SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 2608

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE KNIGHT.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal section 386.890, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to the net metering and easy connection act.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 386.890, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as section 386.890, to read as follows: 386.890. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Net Metering and Easy Connection Act". 2 3 2. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean: 4 (1) "Avoided fuel cost", the current average cost of fuel for the entity generating electricity, as defined by the governing body with jurisdiction over any municipal electric utility, 5 rural electric cooperative as provided in chapter 394, or electrical corporation as provided in this 6 7 chapter; (2) "Commission", the public service commission of the state of Missouri; 8 9 (3) "Customer-generator", the owner or operator of a qualified electric energy generation 10 unit which: 11 (a) Is powered by a renewable energy resource; 12 (b) Has an electrical generating system with a capacity of not more than one hundred kilowatts; 13 14 (c) Is located on a premises owned, operated, leased, or otherwise controlled by the 15 customer-generator; 16 (d) Is interconnected and operates in parallel phase and synchronization with a retail electric supplier and has been approved by said retail electric supplier; 17 EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

5611H.01I

(e) Is intended [primarily to offset part or all] and designed not to exceed one hundred
 percent of the customer-generator's own electrical energy requirements;

(f) Meets all applicable safety, performance, interconnection, and reliability standards
 established by the National Electrical Code, the National Electrical Safety Code, the Institute of
 Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Underwriters Laboratories, the Federal Energy Regulatory
 Commission, and any local governing authorities; and

(g) Contains a mechanism that automatically disables the unit and interrupts the flow of
 electricity back onto the supplier's electricity lines in the event that service to the
 customer-generator is interrupted;

27

(4) "Department", the department of [economic development] natural resources;

(5) "Net metering", using metering equipment sufficient to measure the difference
between the electrical energy supplied to a customer-generator by a retail electric supplier and
the electrical energy supplied by the customer-generator to the retail electric supplier over the
applicable billing period;

(6) "Renewable energy resources", electrical energy produced from wind, solar thermal
sources, hydroelectric sources, photovoltaic cells and panels, fuel cells using hydrogen produced
by one of the above-named electrical energy sources, and other sources of energy that become
available after August 28, 2007, and are certified as renewable by the department;

(7) "Retail electric supplier" or "supplier", any [municipal] municipally owned electric
utility operating under chapter 91, electrical corporation regulated by the commission under
this chapter, or rural electric cooperative operating under chapter 394 that provides retail electric
service in this state. An electrical corporation that operates under a cooperative business
plan as described in subsection 2 of section 393.110 shall be deemed to be a rural electric
cooperative for purposes of this section.

42

3. A retail electric supplier shall:

43 (1) Make net metering available to customer-generators on a first-come, first-served 44 basis until the total rated generating capacity of net metering systems equals five percent of the 45 [utility's] retail electric supplier's single-hour peak load during the previous year, after which 46 the commission for [a public utility] an electrical corporation or the respective governing body 47 [for] of other [electric utilities] retail electric suppliers may increase the total rated generating 48 capacity of net metering systems to an amount above five percent. However, in a given calendar 49 year, no retail electric supplier shall be required to approve any application for interconnection if the total rated generating capacity of all applications for interconnection already approved to 50 51 date by said supplier in said calendar year equals or exceeds one percent of said supplier's 52 single-hour peak load for the previous calendar year;

53 (2) Offer net metering to the customer-generator pursuant to a commission-approved 54 tariff of an electrical corporation or contract approved by the respective governing body of 55 a rural electric cooperative or a municipally owned electric utility at rates that [is] are 56 identical in electrical energy rates, rate structure, and monthly charges to the contract or tariff that 57 the customer would be assigned if the customer were not an eligible customer-generator [but 58 shall not charge the customer-generator any additional standby, capacity, interconnection, or 59 other fee or charge that would not otherwise be charged if the customer were not an]; or, in the 60 alternative, with energy and demand rates, rate structure, and recurring monthly charges 61 that are reasonably calculated to prevent unfair subsidization by recovering that portion 62 of the retail electric supplier's fixed and demand costs attributable to connecting the 63 eligible [customer-generator] customer-generator's eligible electric energy generating unit 64 to the retail electric supplier's electric distribution system; and

65 (3) Disclose annually the availability of the net metering program to each of its 66 customers **or members** with the method and manner of disclosure being at the discretion of the 67 **retail electric** supplier.

68 4. A customer-generator's facility shall be equipped with sufficient metering equipment 69 that can measure the net amount of electrical energy produced or consumed by the customer-generator. If the customer-generator's existing meter equipment does not meet these 70 71 requirements or if it is necessary for the retail electric supplier to install additional distribution 72 equipment to accommodate the customer-generator's facility, the customer-generator shall reimburse the retail electric supplier for the costs to purchase and install the necessary additional 73 74 equipment including, but not limited to, necessary electric distribution system upgrades. 75 At the request of the customer-generator, such costs may be initially paid for by the retail electric 76 supplier, and any amount up to the total costs and a reasonable interest charge may be recovered 77 from the customer-generator over the course of up to twelve billing cycles. Any subsequent 78 meter testing, maintenance or meter equipment change necessitated by the customer-generator 79 shall be paid for by the customer-generator.

5. Consistent with the provisions in this section, the net electrical energy measurementshall be calculated in the following manner:

82 (1) For a customer-generator, a retail electric supplier shall measure the net electrical 83 energy produced or consumed during the billing period in accordance with normal metering 84 practices for customers in the same rate class, either by employing a single, bidirectional meter 85 that measures the amount of electrical energy produced and consumed, or by employing multiple 86 meters that separately measure the customer-generator's consumption and production of 87 electricity;

4

(2) If the electricity supplied by the supplier exceeds the electricity generated by the
 customer-generator during a billing period, the customer-generator shall be billed for the net
 electricity supplied by the supplier in accordance with normal practices for customers in the same
 rate class;

(3) If the electricity generated by the customer-generator exceeds the electricity supplied
by the supplier during a billing period, the customer-generator shall be billed for the appropriate
customer **and demand** charges for that billing period in accordance with subsection 3 of this
section and shall be credited an amount at least equal to the avoided fuel cost of the excess
kilowatt-hours generated during the billing period, with this credit applied to the following
billing period;

98 (4) Any credits granted by this subsection shall expire without any compensation at the
 99 earlier of either twelve months after their issuance or when the customer-generator disconnects
 100 service or terminates the net metering relationship with the supplier;

101 (5) For any rural electric cooperative under chapter 394, or [municipal utility] any 102 municipally owned electric utility, upon agreement of the wholesale generator supplying 103 electric energy to the retail electric supplier, at the option of the retail electric supplier, the credit 104 to the customer-generator may be provided by the wholesale generator.

105 6. (1) Each qualified electric energy generation unit used by a customer-generator shall 106 meet and be installed, maintained, and repaired consistent with all applicable safety, 107 performance, interconnection, and reliability standards established by any local code authorities, 108 the National Electrical Code, the National Electrical Safety Code, the Institute of Electrical and 109 Electronics Engineers, and Underwriters Laboratories for distributed generation. All qualified 110 electric energy generation units utilizing battery backup shall be installed to operate completely isolated from the retail electric supplier's system including, but not limited to, 111 112 all neutral connections and grounding points, during times of backup operation. Unless 113 allowed under subdivision (2) of subsections 3 of this section, no supplier shall impose any 114 fee, charge, or other requirement not specifically authorized by this section or the rules 115 promulgated under subsection 9 of this section unless the fee, charge, or other requirement would 116 apply to similarly situated customers who are not customer-generators, except that a retail 117 electric supplier may require that a customer-generator's system contain adequate surge 118 protection and a switch, circuit breaker, fuse, or other easily accessible device or feature located 119 in immediate proximity to the customer-generator's metering equipment that would allow a 120 utility worker or emergency response personnel the ability to manually and instantly disconnect 121 the unit from the utility's electric distribution system.

122 (2) For systems of ten kilowatts or less, a customer-generator whose system meets the 123 standards and rules under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not be required to install additional controls, perform or pay for additional tests or distribution equipment, or purchase
additional liability insurance beyond what is required under subdivision (1) of this subsection
and subsection 4 of this section.

(3) For customer-generator systems of greater than ten kilowatts, the commission for
 [public utilities] electrical corporations and the governing body for other [utilities] retail
 electric suppliers shall, by rule or equivalent formal action by each respective governing body:

130

(a) Set forth safety, performance, and reliability standards and requirements; and

(b) Establish the qualifications for exemption from a requirement to install additional
controls, perform or pay for additional tests or distribution equipment, or purchase additional
liability insurance.

134 7. (1) Applications by a customer-generator for interconnection of a qualified electric 135 energy generation unit meeting the requirements of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section 136 to the distribution system shall be accompanied by the plan for the customer-generator's electrical 137 generating system, including but not limited to a wiring diagram and specifications for the 138 generating unit, and shall be reviewed and responded to by the retail electric supplier, unless 139 mutually agreed to, within thirty days of receipt for systems ten kilowatts or less and within 140 ninety days of receipt for all other systems. Prior to the interconnection of the qualified 141 generation unit to the supplier's system, the customer-generator will furnish the retail electric 142 supplier a certification from a [qualified] professional electrician or engineer deemed qualified 143 by the retail electric supplier that the installation meets the requirements of subdivision (1) of 144 subsection 6 of this section. In the event the professional electrician or engineer is not 145 licensed, the retail electric supplier may require a bond or other form of surety to insure 146 the safe installation and operation of the qualified electric energy generation unit. If the 147 application for interconnection is approved by the retail electric supplier and the customer-generator does not complete the interconnection within one year after receipt of notice 148 of the approval, the approval shall expire and the customer-generator shall be responsible for 149 150 filing a new application.

(2) Upon the change in ownership of a qualified electric energy generation unit, the new
customer-generator shall be responsible for filing a new application under subdivision (1) of this
subsection.

8. Each [commission-regulated supplier] electrical corporation shall submit an annual net metering report to the commission, and all other [nonregulated] retail electric suppliers shall submit the same report to their respective governing body and make said report available to a consumer of the supplier upon request, including the following information for the previous calendar year:

159 (1) The total number of customer-generator facilities;

160 161 (2) The total estimated generating capacity of its net-metered customer-generators; and(3) The total estimated net kilowatt-hours received from customer-generators.

162

9. The commission shall, within nine months of January 1, 2008, promulgate initial rules

163 necessary for the administration of this section for [public utilities] electrical corporations, 164 which shall include regulations ensuring that simple contracts will be used for interconnection 165 and net metering. For systems of ten kilowatts or less, the application process shall use an 166 all-in-one document that includes a simple interconnection request, simple procedures, and a 167 brief set of terms and conditions. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 168 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only 169 if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 170 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 171 general assembly under chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and 172 annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and 173 any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

174 10. The governing body of a rural electric cooperative or municipal utility shall, within 175 nine months of January 1, 2008, adopt policies establishing a simple contract to be used for 176 interconnection and net metering. For systems of ten kilowatts or less, the application process 177 shall use an all-in-one document that includes a simple interconnection request, simple 178 procedures, and a brief set of terms and conditions.

179 11. For any cause of action relating to any damages to property or person caused by the 180 **qualified electric energy** generation unit of a customer-generator or the interconnection thereof, 181 the retail electric supplier shall have no liability absent clear and convincing evidence of fault 182 on the part of the supplier.

183 12. The estimated generating capacity of all net metering systems operating under the 184 provisions of this section shall count towards the respective retail electric supplier's 185 accomplishment of any renewable energy portfolio target or mandate adopted by the Missouri 186 general assembly **and for purposes of compliance with any applicable federal law**.

187 13. The sale of qualified electric energy generation units to any customer-generator shall be subject to the provisions of [sections 407.700 to 407.720] chapter 407. The attorney general 188 189 shall have the authority to promulgate in accordance with the provisions of chapter 536 rules 190 regarding mandatory disclosures of information by sellers of qualified electric energy generation 191 units. Any interested person who believes that the seller of any **qualified** electric **energy** 192 generation unit is misrepresenting the cost savings, investment payback period, safety, or 193 performance standards of any such systems, or who believes that any electric energy generation 194 unit poses a danger to any property or person, may report the same to the attorney general, who 195 shall be authorized to investigate such claims and take any necessary and appropriate actions.

196 All cost savings or investment payback period calculations made by sellers of qualified 197 electric generation units shall be based upon the then-existing electric service rates and 198 avoided cost of the potential or existing customer-generator's retail electric supplier, and 199 if projections for future rate increases are included in the calculation, such projections 200 shall be based on that retail electric supplier's then-existing rates and the actual percentage 201 increase in rates averaged over the previous ten-year period. Misrepresentation of a retail 202 electric supplier's current or projected rates shall constitute an unlawful practice under 203 section 407.020 and the violator shall be subject to all penalties, remedies, and procedures 204 provided in sections 407.010 to 407.130, with such remedies being cumulative. Any person 205 who suffers a loss or harm as a result of such unlawful practice may recover actual and 206 punitive damages, reasonable attorney's fees, court costs, and any other remedies provided 207 by law.

14. Any costs incurred under this act by a retail electric supplier shall be recoverable inthat utility's rate structure.

15. No consumer shall connect or operate [an] a qualified electric energy generation unit in parallel phase and synchronization with any retail electric supplier without written approval by said supplier that all of the requirements under subdivision (1) of subsection 7 of this section have been met. For a consumer who violates this provision, a supplier may immediately and without notice disconnect the electric facilities of said consumer and terminate said consumer's electric service.

16. The manufacturer of any qualified electric energy generation unit used by a
customer-generator may be held liable for any damages to property or person caused by a defect
in the qualified electric energy generation unit of a customer-generator.

219 17. The seller, installer, or manufacturer of any **qualified** electric **energy** generation unit 220 who knowingly misrepresents the safety aspects of an electric **energy** generation unit may be 221 held liable **and may recover actual and punitive damages, reasonable attorney's fees, court** 222 **costs, and seek any other remedies provided by law** for any damages to property or person 223 caused by the **qualified** electric **energy** generation unit of a customer-generator.

1