#### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

### SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# **HOUSE BILL NO. 273**

**101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY** 

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 324.009, 324.012, 324.200, 324.206, 327.011, 327.091, 327.101, 327.131, 327.191, 327.241, 327.612, 334.104, 335.175, 337.068, 339.100, 436.218, 436.224, 436.227, 436.230, 436.236, 436.242, 436.245, 436.248, 436.254, 436.257, 436.260, 436.263, and 436.266, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirty new sections relating to professional registration, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

0922S.04C

	Sectio	n A.	Sections	324.009,	324.012,	324.200,	324.206,
2	327.011, 32	7.091,	327.101,	327.131,	327.191,	327.241,	327.612,
3	334.104, 33	5.175,	337.068,	339.100,	436.218,	436.224,	436.227,
4	436.230, 43	6.236,	436.242,	436.245,	436.248,	436.254,	436.257,
5	436.260, 43	6.263,	and 436	.266, RSM	o, are re	pealed ar	nd thirty
6	new section	s enac	cted in li	eu thered	of, to be	known as	sections
7	324.009, 32	4.012,	324.087,	324.200,	324.206,	327.011,	327.091,
8	327.101, 32	7.131,	327.191,	327.241,	327.612,	329.034,	334.104,
9	335.175, 33	7.068,	339.100,	375.029,	436.218,	436.224,	436.227,
10	436.230, 43	6.236,	436.242,	436.245,	436.248,	436.254,	436.260,
11	436.263, an	d 436.	266, to r	ead as fo	llows:		
	324.009. 1. For purposes of this section, the						
2	following terms mean:						

3	(1) "License", a license, certificate, registration,
4	permit, [or] accreditation, or military occupational
5	<b>speciality</b> that enables a person to legally practice an
6	occupation or profession in a particular jurisdiction;

# EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

7 (2) "Military", the Armed Forces of the United States 8 including the Air Force, Army, Coast Guard, Marine Corps, 9 Navy, Space Force, National Guard and any other military 10 branch that is designated by Congress as part of the Armed 11 Forces of the United States, and all reserve components and 12 auxiliaries. Such term also includes the military reserves 13 and militia of any United States territory or state;

14 (3) "Nonresident military spouse", a nonresident spouse of an active duty member of the Armed Forces of the 15 16 United States who has been transferred or is scheduled to be transferred to the state of Missouri, or who has been 17 transferred or is scheduled to be transferred to an adjacent 18 19 state and is or will be domiciled in the state of Missouri, or has moved to the state of Missouri on a permanent change-20 of-station basis; 21

22 [(3)] (4) "Oversight body", any board, department,
23 agency, or office of a jurisdiction that issues licenses;

[(4)] (5) "Resident military spouse", a spouse of an active duty member of the Armed Forces of the United States who has been transferred or is scheduled to be transferred to the state of Missouri or an adjacent state and who is a permanent resident of the state of Missouri, who is domiciled in the state of Missouri, or who has Missouri as his or her home of record.

2. Any person who holds a valid current license issued 31 by another state, a branch or unit of the military, a 32 33 territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, and who has been licensed for at least one year in such 34 other jurisdiction, may submit an application for a license 35 in Missouri in the same occupation or profession, and at the 36 same practice level, for which he or she holds the current 37 license, along with proof of current licensure and proof of 38

#### **SCS HB 273**

39 licensure for at least one year in the other jurisdiction, 40 to the relevant oversight body in this state.

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3. The oversight body in this state shall:

Within six months of receiving an application 42 (1)described in subsection 2 of this section, waive any 43 44 examination, educational, or experience requirements for 45 licensure in this state for the applicant if it determines 46 that there were minimum education requirements and, if applicable, work experience and clinical supervision 47 48 requirements in effect and the other state verifies that the person met those requirements in order to be licensed or 49 certified in that state. An oversight body that administers 50 an examination on laws of this state as part of its 51 licensing application requirement may require an applicant 52 to take and pass an examination specific to the laws of this 53 54 state; or

(2) Within thirty days of receiving an application
described in subsection 2 of this section from a nonresident
military spouse or a resident military spouse, waive any
examination, educational, or experience requirements for
licensure in this state for the applicant and issue such
applicant a license under this section if such applicant
otherwise meets the requirements of this section.

62 4. (1) The oversight body shall not waive any examination, educational, or experience requirements for any 63 64 applicant who has had his or her license revoked by an oversight body outside the state; who is currently under 65 investigation, who has a complaint pending, or who is 66 currently under disciplinary action, except as provided in 67 subdivision (2) of this subsection, with an oversight body 68 outside the state; who does not hold a license in good 69 standing with an oversight body outside the state; who has a 70

#### **SCS HB 273**

71 criminal record that would disqualify him or her for 72 licensure in Missouri; or who does not hold a valid current 73 license in the other jurisdiction on the date the oversight 74 body receives his or her application under this section.

(2) If another jurisdiction has taken disciplinary
action against an applicant, the oversight body shall
determine if the cause for the action was corrected and the
matter resolved. If the matter has not been resolved by
that jurisdiction, the oversight body may deny a license
until the matter is resolved.

5. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the
oversight body from denying a license to an applicant under
this section for any reason described in any section
associated with the occupation or profession for which the
applicant seeks a license.

86 6. Any person who is licensed under the provisions of
87 this section shall be subject to the applicable oversight
88 body's jurisdiction and all rules and regulations pertaining
89 to the practice of the licensed occupation or profession in
90 this state.

91 7. This section shall not be construed to waive any
92 requirement for an applicant to pay any fees, post any bonds
93 or surety bonds, or submit proof of insurance associated
94 with the license the applicant seeks.

95 8. This section shall not apply to business,
96 professional, or occupational licenses issued or required by
97 political subdivisions.

98 9. The provisions of this section shall not impede an
99 oversight body's authority to require an applicant to submit
100 fingerprints as part of the application process.

10. The provisions of this section shall not apply to102 an oversight body that has entered into a licensing compact

103 with another state for the regulation of practice under the 104 oversight body's jurisdiction. The provisions of this 105 section shall not be construed to alter the authority granted by, or any requirements promulgated pursuant to, any 106 interjurisdictional or interstate compacts adopted by 107 108 Missouri statute or any reciprocity agreements with other states in effect on August 28, 2018, and whenever possible 109 this section shall be interpreted so as to imply no conflict 110 between it and any compact, or any reciprocity agreements 111 112 with other states in effect on August 28, 2018.

113 11. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a 114 license issued under this section shall be valid only in 115 this state and shall not make a licensee eligible to be part 116 of an interstate compact. An applicant who is licensed in 117 another state pursuant to an interstate compact shall not be 118 eligible for licensure by an oversight body under the 119 provisions of this section.

120 12. The provisions of this section shall not apply to
121 any occupation set forth in subsection 6 of section 290.257,
122 or any electrical contractor licensed under sections 324.900
123 to 324.945.

324.012. 1. This section shall be known and may becited as the "Fresh Start Act of 2020".

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As used in this section, the following terms mean:
 (1) "Criminal conviction", any conviction, finding of guilt, plea of guilty, or plea of nolo contendere;

6 (2) "Licensing", any required training, education, or
7 fee to work in a specific occupation, profession, or
8 activity in the state;

9 (3) "Licensing authority", an agency, examining board,
10 credentialing board, or other office of the state with the
11 authority to impose occupational fees or licensing

requirements on any profession. For purposes of the 12 13 provisions of this section other than subsection 7 of this section, the term "licensing authority" shall not include 14 the state board of education's licensure of teachers 15 pursuant to chapter 168, the Missouri state board of 16 accountant's licensure of accountants pursuant to chapter 17 326, the board of podiatric medicine's licensure of 18 podiatrists pursuant to chapter 330, the Missouri dental 19 20 board's licensure of dentists pursuant to chapter 332, the 21 state board of registration for the healing art's licensure of physicians and surgeons pursuant to chapter 334, the 22 Missouri state board of nursing's licensure of nurses 23 24 pursuant to chapter 335, the board of pharmacy's licensure of pharmacists pursuant to chapter 338, the Missouri real 25 estate commission's licensure of real estate brokers, real 26 27 estate salespersons, or real estate broker-salespersons pursuant to sections 339.010 to 339.205, the Missouri 28 veterinary medical board's licensure of veterinarian's 29 30 pursuant to chapter 340, the Missouri director of finance appointed pursuant to chapter 361, or the peace officer 31 standards and training commission's licensure of peace 32 officers or other law enforcement personnel pursuant to 33 chapter 590; 34

35 (4) "Political subdivision", a city, town, village,36 municipality, or county.

37 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
38 beginning January 1, 2021, no person shall be disqualified
39 by a state licensing authority from pursuing, practicing, or
40 engaging in any occupation for which a license is required
41 solely or in part because of a prior conviction of a crime
42 in this state or another state, unless the criminal
43 conviction directly relates to the duties and

44 responsibilities for the licensed occupation as set forth in 45 this section or is violent or sexual in nature.

46 4. Beginning August 28, 2020, applicants for examination of licensure who have pleaded quilty to, entered 47 a plea of nolo contendere to, or been found quilty of any of 48 49 the following offenses or offenses of a similar nature established under the laws of this state, any other state, 50 United States, or any other country, notwithstanding whether 51 sentence is imposed, shall be considered by state licensing 52 53 authorities to have committed a criminal offense that directly relates to the duties and responsibilities of a 54 licensed profession: 55

(1) Any murder in the first degree, or dangerous
felony as defined under section 556.061 excluding an
intoxication-related traffic offense or intoxication-related
boating offense if the person is found to be a habitual
offender or habitual boating offender as such terms are
defined in section 577.001;

62 (2) Any of the following sexual offenses: rape in the first degree, forcible rape, rape, statutory rape in the 63 first degree, statutory rape in the second degree, rape in 64 the second degree, sexual assault, sodomy in the first 65 degree, forcible sodomy, statutory sodomy in the first 66 67 degree, statutory sodomy in the second degree, child molestation in the first degree, child molestation in the 68 69 second degree, sodomy in the second degree, deviate sexual assault, sexual misconduct involving a child, sexual 70 misconduct in the first degree under section 566.090 as it 71 existed prior to August 28, 2013, sexual abuse under section 72 73 566.100 as it existed prior to August 28, 2013, sexual abuse 74 in the first or second degree, enticement of a child, or attempting to entice a child; 75

(3) Any of the following offenses against the family
and related offenses: incest, abandonment of a child in the
first degree, abandonment of a child in the second degree,
endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree,
abuse of a child, using a child in a sexual performance,
promoting sexual performance by a child, or trafficking in
children; and

Any of the following offenses involving child 83 (4) pornography and related offenses: promoting obscenity in 84 85 the first degree, promoting obscenity in the second degree when the penalty is enhanced to a class E felony, promoting 86 child pornography in the first degree, promoting child 87 88 pornography in the second degree, possession of child pornography in the first degree, possession of child 89 pornography in the second degree, furnishing child 90 91 pornography to a minor, furnishing pornographic materials to 92 minors, or coercing acceptance of obscene material;

93 (5) The offense of delivery of a controlled substance, 94 as provided in section 579.020, may be a disqualifying 95 criminal offense for the following occupations: real estate 96 appraisers and appraisal management companies, licensed 97 pursuant to sections 339.500 to 339.549; and nursing home 98 administrators, licensed pursuant to chapter 344; and

99 Any offense an essential element of which is fraud (6) 100 may be a disqualifying criminal offense for the following 101 occupations: private investigators, licensed pursuant to sections 324.1100 to 324.1148; accountants, licensed 102 pursuant to chapter 326; architects, licensed pursuant to 103 sections 327.091 to 327.172; engineers, licensed pursuant to 104 105 sections 327.181 to 327.271; land surveyors, licensed 106 pursuant to sections 327.272 to 327.371; landscape architects, licensed pursuant to sections 327.600 to 107

108 327.635; chiropractors, licensed pursuant to chapter 331; 109 embalmers and funeral directors, licensed pursuant to 110 chapter 333; real estate appraisers and appraisal management 111 companies, licensed pursuant to sections 339.500 to 339.549; 112 and nursing home administrators, licensed pursuant to 113 chapter 344.

5. If an individual is charged with any of the crimes 114 set forth in subsection 4 of this section, and is convicted, 115 pleads guilty to, or is found guilty of a lesser-included 116 117 offense and is sentenced to a period of incarceration, such conviction shall only be considered by state licensing 118 authorities as a criminal offense that directly relates to 119 the duties and responsibilities of a licensed profession for 120 121 four years, beginning on the date such individual is 122 released from incarceration.

123 6. (1) [Licensing authorities shall only list
124 criminal convictions that are directly related to the duties
125 and responsibilities for the licensed occupation.

(2)] The licensing authority shall determine whether
an applicant with a criminal conviction [listed under
subdivision (1) of this subsection] will be denied a license
based on the following factors:

(a) The nature and seriousness of the crime for whichthe individual was convicted;

(b) The passage of time since the commission of the
crime, including consideration of the factors listed under
subdivision [(3)] (2) of this subsection;

(c) The relationship of the crime to the ability,
capacity, and fitness required to perform the duties and
discharge the responsibilities of the occupation; and

#### **SCS HB 273**

(d) Any evidence of rehabilitation or treatment
undertaken by the individual that might mitigate against a
direct relation.

141 [(3)] (2) If an individual has a valid criminal 142 conviction for a criminal offense that could disqualify the 143 individual from receiving a license, the disqualification 144 shall not apply to an individual who has been exonerated for 145 a crime for which he or she has previously been convicted of 146 or incarcerated.

147 7. An individual with a criminal record may petition a licensing authority at any time for a determination of 148 149 whether the individual's criminal record will disqualify the individual from obtaining a license. This petition shall 150 include details on the individual's criminal record. 151 The 152 licensing authority shall inform the individual of his or 153 her standing within thirty days after the licensing 154 authority has met, but in no event more than four months after receiving the petition from the applicant. 155 The decision shall be binding, unless the individual has 156 subsequent criminal convictions or failed to disclose 157 information in his or her petition. If the decision is that 158 159 the individual is disqualified, the individual shall be 160 notified in writing of the grounds and reasons for 161 disqualification. The licensing authority may charge a fee 162 by rule to recoup its costs as set by rulemaking authority 163 not to exceed twenty-five dollars for each petition.

164 8. (1) If a licensing authority denies an individual
165 a license solely or in part because of the individual's
166 prior conviction of a crime, the licensing authority shall
167 notify the individual in writing of the following:

(a) The grounds and reasons for the denial ordisqualification;

(b) That the individual has the right to a hearing as
provided by chapter 621 to challenge the licensing
authority's decision;

173 (c) The earliest date the person may reapply for a174 license; and

175 (d) That evidence of rehabilitation may be considered176 upon reapplication.

177 (2)Any written determination by the licensing authority that an applicant's criminal conviction is a 178 179 specifically listed disgualifying conviction and is directly 180 related to the duties and responsibilities for the licensed 181 occupation shall be documented with written findings for each of the grounds or reasons under paragraph (a) of 182 183 subdivision (1) of this subsection by clear and convincing 184 evidence sufficient for a reviewing court.

185 (3) In any administrative hearing or civil litigation
186 authorized under this subsection, the licensing authority
187 shall carry the burden of proof on the question of whether
188 the applicant's criminal conviction directly relates to the
189 occupation for which the license is sought.

9. 190 The provisions of this section shall apply to any profession for which an occupational license is issued in 191 192 this state, including any new occupational license created 193 by a state licensing authority after August 28, 2020. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, political 194 subdivisions shall be prohibited from creating any new 195 occupational licenses after August 28, 2020. The provisions 196 of this section shall not apply to business licenses, where 197 the terms "occupational licenses" and "business licenses" 198 199 are used interchangeably in a city or county charter 200 definition.

324.087. SECTION 1. PURPOSE

2 The purpose of this Compact is to facilitate interstate 3 practice of Occupational Therapy with the goal of improving 4 public access to Occupational Therapy services. The Practice of Occupational Therapy occurs in the State where 5 6 the patient/client is located at the time of the 7 patient/client encounter. The Compact preserves the regulatory authority of States to protect public health and 8 9 safety through the current system of State licensure. This 10 Compact is designed to achieve the following objectives:

A. Increase public access to Occupational Therapy
services by providing for the mutual recognition of other
Member State licenses;

B. Enhance the States' ability to protect the public's
health and safety;

16 C. Encourage the cooperation of Member States in 17 regulating multi-State Occupational Therapy Practice;

18

D. Support spouses of relocating military members;

E. Enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative,
and disciplinary information between Member States;

F. Allow a Remote State to hold a provider of services with a Compact Privilege in that State accountable to that State's practice standards; and

G. Facilitate the use of Telehealth technology in
 order to increase access to Occupational Therapy services.
 SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS

As used in this Compact, and except as otherwise provided, the following definitions shall apply:

A. "Active Duty Military" means full-time duty status
in the active uniformed service of the United States,
including members of the National Guard and Reserve on
active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Chapter 1209 and
Section 1211.

34 в. "Adverse Action" means any administrative, civil, 35 equitable, or criminal action permitted by a State's laws 36 which is imposed by a Licensing Board or other authority against an Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy 37 38 Assistant, including actions against an individual's license 39 or Compact Privilege such as censure, revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the Licensee, or 40 41 restriction on the Licensee's practice.

42 C. "Alternative Program" means a non-disciplinary
43 monitoring process approved by an Occupational Therapy
44 Licensing Board.

45 D. "Compact Privilege" means the authorization, which is equivalent to a license, granted by a Remote State to 46 47 allow a Licensee from another Member State to practice as an 48 Occupational Therapist or practice as an Occupational 49 Therapy Assistant in the Remote State under its laws and 50 rules. The Practice of Occupational Therapy occurs in the Member State where the patient/client is located at the time 51 52 of the patient/client encounter.

53 E. "Continuing Competence/Education" means a 54 requirement, as a condition of license renewal, to provide 55 evidence of participation in, and/or completion of, 56 educational and professional activities relevant to practice 57 or area of work.

58 F. "Current Significant Investigative Information" 59 means Investigative Information that a Licensing Board, 60 after an inquiry or investigation that includes notification 61 and an opportunity for the Occupational Therapist or 62 Occupational Therapy Assistant to respond, if required by 63 State law, has reason to believe is not groundless and, if 64 proved true, would indicate more than a minor infraction.

G. "Data System" means a repository of information
about Licensees, including but not limited to license
status, Investigative Information, Compact Privileges, and
Adverse Actions.

H. "Encumbered License" means a license in which an
Adverse Action restricts the Practice of Occupational
Therapy by the Licensee or said Adverse Action has been
reported to the National Practitioners Data Bank (NPDB).

I. "Executive Committee" means a group of directors
elected or appointed to act on behalf of, and within the
powers granted to them by, the Commission.

J. "Home State" means the Member State that is the
Licensee's Primary State of Residence.

K. "Impaired Practitioner" means individuals whose
professional practice is adversely affected by substance
abuse, addiction, or other health-related conditions.

L. "Investigative Information" means information, records, and/or documents received or generated by an Occupational Therapy Licensing Board pursuant to an investigation.

85 M. "Jurisprudence Requirement" means the assessment of 86 an individual's knowledge of the laws and rules governing 87 the Practice of Occupational Therapy in a State.

N. "Licensee" means an individual who currently holds
an authorization from the State to practice as an
Occupational Therapist or as an Occupational Therapy
Assistant.

92 O. "Member State" means a State that has enacted the93 Compact.

94 P. "Occupational Therapist" means an individual who is
95 licensed by a State to practice 63 Occupational Therapy.

96 Q. "Occupational Therapy Assistant" means an
97 individual who is licensed by a State to assist in the
98 Practice of Occupational Therapy.

99 R. "Occupational Therapy," "Occupational Therapy 100 Practice," and the "Practice of Occupational Therapy" mean 101 the care and services provided by an Occupational Therapist 102 or an Occupational Therapy Assistant as set forth in the 103 Member State's statutes and regulations.

104 S. "Occupational Therapy Compact Commission" or 105 "Commission" means the national administrative body whose 106 membership consists of all States that have enacted the 107 Compact.

T. "Occupational Therapy Licensing Board" or
"Licensing Board" means the agency of a State that is
authorized to license and regulate Occupational Therapists
and Occupational Therapy Assistants.

112 U. "Primary State of Residence" means the state (also known as the Home State) in which an Occupational Therapist 113 or Occupational Therapy Assistant who is not Active Duty 114 115 Military declares a primary residence for legal purposes as verified by: driver's license, federal income tax return, 116 117 lease, deed, mortgage or voter registration or other 118 verifying documentation as further defined by Commission 119 Rules.

V. "Remote State" means a Member State other than the
Home State, where a Licensee is exercising or seeking to
exercise the Compact Privilege.

W. "Rule" means a regulation promulgated by theCommission that has the force of law.

125 X. "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or
 126 territory of the United States of America that regulates the
 127 Practice of Occupational Therapy.

Y. "Single-State License" means an Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy Assistant license issued by a Member State that authorizes practice only within the issuing State and does not include a Compact Privilege in any other Member State.

I. "Telehealth" means the application of
telecommunication technology to deliver Occupational Therapy
services for assessment, intervention and/or consultation.

136 SECTION 3. STATE PARTICIPATION IN THE COMPACT
137 A. To participate in the Compact, a Member State shall:
138 1. License Occupational Therapists and Occupational
139 Therapy Assistants;

140 2. Participate fully in the Commission's Data System,
141 including but not limited to using the Commission's unique
142 identifier as defined in Rules of the Commission;

143 3. Have a mechanism in place for receiving and
144 investigating complaints about Licensees;

4. Notify the Commission, in compliance with the terms
of the Compact and Rules, of any Adverse Action or the
availability of Investigative Information regarding a
Licensee;

149 5. Implement or utilize procedures for considering the 150 criminal history records of applicants for an initial 151 Compact Privilege. These procedures shall include the 152 submission of fingerprints or other biometric-based 153 information by applicants for the purpose of obtaining an 154 applicant's criminal history record information from the 155 Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency responsible 156 for retaining that State's criminal records;

a. A Member State shall, within a time frame
 established by the Commission, require a criminal background
 check for a Licensee seeking/applying for a Compact

160 Privilege whose Primary State of Residence is that Member 161 State, by receiving the results of the Federal Bureau of 162 Investigation criminal record search, and shall use the 163 results in making licensure decisions.

b. Communication between a Member State, the
Commission and among Member States regarding the
verification of eligibility for licensure through the
Compact shall not include any information received from the
Federal Bureau of Investigation relating to a federal
criminal records check performed by a Member State under
Public Law 92-544.

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6. Comply with the Rules of the Commission;

172 7. Utilize only a recognized national examination as a
173 requirement for licensure pursuant to the Rules of the
174 Commission; and

175 8. Have Continuing Competence/Education requirements
176 as a condition for license renewal.

B. A Member State shall grant the Compact Privilege to
a Licensee holding a valid unencumbered license in another
Member State in accordance with the terms of the Compact and
Rules.

181 C. Member States may charge a fee for granting a
 182 Compact Privilege.

D. A Member State shall provide for the State's
delegate to attend all Occupational Therapy Compact
Commission meetings.

E. Individuals not residing in a Member State shall continue to be able to apply for a Member State's Single-State License as provided under the laws of each Member State. However, the Single-State License granted to these individuals shall not be recognized as granting the Compact Privilege in any other Member State.

192 F. Nothing in this Compact shall affect the requirements established by a Member State for the issuance 193 of a Single-State License. 194 SECTION 4. COMPACT PRIVILEGE 195 196 To exercise the Compact Privilege under the terms Α. 197 and provisions of the Compact, the Licensee shall: 198 1. Hold a license in the Home State; 2. 199 Have a valid United States Social Security Number 200 or National Practitioner Identification number; 201 3. Have no encumbrance on any State license; 202 4. Be eligible for a Compact Privilege in any Member 203 State in accordance with Section 4D, F, G, and H; 204 Have paid all fines and completed all requirements 5. 205 resulting from any Adverse Action against any license or 206 Compact Privilege, and two years have elapsed from the date 207 of such completion; 208 6. Notify the Commission that the Licensee is seeking 209 the Compact Privilege within a Remote State(s); 7. Pay any applicable fees, including any State fee, 210 211 for the Compact Privilege; 212 8. Complete a criminal background check in accordance 213 with Section 3A(5); 214 The Licensee shall be responsible for the payment a. 215 of any fee associated with the completion of a criminal 216 background check. 217 Meet any Jurisprudence Requirements established by 9. the Remote State(s) in which the Licensee is seeking a 218 219 Compact Privilege; and 220 10. Report to the Commission Adverse Action taken by 221 any non-Member State within 30 days from the date the 222 Adverse Action is taken.

223 B. The Compact Privilege is valid until the expiration 224 date of the Home State license. The Licensee must comply 225 with the requirements of Section 4A to maintain the Compact 226 Privilege in the Remote State.

227 C. A Licensee providing Occupational Therapy in a 228 Remote State under the Compact Privilege shall function 229 within the laws and regulations of the Remote State.

D. Occupational Therapy Assistants practicing in a
Remote State shall be supervised by an Occupational
Therapist licensed or holding a Compact Privilege in that
Remote State.

234 Ε. A Licensee providing Occupational Therapy in a Remote State is subject to that State's regulatory 235 236 authority. A Remote State may, in accordance with due 237 process and that State's laws, remove a Licensee's Compact 238 Privilege in the Remote State for a specific period of time, 239 impose fines, and/or take any other necessary actions to protect the health and safety of its citizens. 240 The Licensee may be ineligible for a Compact Privilege in any State until 241 242 the specific time for removal has passed and all fines are 243 paid.

F. If a Home State license is encumbered, the Licensee shall lose the Compact Privilege in any Remote State until the following occur:

247 1. The Home State license is no longer encumbered; and
248 2. Two years have elapsed from the date on which the
249 Home State license is no longer encumbered in accordance
250 with Section 4(F)(1).

G. Once an Encumbered License in the Home State is restored to good standing, the Licensee must meet the requirements of Section 4A to obtain a Compact Privilege in any Remote State.

255 H. If a Licensee's Compact Privilege in any Remote 256 State is removed, the individual may lose the Compact 257 Privilege in any other Remote State until the following 258 occur:

259 1. The specific period of time for which the Compact
260 Privilege was removed has ended;

261 2. All fines have been paid and all conditions have
 262 been met;

263 **3.** Two years have elapsed from the date of completing 264 requirements for 4(H)(1) and (2); and

4. The Compact Privileges are reinstated by the
Commission, and the compact Data System is updated to
reflect reinstatement.

I. If a Licensee's Compact Privilege in any Remote
State is removed due to an erroneous charge, privileges
shall be restored through the compact Data System.

J. Once the requirements of Section 4H have been met, the license must meet the requirements in Section 4A to obtain a Compact Privilege in a Remote State.

274 SECTION 5. OBTAINING A NEW HOME STATE LICENSE BY VIRTUE 275 OF COMPACT PRIVILEGE

A. An Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy
Assistant may hold a Home State license, which allows for
Compact Privileges in Member States, in only one Member
State at a time.

B. If an Occupational Therapist or Occupational
Therapy Assistant changes Primary State of Residence by
moving between two Member States:

The Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy
 Assistant shall file an application for obtaining a new Home
 State license by virtue of a Compact Privilege, pay all
 applicable fees, and notify the current and new Home State

in accordance with applicable Rules adopted by theCommission.

289 2. Upon receipt of an application for obtaining a new 290 Home State license by virtue of compact privilege, the new 291 Home State shall verify that the Occupational Therapist or 292 Occupational Therapy Assistant meets the pertinent criteria 293 outlined in Section 4 via the Data System, without need for 294 primary source verification except for:

a. an FBI fingerprint based criminal background check
 if not previously performed or updated pursuant to
 applicable Rules adopted by the Commission in accordance
 with Public Law 92-544;

b. other criminal background check as required by the
new Home State; and

301 c. submission of any requisite Jurisprudence
 302 Requirements of the new Home State.

303 3. The former Home State shall convert the former Home 304 State license into a Compact Privilege once the new Home 305 State has activated the new Home State license in accordance 306 with applicable Rules adopted by the Commission.

307 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of this
308 Compact, if the Occupational Therapist or Occupational
309 Therapy Assistant cannot meet the criteria in Section 4, the
310 new Home State shall apply its requirements for issuing a
311 new Single-State License.

5. The Occupational Therapist or the Occupational Therapy Assistant shall pay all applicable fees to the new Home State in order to be issued a new Home State license.

315 C. If an Occupational Therapist or Occupational 316 Therapy Assistant changes Primary State of Residence by 317 moving from a Member State to a non-Member State, or from a 318 non-Member State to a Member State, the State criteria shall

apply for issuance of a Single-State License in the newState.

D. Nothing in this compact shall interfere with a Licensee's ability to hold a Single-State License in multiple States; however, for the purposes of this compact, Licensee shall have only one Home State license.

E. Nothing in this Compact shall affect the requirements established by a Member State for the issuance of a Single-State License.

328 SECTION 6. ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY PERSONNEL OR THEIR 329 SPOUSES

Active Duty Military personnel, or their spouses, 330 Α. shall designate a Home State where the individual has a 331 current license in good standing. The individual may retain 332 333 the Home State designation during the period the service 334 member is on active duty. Subsequent to designating a Home 335 State, the individual shall only change their Home State through application for licensure in the new State or 336 through the process described in Section 5. 337

338

SECTION 7. ADVERSE ACTIONS

A. A Home State shall have exclusive power to impose
Adverse Action against an Occupational Therapist's or
Occupational Therapy Assistant's license issued by the Home
State.

343 B. In addition to the other powers conferred by State 344 law, a Remote State shall have the authority, in accordance 345 with existing State due process law, to:

Take Adverse Action against an Occupational
 Therapist's or Occupational Therapy Assistant's Compact
 Privilege within that Member State.

349
 350 investigations that require the attendance and testimony of

351 witnesses as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas 352 issued by a Licensing Board in a Member State for the 353 attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of 354 evidence from another Member State shall be enforced in the latter State by any court of competent jurisdiction, 355 356 according to the practice and procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before 357 358 it. The issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, 359 travel expenses, mileage and other fees required by the 360 service statutes of the State in which the witnesses or evidence are located. 361

362 C. For purposes of taking Adverse Action, the Home 363 State shall give the same priority and effect to reported 364 conduct received from a Member State as it would if the 365 conduct had occurred within the Home State. In so doing, 366 the Home State shall apply its own State laws to determine 367 appropriate action.

The Home State shall complete any pending 368 D. 369 investigations of an Occupational Therapist or Occupational 370 Therapy Assistant who changes Primary State of Residence 371 during the course of the investigations. The Home State, 372 where the investigations were initiated, shall also have the 373 authority to take appropriate action(s) and shall promptly 374 report the conclusions of the investigations to the OT 375 Compact Commission Data System. The Occupational Therapy Compact Commission Data System administrator shall promptly 376 notify the new Home State of any Adverse Actions. 377

E. A Member State, if otherwise permitted by State haw, may recover from the affected Occupational Therapist or Occupational Therapy Assistant the costs of investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any Adverse Action

taken against that Occupational Therapist or OccupationalTherapy Assistant.

F. A Member State may take Adverse Action based on the factual findings of the Remote State, provided that the Member State follows its own procedures for taking the Adverse Action.

388

G. Joint Investigations

389 1. In addition to the authority granted to a Member 390 State by its respective State Occupational Therapy laws and 391 regulations or other applicable State law, any Member State 392 may participate with other Member States in joint 393 investigations of Licensees.

394 2. Member States shall share any investigative,
 395 litigation, or compliance materials in furtherance of any
 396 joint or individual investigation initiated under the
 397 Compact.

398 Η. If an Adverse Action is taken by the Home State against an Occupational Therapist's or Occupational Therapy 399 Assistant's license, the Occupational Therapist's or 400 401 Occupational Therapy Assistant's Compact Privilege in all other Member States shall be deactivated until all 402 403 encumbrances have been removed from the State license. A11 404 Home State disciplinary orders that impose Adverse Action 405 against an Occupational Therapist's or Occupational Therapy 406 Assistant's license shall include a Statement that the Occupational Therapist's or Occupational Therapy Assistant's 407 Compact Privilege is deactivated in all Member States during 408 409 the pendency of the order.

I. If a Member State takes Adverse Action, it shall
promptly notify the administrator of the Data System. The
administrator of the Data System shall promptly notify the
Home State of any Adverse Actions by Remote States.

J. Nothing in this Compact shall override a Member
State's decision that participation in an Alternative
Program may be used in lieu of Adverse Action.

417 SECTION 8. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY
418 COMPACT COMMISSION.

A. The Compact Member States hereby create and
establish a joint public agency known as the Occupational
Therapy Compact Commission:

422 1. The Commission is an instrumentality of the Compact423 States.

Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or 424 2. against the Commission shall be brought solely and 425 exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the 426 427 principal office of the Commission is located. The 428 Commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to 429 the extent it adopts or consents to participate in 430 alternative dispute resolution proceedings.

3. Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a
waiver of sovereign immunity.

433

B. Membership, Voting, and Meetings

434 1. Each Member State shall have and be limited to one
435 (1) delegate selected by that Member State's Licensing Board.
436 2. The delegate shall be either:

437 a. A current member of the Licensing Board, who is an
438 Occupational Therapist, Occupational Therapy Assistant, or
439 public member; or

440

b. An administrator of the Licensing Board.

3. Any delegate may be removed or suspended from
office as provided by the law of the State from which the
delegate is appointed.

444 **4.** The Member State board shall fill any vacancy 445 occurring in the Commission within 90 days.

446 5. Each delegate shall be entitled to one (1) vote 447 with regard to the promulgation of Rules and creation of 448 bylaws and shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the Commission. 449 A delegate shall vote in person or by such other means as 450 451 provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for delegates' participation in meetings by telephone or other 452 means of communication. 453

6. The Commission shall meet at least once during each
calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as set
forth in the bylaws.

457 7. The Commission shall establish by Rule a term of
458 office for delegates.

459 C. The Commission shall have the following powers and 460 duties:

461 **1.** Establish a Code of Ethics for the Commission;

462 2. Establish the fiscal year of the Commission;

463 **3. Establish bylaws**;

464 4. Maintain its financial records in accordance with
465 the bylaws;

466 5. Meet and take such actions as are consistent with 467 the provisions of this Compact and the bylaws;

6. Promulgate uniform Rules to facilitate and
coordinate implementation and administration of this
Compact. The Rules shall have the force and effect of law
and shall be binding in all Member States;

472 7. Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in
473 the name of the Commission, provided that the standing of
474 any State Occupational Therapy Licensing Board to sue or be
475 sued under applicable law shall not be affected;

476 8. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;

477 9. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of
478 personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a
479 Member State;

480 10. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix 481 compensation, define duties, grant such individuals 482 appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the 483 Compact, and establish the Commission's personnel policies 484 and programs relating to conflicts of interest, 485 qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel 486 matters;

487 11. Accept any and all appropriate donations and 488 grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and 489 services, and receive, utilize and dispose of the same; 490 provided that at all times the Commission shall avoid any 491 appearance of impropriety and/or conflict of interest;

492 12. Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or 493 donations of, or otherwise own, hold, improve or use, any 494 property, real, personal or mixed; provided that at all 495 times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of 496 impropriety;

497 13. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
498 abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property real,
499 personal, or mixed;

500

Establish a budget and make expenditures;

501

15. Borrow money;

502 16. Appoint committees, including standing committees 503 composed of members, State regulators, State legislators or 504 their representatives, and consumer representatives, and 505 such other interested persons as may be designated in this 506 Compact and the bylaws;

507 17. Provide and receive information from, and 508 cooperate with, law enforcement agencies;

**SCS HB 273** 

18. Establish and elect an Executive Committee; and
19. Perform such other functions as may be necessary
or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Compact
consistent with the State regulation of Occupational Therapy
licensure and practice.

514

D. The Executive Committee

515 The Executive Committee shall have the power to act on 516 behalf of the Commission according to the terms of this 517 Compact.

518 **1.** The Executive Committee shall be composed of nine 519 members:

a. Seven voting members who are elected by the
Commission from the current membership of the Commission;
b. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from a recognized
national Occupational Therapy professional association; and

524 c. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from a recognized 525 national Occupational Therapy certification organization.

526 2. The ex-officio members will be selected by their 527 respective organizations.

528 **3.** The Commission may remove any member of the 529 Executive Committee as provided in bylaws.

530 4. The Executive Committee shall meet at least531 annually.

532 5. The Executive Committee shall have the following 533 Duties and responsibilities:

a. Recommend to the entire Commission changes to the Rules or bylaws, changes to this Compact legislation, fees paid by Compact Member States such as annual dues, and any Commission Compact fee charged to Licensees for the Compact Privilege;

539 b. Ensure Compact administration services are 540 appropriately provided, contractual or otherwise;

541 c. Prepare and recommend the budget;

542 d. Maintain financial records on behalf of the
543 Commission;

544 e. Monitor Compact compliance of Member States and
 545 provide compliance reports to the Commission;

546 f. Establish additional committees as necessary; and
547 g. Perform other duties as provided in Rules or bylaws.

548 E. Meetings of the Commission

549 1. All meetings shall be open to the public, and 550 public notice of meetings shall be given in the same manner 551 as required under the Rulemaking provisions in Section 10.

552 2. The Commission or the Executive Committee or other 553 committees of the Commission may convene in a closed, non-554 public meeting if the Commission or Executive Committee or 555 other committees of the Commission must discuss:

a. Non-compliance of a Member State with its
obligations under the Compact;

558 b. The employment, compensation, discipline or other 559 matters, practices or procedures related to specific 560 employees or other matters related to the Commission's 561 internal personnel practices and procedures;

562 c. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated
563 litigation;

d. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease,
or sale of goods, services, or real estate;

e. Accusing any person of a crime or formally
 censuring any person;

568 f. Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or 569 financial information that is privileged or confidential;

570 g. Disclosure of information of a personal nature 571 where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted 572 invasion of personal privacy;

573 h. Disclosure of investigative records compiled for 574 law enforcement purposes;

575 i. Disclosure of information related to any 576 investigative reports prepared by or on behalf of or for use 577 of the Commission or other committee charged with 578 responsibility of investigation or determination of 579 compliance issues pursuant to the Compact; or

580 j. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by 581 federal or Member State statute.

582 3. If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed 583 pursuant to this provision, the Commission's legal counsel 584 or designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and 585 shall reference each relevant exempting provision.

586 4. The Commission shall keep minutes that fully and 587 clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and 588 shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, 589 and the reasons therefore, including a description of the 590 views expressed. All documents considered in connection 591 with an action shall be identified in such minutes. A11 minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under 592 593 seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the 594 Commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

595

F. Financing of the Commission

596 1. The Commission shall pay, or provide for the 597 payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, 598 organization, and ongoing activities.

599 2. The Commission may accept any and all appropriate 600 revenue sources, donations, and grants of money, equipment, 601 supplies, materials, and services.

3. The Commission may levy on and collect an annual
assessment from each Member State or impose fees on other
parties to cover the cost of the operations and activities

605 of the Commission and its staff, which must be in a total 606 amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved by 607 the Commission each year for which revenue is not provided 608 by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount 609 shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by 610 the Commission, which shall promulgate a Rule binding upon 611 all Member States.

4. The Commission shall not incur obligations of any
kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same;
nor shall the Commission pledge the credit of any of the
Member States, except by and with the authority of the
Member State.

The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all 617 5. 618 receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements 619 of the Commission shall be subject to the audit and 620 accounting procedures established under its bylaws. 621 However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by 622 the Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit 623 624 shall be included in and become part of the annual report of 625 the Commission.

626

G. Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification

627 1. The members, officers, executive director, 628 employees and representatives of the Commission shall be 629 immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss 630 of property or personal injury or other civil liability 631 632 caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that the person against 633 634 whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing 635 occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties 636 or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph

shall be construed to protect any such person from suit
and/or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability
caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of
that person.

The Commission shall defend any member, officer, 641 2. executive director, employee, or representative of the 642 Commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability 643 644 arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission 645 that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, 646 duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing 647 occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, 648 or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be 649 650 construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her 651 own counsel; and provided further, that the actual or 652 alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that 653 person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.

654 3. The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, or 655 representative of the Commission for the amount of any 656 657 settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that 658 659 occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, 660 or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable 661 basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the 662 actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result 663 from the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that 664 665 person.

666

#### SECTION 9. DATA SYSTEM

667 A. The Commission shall provide for the development, 668 maintenance, and utilization of a coordinated database and

reporting system containing licensure, Adverse Action, and
Investigative Information on all licensed individuals in
Member States.

B. A Member State shall submit a uniform data set to
the Data System on all individuals to whom this Compact is
applicable (utilizing a unique identifier) as required by
the Rules of the Commission, including:

676

1. Identifying information;

677 2. Licensure data;

678 3. Adverse Actions against a license or Compact
679 Privilege;

680 4. Non-confidential information related to Alternative
681 Program participation;

682 5. Any denial of application for licensure, and the
683 reason(s) for such denial;

684 6. Other information that may facilitate the 685 administration of this Compact, as determined by the Rules 686 of the Commission; and

687

7. Current Significant Investigative Information.

C. Current Significant Investigative Information and
 other Investigative Information pertaining to a Licensee in
 any Member State will only be available to other Member
 States.

D. The Commission shall promptly notify all Member
States of any Adverse Action taken against a Licensee or an
individual applying for a license. Adverse Action
information pertaining to a Licensee in any Member State
will be available to any other Member State.

E. Member States contributing information to the Data
 System may designate information that may not be shared with
 the public without the express permission of the
 contributing State.

F. Any information submitted to the Data System that is subsequently required to be expunded by the laws of the Member State contributing the information shall be removed from the Data System.

705

### SECTION 10. RULEMAKING

A. The Commission shall exercise its Rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in this Section and the Rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified in each Rule or amendment.

710 Β. The Commission shall promulgate reasonable rules in 711 order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of 712 the Compact. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Commission exercises its rulemaking authority in a 713 714 manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of the 715 Compact, or the powers granted hereunder, then such an 716 action by the Commission shall be invalid and have no force 717 and effect.

C. If a majority of the legislatures of the Member States rejects a Rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the Compact within 4 years of the date of adoption of the Rule, then such Rule shall have no further force and effect in any Member State.

D. Rules or amendments to the Rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting of the Commission.

E. Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final Rule or Rules by the Commission, and at least thirty (30) days in advance of the meeting at which the Rule will be considered and voted upon, the Commission shall file a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking:

731 1. On the website of the Commission or other publicly
732 accessible platform; and

2. On the website of each Member State Occupational
Therapy Licensing Board or other publicly accessible
platform or the publication in which each State would
otherwise publish proposed Rules.

737 738 F. The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking shall include:1. The proposed time, date, and location of the

739 meeting in which the Rule will be considered and voted upon;

740 2. The text of the proposed Rule or amendment and the741 reason for the proposed Rule;

742 3. A request for comments on the proposed Rule from
743 any interested person; and

744 4. The manner in which interested persons may submit
745 notice to the Commission of their intention to attend the
746 public hearing and any written comments.

G. Prior to adoption of a proposed Rule, the
Commission shall allow persons to submit written data,
facts, opinions, and arguments, which shall be made
available to the public.

H. The Commission shall grant an opportunity for a
public hearing before it adopts a Rule or amendment if a
hearing is requested by:

754 1. At least twenty five (25) persons;

755 2. A State or federal governmental subdivision or
 756 agency; or

757 3. An association or organization having at least
758 twenty five (25) members.

759 I. If a hearing is held on the proposed Rule or 760 amendment, the Commission shall publish the place, time, and 761 date of the scheduled public hearing. If the hearing is 762 held via electronic means, the Commission shall publish the 763 mechanism for access to the electronic hearing.

1. All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the executive director of the Commission or other designated member in writing of their desire to appear and testify at the hearing not less than five (5) business days before the scheduled date of the hearing.

769 2. Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing
770 each person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable
771 opportunity to comment orally or in writing.

3. All hearings will be recorded. A copy of the
recording will be made available on request.

4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as
requiring a separate hearing on each Rule. Rules may be
grouped for the convenience of the Commission at hearings
required by this section.

J. Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the Commission shall consider all written and oral comments received.

782 K. If no written notice of intent to attend the public
783 hearing by interested parties is received, the Commission
784 may proceed with promulgation of the proposed Rule without a
785 public hearing.

L. The Commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the proposed Rule and shall determine the effective date of the Rule, if any, based on the Rulemaking record and the full text of the Rule.

M. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the Commission may consider and adopt an emergency Rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that the usual Rulemaking procedures provided in the Compact and in this section shall be retroactively applied to the Rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than

796 ninety (90) days after the effective date of the Rule. For 797 the purposes of this provision, an emergency Rule is one 798 that must be adopted immediately in order to:

799 1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety,
800 or welfare;

801 2. Prevent a loss of Commission or Member State funds;
802 3. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an
803 administrative Rule that is established by federal law or
804 Rule; or

805

4. Protect public health and safety.

806 N. The Commission or an authorized committee of the 807 Commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted Rule or amendment for purposes of correcting typographical 808 errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or 809 810 grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be 811 posted on the website of the Commission. The revision shall 812 be subject to challenge by any person for a period of thirty (30) days after posting. The revision may be challenged 813 only on grounds that the revision results in a material 814 815 change to a Rule. A challenge shall be made in writing and 816 delivered to the chair of the Commission prior to the end of 817 the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision 818 will take effect without further action. If the revision is 819 challenged, the revision may not take effect without the 820 approval of the Commission.

821 SECTION 11. OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND 822 ENFORCEMENT

Oversight

823 **A**.

1. The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of State government in each Member State shall enforce this Compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the Compact's purposes and intent. The

provisions of this Compact and the Rules promulgated
hereunder shall have standing as statutory law.

2. All courts shall take judicial notice of the
Compact and the Rules in any judicial or administrative
proceeding in a Member State pertaining to the subject
matter of this Compact which may affect the powers,
responsibilities, or actions of the Commission.

3. The Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the Commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the Commission, this Compact, or promulgated Rules.

841

B. Default, Technical Assistance, and Termination

842 1. If the Commission determines that a Member State 843 has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or 844 responsibilities under this Compact or the promulgated 845 Rules, the Commission shall:

a. Provide written notice to the defaulting State and other Member States of the nature of the default, the proposed means of curing the default and/or any other action to be taken by the Commission; and

b. Provide remedial training and specific technical
assistance regarding the default.

852 2. If a State in default fails to cure the default, 853 the defaulting State may be terminated from the Compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the Member States, and 854 855 all rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this 856 Compact may be terminated on the effective date of 857 termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the 858 offending State of obligations or liabilities incurred 859 during the period of default.

3. Termination of membership in the Compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the Commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting State's legislature, and each of the Member States.

4. A State that has been terminated is responsible for
all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred
through the effective date of termination, including
obligations that extend beyond the effective date of
termination.

5. The Commission shall not bear any costs related to a State that is found to be in default or that has been terminated from the Compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the Commission and the defaulting State.

6. The defaulting State may appeal the action of the Commission by petitioning the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the Commission has its principal offices. The prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.

881

C. Dispute Resolution

1. Upon request by a Member State, the Commission
shall attempt to resolve disputes related to the Compact
that arise among Member States and between member and nonMember States.

2. The Commission shall promulgate a Rule providing
for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for
disputes as appropriate.

889 D. Enforcement

890 1. The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its
891 discretion, shall enforce the provisions and Rules of this
892 Compact.

893 2. By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal 894 action in the United States District Court for the District 895 of Columbia or the federal district where the Commission has 896 its principal offices against a Member State in default to 897 enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact and 898 its promulgated Rules and bylaws. The relief sought may 899 include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event 900 judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including 901 902 reasonable attorney's fees.

3. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive
remedies of the Commission. The Commission may pursue any
other remedies available under federal or State law.

906 SECTION 12. DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERSTATE
 907 COMMISSION FOR OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY PRACTICE AND ASSOCIATED
 908 RULES, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT

909 The Compact shall come into effect on the date on Α. 910 which the Compact statute is enacted into law in the tenth 911 The provisions, which become effective at Member State. 912 that time, shall be limited to the powers granted to the 913 Commission relating to assembly and the promulgation of 914 Rules. Thereafter, the Commission shall meet and exercise Rulemaking powers necessary to the implementation and 915 916 administration of the Compact.

B. Any State that joins the Compact subsequent to the
Commission's initial adoption of the Rules shall be subject
to the Rules as they exist on the date on which the Compact
becomes law in that State. Any Rule that has been
previously adopted by the Commission shall have the full

922 force and effect of law on the day the Compact becomes law 923 in that State.

924 C. Any Member State may withdraw from this Compact by 925 enacting a statute repealing the same.

926 1. A Member State's withdrawal shall not take effect
927 until six (6) months after enactment of the repealing
928 statute.

929 2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing
930 requirement of the withdrawing State's Occupational Therapy
931 Licensing Board to comply with the investigative and Adverse
932 Action reporting requirements of this act prior to the
933 effective date of withdrawal.

D. Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any Occupational Therapy licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a Member State and a non-Member State that does not conflict with the provisions of this Compact.

E. This Compact may be amended by the Member States.
No amendment to this Compact shall become effective and
binding upon any Member State until it is enacted into the
laws of all Member States.

943

#### SECTION 13. CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

944 This Compact shall be liberally construed so as to 945 effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this 946 Compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this Compact is declared to be 947 contrary to the constitution of any Member State or of the 948 949 United States or the applicability thereof to any 950 government, agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid, 951 the validity of the remainder of this Compact and the 952 applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or 953 circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this Compact

shall be held contrary to the constitution of any Member
State, the Compact shall remain in full force and effect as
to the remaining Member States and in full force and effect
as to the Member State affected as to all severable matters.

958

959

SECTION 14. BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS A. A Licensee providing Occupational Therapy in a

960 Remote State under the Compact Privilege shall function 961 within the laws and regulations of the Remote State.

B. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any
other law of a Member State that is not inconsistent with
the Compact.

965 C. Any laws in a Member State in conflict with the 966 Compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.

967 D. Any lawful actions of the Commission, including all
968 Rules and bylaws promulgated by the Commission, are binding
969 upon the Member States.

970 E. All agreements between the Commission and the 971 Member States are binding in accordance with their terms.

972 F. In the event any provision of the Compact exceeds 973 the constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any 974 Member State, the provision shall be ineffective to the 975 extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in 976 question in that Member State.

324.200. 1. Sections 324.200 to 324.225 shall beknown and may be cited as the "Dietitian Practice Act".

3 2. As used in sections 324.200 to 324.225, the4 following terms shall mean:

5 (1) "Accreditation Council for Education in Nutrition
6 and Dietetics" or "ACEND", the Academy of Nutrition and
7 Dietetics accrediting agency for education programs
8 preparing students for professions as registered dietitians;

9 (2) "Committee", the state committee of dietitians10 established in section 324.203;

11 (3) "Dietetics practice", the application of principles derived from integrating knowledge of food, 12 nutrition, biochemistry, physiology, management, and 13 behavioral and social science to achieve and maintain the 14 health of people by providing nutrition assessment and 15 16 nutrition care services. The primary function of dietetic practice is the provision of nutrition care services that 17 18 shall include, but not be limited to:

(a) Assessing the nutrition needs of individuals and
groups and determining resources and constraints in the
practice setting;

(b) Establishing priorities, goals, and objectives
that meet nutrition needs and are consistent with available
resources and constraints;

25 (c) Providing nutrition counseling or education in 26 health and disease;

27 (d) Developing, implementing, and managing nutrition28 care systems;

(e) Evaluating, making changes in, and maintaining appropriate standards of quality and safety in food and in nutrition services;

32 (f) Engaged in medical nutritional therapy as defined33 in subdivision (8) of this section;

34 (4) "Dietitian", one engaged in dietetic practice as35 defined in subdivision (3) of this section;

36 (5) "Director", the director of the division of 37 professional registration;

38 (6) "Division", the division of professional 39 registration;

40 (7) "Licensed dietitian", a person who is licensed
41 pursuant to the provisions of sections 324.200 to 324.225 to
42 engage in the practice of dietetics or medical nutrition
43 therapy;

(8) "Medical nutrition therapy", [nutritional
diagnostic, therapy, and counseling services which are
furnished by a registered dietitian or registered dietitian
nutritionist] the provision of nutrition care services for
the treatment or management of a disease or medical
condition;

50 (9) "Registered dietitian" or "registered dietitian 51 nutritionist", a person who:

52 (a) Has completed a minimum of a baccalaureate degree
53 granted by a United States regionally accredited college or
54 university or foreign equivalent;

55 (b) Completed the academic requirements of a didactic56 program in dietetics, as approved by ACEND;

57 (c) Successfully completed the registration58 examination for dietitians; and

(d) Accrued seventy-five hours of approved continuing
professional units every five years; as determined by the
Committee on Dietetic Registration.

324.206. 1. As long as the person involved does not represent or hold himself or herself out as a dietitian as defined by subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of section 324.200, nothing in sections 324.200 to 324.225 is intended to limit, preclude, or otherwise interfere with:

6 (1) Self-care by a person or gratuitous care by a7 friend or family member;

8 (2) Persons in the military services or working in
9 federal facilities from performing any activities described
10 in sections 324.200 to 324.225 during the course of their

11 assigned duties in the military service or a federal 12 facility;

(3) A licensed health care provider performing any
activities described in sections 324.200 to 324.225 that are
within the scope of practice of the licensee;

16 (4) A person pursuing an approved educational program 17 leading to a degree or certificate in dietetics at an 18 accredited or approved educational program as long as such 19 person does not provide dietetic services outside the 20 educational program. Such person shall be designated by a 21 title that clearly indicates the person's status as a 22 student;

(5) Individuals who do not hold themselves out as
dietitians marketing or distributing food products including
dietary supplements as defined by the Food and Drug
Administration or engaging in the explanation and education
of customers regarding the use of such products;

(6) Any person furnishing general nutrition
information as to the use of food, food materials, or
dietary supplements, nor prevent in any way the free
dissemination of literature;

(7) A person credentialed in the field of nutrition
from providing advice, counseling, or evaluations in matters
of food, diet, or nutrition to the extent such acts are
within the scope of practice listed by the credentialing
body and do not constitute medical nutrition therapy;

37 provided, however, no such individual may call himself or 38 herself a dietitian unless he or she is licensed under this 39 chapter.

A credentialed person not representing or holding
himself or herself out as a dietitian, who performs any of

the acts or services listed in subsection 1 of this section,
shall provide, prior to performing such act or service for
another, the following:

45

The person's name and title;

46

(2) The person's business address and telephone number;

47 (3) A statement that the person is not a dietitian
48 licensed by the state of Missouri;

49 (4) A statement that the information provided or
50 advice given may be considered alternative care by licensed
51 practitioners in the state of Missouri; and

(5) The person's qualifications for providing such
information or advice, including educational background,
training, and experience.

327.011. As used in this chapter, the following wordsand terms shall have the meanings indicated:

3 (1) "Accredited degree program from a school of
4 architecture", a degree from any school or other institution
5 which teaches architecture and whose curricula for the
6 degree in question have been, at the time in question,
7 certified as accredited by the National Architectural
8 Accrediting Board;

9 (2) "Accredited school of engineering", any school or 10 other institution which teaches engineering and whose 11 curricula on the subjects in question are or have been, at 12 the time in question certified as accredited by the 13 engineering accreditation commission of the accreditation 14 board for engineering and technology or its successor 15 organization;

16 (3) "Accredited school of landscape architecture", any
17 school or other institution which teaches landscape
18 architecture and whose curricula on the subjects in question
19 are or have been at the times in question certified as

accredited by the Landscape Architecture Accreditation Boardof the American Society of Landscape Architects;

(4) "Architect", any person authorized pursuant to the provisions of this chapter to practice architecture in Missouri, as the practice of architecture is defined in section 327.091;

26 (5) "Board", the Missouri board for architects,
27 professional engineers, professional land surveyors and
28 professional landscape architects;

(6) "Corporation", any general business corporation,
 professional corporation or limited liability company;

31 (7) "Design coordination", the review and coordination 32 of technical submissions prepared by others including, as 33 appropriate and without limitation, architects, professional 34 engineers, professional land surveyors, professional 35 landscape architects, and other consultants;

36 (8) "Design survey", a survey which includes all activities required to gather information to support the 37 38 sound conception, planning, design, construction, maintenance, and operation of design projects, but excludes 39 the surveying of real property for the establishment of land 40 boundaries, rights-of-way, easements, and the dependent or 41 independent surveys or resurveys of the public land survey 42 43 system;

"Incidental practice", the performance of other 44 (9)45 professional services licensed under chapter 327 that are related to a licensee's professional service, but are 46 secondary and substantially less in scope and magnitude when 47 compared to the professional services usually and normally 48 performed by the licensee practicing in their licensed 49 profession. This incidental professional service shall be 50 safely and competently performed by the licensee without 51

52 jeopardizing the health, safety, and welfare of the public. 53 The licensee shall be qualified by education, training, and 54 experience as determined by the board and in sections 55 327.091, 327.181, 327.272, and 327.600 and applicable board 56 rules to perform such incidental professional service;

57 (10) "Licensee", a person licensed to practice any 58 profession regulated under this chapter or a corporation 59 authorized to practice any such profession;

60 (11) "Partnership", any partnership or limited61 liability partnership;

62 (12) "Person", any [person] individual, corporation,
63 firm, partnership, association or other entity authorized to
64 do business;

(13) "Professional engineer", any person authorized
pursuant to the provisions of this chapter to practice as a
professional engineer in Missouri, as the practice of
engineering is defined in section 327.181;

(14) "Professional land surveyor", any person
authorized pursuant to the provisions of this chapter to
practice as a professional land surveyor in Missouri as the
practice of land surveying is defined in section 327.272;

(15) "Professional landscape architect", any person authorized pursuant to the provisions of this chapter to practice as a professional landscape architect in Missouri as the practice of landscape architecture is defined in section 327.600;

(16) "Responsible charge", the independent direct
control of a licensee's work and personal supervision of
such work pertaining to the practice of architecture,
engineering, land surveying, or landscape architecture.

327.091. 1. [Any person practices as an architect in2 Missouri who renders or offers to render or represents

3 himself or herself as willing or able to render service or creative work which requires architectural education, 4 5 training and experience, including services and work such as consultation, evaluation, planning, aesthetic and structural 6 design, the preparation of drawings, specifications and 7 8 related documents, and the coordination of services furnished by structural, civil, mechanical and electrical 9 10 engineers and other consultants as they relate to architectural work in connection with the construction or 11 12 erection of any private or public building, building structure, building project or integral part or parts of 13 buildings or of any additions or alterations thereto; or who 14 uses the title "architect" or the terms "architect" or 15 "architecture" or "architectural" alone or together with any 16 words other than "landscape" that indicate or imply that 17 such person is or holds himself or herself out to be an 18 19 architect] The practice of architecture is the rendering of or offering to render services in connection with the design 20 21 and construction of public and private buildings, structures and shelters, site improvements, in whole or part and 22 23 including any additions or alterations thereto, as well as to the spaces within and the site surrounding such buildings 24 25 and structures, which have as their principal purpose human 26 occupancy or habitation. The services referred to include 27 consultation, design surveys, feasibility studies, evaluation, planning, aesthetic and structural design, 28 preliminary design, drawings, specifications, technical 29 submissions, and other instruments of service, the 30 administration of construction contracts, construction 31 32 observation and inspection, and the coordination of any elements of technical submissions prepared by others, 33 including professional engineers, landscape architects, and 34

35 other consultants that pertain to the practice of 36 architecture. A person shall be considered to be practicing architecture when such person uses the title "architect" or 37 the terms "architect" or "architecture" or "architectural" 38 alone or together with any words other than "landscape" to 39 40 indicate or imply that such person is or holds himself or herself out to be an architect. Only a person with the 41 42 required architectural education, practical training, 43 relevant work experience, and licensure may practice as an architect in Missouri. 44

45 2. Architects shall be in responsible charge of all
46 architectural design of buildings and structures that can
47 affect the health, safety, and welfare of the public within
48 their scope of practice.

327.101. 1. No person shall practice architecture in 2 Missouri as defined in section 327.091 unless and until 3 there is issued to the person a license or a certificate of 4 authority certifying that the person has been duly licensed 5 as an architect or authorized to practice architecture, in Missouri, and unless such license has been renewed as 6 hereinafter specified[; provided, however, that nothing in 7 this chapter shall apply to the following persons]. 8

9 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of 10 this section, the following persons may engage in actions defined as the practice of architecture in section 327.091, 11 provided that such persons shall not use the title 12 "architect" or the terms "architect" or "architecture" or 13 "architectural" alone or together with any words other than 14 "landscape" that indicate or imply that such person is or 15 16 holds himself or herself out to be an architect:

17 (1) Any person who is an employee of a person holding18 a currently valid license as an architect or who is an

19 employee of any person holding a currently valid certificate 20 of authority pursuant to this chapter, and who performs 21 architectural work under the direction and continuing 22 supervision of and is checked by one holding a currently 23 valid license as an architect pursuant to this chapter;

24 Any person who is a regular full-time employee who (2) performs architectural work for the person's employer if and 25 26 only if all such work and service so performed is in connection with a facility owned or wholly operated by the 27 28 employer and which is occupied by the employer of the employee performing such work or service, and if and only if 29 such work and service so performed do not endanger the 30 public health or safety; 31

32 (3) Any holder of a currently valid license or 33 certificate of authority as a professional engineer who 34 performs only such architecture as incidental practice and 35 necessary to the completion of professional services 36 lawfully being performed by such licensed professional 37 engineer;

(4) Any person who is a professional landscape 38 architect, city planner or regional planner who performs 39 work consisting only of consultations concerning and 40 preparation of master plans for parks, land areas or 41 42 communities, or the preparation of plans for and the supervision of the planting and grading or the construction 43 44 of walks and paving for parks or land areas and such other minor structural features as fences, steps, walls, small 45 decorative pools and other construction not involving 46 structural design or stability and which is usually and 47 customarily included within the area of work of a 48 professional landscape architect or planner; 49

50 (5) Any person who renders architectural services in 51 connection with the construction, remodeling or repairing of 52 any privately owned building described in paragraphs (a), 53 (b), or (c)[, (d), and (e)] which follow, and who indicates 54 on any drawings, specifications, estimates, reports or other 55 documents furnished in connection with such services that 56 the person is not a licensed architect:

57

(a) A dwelling house; or

58 (b) A multiple family dwelling house, flat or59 apartment containing not more than two families; or

60 (c) [A commercial or industrial building or structure
61 which provides for the employment, assembly, housing,
62 sleeping or eating of not more than nine persons; or

63 (d) Any one structure containing less than two
64 thousand square feet, except as provided in (b) and (c)
65 above, and which is not a part or a portion of a project
66 which contains more than one structure; or

(e) A building or structure used exclusively for farm
purposes] Any one building or structure, except for those
buildings or structures referenced in subdivision (8) of
this subsection, which provides for the employment,
assembly, housing, sleeping, or eating of not more than nine
persons, contains less than two thousand square feet, and is
not part of another building or structure;

74 (6) Any person who renders architectural services in 75 connection with the remodeling or repairing of any privately 76 owned multiple family dwelling house, flat or apartment containing three or four families, provided that the 77 alteration, renovation, or remodeling does not affect 78 79 architectural or engineering safety features of the building and who indicates on any drawings, specifications, 80 estimates, reports or other documents furnished in 81

82 connection with such services that the person is not a 83 licensed architect;

84 (7) Any person or corporation who is offering, but not
85 performing or rendering, architectural services if the
86 person or corporation is licensed to practice architecture
87 in the state or country of residence or principal place of
88 business; or

(8) Any person who renders architectural services in
connection with the construction, remodeling, or repairing
of any building or structure used exclusively for
agriculture purposes.

327.131. Any person may apply to the board for licensure as an architect who is over the age of twenty-one, has acquired an accredited degree from an accredited degree program from a school of architecture, holds a certified Intern Development Program (IDP) or Architectural Experience Program (AXP) record with the National Council of Architectural Registration Boards, and has taken and passed all divisions of the Architect Registration Examination.

327.191. 1. No person shall practice as a 2 professional engineer in Missouri, as defined in section 3 327.181 unless and until there is issued to such person a professional license or a certificate of authority 4 5 certifying that such person has been duly licensed as a 6 professional engineer or authorized to practice engineering in Missouri, and unless such license or certificate has been 7 renewed as provided in section 327.261[; provided that 8 section 327.181 shall not be construed to prevent the 9 practice of engineering by the following persons]. 10

11 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of
 12 this section, the following persons may engage in actions
 13 defined as the practice of professional engineering in

section 327.181, provided that such persons shall not use 14 15 the title "professional engineer" or "consulting engineer" or the word "engineer" alone or preceded by any word 16 indicating or implying that such person is or holds himself 17 or herself out to be a professional engineer, or use any 18 19 word or words, letters, figures, degrees, titles, or other description indicating or implying that such person is a 20 21 professional engineer or is willing or able to practice 22 engineering:

23 (1)Any person who is an employee of a person holding a currently valid license as a professional engineer or who 24 is an employee of a person holding a currently valid 25 26 certificate of authority pursuant to this chapter, and who performs professional engineering work under the direction 27 and continuing supervision of and is checked by one holding 28 29 a currently valid license as a professional engineer 30 pursuant to this chapter;

Any person who is a regular full-time employee of 31 (2)32 a person or any former employee under contract to a person, 33 who performs professional engineering work for such employer if and only if all such work and service so performed is 34 done solely in connection with a facility owned or wholly 35 operated by the employer and occupied or maintained by the 36 37 employer of the employee performing such work or service, and does not affect the health, safety, and welfare of the 38 39 public;

40 (3) Any person engaged in engineering who is a full41 time, regular employee of a person engaged in manufacturing
42 operations and which engineering so performed by such person
43 relates to the manufacture, sale or installation of the
44 products of such person, and does not affect the health,
45 safety, and welfare of the public;

46 (4) Any holder of a currently valid license or
47 certificate of authority as an architect, professional land
48 surveyor, or professional landscape architect who performs
49 only such engineering as incidental practice and necessary
50 to the completion of professional services lawfully being
51 performed by such architect, professional land surveyor, or
52 professional landscape architect;

53 (5) Any person who renders engineering services in 54 connection with the construction, remodeling, or repairing 55 of any privately owned building described as follows, and 56 who indicates on any drawings, specifications, estimates, 57 reports, or other documents furnished in connection with 58 such services that the person is not a licensed professional 59 engineer:

60

(a) A dwelling house;

61 (b) A multiple family dwelling house, flat, or 62 apartment containing no more than two families; or

(c) Any one building or structure, except for those
buildings or structures referenced in subdivision (8) of
this subsection, which provides for the employment,
assembly, housing, sleeping, or eating of not more than nine
persons, contains less than two thousand square feet, and is
not part of another building or structure;

69 (6) Any person who renders engineering services in 70 connection with the remodeling or repairing of any privately owned, multiple family dwelling house, flat, or apartment 71 containing three or four families, provided that the 72 alteration, renovation, or remodeling does not affect 73 architectural or engineering safety features of the 74 75 building, and who indicates on any drawings, specifications, 76 estimates, reports, or other documents furnished in

77 connection with such services that the person is not a 78 licensed professional engineer;

79 (7) Any person or corporation who is offering, but not
80 performing or rendering, professional engineering services
81 if the person or corporation is licensed to practice
82 professional engineering in the state or country of
83 residence or principal place of business;

(8) Any person who renders engineering services in
connection with the construction, remodeling, or repairing
of any building or structure used exclusively for
agricultural purposes.

327.241. 1. After it has been determined that an
applicant possesses the qualifications entitling the
applicant to be examined, each applicant for examination and
licensure as a professional engineer in Missouri shall
appear before the board or its representatives for
examination at the time and place specified.

7 2. The examination or examinations shall be of such
8 form, content and duration as shall be determined by the
9 board to thoroughly test the qualifications of each
10 applicant to practice as a professional engineer in Missouri.

Any applicant to be eligible for a license must
 make a grade on each examination of at least seventy percent.

13 4. The engineering examination shall consist of two parts; the first part may be taken by any person after such 14 15 person has satisfied the educational requirements of section 327.221, or who is in his or her final year of study in an 16 accredited school of engineering; and upon passing part one 17 of the examination and providing proof that such person has 18 satisfied the educational requirements of section 327.221 19 20 and upon payment of the required fee, such person shall be

21 an engineer-intern, subject to the other provisions of this 22 chapter.

5. Any engineer-intern, as defined in subsection 4 of this section[, who has acquired at least four years of satisfactory engineering experience,] may take part two of the engineering examination and upon passing it and having acquired at least four years of satisfactory engineering experience shall be entitled to receive a license, subject, however, to the other provisions of this chapter.

30 6. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections 4 and 5 of this section, the board may, in its discretion, provide 31 by rule that any person who has graduated from and holds an 32 33 engineering degree from an accredited school of engineering may thereupon be eligible to take both parts of the 34 engineering examination and that upon passing said 35 examination and acquiring four years of satisfactory 36 engineering experience, after graduating and receiving a 37 degree as aforesaid, shall be entitled to receive a license 38 39 to practice as a professional engineer, subject, however, to the other provisions of this chapter. 40

7. Any person who has graduated from and has received 41 a degree in engineering from an accredited school of 42 engineering may [then acquire four years of satisfactory 43 44 engineering experience and thereafter] take both parts of 45 the examination and upon passing and having acquired four years of satisfactory engineering experience shall be 46 entitled to receive a license to practice as a professional 47 engineer, subject, however, to the other provisions of this 48 49 chapter.

50 [8. Any person entitled to be licensed as a
51 professional engineer as provided in subsection 5, 6, or 7
52 of this section must be so licensed within four years after

53 the date on which he or she was so entitled, and if one is 54 not licensed within the time he or she is so entitled, the 55 engineering division of the board may require him to take 56 and satisfactorily pass such further examination as provided 57 by rule before issuing to him a license.]

327.612. Any person who [has attained the age of 2 twenty-one years, and] has a degree in landscape 3 architecture from an accredited school of landscape 4 architecture [and], or possesses an education which in the 5 opinion of the board equals or exceeds the education 6 received by a graduate of an accredited school, has acquired 7 at least three years satisfactory landscape architectural experience after acquiring such a degree, and who has taken 8 9 and passed all sections of the landscape architectural 10 registration examination administered by the Council of 11 Landscape Architectural Registration Boards may apply to the 12 board for licensure as a professional landscape architect.

329.034. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the division of professional registration shall not require any person who engages solely in shampooing under the supervision of a licensed barber or cosmetologist to be licensed as a barber or cosmetologist. For purposes of this section, "shampooing" means the act of washing or cleansing hair with shampoo for compensation.

334.104. 1. A physician may enter into collaborative
practice arrangements with registered professional nurses.
Collaborative practice arrangements shall be in the form of
written agreements, jointly agreed-upon protocols, or
standing orders for the delivery of health care services.
Collaborative practice arrangements, which shall be in
writing, may delegate to a registered professional nurse the
authority to administer or dispense drugs and provide

9 treatment as long as the delivery of such health care 10 services is within the scope of practice of the registered 11 professional nurse and is consistent with that nurse's 12 skill, training and competence.

2. Collaborative practice arrangements, which shall be 13 in writing, may delegate to a registered professional nurse 14 15 the authority to administer, dispense or prescribe drugs and 16 provide treatment if the registered professional nurse is an advanced practice registered nurse as defined in subdivision 17 18 (2) of section 335.016. Collaborative practice arrangements may delegate to an advanced practice registered nurse, as 19 defined in section 335.016, the authority to administer, 20 21 dispense, or prescribe controlled substances listed in Schedules III, IV, and V of section 195.017, and Schedule 22 II - hydrocodone; except that, the collaborative practice 23 24 arrangement shall not delegate the authority to administer 25 any controlled substances listed in Schedules III, IV, and V of section 195.017, or Schedule II - hydrocodone for the 26 27 purpose of inducing sedation or general anesthesia for therapeutic, diagnostic, or surgical procedures. Schedule 28 29 III narcotic controlled substance and Schedule II hydrocodone prescriptions shall be limited to a one hundred 30 twenty-hour supply without refill. Such collaborative 31 practice arrangements shall be in the form of written 32 agreements, jointly agreed-upon protocols or standing orders 33 34 for the delivery of health care services. An advanced 35 practice registered nurse may prescribe buprenorphine for up to a thirty-day supply without refill for patients receiving 36 medication-assisted treatment for substance use disorders 37 under the direction of the collaborating physician. 38

39 3. The written collaborative practice arrangement40 shall contain at least the following provisions:

41 (1) Complete names, home and business addresses, zip
42 codes, and telephone numbers of the collaborating physician
43 and the advanced practice registered nurse;

44 (2) A list of all other offices or locations besides
45 those listed in subdivision (1) of this subsection where the
46 collaborating physician authorized the advanced practice
47 registered nurse to prescribe;

48 (3) A requirement that there shall be posted at every
49 office where the advanced practice registered nurse is
50 authorized to prescribe, in collaboration with a physician,
51 a prominently displayed disclosure statement informing
52 patients that they may be seen by an advanced practice
53 registered nurse and have the right to see the collaborating
54 physician;

55 (4) All specialty or board certifications of the 56 collaborating physician and all certifications of the 57 advanced practice registered nurse;

(5) The manner of collaboration between the
collaborating physician and the advanced practice registered
nurse, including how the collaborating physician and the
advanced practice registered nurse will:

62 (a) Engage in collaborative practice consistent with
63 each professional's skill, training, education, and
64 competence;

Maintain geographic proximity, except the 65 (b) 66 collaborative practice arrangement may allow for geographic proximity to be waived for a maximum of twenty-eight days 67 per calendar year for rural health clinics as defined by 68 P.L. 95-210, as long as the collaborative practice 69 70 arrangement includes alternative plans as required in paragraph (c) of this subdivision. This exception to 71 geographic proximity shall apply only to independent rural 72

73 health clinics, provider-based rural health clinics where 74 the provider is a critical access hospital as provided in 42 75 U.S.C. Section 1395i-4, and provider-based rural health clinics where the main location of the hospital sponsor is 76 77 greater than fifty miles from the clinic. The collaborating physician is required to maintain documentation related to 78 this requirement and to present it to the state board of 79 80 registration for the healing arts when requested; and

81 (c) Provide coverage during absence, incapacity,
82 infirmity, or emergency by the collaborating physician;

(6) A description of the advanced practice registered
nurse's controlled substance prescriptive authority in
collaboration with the physician, including a list of the
controlled substances the physician authorizes the nurse to
prescribe and documentation that it is consistent with each
professional's education, knowledge, skill, and competence;

89 (7) A list of all other written practice agreements of
90 the collaborating physician and the advanced practice
91 registered nurse;

92 (8) The duration of the written practice agreement
93 between the collaborating physician and the advanced
94 practice registered nurse;

95 A description of the time and manner of the (9) 96 collaborating physician's review of the advanced practice 97 registered nurse's delivery of health care services. The 98 description shall include provisions that the advanced practice registered nurse shall submit a minimum of ten 99 percent of the charts documenting the advanced practice 100 registered nurse's delivery of health care services to the 101 102 collaborating physician for review by the collaborating physician, or any other physician designated in the 103 collaborative practice arrangement, every fourteen days; and 104

105 (10)The collaborating physician, or any other 106 physician designated in the collaborative practice 107 arrangement, shall review every fourteen days a minimum of twenty percent of the charts in which the advanced practice 108 109 registered nurse prescribes controlled substances. The 110 charts reviewed under this subdivision may be counted in the number of charts required to be reviewed under subdivision 111 112 (9) of this subsection.

113 The state board of registration for the healing 4. 114 arts pursuant to section 334.125 and the board of nursing pursuant to section 335.036 may jointly promulgate rules 115 regulating the use of collaborative practice arrangements. 116 117 Such rules shall be limited to specifying geographic areas to be covered, the methods of treatment that may be covered 118 by collaborative practice arrangements and the requirements 119 for review of services provided pursuant to collaborative 120 121 practice arrangements including delegating authority to prescribe controlled substances. Any rules relating to 122 dispensing or distribution of medications or devices by 123 prescription or prescription drug orders under this section 124 shall be subject to the approval of the state board of 125 pharmacy. Any rules relating to dispensing or distribution 126 of controlled substances by prescription or prescription 127 128 drug orders under this section shall be subject to the 129 approval of the department of health and senior services and 130 the state board of pharmacy. In order to take effect, such rules shall be approved by a majority vote of a quorum of 131 each board. Neither the state board of registration for the 132 healing arts nor the board of nursing may separately 133 134 promulgate rules relating to collaborative practice arrangements. Such jointly promulgated rules shall be 135 consistent with guidelines for federally funded clinics. 136

137 The rulemaking authority granted in this subsection shall 138 not extend to collaborative practice arrangements of 139 hospital employees providing inpatient care within hospitals 140 as defined pursuant to chapter 197 or population-based 141 public health services as defined by 20 CSR 2150-5.100 as of 142 April 30, 2008.

5. The state board of registration for the healing 143 144 arts shall not deny, revoke, suspend or otherwise take disciplinary action against a physician for health care 145 146 services delegated to a registered professional nurse provided the provisions of this section and the rules 147 promulgated thereunder are satisfied. Upon the written 148 request of a physician subject to a disciplinary action 149 150 imposed as a result of an agreement between a physician and 151 a registered professional nurse or registered physician 152 assistant, whether written or not, prior to August 28, 1993, 153 all records of such disciplinary licensure action and all records pertaining to the filing, investigation or review of 154 an alleged violation of this chapter incurred as a result of 155 such an agreement shall be removed from the records of the 156 157 state board of registration for the healing arts and the division of professional registration and shall not be 158 disclosed to any public or private entity seeking such 159 160 information from the board or the division. The state board 161 of registration for the healing arts shall take action to 162 correct reports of alleged violations and disciplinary actions as described in this section which have been 163 submitted to the National Practitioner Data Bank. In 164 subsequent applications or representations relating to his 165 166 medical practice, a physician completing forms or documents shall not be required to report any actions of the state 167

168 board of registration for the healing arts for which the 169 records are subject to removal under this section.

170 6. Within thirty days of any change and on each 171 renewal, the state board of registration for the healing arts shall require every physician to identify whether the 172 173 physician is engaged in any collaborative practice agreement, including collaborative practice agreements 174 175 delegating the authority to prescribe controlled substances, 176 or physician assistant agreement and also report to the 177 board the name of each licensed professional with whom the 178 physician has entered into such agreement. The board may 179 make this information available to the public. The board 180 shall track the reported information and may routinely 181 conduct random reviews of such agreements to ensure that 182 agreements are carried out for compliance under this chapter.

183 7. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a 184 certified registered nurse anesthetist as defined in subdivision (8) of section 335.016 shall be permitted to 185 186 provide anesthesia services without a collaborative practice arrangement provided that he or she is under the supervision 187 of an anesthesiologist or other physician, dentist, or 188 189 podiatrist who is immediately available if needed. Nothing 190 in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit or prevent 191 a certified registered nurse anesthetist as defined in 192 subdivision (8) of section 335.016 from entering into a 193 collaborative practice arrangement under this section, except that the collaborative practice arrangement may not 194 delegate the authority to prescribe any controlled 195 substances listed in Schedules III, IV, and V of section 196 195.017, or Schedule II - hydrocodone. 197

198 8. A collaborating physician shall not enter into a199 collaborative practice arrangement with more than six full-

200 time equivalent advanced practice registered nurses, full-201 time equivalent licensed physician assistants, or full-time 202 equivalent assistant physicians, or any combination 203 thereof. This limitation shall not apply to collaborative 204 arrangements of hospital employees providing inpatient care 205 service in hospitals as defined in chapter 197 or populationbased public health services as defined by 20 CSR 2150-5.100 206 207 as of April 30, 2008, or to a certified registered nurse 208 anesthetist providing anesthesia services under the 209 supervision of an anesthesiologist or other physician, 210 dentist, or podiatrist who is immediately available if needed as set out in subsection 7 of this section. 211

It is the responsibility of the collaborating 212 9. 213 physician to determine and document the completion of [at 214 least a one-month] **a** period of time during which the advanced practice registered nurse shall practice with the 215 216 collaborating physician continuously present before practicing in a setting where the collaborating physician is 217 218 not continuously present. This limitation shall not apply to collaborative arrangements of providers of population-219 220 based public health services as defined by 20 CSR 2150-5.100 221 as of April 30, 2008.

222 10. No agreement made under this section shall 223 supersede current hospital licensing regulations governing 224 hospital medication orders under protocols or standing orders for the purpose of delivering inpatient or emergency 225 care within a hospital as defined in section 197.020 if such 226 protocols or standing orders have been approved by the 227 hospital's medical staff and pharmaceutical therapeutics 228 229 committee.

230 11. No contract or other agreement shall require a231 physician to act as a collaborating physician for an

232 advanced practice registered nurse against the physician's 233 will. A physician shall have the right to refuse to act as 234 a collaborating physician, without penalty, for a particular advanced practice registered nurse. No contract or other 235 236 agreement shall limit the collaborating physician's ultimate 237 authority over any protocols or standing orders or in the delegation of the physician's authority to any advanced 238 239 practice registered nurse, but this requirement shall not 240 authorize a physician in implementing such protocols, 241 standing orders, or delegation to violate applicable 242 standards for safe medical practice established by hospital's medical staff. 243

12. No contract or other agreement shall require any advanced practice registered nurse to serve as a collaborating advanced practice registered nurse for any collaborating physician against the advanced practice registered nurse's will. An advanced practice registered nurse shall have the right to refuse to collaborate, without penalty, with a particular physician.

1. No later than January 1, 2014, there is 335.175. 2 hereby established within the state board of registration 3 for the healing arts and the state board of nursing the 4 "Utilization of Telehealth by Nurses". An advanced practice 5 registered nurse (APRN) providing nursing services under a 6 collaborative practice arrangement under section 334.104 may provide such services outside the geographic proximity 7 requirements of section 334.104 if the collaborating 8 physician and advanced practice registered nurse utilize 9 telehealth in the care of the patient [and if the services 10 11 are provided in a rural area of need]. Telehealth providers shall be required to obtain patient consent before 12

13 telehealth services are initiated and ensure confidentiality 14 of medical information.

15 2. As used in this section, "telehealth" shall have16 the same meaning as such term is defined in section 191.1145.

17 3. (1) The boards shall jointly promulgate rules
 18 governing the practice of telehealth under this section.
 19 Such rules shall address, but not be limited to, appropriate
 20 standards for the use of telehealth.

21 Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is (2) 22 defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective 23 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the 24 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 25 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and 26 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly 27 pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 28 29 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 30 31 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2013, shall be invalid and void. 32

33 [4. For purposes of this section, "rural area of need" 34 means any rural area of this state which is located in a 35 health professional shortage area as defined in section 36 354.650.]

337.068. 1. If the [board] committee finds merit to a 2 complaint by an individual incarcerated or under the care and control of the department of corrections or who has been 3 ordered to be taken into custody, detained, or held under 4 sections 632.480 to 632.513, or who has been ordered to be 5 6 evaluated under chapter 552, and takes further investigative 7 action, no documentation may appear on file or disciplinary action may be taken in regards to the licensee's license 8

9 unless the provisions of subsection 2 of section 337.035 10 have been violated. Any case file documentation that does 11 not result in the [board] committee filing an action pursuant to subsection 2 of section 337.035 shall be 12 destroyed within three months after the final case 13 14 disposition by the [board] committee. No notification to any other licensing board in another state or any national 15 16 registry regarding any investigative action shall be made unless the provisions of subsection 2 of section 337.035 17 have been violated. 18

Upon written request of the psychologist subject to 19 2. a complaint, prior to August 28, 1999, by an individual 20 incarcerated or under the care and control of the department 21 of corrections or prior to August 28, 2008, by an individual 22 who has been ordered to be taken into custody, detained, or 23 held under sections 632.480 to 632.513, or prior to August 24 25 28, 2021, by an individual who has been ordered to be evaluated under chapter 552, that did not result in the 26 [board] committee filing an action pursuant to subsection 2 27 of section 337.035, the [board] committee and the division 28 of professional registration, shall in a timely fashion: 29

30 (1) Destroy all documentation regarding the complaint;
 31 (2) Notify any other licensing board in another state
 32 or any national registry regarding the [board's] committee's
 33 actions if they have been previously notified of the
 34 complaint; and

35 (3) Send a letter to the licensee that clearly states
36 that the [board] committee found the complaint to be
37 unsubstantiated, that the [board] committee has taken the
38 requested action, and notify the licensee of the provisions
39 of subsection 3 of this section.

Any person who has been the subject of an
unsubstantiated complaint as provided in subsection 1 or 2
of this section shall not be required to disclose the
existence of such complaint in subsequent applications or
representations relating to their psychology professions.

The commission may, upon its own motion, 339.100. 1. and shall upon receipt of a written complaint filed by any 2 3 person, investigate any real estate-related activity of a 4 licensee licensed under sections 339.010 to 339.180 and 5 sections 339.710 to 339.860 or an individual or entity acting as or representing themselves as a real estate 6 licensee. In conducting such investigation, if the 7 8 questioned activity or written complaint involves an 9 affiliated licensee, the commission may forward a copy of 10 the information received to the affiliated licensee's 11 designated broker. The commission shall have the power to 12 hold an investigatory hearing to determine whether there is a probability of a violation of sections 339.010 to 339.180 13 and sections 339.710 to 339.860. The commission shall have 14 the power to issue a subpoena to compel the production of 15 records and papers bearing on the complaint. The commission 16 17 shall have the power to issue a subpoena and to compel any person in this state to come before the commission to offer 18 19 testimony or any material specified in the subpoena. 20 Subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum issued pursuant to this 21 section shall be served in the same manner as subpoenas in a criminal case. The fees and mileage of witnesses shall be 22 the same as that allowed in the circuit court in civil cases. 23

24 2. The commission may cause a complaint to be filed
25 with the administrative hearing commission as provided by
26 the provisions of chapter 621 against any person or entity
27 licensed under this chapter or any licensee who has failed

28 to renew or has surrendered his or her individual or entity 29 license for any one or any combination of the following acts:

30 (1)Failure to maintain and deposit in a special account, separate and apart from his or her personal or 31 other business accounts, all moneys belonging to others 32 entrusted to him or her while acting as a real estate broker 33 or as the temporary custodian of the funds of others, until 34 the transaction involved is consummated or terminated, 35 unless all parties having an interest in the funds have 36 37 agreed otherwise in writing;

38 (2) Making substantial misrepresentations or false
39 promises or suppression, concealment or omission of material
40 facts in the conduct of his or her business or pursuing a
41 flagrant and continued course of misrepresentation through
42 agents, salespersons, advertising or otherwise in any
43 transaction;

44 (3) Failing within a reasonable time to account for or
45 to remit any moneys, valuable documents or other property,
46 coming into his or her possession, which belongs to others;

47 (4) Representing to any lender, guaranteeing agency,
48 or any other interested party, either verbally or through
49 the preparation of false documents, an amount in excess of
50 the true and actual sale price of the real estate or terms
51 differing from those actually agreed upon;

52 Failure to timely deliver a duplicate original of (5) 53 any and all instruments to any party or parties executing 54 the same where the instruments have been prepared by the licensee or under his or her supervision or are within his 55 or her control, including, but not limited to, the 56 57 instruments relating to the employment of the licensee or to any matter pertaining to the consummation of a lease, 58 listing agreement or the purchase, sale, exchange or lease 59

60 of property, or any type of real estate transaction in which 61 he or she may participate as a licensee;

62 (6) Acting for more than one party in a transaction 63 without the knowledge of all parties for whom he or she 64 acts, or accepting a commission or valuable consideration 65 for services from more than one party in a real estate 66 transaction without the knowledge of all parties to the 67 transaction;

68 (7) Paying a commission or valuable consideration to
69 any person for acts or services performed in violation of
70 sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860;

(8) Guaranteeing or having authorized or permitted any
licensee to guarantee future profits which may result from
the resale of real property;

(9) Having been finally adjudicated and been found
guilty of the violation of any state or federal statute
which governs the sale or rental of real property or the
conduct of the real estate business as defined in subsection
1 of section 339.010;

(10) Obtaining a certificate or registration of authority, permit or license for himself or herself or anyone else by false or fraudulent representation, fraud or deceit;

83 (11) Representing a real estate broker other than the
84 broker with whom associated without the express written
85 consent of the broker with whom associated;

86 (12) Accepting a commission or valuable consideration
87 for the performance of any of the acts referred to in
88 section 339.010 from any person except the broker with whom
89 associated at the time the commission or valuable
90 consideration was earned;

Using prizes, money, gifts or other valuable 91 (13)92 consideration as inducement to secure customers or clients 93 to purchase, lease, sell or list property when the awarding of such prizes, money, gifts or other valuable consideration 94 95 is conditioned upon the purchase, lease, sale or listing; or 96 soliciting, selling or offering for sale real property by offering free lots, or conducting lotteries or contests, or 97 98 offering prizes for the purpose of influencing a purchaser 99 or prospective purchaser of real property;

(14) Placing a sign on or advertising any property
offering it for sale or rent without the written consent of
the owner or his or her duly authorized agent;

103 (15) Violation of, or attempting to violate, directly 104 or indirectly, or assisting or enabling any person to 105 violate, any provision of sections 339.010 to 339.180 and 106 sections 339.710 to 339.860, or of any lawful rule adopted 107 pursuant to sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 108 to 339.860;

109 (16) Committing any act which would otherwise be 110 grounds for the commission to refuse to issue a license 111 under section 339.040;

112 (17) Failure to timely inform seller of all written113 offers unless otherwise instructed in writing by the seller;

114 (18) Been finally adjudicated and found guilty, or 115 entered a plea of quilty or nolo contendere, in a criminal prosecution under the laws of this state or any other state 116 or of the United States, for any offense reasonably related 117 to the qualifications, functions or duties of any profession 118 licensed or regulated under this chapter, or for any offense 119 120 an essential element of which is fraud, dishonesty or an act 121 of violence, whether or not sentence is imposed;

(19) Any other conduct which constitutes untrustworthy, improper or fraudulent business dealings, demonstrates bad faith or incompetence, misconduct, or gross negligence;

(20) Disciplinary action against the holder of a
license or other right to practice any profession regulated
under sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to
339.860 granted by another state, territory, federal agency,
or country upon grounds for which revocation, suspension, or
probation is authorized in this state;

132 (21) Been found by a court of competent jurisdiction
133 of having used any controlled substance, as defined in
134 chapter 195, to the extent that such use impairs a person's
135 ability to perform the work of any profession licensed or
136 regulated by sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections
137 339.710 to 339.860;

138 (22) Been finally adjudged insane or incompetent by a139 court of competent jurisdiction;

140 (23) Assisting or enabling any person to practice or 141 offer to practice any profession licensed or regulated under 142 sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860 143 who is not registered and currently eligible to practice 144 under sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 145 339.860;

146

(24) Use of any advertisement or solicitation which:

147 (a) Is knowingly false, misleading or deceptive to the
148 general public or persons to whom the advertisement or
149 solicitation is primarily directed; or

(b) Includes a name or team name that uses the terms "realty", "brokerage", "company", or any other terms that can be construed to advertise a real estate company other than the licensee or a business entity licensed under this

154 chapter with whom the licensee is associated. The context 155 of the advertisement or solicitation may be considered by 156 the commission when determining whether a licensee has 157 committed a violation of this paragraph;

(25) Making any material misstatement,
misrepresentation, or omission with regard to any
application for licensure or license renewal. As used in
this section, "material" means important information about
which the commission should be informed and which may
influence a licensing decision;

164 (26) Engaging in, committing, or assisting any person
165 in engaging in or committing mortgage fraud, as defined in
166 section 443.930.

3. After the filing of such complaint, the proceedings 167 will be conducted in accordance with the provisions of law 168 169 relating to the administrative hearing commission. A 170 finding of the administrative hearing commissioner that the licensee has performed or attempted to perform one or more 171 172 of the foregoing acts shall be grounds for the suspension or revocation of his license by the commission, or the placing 173 of the licensee on probation on such terms and conditions as 174 the real estate commission shall deem appropriate, or the 175 imposition of a civil penalty by the commission not to 176 177 exceed two thousand five hundred dollars for each offense. 178 Each day of a continued violation shall constitute a 179 separate offense.

4. The commission may prepare a digest of the
decisions of the administrative hearing commission which
concern complaints against licensed brokers or salespersons
and cause such digests to be mailed to all licensees
periodically. Such digests may also contain reports as to

185 new or changed rules adopted by the commission and other 186 information of significance to licensees.

5. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, a 187 broker or salesperson's license shall be revoked, or in the 188 189 case of an applicant, shall not be issued, if the licensee 190 or applicant has pleaded guilty to, entered a plea of nolo contendere to, or been found guilty of any of the following 191 192 offenses or offenses of a similar nature established under 193 the laws of this, any other state, the United States, or any 194 other country, notwithstanding whether sentence is imposed:

195 (1) Any dangerous felony as defined under section196 556.061 or murder in the first degree;

Any of the following sexual offenses: rape in the 197 (2) 198 first degree, forcible rape, rape, statutory rape in the 199 first degree, statutory rape in the second degree, rape in 200 the second degree, sexual assault, sodomy in the first 201 degree, forcible sodomy, statutory sodomy in the first degree, statutory sodomy in the second degree, child 202 203 molestation in the first degree, child molestation in the second degree, sodomy in the second degree, deviate sexual 204 205 assault, sexual misconduct involving a child, sexual misconduct in the first degree under section 566.090 as it 206 existed prior to August 28, 2013, sexual abuse under section 207 208 566.100 as it existed prior to August 28, 2013, sexual abuse in the first or second degree, enticement of a child, or 209 210 attempting to entice a child;

(3) Any of the following offenses against the family and related offenses: incest, abandonment of a child in the first degree, abandonment of a child in the second degree, endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree, abuse of a child, using a child in a sexual performance,

216 promoting sexual performance by a child, or trafficking in 217 children;

(4) Any of the following offenses involving child 218 pornography and related offenses: promoting obscenity in 219 the first degree, promoting obscenity in the second degree 220 221 when the penalty is enhanced to a class E felony, promoting child pornography in the first degree, promoting child 222 223 pornography in the second degree, possession of child 224 pornography in the first degree, possession of child 225 pornography in the second degree, furnishing child 226 pornography to a minor, furnishing pornographic materials to minors, or coercing acceptance of obscene material; and 227

228

(5) Mortgage fraud as defined in section 570.310.

229 6. A person whose license was revoked under subsection 230 5 of this section may appeal such revocation to the administrative hearing commission. Notice of such appeal 231 232 must be received by the administrative hearing commission within ninety days of mailing, by certified mail, the notice 233 234 of revocation. Failure of a person whose license was revoked to notify the administrative hearing commission of 235 his or her intent to appeal waives all rights to appeal the 236 revocation. Upon notice of such person's intent to appeal, 237 a hearing shall be held before the administrative hearing 238 239 commission.

375.029. 1. As used in this section, the following 2 terms mean:

3 (1) "Director", the director of the department of
4 commerce and insurance;

5 (2) "Insurance producer", a person required to be 6 licensed under the laws of this state to sell, solicit, or 7 negotiate insurance.

8 2. (1) Subject to approval by the director, an 9 insurance producer's active participation as an individual 10 member or employee of a business entity producer member of a 11 local, regional, state, or national professional insurance association may be approved for up to four hours of 12 13 continuing education credit per each biennial reporting 14 period.

(2) An insurance producer shall not use continuing
education credit granted under this section to satisfy
continuing education hours required to be completed in a
classroom or classroom-equivalent setting or to satisfy any
continuing education ethics requirements.

The continuing education hours referenced in 20 (3) 21 subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be credited upon 22 the timely filing with the director by the insurance 23 producer of an appropriate written statement in a form 24 acceptable to the director or by a certification from the local, regional, state, or national professional insurance 25 association through written form or electronic filing 26 acceptable to the director. 27

28 3. The director may promulgate all necessary rules and 29 regulations for the administration of this section. Any 30 rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in 31 section 536.010, that is created under the authority 32 delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of 33 chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. 34 This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the 35 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 36 37 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove 38 and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional,

then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed
or adopted after August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void.

436.218. As used in sections 436.215 to 436.272, the
2 following terms mean:

3 (1) "Agency contract", an agreement in which a student
4 athlete authorizes a person to negotiate or solicit on
5 behalf of the student athlete a professional sports services
6 contract or an endorsement contract;

7 "Athlete agent", [an individual who enters into an (2)8 agency contract with a student athlete or directly or indirectly recruits or solicits a student athlete to enter 9 into an agency contract. The term does not include a 10 11 spouse, parent, sibling, grandparent, or guardian of the student athlete or an individual acting solely on behalf of 12 a professional sports team or professional sports 13 organization. The term includes an individual who 14 represents to the public that the individual is an athlete 15 16 agent]:

17 (a) An individual, registered or unregistered under
18 sections 436.215 to 436.272, who:

a. Directly or indirectly recruits or solicits a
student athlete to enter into an agency contract or, for
compensation, procures employment or offers, promises,
attempts, or negotiates to obtain employment for a student
athlete as a professional athlete or member of a
professional sports team or organization;

b. For compensation or in anticipation of compensation
 related to a student athlete's participation in athletics:

(i) Serves the student athlete in an advisory capacity
on a matter related to finances, business pursuits, or
career management decisions, unless the individual is an
employee of an educational institution acting exclusively as

31 an employee of the institution for the benefit of the 32 institution; or

(ii) Manages the business affairs of the student
athlete by providing assistance with bills, payments,
contracts, or taxes; or

36 c. In anticipation of representing a student athlete 37 for a purpose related to the student athlete's participation 38 in athletics:

39 (i) Gives consideration to the student athlete or40 another person;

41 (ii) Serves the student athlete in an advisory
42 capacity on a matter related to finances, business pursuits,
43 or career management decisions; or

44 (iii) Manages the business affairs of the student
45 athlete by providing assistance with bills, payments,
46 contracts, or taxes;

47 (b) "Athlete agent" does not include an individual who:
48 a. Acts solely on behalf of a professional sports team
49 or organization; or

50 b. Is a licensed, registered, or certified 51 professional and offers or provides services to a student 52 athlete customarily provided by members of the profession, 53 unless the individual:

54 (i) Recruits or solicits the student athlete to enter
 55 into an agency contract;

(ii) For compensation, procures employment or offers,
promises, attempts, or negotiates to obtain employment for
the student athlete as a professional athlete or member of a
professional sports team or organization; or

60 (iii) Receives consideration for providing the
61 services calculated using a different method than for an
62 individual who is not a student athlete;

(3) "Athletic director", an individual responsible for
administering the overall athletic program of an educational
institution or if an educational institution has separately
administered athletic programs for male students and female
students, the athletic program for males or the athletic
program for females, as appropriate;

69 (4) ["Contact", a direct or indirect communication
70 between an athlete agent and a student athlete to recruit or
71 solicit the student athlete to enter into an agency contract;

72 (5)] "Director", the director of the division of73 professional registration;

74 [(6)] (5) "Division", the division of professional 75 registration;

(6) "Educational institution", a public or private
elementary school, secondary school, technical or vocational
school, community college, college, or university;

79 (7) "Endorsement contract", an agreement under which a 80 student athlete is employed or receives consideration to use 81 on behalf of the other party any value that the student 82 athlete may have because of publicity, reputation, 83 following, or fame obtained because of athletic ability or 84 performance;

(8) "Enrolled" or "enrolls", the act of registering,
or having already registered, for courses at an educational
institution and attending or planning to attend athletic
practice or class;

89 [(8)] (9) "Intercollegiate sport", a sport played at 90 the collegiate level for which eligibility requirements for 91 participation by a student athlete are established by a 92 national association for the promotion or regulation of 93 collegiate athletics;

94 (10) "Interscholastic sport", a sport played between
95 educational institutions that are not community colleges,
96 colleges, or universities;

"Licensed, registered, or certified 97 (11)professional", an individual licensed, registered, or 98 certified as an attorney, dealer in securities, financial 99 planner, insurance agent, real estate broker or sales agent, 100 101 tax consultant, accountant, or member of a profession, other 102 than that of athlete agent, who is licensed, registered, or 103 certified by the state or a nationally recognized organization that licenses, registers, or certifies members 104 105 of the profession on the basis of experience, education, or 106 testing;

107 [(9)] (12) "Person", an individual, corporation, 108 business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited 109 liability company, association, joint venture, government, 110 governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, public 111 corporation, or any other legal or commercial entity;

[(10)] (13) "Professional sports services contract", an agreement under which an individual is employed [or] as a professional athlete and agrees to render services as a player on a professional sports team[,] or with a professional sports organization[, or as a professional athlete];

118 [(11)] (14) "Record", information that is inscribed on 119 a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or 120 other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form;

(15) "Recruit or solicit", an attempt to influence the choice of an athlete agent by a student athlete or, if the student athlete is a minor, a parent or guardian of the student athlete. "Recruit or solicit" does not include giving advice on the selection of a particular agent in a

family, coaching, or social situation unless the individual giving the advice does so because of the receipt or anticipated receipt of an economic benefit, directly or indirectly, from the agent;

130 [(12)] (16) "Registration", registration as an athlete 131 agent under sections 436.215 to 436.272;

132 (17) "Sign", the intent to authenticate or adopt a133 record:

(a) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or
(b) To attach to or logically associate with the
record an electronic symbol, sound, or process;

[(13)] (18) "State", a state of the United States, the
District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to
the jurisdiction of the United States;

141 [(14)] (19) "Student athlete", [a current student who 142 engages in, has engaged in, is eligible to engage in, or may be eligible in the future to engage in, any] an individual 143 who is eligible to attend an educational institution and 144 145 engages in, is eligible to engage in, or may be eligible in 146 the future to engage in any interscholastic or 147 intercollegiate sport. "Student athlete" does not include 148 an individual permanently ineligible to participate in a 149 particular interscholastic or intercollegiate sport.

436.224. 1. Except as otherwise provided in
subsection 2 of this section, an individual may not act as
an athlete agent in this state [before] without being issued
a certificate of registration under section 436.230 or
436.236.

6 2. [An individual with a temporary license] Before
7 being issued a certificate of registration under section
8 436.236, an individual may act as an athlete agent [before

9 being issued a certificate of registration] for all purposes 10 except signing an agency contract if:

(1) A student athlete or another acting on behalf of
the student athlete initiates communication with the
individual; and

14 (2) Within seven days after an initial act [as an
15 athlete agent] that requires the individual to register as
16 an athlete agent, the individual submits an application to
17 register as an athlete agent in this state.

3. An agency contract resulting from conduct in
violation of this section is void. The athlete agent shall
return any consideration received under the contract.

436.227. 1. An applicant for registration shall
submit an application for registration to the director in a
form prescribed by the director. The application [must]
shall be in the name of an individual and signed by the
applicant under penalty of perjury and [must] shall state or
contain at least the following:

7 (1) The name, date of birth, and place of birth of the
8 applicant [and];

9 (2) The address and telephone numbers of the
10 applicant's principal place of business;

(3) The applicant's mobile telephone numbers and any
means of communicating electronically, including a facsimile
number, email address, and personal, business, or employer
websites, as applicable;

[(2)] (4) The name of the applicant's business or
employer, if applicable, including for each business or
employer, the mailing address, telephone number,
organization form, and the nature of the business;

19 (5) Each social media account with which the applicant
20 or the applicant's business or employer is affiliated;

[(3)] (6) Any business or occupation engaged in by the 21 applicant for the five years [next] preceding the date of 22 submission of the application, including self-employment and 23 employment by others, and any professional or occupational 24 license, registration, or certification held by the 25 26 applicant during that time; 27 [(4)] (7) A description of the applicant's: 28 Formal training as an athlete agent; (a) 29 Practical experience as an athlete agent; and (b) 30 (C) Educational background relating to the applicant's activities as an athlete agent; 31 The names and addresses of three individuals not 32 **[**(5) 33 related to the applicant who are willing to serve as references; 34 35 (6)] (8) The name[, sport, and last known team for 36 each individual] of each student athlete for whom the 37 applicant [provided services] acted as an athlete agent during the five years [next] preceding the date of 38 submission of the application or, if the student athlete is 39 40 a minor, the name of the parent or guardian of the minor, 41 together with the student athlete's sport and last known 42 team;

43 [(7)] (9) The names and addresses of all persons who44 are:

45 (a) With respect to the athlete agent's business if it
46 is not a corporation, the partners, officers, managers,
47 associates, or profit-sharers, or persons who directly or
48 indirectly hold an equity interest of five percent or
49 greater; and

50 (b) With respect to a corporation employing the51 [athlete agent] applicant, the officers, directors, and any

52 shareholder of the corporation with a five percent or 53 greater interest;

A description of the status of any application by 54 (10)the applicant, or any person named under subdivision (9) of 55 this subsection, for a state or federal business, 56 57 professional, or occupational license, other than as an 58 athlete agent, from a state or federal agency, including any denial, refusal to renew, suspension, withdrawal, or 59 60 termination of the license and any reprimand or censure 61 related to the license;

62 [(8)] (11) Whether the applicant or any other person named under subdivision [(7)] (9) of this [section] 63 subsection has [been convicted] pled guilty to or been found 64 quilty of a crime that if committed in this state would be a 65 66 felony or other crime involving moral turpitude, and [a description of the crime] information regarding the crime, 67 68 including the crime, the law enforcement agency involved, and, if applicable, the date of the verdict and the penalty 69 70 imposed;

(12) Whether, within fifteen years before the date of application, the applicant or any person named under subdivision (9) of this subsection has been a defendant or respondent in a civil proceeding, including a proceeding seeking an adjudication of legal incompetence and, if so, the date and a full explanation of each proceeding;

(13) Whether the applicant or any person named under
subdivision (9) of this subsection has an unsatisfied
judgment or a judgment of continuing effect, including
alimony or a domestic order in the nature of child support,
that is not current on the date of the application;

82 (14) Whether, within ten years before the date of
 83 application, the applicant or any person named under

84 subdivision (9) of this subsection was adjudicated bankrupt 85 or was an owner of a business that was adjudicated bankrupt;

86 [(9)] (15) Whether there has been any administrative 87 or judicial determination that the applicant or any other 88 person named under subdivision [(7)] (9) of this [section] 89 subsection has made a false, misleading, deceptive, or 90 fraudulent representation;

91 [(10)] (16) Any instance in which the prior conduct of 92 the applicant or any other person named under subdivision 93 [(7)] (9) of this [section] subsection resulted in the 94 imposition of a sanction, suspension, or declaration of 95 ineligibility to participate in an interscholastic or 96 intercollegiate athletic event on a student athlete or 97 educational institution;

98 [(11)] (17) Any sanction, suspension, or disciplinary 99 action taken against the applicant or any other person named 100 under subdivision [(7)] (9) of this [section] subsection 101 arising out of occupational or professional conduct; and

102 [(12)] (18) Whether there has been any denial of an 103 application for, suspension or revocation of, or refusal to 104 renew the registration or licensure of the applicant or any 105 other person named under subdivision [(7)] (9) of this 106 [section] subsection as an athlete agent in any state.

107 (19) Each state in which the applicant is currently
108 registered as an athlete agent or has applied to be
109 registered as an athlete agent;

(20) If the applicant is certified or registered by a
 professional league or players association:

112

(a) The name of the league or association;

(b) The date of certification or registration, and the
date of expiration of the certification or registration, if
any; and

(c) If applicable, the date of any denial of an
application for, suspension or revocation of, refusal to
renew, withdrawal of, or termination of the certification or
registration or any reprimand or censure related to the
certification or registration; and

121 (21) Any additional information as required by the122 director.

123 2. In lieu of submitting the application and
124 information required under subsection 1 of this section, an
125 applicant who is registered as an athlete agent in another
126 state may apply for registration as an athlete agent by
127 submitting the following:

128 (1) A copy of the application for registration in the129 other state;

(2) A statement that identifies any material change in
 the information on the application or verifies there is no
 material change in the information, signed under penalty of
 perjury; and

134 (3) A copy of the certificate of registration from the135 other state.

3. The director shall issue a certificate of
registration to an applicant who applies for registration
under subsection 2 of this section if the director
determines:

(1) The application and registration requirements of
the other state are substantially similar to or more
restrictive than the requirements provided under sections
436.215 to 436.272; and

(2) The registration has not been revoked or suspended
and no action involving the applicant's conduct as an
athlete agent is pending against the applicant or the
applicant's registration in any state.

4. For purposes of implementing subsection 3 of thissection, the director shall:

(1) Cooperate with national organizations concerned
with athlete agent issues and agencies in other states that
register athlete agents to develop a common registration
form and determine which states have laws that are
substantially similar to or more restrictive than sections
436.215 to 436.272; and

(2) Exchange information, including information
 related to actions taken against registered athlete agents
 or their registrations, with those organizations and
 agencies.

436.230. 1. Except as otherwise provided in
2 subsection 2 of this section, the director shall issue a
3 certificate of registration to an individual who complies
4 with section 436.227.

5 2. The director may refuse to issue a certificate of 6 registration if the director determines that the applicant 7 has engaged in conduct that has a significant adverse effect 8 on the applicant's fitness to serve as an athlete agent. In 9 making the determination, the director may consider whether 10 the applicant has:

(1) Been finally adjudicated and found guilty, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, in a criminal prosecution under the laws of any state, of the United States, or of any country, for any offense directly related to the duties and responsibilities of the occupation, as set forth in section 324.012, regardless of whether or not sentence is imposed;

18 (2) Made a materially false, misleading, deceptive, or
19 fraudulent representation as an athlete agent or in the
20 application;

21 (3) Engaged in conduct that would disgualify the 22 applicant from serving in a fiduciary capacity; 23 (4) Engaged in conduct prohibited by section 436.254; Had a registration or licensure as an athlete 24 (5) 25 agent suspended, revoked, or denied or been refused renewal 26 of registration or licensure in any state; 27 Engaged in conduct or failed to engage in conduct (6) 28 the consequence of which was that a sanction, suspension, or 29 declaration of ineligibility to participate in an 30 interscholastic or intercollegiate athletic event was imposed on a student athlete or educational institution; or 31 Engaged in conduct that significantly adversely 32 (7)33 reflects on the applicant's credibility, honesty, or integrity. 34 3. In making a determination under subsection 2 of 35 this section, the director shall consider: 36 37 How recently the conduct occurred; (1)(2)The nature of the conduct and the context in which 38 39 it occurred; and Any other relevant conduct of the applicant. 40 (3) An athlete agent may apply to renew a registration 41 4. by submitting an application for renewal in a form 42 prescribed by the director. The application for renewal 43 44 [must] shall be signed by the applicant under penalty of perjury under section 575.040 and shall contain current 45 46 information on all matters required in an original 47 registration. 5. An athlete agent registered under subsection 3 of 48 section 436.227 may renew the registration by proceeding 49 50 under subsection 4 of this section or, if the registration

51 in the other state has been renewed, by submitting to the 52 director copies of the application for renewal in the other

state and the renewed registration from the other state.
The director shall renew the registration if the director
determines:

(1) The registration requirements of the other state
are substantially similar to or more restrictive than the
requirements provided under sections 436.215 to 436.272; and

59 (2) The renewed registration has not been suspended or 60 revoked and no action involving the individual's conduct as 61 an athlete agent is pending against the individual or the 62 individual's registration in any state.

63 6. A certificate of registration or a renewal of a64 registration is valid for two years.

436.236. The director may issue a temporary
certificate of registration [valid for sixty days] while an
application for registration or renewal is pending.

436.242. 1. An agency contract [must] shall be in a2 record signed by the parties.

3

2. An agency contract [must] shall state or contain:

4 (1) A statement that the athlete agent is registered 5 as an athlete agent in this state and a list of any other 6 states in which the agent is registered as an athlete agent;

7 (2) The amount and method of calculating the 8 consideration to be paid by the student athlete for services 9 to be provided by the athlete agent under the contract and 10 any other consideration the athlete agent has received or 11 will receive from any other source for entering into the 12 contract or for providing the services;

13 [(2)] (3) The name of any person not listed in the 14 application for registration or renewal who will be 15 compensated because the student athlete signed the agency 16 contract;

17 [(3)] (4) A description of any expenses that the
18 student athlete agrees to reimburse;

19 [(4)] (5) A description of the services to be provided
20 to the student athlete;

21

[(5)] (6) The duration of the contract; and

22

[(6)] (7) The date of execution.

3. An agency contract shall contain in close proximity
to the signature of the student athlete a conspicuous notice
in boldface type in capital letters stating:

26 "WARNING TO STUDENT ATHLETE IF YOU SIGN THIS CONTRACT:
27 (1) YOU MAY LOSE YOUR ELIGIBILITY TO COMPETE AS A
28 STUDENT ATHLETE IN YOUR SPORT;

29 (2) BOTH YOU AND YOUR ATHLETE AGENT ARE REQUIRED TO
30 TELL YOUR ATHLETIC DIRECTOR, IF YOU HAVE AN ATHLETIC
31 DIRECTOR, WITHIN 72 HOURS AFTER ENTERING INTO AN AGENCY
32 CONTRACT OR BEFORE THE NEXT ATHLETIC EVENT IN WHICH YOU
33 PARTICIPATE, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST, AND PROVIDE THE NAME
34 AND CONTACT INFORMATION OF THE ATHLETE AGENT; AND

35 (3) YOU MAY CANCEL THIS CONTRACT WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER
36 SIGNING IT. CANCELLATION OF THE CONTRACT MAY NOT REINSTATE
37 YOUR ELIGIBILITY.".

38 4. An agency contract shall be accompanied by a 39 separate record signed by the student athlete or, if the 40 student athlete is a minor, the parent or guardian of the 41 student athlete acknowledging that signing the contract may 42 result in the loss of the student athlete's eligibility to 43 participate in the student athlete's sport.

44 5. An agency contract that does not conform to this 45 section is voidable by the student athlete or, if the 46 student athlete is a minor, by the parent or guardian of the 47 student athlete. If the contract is voided, any 48 consideration received by the student athlete from the

49 athlete agent under the contract to induce entering into the 50 contract is not required to be returned.

51 [5.] 6. The athlete agent shall give a copy of the 52 signed agency contract to the student athlete or, if the 53 student athlete is a minor, to the parent or guardian of the 54 student athlete [at the time of signing].

55 7. If a student athlete is a minor, an agency contract 56 shall be signed by the parent or guardian of the minor, and 57 the notice required by subsection 3 of this section shall be 58 revised accordingly.

436.245. 1. As used in this section, "communicating or attempting to communicate" shall mean contacting or attempting to contact by an in-person meeting, a record, or any other method that conveys or attempts to convey a message.

Within seventy-two hours after entering into an 6 2. 7 agency contract or before the next scheduled athletic event in which the student athlete may participate, whichever 8 9 occurs first, the athlete agent shall give notice in [writing] a record of the existence of the contract to the 10 athletic director of the educational institution at which 11 the student athlete is enrolled or the athlete agent has 12 reasonable grounds to believe the student athlete intends to 13 14 enroll.

3. If an athlete agent enters into an agency contract with a student athlete and the student athlete subsequently enrolls at an educational institution, the athlete agent shall notify the athletic director of the educational institution of the existence of the contract within seventytwo hours after the agent knows or should have known the student athlete enrolled.

22 4. If an athlete agent has a relationship with a 23 student athlete before the student athlete enrolls in an 24 educational institution and receives an athletic scholarship from the educational institution, the athlete agent shall 25 26 notify the athletic director of the educational institution 27 of the relationship no later than ten days after the 28 enrollment if the athlete agent knows or should have known 29 of the enrollment and:

30 (1) The relationship was motivated in whole or in part
 31 by the intention of the athlete agent to recruit or solicit
 32 the student athlete to enter an agency contract in the
 33 future; or

34 (2) The athlete agent directly or indirectly recruited
 35 or solicited the student athlete to enter an agency contract
 36 before the enrollment.

5. An athlete agent shall give notice in a record to the athletic director of any educational institution at which a student athlete is enrolled before the agent communicates or attempts to communicate with:

(1) The student athlete or, if the student athlete is
a minor, a parent or guardian of the student athlete to
influence the student athlete or parent or guardian to enter
into an agency contract; or

45 (2) Another individual to have that individual
46 influence the student athlete or, if the student athlete is
47 a minor, the parent or guardian of the student athlete to
48 enter into an agency contract.

6. If a communication or attempted communication with an athlete agent is initiated by a student athlete or another individual on behalf of the student athlete, the athlete agent shall give notice in a record to the athletic director of any educational institution at which the student

54 athlete is enrolled. The notification shall be made no 55 later than ten days after the communication or attempted 56 communication.

57 7. An educational institution that becomes aware of a 58 violation of sections 436.215 to 436.272 by an athlete agent 59 shall notify the director of the violation and any 60 professional league or players' association with which the 61 educational institution is aware the agent is licensed or 62 registered.

63 [2.] 8. Within seventy-two hours after entering into an agency contract or before the next athletic event in 64 which the student athlete may participate, whichever occurs 65 first, the student athlete shall in [writing] a record 66 inform the athletic director of the educational institution 67 at which the student athlete is enrolled that he or she has 68 69 entered into an agency contract and the name and contact 70 information of the athlete agent.

436.248. 1. A student athlete or, if the student
athlete is a minor, the parent or guardian of the student
athlete may cancel an agency contract by giving notice in
writing to the athlete agent of the cancellation within
fourteen days after the contract is signed.

6 2. A student athlete or, if the student athlete is a
7 minor, the parent or guardian of the student athlete may not
8 waive the right to cancel an agency contract.

9 3. If a student athlete, parent, or guardian cancels 10 an agency contract within fourteen days of signing the 11 contract, the student athlete, parent, or guardian is not 12 required to pay any consideration under the contract or to 13 return any consideration received from the agent to induce 14 the student athlete to enter into the contract.

436.254. [1.] An athlete agent [may] shall not 2 intentionally [do any of the following with the intent to 3 induce a student athlete to enter into an agency contract]: Give [any] a student athlete or, if the student 4 (1)5 athlete is a minor, a parent or guardian of the student 6 athlete materially false or misleading information or make a materially false promise or representation with the intent 7 8 to influence the student athlete, parent, or guardian to 9 enter into an agency contract;

10 (2) Furnish anything of value to a student athlete
11 [before the student athlete enters into the agency
12 contract;] or another individual, if to do so may result in
13 loss of the student athlete's eligibility to participate in
14 the student athlete's sport, unless:

(a) The athlete agent notifies the athletic director
of the educational institution at which the student athlete
is enrolled or at which the athlete agent has reasonable
grounds to believe the student athlete intends to enroll, no
later than seventy-two hours after giving the thing of
value; and

(b) The student athlete or, if the student athlete is a minor, a parent or guardian of the student athlete acknowledges to the athlete agent in a record that receipt of the thing of value may result in loss of the student athlete's eligibility to participate in the student athlete's sport;

27 (3) [Furnish anything of value to any individual other28 than the student athlete or another registered athlete agent.

29

2. An athlete agent may not intentionally:

30 (1)] Initiate contact, directly or indirectly, with a
31 student athlete or, if the student athlete is a minor, a
32 parent or guardian of the student athlete to recruit or

33 solicit the student athlete, parent, or guardian to enter
34 into an agency contract unless registered under sections
35 436.215 to 436.272;

36 [(2) Refuse or willfully] (4) Fail to create, retain, 37 or permit inspection of the records required by section 38 436.251;

39 [(3) Violate section 436.224 by failing] (5) Fail to
40 register if required under section 436.224;

41 [(4)] (6) Provide materially false or misleading
42 information in an application for registration or renewal of
43 registration;

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[(5)] (7) Predate or postdate an agency contract; [or (6)] (8) Fail to notify a student athlete or, if the student athlete is a minor, a parent or guardian of the

47 student athlete [prior to] before the student [athlete's] 48 athlete, parent, or guardian [signing] signs an agency 49 contract for a particular sport that the signing [by the 50 student athlete] may [make the student athlete ineligible] 51 result in loss of the student athlete's eligibility to 52 participate [as a student athlete in that] in the student 53 athlete's sport;

(9) Encourage another individual to do any of the acts
described in subdivisions (1) to (8) of this section on
behalf of the athlete agent; or

(10) Encourage another individual to assist any other
individual in doing any of the acts described in
subdivisions (1) to (8) of this section on behalf of the
athlete agent.

436.260. 1. An educational institution [has a right
of] or a student athlete may bring an action for damages
against an athlete agent [or a former student athlete for
damages caused by a] if the institution or student athlete

5 is adversely affected by an act or omission of the athlete 6 agent in violation of sections 436.215 to 436.272. [In an 7 action under this section, the court may award to the 8 prevailing party costs and reasonable attorney's fees.]

9 (1) In order for a student athlete to qualify as 10 "adversely affected by an act or omission of the athlete 11 agent" under this section, the student athlete shall 12 demonstrate that he or she was a student athlete and 13 enrolled at the institution at the time the act or omission 14 of the athlete agent occurred and that he or she:

(a) Was suspended or disqualified from participation
 in an interscholastic or intercollegiate sports event by a
 state or national federation or association that promotes or
 regulates interscholastic or intercollegiate sports; or

19

(b)

Suffered financial damage.

(2) In order for an educational institution to qualify
as "adversely affected by an act or omission of the athlete
agent" under this section, the institution shall demonstrate
that the institution:

(a) Was disqualified from participation in an
 interscholastic or intercollegiate sports event by a state
 or national federation or association that promotes or
 regulates interscholastic or intercollegiate sports; or

28

(b) Suffered financial damage.

[Damages of an educational institution under 29 2. 30 subsection 1 of this section include losses and expenses 31 incurred because as a result of the activities of an athlete agent or former student athlete the educational institution 32 was injured by a violation of sections 436.215 to 436.272 or 33 was penalized, disqualified, or suspended from participation 34 in athletics by a national association for the promotion and 35 regulation of athletics, by an athletic conference, or by 36

37 reasonable self-imposed disciplinary action taken to 38 mitigate sanctions.] A plaintiff who prevails in an action 39 under this section may recover actual damages, costs, and reasonable attorney's fees. An athlete agent found liable 40 under this section forfeits any right of payment for 41 42 anything of benefit or value provided to the student athlete and shall refund any consideration paid to the athlete agent 43 44 by or on behalf of the student athlete.

45 3. [A right of action under this section does not
46 accrue until the educational institution discovers or by the
47 exercise of reasonable diligence would have discovered the
48 violation by the athlete agent or former student athlete.

49 4. Any liability of the athlete agent or the former50 student athlete under this section is several and not joint.

5. Sections 436.215 to 436.272 do not restrict rights, 52 remedies, or defenses of any person under law or equity.] A 53 violation of any provision of sections 436.215 to 436.272 is 54 an unfair trade practice for purposes of sections 375.930 to 55 375.948.

436.263. 1. Any [person] individual who violates any
[provisions] provision of sections 436.215 to [436.269]
436.272 is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and liable for a
civil penalty not to exceed one hundred thousand dollars.

5 2. Any individual who knowingly violates any provision 6 of sections 436.215 to 436.272 is guilty of a class E felony 7 and liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred 8 dollars.

436.266. In applying and construing sections 436.215
to 436.272, consideration [must] shall be given to the need
to promote uniformity of the law with respect to the subject
matter of sections 436.215 to 436.272 among states that
enact it.

	[436.257. The commission of any act
2	prohibited by section 436.254 by an athlete
3	agent is a class B misdemeanor.]

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