House	Amendment NO
Offered By	
AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill by inserting after all of said section and line the follow	
"174.820. 1. Notwithstanding any other provis	sion of law to the contrary, for the purposes of
tuition, fees, and admission, the governing board of an	y Missouri higher education institution that
receives any state funds shall deem an individual a Mis	ssouri resident, unless the individual
establishes a residence outside of Missouri, if both of t	he following conditions are met:
(1) The individual graduated from a public or	private high school or a home school or
received the equivalent of a high school diploma in thi	s state; and
(2) In the case of an individual who is not a cit	izen or a permanent resident of the United
States, the individual provides the higher education ins	stitution with a written statement in which the
individual agrees to regularize the individual's citizens	hip or permanent residency status if and when
the individual is eligible to do so.	
2. No Missouri higher education institution that	t receives any state funds shall deny
admittance to an individual based solely on the individ	ual's immigration status, provided the
individual has satisfied the requirements of this section	<u>ı.</u>
3. Any information collected under this section	n as part of an individual's admission shall
remain confidential.	
208.009. 1. No alien unlawfully present in the	United States shall receive any state or local
public benefit, except for state or local public benefits	that may be offered under 8 U.S.C. 1621(b),
as amended. Nothing in this section shall be construed	to prohibit the rendering of emergency
medical care, prenatal care, services offering alternative	res to abortion, emergency assistance, or legal
assistance to any person.	
2. As used in this section, "public benefit" mea	
agency of state or local government; or any retirement	, welfare, health, disability, housing, or food
assistance benefit under which payments, assistance, c	redits, or reduced rates or fees are provided.
The term "public benefit" shall not include postsecond	ary education public benefits [as defined in
section 173.1110], any municipal permit, or contracts of	or agreements between public utility providers
and their customers or unemployment benefits payable	
compensation program shall verify the lawful presence	e of an alien for the purpose of determining
Action Taken	Date

eligibility for benefits in accordance with its own procedures.

- 3. In addition to providing proof of other eligibility requirements, at the time of application for any state or local public benefit, an applicant who is eighteen years of age or older shall provide affirmative proof that the applicant is a citizen or a permanent resident of the United States or is lawfully present in the United States. Such affirmative proof shall include documentary evidence recognized by the department of revenue when processing an application for a driver's license, a Missouri driver's license, as well as any document issued by the federal government that confirms an alien's lawful presence in the United States. In processing applications for public benefits, an employee of an agency of state or local government shall not inquire about the legal status of a custodial parent or guardian applying for a public benefit on behalf of [his or her] the parent's or guardian's dependent child who is a citizen or permanent resident of the United States.
- 4. An applicant who cannot provide the proof required under this section at the time of application may alternatively sign an affidavit under oath, attesting to either United States citizenship or classification by the United States as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, in order to receive temporary benefits or a temporary identification document as provided in this section. The affidavit shall be on or consistent with forms prepared by the state or local government agency administering the state or local public benefits and shall include the applicant's Social Security number or any applicable federal identification number and an explanation of the penalties under state law for obtaining public assistance benefits fraudulently.
- 5. An applicant who has provided the sworn affidavit required under subsection 4 of this section is eligible to receive temporary public benefits as follows:
- (1) For ninety days or until such time that it is determined that the applicant is not lawfully present in the United States, whichever is earlier; or
- (2) Indefinitely if the applicant provides a copy of a completed application for a birth certificate that is pending in Missouri or some other state. An extension granted under this subsection shall terminate upon the applicant's receipt of a birth certificate or a determination that a birth certificate does not exist because the applicant is not a United States citizen.
- 6. An applicant who is an alien shall not receive any state or local public benefit unless the alien's lawful presence in the United States is first verified by the federal government. State and local agencies administering public benefits in this state shall cooperate with the United States Department of Homeland Security in achieving verification of an alien's lawful presence in the United States in furtherance of this section. The system utilized may include the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements Program operated by the United States Department of Homeland Security. After an applicant's lawful presence in the United States has been verified through the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements Program, no additional verification is required within the same agency of the state or local government.
- 7. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to require any nonprofit organization duly registered with the Internal Revenue Service to enforce the provisions of this section, nor does it prohibit such an organization from providing aid.

Page 2 of 3

1	8. Any agency that administers public benefits shall provide assistance in obtaining
2	appropriate documentation to persons applying for public benefits who sign the affidavit required by
3	subsection 4 of this section stating they are eligible for such benefits but lack the documents
4	required under subsection 3 of this section."; and
5	required under subsection 5 of this section. , and
6	Further amend said bill, Page 26, Section 513.430, Line 116, by inserting after all of said section
7	and line the following:
	and fine the following.
8	
9	"[173.1110. 1. No covered student unlawfully present in the United States
10	shall receive a postsecondary education public benefit. Educational institutions
11	awarding postsecondary education public benefits to covered students shall verify
12	that these students are United States citizens, permanent residents, or lawfully
13	present in the United States.
14	2. The following documents, in hard copy or electronic form, may be used
15	to document that a covered student is a United States citizen, permanent resident,
16	or is lawfully present in the United States:
17	(1) The Free Application for Student Aid Institutional Student Information
18	Record;
19	(2) A state-issued driver's license;
20	(3) A state-issued nondriver's identification card;
21	(4) Documentary evidence recognized by the department of revenue when
22	processing an application for a driver's license or nondriver's identification card;
23	(5) A United States birth certificate;
24	(6) A United States military identification card; or
25	(7) Any document issued by the federal government that confirms an
26	alien's lawful presence in the United States.
27	3. All postsecondary higher education institutions shall annually certify to
28	the department of higher education and workforce development that they have not
29	knowingly awarded a postsecondary education public benefit to a covered student
30	who is unlawfully present in the United States.
31	4. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
32	(1) "Covered student", a student eighteen years of age or older, who has
33	graduated from high school and is attending classes on the campus of a
34	postsecondary educational institution during regularly scheduled academic
35	sessions;
36	(2) "Postsecondary education public benefit", institutional financial aid
37	awarded by public postsecondary educational institutions and state-administered
38	postsecondary grants and scholarships awarded by all postsecondary educational
39	institutions to covered students.]"; and
40	
41	Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references
42	accordingly.