FIRST REGULAR SESSION

[CORRECTED]

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 429

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

0318S.04C

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal sections 135.325, 135.326, 135.327, 135.335, 135.800, 191.975, 211.447, 453.014, 453.030, 453.040, and 453.070, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twelve new sections relating to child placement.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 135.325, 135.326, 135.327, 135.335,

- 2 135.800, 191.975, 211.447, 453.014, 453.030, 453.040, and
- 3 453.070, RSMo, are repealed and twelve new sections enacted in
- 4 lieu thereof, to be known as sections 135.325, 135.326, 135.327,
- 5 135.335, 135.800, 143.1170, 191.975, 211.447, 453.014, 453.030,
- 6 453.040, and 453.070, to read as follows:
 - 135.325. Sections 135.325 to 135.339 shall be known
- 2 and may be cited as the "[Special Needs] Adoption Tax Credit
- 3 Act".
 - 135.326. As used in sections 135.325 to 135.339, the
- 2 following terms shall mean:
- 3 (1) "Business entity", person, firm, a partner in a
- 4 firm, corporation or a shareholder in an S corporation doing
- 5 business in the state of Missouri and subject to the state
- 6 income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, or a
- 7 corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax
- 8 imposed by the provisions of chapter 147, or an insurance

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 9 company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts
- 10 in this state, or other financial institution paying taxes
- 11 to the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of
- 12 this state under the provisions of chapter 148, or an
- 13 express company which pays an annual tax on its gross
- 14 receipts in this state pursuant to chapter 153;
- 15 (2) "Child", any individual who:
- 16 (a) Has not attained an age of at least eighteen
- 17 years; or
- 18 (b) Is eighteen years of age or older but is
- 19 physically or mentally incapable of caring for himself or
- 20 herself;
- 21 (3) "[Handicap] Disability", a mental, physical, or
- 22 emotional impairment that substantially limits one or more
- 23 major life activities, whether the impairment is congenital
- 24 or acquired by accident, injury or disease, and where the
- 25 impairment is verified by medical findings;
- [(3)] (4) "Nonrecurring adoption expenses", reasonable
- 27 and necessary adoption fees, court costs, attorney fees, and
- 28 other expenses which are directly related to the legal
- 29 adoption of a [special needs] child and which are not
- 30 incurred in violation of federal, state, or local law;
- 31 [(4)] (5) "Special needs child", a child for whom it
- 32 has been determined by the children's division, or by a
- 33 child-placing agency licensed by the state, or by a court of
- 34 competent jurisdiction to be a child:
- 35 (a) That cannot or should not be returned to the home
- of his or her parents; and
- 37 (b) Who has a specific factor or condition such as
- 38 [ethnic background,] age, membership in a [minority or]
- 39 sibling group, medical condition or diagnosis, or [handicap]
- 40 disability because of which it is reasonable to conclude

- 41 that such child cannot be easily placed with adoptive
- 42 parents;
- [(5)] (6) "State tax liability", any liability
- 44 incurred by a taxpayer under the provisions of chapter 143,
- 45 chapter 147, chapter 148, and chapter 153, exclusive of the
- 46 provisions relating to the withholding of tax as provided
- 47 for in sections 143.191 to 143.265 and related provisions.
 - 135.327. 1. Any person residing in this state who
- 2 legally adopts a special needs child on or after January 1,
- 3 1988, and before January 1, 2000, shall be eligible to
- 4 receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for
- 5 nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child adopted that
- 6 may be applied to taxes due under chapter 143. Any business
- 7 entity providing funds to an employee to enable that
- 8 employee to legally adopt a special needs child shall be
- 9 eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand
- 10 dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child
- 11 adopted that may be applied to taxes due under such business
- 12 entity's state tax liability, except that only one ten
- 13 thousand dollar credit is available for each special needs
- 14 child that is adopted.
- 15 2. Any person residing in this state who proceeds in
- 16 good faith with the adoption of a special needs child on or
- 17 after January 1, 2000, and before January 1, 2022, shall be
- 18 eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand
- 19 dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child
- 20 that may be applied to taxes due under chapter 143;
- 21 provided, however, that beginning on March 29, 2013, the tax
- 22 credits shall only be allocated for the adoption of special
- 23 needs children who are residents or wards of residents of
- 24 this state at the time the adoption is initiated. Any
- 25 business entity providing funds to an employee to enable

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27 a special needs child shall be eligible to receive a tax
28 credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring
29 adoption expenses for each child that may be applied to

that employee to proceed in good faith with the adoption of

- adoption expenses for each child that may be applied to
- 30 taxes due under such business entity's state tax liability,
- 31 except that only one ten thousand dollar credit is available
- 32 for each special needs child that is adopted.
 - Any person residing in this state who proceeds in good faith with the adoption of a child on or after January 1, 2022, regardless of whether such child is a special needs child, shall be eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child that may be applied to taxes due under chapter The tax credit shall be allowed regardless of whether the child adopted is a resident or ward of a resident of this state at the time the adoption is initiated; however, priority shall be given to applications to claim the tax credit for special needs children who are residents or wards of residents of this state at the time the adoption is initiated. Any business entity providing funds to an employee to enable that employee to proceed in good faith with the adoption of a child shall be eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child that may be applied to taxes due under such business entity's state tax liability; except that, only one credit, up to ten thousand dollars, shall be available for each child who is adopted.
 - 4. Individuals and business entities may claim a tax credit for their total nonrecurring adoption expenses in each year that the expenses are incurred. A claim for fifty percent of the credit shall be allowed when the child is placed in the home. A claim for the remaining fifty percent

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58 shall be allowed when the adoption is final. The total of 59 these tax credits shall not exceed the maximum limit of ten 60 thousand dollars per child. The cumulative amount of tax credits which may be claimed by taxpayers claiming the 61 62 credit for nonrecurring adoption expenses in any one fiscal year prior to July 1, 2004, shall not exceed two million 63 dollars. The cumulative amount of tax credits that may be 64 65 claimed by taxpayers claiming the credit for nonrecurring adoption expenses shall not be more than two million dollars 66 67 but may be increased by appropriation in any fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2004. For all fiscal years 68 beginning on or after July 1, 2006, applications to claim 69 the adoption tax credit [for special needs children who are 70 residents or wards of residents of this state at the time 71 72 the adoption is initiated] shall be filed between July first 73 and April fifteenth of each fiscal year.

[4.] 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any individual or business entity may assign, transfer or sell tax credits allowed in this section. Any sale of tax credits claimed pursuant to this section shall be at a discount rate of seventy-five percent or greater of the amount sold.

135.335. In the year of adoption and in any year
thereafter in which the credit is carried forward pursuant
to section 135.333, the credit shall be reduced by an amount
equal to the state's cost of providing care, treatment,
maintenance and services when:

6 (1) The [special needs] child is placed, with no
7 intent to return to the adoptive home, in foster care or
8 residential treatment licensed or operated by the children's
9 division, the division of youth services or the department
10 of mental health; or

- 11 (2) A juvenile court temporarily or finally relieves
- 12 the adoptive parents of custody of the [special needs] child.
 - 135.800. 1. The provisions of sections 135.800 to
- 2 135.830 shall be known and may be cited as the "Tax Credit
- 3 Accountability Act of 2004".
- 4 2. As used in sections 135.800 to 135.830, the
- 5 following terms mean:
- 6 (1) "Administering agency", the state agency or
- 7 department charged with administering a particular tax
- 8 credit program, as set forth by the program's enacting
- 9 statute; where no department or agency is set forth, the
- 10 department of revenue;
- 11 (2) "Agricultural tax credits", the agricultural
- 12 product utilization contributor tax credit created pursuant
- 13 to section 348.430, the new generation cooperative incentive
- 14 tax credit created pursuant to section 348.432, the family
- 15 farm breeding livestock loan tax credit created under
- 16 section 348.505, the qualified beef tax credit created under
- 17 section 135.679, and the wine and grape production tax
- 18 credit created pursuant to section 135.700;
- 19 (3) "All tax credit programs", or "any tax credit
- 20 program", the tax credit programs included in the
- 21 definitions of agricultural tax credits, business
- 22 recruitment tax credits, community development tax credits,
- 23 domestic and social tax credits, entrepreneurial tax
- 24 credits, environmental tax credits, financial and insurance
- 25 tax credits, housing tax credits, redevelopment tax credits,
- 26 and training and educational tax credits;
- 27 (4) "Business recruitment tax credits", the business
- 28 facility tax credit created pursuant to sections 135.110 to
- 29 135.150 and section 135.258, the enterprise zone tax
- 30 benefits created pursuant to sections 135.200 to 135.270,

- 31 the business use incentives for large-scale development
- 32 programs created pursuant to sections 100.700 to 100.850,
- 33 the development tax credits created pursuant to sections
- 32.100 to 32.125, the rebuilding communities tax credit
- 35 created pursuant to section 135.535, the film production tax
- 36 credit created pursuant to section 135.750, the enhanced
- 37 enterprise zone created pursuant to sections 135.950 to
- 38 135.970, and the Missouri quality jobs program created
- 39 pursuant to sections 620.1875 to 620.1900;
- 40 (5) "Community development tax credits", the
- 41 neighborhood assistance tax credit created pursuant to
- 42 sections 32.100 to 32.125, the family development account
- 43 tax credit created pursuant to sections 208.750 to 208.775,
- 44 the dry fire hydrant tax credit created pursuant to section
- 45 320.093, and the transportation development tax credit
- 46 created pursuant to section 135.545;
- 47 (6) "Domestic and social tax credits", the youth
- 48 opportunities tax credit created pursuant to section 135.460
- 49 and sections 620.1100 to 620.1103, the shelter for victims
- of domestic violence created pursuant to section 135.550,
- 51 the senior citizen or disabled person property tax credit
- 52 created pursuant to sections 135.010 to 135.035, the
- [special needs] adoption tax credit created pursuant to
- sections 135.325 to 135.339, the champion for children tax
- 55 credit created pursuant to section 135.341, the maternity
- 56 home tax credit created pursuant to section 135.600, the
- 57 surviving spouse tax credit created pursuant to section
- 58 135.090, the residential treatment agency tax credit created
- 59 pursuant to section 135.1150, the pregnancy resource center
- 60 tax credit created pursuant to section 135.630, the food
- 61 pantry tax credit created pursuant to section 135.647, the
- 62 health care access fund tax credit created pursuant to

- 63 section 135.575, the residential dwelling access tax credit
- created pursuant to section 135.562, the developmental
- 65 disability care provider tax credit created under section
- 66 135.1180, the shared care tax credit created pursuant to
- 67 section 192.2015, and the diaper bank tax credit created
- 68 pursuant to section 135.621;
- 69 (7) "Entrepreneurial tax credits", the capital tax
- 70 credit created pursuant to sections 135.400 to 135.429, the
- 71 certified capital company tax credit created pursuant to
- 72 sections 135.500 to 135.529, the seed capital tax credit
- 73 created pursuant to sections 348.300 to 348.318, the new
- 74 enterprise creation tax credit created pursuant to sections
- 75 620.635 to 620.653, the research tax credit created pursuant
- 76 to section 620.1039, the small business incubator tax credit
- 77 created pursuant to section 620.495, the guarantee fee tax
- 78 credit created pursuant to section 135.766, and the new
- 79 generation cooperative tax credit created pursuant to
- 80 sections 32.105 to 32.125;
- 81 (8) "Environmental tax credits", the charcoal producer
- 82 tax credit created pursuant to section 135.313, the wood
- 83 energy tax credit created pursuant to sections 135.300 to
- 84 135.311, and the alternative fuel stations tax credit
- 85 created pursuant to section 135.710;
- 86 (9) "Financial and insurance tax credits", the bank
- 87 franchise tax credit created pursuant to section 148.030,
- 88 the bank tax credit for S corporations created pursuant to
- 89 section 143.471, the exam fee tax credit created pursuant to
- 90 section 148.400, the health insurance pool tax credit
- 91 created pursuant to section 376.975, the life and health
- 92 insurance quaranty tax credit created pursuant to section
- 93 376.745, the property and casualty guaranty tax credit
- 94 created pursuant to section 375.774, and the self-employed

- 95 health insurance tax credit created pursuant to section
- 96 143.119;
- 97 (10) "Housing tax credits", the neighborhood
- 98 preservation tax credit created pursuant to sections 135.475
- 99 to 135.487, the low-income housing tax credit created
- 100 pursuant to sections 135.350 to 135.363, and the affordable
- 101 housing tax credit created pursuant to sections 32.105 to
- **102** 32.125;
- 103 (11) "Recipient", the individual or entity who is the
- 104 original applicant for and who receives proceeds from a tax
- 105 credit program directly from the administering agency, the
- 106 person or entity responsible for the reporting requirements
- 107 established in section 135.805;
- 108 (12) "Redevelopment tax credits", the historic
- 109 preservation tax credit created pursuant to sections 253.545
- 110 to 253.559, the brownfield redevelopment program tax credit
- 111 created pursuant to sections 447.700 to 447.718, the
- 112 community development corporations tax credit created
- pursuant to sections 135.400 to 135.430, the infrastructure
- 114 tax credit created pursuant to subsection 6 of section
- 115 100.286, the bond guarantee tax credit created pursuant to
- 116 section 100.297, the disabled access tax credit created
- 117 pursuant to section 135.490, the new markets tax credit
- 118 created pursuant to section 135.680, and the distressed
- 119 areas land assemblage tax credit created pursuant to section
- **120** 99.1205;
- 121 (13) "Training and educational tax credits", the
- 122 Missouri works new jobs tax credit and Missouri works
- 123 retained jobs credit created pursuant to sections 620.800 to
- **124** 620.809.

143.1170. 1. As used in this section, the following

2 terms mean:

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- 3 (1) "Deduction", an amount subtracted from a
 4 taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income to determine the
 5 taxpayer's Missouri taxable income for a given tax year;
- 6 (2) "Foster parent", the same definition as provided under section 210.566;
- 8 (3) "Taxpayer", any individual who is a resident of
 9 this state and subject to the income tax imposed under this
 10 chapter, excluding withholding tax imposed under sections
 11 143.191 to 143.265.
- 2. (1) For all tax years beginning on or after

 January 1, 2022, a taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for

 expenses incurred directly by the taxpayer in providing care

 as a foster parent to one or more children in this state.
- 16 (2) The amount of the deduction shall be equal to the 17 amount of expenses directly incurred by the taxpayer in 18 providing such care; provided that:
- 19 (a) If the taxpayer provides care as a foster parent
 20 for at least six months during the tax year, the total
 21 amount of the deduction claimed under this section shall not
 22 exceed five thousand dollars, provided that a deduction
 23 claimed under this section by taxpayers with a filing status
 24 of married filing separately shall not exceed two thousand
 25 five hundred dollars per taxpayer; and
 - (b) If the taxpayer provides care as a foster parent for less than six months during the tax year, the maximum deduction limits described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall apply, but such limits shall be reduced on a pro rata basis.
- 3. The department of revenue shall collaborate with
 the children's division of the department of social services
 in order to establish and implement a procedure to verify

- 34 that a taxpayer claiming the deduction authorized under this 35 section is a foster parent.
- 4. Each taxpayer claiming the deduction authorized 36 under this section shall file an affidavit with such 37 taxpayer's income tax return. The affidavit shall affirm 38 39 that the taxpayer is a foster parent and that the taxpayer is entitled to the deduction in the amount claimed on his or 40
- 41 her tax return.
- 42 5. The department of revenue may promulgate all 43 necessary rules and regulations for the administration of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term 44 is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the 45 authority delegated in this section shall become effective 46 47 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 48 49 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and 50 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly 51
- pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 52
- held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 53
- 54 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28,
- 55 2021, shall be invalid and void.
- 191.975. 1. This section shall be known and may be 2 cited as the "Adoption Awareness Law".
- 3 To raise public awareness and to educate the public, the department of social services, with the
- 5 assistance of the department of health and senior services,
- 6 shall be responsible for:

- (1) Collecting and distributing resource materials to 7
- 8 educate the public about foster care and adoption;
- Developing and distributing educational materials, 9
- including but not limited to videos, brochures and other 10

- 11 media as part of a comprehensive public relations campaign
- 12 about the positive option of adoption and foster care. The
- 13 materials shall include, but not be limited to, information
- 14 about:
- 15 (a) The benefits of adoption and foster care;
- 16 (b) Adoption and foster care procedures;
- 17 (c) Means of financing the cost of adoption and foster
- 18 care[,] including, but not limited to, adoption subsidies,
- 19 foster care payments, and [special needs] adoption tax
- 20 credits;
- 21 (d) Options for birth parents in choosing adoptive
- 22 parents;
- (e) Protection for and rights of birth parents and
- 24 adoptive parents prior to and following the adoption;
- 25 (f) Location of adoption and foster care agencies;
- 26 (g) Information regarding various state health and
- 27 social service programs for pregnant women and children,
- 28 including but not limited to medical assistance programs and
- 29 temporary assistance for needy families (TANF); and
- 30 (h) Referrals to appropriate counseling services,
- 31 including but not be limited to counseling services for
- 32 parents who are considering retaining custody of their
- 33 children, placing their children for adoption, or becoming
- 34 foster or adoptive parents; but excluding any referrals for
- 35 abortion or to abortion facilities;
- 36 (3) Making such educational materials available
- 37 through state and local public health clinics, public
- 38 hospitals, family planning clinics, abortion facilities as
- 39 defined in section 188.015, maternity homes as defined in
- 40 section 135.600, child-placing agencies licensed pursuant to
- 41 sections 210.481 to 210.536, attorneys whose practice
- 42 involves private adoptions, in vitro fertilization clinics

- 43 and private physicians for distribution to their patients
- 44 who request such educational materials. Such materials
- 45 shall also be available to the public through the department
- 46 of social services' internet website;
- 47 (4) Establishing a toll-free telephone number for
- 48 information on adoption and foster care, and to answer
- 49 questions and assist persons inquiring about becoming
- 50 adoptive or foster parents.
- 51 3. In addition, the department may establish and
- 52 implement an ongoing advertising campaign for the
- 53 recruitment of adoptive and foster care families, with a
- 54 special emphasis on the recruitment of qualified adoptive
- 55 and foster care families for special needs children. Such
- 56 advertising campaign may utilize, but shall not be limited
- 57 to, the following media: television, radio, outdoor
- 58 advertising, newspaper, magazines and other print media,
- 59 websites, and the internet. The department may contract
- 60 with professional advertising agencies or other professional
- 61 entities to conduct such advertising campaign on behalf of
- 62 the department.
- 4. The provisions of this section shall be subject to
- 64 appropriations.
- 5. The department of social services shall promulgate
- 66 rules for the implementation of this section in accordance
- with chapter 536.
 - 211.447. 1. Any information that could justify the
- 2 filing of a petition to terminate parental rights may be
- 3 referred to the juvenile officer by any person. The
- 4 juvenile officer shall make a preliminary inquiry and if it
- 5 appears that the information could justify the filing of a
- 6 petition, the juvenile officer may take further action,
- 7 including filing a petition. If it does not appear to the

- 8 juvenile officer that a petition should be filed, such
- 9 officer shall so notify the informant in writing within
- 10 thirty days of the referral. Such notification shall
- include the reasons that the petition will not be filed.
- 12 2. Except as provided for in subsection 4 of this
- 13 section, a petition to terminate the parental rights of the
- 14 child's parent or parents shall be filed by the juvenile
- 15 officer or the division, or if such a petition has been
- 16 filed by another party, the juvenile officer or the division
- 17 shall seek to be joined as a party to the petition, when:
- 18 (1) Information available to the juvenile officer or
- 19 the division establishes that the child has been in foster
- 20 care for at least fifteen of the most recent twenty-two
- 21 months; or
- 22 (2) A court of competent jurisdiction has determined
- 23 the child to be an abandoned infant. For purposes of this
- 24 subdivision, an "infant" means any child [one year] three
- 25 years of age or under at the time of filing of the
- 26 petition. The court may find that an infant has been
- 27 abandoned if:
- 28 (a) The parent has left the child under circumstances
- 29 that the identity of the child was unknown and could not be
- 30 ascertained, despite diligent searching, and the parent has
- 31 not come forward to claim the child; or
- 32 (b) The parent has, [without good cause, left the
- 33 child without any provision for parental support and without
- 34 making arrangements to visit or communicate with the child,
- 35 although able to do so] for a period of sixty days,
- 36 immediately prior to the filing of the petition for
- 37 termination of parental rights, willfully, substantially,
- 38 and continuously neglected to provide the child with
- 39 necessary care and protection; or

- 40 (c) The parent has voluntarily relinquished a child 41 under section 210.950; or
- 42 (3) A court of competent jurisdiction has determined 43 that the parent has:
 - (a) Committed murder of another child of the parent; or
- 45 (b) Committed voluntary manslaughter of another child 46 of the parent; or
- 47 (c) Aided or abetted, attempted, conspired or48 solicited to commit such a murder or voluntary manslaughter;49 or
- (d) Committed a felony assault that resulted in serious bodily injury to the child or to another child of the parent; or
- The parent has been found quilty of or pled quilty 53 54 to a felony violation of chapter 566, **567**, **568**, or 573 when 55 the child or any child [in the family] was a victim[, or a 56 violation of section 568.020 or 568.065 when the child or any child in the family was a victim]. As used in this 57 subdivision, a "child" means any person who was under 58 eighteen years of age at the time of the [crime and who 59 resided with such parent or was related within the third 60 degree of consanguinity or affinity to such parent] offense. 61
- 62 3. A termination of parental rights petition shall be filed by the juvenile officer or the division, or if such a 63 petition has been filed by another party, the juvenile 64 65 officer or the division shall seek to be joined as a party to the petition, within sixty days of the judicial 66 determinations required in subsection 2 of this section, 67 except as provided in subsection 4 of this section. Failure 68 to comply with this requirement shall not deprive the court 69 70 of jurisdiction to adjudicate a petition for termination of parental rights which is filed outside of sixty days. 71

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- 4. If grounds exist for termination of parental rights pursuant to subsection 2 of this section, the juvenile officer or the division may, but is not required to, file a petition to terminate the parental rights of the child's parent or parents if:
 - (1) The child is being cared for by a relative; or
- 78 (2) There exists a compelling reason for determining 79 that filing such a petition would not be in the best 80 interest of the child, as documented in the permanency plan 81 which shall be made available for court review; or
 - (3) The family of the child has not been provided such services as provided for in section 211.183.
 - 5. The juvenile officer or the division may file a petition to terminate the parental rights of the child's parent when it appears that one or more of the following grounds for termination exist:
- 88 (1) The child has been abandoned. For purposes of
 89 this subdivision a "child" means any child over [one year]
 90 three years of age at the time of filing of the petition.
 91 The court shall find that the child has been abandoned if,
 92 for a period of six months or longer:
 - (a) The parent has left the child under such circumstances that the identity of the child was unknown and could not be ascertained, despite diligent searching, and the parent has not come forward to claim the child; or
 - (b) The parent has, [without good cause, left the child without any provision for parental support and without making arrangements to visit or communicate with the child, although able to do so] for a period of six months, immediately prior to the filing of the petition for termination of parental rights, willfully, substantially,

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and continuously neglected to provide the child with necessary care and protection;

- (2) The child has been abused or neglected. In determining whether to terminate parental rights pursuant to this subdivision, the court shall consider and make findings on the following conditions or acts of the parent:
- 109 (a) A mental condition which is shown by competent
 110 evidence either to be permanent or such that there is no
 111 reasonable likelihood that the condition can be reversed and
 112 which renders the parent unable to knowingly provide the
 113 child the necessary care, custody and control;
- (b) Chemical dependency which prevents the parent from consistently providing the necessary care, custody and control of the child and which cannot be treated so as to enable the parent to consistently provide such care, custody and control;
- 119 (c) A severe act or recurrent acts of physical,
 120 emotional or sexual abuse toward the child or any child in
 121 the family by the parent, including an act of incest, or by
 122 another under circumstances that indicate that the parent
 123 knew or should have known that such acts were being
 124 committed toward the child or any child in the family; or
- (d) Repeated or continuous failure by the parent,
 although physically or financially able, to provide the
 child with adequate food, clothing, shelter, or education as
 defined by law, or other care and control necessary for the
 child's physical, mental, or emotional health and
 development.
- 131 Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to permit
- discrimination on the basis of disability or disease;

the following:

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- 133 The child has been under the jurisdiction of the 134 juvenile court for a period of one year, and the court finds 135 that the conditions which led to the assumption of jurisdiction still persist, or conditions of a potentially 136 harmful nature continue to exist, that there is little 137 138 likelihood that those conditions will be remedied at an early date so that the child can be returned to the parent 139 140 in the near future, or the continuation of the parent-child relationship greatly diminishes the child's prospects for 141 142 early integration into a stable and permanent home. In determining whether to terminate parental rights under this 143 subdivision, the court shall consider and make findings on 144
- 146 (a) The terms of a social service plan entered into by
 147 the parent and the division and the extent to which the
 148 parties have made progress in complying with those terms;
 - (b) The success or failure of the efforts of the juvenile officer, the division or other agency to aid the parent on a continuing basis in adjusting his circumstances or conduct to provide a proper home for the child;
 - (c) A mental condition which is shown by competent evidence either to be permanent or such that there is no reasonable likelihood that the condition can be reversed and which renders the parent unable to knowingly provide the child the necessary care, custody and control;
 - (d) Chemical dependency which prevents the parent from consistently providing the necessary care, custody and control over the child and which cannot be treated so as to enable the parent to consistently provide such care, custody and control; or
- 163 (4) The child was conceived and born as a result of an act of forcible rape or rape in the first degree. When the

- 165 biological father has pled guilty to, or is convicted of,
- the forcible rape or rape in the first degree of the birth
- 167 mother, such a plea or conviction shall be conclusive
- 168 evidence supporting the termination of the biological
- 169 father's parental rights; or
- 170 (5) (a) The parent is unfit to be a party to the
- 171 parent and child relationship because of a consistent
- 172 pattern of committing a specific abuse including, but not
- 173 limited to, specific conditions directly relating to the
- 174 parent and child relationship which are determined by the
- 175 court to be of a duration or nature that renders the parent
- 176 unable for the reasonably foreseeable future to care
- 177 appropriately for the ongoing physical, mental, or emotional
- 178 needs of the child.
- 179 (b) It is presumed that a parent is unfit to be a
- 180 party to the parent and child relationship upon a showing
- 181 that:
- a. Within a three-year period immediately prior to the
- 183 termination adjudication, the parent's parental rights to
- one or more other children were involuntarily terminated
- 185 pursuant to subsection 2 or 4 of this section or subdivision
- 186 (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection or similar laws of other
- states;
- b. If the parent is the birth mother and within eight
- 189 hours after the child's birth, the child's birth mother
- 190 tested positive and over eight-hundredths of one percent
- 191 blood alcohol content pursuant to testing under section
- 192 577.020 for alcohol, or tested positive for cocaine, heroin,
- 193 methamphetamine, a controlled substance as defined in
- 194 section 195.010, or a prescription drug as defined in
- 195 section 196.973, excepting those controlled substances or
- 196 prescription drugs present in the mother's body as a result

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- 197 of medical treatment administered to the mother, and the 198 birth mother is the biological mother of at least one other 199 child who was adjudicated an abused or neglected minor by the mother or the mother has previously failed to complete 200 201 recommended treatment services by the children's division 202 through a family-centered services case;
- If the parent is the birth mother and at the time 203 204 of the child's birth or within eight hours after a child's 205 birth the child tested positive for alcohol, cocaine, 206 heroin, methamphetamine, a controlled substance as defined in section 195.010, or a prescription drug as defined in 207 section 196.973, excepting those controlled substances or 208 209 prescription drugs present in the mother's body as a result 210 of medical treatment administered to the mother, and the 211 birth mother is the biological mother of at least one other 212 child who was adjudicated an abused or neglected minor by 213 the mother or the mother has previously failed to complete recommended treatment services by the children's division 214 through a family-centered services case; [or] 215
 - Within a three-year period immediately prior to the termination adjudication, the parent has pled quilty to or has been convicted of a felony involving the possession, distribution, or manufacture of cocaine, heroin, or methamphetamine, and the parent is the biological parent of at least one other child who was adjudicated an abused or neglected minor by such parent or such parent has previously failed to complete recommended treatment services by the children's division through a family-centered services case; or
- For at least fifteen of the twenty-two months prior 227 to the filing of the petition, the child has been under the 228 jurisdiction of the juvenile court.

- 230 parent to a child upon a petition filed by the juvenile
 231 officer or the division, or in adoption cases, by a
 232 prospective parent, if the court finds that the termination
 233 is in the best interest of the child and when it appears by
 234 clear, cogent and convincing evidence that grounds exist for
 235 termination pursuant to subsection 2, 4 or 5 of this section.
- 7. When considering whether to terminate the parentchild relationship pursuant to subsection 2 or 4 of this
 section or subdivision (1), (2), or (3) of subsection 5 of
 this section, the court shall evaluate and make findings on
 the following factors, when appropriate and applicable to
 the case:
- 242 (1) The emotional ties to the birth parent;
- 243 (2) The extent to which the parent has maintained 244 regular visitation or other contact with the child;
- 245 (3) The extent of payment by the parent for the cost
 246 of care and maintenance of the child when financially able
 247 to do so including the time that the child is in the custody
 248 of the division or other child-placing agency;
- 249 (4) Whether additional services would be likely to
 250 bring about lasting parental adjustment enabling a return of
 251 the child to the parent within an ascertainable period of
 252 time;
- 253 (5) The parent's disinterest in or lack of commitment 254 to the child;
- 255 (6) The conviction of the parent of a felony offense 256 that the court finds is of such a nature that the child will 257 be deprived of a stable home for a period of years; 258 provided, however, that incarceration in and of itself shall 259 not be grounds for termination of parental rights;

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- 260 (7) Deliberate acts of the parent or acts of another 261 of which the parent knew or should have known that subjects 262 the child to a substantial risk of physical or mental harm.
- 8. The court may attach little or no weight to infrequent visitations, communications, or contributions.

 It is irrelevant in a termination proceeding that the maintenance of the parent-child relationship may serve as an inducement for the parent's rehabilitation.
 - 9. In actions for adoption pursuant to chapter 453, the court may hear and determine the issues raised in a petition for adoption containing a prayer for termination of parental rights filed with the same effect as a petition permitted pursuant to subsection 2, 4, or 5 of this section.
- 273 10. The disability or disease of a parent shall not 274 constitute a basis for a determination that a child is a 275 child in need of care, for the removal of custody of a child 276 from the parent, or for the termination of parental rights 277 without a specific showing that there is a causal relation 278 between the disability or disease and harm to the child.
- 11. A court of competent jurisdiction may terminate 279 the parental rights of a biological father of a child if he 280 is an alleged perpetrator of forcible rape under section 281 282 566.030 as it existed prior to August 28, 2013, or rape in 283 the first degree under section 566.030 that resulted in the conception and birth of the child. The biological mother 284 who is the victim of the forcible rape or rape in the first 285 degree or, if she is a minor, someone on her behalf may file 286 a petition to terminate the parental rights of the 287 biological father. The court may terminate the parental 288 rights of the biological father if the court finds that by: 289

- 290 (1) Clear, cogent, and convincing evidence the 291 biological father committed the act of forcible rape or rape 292 in the first degree against the biological mother;
- 293 (2) Clear, cogent, and convincing evidence the child 294 was conceived as a result of that act of forcible rape or 295 rape in the first degree; and
- 296 (3) The preponderance of the evidence the termination 297 of the parental rights of the biological father is in the 298 best interests of the child.
- 299 12. In any action to terminate the parental rights of 300 the biological father under subsection 11 of this section or subdivision (5) of subsection 5 of this section, a court of 301 competent jurisdiction may order that the mother and the 302 303 child conceived and born as a result of forcible rape or 304 rape in the first degree are entitled to obtain from the 305 biological father certain payments, support, beneficiary 306 designations, or other financial benefits. The court shall issue such order only if the mother gives her consent; 307 provided, that the court shall first inform the mother that 308 such order may require or obligate the mother to have 309 continuous or future communication and contact with the 310 biological father. Such order shall be issued without the 311 biological father being entitled to or granted any custody, 312 313 guardianship, visitation privileges, or other parent-child 314 relationship, and may include any or all of the following:
- 315 (1) Payment for the reasonable expenses of the mother 316 or the child, or both, related to pregnancy, labor, 317 delivery, postpartum care, newborn care, or early childhood 318 care;
- 319 (2) Child support under this chapter or chapter 210, 320 452, or 454;

- 321 (3) All rights of the child to inherit under the 322 probate code, as defined in section 472.010; provided that, 323 for purposes of intestate succession, the biological father
- 101 purposes of intestate succession, the biological father
- or his kindred shall have no right to inherit from or
- 325 through the child;
- 326 (4) The designation of the child as the beneficiary of
- 327 a life or accidental death insurance policy, annuity,
- 328 contract, plan, or other product sold or issued by a life
- 329 insurance company; or
- 330 (5) Any other payments, support, beneficiary
- 331 designations, or financial benefits that are in the best
- interests of the child or for the reasonable expenses of the
- 333 mother, or both.
- 334 If the mother declines to seek a court order for child
- 335 support under this subsection, no state agency shall require
- 336 the mother to do so in order to receive public assistance
- 337 benefits for herself or the child, including, but not
- 338 limited to, benefits for temporary assistance for needy
- families, supplemental nutrition assistance program, or MO
- 340 HealthNet. The court order terminating the parental rights
- 341 of the biological father under subdivision (5) of subsection
- 342 5 of this section or subsection 11 of this section shall
- 343 serve as a sufficient basis for a good cause or other
- exemptions under 42 U.S.C. Section 654(29) and the state
- 345 agency shall not require the mother or the child to
- otherwise provide the identity, location, income, or assets
- 347 of the biological father or have contact or communicate with
- 348 the biological father. However, nothing in this subsection
- 349 shall prohibit a state agency from requesting that the
- 350 mother assign any child support rights she receives under
- 351 this subsection to the state as a condition of receipt of

- 352 public assistance benefits under applicable federal and
- 353 state law.
 - 453.014. 1. The following persons may place a minor
 - 2 for adoption:
 - 3 (1) The children's division of the department of
 - 4 social services;
 - 5 (2) A child placing agency licensed pursuant to
 - 6 sections 210.481 to 210.536;
 - 7 (3) The child's parents, without the direct or
 - 8 indirect assistance of an intermediary, in the home of a
 - 9 relative of the child within the third degree;
- 10 (4) An intermediary, which shall include an attorney
- 11 licensed pursuant to chapter 484; a physician licensed
- 12 pursuant to chapter 334; or a clergyman of the parents.
- 2. All persons granted the authority to place a minor
- 14 child for adoption as designated in subdivision (1), (2) or
- 15 (4) of subsection 1 of this section shall comply with the
- 16 rules and regulations promulgated by the children's division
- 17 of the department of social services [and the department of
- 18 health and senior services] for such placement.
- 19 3. The children's division of the department of social
- 20 services [and the department of health and senior services]
- 21 shall promulgate rules and regulations regarding the
- 22 placement of a minor for adoption.
- 4. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the
- 24 authority of this section shall become effective unless it
- 25 has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section
- 26 536.024.
 - 453.030. 1. In all cases the approval of the court of
- 2 the adoption shall be required and such approval shall be
- 3 given or withheld as the welfare of the person sought to be
- 4 adopted may, in the opinion of the court, demand.

- 5 The written consent of the person to be adopted 6 shall be required in all cases where the person sought to be 7 adopted is fourteen years of age or older, except where the court finds that such child has not sufficient mental 8 9 capacity to give the same. In a case involving a child 10 under fourteen years of age, the guardian ad litem shall 11 ascertain the child's wishes and feelings about his or her adoption by conducting an interview or interviews with the 12 child, if appropriate based on the child's age and maturity 13 14 level, which shall be considered by the court as a factor in
- 3. With the exceptions specifically enumerated in section 453.040, when the person sought to be adopted is under the age of eighteen years, the written consent of the following persons shall be required and filed in and made a part of the files and record of the proceeding:

determining if the adoption is in the child's best interests.

- 21 (1) The mother of the child;
- 22 (2) Any man who:

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- 23 (a) Is presumed to be the father pursuant to 24 subdivision (1), (2), or (3) of subsection 1 of section 25 210.822; or
 - (b) Has filed an action to establish his paternity in a court of competent jurisdiction no later than fifteen days after the birth of the child and has served a copy of the petition on the mother in accordance with section 506.100; or
- 30 (c) Filed with the putative father registry pursuant
 31 to section 192.016 a notice of intent to claim paternity or
 32 an acknowledgment of paternity either prior to or within
 33 fifteen days after the child's birth, and has filed an
 34 action to establish his paternity in a court of competent
 35 jurisdiction no later than fifteen days after the birth of
 36 the child; and

- 37 (3) The child's current adoptive parents or other38 legally recognized mother and father.
- 39 Upon request by the petitioner and within one business day
- 40 of such request, the clerk of the local court shall verify
- 41 whether such written consents have been filed with the court.
- 4. The written consent required in subdivisions (2)
- 43 and (3) of subsection 3 of this section may be executed
- 44 before or after the birth of the child or before or after
- 45 the commencement of the adoption proceedings, and shall be
- 46 executed in front of a judge or acknowledged before a notary
- 47 public. If consent is executed in front of a judge, it
- 48 shall be the duty of the judge to advise the consenting
- 49 birth parent of the consequences of the consent. In lieu of
- 50 such acknowledgment, the signature of the person giving such
- 51 written consent shall be witnessed by the signatures of at
- 52 least two adult persons whose signatures and addresses shall
- 53 be plainly written thereon. The two adult witnesses shall
- 54 not be the prospective adoptive parents or any attorney
- 55 representing a party to the adoption proceeding other than
- 56 the attorney representing the party signing the consent.
- 57 The notary public or witnesses shall verify the identity of
- 58 the party signing the consent. Notwithstanding any other
- 59 provision of law to the contrary, a properly executed
- 60 written consent under this subsection shall be considered
- 61 irrevocable.
- 5. The written consent required in subdivision (1) of
- 63 subsection 3 of this section by the birth mother shall not
- 64 be executed anytime before the child is forty-eight hours
- 65 old. Such written consent shall be executed in front of a
- 66 judge or acknowledged before a notary public. If consent is
- 67 executed in front of a judge, it shall be the duty of the

- 68 judge to advise the consenting party of the consequences of
- 69 the consent. In lieu of acknowledgment before a notary
- 70 public, the signature of the person giving such written
- 71 consent shall be witnessed by the signatures of at least two
- 72 adult persons who are present at the execution whose
- 73 signatures and addresses shall be plainly written thereon
- 74 and who determine and certify that the consent is knowingly
- 75 and freely given. The two adult witnesses shall not be the
- 76 prospective adoptive parents or any attorney representing a
- 77 party to the adoption proceeding other than the attorney
- 78 representing the party signing the consent. The notary
- 79 public or witnesses shall verify the identity of the party
- 80 signing the consent.
- 81 6. A consent is final when executed, unless the
- 82 consenting party, prior to a final decree of adoption,
- 83 alleges and proves by clear and convincing evidence that the
- 84 consent was not freely and voluntarily given. The burden of
- 85 proving the consent was not freely and voluntarily given
- 86 shall rest with the consenting party. Consents in all cases
- 87 shall have been executed not more than six months prior to
- 88 the date the petition for adoption is filed.
- 7. A consent form shall be developed through rules and
- 90 regulations promulgated by the children's division of the
- 91 department of social services. No rule or portion of a rule
- 92 promulgated under the authority of this section shall become
- 93 effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the
- 94 provisions of chapter 536. If a written consent is obtained
- 95 after August 28, 1997, but prior to the development of a
- 96 consent form by the department and the written consent
- 97 complies with the provisions of subsection 8 of this
- 98 section, such written consent shall be deemed valid.
- 99 8. However, the consent form must specify that:

- 100 (1) The birth parent understands the importance of 101 identifying all possible fathers of the child and may 102 provide the names of all such persons; and
- 103 (2) The birth parent understands that if he denies 104 paternity, but consents to the adoption, he waives any 105 future interest in the child.
- 9. The written consent to adoption required by subsection 3 and executed through procedures set forth in subsection 5 of this section shall be valid and effective even though the parent consenting was under eighteen years of age, if such parent was represented by a guardian ad litem, at the time of the execution thereof.
- 112 10. Where the person sought to be adopted is eighteen 113 years of age or older, his or her written consent alone to 114 his or her adoption shall be sufficient.
- 11. A birth parent, including a birth parent less than

 116 eighteen years of age, shall have the right to legal

 117 representation [and payment of any reasonable legal fees

 118 incurred throughout the adoption process]. In addition, the

 119 court may appoint an attorney to represent a birth parent

120 less than eighteen years of age if:

- 121 (1) A birth parent requests representation;
- 122 (2) The court finds that hiring an attorney to
 123 represent such birth parent would cause a financial hardship
 124 for the birth parent; and
- 125 (3) The birth parent is not already represented by counsel.
- 127 [12. Except in cases where the court determines that
 128 the adoptive parents are unable to pay reasonable attorney
 129 fees and appoints pro bono counsel for the birth parents,
 130 the court shall order the costs of the attorney fees
 131 incurred pursuant to subsection 11 of this section to be

- 132 paid by the prospective adoptive parents or the child-
- 133 placing agency.
- 13.] 12. The court shall receive and acknowledge a
- written consent to adoption properly executed by a birth
- 136 parent under this section when such consent is in the best
- interests of the child.
 - 453.040. The consent to the adoption of a child is not
 - 2 required of:
 - 3 (1) A parent whose rights with reference to the child
 - 4 have been terminated pursuant to law, including section
 - 5 211.444 or section 211.447 or other similar laws in other
 - 6 states;
 - 7 (2) A parent of a child who has legally consented to a
 - 8 future adoption of the child;
 - 9 (3) A parent whose identity is unknown and cannot be
- 10 ascertained at the time of the filing of the petition;
- 11 (4) A man who has not been established to be the
- 12 father and who is not presumed by law to be the father, and
- 13 who, after the conception of the child, executes a verified
- 14 statement denying paternity and disclaiming any interest in
- 15 the child and acknowledging that this statement is
- 16 irrevocable when executed and follows the consent as set
- 17 forth in section 453.030;
- 18 (5) A parent or other person who has not executed a
- 19 consent and who, after proper service of process, fails to
- 20 file an answer or make an appearance in a proceeding for
- 21 adoption or for termination of parental rights at the time
- 22 such cause is heard;
- 23 (6) A parent who has a mental condition which is shown
- 24 by competent evidence either to be permanent or such that
- 25 there is no reasonable likelihood that the condition can be

- reversed and which renders the parent unable to knowingly provide the child the necessary care, custody and control;
- 28 (7) A parent who has for a period of at least six
- 29 months, for a child [one year] three years of age or older,
- 30 or at least sixty days, for a child under [one year] three
- 31 years of age, immediately prior to the filing of the
- 32 petition for adoption, [willfully abandoned the child or,
- 33 for a period of at least six months immediately prior to the
- 34 filing of the petition for adoption,] willfully,
- 35 substantially and continuously neglected to provide [him]
- 36 the child with necessary care and protection;
- 37 (8) A parent whose rights to the child may be
- 38 terminated for any of the grounds set forth in section
- 39 211.447 and whose rights have been terminated after hearing
- 40 and proof of such grounds as required by sections 211.442 to
- 41 211.487. Such petition for termination may be filed as a
- 42 count in an adoption petition.
 - 453.070. 1. Except as provided in subsection 5 of
- 2 this section, no decree for the adoption of a child under
- 3 eighteen years of age shall be entered for the petitioner or
- 4 petitioners in such adoption as ordered by the juvenile
- 5 court having jurisdiction, until a full investigation, which
- 6 includes an assessment of the adoptive parents, an
- 7 appropriate postplacement assessment and a summary of
- 8 written reports as provided for in section 453.026, and any
- 9 other pertinent information relevant to whether the child is
- 10 suitable for adoption by the petitioner and whether the
- 11 petitioner is suitable as a parent for the child, has been
- 12 made. The report shall also include a statement to the
- 13 effect that the child has been considered as a potential
- 14 subsidy recipient.

- 15 Such investigation shall be made, as directed by the court having jurisdiction, either by the children's 16 17 division of the department of social services, a juvenile court officer, a licensed child-placement agency, a social 18 19 worker, a professional counselor, or a psychologist licensed 20 under chapter 337 and associated with a licensed child-21 placement agency, or other suitable person appointed by the 22 court. The results of such investigation shall be embodied in a written report that shall be submitted to the court 23 24 within ninety days of the request for the investigation.
- The children's division shall develop rules and 25 regulations regarding the content of the assessment of the 26 27 petitioner or petitioners. The content of the assessment shall include but not be limited to a report on the 28 condition of the petitioner's home and information on the 29 petitioner's education, financial, marital, medical and 30 31 psychological status and criminal background check. assessment is conducted after August 28, 1997, but prior to 32 33 the promulgation of rules and regulations by the [department] children's division concerning the contents of 34 such assessment, any discrepancy between the contents of the 35 actual assessment and the contents of the assessment 36 37 required by [department] children's division rule shall not be used as the sole basis for invalidating an adoption. 38 rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the 39 40 authority of this section shall become effective unless it 41 has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536. 42
- 43 4. The assessment of petitioner or petitioners shall 44 be submitted to the petitioner and to the court prior to the 45 scheduled hearing of the adoptive petition.

- 46 In cases where the adoption or custody involves a child under eighteen years of age that is the natural child 47 48 of one of the petitioners and where all of the parents required by this chapter to give consent to the adoption or 49 50 transfer of custody have given such consent, the juvenile 51 court may waive the investigation and report, except the criminal background check, and enter the decree for the 52 53 adoption or order the transfer of custody without such investigation and report. 54
- 55 6. In the case of an investigation and report made by 56 the children's division by order of the court, the court may 57 order the payment of a reasonable fee by the petitioner to 58 cover the costs of the investigation and report.
- 7. Any adult person or persons over the age of 59 eighteen who, as foster parent or parents, have cared for a 60 foster child continuously for a period of nine months or 61 62 more and bonding has occurred as evidenced by the positive emotional and physical interaction between the foster parent 63 64 and child, may apply to such authorized agency for the placement of such child with them for the purpose of 65 adoption if the child is eligible for adoption. The agency 66 and court shall give preference and first consideration for 67 adoptive placements to foster parents. However, the final 68 69 determination of the propriety of the adoption of such foster child shall be within the sole discretion of the 70 71 court.
- 72 8. (1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 73 permit discrimination on the basis of disability or disease 74 of a prospective adoptive parent.
- 75 (2) The disability or disease of a prospective
 76 adoptive parent shall not constitute a basis for a
 77 determination that the petitioner is unfit or not suitable

- 78 to be an adoptive parent without a specific showing that
- 79 there is a causal relationship between the disability or
- 80 disease and a substantial and significant risk of harm to a
- 81 child.

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