House	Amendment NO
Offered By	
AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 53 & 60, Page 66, Section 510.521, Line 2, by inserting after said section and line the following:	
	sion of the law or court rule, the following shall apply
	l courts in Missouri and shall be applicable to all
offenses charged:	
<del></del>	of release in Missouri, consideration of public safety
shall be given considerable weight;	1 11 (41 1 6 1 41 1
	nce shall consist of the defendant's signature and
	so to comply with all nonmonetary conditions of
	ty, or property as security or being required to later pay
	omply with nonmonetary conditions of release;
	n favor of release on one's own recognizance in any
	dations of offenses. Judges shall have discretion to
release a defendant on his or her own recogni	
	inst release on one's own recognizance with or without
	be overcome by clear and convincing evidence that a
risk or poses a danger to the community, the j	nmunity. In determining whether a person is a flight
	prior felony, sexual offense, or violent charge within
the past five years;	prior reiony, sexual oriense, or violent charge within
(b) A person is already on bond on a	nanding charge
(c) A person is on probation or parole	<del>-</del>
	ng or severe acts of arson, rioting, or looting, which
may endanger public safety if released;	ig of severe dets of dison, flotting, of footing, which
	ourt as required at any time in the previous three years
and	our as required at any time in the previous times years
	ool or process, if available, indicate that the person is
not low risk;	or or process, in a variable, mareaux that the person is
	monetary amount, which shall be fully secured by the
	osing, including cash, a ten percent cash bond to the
court, or a surety bond;	6;
	e prosecuting or circuit attorney and the defendant, a
judge shall not impose a ten percent cash bon	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(a) Has a prior dangerous felony conv	
	<del></del>
Action Taken	Date

- (b) Has previously been found guilty of the offense of failure to appear in court on a felony charge within the past two years;
  - (c) Is charged with a new felony while already out on bond of any type; or
  - (d) Is charged with a dangerous felony offense.
  - 544.665. 1. In addition to the forfeiture of any security which was given or pledged for a person's release, any person who, having been released upon a recognizance or bond pursuant to any other provisions of law while pending preliminary hearing, trial, sentencing, appeal, probation or parole revocation, or any other stage of a criminal matter against him or her, knowingly fails to appear before any court or judicial officer as required shall be guilty of the [crime] offense of failure to appear, including a person who has been granted release pending trial and violates conditions of release imposed by the court by:
    - (1) Failing to appear for any court appearance;
    - (2) Being arrested or formally charged with any new criminal offense; or
  - (3) Violating any condition of release that the court has placed on the person to secure the appearance of the person at trial, or at any other stage of the criminal proceedings and to secure the safety of the community or other person, including but not limited to the crime victims and witnesses.
    - 2. Failure to appear is:
  - (1) A class E felony if the criminal matter for which the person was released included a felony;
  - (2) A class A misdemeanor if the criminal matter for which the person was released includes a misdemeanor or misdemeanors but no felony or felonies;
  - (3) An infraction if the criminal matter for which the person was released includes only an infraction or infractions:
  - (4) An infraction if the criminal matter for which the person was released includes only the violation of a municipal ordinance, provided that the sentence imposed shall not exceed the maximum fine which could be imposed for the municipal ordinance for which the accused was arrested.
  - 3. Nothing in sections 544.040 to 544.665 shall prevent the exercise by any court of its power to punish for contempt.
  - 4. It shall be presumed that a person charged with a dangerous felony pursuant to section 556.061 shall not appear upon a summons and poses a danger to a crime victim, the community, or any other person and upon a court finding of probable cause of a violation of this section, an arrest warrant shall be issued.
  - 5. The filing of an information, complaint, or indictment, supported by probable cause that a person committed a dangerous felony pursuant to section 556.061, creates a rebuttable presumption that no combination of conditions will secure the safety of the community or other person, including but not limited to crime victims and witnesses, and the offender shall be detained pending trial."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 70, Section 558.011, Line 25, by deleting the number "(1)" and inserting in lieu thereof the number "[(1)]"; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Lines 28-58, by deleting said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"of corrections shall consist of a prison term [and a conditional release term. The conditional release term of any term imposed under section 557.036 shall be:

(a) One-third for terms of nine years or less;

 1 (b) Three years for terms between nine and fifteen years;

- (c) Five years for terms more than fifteen years; and the prison term shall be the remainder of such term. The prison term may be extended by the board of probation and parole pursuant to subsection 5 of this section.
- (2) "Conditional release" means the conditional discharge of an offender by the board of probation and parole, subject to conditions of release that the board deems reasonable to assist the offender to lead a law-abiding life, and subject to the supervision under the state board of probation and parole. The conditions of release shall include avoidance by the offender of any other offense, federal or state, and other conditions that the board in its discretion deems reasonably necessary to assist the releasee in avoiding further violation of the law.
- 5. The date of conditional release from the prison term may be extended up to a maximum of the entire sentence of imprisonment by the board of probation and parole. The director of any division of the department of corrections except the board of probation and parole may file with the board of probation and parole a petition to extend the conditional release date when an offender fails to follow the rules and regulations of the division or commits an act in violation of such rules. Within ten working days of receipt of the petition to extend the conditional release date, the board of probation and parole shall convene a hearing on the petition. The offender shall be present and may call witnesses in his or her behalf and cross-examine witnesses appearing against the offender. The hearing shall be conducted as provided in section 217.670. If the violation occurs in close proximity to the conditional release date, the conditional release may be held for a maximum of fifteen working days to permit necessary time for the division director to file a petition for an extension with the board and for the board to conduct a hearing, provided some affirmative manifestation of an intent to extend the conditional release has occurred prior to the conditional release date. If at the end of a fifteen-working-day period a board decision has not been reached, the offender shall be released conditionally. The decision of the board shall be final]."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.