# SECOND REGULAR SESSION

# HOUSE BILL NO. 2621

### **100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE BAKER.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

### AN ACT

To repeal sections 167.031 and 167.042, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to home school education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 167.031 and 167.042, RSMo, are repealed and one new section 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 167.031, to read as follows:

167.031. 1. Every parent, guardian, or other person in this state having charge, control, or custody of a child not enrolled in a public, private, parochial, parish school, or full-time 2 equivalent attendance in a combination of such schools and between the ages of seven years and 3 the compulsory attendance age for the district is responsible for enrolling the child in a program 4 of academic instruction [which] that complies with subsection 2 of this section. Any parent, 5 6 guardian, or other person who enrolls a child between the ages of five and seven years in a public school program of academic instruction shall cause such child to attend the academic program 7 8 on a regular basis, according to this section. Nonattendance by such child shall cause such parent, guardian, or other responsible person to be in violation of the provisions of section 9 167.061, except as provided by this section. A parent, guardian, or other person in this state 10 having charge, control, or custody of a child between the ages of seven years of age and the 11 compulsory attendance age for the district shall cause the child to attend regularly some public, 12 private, parochial, parish, home school, or a combination of such schools not less than the entire 13 14 school term of the school which the child attends; except that:

(1) A child who, to the satisfaction of the superintendent of public schools of the district
in which [he] the child resides, or if there is no superintendent then the chief school officer, is

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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determined to be mentally or physically incapacitated may be excused from attendance at schoolfor the full time required, or any part thereof;

(2) A child between fourteen years of age and the compulsory attendance age for the district may be excused from attendance at school for the full time required, or any part thereof, by the superintendent of public schools of the district, or if there is none then by a court of competent jurisdiction, when legal employment has been obtained by the child and found to be desirable, and after the parents or guardian of the child have been advised of the pending action; or

(3) A child between five and seven years of age shall be excused from attendance at
school if a parent, guardian, or other person having charge, control, or custody of the child makes
a written request that the child be dropped from the school's rolls.

28 2. (1) As used in sections 167.031 to 167.071, a "home school" is a school, whether 29 incorporated or unincorporated, that:

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(a) Has as its primary purpose the provision of private or religious-based instruction;

(b) Enrolls pupils between the ages of seven years and the compulsory attendance age
for the district, of which no more than four are unrelated by affinity or consanguinity in the third
degree; and

34 (c) Does not charge or receive consideration in the form of tuition, fees, or other35 remuneration in a genuine and fair exchange for provision of instruction.

36 (2) As evidence that a child is receiving regular instruction, the parent shall, except as37 otherwise provided in this subsection:

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(a) Maintain the following records:

a. A plan book, diary, or other written record indicating subjects taught and activitiesengaged in; and

41 b. A portfolio of samples of the child's academic work; and

42 c. A record of evaluations of the child's academic progress; or

d. Other written, or credible evidence equivalent to subparagraphs a., b., and c. of this
paragraph; and

(b) Offer at least one thousand hours of instruction, at least six hundred hours of which will be in reading, language arts, mathematics, social studies and science or academic courses that are related to [the aforementioned] such subject areas and consonant with the pupil's age and ability. At least four hundred of the six hundred hours shall occur at the regular home school location.

50 (3) The requirements of subdivision (2) of this subsection shall not apply to any pupil 51 above the age of sixteen years. HB 2621

3. Nothing in this section shall require a private, parochial, parish, or home school to include in its curriculum any concept, topic, or practice in conflict with the school's religious doctrines or to exclude from its curriculum any concept, topic, or practice consistent with the school's religious doctrines. Any other provision of the law to the contrary notwithstanding, all departments or agencies of the state of Missouri shall be prohibited from dictating through rule, regulation, or other device any statewide curriculum for private, parochial, parish, or home schools.

4. A school year begins on the first day of July and ends on the thirtieth day of Junefollowing.

5. The production by a parent of a daily log showing that a home school has a course of instruction [which] that satisfies the requirements of this section or, in the case of a pupil over the age of sixteen years who attended a metropolitan school district the previous year, a written statement that the pupil is attending home school in compliance with this section shall be a defense to any prosecution under this section and to any charge or action for educational neglect brought pursuant to chapter 210.

67 6. (1) As used in sections 167.031 to 167.051, the term "compulsory attendance age for 68 the district" shall mean:

69 [(1)] (a) Seventeen years of age for any metropolitan school district for which the school 70 board adopts a resolution to establish such compulsory attendance age; provided that such 71 resolution shall take effect no earlier than the school year next following the school year during 72 which the resolution is adopted; and

73 [(2)] (b) Seventeen years of age or having successfully completed sixteen credits towards
 74 high school graduation in all other cases.

75 (2) The school board of a metropolitan school district for which the compulsory 76 attendance age is seventeen years may adopt a resolution to lower the compulsory attendance age 77 to sixteen years; provided that, such resolution shall take effect no earlier than the school year 78 next following the school year during which the resolution is adopted.

79 7. For purposes of subsection 2 of this section as applied in subsection 6 [herein] of this 80 section, a "completed credit towards high school graduation" shall be defined as one hundred 81 hours or more of instruction in a course. Home school education enforcement and records 82 pursuant to this section, and sections 210.167 and 211.031, shall be subject to review only by the 83 local prosecuting attorney and only if there is probable cause to believe that there has been 84 a violation of this section.

[167.042. For the purpose of minimizing unnecessary investigations due to reports of truancy, each parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the child who causes his child to attend regularly a home school may provide to the recorder of deeds of the county where the child legally resides, or to the chief

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5	school officer of the public school district where the child legally resides, a
6	signed, written declaration of enrollment stating their intent for the child to attend
7	a home school within thirty days after the establishment of the home school and
8	by September first annually thereafter. The name and age of each child attending
9	the home school, the address and telephone number of the home school, the name
10	of each person teaching in the home school, and the name, address and signature
11	of each person making the declaration of enrollment shall be included in said
12	notice. A declaration of enrollment to provide a home school shall not be cause
13	to investigate violations of section 167.031. The recorder of deeds may charge
14	a service cost of not more than one dollar for each notice filed.]

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