

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 2115

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE DEATON.

3855H.011

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal section 577.010, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to the offense of driving while intoxicated, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 577.010, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 577.010, to read as follows:

577.010. 1. A person commits the offense of driving while intoxicated if he or she operates a vehicle while in an intoxicated condition.

2. The offense of driving while intoxicated is:

(1) A class B misdemeanor;

(2) A class A misdemeanor if:

(a) The defendant is a prior offender; or

(b) A person less than seventeen years of age is present in the vehicle;

(3) A class E felony if:

(a) The defendant is a persistent offender; or

(b) While driving while intoxicated, the defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause physical injury to another person;

(4) A class D felony if:

(a) The defendant is an aggravated offender;

(b) While driving while intoxicated, the defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause physical injury to a law enforcement officer or emergency personnel; or

(c) While driving while intoxicated, the defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause serious physical injury to another person;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

18 (5) A class C felony if:

19 (a) The defendant is a chronic offender;

20 (b) While driving while intoxicated, the defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause
21 serious physical injury to a law enforcement officer or emergency personnel; or

22 (c) While driving while intoxicated, the defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause
23 the death of another person;

24 (6) A class B felony if:

25 (a) The defendant is a habitual offender;

26 (b) While driving while intoxicated, the defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause
27 the death of a law enforcement officer or emergency personnel;

28 (c) While driving while intoxicated, the defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause
29 the death of any person not a passenger in the vehicle operated by the defendant, including the
30 death of an individual that results from the defendant's vehicle leaving a highway, as defined in
31 section 301.010, or the highway's right-of-way;

32 (d) While driving while intoxicated, the defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause
33 the death of two or more persons; or

34 (e) While driving while intoxicated, the defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause
35 the death of any person while he or she has a blood alcohol content of at least
36 eighteen-hundredths of one percent by weight of alcohol in such person's blood;

37 (7) A class A felony if the defendant has previously been found guilty of an offense
38 under paragraphs (a) to (e) of subdivision (6) of this subsection and is found guilty of a
39 subsequent violation of such paragraphs.

40 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 of this section, a person found guilty
41 of the offense of driving while intoxicated as a first offense shall not be granted a suspended
42 imposition of sentence:

43 (1) Unless such person shall be placed on probation for a minimum of two years; or

44 (2) In a circuit where a DWI court or docket created under section 478.007 or other
45 court-ordered treatment program is available, and where the offense was committed with
46 fifteen-hundredths of one percent or more by weight of alcohol in such person's blood, unless
47 the individual participates and successfully completes a program under such DWI court or docket
48 or other court-ordered treatment program.

49 4. If a person is found guilty of a second or subsequent offense of driving while
50 intoxicated, the court may order the person to submit to a period of continuous alcohol
51 monitoring or verifiable breath alcohol testing performed a minimum of four times per day as
52 a condition of probation.

53 5. If a person is not granted a suspended imposition of sentence for the reasons described
54 in subsection 3 of this section:

55 (1) If the individual operated the vehicle with fifteen-hundredths to twenty-hundredths
56 of one percent by weight of alcohol in such person's blood, the required term of imprisonment
57 shall be not less than forty-eight hours;

58 (2) If the individual operated the vehicle with greater than twenty-hundredths of one
59 percent by weight of alcohol in such person's blood, the required term of imprisonment shall be
60 not less than five days.

61 6. A person found guilty of the offense of driving while intoxicated:

62 (1) As a prior offender, persistent offender, aggravated offender, chronic offender, or
63 habitual offender shall not be granted a suspended imposition of sentence or be sentenced to pay
64 a fine in lieu of a term of imprisonment, section 557.011 to the contrary notwithstanding;

65 (2) As a prior offender shall not be granted parole or probation until he or she has served
66 a minimum of ten days imprisonment:

67 (a) Unless as a condition of such parole or probation such person performs at least thirty
68 days of community service under the supervision of the court in those jurisdictions which have
69 a recognized program for community service; or

70 (b) The offender participates in and successfully completes a program established under
71 section 478.007 or other court-ordered treatment program, if available, and as part of either
72 program, the offender performs at least thirty days of community service under the supervision
73 of the court;

74 (3) As a persistent offender shall not be eligible for parole or probation until he or she
75 has served a minimum of thirty days imprisonment:

76 (a) Unless as a condition of such parole or probation such person performs at least sixty
77 days of community service under the supervision of the court in those jurisdictions which have
78 a recognized program for community service; or

79 (b) The offender participates in and successfully completes a program established under
80 section 478.007 or other court-ordered treatment program, if available, and as part of either
81 program, the offender performs at least sixty days of community service under the supervision
82 of the court;

83 (4) As an aggravated offender shall not be eligible for parole or probation until he or she
84 has served a minimum of sixty days imprisonment;

85 (5) As a chronic or habitual offender shall not be eligible for parole or probation until
86 he or she has served a minimum of two years imprisonment; and

87 (6) Any probation or parole granted under this subsection may include a period of
88 continuous alcohol monitoring or verifiable breath alcohol testing performed a minimum of four
89 times per day.

90 **7. If a person is found guilty of the offense of driving while intoxicated, such offense**
91 **resulted in the death of another person, and such person was subsequently convicted of**
92 **another driving while intoxicated offense, the person shall be punished by imprisonment**
93 **for a term of no less than fifteen years. The punishment imposed under this subsection**
94 **shall be in addition to any punishment provided by law for the offense committed.**

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