SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 1540

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Education, May 11, 2020, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 115.646, 160.263, 160.400, 160.410, 160.415, 162.720, 162.974, 163.024, 166.400, 166.410, 166.415, 166.420, 166.425, 166.435, 166.440, 166.456, 167.171, 167.263, 167.268, 167.645, 168.205, and 174.453, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twenty-eight new sections relating to education, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 115.646, 160.263, 160.400, 160.410, 160.415, 162.720,

- 2 162.974, 163.024, 166.400, 166.410, 166.415, 166.420, 166.425, 166.435, 166.440,
- 3 166.456, 167.171, 167.263, 167.268, 167.645, 168.205, and 174.453, RSMo, are
- 4 repealed and twenty-eight new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as
- sections 115.646, 160.263, 160.400, 160.410, 160.415, 162.686, 162.720, 162.974,
- 6 162.1255, 163.024, 166.400, 166.410, 166.415, 166.420, 166.425, 166.435, 166.440,
- 7 166.456, 167.171, 167.263, 167.268, 167.645, 167.730, 167.790, 168.205, 174.281,
- 8 174.290, and 174.453, to read as follows:

115.646. No contribution or expenditure of public funds shall be made

- 2 directly by any officer, employee or agent of any political subdivision, including
- 3 school districts and charter schools, to advocate, support, or oppose the
- 4 passage or defeat of any ballot measure or the nomination or election of
- 5 a candidate for public office, or to direct any public funds to, or pay any
- 6 debts or obligations of, any committee supporting or opposing such
- 7 ballot measures or candidates. This section shall not be construed to prohibit
- 8 any public official of a political subdivision, including school districts and
- 9 charter schools, from making public appearances or from issuing press releases

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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10 concerning any such ballot measure. Any purposeful violation of this 11 section shall be punished as a class four election offense.

160.263. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Mechanical restraint", the use of any device or equipment to 3 restrict a student's freedom of movement. "Mechanical restraint" shall 4 not include devices implemented by trained personnel or used by a 5 student with a prescription for such devices from an appropriate 6 medical or related services professional and that are used for specific 7 and approved purposes for which such devices were designed, such as 8 the following:
- 9 (a) Adaptive devices or mechanical supports used to achieve 10 proper body position, balance, or alignment to allow greater freedom 11 of mobility than would be possible without the use of such devices or 12 mechanical supports;
- 13 **(b)** Vehicle safety restraints when used as intended during the 14 transport of a student in a moving vehicle;
 - (c) Restraints for medical immobilization; or
- (d) Orthopedically prescribed devices that permit a student toparticipate in activities without risk;
- (2) "Physical restraint", a personal restriction such as person-toperson physical contact that immobilizes, reduces, or restricts the ability of a student to move the student's torso, arms, legs, or head freely. "Physical restraint" shall not include:
 - (a) A physical escort, which is a temporary touching or holding of the hand, wrist, arm, shoulder, or back for the purpose of inducing a student to walk to a safe location;
 - (b) Comforting or calming a student;
- 26 (c) Holding a student's hand to transport the student for safety 27 purposes;
 - (d) Intervening in a fight; or
- 29 (e) Using an assistive or protective device prescribed by an 30 appropriately trained professional or professional team;
- 31 (3) "Restraint" includes, but is not limited to, mechanical 32 restraint or physical restraint;
- 33 (4) "Seclusion", the involuntary confinement of a student alone 34 in a room or area that the student is physically prevented from leaving 35 and that complies with the building code in effect in the school

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- district. "Seclusion" shall not include the following:
- 37 (a) A timeout, which is a behavior management technique that is part of an approved program, involves the monitored separation of the student in a nonlocked setting, and is implemented for the purpose 40 of calming;
- (b) In-school suspension; 41
 - (c) Detention; or
 - (d) Other appropriate disciplinary measures.
- 44 2. The school discipline policy under section 160.261 shall [prohibit] reserve confining a student in [an unattended, locked space except] seclusion 45 46 for [an emergency situation while awaiting the arrival of law enforcement personnel situations or conditions in which there is imminent danger 47 48 of physical harm to self or others.
- [2.] 3. (1) By July 1, 2011, the local board of education of each school 49 50 district shall adopt a written policy that comprehensively addresses the use of restrictive behavioral interventions as a form of discipline or behavior management technique. The policy shall be consistent with professionally 52accepted practices and standards of student discipline, behavior management, 53 health and safety, including the safe schools act. The policy shall include but not 54 be limited to: 55
 - [(1)] (a) Definitions of restraint, seclusion, and time-out and any other terminology necessary to describe the continuum of restrictive behavioral interventions available for use or prohibited in the district, consistent with the provisions of this section;
- 60 [(2)] **(b)** Description of circumstances under which a restrictive 61 behavioral intervention is allowed and prohibited, consistent with the 62 provisions of this section, and any unique application requirements for specific groups of students such as differences based on age, disability, or 63 environment in which the educational services are provided; 64
- 65 [(3)] (c) Specific implementation requirements associated with a restrictive behavioral intervention such as time limits, facility specifications, 66 67 training requirements or supervision requirements; and
- [(4)] (d) Documentation, notice and permission requirements associated 68 with use of a restrictive behavioral intervention. 69
- 70 (2) Before July 1, 2021, each written policy adopted under this subsection shall be updated to state that the school district, charter

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- school, or publicly contracted private provider will reserve restraint or seclusion for situations or conditions in which there is imminent danger of physical harm to self or others.
 - 4. Before July 1, 2021, each school district, charter school, and publicly contracted private provider shall ensure that the policy adopted under subsection 3 of this section requires the following:
- (1) Any student placed in seclusion or restraint shall be removed from such seclusion or restraint as soon as the school district, charter school, or publicly contracted private provider determines that the student is no longer an imminent danger of physical harm to self or others;
 - (2) All school district, charter school, and publicly contracted private provider personnel shall annually review the policy and procedures involving the use of seclusion and restraint. Personnel who use seclusion or restraint shall annually complete mandatory training in the specific seclusion and restraint techniques the school district, charter school, or publicly contracted private provider uses under this section;
 - (3) (a) Each time seclusion or restraint is used for a student, the incident shall be monitored by a member of the school district, charter school, or publicly contracted private provider personnel, and a report shall be completed by the school district, charter school, or publicly contracted private provider that contains, at a minimum, the following:
- 95 a. The date, time of day, location, duration, and description of 96 the incident and interventions;
- 97 b. Any event leading to the incident and the reason for using 98 seclusion or restraint;
 - c. A description of the methods of seclusion or restraint used;
- d. The nature and extent of any injury to the student;
- e. The names, roles, and certifications of each employee involved in the use of seclusion or restraint;
- 103 f. The name, role, and signature of the person who prepared the 104 report;
- g. The name of an employee whom the parent or guardian can contact regarding the incident and use of seclusion and restraint;
- h. The name of an employee to contact if the parent or guardian wishes to file a complaint; and

- 109 i. A statement directing parents and legal guardians to a 110 sociological, emotional, or behavioral support organization and a hotline number to report child abuse and neglect. 111
- 112 (b) The school district, charter school, or publicly contracted 113 private provider shall maintain the report as an education record of 114 the student, provide a copy to the parent or legal guardian within five school days, and a copy of each incident report shall be given to the 115 department of elementary and secondary education within thirty days 116 117 of the incident;
- (4) The school district, charter school, or publicly contracted 118 119 private provider shall attempt to notify the parents or legal guardians as soon as possible but no later than one hour after the end of the 120 school day on which the use of seclusion or restraint 121 occurred. Notification shall be oral or electronic and shall include a 122 statement indicating that the school district, charter school, or publicly 123 contracted private provider will provide the parents or legal guardians 124 125 a copy of the report described in subdivision (3) of this subsection within five school days; 126
- 127 (5) An officer, administrator, or employee of a public school 128 district or charter school shall not retaliate against any person for 129 having:
- 130 (a) Reported a violation of any policy established under this section, or failure of a district or charter school to follow any 131 132 provisions of this section in relation to incidents of seclusion and 133 restraint; or
- 134 (b) Provided information regarding a violation of this section by a public school district or charter school or a member of the staff of the 135 136 public school district or charter school.
- 5. The department of elementary and secondary education shall 138 compile and maintain all incidents reported under this section in the department's core data system and make such data available on the 139 140 Missouri comprehensive data system. No personally identifiable data shall be accessible on the database.
- 142 [3.] 6. The department of elementary and secondary education shall, in 143 cooperation with appropriate associations, organizations, agencies, and individuals with specialized expertise in behavior management, develop a model 144 policy that satisfies the requirements of subsection 2 of this section as it existed 145

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on August 28, 2009, by July 1, 2010, and shall update such model policy to include the requirements of subdivision (2) of subsection 3 and subsection 4 of this section by July 1, 2021.

160.400. 1. A charter school is an independent public school.

- 2 2. Except as further provided in subsection 4 of this section, charter 3 schools may be operated only:
- 4 (1) In a metropolitan school district;
- 5 (2) In an urban school district containing most or all of a city with a 6 population greater than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants;
- 7 (3) In a school district that has been classified as unaccredited by the 8 state board of education;
- 9 (4) In a school district that has been classified as provisionally accredited 10 by the state board of education and has received scores on its annual performance 11 report consistent with a classification of provisionally accredited or unaccredited 12 for three consecutive school years beginning with the 2012-13 accreditation year 13 under the following conditions:
- 14 (a) The eligibility for charter schools of any school district whose 15 provisional accreditation is based in whole or in part on financial stress as 16 defined in sections 161.520 to 161.529, or on financial hardship as defined by rule 17 of the state board of education, shall be decided by a vote of the state board of 18 education during the third consecutive school year after the designation of 19 provisional accreditation; and
 - (b) The sponsor is limited to the local school board or a sponsor who has met the standards of accountability and performance as determined by the department based on sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349 and properly promulgated rules of the department; or
 - (5) In a school district that has been accredited without provisions, sponsored only by the local school board; provided that no board with a current year enrollment of one thousand five hundred fifty students or greater shall permit more than thirty-five percent of its student enrollment to enroll in charter schools sponsored by the local board under the authority of this subdivision, except that this restriction shall not apply to any school district that subsequently becomes eligible under subdivision (3) or (4) of this subsection or to any district accredited without provisions that sponsors charter schools prior to having a current year student enrollment of one thousand five hundred fifty students or greater.

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- 34 3. Except as further provided in subsection 4 of this section, the following 35 entities are eligible to sponsor charter schools:
- 36 (1) The school board of the district in any district which is sponsoring a charter school as of August 27, 2012, as permitted under subdivision (1) or (2) of 37 subsection 2 of this section, the special administrative board of a metropolitan 38 school district during any time in which powers granted to the district's board of 39 education are vested in a special administrative board, or if the state board of 40 education appoints a special administrative board to retain the authority granted 41 to the board of education of an urban school district containing most or all of a 42 43 city with a population greater than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, the 44 special administrative board of such school district;
 - (2) A public four-year college or university with an approved teacher education program that meets regional or national standards of accreditation;
- (3) A community college, the service area of which encompasses some 47 48 portion of the district;
- 49 (4) Any private four-year college or university with an enrollment of at least one thousand students, with its primary campus in Missouri, and with an approved teacher preparation program;
- (5) Any two-year private vocational or technical school designated as a 52 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 53 54 amended, and accredited by the Higher Learning Commission, with its primary 55 campus in Missouri;
- 56 (6) The Missouri charter public school commission created in section 160.425. 57
- 58 4. Changes in a school district's accreditation status that affect charter schools shall be addressed as follows, except for the districts described in 59 subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 2 of this section: 60
- 61 (1) As a district transitions from unaccredited to provisionally accredited, the district shall continue to fall under the requirements for an unaccredited 62 district until it achieves three consecutive full school years of provisional 63 accreditation; 64
- 65 (2) As a district transitions from provisionally accredited to full 66 accreditation, the district shall continue to fall under the requirements for a 67 provisionally accredited district until it achieves three consecutive full school years of full accreditation; 68
 - (3) In any school district classified as unaccredited or provisionally

- 70 accredited where a charter school is operating and is sponsored by an entity other
- 71 than the local school board, when the school district becomes classified as
- accredited without provisions, a charter school may continue to be sponsored by
- 73 the entity sponsoring it prior to the classification of accredited without provisions
- 74 and shall not be limited to the local school board as a sponsor.
- 75 A charter school operating in a school district identified in subdivision (1) or (2)
- 76 of subsection 2 of this section may be sponsored by any of the entities identified
- 77 in subsection 3 of this section, irrespective of the accreditation classification of
- 78 the district in which it is located. A charter school in a district described in this
- 79 subsection whose charter provides for the addition of grade levels in subsequent
- 80 years may continue to add levels until the planned expansion is complete to the
- 81 extent of grade levels in comparable schools of the district in which the charter
- 82 school is operated.
- 5. For purposes of sections 160.400 to 160.425 the following terms
- 84 shall mean:
- 85 (1) "Recovery charter high school", a charter school providing
- 86 instruction onsite in a grade or grades not lower than the ninth nor
- 87 higher than the twelfth grade. A student attending a recovery charter
- 88 high school shall not enroll as a full-time equivalent student in the
- 89 virtual school program set forth in section 161.670;
- 90 (2) "Substance dependency", a state in which a person functions
- 91 normally in the presence of a drug following repeated drug exposure,
- 92 and suffers psychological reactions such as withdrawal syndrome when
- 93 the drug is removed;
- 94 (3) "Substance use disorder", shall have the same meaning as in
- 95 section 478.001.
- 96 6. A recovery charter high school may be operated in an urban
- 97 school district containing most or all of a home rule city with more
- 98 than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one
- 99 county whose mission and vision statement provides for the following:
- 100 (1) To educate all available and eligible students who are in
- 101 recovery from substance use disorder or substance dependency, or such
- 102 a condition along with co-occurring disorders such as anxiety,
- 103 depression, and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder;
- 104 (2) To meet state requirements for awarding a high school
- 105 diploma; and

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- (3) To support students in working a strong program of recovery.
- 107 7. Any proposed charter for a recovery charter high school shall 108 be submitted to an urban school district containing most or all of a 109 home rule city with more than four thousand inhabitants and located 110 in more than one county for sponsorship. Such district's decision of approval or denial shall be made within ninety days of filing of the 111 proposed charter. If such district denies the proposed charter, the 112 113 proposed charter may be submitted to an entity that qualifies as a notfor-profit organization pursuant to Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal 114 115 Revenue Code, as amended.
 - 8. The mayor of a city not within a county may request a sponsor under subdivision (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of subsection 3 of this section to consider sponsoring a "workplace charter school", which is defined for purposes of sections 160.400 to 160.425 as a charter school with the ability to target prospective students whose parent or parents are employed in a business district, as defined in the charter, which is located in the city.
 - [6.] 9. No sponsor shall receive from an applicant for a charter school any fee of any type for the consideration of a charter, nor may a sponsor condition its consideration of a charter on the promise of future payment of any kind.
 - [7.] 10. The charter school shall be organized as a Missouri nonprofit corporation incorporated pursuant to chapter 355. The charter provided for herein shall constitute a contract between the sponsor and the charter school.
- [8.] 11. As a nonprofit corporation incorporated pursuant to chapter 355, the charter school shall select the method for election of officers pursuant to section 355.326 based on the class of corporation selected. Meetings of the governing board of the charter school shall be subject to the provisions of sections 610.010 to 610.030.
- [9.] 12. A sponsor of a charter school, its agents and employees are not liable for any acts or omissions of a charter school that it sponsors, including acts or omissions relating to the charter submitted by the charter school, the operation of the charter school and the performance of the charter school.
- [10.] 13. A charter school may affiliate with a four-year college or university, including a private college or university, or a community college as otherwise specified in subsection 3 of this section when its charter is granted by a sponsor other than such college, university or community college. Affiliation status recognizes a relationship between the charter school and the college or

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- 142 university for purposes of teacher training and staff development, curriculum and 143 assessment development, use of physical facilities owned by or rented on behalf of the college or university, and other similar purposes. A university, college or 144 community college may not charge or accept a fee for affiliation status. 145
- 146 [11.] 14. The expenses associated with sponsorship of charter schools shall be defrayed by the department of elementary and secondary education 147retaining one and five-tenths percent of the amount of state and local funding 148 149 allocated to the charter school under section 160.415, not to exceed one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars, adjusted for inflation. The department of 150 151elementary and secondary education shall remit the retained funds for each charter school to the school's sponsor, provided the sponsor remains in good 152153 standing by fulfilling its sponsorship obligations under sections 160.400 to 154 160.425 and 167.349 with regard to each charter school it sponsors, including 155 appropriate demonstration of the following:
 - (1) Expends no less than ninety percent of its charter school sponsorship funds in support of its charter school sponsorship program, or as a direct investment in the sponsored schools;
- 159 (2) Maintains a comprehensive application process that follows fair 160 procedures and rigorous criteria and grants charters only to those developers who demonstrate strong capacity for establishing and operating a quality charter 161 162 school;
- (3) Negotiates contracts with charter schools that clearly articulate the rights and responsibilities of each party regarding school autonomy, expected 164 outcomes, measures for evaluating success or failure, performance consequences 166 based on the annual performance report, and other material terms;
- 167 (4) Conducts contract oversight that evaluates performance, monitors compliance, informs intervention and renewal decisions, and ensures autonomy 168 provided under applicable law; and 169
- 170 (5) Designs and implements a transparent and rigorous process that uses 171 comprehensive data to make merit-based renewal decisions.
- [12.] 15. Sponsors receiving funds under subsection [11] 14 of this 172 173 section shall be required to submit annual reports to the joint committee on 174 education demonstrating they are in compliance with subsection [17] 20 of this 175 section.
- 176 [13.] 16. No university, college or community college shall grant a charter 177 to a nonprofit corporation if an employee of the university, college or community

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178 college is a member of the corporation's board of directors.

- 179 [14.] 17. No sponsor shall grant a charter under sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 167.349 without ensuring that a criminal background check and 180 181 family care safety registry check are conducted for all members of the governing 182 board of the charter schools or the incorporators of the charter school if initial 183 directors are not named in the articles of incorporation, nor shall a sponsor renew a charter without ensuring a criminal background check and family care safety 184 registry check are conducted for each member of the governing board of the 185 186 charter school.
- 187 [15.] 18. No member of the governing board of a charter school shall hold 188 any office or employment from the board or the charter school while serving as 189 a member, nor shall the member have any substantial interest, as defined in 190 section 105.450, in any entity employed by or contracting with the board. No board member shall be an employee of a company that provides substantial 191 192 services to the charter school. All members of the governing board of the charter school shall be considered decision-making public servants as defined in section 193 194 105.450 for the purposes of the financial disclosure requirements contained in 195 sections 105.483, 105.485, 105.487, and 105.489.
 - [16.] 19. A sponsor shall develop the policies and procedures for:
 - (1) The review of a charter school proposal including an application that provides sufficient information for rigorous evaluation of the proposed charter and provides clear documentation that the education program and academic program are aligned with the state standards and grade-level expectations, and provides clear documentation of effective governance and management structures, and a sustainable operational plan;
 - (2) The granting of a charter;
 - (3) The performance contract that the sponsor will use to evaluate the performance of charter schools. Charter schools shall meet current state academic performance standards as well as other standards agreed upon by the sponsor and the charter school in the performance contract;
- 208 (4) The sponsor's intervention, renewal, and revocation policies, including 209 the conditions under which the charter sponsor may intervene in the operation 210 of the charter school, along with actions and consequences that may ensue, and 211 the conditions for renewal of the charter at the end of the term, consistent with 212 subsections 8 and 9 of section 160.405;
- 213 (5) Additional criteria that the sponsor will use for ongoing oversight of

- 214 the charter; and
- 215 (6) Procedures to be implemented if a charter school should close,
- 216 consistent with the provisions of subdivision (15) of subsection 1 of section
- 217 160.405.
- 218 The department shall provide guidance to sponsors in developing such policies
- 219 and procedures.
- 220 [17.] **20.** (1) A sponsor shall provide timely submission to the state board
- 221 of education of all data necessary to demonstrate that the sponsor is in material
- 222 compliance with all requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section
- 223 167.349. The state board of education shall ensure each sponsor is in compliance
- 224 with all requirements under sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 167.349 for each
- 225 charter school sponsored by any sponsor. The state board shall notify each
- 226 sponsor of the standards for sponsorship of charter schools, delineating both what
- 227 is mandated by statute and what best practices dictate. The state board shall
- 228 evaluate sponsors to determine compliance with these standards every three
- 229 years. The evaluation shall include a sponsor's policies and procedures in the
- 230 areas of charter application approval; required charter agreement terms and
- 231 content; sponsor performance evaluation and compliance monitoring; and charter
- 232 renewal, intervention, and revocation decisions. Nothing shall preclude the
- 233 department from undertaking an evaluation at any time for cause.
- 234 (2) If the department determines that a sponsor is in material
- 235 noncompliance with its sponsorship duties, the sponsor shall be notified and
- 236 given reasonable time for remediation. If remediation does not address the
- 237 compliance issues identified by the department, the commissioner of education
- 238 shall conduct a public hearing and thereafter provide notice to the charter
- 239 sponsor of corrective action that will be recommended to the state board of
- 240 education. Corrective action by the department may include withholding the
- 241 sponsor's funding and suspending the sponsor's authority to sponsor a school that
- 242 it currently sponsors or to sponsor any additional school until the sponsor is
- 243 reauthorized by the state board of education under section 160.403.
- 244 (3) The charter sponsor may, within thirty days of receipt of the notice of
- 245 the commissioner's recommendation, provide a written statement and other
- 246 documentation to show cause as to why that action should not be taken. Final
- 247 determination of corrective action shall be determined by the state board of
- 248 education based upon a review of the documentation submitted to the department
- 249 and the charter sponsor.

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- 250 (4) If the state board removes the authority to sponsor a currently 251 operating charter school under any provision of law, the Missouri charter public 252 school commission shall become the sponsor of the school.
- [18.] 21. If a sponsor notifies a charter school of closure under subsection 8 of section 160.405, the department of elementary and secondary education shall exercise its financial withholding authority under subsection 12 of section 160.415 to assure all obligations of the charter school shall be met. The state, charter sponsor, or resident district shall not be liable for any outstanding liability or obligations of the charter school.

160.410. 1. A charter school shall enroll:

- 2 (1) All pupils resident in the district in which it operates;
 - (2) Nonresident pupils eligible to attend a district's school under an urban voluntary transfer program;
- 5 (3) Nonresident pupils who transfer from an unaccredited district under 6 section 167.895, provided that the charter school is an approved charter school, 7 as defined in section 167.895, and subject to all other provisions of section 8 167.895;
- 9 (4) In the case of a charter school whose mission includes student drop-out 10 prevention or recovery, any nonresident pupil from the same or an adjacent 11 county who resides in a residential care facility, a transitional living group home, 12 or an independent living program whose last school of enrollment is in the school 13 district where the charter school is established, who submits a timely application; 14 [and]
- (5) In the case of a workplace charter school, any student eligible to attend under subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection whose parent is employed in the business district, who submits a timely application, unless the number of applications exceeds the capacity of a program, class, grade level or building. The configuration of a business district shall be set forth in the charter and shall not be construed to create an undue advantage for a single employer or small number of employers; and
- 22 (6) In the case of a recovery charter high school, any pupil who 23 is eligible to attend under subdivision (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection, 24 and any nonresident pupil, who is in recovery from substance use 25 disorder or substance dependency, or such a condition along with co-26 occurring disorders such as anxiety, depression, and attention deficit 27 hyperactivity disorder.

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- (a) A recovery charter high school may enroll students residing in another state, provided such student is in recovery from substance use disorder or substance dependency, or such a condition along with co-occurring disorders such as anxiety, depression, and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.
- 33 (b) The department of elementary and secondary education may enter into agreements with states to develop a reciprocity agreement 34 for students seeking to attend a recovery charter high school in the 35 36 state of Missouri. An out-of-state school district from a state subject to a reciprocity agreement having one or more resident pupils attending 37 a recovery charter high school in the state of Missouri shall pay to the 38 recovery charter high school an annual amount equal to one hundred 39 five percent of the previous school year's per pupil expenditure in the 40 school district in which the charter school is operating as reported on 41 the annual secretary of the board report. If an out-of-state student 43 resides in a state that is not subject to a reciprocity agreement, such student shall pay to the recovery charter high school an amount equal 44 to one hundred five percent of the previous school year's per pupil 45 expenditure in the state of Missouri as reported on the annual 46 secretary of the board report. Such student shall not be included in the count of average daily attendance.
 - 2. If capacity is insufficient to enroll all pupils who submit a timely application, the charter school shall have an admissions process that assures all applicants of an equal chance of gaining admission and does not discriminate based on parents' ability to pay fees or tuition except that:
- 53 (1) A charter school may establish a geographical area around the school whose residents will receive a preference for enrolling in the school, provided that 54 such preferences do not result in the establishment of racially or 55 socioeconomically isolated schools and provided such preferences conform to 56 policies and guidelines established by the state board of education; 57
- (2) A charter school may also give a preference for admission of children 58 whose siblings attend the school or whose parents are employed at the school or 59 60 in the case of a workplace charter school, a child whose parent is employed in the business district or at the business site of such school. A recovery charter high school may give preference to such students provided such student is in recovery from substance use disorder or substance

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- dependency, or such a condition along with co-occurring disorders such
 as anxiety, depression, and attention deficit hyper activity;
 - (3) Charter schools may also give a preference for admission to high-risk students, as defined in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of section 160.405, when the school targets these students through its proposed mission, curriculum, teaching methods, and services;
 - (4) A charter school may also give a preference for admission to students who will be eligible for the free and reduced price lunch program in the upcoming school year.
- 73 3. A charter school shall not limit admission based on race, ethnicity, national origin, disability, income level, except as allowed under subdivision (4) 75 of subsection 2 of this section, proficiency in the English language or athletic 76 ability, but may limit admission to pupils within a given age group or grade level. A recovery charter high school shall limit admission to pupils who are 77 78 in recovery from substance use disorder or substance dependency, or such a condition along with co-occurring disorders such as anxiety, 80 depression, and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder. Charter schools may limit admission based on gender only when the school is a single-gender 81 school. Students of a charter school who have been enrolled for a full academic 82 year shall be counted in the performance of the charter school on the statewide 83 assessments in that calendar year, unless otherwise exempted as English language learners. For purposes of this subsection, "full academic year" means 85 the last Wednesday in September through the administration of the Missouri 86 assessment program test without transferring out of the school and re-enrolling. 87
 - 4. A charter school shall make available for public inspection, and provide upon request, to the parent, guardian, or other custodian of any school-age pupil resident in the district in which the school is located the following information:
 - (1) The school's charter;
- 92 (2) The school's most recent annual report card published according to 93 section 160.522;
- 94 (3) The results of background checks on the charter school's board 95 members; and
- 96 (4) If a charter school is operated by a management company, a copy of 97 the written contract between the governing board of the charter school and the 98 educational management organization or the charter management organization 99 for services. The charter school may charge reasonable fees, not to exceed the

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100 rate specified in section 610.026 for furnishing copies of documents under this 101 subsection.

- 5. When a student attending a charter school who is a resident of the school district in which the charter school is located moves out of the boundaries of such school district, the student may complete the current semester and shall be considered a resident student. The student's parent or legal guardian shall be responsible for the student's transportation to and from the charter school.
- 107 6. If a change in school district boundary lines occurs under section 108 162.223, 162.431, 162.441, or 162.451, or by action of the state board of education under section 162.081, including attachment of a school district's territory to 109 110 another district or dissolution, such that a student attending a charter school 111 prior to such change no longer resides in a school district in which the charter 112 school is located, then the student may complete the current academic year at the charter school. The student shall be considered a resident student. The student's 113 114 parent or legal guardian shall be responsible for the student's transportation to 115 and from the charter school.
- 7. The provisions of sections 167.018 and 167.019 concerning foster children's educational rights are applicable to charter schools.
- 160.415. 1. For the purposes of calculation and distribution of state school aid under section 163.031, pupils enrolled in a charter school shall be included in the pupil enrollment of the school district within which each pupil resides. Each charter school shall report the names, addresses, and eligibility for free and reduced price lunch, special education, or limited English proficiency status, as well as eligibility for categorical aid, of pupils resident in a school district who are enrolled in the charter school to the school district in which those pupils reside. The charter school shall report the average daily attendance data, free and reduced price lunch count, special education pupil count, and limited English proficiency pupil count to the state department of elementary and 10 secondary education. Each charter school shall promptly notify the state 11 department of elementary and secondary education and the pupil's school district 12 when a student discontinues enrollment at a charter school. 13
 - 2. Except as provided in subsections 3 and 4 of this section, the aid payments for charter schools shall be as described in this subsection.
- 16 (1) A school district having one or more resident pupils attending a 17 charter school shall pay to the charter school an annual amount equal to the 18 product of the charter school's weighted average daily attendance and the state

- adequacy target, multiplied by the dollar value modifier for the district, plus local tax revenues per weighted average daily attendance from the incidental and teachers' funds in excess of the performance levy as defined in section 163.011 plus all other state aid attributable to such pupils.
- 23 (2) The district of residence of a pupil attending a charter school shall also 24 pay to the charter school any other federal or state aid that the district receives 25 on account of such child.
- 26 (3) If the department overpays or underpays the amount due to the charter school, such overpayment or underpayment shall be repaid by the public charter school or credited to the public charter school in twelve equal payments in the next fiscal year.
- 30 (4) The amounts provided pursuant to this subsection shall be prorated 31 for partial year enrollment for a pupil.
 - (5) A school district shall pay the amounts due pursuant to this subsection as the disbursal agent and no later than twenty days following the receipt of any such funds. The department of elementary and secondary education shall pay the amounts due when it acts as the disbursal agent within five days of the required due date.
 - (6) If a recovery charter high school that has not declared itself as a local educational agency has one or more nonresident pupils, the nonresident pupils shall not be counted for purposes of determining the amount of aid described in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. Each school district that has one or more of its resident pupils attending such a charter school shall pay to the charter school, for each such pupil, one hundred percent of the resident district's average per-pupil expenditure, excluding interest payments and grants.
 - 3. A workplace charter school shall receive payment for each eligible pupil as provided under subsection 2 of this section, except that if the student is not a resident of the district and is participating in a voluntary interdistrict transfer program, the payment for such pupils shall be the same as provided under section 162.1060.
- 4. (1) A charter school that has declared itself as a local educational agency shall receive from the department of elementary and secondary education an annual amount equal to the product of the charter school's weighted average daily attendance and the state adequacy target, multiplied by the dollar value modifier for the district, plus local tax revenues per weighted average daily

attendance from the incidental and teachers funds in excess of the performance levy as defined in section 163.011 plus all other state aid attributable to such pupils. If a charter school declares itself as a local educational agency, the department of elementary and secondary education shall, upon notice of the declaration, reduce the payment made to the school district by the amount specified in this subsection and pay directly to the charter school the annual amount reduced from the school district's payment.

- (2) (a) If a recovery charter high school that has declared itself as a local educational agency has one or more nonresident pupils, the charter school shall receive from the department of elementary and secondary education an annual amount equal to the amount described in subdivision (1) of this subsection; except that, the nonresident pupils shall not be counted for purposes of determining the amount of aid as described in subdivision (1) of this subsection. Each school district that has one or more of its resident pupils attending such a charter school as nonresident pupils shall pay to the charter school, for each such pupil, one hundred percent of the resident district's average perpupil expenditure, excluding interest payments and grants.
- (b) Upon notice of the charter school's declaration of local educational agency status, the department of elementary and secondary education shall reduce the payment made to the school district in which the charter school is located from any source by the amount specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection, calculated as described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision, and pay directly to the charter school the annual amount reduced from the school district's payment.
- 5. If a school district fails to make timely payments of any amount for which it is the disbursal agent, the state department of elementary and secondary education shall authorize payment to the charter school of the amount due pursuant to subsection 2 of this section and shall deduct the same amount from the next state school aid apportionment to the owing school district. If a charter school is paid more or less than the amounts due pursuant to this section, the amount of overpayment or underpayment shall be adjusted equally in the next twelve payments by the school district or the department of elementary and secondary education, as appropriate. Any dispute between the school district and a charter school as to the amount owing to the charter school shall be resolved by the department of elementary and secondary education, and the department's

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- 91 decision shall be the final administrative action for the purposes of review 92 pursuant to chapter 536. During the period of dispute, the department of 93 elementary and secondary education shall make every administrative and 94 statutory effort to allow the continued education of children in their current 95 public charter school setting.
- 96 6. The charter school, including a recovery charter high school, and a local school board may agree by contract for services to be provided by the 97 school district to the charter school. The charter school may contract with any 98 other entity for services. Such services may include but are not limited to food 99 100 service, custodial service, maintenance, management assistance, curriculum 101 assistance, media services and libraries and shall be subject to negotiation 102 between the charter school and the local school board or other 103 entity. Documented actual costs of such services shall be paid for by the charter 104 school.
 - 7. In the case of a proposed charter school that intends to contract with an education service provider for substantial educational services or management services, the request for proposals shall additionally require the charter school applicant to:
 - (1) Provide evidence of the education service provider's success in serving student populations similar to the targeted population, including demonstrated academic achievement as well as successful management of nonacademic school functions, if applicable. In the case of a recovery charter high school, such applicant need only provide evidence of the education service provider's history of providing such educational services;
 - (2) Provide a term sheet setting forth the proposed duration of the service contract; roles and responsibilities of the governing board, the school staff, and the service provider; scope of services and resources to be provided by the service provider; performance evaluation measures and time lines; compensation structure, including clear identification of all fees to be paid to the service provider; methods of contract oversight and enforcement; investment disclosure; and conditions for renewal and termination of the contract;
- 122 (3) Disclose any known conflicts of interest between the school governing 123 board and proposed service provider or any affiliated business entities;
- 124 (4) Disclose and explain any termination or nonrenewal of contracts for 125 equivalent services for any other charter school in the United States within the 126 past five years;

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- 127 (5) Ensure that the legal counsel for the charter school shall report 128 directly to the charter school's governing board; and
- 129 (6) Provide a process to ensure that the expenditures that the education 130 service provider intends to bill to the charter school shall receive prior approval 131 of the governing board or its designee.
- 8. A charter school may enter into contracts with community partnerships and state agencies acting in collaboration with such partnerships that provide services to children and their families linked to the school.
- 9. A charter school shall be eligible for transportation state aid pursuant to section 163.161 and shall be free to contract with the local district, or any other entity, for the provision of transportation to the students of the charter school.
- 10. (1) The proportionate share of state and federal resources generated by students with disabilities or staff serving them shall be paid in full to charter schools enrolling those students by their school district where such enrollment is through a contract for services described in this section. The proportionate share of money generated under other federal or state categorical aid programs shall be directed to charter schools serving such students eligible for that aid.
 - (2) A charter school shall provide the special services provided pursuant to section 162.705 and may provide the special services pursuant to a contract with a school district or any provider of such services.
 - 11. A charter school [may] **shall** not charge tuition or impose fees that a school district is prohibited from charging or imposing, except that a charter school may receive:
 - (1) Tuition payments from districts in the same or an adjoining county for nonresident students who transfer to an approved charter school, as defined in section 167.895, from an unaccredited district; and

(2) Payments from school districts as described in this section.

155 12. A charter school is authorized to incur debt in anticipation of receipt of funds. A charter school may also borrow to finance facilities and other capital 156 items. A school district may incur bonded indebtedness or take other measures 157to provide for physical facilities and other capital items for charter schools that 158 159 it sponsors or contracts with. Except as otherwise specifically provided in 160 sections 160.400 to 160.425, upon the dissolution of a charter school, any liabilities of the corporation will be satisfied through the procedures of chapter 161 162 355. A charter school shall satisfy all its financial obligations within twelve

163 months of notice from the sponsor of the charter school's closure under subsection 8 of section 160.405. After satisfaction of all its financial obligations, a charter 164 school shall return any remaining state and federal funds to the department of 165 elementary and secondary education for disposition as stated in subdivision (17) 166 of subsection 1 of section 160.405. The department of elementary and secondary 167 education may withhold funding at a level the department determines to be 168 adequate during a school's last year of operation until the department determines 169 170 that school records, liabilities, and reporting requirements, including a full audit, are satisfied. 171

- 172 13. Charter schools shall not have the power to acquire property by 173 eminent domain.
- 174 14. The governing [body] **board** of a charter school is authorized to accept grants, gifts or donations of any kind and to expend or use such grants, gifts or donations. A grant, gift or donation [may] **shall** not be accepted by the governing body if it is subject to any condition contrary to law applicable to the charter school or other public schools, or contrary to the terms of the charter.
- 15. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if the provisions of any other section specify a tuition amount to be paid by the resident district for a nonresident pupil attending a recovery charter high school, the provisions of such section specifying the tuition amount shall govern, and the provisions of this section shall not apply to such pupil.
 - 162.686. 1. No school district or charter school shall prohibit a parent or legal guardian of a student from recording by audio any meeting held under the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 U.S.C. Section 1400, et seq., as amended, or Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Section 794, as amended.
 - 2. Any recording made by a parent or legal guardian under this section shall be the property of the parent or legal guardian creating the recording. No recording made under this section shall be construed to be a public record made by or prepared for any public governmental body under chapter 610.
 - 3. No school district or charter school shall impose pre-meeting notification requirements of recording by a parent or legal guardian of more than twenty-four hours.

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4. No school district or charter school employee who reports directly to his or her employer any violations under this section shall be subject to discharge, retaliation, or any other adverse employment action for making such report.

162.720. 1. (1) This subdivision shall apply to all school years ending on or before June 30, 2022. Where a sufficient number of children are determined to be gifted and their development requires programs or services beyond the level of those ordinarily provided in regular public school programs, districts may establish special programs for such gifted children.

- (2) Beginning July 1, 2022, if three percent or more of students enrolled in a school district or charter school are determined to be gifted and their development requires programs or services beyond the level of those ordinarily provided in regular public school programs, the district or charter school shall establish a state-approved gifted program for gifted children.
- 2. Beginning July 1, 2022, the teacher or teachers providing gifted services to students in districts or charter schools with an average daily attendance of more than three hundred fifty students shall be certificated in gifted education. In districts or charter schools with an average daily attendance of three hundred fifty students or less, the teacher or teachers providing gifted services shall not be required to be certificated to teach gifted education, however such teachers shall annually participate in at least six clock hours of professional development focused on gifted services.
- 3. The state board of education shall determine standards for such gifted programs and gifted services. Approval of [such] gifted programs shall be made by the state department of elementary and secondary education based upon project applications submitted [by July fifteenth of each year] at a time and in a form determined by the department of elementary and secondary education.
- [3.] 4. No district or charter school shall make a determination as to whether a child is gifted based on the child's participation in an advanced placement course or international baccalaureate course. Districts or charter schools shall determine a child is gifted only if the child meets the definition of gifted children as provided in section 162.675.
- 32 [4.] 5. Any district or charter school with a gifted education program

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approved under subsection [2] 3 of this section shall have a policy, approved by the board of education of the district, or governing body of each charter school, that establishes a process that outlines the procedures and conditions under which parents or guardians may request a review of the decision that determined that their child did not qualify to receive services through the district's or charter school's gifted education program.

- [5.] **6.** School districts and school district employees **or charter schools and charter school employees** shall be immune from liability for any and all acts or omissions relating to the decision that a child did not qualify to receive services through the district's **or charter school's** gifted education program.
- 7. The department of elementary and secondary education may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2020, shall be invalid and void.
- shall reimburse school districts, including special school districts, for the **special**deducational costs of high-need children with an individualized education program
 exceeding three times the current expenditure per average daily attendance as
 calculated on the district annual secretary of the board report for the year in
 which expenditures are claimed. For any school district with an average
 daily attendance of five hundred students or fewer, the calculation of
 three times the current expenditure per average daily attendance shall
 not include any money reimbursed to a school district under this
 section.
- 2. A school district shall submit, through timely application, as determined by the state department of elementary and secondary education, the cost of serving any high-needs student with an individualized education program, as provided in subsection 1 of this section.

162.1255. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms

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- 3 (1) "Competency-based credit", credit awarded by school districts
 4 and charter schools to high school students upon demonstration of
 5 competency as determined by a school district. Such credit shall be
 6 awarded upon receipt of "proficient" or "advanced" on an end-of-course
 7 assessment;
- 8 (2) "Prior year average attendance percentage", the quotient of 9 the district or charter school's prior year average daily attendance 10 divided by the district or charter school's prior year average yearly 11 enrollment.
 - 2. School districts and charter schools shall receive state school funding under sections 163.031, 163.043, 163.044, and 163.087 for resident pupils enrolled in the school district or charter school and taking competency-based courses offered by the school district.
- 3. For purposes of calculation and distribution of state aid under section 163.031, attendance of a student enrolled in a district's or charter school's competency-based courses shall equal, upon course completion, the product of the district or charter school's prior year average attendance percentage multiplied by the total number of attendance hours normally allocable to a noncompetency-based course of equal credit value.
- 163.024. 1. All moneys received in the Iron County school fund, Reynolds

 County school fund, Jefferson County school fund, and Washington County school

 fund from the payment of a civil penalty pursuant to a consent decree filed in the

 United States district court for the eastern district of Missouri in December, 2011,

 in the case of United States of America and State of Missouri v. the Doe Run

 Resources Corporation d/b/a "The Doe Run Company," and the Buick Resource

 Recycling Facility, LLC, because of environmental violations shall not be included

 in any district's local effort figure, as such term is defined in section

 163.011. The provisions of this [section] subsection shall terminate on July 1,

 2016.
- 2. (1) No moneys received in the Iron County school fund from the payment of any penalty, whether to resolve violations or as payment of any stipulated penalty, under Administrative Order on Consent No. APCP-2019-001 ("Order") issued by the department of natural resources, shall be included in such school district's local effort

- 16 calculation, as such term is defined in section 163.011.
- 17 (2) The department of natural resources shall notify the revisor
- 18 of statutes when the Order is terminated as provided in the Order, and
- 19 this subsection shall expire on the last day of the fiscal year in which
- 20 the revisor receives such notification from the department.
- 166.400. Sections 166.400 to 166.455 shall be known and may be cited as
- 2 the "Missouri Education [Savings] Program".
 - 166.410. Definitions. As used in sections 166.400 to 166.455, except
- 2 where the context clearly requires another interpretation, the following terms
- 3 mean:
- 4 (1) "Beneficiary", any individual designated by a participation agreement
- 5 to benefit from payments for qualified education expenses at an eligible
- 6 educational institution;
- 7 (2) "Benefits", the payment of qualified education expenses on behalf of
- 8 a beneficiary from a savings account during the beneficiary's attendance at an
- 9 eligible educational institution;
- 10 (3) "Board", the Missouri education [savings] program board established
- 11 in section 166.415;
- 12 (4) "Eligible educational institution", an **eligible educational** institution
- 13 [of postsecondary education] as defined in Section [529(e)(5) of the Internal
- 14 Revenue Code, and institutions of elementary and secondary education as
- 15 provided in Sections 529(c)(7) and 529(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as
- 16 amended 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended;
- 17 (5) "Financial institution", a bank, insurance company or registered
- 18 investment company;
- 19 (6) "Internal Revenue Code", the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
- 20 amended;
- 21 (7) "Missouri education [savings] program" or "[savings] program", the
- 22 program created pursuant to sections 166.400 to 166.455;
- 23 (8) "Participant", a person who has entered into a participation agreement
- 24 pursuant to sections 166.400 to 166.455 for the advance payment of qualified
- 25 education expenses on behalf of a beneficiary;
- 26 (9) "Participation agreement", an agreement between a participant and
- 27 the board pursuant to and conforming with the requirements of sections 166.400
- 28 to 166.455; and
- 29 (10) "Qualified higher education expenses" or "qualified education

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30 expenses", the qualified costs of tuition and fees and other expenses for attendance at an eligible educational institution, as defined in Section [529(e)(3)]

32 **529** of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

166.415. 1. There is hereby created the "Missouri Education [Savings] Program". The program shall be administered by the Missouri education [savings] program board which shall consist of the Missouri state treasurer who shall serve as chairman, the commissioner of the department of higher education and workforce development, the commissioner of education, the commissioner of the office of administration, the director of the department of economic development, two persons having demonstrable experience and knowledge in the areas of finance or the investment and management of public funds, one of whom is selected by the president pro tem of the senate and one of whom is selected by 10 the speaker of the house of representatives, and one person having demonstrable experience and knowledge in the area of banking or deposit rate determination 11 12 and placement of depository certificates of deposit or other deposit investments. Such member shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. The three appointed members shall be appointed to serve for terms of four years from the date of appointment, or until their 15 16 successors shall have been appointed and shall have qualified. The members of the board shall be subject to the conflict of interest provisions of section 1718 105.452. Any member who violates the conflict of interest provisions shall be removed from the board. In order to establish and administer the [savings] 19 20 program, the board, in addition to its other powers and authority, shall have the 21 power and authority to:

- (1) Develop and implement the Missouri education [savings] program and, notwithstanding any provision of sections 166.400 to 166.455 to the contrary, the [savings] programs and services consistent with the purposes and objectives of sections 166.400 to 166.455;
- (2) Promulgate reasonable rules and regulations and establish policies and procedures to implement sections 166.400 to 166.455, to permit the [savings] program to qualify as a "qualified state tuition program" pursuant to Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code and to ensure the [savings] program's compliance with all applicable laws;
- 31 (3) Develop and implement educational programs and related 32 informational materials for participants, either directly or through a contractual 33 arrangement with a financial institution for investment services, and their

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- families, including special programs and materials to inform families with young 35 children regarding methods for financing education and training;
- (4) Enter into agreements with any financial institution, the state or any 36 federal or other agency or entity as required for the operation of the [savings] 37 38 program pursuant to sections 166.400 to 166.455;
 - (5) Enter into participation agreements with participants;
- 40 (6) Accept any grants, gifts, legislative appropriations, and other moneys from the state, any unit of federal, state, or local government or any other person, 41 42 firm, partnership, or corporation for deposit to the account of the [savings] 43 program;
- 44 (7) Invest the funds received from participants in appropriate investment instruments to achieve long-term total return through a combination of capital 45 46 appreciation and current income;
 - (8) Make appropriate payments and distributions on behalf of beneficiaries pursuant to participation agreements;
- (9) Make refunds to participants upon the termination of participation 49 50 agreements pursuant to the provisions, limitations, and restrictions set forth in sections 166.400 to 166.455 and the rules adopted by the board; 51
- 52 (10) Make provision for the payment of costs of administration and 53 operation of the [savings] program;
 - (11) Effectuate and carry out all the powers granted by sections 166.400 to 166.455, and have all other powers necessary to carry out and effectuate the purposes, objectives and provisions of sections 166.400 to 166.455 pertaining to the [savings] program; and
- 58 (12) Procure insurance, guarantees or other protections against any loss in connection with the assets or activities of the [savings] program. 59
- 60 2. Any member of the board may designate a proxy for that member who will enjoy the full voting privileges of that member for the one meeting so 62 specified by that member. No more than three proxies shall be considered 63 members of the board for the purpose of establishing a quorum.
 - 3. Four members of the board shall constitute a quorum. No vacancy in the membership of the board shall impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the board. No action shall be taken by the board except upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the members present.
- 68 4. The board shall meet within the state of Missouri at the time set at a 69 previously scheduled meeting or by the request of any four members of the

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board. Notice of the meeting shall be delivered to all other trustees in person or by depositing notice in a United States post office in a properly stamped and addressed envelope not less than six days prior to the date fixed for the meeting. The board may meet at any time by unanimous mutual consent. There shall be at least one meeting in each quarter.

- 5. The funds shall be invested only in those investments which a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with these matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with like aims, as provided in section 105.688. For new contracts entered into after August 28, 2012, board members shall study investment plans of other states and contract with or negotiate to provide benefit options the same as or similar to other states' qualified plans for the purpose of offering additional options for members of the plan. The board may delegate to duly appointed investment counselors authority to act in place of the board in the investment and reinvestment of all or part of the moneys and may also delegate to such counselors the authority to act in place of the board in the holding, purchasing, selling, assigning, transferring or disposing of any or all of the securities and investments in which such moneys shall have been invested, as well as the proceeds of such investments and such moneys. Such investment counselors shall be registered as investment advisors with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. In exercising or delegating its investment powers and authority, members of the board shall exercise ordinary business care and prudence under the facts and circumstances prevailing at the time of the action or decision. No member of the board shall be liable for any action taken or omitted with respect to the exercise of, or delegation of, these powers and authority if such member shall have discharged the duties of his or her position in good faith and with that degree of diligence, care and skill which a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with these matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with like aims.
- 6. No investment transaction authorized by the board shall be handled by any company or firm in which a member of the board has a substantial interest, nor shall any member of the board profit directly or indirectly from any such investment.
- 7. No trustee or employee of the [savings] program shall receive any gain or profit from any funds or transaction of the [savings] program. Any trustee, employee or agent of the [savings] program accepting any gratuity or

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compensation for the purpose of influencing such trustee's, employee's or agent's action with respect to the investment or management of the funds of the [savings] program shall thereby forfeit the office and in addition thereto be subject to the penalties prescribed for bribery.

- 166.420. 1. The board may enter into [savings] program participation 2 agreements with participants on behalf of beneficiaries pursuant to the provisions 3 of sections 166.400 to 166.455, including the following terms and conditions:
- 4 (1) A participation agreement shall stipulate the terms and conditions of 5 the [savings] program in which the participant makes contributions;
 - (2) A participation agreement shall specify the method for calculating the return on the contribution made by the participant;
 - (3) The execution of a participation agreement by the board shall not guarantee that the beneficiary named in any participation agreement will be admitted to an eligible educational institution, be allowed to continue to attend an eligible educational institution after having been admitted or will graduate from an eligible educational institution;
- 13 (4) A participation agreement shall clearly and prominently disclose to 14 participants the risk associated with depositing moneys with the board;
 - (5) Participation agreements shall be organized and presented in a way and with language that is easily understandable by the general public; and
 - (6) A participation agreement shall clearly and prominently disclose to participants the existence of any load charge or similar charge assessed against the accounts of the participants for administration or services.
 - 2. The board shall establish the maximum amount which may be contributed annually [by a participant] with respect to a beneficiary.
- 22 3. The board shall establish a total contribution limit for savings accounts 23 established under the [savings] program with respect to a beneficiary to permit the [savings] program to qualify as a "qualified state tuition program" pursuant 24to Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. No contribution may be made to a 25 savings account for a beneficiary if it would cause the balance of all savings 26 accounts of the beneficiary to exceed the total contribution limit established by 27 28 the board. The board may establish other requirements that it deems appropriate 29 to provide adequate safeguards to prevent contributions on behalf of a beneficiary 30 from exceeding what is necessary to provide for the qualified education expenses 31 of the beneficiary.
 - 4. The board shall establish the minimum length of time that

contributions and earnings must be held by the [savings] program to qualify pursuant to section 166.435. Any contributions or earnings that are withdrawn or distributed from a savings account prior to the expiration of the minimum length of time, as established by the board, shall be subject to a penalty pursuant to section 166.430.

166.425. All money paid by a participant in connection with participation agreements shall be deposited as received and shall be promptly invested by the board. Contributions and earnings thereon accumulated on behalf of participants in the [savings] program may be used, as provided in the participation agreement, for qualified education expenses. Such contributions and earnings shall not be considered income for purposes of determining a participant's eligibility for financial assistance under any state student aid program.

166.435. 1. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the assets of the [savings] program held by the board, the assets of any deposit program 23 authorized in section 166.500, and the assets of any qualified tuition [savings] program established pursuant to Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code and any income therefrom shall be exempt from all taxation by the state or any of its political subdivisions. Income earned or received from the [savings] program, 6 deposit, or other qualified tuition [savings] programs established under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, or refunds of qualified education expenses received by a beneficiary from an eligible educational institution in connection with withdrawal from enrollment at such institution which are contributed within 10 sixty days of withdrawal to a qualified tuition [savings] program of which such 11 12 individual is a beneficiary shall not be subject to state income tax imposed pursuant to chapter 143 and shall be eligible for any benefits provided in 13 accordance with Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. The exemption from 14 taxation pursuant to this section shall apply only to assets and income 15 maintained, accrued, or expended pursuant to the requirements of the [savings] 16 program established pursuant to sections 166.400 to 166.455, the deposit program 17 established pursuant to sections 166.500 to 166.529, and other qualified tuition 18 [savings] programs established under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, 19 20 and no exemption shall apply to assets and income expended for any other 21 purposes. Annual contributions made to the [savings] program held by the board, 22the deposit program, and any qualified tuition [savings] program established 23 under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code up to and including eight 24thousand dollars per [participating] taxpayer, and up to sixteen thousand dollars 25 for married individuals filing a joint tax return, shall be subtracted in 26 determining Missouri adjusted gross income pursuant to section 143.121.

- 27 2. If any deductible contributions to or earnings from any such program 28 referred to in this section are distributed and not used to pay qualified education 29 expenses, not transferred as allowed by 26 U.S.C. Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i), as amended, and any Internal Revenue Service regulations or guidance issued in 30 relation thereto, or are not held for the minimum length of time established by 31 the appropriate Missouri board, then the amount so distributed shall be included 32 in the Missouri adjusted gross income of the participant, or, if the participant is 33 not living, the beneficiary. 34
- 35 3. The provisions of this section shall apply to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, and the provisions of this section with regard to sections 166.500 to 166.529 shall apply to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2004.

166.440. The assets of the [savings] program shall at all times be preserved, invested and expended only for the purposes set forth in this section and in accordance with the participation agreements, and no property rights therein shall exist in favor of the state.

166.456. All personally identifiable information concerning participants and beneficiaries of accounts established within the Missouri education [savings] program pursuant to sections 166.400 to 166.456 shall be confidential, and any disclosure of such information shall be restricted to purposes directly connected with the administration of the program.

167.171. 1. The school board in any district, by general rule and for the causes provided in section 167.161, may authorize the summary suspension of pupils by principals of schools for a period not to exceed ten school days and by the superintendent of schools, or the superintendent's designee, for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty school days. In case of a suspension by the superintendent or the superintendent's designee for more than ten school days, the pupil, the pupil's parents or others having such pupil's custodial care may appeal the decision of the superintendent or the superintendent's 8 designee to the board or to a committee of board members appointed by the president of the board which shall have full authority to act in lieu of the 10 board. Any suspension by a principal shall be immediately reported to the 12 superintendent or the superintendent's designee, who may revoke the 13 suspension at any time. In event of an appeal to the board, the superintendent or the superintendent's designee shall promptly transmit to it a full report

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in writing of the facts relating to the suspension, the action taken by the superintendent or the superintendent's designee, and the reasons therefor and the board, upon request, shall grant a hearing to the appealing party to be conducted as provided in section 167.161.

- 2. No pupil shall be suspended unless:
- 20 (1) The pupil shall be given oral or written notice of the charges against 21 such pupil;
 - (2) If the pupil denies the charges, such pupil shall be given an oral or written explanation of the facts which form the basis of the proposed suspension;
- 24 (3) The pupil shall be given an opportunity to present such pupil's version 25 of the incident; and
 - (4) In the event of a suspension for more than ten school days, where the pupil gives notice that such pupil wishes to appeal the suspension to the board, the suspension shall be stayed until the board renders its decision, unless in the judgment of the superintendent of schools or the superintendent's designee, or of the district superintendent or the superintendent's designee, the pupil's presence poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disrupting the academic process, in which case the pupil may be immediately removed from school, and the notice and hearing shall follow as soon as practicable.
- 35 3. (1) No school board shall readmit or enroll a pupil properly suspended for more than ten consecutive school days for an act of school violence as defined 36 in subsection 2 of section 160.261 regardless of whether [or not] such act was 37 38 committed at a public school or at a private school in this state, provided that 39 such act shall have resulted in the suspension or expulsion of such pupil in the case of a private school, or otherwise permit such pupil to attend school without 40 first holding a conference to review the conduct that resulted in the expulsion or 41 suspension and any remedial actions needed to prevent any future occurrences 42of such or related conduct. The conference shall include the appropriate school 43 officials including any teacher employed in that school or district directly involved 44 with the conduct that resulted in the suspension or expulsion, the pupil, the 45 parent or guardian of the pupil or any agency having legal jurisdiction, care, 46 47 custody or control of the pupil. The school board shall notify in writing the 48 parents or guardians and all other parties of the time, place, and agenda of any 49 such conference. Failure of any party to attend this conference shall not preclude 50 holding the conference. Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection to the

- 51 contrary, no pupil shall be readmitted or enrolled to a regular program of 52 instruction if:
- [(1)] (a) Such pupil has been convicted of; or
- [(2)] **(b)** An indictment or information has been filed alleging that the
- 55 pupil has committed one of the acts enumerated in [subdivision (4)] paragraph
- 56 (d) of this [subsection] subdivision to which there has been no final judgment;
- 57 or
- [(3)] (c) A petition has been filed pursuant to section 211.091 alleging
- 59 that the pupil has committed one of the acts enumerated in [subdivision (4)]
- 60 paragraph (d) of this [subsection] subdivision to which there has been no final
- 61 judgment; or
- [(4)] (d) The pupil has been adjudicated to have committed an act which
- 63 if committed by an adult would be one of the following:
- 64 [(a)] a. First degree murder under section 565.020;
- [(b)] **b.** Second degree murder under section 565.021;
- 66 [(c)] **c.** First degree assault under section 565.050;
- [(d)] **d.** Forcible rape under section 566.030 as it existed prior to August
- 68 28, 2013, or rape in the first degree under section 566.030;
- 69 [(e)] e. Forcible sodomy under section 566.060 as it existed prior to
- 70 August 28, 2013, or sodomy in the first degree under section 566.060;
- 71 [(f)] **f.** Statutory rape under section 566.032;
- 72 [(g)] **g.** Statutory sodomy under section 566.062;
- 73 [(h)] h. Robbery in the first degree under section 569.020 as it existed
- 74 prior to January 1, 2017, or robbery in the first degree under section 570.023;
- 75 [(i)] i. Distribution of drugs to a minor under section 195.212 as it
- 76 existed prior to January 1, 2017, or delivery of a controlled substance under
- 77 section 579.020;
- 78 [(j)] **j.** Arson in the first degree under section 569.040;
- 79 [(k)] k. Kidnapping or kidnapping in the first degree, when classified as
- 80 a class A felony under section 565.110.
- 81 (2) Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the readmittance or
- 82 enrollment of any pupil if a petition has been dismissed, or when a pupil has been
- 83 acquitted or adjudicated not to have committed any of the above acts. This
- 84 subsection shall not apply to a student with a disability, as identified under state
- 85 eligibility criteria, who is convicted or adjudicated guilty as a result of an action
- 86 related to the student's disability. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed

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to prohibit a school district which provides an alternative education program from enrolling a pupil in an alternative education program if the district determines such enrollment is appropriate.

4. If a pupil is attempting to enroll in a school district during a suspension or expulsion from another in-state or out-of-state school district including a private, charter or parochial school or school district, a conference with the superintendent or the superintendent's designee may be held at the request of the parent, court-appointed legal guardian, someone acting as a parent as defined by rule in the case of a special education student, or the pupil to consider if the conduct of the pupil would have resulted in a suspension or expulsion in the district in which the pupil is enrolling. Upon a determination by the superintendent or the superintendent's designee that such conduct would have resulted in a suspension or expulsion in the district in which the pupil is enrolling or attempting to enroll, the school district may make such suspension or expulsion from another school or district effective in the district in which the pupil is enrolling or attempting to enroll. Upon a determination by the superintendent or the superintendent's designee that such conduct would not have resulted in a suspension or expulsion in the district in which the student is enrolling or attempting to enroll, the school district shall not make such suspension or expulsion effective in its district in which the student is enrolling or attempting to enroll.

167.263. 1. A program to provide teacher assistants in regular classrooms in grades kindergarten through three is established. For the purposes of this section a "teacher assistant" is defined as a qualified person employed by a school district to assist a certificated teacher in classroom instruction and management. No teacher assistant shall be counted as a teacher for the purposes of establishing ratios of teachers to pupils in a classroom, school or school district. Any public elementary school containing such grades which meets the criteria pursuant to this section shall be eligible for a state financial supplement to employ teacher assistants. Eligibility criteria are that the school shall have 9 a breakfast program, the school shall serve at least forty percent of its lunches 10 to pupils who are eligible for free or reduced price meals according to federal 11 12 guidelines, and the school shall have a reading [intervention] success plan for 13 any student who requires such a plan pursuant to section 167.268.

2. A school district which contains such eligible schools may apply to the department of elementary and secondary education for a state financial

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supplement to employ teacher assistants in those schools named in the application and in no other schools of the district. The state full-time equivalent 17 financial supplement shall be three thousand dollars per teacher assistant. No 18 more than one assistant per classroom shall be supplemented by the state 19 pursuant to this section. Teacher assistants thus employed pursuant to this 20 section shall assist teachers in grades kindergarten through three and in no other 2122 grades. School districts shall not apply for or assign teacher assistants employed 23 pursuant to this section in classrooms designated as special education or 24 compensatory education classrooms.

3. The state board of education shall promulgate rules and regulations for the implementation of this section. Such rules shall include identifying minimum qualifications for teacher assistants which may include teacher education students, determining the minimum number of pupils per classroom to be eligible for a teacher assistant, establishing application procedures for school districts, and determining a method of awarding state financial supplements in the event that the number of applications exceeds the amounts appropriated therefor. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this chapter shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024.

167.268. 1. Each local school district and charter school shall have on file a policy for reading [intervention] success plans for any pupils of the district or charter school in grades kindergarten through [three] four pursuant to the provisions of this section. Such plans shall identify strategies to be followed by the district or charter school teachers to raise a pupil identified as reading below grade level by recognized methods to reading at grade level by the end of the [third] fourth grade. Recognized methods of identification may include but need not be limited to the scores of the pupil obtained through any established standardized testing program currently administered by the district or charter school, observations of classroom teachers, and documented classroom performance. The local policy shall be aligned with the guidelines 11 developed by the department of elementary and secondary education 12 13 for reading success plans.

2. The [state board of] department of elementary and secondary education shall develop guidelines to assist districts and charter schools in formulating policies for reading [intervention] success plans. Such guidelines may include, but are not limited to, timelines for measuring pupil improvement

in reading[,] and information on screening for and treatment of [auditory] dyslexia, and information on the Lindamood Auditory Conceptualization Test and the Auditory Discrimination in Depth Program] and other reading 20 deficiencies. In addition, any guidelines for instruction shall meet the 2122needs of the students by ensuring that instruction is explicit, systematic, and diagnostic and based on phonological awareness, 23 phonics, fluency, vocabulary, comprehension, morphology, syntax, and 24semantics. The guidelines shall emphasize that frequent assessments 2526 are necessary to measure student progress. Such guidelines may also identify performance levels for pupils identified as handicapped or severely 2728 handicapped and conditions under which such pupils [are] may be exempt from 29 the provisions of this section.

- 30 3. Each local school district and charter school enrolling a pupil identified as reading below grade level shall develop an individual plan of reading [intervention] success for such pupil. The individual pupil's plan [may] shall include individual or small group reading development activities. The plan [may be developed after] shall include consultation with the pupil's parent or legal guardian to the extent practical.
 - 167.645. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:
- 2 (1) "Dyslexia", the same meaning given to the term in section 3 633.420;
- 4 (2) "Evidence-based reading instruction", any research-validated 5 program that has successful evidence to demonstrate adequate gains in 6 reading achievement where such evidence is:
- 7 (a) Objective data that any evaluator would identify and 8 interpret similarly;
- 9 (b) Valid and reliable data on the tasks children need to 10 accomplish to be successful readers that will remain essentially 11 unchanged if collected on a different day or by a different person;
- 12 (c) Systematic data that is collected according to a rigorous 13 design of either observation or experimentation; and
- 14 (d) Peer-reviewed data that has been approved for publication 15 by a panel of independent reviewers;
- 16 (3) "Reading assessment", a recognized method of judging a student's 17 reading ability, with results expressed as reading at a particular grade level. The 18 term reading assessment shall include, but is not limited to, standard checklists

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designed for use as a student reads out loud, paper-and-pencil tests promulgated by nationally recognized organizations and other recognized methods of determining a student's reading accuracy, expression, fluency and comprehension 21 in order to make a determination of the student's grade-level reading 22ability. Assessments [which] that do not give a grade-level result may be used 23 combination with other assessments to reach a grade-level 24determination. Districts and charter schools are encouraged but not required 25 to select assessment methods identified pursuant to section 167.346. Districts 26 and charter schools are [also] encouraged to use multiple methods of 27 28 assessment;

- [(2)] (4) "Structured literacy", an evidence-based reading instruction that addresses phonology, sound-symbol association, syllable instruction, morphology, syntax, and semantics. Structured literacy is taught through systematic, cumulative, explicit, and diagnostic methods;
- 34 **(5)** "Summer school", for reading instruction purposes, a minimum of forty 35 hours of reading instruction and practice. A school district **or charter school** 36 may arrange the hours and days of instruction to coordinate with its regular 37 program of summer school.
- 38 2. For purposes of this section, methods of reading assessment shall be 39 determined by each school district and charter school. Unless a student has 40 been determined in the [current] previous school year to be reading at grade 41 level or above, each school district and charter school shall administer a reading assessment or set of assessments to each student within [forty-five days 42 of the end of the third-grade year the first thirty calendar days of school 43 for grades one through four, and by January thirty-first for 44 kindergarten, except that the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to 45 46 students receiving special education services under an individualized education plan pursuant to sections 162.670 to 162.999, to students receiving services 47 48 pursuant to Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 whose services plan includes an element addressing reading or to students determined to have limited 49 English proficiency or to students who have been determined, prior to the 50 beginning of any school year, to have a cognitive ability insufficient to meet the 51reading requirement set out in this section, provided that districts and charter 52schools shall provide reading [improvement] success plans for students with 53 54 an individualized education plan that have a reading deficiency, for

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- students receiving services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 whose service plan includes an element addressing reading, and 56 to students determined to have such insufficient cognitive ability. The 58 assessment required by this subsection shall also be required for students who enter a school district or charter school in grades four, five, or six unless such 59 student has been determined in the current school year to be reading at grade 60 level or above. 61
- 3. [Beginning with school year 2002-03, for each student whose 62 third-grade reading assessment determines that such student is reading below 63 second-grade level, the school district shall design a reading improvement plan 64 for the student's fourth-grade year. Such reading improvement plan shall include, at a minimum, thirty hours of additional reading instruction or practice 67 outside the regular school day during the fourth-grade year.]
- (1) School districts and charter schools shall offer a reading success plan to each student in grades kindergarten through four who exhibits a reading deficiency, has been identified as being at risk for 70 dyslexia in the statewide dyslexia screening requirement, or has a formal diagnosis of dyslexia to ensure students can read at or above grade level by the end of the fourth grade. The reading success plan 7374shall be provided in addition to core reading instruction that is provided to all students in the general education classroom. The reading success plan shall: 76
 - (a) Be provided to all students in grades kindergarten through four identified with a reading deficiency as determined by the school district or charter school using local or statewide screening assessments administered within the first thirty days of school for grades one through four, and by January thirty-first for kindergarten;
 - (b) Provide explicit and systematic multisensory instruction in phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension as applicable to each student;
 - (c) Monitor the reading progress of each student's reading skills throughout the school year and adjust instruction according to the student's needs; and
 - (d) Be implemented during regular school hours.
- 89 (2) A structured literacy reading program shall be provided to 90 any student with a formal diagnosis of dyslexia or for a student who was found to be at risk for dyslexia in the statewide dyslexia screening.

- 92 4. Any student in kindergarten or any grade not higher than the fourth grade who exhibits a deficiency in reading at any time, based 93 upon local or statewide screening assessments, shall receive an individual reading success plan no later than forty-five calendar days after the identification of the reading deficiency. The reading success 96 plan shall be created by the teacher and other pertinent school 97 personnel, after consultation with the student's parent or legal 98 guardian, and shall describe the evidence-based reading intervention 99 services the student shall receive to remedy the deficiency. The 100 reading success plan shall specify whether the student was found to be 102 at risk for dyslexia in the local or statewide dyslexia screening requirement or whether the student has a formal diagnosis of 103 104 dyslexia. Each student shall receive appropriate reading intervention until the student no longer has a deficiency in reading. 105
- 106 5. Beginning with the 2021-22 school year, any student who is not 107 reading at grade level by the end of the second grade shall receive 108 appropriate reading intervention to remedy the student's specific reading deficiency. The reading intervention services shall include 109 110 effective instructional strategies to accelerate student progress that are accordance with evidence-based structured literacy 111 instruction. Each school district and charter school shall conduct a 112 review of student reading success plans for all students who are not reading at grade level by the end of the second grade. The review shall 115 address additional supports and services, as described in this 116 subsection, needed to remedy the identified area or areas of reading 117 deficiency. The school district or charter school shall provide the following: 118
- 119 (1) Training to all teachers and instructors of grades 120 kindergarten through four about the screening assessments;
- 121 (2) A highly qualified teacher of reading, as demonstrated by 122 teacher certification, professional development, and specialized 123 literacy training, who holds a certification from the Center for 124 Effective Reading Instruction (CERI) or from the Academic Language 125 Therapists Association (ALTA);
- 126 (3) Reading intervention services and supports to correct the 127 identified areas of reading deficiency including, but not limited to:
- 128 (a) Use of reading strategies or programs that are scientifically

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- 129 evidence-based and have proven results in accelerating student reading achievement within the same school year for students with a reading 130 131 success plan;
- 132 (b) Frequent, targeted small-group or one-to-one reading 133 intervention based on the student's needs;
- 134 (c) Explicit and systematic instruction with more detailed explanations, more extensive opportunities for guided practice, and 135 136 more opportunities for error correction and feedback;
 - (d) Frequent monitoring of the progress of the student's reading skills throughout the school year and adjustment of the instruction according to the student's needs; and
- 140 (e) An evidence-based structured literacy instruction that has successful evidence to demonstrate adequate gains in reading 141achievement as described in subsection 3 of this section for any student 142 with a formal diagnosis of dyslexia or who has been identified as a 143 144 student at risk for dyslexia in the required state dyslexia screening 145 assessment; and
 - (4) A "read at home" plan offered to parents and legal guardians along with suggestions for participation by parents or legal guardians in training workshops or regular parent-guided home reading activities.
- 6. Each school district and charter school shall provide reading intervention for any student not reading at a level of proficient or above on a local third-grade reading assessment in the child's thirdgrade year, or at proficient or above in the child's subsequent grade 154 level starting in the fourth grade, and who has a reading success plan. The appropriate reading intervention shall include criteria established in subsection 5 of this section and shall provide explicit and systematic multisensory evidence-based structured literacy reading instruction. The school district or charter school shall determine the [method of reading instruction] specific structured literacy curriculum necessary to enforce this subsection. The school district or charter school may also require the student to attend summer school for reading instruction as a condition of promotion to fourth grade. The department of elementary and secondary education may, from funds appropriated for the purpose, reimburse school districts and charter schools for additional instructional personnel costs incurred in the implementation and execution of the thirty hours of additional

reading instruction minus the revenue generated by the school district **or charter school** through the foundation formula for the additional reading instruction average daily attendance.

- [4.] 7. Each student for whom a reading [improvement] success plan has been designed pursuant to subsection 3 of this section shall be given another reading assessment, to be administered within forty-five days of the end of such student's fourth-grade year. If such student is determined to be reading below third-grade level at the end of the third grade, the student shall be required to attend summer school to receive reading instruction. At the end of such summer school instruction, such student shall be given another reading assessment. If such student is determined to be reading below third-grade level, the district shall notify the student's parents or guardians, and the student shall not be promoted to fifth grade. No student shall be denied promotion more than once solely for inability to meet the reading standards set out in this section.
- [5.] 8. The process described in subsections [3] 6 and [4] 7 of this section shall be repeated as necessary through the end of the sixth grade, with the target grade level rising accordingly. Mandatory retention in grade shall not apply to grades subsequent to fourth grade.
- [6.] **9.** The mandatory process of additional reading instruction pursuant to this section shall cease at the end of the sixth grade. [The permanent record of students who are determined to be reading below the fifth-grade level at the end of sixth grade shall carry a notation advising that such student has not met minimal reading standards. The notation shall stay on the student's record until such time as the district determines that a student has met minimal reading standards If the student is still not reading at grade level upon completion of the sixth grade, the school district or charter school shall continue to provide a reading success plan to be implemented during the regular school day until such time as the student is reading at grade level or upon graduation from high school. Appropriate documentation of a student's reading success plans shall be provided to an enrolling district within ten school days of when a student transfers to a public school district or charter school.
 - [7.] 10. Each school district and charter school shall be required to offer summer school reading instruction to any student with a reading [improvement] success plan. Districts and charter schools may fulfill the requirement of this section through cooperative arrangements with neighboring

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- 202 districts[; provided that such districts shall timely make all payments provided 203 pursuant to such cooperative agreements].
- [8.] 11. A school district or charter school may adopt a policy that requires retention in grade of any student who has been determined to require summer school instruction in reading and who does not fulfill the summer school attendance requirement.
- [9.] 12. Nothing in this section shall preclude a school district or charter school from retaining any student in grade when a determination is made in accordance with district or charter school policy that retention is in the best interests of the student.
- 212 [10.] 13. The state board of education shall not incorporate information 213 about the number of students receiving additional instruction pursuant to this 214 section into any element of any standard of the Missouri school improvement program or its successor accreditation program; provided, however, each district 215216 or charter school shall make available, upon the request of any parent, patron, advocacy group, or media outlet [within the district], the number and 217218 percentage of students receiving remediation pursuant to this section. The information shall be presented in a way that does not permit personal 219 220 identification of any student or educational personnel.
 - [11.] 14. Each school district and charter school shall make a systematic effort to inform parents of the methods and materials used to teach reading in kindergarten through fourth grade, in terms understandable to a layperson [and shall similarly inform parents of students for whom a reading improvement plan is required pursuant to this section]. The parent or legal guardian of any student in grades kindergarten through four who exhibits a deficiency in reading or has screened positive for the characteristics of dyslexia at any time during the school year, as determined by the school, shall be notified in writing that the child has a reading deficiency or has screened positive for the characteristics of dyslexia no later than thirty calendar days after the identification of the reading deficiency as determined by the school district or charter school. Such written notification shall include the following:
- 234 (1) A statement that the student has been identified as having a 235 deficiency in reading or has screened positive for the characteristics 236 of dyslexia and that a reading success plan shall be developed by the 237 teacher and other pertinent school personnel;

- 238 (2) A description of the current services that are provided to the 239 student;
- 240 (3) A description of the proposed evidence-based structured 241 literacy reading interventions and supplemental instructional services 242 and supports that shall be provided to the student that are designed to 243 remedy the identified area or areas of reading deficiency;
- 244 (4) A statement that the parent or legal guardian shall be 245 informed in writing of the student's progress toward grade-level 246 reading on a quarterly basis, at a minimum; and
 - (5) Strategies that a parent or legal guardian should use at home to help the student succeed in reading.
- 249 15. The board of each school district and charter school shall 250 annually post by September first the following information of the prior 251 school year on their website, in the student and parent handbooks, and 252 near the entrance of each appropriate building:
- 253 (1) By building, the number and percentage of all students in 254 grades three through eight scoring at each proficiency level on the 255 English language arts statewide assessment;
- 256 (2) By building, the number and percentage of all students in 257 grades three through eight in each demographic category scoring at 258 each proficiency level on the English language arts statewide 259 assessment:
- 260 (3) By district, the number and percentage of all students in 261 grades three through eight scoring at each proficiency level on the 262 English language arts statewide assessment; and
- 263 (4) By district, the number and percentage of all students in 264 grades three through eight in each demographic category scoring at 265 each proficiency level on the English language arts statewide 266 assessment.
- 267 16. The department of elementary and secondary education shall annually report the information required in subsection 14 of this 268 269 section in a state-level summary to the state board of education, the 270 public, the governor, and the joint committee on education by October first. Each school district and charter school shall post the data 271required in subsection 14 on their website, in student and parent 272 handbooks at the appropriate grade level, and in a visible location near 273 the entrance of each elementary, middle, and junior high school 274

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17. The department of elementary and secondary education may 276 277promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is 278 279 created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions 280 of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and 281 282chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the 283 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 284 285 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2020, shall be invalid and void. 286

18. The state board of education may recommend that institutions of higher education and the department align literacy and reading instruction course work with knowledge and practice standards from the Center for Effective Reading Instruction.

167.730. 1. Beginning July 1, 2021, every public school in the 2 metropolitan school district, including charter schools, shall incorporate a response-to-intervention tiered approach to reading instruction to focus resources on students who are determined by their school to need additional or changed instruction to make progress as 6 readers. At a minimum, the reading levels of students in kindergarten through tenth grade shall be assessed at the beginning and middle of the school year, and students who score below district objectives for reading shall be provided with intensive, systematic reading 10 instruction.

2. Beginning January 1, 2021, and every January first thereafter, 12 every public school in the metropolitan school district, including charter schools, shall prepare a personalized learning plan for any 13 kindergarten or first grade student whose most recent school-wide reading assessment result shows the student is performing below grade 15 level unless the student has been determined by other means in the 16 current school year to be performing at grade level or above. The 17provisions of this section shall not apply to students otherwise served under an individualized education program, to students receiving services through a plan prepared under Section 504 of the 20 Rehabilitation Act of 1973 that includes an element addressing reading 21

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- below grade level, or to students determined to have limited English proficiency.
- 24 3. For any student that is required by this section to have a personalized learning plan, the student's main teacher shall consult 25with the student's parent or guardian during the preparation of the 26 27 plan and shall consult, as appropriate, any district personnel or department of elementary and secondary education personnel with 28 29 necessary expertise to develop such a plan. The school shall require the written consent of the parent or guardian to implement the plan; however, if the school is unsuccessful in contacting the parent or 31 guardian by January fifteenth, the school may send a letter by certified 32 mail to the student's last known address stating its intention to 33 implement the plan by February first. 34
 - 4. After implementing the personalized learning plan through the end of the student's first grade year, the school shall refer any student who still performs below grade level for assessment to determine if an individualized education program is necessary for the student. A student who is assessed as not needing an individualized education program but who is reading below grade level at the end of the first grade shall continue to be required to have a personalized learning plan until the student is reading at grade level.
- 5. A student who is not reading at second-grade level by the end of second grade may be promoted to the third grade only under one of the following circumstances:
 - (1) The school provides additional reading instruction during the summer and demonstrates the student is ready for third grade at the end of the summer school;
- (2) The school provides a combined classroom in which the student continues with the same teacher, sometimes referred to as "looping". If the student in such a classroom is not reading at third-grade level by the end of third grade, the student shall be retained in third grade; or
- (3) The student's parents or guardians have signed a notice that they prefer to have their student promoted although the student is reading below grade level. The school shall have the final determination on the issue of retention.
 - 6. The metropolitan school district and each charter school

located in it shall provide in its annual report card under section 160.522 the numbers and percentages by grade from first grade to tenth grade in each school of any students at any grade level who have been promoted who have been determined as reading below grade level, except that no reporting shall permit the identification of an individual student.

167.790. 1. In order to receive funds under section 163.031, no school district shall perform any action described in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection or be a member of, or remit any funds to, any statewide activities association that:

- (1) Prohibits a student who is receiving instruction at a home school, as defined in section 167.031, or a virtual school, pursuant to section 161.670, from the opportunity to participate in any event or activity offered by the school district or an attendance center of the school district in which the student resides and where the statewide activities association exercises authority, rules, or guidelines for participating in such events or activities for any reason relating to such student's home instruction or virtual instruction; or
- (2) Requires a student who is receiving instruction at a home school, as defined in section 167.031, or virtual school as a full-time equivalent student, pursuant to section 161.670, to attend the public school of residence for any portion of a school day in order to participate in any event or activity offered by the school district or an attendance center of the school district in which the student resides where the statewide activities association exercises authority, rules, or guidelines for participating in such events or activities. This subdivision shall not apply if a specific class is required for the participation and is directly related to the participation in an association activity or in a club, extracurricular activity, or sport.
- 2. The department of elementary and secondary education shall withhold payments under section 163.031 for any district in violation of this section. The department shall release any funds withheld under this section upon the district providing satisfactory proof to the state board of education that the school district has ceased membership in the association and has ceased remittance of any funds to such association.
 - 3. No statewide activities association shall prohibit or restrict

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any school district that is a member of such association from participating in any events sanctioned, authorized, or regulated by such association with any school that is not a member of the association.

168.205. **1.** Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, two or more school districts may share a superintendent who possesses a valid Missouri superintendent's license. If any school districts choose to share a superintendent, they shall not be required to receive approval from the department of elementary and secondary education but may notify the department.

- 2. (1) Beginning on July 1, 2021, subject to appropriation, a school district that enters into an agreement with another school district to share a superintendent shall receive additional state aid as provided in this subsection.
- 10 (2) The department of elementary and secondary education shall 11 annually distribute thirty thousand dollars to any school district that 12 shares a superintendent under this subsection. Any such amount 13 distributed to a school district shall be in addition to and shall not be 14 included in any calculation of state aid under chapter 163.
- (3) To receive the additional thirty thousand dollars under this subsection, the school district shall provide proof to the department of elementary and secondary education that the school district will use all of the additional thirty thousand dollars received under this subsection and at least half of the amount saved as a result of participating in sharing a superintendent under this subsection to compensate teachers or to provide counseling services.
- 22 (4) No school district that receives additional funding under this 23 subsection shall receive such funding for more than five years.
 - 174.281. Southeast Missouri State University is hereby designated and shall hereafter be operated as an institution with a statewide mission in the visual and performing arts, computer science, and cybersecurity.
 - 174.290. Harris-Stowe University is hereby designated and shall hereafter be operated as an institution with a statewide mission in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM).
- 174.453. 1. Except as provided in section 174.450, the board of governors 2 shall be appointed as follows:
 - (1) Five voting members shall be selected from the counties comprising

- 4 the institution's historic statutory service region as described in section 174.010,
- 5 except that no more than two members shall be appointed from any one county
- 6 with a population of less than two hundred thousand inhabitants;
- 7 (2) Two voting members shall be selected from any of the counties in the
- 8 state which are outside of the institution's historic service region; and
- 9 (3) One nonvoting member who is a student shall be selected in the same 10 manner as prescribed in section 174.055.
- 11 2. The term of service of the governors shall be as follows:
- 12 (1) The voting members shall be appointed for terms of six years; and
- 13 (2) The nonvoting student member shall serve a two-year term.
- 3. Members of any board of governors selected pursuant to this section
- 15 and in office on May 13, 1999, shall serve the remainder of their unexpired terms.
- 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, the
- 17 board of governors of Missouri Southern State University shall be appointed as
- 18 follows:
- 19 (1) Six voting members shall be selected from any of the following
- 20 counties: Barton, Jasper, Newton, McDonald, Dade, Lawrence, and Barry
- 21 provided that no more than three of these six members shall be appointed from
- 22 any one county;
- 23 (2) Two voting members shall be selected from any of the counties in the
- 24 state which are outside of the counties articulated in subdivision (1) of this
- 25 subsection;
- 26 (3) One nonvoting member who is a student shall be selected in the same
- 27 manner as prescribed in section 174.055; and
- 28 (4) The provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection shall only
- 29 apply to board members first appointed after August 28, 2004.
- 30 5. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, the
- 31 board of governors of Missouri Western State University shall be composed of
- 32 **eight members** appointed as follows:
- 33 (1) Five voting members shall be selected from any of the following
- 34 counties: Buchanan, Platte, Clinton, Andrew, and DeKalb [provided that no more
- 35 than three of these five members shall be appointed from any one county];
- 36 (2) [Two voting members shall be selected from any of the counties in the
- 37 state which are outside of the counties articulated in subdivision (1) of this
- 38 subsection;
- 39 (3)] One nonvoting member who is a student shall be selected in the same

- 40 manner as prescribed in section 174.055; and
- 41 [(4)] (3) The provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection shall
- 42 only apply to board members first appointed after August 28, 2005.
- 6. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this
- 44 section to the contrary, the board of governors of Southeast Missouri
- 45 State University shall be appointed as follows:
- 46 (a) One voting member shall be selected from one of the
- 47 following counties: Butler, Dunklin, Mississippi, New Madrid, Pemiscot,
- 48 Scott, and Stoddard;
- 49 (b) Two voting members shall be selected from any of the
- 50 following counties: Bollinger, Cape Girardeau, Madison, Perry, Ste.
- 51 Genevieve, and St. Francois;
- 52 (c) Two voting members shall be selected from any of the
- 53 following counties or areas: Franklin, Jefferson, Lincoln, St. Charles,
- 54 St. Louis, St. Louis City, and Warren;
- 55 (d) Two voting members shall be selected from any of the
- 56 counties in the state; and
- 57 (e) One nonvoting member who is a student shall be selected in
- 58 the same manner as provided in section 174.055.
- 59 (2) The provisions of paragraphs (a) through (c) of this
- 60 subdivision shall only apply to board members first appointed after

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61 August 28, 2020.