section 502(a)(1) shall not be 16 considered wages for the purpose of this subsection. 17

18 4. The division shall compute the wage credits for each individual by crediting him or her with the wages paid to him or her for insured work during each quarter of his or her base 19 20 period or twenty-six times his or her weekly benefit amount, whichever is the lesser. In addition, 21 if a claimant receives wages in the form of termination pay or severance pay and such payment 22 appears in a base period established by the filing of an initial claim, the claimant may, at his or 23 her option, choose to have such payment included in the calendar quarter in which it was paid 24 or choose to have it prorated equally among the quarters comprising the base period of the claim. 25 [The maximum total amount of benefits payable to any insured worker during any benefit year 26 shall not exceed twenty times his or her weekly benefit amount, or thirty-three and one-third percent of his or her wage credits, whichever is the lesser.] For the purpose of this section, 27 wages shall be counted as wage credits for any benefit year, only if such benefit year begins 28 subsequent to the date on which the employing unit by whom such wages were paid has become 29 an employer. The wage credits of an individual earned during the period commencing with the 30 31 end of a prior base period and ending on the date on which he or she filed an allowed initial 32 claim shall not be available for benefit purposes in a subsequent benefit year unless, in addition 33 thereto, such individual has subsequently earned either wages for insured work in an amount 34 equal to at least five times his or her current weekly benefit amount or wages in an amount equal 35 to at least ten times his or her current weekly benefit amount.

5. (1) The duration of benefits payable to any insured worker during any benefit
 vear shall be limited to:

(a) Twenty weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is nine percent or
 higher;

40 (b) Nineteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is between eight and
41 one-half percent and nine percent;

42 (c) Eighteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is eight percent up 43 to and including eight and one-half percent;

44 (d) Seventeen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is between seven
 45 and one-half percent and eight percent;

46 (e) Sixteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is seven percent up
47 to and including seven and one-half percent;

48 (f) Fifteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is between six and 49 one-half percent and seven percent;

50 (g) Fourteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is six percent up to 51 and including six and one-half percent; and

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(h) Thirteen weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is below six percent.

53 (2) As used in this subsection, the phrase "Missouri average unemployment rate" 54 means the average of the seasonally adjusted statewide unemployment rates as published 55 by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, for the time periods of January first through March thirty-first and July first through September thirtieth. 56 The average of the seasonally adjusted statewide unemployment rates for the time period 57 58 of January first through March thirty-first shall be effective on and after July first of each 59 year and shall be effective through December thirty-first. The average of the seasonally adjusted statewide unemployment rates for the time period of July first through September 60 61 thirtieth shall be effective on and after January first of each year and shall be effective 62 through June thirtieth.

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(3) The provisions of this subsection shall become effective on January 1, 2021.

64 **6.** In the event that benefits are due a deceased person and no petition has been filed for 65 the probate of the will or for the administration of the estate of such person within thirty days 66 after his or her death, the division may by regulation provide for the payment of such benefits 67 to such person or persons as the division finds entitled thereto and every such payment shall be 68 a valid payment to the same extent as if made to the legal representatives of the deceased.

69 [6.] 7. The division is authorized to cancel any benefit warrant remaining outstanding
70 and unpaid one year after the date of its issuance and there shall be no liability for the payment
71 of any such benefit warrant thereafter.

72 [7.] 8. The division may establish an electronic funds transfer system to transfer directly 73 to claimants' accounts in financial institutions benefits payable to them pursuant to this chapter. 74 To receive benefits by electronic funds transfer, a claimant shall satisfactorily complete a direct 75 deposit application form authorizing the division to deposit benefit payments into a designated 76 checking or savings account. Any electronic funds transfer system created pursuant to this 77 subsection shall be administered in accordance with regulations prescribed by the division.

78 [8.] 9. The division may issue a benefit warrant covering more than one week of 79 benefits.

80 [9.] 10. Prior to January 1, 2005, the division shall institute procedures including, but not limited to, name, date of birth, and Social Security verification matches for remote claims 81 82 filing via the use of telephone or the internet in accordance with such regulations as the division shall prescribe. At a minimum, the division shall verify the Social Security number and date of 83 84 birth when an individual claimant initially files for unemployment insurance benefits. If 85 verification information does not match what is on file in division databases to what the 86 individual is stating, the division shall require the claimant to submit a division-approved form requesting an affidavit of eligibility prior to the payment of additional future benefits. The 87 division of employment security shall cross-check unemployment compensation applicants and 88 89 recipients with Social Security Administration data maintained by the federal government at least 90 weekly. The division of employment security shall cross-check at least monthly unemployment 91 compensation applicants and recipients with department of revenue drivers license databases.

[288.122. On October first of each calendar year, if the average balance, less any federal advances, of the unemployment compensation trust fund of the four preceding quarters (September thirtieth, June thirtieth, March thirty-first and December thirty-first of the preceding calendar year) is more than seven hundred twenty million dollars, then each employer's contribution rate calculated for the four calendar quarters of the succeeding calendar year shall be decreased by the percentage determined from the following table:

8 Balance in Trust Fund 9 More Than Equal to or Less Than Percentage of Decrease 10 \$720,000,000 \$870,000,000 7% 11 \$870,000,000 12%.

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Notwithstanding the table in this section, if the balance in the unemployment
 insurance compensation trust fund as calculated in this section is more than eight
 hundred seventy million dollars, the percentage of decrease of the employer's
 contribution rate calculated for the four calendar quarters of the succeeding
 ealendar year shall be no greater than ten percent for any employer whose
 calculated contribution rate under section 288.120 is six percent or greater.]

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288.122. On October first of each calendar year, if the average balance, less any federal
advances, of the unemployment compensation trust fund of the four preceding quarters
(September thirtieth, June thirtieth, March thirty-first and December thirty-first of the preceding
calendar year) is more than [six] seven hundred twenty million dollars, then each employer's
contribution rate calculated for the four calendar quarters of the succeeding calendar year shall
be decreased by the percentage determined from the following table:
Balance in Trust Fund

8	More Than	Equal to or Less Than	Percentage of Decrease
9	[\$600,000,000] \$720,000,000	[\$750,000,000] \$870,000,000	7%
10	[\$750,000,000] \$870,000,000		12%.

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Notwithstanding the table in this section, if the balance in the unemployment insurance compensation trust fund as calculated in this section is more than [seven] eight hundred [fifty] seventy million dollars, the percentage of decrease of the employer's contribution rate calculated for the four calendar quarters of the succeeding calendar year shall be no greater than ten percent for any employer whose calculated contribution rate under section 288.120 is six percent or greater.

[288.330. 1. Benefits shall be deemed to be due and payable only to the extent that moneys are available to the credit of the unemployment compensation fund and neither the state nor the division shall be liable for any amount in excess of such sums. The governor is authorized to apply for an advance to the state unemployment fund and to accept the responsibility for the repayment of such advance in order to secure to this state and its citizens the advantages available under the provisions of federal law.

8 2. (1) The purpose of this subsection is to provide a method of providing
 9 funds for the payment of unemployment benefits or maintaining an adequate fund
 10 balance in the unemployment compensation fund, and as an alternative to
 11 borrowing or obtaining advances from the federal unemployment trust fund or for
 12 refinancing those loans or advances.

(2) For the purposes of this subsection, "credit instrument" means any
 type of borrowing obligation issued under this section, including any bonds,
 commercial line of credit note, tax anticipation note or similar instrument.

16 (3) (a) There is hereby created for the purposes of implementing the provisions of this subsection a body corporate and politic to be known as the 17 18 "Board of Unemployment Fund Financing". The powers of the board shall be vested in five board members who shall be the governor, lieutenant governor, 19 attorney general, director of the department of labor and industrial relations, and 20 21 the commissioner of administration. The board shall have all powers necessary 22 to effectuate its purposes including, without limitation, the power to provide a 23 seal, keep records of its proceedings, and provide for professional services. The 24 governor shall serve as chair, the lieutenant governor shall serve as vice chair,

25	and the commissioner of administration shall serve as secretary. Staff support for
26	the board shall be provided by the commissioner of administration.
27 -	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary:
28 -	a. No officer or employee of this state shall be deemed to have forfeited
29	or shall forfeit his or her office or employment by reason of his or her acceptance
30	of an appointment as a board member or for his or her service to the board;
31 -	b. Board members shall receive no compensation for the performance of
32	their duties under this subsection, but each commissioner shall be reimbursed
33	from the funds of the commission for his or her actual and necessary expenses
34	incurred in carrying out his or her official duties under this subsection.
35 -	(c) In the event that any of the board members or officers of the board
36	whose signatures or facsimile signatures appear on any credit instrument shall
37	ecase to be board members or officers before the delivery of such credit
38	instrument, their signatures or facsimile signatures shall be valid and sufficient
39	for all purposes as if such board members or officers had remained in office until
40	delivery of such credit instrument.
41 -	(d) Neither the board members executing the credit instruments of the
42	board nor any other board members shall be subject to any personal liability or
43	accountability by reason of the issuance of the credit instruments.
44 -	(4) The board is authorized, by offering for public negotiated sale, to
45	issue, sell, and deliver credit instruments, bearing interest at a fixed or variable
46	rate as shall be determined by the board, which shall mature no later than ten
47	years after issuance, in the name of the board in an amount determined by the
48	board. Such credit instruments may be issued, sold, and delivered for the
49	purposes set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection. Such credit instrument
50	may only be issued upon the approval of a resolution authorizing such issuance
51	by a simple majority of the members of the board, with no other proceedings
52	required.
53 -	(5) The board shall provide for the payment of the principal of the credit
54	instruments, any redemption premiums, the interest on the credit instruments, and
55	the costs attributable to the credit instruments being issued or outstanding as
56	provided in this chapter. Unless the board directs otherwise, the credit instrument
57	shall be repaid in the same time frame and in the same amounts as would be
58	required for loans issued pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 1321; however, in no case
59	shall credit instruments be outstanding for more than ten years.
60 -	(6) The board may irrevocably pledge money received from the credit
61	instrument and financing agreement repayment surcharge under subsection 3 of
62	section 288.128, and other money legally available to it, which is deposited in an
63	account authorized for credit instrument repayment in the special employment
64	security fund, provided that the general assembly has first appropriated moneys
65	received from such surcharge and other moneys deposited in such account for the
66	payment of credit instruments.
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67 (7) Credit instruments issued under this section shall not constitute debts 68 of this state or of the board or any agency, political corporation, or political 69 subdivision of this state and are not a pledge of the faith and credit of this state, the board or of any of those governmental entities and shall not constitute an 70 71 indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory limitation 72 upon the incurring of indebtedness. The credit instruments are payable only from 73 revenue provided for under this chapter. The credit instruments shall contain a 74 statement to the effect that: 75 (a) Neither the state nor the board nor any agency, political corporation, 76 or political subdivision of the state shall be obligated to pay the principal or 77 interest on the credit instruments except as provided by this section; and (b) Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state nor 78 79 the board nor any agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of the 80 state is pledged to the payment of the principal, premium, if any, or interest on the credit instruments. 81 82 (8) The board pledges and agrees with the owners of any credit 83 instruments issued under this section that the state will not limit or alter the rights 84 vested in the board to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with the owners 85 or in any way impair the rights and remedies of the owners until the credit instruments are fully discharged. 86 87 (9) The board may prescribe the form, details, and incidents of the credit instruments and make such covenants that in its judgment are advisable or 88 necessary to properly secure the payment thereof. If such credit instruments shall 89 be authenticated by the bank or trust company acting as registrar for such by the 90 91 manual signature of a duly authorized officer or employee thereof, the duly authorized officers of the board executing and attesting such credit instruments 92 93 may all do so by facsimile signature provided such signatures have been duly filed as provided in the uniform facsimile signature of public officials law, 94 sections 105.273 to 105.278, when duly authorized by resolution of the board, 95 96 and the provisions of section 108.175 shall not apply to such credit instruments. 97 The board may provide for the flow of funds and the establishment and 98 maintenance of separate accounts within the special employment security fund, 99 including the interest and sinking account, the reserve account, and other necessary accounts, and may make additional covenants with respect to the credit 100 instruments in the documents authorizing the issuance of credit instruments 101 102 including refunding credit instruments. The resolutions authorizing the issuance 103 of credit instruments may also prohibit the further issuance of credit instruments or other obligations payable from appropriated moneys or may reserve the right 104 105 to issue additional credit instruments to be payable from appropriated moneys on 106 a parity with or subordinate to the lien and pledge in support of the credit 107 instruments being issued and may contain other provisions and covenants as determined by the board, provided that any terms, provisions or covenants 108

provided in any resolution of the board shall not be inconsistent with the
 provisions of this section.

(10) The board may issue credit instruments to refund all or any part of
 the outstanding credit instruments issued under this section including matured but
 unpaid interest. As with other credit instruments issued under this section, such
 refunding credit instruments may bear interest at a fixed or variable rate as
 determined by the board.

(11) The credit instruments issued by the board, any transaction relating
 to the credit instruments, and profits made from the sale of the credit instruments
 are free from taxation by the state or by any municipality, court, special district,
 or other political subdivision of the state.

120 (12) As determined necessary by the board the proceeds of the credit 121 instruments less the cost of issuance shall be placed in the state's unemployment 122 compensation fund and may be used for the purposes for which that fund may otherwise be used. If those net proceeds are not placed immediately in the 123 unemployment compensation fund they shall be held in the special employment 124 security fund in an account designated for that purpose until they are transferred 125 126 to the unemployment compensation fund provided that the proceeds of refunding eredit instruments may be placed in an escrow account or such other account or 127 128 instrument as determined necessary by the board.

(13) The board may enter into any contract or agreement deemed 129 necessary or desirable to effectuate cost-effective financing hereunder. Such 130 131 agreements may include credit enhancement, credit support, or interest rate agreements including, but not limited to, arrangements such as municipal bond 132 133 insurance; surety bonds; tax anticipation notes; liquidity facilities; forward agreements; tender agreements; remarketing agreements; option agreements; 134 135 interest rate swap, exchange, cap, lock or floor agreements; letters of credit; and purchase agreements. Any fees or costs associated with such agreements shall 136 be deemed administrative expenses for the purposes of calculating the credit 137 138 instrument and financing agreement repayment surcharge under subsection 3 of 139 section 288.128. The board, with consideration of all other costs being equal, 140shall give preference to Missouri-headquartered financial institutions, or those 141 out-of-state-based financial institutions with at least one hundred Missouri 142 employees.

(14) To the extent this section conflicts with other laws the provisions of
 this section prevail. This section shall not be subject to the provisions of sections
 23.250 to 23.298.

(15) If the United States Secretary of Labor holds that a provision of this
 subsection or of any provision related to the levy or use of the credit instrument
 and financial agreement repayment surcharge does not conform with a federal
 statute or would result in the loss to the state of any federal funds otherwise
 available to it the board, in cooperation with the department of labor and
 industrial relations, may administer this subsection, and other provisions related

152to the credit instrument and financial agreement repayment surcharge, to conform153with the federal statute until the general assembly meets in its next regular154session and has an opportunity to amend this subsection or other sections, as155applicable.

(16) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the officials of
 the state from borrowing from the government of the United States in order to
 pay unemployment benefits under subsection 1 of this section or otherwise.

(17) (a) As used in this subdivision the term "lender" means any state or
 national bank.

161 (b) The board is authorized to enter financial agreements with any lender 162 for the purposes set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection, or to refinance other financial agreements in whole or in part, upon the approval of the simple 163 majority of the members of the board of a resolution authorizing such financial 164 165 agreements, with no other proceedings required. In no instance shall the outstanding obligation under any financial agreement continue for more than ten 166 years. Repayment of obligations to lenders shall be made from the special 167 employment security fund, section 288.310, subject to appropriation by the 168 169 general assembly.

170 (c) Financial agreements entered into under this subdivision shall not 171 constitute debts of this state or of the board or any agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of this state and are not a pledge of the faith and credit of 172 this state, the board or of any of those governmental entities and shall not 173 174 constitute an indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory limitation upon the incurring of indebtedness. The financial agreements are 175 176 payable only from revenue provided for under this chapter. The financial agreements shall contain a statement to the effect that: 177

a. Neither the state nor the board nor any agency, political corporation,
 or political subdivision of the state shall be obligated to pay the principal or
 interest on the financial agreements except as provided by this section; and

b. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state nor
 the board nor any agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of the
 state is pledged to the payment of the principal, premium, if any, or interest on
 the financial agreements.

(d) Neither the board members executing the financial agreements nor
 any other board members shall be subject to any personal liability or
 accountability by reason of the execution of such financial agreements.

(c) The board may prescribe the form, details and incidents of the
 financing agreements and make such covenants that in its judgment are advisable
 or necessary to properly secure the payment thereof provided that any terms,
 provisions or covenants provided in any such financing agreement shall not be
 inconsistent with the provisions of this section. If such financing agreements
 shall be authenticated by the bank or trust company acting as registrar for such
 by the manual signature of a duly authorized officer or employee thereof, the duly

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195authorized officers of the board executing and attesting such financing196agreements may all do so by facsimile signature provided such signatures have197been duly filed as provided in the uniform facsimile signature of public officials198law, sections 105.273 to 105.278, when duly authorized by resolution of the199board and the provisions of section 108.175 shall not apply to such financing200agreements.

(18) The commission may issue credit instruments to refund all or any
 part of the outstanding borrowing issued under this section including matured but
 unpaid interest.

(19) The credit instruments issued by the commission, any transaction
 relating to the credit instruments, and profits made from the issuance of credit are
 free from taxation by the state or by any municipality, court, special district, or
 other political subdivision of the state.

2083. In event of the suspension of this law, any unobligated funds in the209unemployment compensation fund, and returned by the United States Treasurer210because such Federal Social Security Act is inoperative, shall be held in custody211by the treasurer and under supervision of the division until the legislature shall212provide for the disposition thereof. In event no disposition is made by the213legislature at the next regular meeting subsequent to suspension of said law, then214all unobligated funds shall be returned ratably to those who contributed thereto.

4. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, in the event that the
 amount of moneys owed by the fund for total advancements by the federal
 government exceeds three hundred million dollars, the board shall be required to
 meet to consider authorizing the issuance, sale, and delivery of credit instruments
 pursuant to this section for the entire amount of the debt owed.

5. If credit instruments are issued under subsection 4 of this section, the
 interest assessment required under section 288.128 shall continue to be paid and
 used to fully finance such instruments and shall be paid at the same rate
 applicable at the time of issuance for all subsequent years until the credit
 instruments are fully financed.]

288.330. 1. Benefits shall be deemed to be due and payable only to the extent that moneys are available to the credit of the unemployment compensation fund and neither the state nor the division shall be liable for any amount in excess of such sums. The governor is authorized to apply for an advance to the state unemployment fund and to accept the responsibility for the repayment of such advance in order to secure to this state and its citizens the advantages available under the provisions of federal law.

7 2. (1) The purpose of this subsection is to provide a method of providing funds for the 8 payment of unemployment benefits or maintaining an adequate fund balance in the 9 unemployment compensation fund, and as an alternative to borrowing or obtaining advances 10 from the federal unemployment trust fund or for refinancing those loans or advances.

(2) For the purposes of this subsection, "credit instrument" means any type of borrowing
obligation issued under this section, including any bonds, commercial line of credit note, tax
anticipation note or similar instrument.

- 14 (3) (a) There is hereby created for the purposes of implementing the provisions of this 15 subsection a body corporate and politic to be known as the "Board of Unemployment Fund Financing". The powers of the board shall be vested in five board members who shall be the 16 governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, director of the department of labor and industrial 17 18 relations, and the commissioner of administration. The board shall have all powers necessary 19 to effectuate its purposes including, without limitation, the power to provide a seal, keep records 20 of its proceedings, and provide for professional services. The governor shall serve as chair, the 21 lieutenant governor shall serve as vice chair, and the commissioner of administration shall serve 22 as secretary. Staff support for the board shall be provided by the commissioner of 23 administration.
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(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary:

a. No officer or employee of this state shall be deemed to have forfeited or shall forfeit
his or her office or employment by reason of his or her acceptance of an appointment as a board
member or for his or her service to the board;

b. Board members shall receive no compensation for the performance of their duties under this subsection, but each commissioner shall be reimbursed from the funds of the commission for his or her actual and necessary expenses incurred in carrying out his or her official duties under this subsection.

32 (c) In the event that any of the board members or officers of the board whose signatures 33 or facsimile signatures appear on any credit instrument shall cease to be board members or 34 officers before the delivery of such credit instrument, their signatures or facsimile signatures 35 shall be valid and sufficient for all purposes as if such board members or officers had remained 36 in office until delivery of such credit instrument.

37 (d) Neither the board members executing the credit instruments of the board nor any
38 other board members shall be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the
39 issuance of the credit instruments.

40 (4) The board is authorized, by offering for public negotiated sale, to issue, sell, and 41 deliver credit instruments, bearing interest at a fixed or variable rate as shall be determined by 42 the board, which shall mature no later than ten years after issuance, in the name of the board in 43 an amount determined by the board. Such credit instruments may be issued, sold, and delivered 44 for the purposes set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection. Such credit instrument may only 45 be issued upon the approval of a resolution authorizing such issuance by a simple majority of the 46 members of the board, with no other proceedings required.

47 (5) The board shall provide for the payment of the principal of the credit instruments, 48 any redemption premiums, the interest on the credit instruments, and the costs attributable to the 49 credit instruments being issued or outstanding as provided in this chapter. Unless the board 50 directs otherwise, the credit instrument shall be repaid in the same time frame and in the same 51 amounts as would be required for loans issued pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 1321; however, in 52 no case shall credit instruments be outstanding for more than ten years.

6) The board may irrevocably pledge money received from the credit instrument and financing agreement repayment surcharge under subsection 3 of section 288.128, and other money legally available to it, which is deposited in an account authorized for credit instrument repayment in the special employment security fund, provided that the general assembly has first appropriated moneys received from such surcharge and other moneys deposited in such account for the payment of credit instruments.

59 (7) Credit instruments issued under this section shall not constitute debts of this state or 60 of the board or any agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of this state and are not 61 a pledge of the faith and credit of this state, the board or of any of those governmental entities 62 and shall not constitute an indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory 63 limitation upon the incurring of indebtedness. The credit instruments are payable only from 64 revenue provided for under this chapter. The credit instruments shall contain a statement to the 65 effect that:

(a) Neither the state nor the board nor any agency, political corporation, or political
subdivision of the state shall be obligated to pay the principal or interest on the credit instruments
except as provided by this section; and

(b) Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state nor the board nor
any agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of the state is pledged to the payment
of the principal, premium, if any, or interest on the credit instruments.

(8) The board pledges and agrees with the owners of any credit instruments issued under this section that the state will not limit or alter the rights vested in the board to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with the owners or in any way impair the rights and remedies of the owners until the credit instruments are fully discharged.

(9) The board may prescribe the form, details, and incidents of the credit instruments and make such covenants that in its judgment are advisable or necessary to properly secure the payment thereof. If such credit instruments shall be authenticated by the bank or trust company acting as registrar for such by the manual signature of a duly authorized officer or employee thereof, the duly authorized officers of the board executing and attesting such credit instruments may all do so by facsimile signature provided such signatures have been duly filed as provided in the uniform facsimile signature of public officials law, sections 105.273 to 105.278, when

83 duly authorized by resolution of the board, and the provisions of section 108.175 shall not apply 84 to such credit instruments. The board may provide for the flow of funds and the establishment 85 and maintenance of separate accounts within the special employment security fund, including 86 the interest and sinking account, the reserve account, and other necessary accounts, and may 87 make additional covenants with respect to the credit instruments in the documents authorizing 88 the issuance of credit instruments including refunding credit instruments. The resolutions 89 authorizing the issuance of credit instruments may also prohibit the further issuance of credit 90 instruments or other obligations payable from appropriated moneys or may reserve the right to 91 issue additional credit instruments to be payable from appropriated moneys on a parity with or 92 subordinate to the lien and pledge in support of the credit instruments being issued and may 93 contain other provisions and covenants as determined by the board, provided that any terms, 94 provisions or covenants provided in any resolution of the board shall not be inconsistent with the 95 provisions of this section.

96 (10) The board may issue credit instruments to refund all or any part of the outstanding
97 credit instruments issued under this section including matured but unpaid interest. As with other
98 credit instruments issued under this section, such refunding credit instruments may bear interest
99 at a fixed or variable rate as determined by the board.

(11) The credit instruments issued by the board, any transaction relating to the credit
instruments, and profits made from the sale of the credit instruments are free from taxation by
the state or by any municipality, court, special district, or other political subdivision of the state.

103 (12) As determined necessary by the board the proceeds of the credit instruments less 104 the cost of issuance shall be placed in the state's unemployment compensation fund and may be used for the purposes for which that fund may otherwise be used. If those net proceeds are not 105 106 placed immediately in the unemployment compensation fund they shall be held in the special 107 employment security fund in an account designated for that purpose until they are transferred to 108 the unemployment compensation fund provided that the proceeds of refunding credit instruments 109 may be placed in an escrow account or such other account or instrument as determined necessary 110 by the board.

111 (13) The board may enter into any contract or agreement deemed necessary or desirable to effectuate cost-effective financing hereunder. 112 Such agreements may include credit 113 enhancement, credit support, or interest rate agreements including, but not limited to, 114 arrangements such as municipal bond insurance; surety bonds; tax anticipation notes; liquidity 115 facilities; forward agreements; tender agreements; remarketing agreements; option agreements; interest rate swap, exchange, cap, lock or floor agreements; letters of credit; and purchase 116 117 agreements. Any fees or costs associated with such agreements shall be deemed administrative 118 expenses for the purposes of calculating the credit instrument and financing agreement

119 repayment surcharge under subsection 3 of section 288.128. The board, with consideration of

- 120 all other costs being equal, shall give preference to Missouri-headquartered financial institutions,
- 121 or those out-of-state-based financial institutions with at least one hundred Missouri employees.
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(14) To the extent this section conflicts with other laws the provisions of this section 123 prevail. This section shall not be subject to the provisions of sections 23.250 to 23.298.

124 (15) If the United States Secretary of Labor holds that a provision of this subsection or 125 of any provision related to the levy or use of the credit instrument and financial agreement 126 repayment surcharge does not conform with a federal statute or would result in the loss to the 127 state of any federal funds otherwise available to it the board, in cooperation with the department 128 of labor and industrial relations, may administer this subsection, and other provisions related to 129 the credit instrument and financial agreement repayment surcharge, to conform with the federal 130 statute until the general assembly meets in its next regular session and has an opportunity to 131 amend this subsection or other sections, as applicable.

132 (16) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the officials of the state from 133 borrowing from the government of the United States in order to pay unemployment benefits 134 under subsection 1 of this section or otherwise.

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(17) (a) As used in this subdivision the term "lender" means any state or national bank. 136 (b) The board is authorized to enter financial agreements with any lender for the 137 purposes set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection, or to refinance other financial agreements 138 in whole or in part, upon the approval of the simple majority of the members of the board of a 139 resolution authorizing such financial agreements, with no other proceedings required. In no 140 instance shall the outstanding obligation under any financial agreement continue for more than 141 ten years. Repayment of obligations to lenders shall be made from the special employment 142 security fund, section 288.310, subject to appropriation by the general assembly.

143 (c) Financial agreements entered into under this subdivision shall not constitute debts 144 of this state or of the board or any agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of this 145 state and are not a pledge of the faith and credit of this state, the board or of any of those 146 governmental entities and shall not constitute an indebtedness within the meaning of any 147 constitutional or statutory limitation upon the incurring of indebtedness. The financial 148 agreements are payable only from revenue provided for under this chapter. The financial 149 agreements shall contain a statement to the effect that:

150 a. Neither the state nor the board nor any agency, political corporation, or political 151 subdivision of the state shall be obligated to pay the principal or interest on the financial 152 agreements except as provided by this section; and

b. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state nor the board nor any
agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of the state is pledged to the payment of
the principal, premium, if any, or interest on the financial agreements.

(d) Neither the board members executing the financial agreements nor any other board
members shall be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the execution
of such financial agreements.

159 (e) The board may prescribe the form, details and incidents of the financing agreements 160 and make such covenants that in its judgment are advisable or necessary to properly secure the 161 payment thereof provided that any terms, provisions or covenants provided in any such financing 162 agreement shall not be inconsistent with the provisions of this section. If such financing 163 agreements shall be authenticated by the bank or trust company acting as registrar for such by 164 the manual signature of a duly authorized officer or employee thereof, the duly authorized 165 officers of the board executing and attesting such financing agreements may all do so by 166 facsimile signature provided such signatures have been duly filed as provided in the uniform facsimile signature of public officials law, sections 105.273 to 105.278, when duly authorized 167 168 by resolution of the board and the provisions of section 108.175 shall not apply to such financing 169 agreements.

170 (18) The commission may issue credit instruments to refund all or any part of the 171 outstanding borrowing issued under this section including matured but unpaid interest.

172 (19) The credit instruments issued by the commission, any transaction relating to the 173 credit instruments, and profits made from the issuance of credit are free from taxation by the 174 state or by any municipality, court, special district, or other political subdivision of the state.

3. In event of the suspension of this law, any unobligated funds in the unemployment compensation fund, and returned by the United States Treasurer because such Federal Social Security Act is inoperative, shall be held in custody by the treasurer and under supervision of the division until the legislature shall provide for the disposition thereof. In event no disposition is made by the legislature at the next regular meeting subsequent to suspension of said law, then all unobligated funds shall be returned ratably to those who contributed thereto.

181 4. [For purposes of this section, as contained in senate substitute no. 2 for senate 182 committee substitute for house substitute for house committee substitute for house bill nos. 1268 183 and 1211, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, the revisor of statutes shall 184 renumber subdivision (16) of subsection 2 of such section as subdivision (17) of such subsection 185 and renumber subdivision (17) of subsection 2 of such section as subdivision (16) of such 186 subsection] Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, in the event that the amount of 187 moneys owed by the fund for total advancements by the federal government exceeds three 188 hundred million dollars, the board shall be required to meet to consider authorizing the

189 issuance, sale, and delivery of credit instruments in accordance with this section for the

- 190 entire amount of the debt owed.
- 191 5. If credit instruments are issued under subsection 4 of this section, the interest
- 192 assessment required under section 288.128 shall continue to be paid and used to fully
- 193 finance such instruments and shall be paid at the same rate applicable at the time of
- 194 issuance for all subsequent years until the credit instruments are fully financed.

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