

HOUSE AMENDMENT NO. _____
TO
HOUSE AMENDMENT NO. _____

Offered By

AMEND House Amendment No. _____ to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 834, Page 3, Line 5, by inserting after said line the following:

"70.441. 1. As used in this section, the following terms have the following meanings:

(1) "Agency", the bi-state development agency created by compact under section 70.370;

(2) "Conveyance" includes bus, paratransit vehicle, rapid transit car or train, locomotive, or other vehicle used or held for use by the agency as a means of transportation of passengers;

(3) "Facilities" includes all property and equipment, including, without limitation, rights-of-way and related trackage, rails, signals, power, fuel, communication and ventilation systems, power plants, stations, terminals, signage, storage yards, depots, repair and maintenance shops, yards, offices, parking lots and other real estate or personal property used or held for or incidental to the operation, rehabilitation or improvement of any public mass transportation system of the agency;

(4) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership, corporation, association or company; and

(5) "Sound production device" includes, but is not limited to, any radio receiver, phonograph, television receiver, musical instrument, tape recorder, cassette player, speaker device and any sound amplifier.

2. In interpreting or applying this section, the following provisions shall apply:

(1) Any act otherwise prohibited by this section is lawful if specifically authorized by agreement, permit, license or other writing duly signed by an authorized officer of the agency or if performed by an officer, employee or designated agent of the agency acting within the scope of his or her employment or agency;

(2) Rules shall apply with equal force to any person assisting, aiding or abetting another, including a minor, in any of the acts prohibited by the rules or assisting, aiding or abetting another in the avoidance of any of the requirements of the rules; and

(3) The singular shall mean and include the plural; the masculine gender shall mean the feminine and the neuter genders; and vice versa.

3. (1) No person shall use or enter upon the light rail conveyances of the agency without payment of the fare or other lawful charges established by the agency. Any person on any such

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1 conveyance must have properly validated fare media in his possession. This ticket must be valid to
2 or from the station the passenger is using, and must have been used for entry for the trip then being
3 taken;

4 (2) No person shall use any token, pass, badge, ticket, document, transfer, card or fare media
5 to gain entry to the facilities or conveyances of, or make use of the services of, the agency, except as
6 provided, authorized or sold by the agency and in accordance with any restriction on the use thereof
7 imposed by the agency;

8 (3) No person shall enter upon parking lots designated by the agency as requiring payment
9 to enter, either by electronic gate or parking meters, where the cost of such parking fee is visibly
10 displayed at each location, without payment of such fees or other lawful charges established by the
11 agency;

12 (4) Except for employees of the agency acting within the scope of their employment, no
13 person shall sell, provide, copy, reproduce or produce, or create any version of any token, pass,
14 badge, ticket, document, transfer, card or any other fare media or otherwise authorize access to or
15 use of the facilities, conveyances or services of the agency without the written permission of an
16 authorized representative of the agency;

17 (5) No person shall put or attempt to put any paper, article, instrument or item, other than a
18 token, ticket, badge, coin, fare card, pass, transfer or other access authorization or other fare media
19 issued by the agency and valid for the place, time and manner in which used, into any fare box, pass
20 reader, ticket vending machine, parking meter, parking gate or other fare collection instrument,
21 receptacle, device, machine or location;

22 (6) Tokens, tickets, fare cards, badges, passes, transfers or other fare media that have been
23 forged, counterfeited, imitated, altered or improperly transferred or that have been used in a manner
24 inconsistent with this section shall be confiscated;

25 (7) No person may perform any act which would interfere with the provision of transit
26 service or obstruct the flow of traffic on facilities or conveyances or which would in any way
27 interfere or tend to interfere with the safe and efficient operation of the facilities or conveyances of
28 the agency;

29 (8) All persons on or in any facility or conveyance of the agency shall:

30 (a) Comply with all lawful orders and directives of any agency employee acting within the
31 scope of his employment;

32 (b) Obey any instructions on notices or signs duly posted on any agency facility or
33 conveyance; and

34 (c) Provide accurate, complete and true information or documents requested by agency
35 personnel acting within the scope of their employment and otherwise in accordance with law;

36 (9) No person shall falsely represent himself or herself as an agent, employee or
37 representative of the agency;

38 (10) No person on or in any facility or conveyance shall:

39 (a) Litter, dump garbage, liquids or other matter, or create a nuisance, hazard or [unsanitary]

1 insanitary condition, including, but not limited to, spitting and urinating, except in facilities
2 provided;

3 (b) Drink any alcoholic beverage or possess any opened or unsealed container of alcoholic
4 beverage, except on premises duly licensed for the sale of alcoholic beverages, such as bars and
5 restaurants;

6 (c) Enter or remain in any facility or conveyance while his ability to function safely in the
7 environment of the agency transit system is impaired by the consumption of alcohol or by the taking
8 of any drug;

9 (d) Loiter or stay on any facility of the agency;

10 (e) Consume foods or liquids of any kind, except in those areas specifically authorized by
11 the agency;

12 (f) Smoke or carry an open flame or lighted match, cigar, cigarette, pipe or torch, except in
13 those areas or locations specifically authorized by the agency; or

14 (g) Throw or cause to be propelled any stone, projectile or other article at, from, upon or in a
15 facility or conveyance;

16 (11) Except as otherwise provided under section 571.107, no weapon or other instrument
17 intended for use as a weapon may be carried in or on any facility or conveyance, except for law
18 enforcement personnel. For the purposes hereof, a weapon shall include, but not be limited to, a
19 firearm, switchblade knife, sword, or any instrument of any kind known as blackjack, billy club,
20 club, sandbag, metal knuckles, leather bands studded with metal, wood impregnated with metal
21 filings or razor blades; except that this subdivision shall not apply to a rifle or shotgun which is
22 unloaded and carried in any enclosed case, box or other container which completely conceals the
23 item from view and identification as a weapon;

24 (12) No explosives, flammable liquids, acids, fireworks or other highly combustible
25 materials or radioactive materials may be carried on or in any facility or conveyance, except as
26 authorized by the agency;

27 (13) No person, except as specifically authorized by the agency, shall enter or attempt to
28 enter into any area not open to the public, including, but not limited to, motorman's cabs,
29 conductor's cabs, bus operator's seat location, closed-off areas, mechanical or equipment rooms,
30 concession stands, storage areas, interior rooms, tracks, roadbeds, tunnels, plants, shops, barns, train
31 yards, garages, depots or any area marked with a sign restricting access or indicating a dangerous
32 environment;

33 (14) No person may ride on the roof, the platform between rapid transit cars, or on any other
34 area outside any rapid transit car or bus or other conveyance operated by the agency;

35 (15) No person shall extend his hand, arm, leg, head or other part of his or her person or
36 extend any item, article or other substance outside of the window or door of a moving rapid transit
37 car, bus or other conveyance operated by the agency;

38 (16) No person shall enter or leave a rapid transit car, bus or other conveyance operated by
39 the agency except through the entrances and exits provided for that purpose;

1 (17) No animals may be taken on or into any conveyance or facility except the following:

2 (a) An animal enclosed in a container, accompanied by the passenger and carried in a
3 manner which does not annoy other passengers; and

4 (b) Working dogs for law enforcement agencies, agency dogs on duty, dogs properly
5 harnessed and accompanying blind or hearing-impaired persons to aid such persons, or dogs
6 accompanying trainers carrying a certificate of identification issued by a dog school;

7 (18) No vehicle shall be operated carelessly, or negligently, or in disregard of the rights or
8 safety of others or without due caution and circumspection, or at a speed in such a manner as to be
9 likely to endanger persons or property on facilities of the agency. The speed limit on parking lots
10 and access roads shall be posted as fifteen miles per hour unless otherwise designated.

11 4. (1) Unless a greater penalty is otherwise provided by the laws of the state, any violation
12 of this section shall constitute a misdemeanor, and any person committing a violation thereof shall
13 be subject to arrest and, upon conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction, shall pay a fine in an
14 amount not less than twenty-five dollars and no greater than two hundred fifty dollars per violation,
15 in addition to court costs. Any default in the payment of a fine imposed pursuant to this section
16 without good cause shall result in imprisonment for not more than thirty days;

17 (2) Unless a greater penalty is provided by the laws of the state, any person convicted a
18 second or subsequent time for the same offense under this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor
19 and sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars in
20 addition to court costs, or to undergo imprisonment for up to sixty days, or both such fine and
21 imprisonment;

22 (3) Any person failing to pay the proper fare, fee or other charge for use of the facilities and
23 conveyances of the agency shall be subject to payment of such charge as part of the judgment
24 against the violator. All proceeds from judgments for unpaid fares or charges shall be directed to the
25 appropriate agency official;

26 (4) All juvenile offenders violating the provisions of this section shall be subject to the
27 jurisdiction of the juvenile court as provided in chapter 211;

28 (5) As used in this section, the term "conviction" shall include all pleas of guilty and
29 findings of guilt.

30 5. Any person who is convicted, pleads guilty, or pleads nolo contendere for failing to pay
31 the proper fare, fee, or other charge for the use of the facilities and conveyances of the bi-state
32 development agency, as described in subdivision (3) of subsection 4 of this section, may, in addition
33 to the unpaid fares or charges and any fines, penalties, or sentences imposed by law, be required to
34 reimburse the reasonable costs attributable to the enforcement, investigation, and prosecution of
35 such offense by the bi-state development agency. The court shall direct the reimbursement proceeds
36 to the appropriate agency official.

37 6. (1) Stalled or disabled vehicles may be removed from the roadways of the agency
38 property by the agency and parked or stored elsewhere at the risk and expense of the owner;

39 (2) Motor vehicles which are left unattended or abandoned on the property of the agency for

1 a period of over seventy-two hours may be removed as provided for in section 304.155, except that
 2 the removal may be authorized by personnel designated by the agency under section 70.378."; and

3
 4 Further amend said amendment, Page 61, Line 38, by inserting after said line the following:

5
 6 "571.020. 1. A person commits an offense if such person knowingly possesses,
 7 manufactures, transports, repairs, or sells:

8 (1) An explosive weapon;

9 (2) An explosive, incendiary or poison substance or material with the purpose to possess,
 10 manufacture or sell an explosive weapon;

11 (3) A gas gun;

12 (4) A bullet or projectile which explodes or detonates upon impact because of an
 13 independent explosive charge after having been shot from a firearm; or

14 (5) ~~Knuckles; or~~

15 ~~(6)]~~ Any of the following in violation of federal law:

16 (a) A machine gun; or

17 (b) A short-barreled rifle or shotgun[;

18 (c) A firearm silencer; or

19 (d) A switchblade knife.

20 2. A person does not commit an offense pursuant to this section if his or her conduct
 21 involved any of the items in subdivisions (1) to ~~[(5)]~~ (4) of subsection 1, the item was possessed in
 22 conformity with any applicable federal law, and the conduct:

23 (1) Was incident to the performance of official duty by the Armed Forces, National Guard, a
 24 governmental law enforcement agency, or a penal institution; or

25 (2) Was incident to engaging in a lawful commercial or business transaction with an
 26 organization enumerated in subdivision (1) of this ~~[section]~~ subsection; or

27 (3) Was incident to using an explosive weapon in a manner reasonably related to a lawful
 28 industrial or commercial enterprise; or

29 (4) Was incident to displaying the weapon in a public museum or exhibition; or

30 (5) Was incident to using the weapon in a manner reasonably related to a lawful dramatic
 31 performance.

32 3. An offense pursuant to subdivision (1), (2), (3) or ~~[(6)]~~ (5) of subsection 1 of this section
 33 is a class D felony; a crime pursuant to subdivision (4) ~~[or (5)]~~ of subsection 1 of this section is a
 34 class A misdemeanor.

35 571.030. 1. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons, except as otherwise
 36 provided by sections 571.101 to 571.121 and sections 571.205 to 571.230, if he or she knowingly:

37 (1) Carries concealed upon or about his or her person a knife, a firearm, a blackjack or any
 38 other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any area where firearms are restricted under section
 39 571.107; or

40 (2) Sets a spring gun; or

1 (3) Discharges or shoots a firearm into a dwelling house, a railroad train, boat, aircraft, or
2 motor vehicle as defined in section 302.010, or any building or structure used for the assembling of
3 people; or

4 (4) Exhibits, in the presence of one or more persons, any weapon readily capable of lethal
5 use in an angry or threatening manner; or

6 (5) Has a firearm or projectile weapon readily capable of lethal use on his or her person,
7 while he or she is intoxicated, and handles or otherwise uses such firearm or projectile weapon in
8 either a negligent or unlawful manner or discharges such firearm or projectile weapon unless acting
9 in self-defense; or

10 (6) Discharges a firearm within one hundred yards of any occupied schoolhouse,
11 courthouse, or church building; or

12 (7) Discharges or shoots a firearm at a mark, at any object, or at random, on, along or across
13 a public highway or discharges or shoots a firearm into any outbuilding; or

14 (8) Carries a firearm or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any church or
15 place where people have assembled for worship, or into any election precinct on any election day, or
16 into any building owned or occupied by any agency of the federal government, state government, or
17 political subdivision thereof; or

18 (9) Discharges or shoots a firearm at or from a motor vehicle, as defined in section 301.010,
19 discharges or shoots a firearm at any person, or at any other motor vehicle, or at any building or
20 habitable structure, unless the person was lawfully acting in self-defense; or

21 (10) Carries a firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, or any other weapon readily capable of
22 lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of any function or activity
23 sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school board; or

24 (11) Possesses a firearm while also knowingly in possession of a controlled substance that is
25 sufficient for a felony violation of section 579.015.

26 2. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to the
27 persons described in this subsection, regardless of whether such uses are reasonably associated with
28 or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties except as otherwise provided in
29 this subsection. Subdivisions (3), (4), (6), (7), and (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply
30 to or affect any of the following persons, when such uses are reasonably associated with or are
31 necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties, except as otherwise provided in this
32 subsection:

33 (1) All state, county and municipal peace officers who have completed the training required
34 by the police officer standards and training commission pursuant to sections 590.030 to 590.050 and
35 who possess the duty and power of arrest for violation of the general criminal laws of the state or for
36 violation of ordinances of counties or municipalities of the state, whether such officers are on or off
37 duty, and whether such officers are within or outside of the law enforcement agency's jurisdiction, or
38 all qualified retired peace officers, as defined in subsection 12 of this section, and who carry the
39 identification defined in subsection 13 of this section, or any person summoned by such officers to

1 assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while actually engaged in assisting such officer;

2 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other
3 institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of crime;

4 (3) Members of the Armed Forces or National Guard while performing their official duty;

5 (4) Those persons vested by Article V, Section 1 of the Constitution of Missouri with the
6 judicial power of the state and those persons vested by Article III of the Constitution of the United
7 States with the judicial power of the United States, the members of the federal judiciary;

8 (5) Any person whose bona fide duty is to execute process, civil or criminal;

9 (6) Any federal probation officer or federal flight deck officer as defined under the federal
10 flight deck officer program, 49 U.S.C. Section 44921, regardless of whether such officers are on
11 duty, or within the law enforcement agency's jurisdiction;

12 (7) Any state probation or parole officer, including supervisors and members of the parole
13 board;

14 (8) Any corporate security advisor meeting the definition and fulfilling the requirements of
15 the regulations established by the department of public safety under section 590.750;

16 (9) Any coroner, deputy coroner, medical examiner, or assistant medical examiner;

17 (10) Any municipal or county prosecuting attorney or assistant prosecuting attorney; circuit
18 attorney or assistant circuit attorney; municipal, associate, or circuit judge; or any person appointed
19 by a court to be a special prosecutor who has completed the firearms safety training course required
20 under subsection 2 of section 571.111;

21 (11) Any member of a fire department or fire protection district who is employed on a full-
22 time basis as a fire investigator and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to
23 August 28, 2013, or a valid concealed carry permit under section 571.111 when such uses are
24 reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties; and

25 (12) Upon the written approval of the governing body of a fire department or fire protection
26 district, any paid fire department or fire protection district member who is employed on a full-time
27 basis and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a valid
28 concealed carry permit, when such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the
29 fulfillment of such person's official duties.

30 3. Subdivisions (1), (5), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section do not apply when the
31 actor is transporting such weapons in a nonfunctioning state or in an unloaded state when
32 ammunition is not readily accessible or when such weapons are not readily accessible. Subdivision
33 (1) of subsection 1 of this section does not apply to any person nineteen years of age or older or
34 eighteen years of age or older and a member of the United States Armed Forces, or honorably
35 discharged from the United States Armed Forces, transporting a concealable firearm in the
36 passenger compartment of a motor vehicle, so long as such concealable firearm is otherwise
37 lawfully possessed, nor when the actor is also in possession of an exposed firearm or projectile
38 weapon for the lawful pursuit of game, or is in his or her dwelling unit or upon premises over which
39 the actor has possession, authority or control, or is traveling in a continuous journey peaceably

1 through this state. Subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of this section does not apply if the firearm is
2 otherwise lawfully possessed by a person while traversing school premises for the purposes of
3 transporting a student to or from school, or possessed by an adult for the purposes of facilitation of a
4 school-sanctioned firearm-related event or club event.

5 4. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to any person
6 who has a valid concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 or sections
7 571.205 to 571.230, a valid concealed carry endorsement issued before August 28, 2013, or a valid
8 permit or endorsement to carry concealed firearms issued by another state or political subdivision of
9 another state.

10 5. Subdivisions (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall
11 not apply to persons who are engaged in a lawful act of defense pursuant to section 563.031.

12 6. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the state shall not prohibit
13 any state employee from having a firearm in the employee's vehicle on the state's property provided
14 that the vehicle is locked and the firearm is not visible. This subsection shall only apply to the state
15 as an employer when the state employee's vehicle is on property owned or leased by the state and
16 the state employee is conducting activities within the scope of his or her employment. For the
17 purposes of this subsection, "state employee" means an employee of the executive, legislative, or
18 judicial branch of the government of the state of Missouri.

19 7. Nothing in this section shall make it unlawful for a student to actually participate in
20 school-sanctioned gun safety courses, student military or ROTC courses, or other school-sponsored
21 or club-sponsored firearm-related events, provided the student does not carry a firearm or other
22 weapon readily capable of lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of
23 any other function or activity sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school
24 board.

25 8. A person who commits the crime of unlawful use of weapons under:

26 (1) Subdivision (2), (3), (4), or (11) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class E
27 felony;

28 (2) Subdivision (1), (6), (7), or (8) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class B
29 misdemeanor, except when a concealed weapon is carried onto any private property whose owner
30 has posted the premises as being off-limits to concealed firearms by means of one or more signs
31 displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the
32 writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch, in which case the penalties of subsection 2 of
33 section 571.107 shall apply;

34 (3) Subdivision (5) or (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class A
35 misdemeanor if the firearm is unloaded and a class E felony if the firearm is loaded;

36 (4) Subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class B felony, except
37 that if the violation of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section results in injury or death to
38 another person, it is a class A felony.

39 9. Violations of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be punished as follows:

1 (1) For the first violation a person shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of
2 imprisonment for a class B felony;

3 (2) For any violation by a prior offender as defined in section 558.016, a person shall be
4 sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without the
5 possibility of parole, probation or conditional release for a term of ten years;

6 (3) For any violation by a persistent offender as defined in section 558.016, a person shall
7 be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without the
8 possibility of parole, probation, or conditional release;

9 (4) For any violation which results in injury or death to another person, a person shall be
10 sentenced to an authorized disposition for a class A felony.

11 10. Any person knowingly aiding or abetting any other person in the violation of
12 subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be subject to the same penalty as that prescribed
13 by this section for violations by other persons.

14 11. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person who pleads guilty to or is found
15 guilty of a felony violation of subsection 1 of this section shall receive a suspended imposition of
16 sentence if such person has previously received a suspended imposition of sentence for any other
17 firearms- or weapons-related felony offense.

18 12. As used in this section "qualified retired peace officer" means an individual who:

19 (1) Retired in good standing from service with a public agency as a peace officer, other than
20 for reasons of mental instability;

21 (2) Before such retirement, was authorized by law to engage in or supervise the prevention,
22 detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any violation of
23 law, and had statutory powers of arrest;

24 (3) Before such retirement, was regularly employed as a peace officer for an aggregate of
25 fifteen years or more, or retired from service with such agency, after completing any applicable
26 probationary period of such service, due to a service-connected disability, as determined by such
27 agency;

28 (4) Has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the retirement plan of the agency if such a
29 plan is available;

30 (5) During the most recent twelve-month period, has met, at the expense of the individual,
31 the standards for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry firearms;

32 (6) Is not under the influence of alcohol or another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or
33 substance; and

34 (7) Is not prohibited by federal law from receiving a firearm.

35 13. The identification required by subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section is:

36 (1) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired
37 from service as a peace officer that indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year
38 before the date the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by
39 the agency to meet the standards established by the agency for training and qualification for active

1 peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm; or

2 (2) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired
3 from service as a peace officer; and

4 (3) A certification issued by the state in which the individual resides that indicates that the
5 individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the
6 concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the state to meet the standards established by
7 the state for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as
8 the concealed firearm." and

9
10 Further amend said amendment, Page 68, Line 1, by inserting after said line the following:

11
12 "571.107. 1. A concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 or
13 sections 571.205 to 571.230, a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013,
14 or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another state or political subdivision of
15 another state shall authorize the person in whose name the permit or endorsement is issued to carry
16 concealed firearms on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No concealed carry
17 permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 or sections 571.205 to 571.230, valid
18 concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a concealed carry endorsement or
19 permit issued by another state or political subdivision of another state shall authorize any person to
20 carry concealed firearms or knuckles into:

21 (1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the chief
22 law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on
23 the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not
24 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

25 (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a firearm
26 in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so long as the
27 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

28 (3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison or jail.
29 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or correctional
30 institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from
31 the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

32 (4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any
33 courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries or other rooms of any such court whether or not such
34 court solely occupies the building in question. This subdivision shall also include, but not be
35 limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein any of the
36 courts or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the
37 jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as may be specified
38 by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in this subdivision
39 shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 571.030 while within

1 their jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection 2
2 of section 571.030, or such other persons who serve in a law enforcement capacity for a court as
3 may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying
4 a concealed firearm within any of the areas described in this subdivision. Possession of a firearm in
5 a vehicle on the premises of any of the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal offense
6 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the
7 premises;

8 (5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government; or any meeting of the
9 general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this subdivision
10 shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement from
11 carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she is a member. Possession of a
12 firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not
13 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this
14 subdivision shall preclude a member of the general assembly, a full-time employee of the general
15 assembly employed under Section 17, Article III, Constitution of Missouri, legislative employees of
16 the general assembly as determined under section 21.155, or statewide elected officials and their
17 employees, holding a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement, from carrying a concealed
18 firearm in the state capitol building or at a meeting whether of the full body of a house of the
19 general assembly or a committee thereof, that is held in the state capitol building;

20 (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county or municipality may by rule,
21 administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by permit
22 or endorsement holders in that portion of a building owned, leased or controlled by that unit of
23 government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is prohibited or
24 limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted area. The statute,
25 rule or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by private persons, highways or
26 rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of
27 government from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a firearm. The statute, rule or
28 ordinance shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that persons
29 violating the statute, rule or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, ordered to leave the
30 building and if employees of the unit of government, be subjected to disciplinary measures for
31 violation of the provisions of the statute, rule or ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall
32 not apply to any other unit of government;

33 (7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the
34 premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the owner or
35 manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said establishment.
36 The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant open to the general
37 public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that receives at least fifty-one
38 percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale of food. This subdivision
39 does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the establishment and

1 shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished
2 while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision authorizes any individual who has
3 been issued a concealed carry permit or endorsement to possess any firearm while intoxicated;

4 (8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons and
5 property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a criminal
6 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on
7 the premises;

8 (9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;

9 (10) Any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility without the
10 consent of the governing body of the higher education institution or a school official or the district
11 school board, unless the person with the concealed carry endorsement or permit is a teacher or
12 administrator of an elementary or secondary school who has been designated by his or her school
13 district as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm in a school within that district, in
14 which case no consent is required. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any
15 higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility shall not be a criminal
16 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on
17 the premises;

18 (11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the
19 manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a family
20 home from owning or possessing a firearm or a concealed carry permit or endorsement;

21 (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent of the
22 owner or manager pursuant to rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of a
23 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal
24 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on
25 the premises;

26 (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the
27 premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not
28 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

29 ~~(14) [Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the minister or~~
30 ~~person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control over the place of~~
31 ~~religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal~~
32 ~~offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on~~
33 ~~the premises;~~

34 (15) Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to
35 concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum
36 size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch.
37 The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business enterprise, or any other
38 organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a concealed carry permit or
39 endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the premises and may prohibit employees, not

1 authorized by the employer, holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying
 2 concealed firearms on the property of the employer. If the building or the premises are open to the
 3 public, the employer of the business enterprise shall post signs on or about the premises if carrying a
 4 concealed firearm is prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a
 5 criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the
 6 vehicle is on the premises. An employer may prohibit employees or other persons holding a
 7 concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm in vehicles owned by the
 8 employer;

9 ~~[(16)]~~ (15) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or more.
 10 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the
 11 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

12 ~~[(17)]~~ (16) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the
 13 premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the
 14 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.

15 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm or knuckles in a location specified in subdivisions (1) to
 16 (17) of subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a concealed carry permit issued
 17 pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 or sections 571.205 to 571.230, or a concealed carry
 18 endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person
 19 to denial to the premises or removal from the premises. If such person refuses to leave the premises
 20 and a peace officer is summoned, such person may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed
 21 one hundred dollars for the first offense. If a second citation for a similar violation occurs within a
 22 six-month period, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or
 23 her permit, and, if applicable, endorsement to carry concealed firearms shall be suspended for a
 24 period of one year. If a third citation for a similar violation is issued within one year of the first
 25 citation, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars and shall have his
 26 or her concealed carry permit, and, if applicable, endorsement revoked and such person shall not be
 27 eligible for a concealed carry permit for a period of three years. Upon conviction of charges arising
 28 from a citation issued pursuant to this subsection, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county
 29 which issued the concealed carry permit, or, if the person is a holder of a concealed carry
 30 endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which
 31 issued the certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement and the department of
 32 revenue. The sheriff shall suspend or revoke the concealed carry permit or, if applicable, the
 33 certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement. If the person holds an endorsement,
 34 the department of revenue shall issue a notice of such suspension or revocation of the concealed
 35 carry endorsement and take action to remove the concealed carry endorsement from the individual's
 36 driving record. The director of revenue shall notify the licensee that he or she must apply for a new
 37 license pursuant to chapter 302 which does not contain such endorsement. The notice issued by the
 38 department of revenue shall be mailed to the last known address shown on the individual's driving
 39 record. The notice is deemed received three days after mailing.

3. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or chapter 70, 577, or 578 to the contrary, a person carrying a firearm concealed on or about his or her person who is lawfully in possession of a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement shall not be prohibited or impeded from accessing or using any publicly funded transportation system and shall not be harassed or detained for carrying a concealed firearm on the property, vehicles, or conveyances owned, contracted, or leased by such systems that are accessible to the public. For purposes of this subsection, "publicly funded transportation system" means the property, equipment, rights-of-way, or buildings, whether publicly or privately owned and operated, of an entity that receives public funds and holds itself out to the general public for the transportation of persons. This includes portions of a public transportation system provided through a contract with a private entity but excludes any corporation that provides intercity passenger train service on railroads throughout the United States or any private partnership in which the corporation engages.

571.111. 1. An applicant for a concealed carry permit shall demonstrate knowledge of firearms safety training. This requirement shall be fully satisfied if the applicant for a concealed carry permit:

(1) Submits a photocopy of a certificate of firearms safety training course completion, as defined in subsection [2] 3 of this section, signed by a qualified firearms safety instructor as defined in subsection [6] 7 of this section; or

(2) Submits a photocopy of a certificate that shows the applicant completed a firearms safety course given by or under the supervision of any state, county, municipal, or federal law enforcement agency; or

(3) Is a qualified firearms safety instructor as defined in subsection [6] 7 of this section; or

(4) Submits proof that the applicant currently holds any type of valid peace officer license issued under the requirements of chapter 590; or

(5) Submits proof that the applicant is currently allowed to carry firearms in accordance with the certification requirements of section 217.710; or

(6) Submits proof that the applicant is currently certified as any class of corrections officer by the Missouri department of corrections and has passed at least one eight-hour firearms training course, approved by the director of the Missouri department of corrections under the authority granted to him or her, that includes instruction on the justifiable use of force as prescribed in chapter 563; or

(7) Submits a photocopy of a certificate of firearms safety training course completion that was issued on August 27, 2011, or earlier so long as the certificate met the requirements of subsection [2] 3 of this section that were in effect on the date it was issued.

2. An applicant serving as an active duty member in the Armed Forces and who submits proof of receipt of a pistol marksmanship award shall be exempt from the requirements of subdivisions (2), (3), (9), and (10) of subsection 3 of this section.

3. A certificate of firearms safety training course completion may be issued to any applicant by any qualified firearms safety instructor. On the certificate of course completion the qualified

firearms safety instructor shall affirm that the individual receiving instruction has taken and passed a firearms safety course of at least eight hours in length taught by the instructor that included:

(1) Handgun safety in the classroom, at home, on the firing range and while carrying the firearm;

(2) A physical demonstration performed by the applicant that demonstrated his or her ability to safely load and unload either a revolver or a semiautomatic pistol and demonstrated his or her marksmanship with either firearm;

(3) The basic principles of marksmanship;

(4) Care and cleaning of concealable firearms;

(5) Safe storage of firearms at home;

(6) The requirements of this state for obtaining a concealed carry permit from the sheriff of the individual's county of residence;

(7) The laws relating to firearms as prescribed in this chapter;

(8) The laws relating to the justifiable use of force as prescribed in chapter 563;

(9) A live firing exercise of sufficient duration for each applicant to fire either a revolver or a semiautomatic pistol, from a standing position or its equivalent, a minimum of twenty rounds from the handgun at a distance of seven yards from a B-27 silhouette target or an equivalent target;

(10) A live-fire test administered to the applicant while the instructor was present of twenty rounds from either a revolver or a semiautomatic pistol from a standing position or its equivalent at a distance from a B-27 silhouette target, or an equivalent target, of seven yards.

~~[3.]~~ 4. A certificate of firearms safety training course completion may also be issued to an applicant who presents proof to a qualified firearms safety instructor that the applicant has passed a regular or online course on firearm safety conducted by an instructor certified by the National Rifle Association that is at least one hour in length and who also passes the requirements of subdivisions (1), (2), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10) of subsection ~~[2]~~ 3 of this section in a course, not restricted by a period of hours, that is taught by a qualified firearms safety instructor.

~~[4.]~~ 5. A qualified firearms safety instructor shall not give a grade of passing to an applicant for a concealed carry permit who:

(1) Does not follow the orders of the qualified firearms instructor or cognizant range officer;
or

(2) Handles a firearm in a manner that, in the judgment of the qualified firearm safety instructor, poses a danger to the applicant or to others; or

(3) During the live-fire testing portion of the course fails to hit the silhouette portion of the targets with at least fifteen rounds.

~~[5.]~~ 6. Qualified firearms safety instructors who provide firearms safety instruction to any person who applies for a concealed carry permit shall:

(1) Make the applicant's course records available upon request to the sheriff of the county in which the applicant resides;

(2) Maintain all course records on students for a period of no less than four years from

1 course completion date; and

2 (3) Not have more than forty students per certified instructor in the classroom portion of the
3 course or more than five students per range officer engaged in range firing.

4 ~~[6.]~~ 7. A firearms safety instructor shall be considered to be a qualified firearms safety
5 instructor by any sheriff issuing a concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 if
6 the instructor:

7 (1) Is a valid firearms safety instructor certified by the National Rifle Association holding a
8 rating as a personal protection instructor or pistol marksmanship instructor; or

9 (2) Submits a photocopy of a notarized certificate from a firearms safety instructor's course
10 offered by a local, state, or federal governmental agency; or

11 (3) Submits a photocopy of a notarized certificate from a firearms safety instructor course
12 approved by the department of public safety; or

13 (4) Has successfully completed a firearms safety instructor course given by or under the
14 supervision of any state, county, municipal, or federal law enforcement agency; or

15 (5) Is a certified police officer firearms safety instructor.

16 ~~[7.]~~ 8. Any firearms safety instructor qualified under subsection ~~[6]~~ 7 of this section may
17 submit a copy of a training instructor certificate, course outline bearing the notarized signature of
18 the instructor, and a recent photograph of the instructor to the sheriff of the county in which the
19 instructor resides. The sheriff shall review the training instructor certificate along with the course
20 outline and verify the firearms safety instructor is qualified and the course meets the requirements
21 provided under this section. If the sheriff verifies the firearms safety instructor is qualified and the
22 course meets the requirements provided under this section, the sheriff shall collect an annual
23 registration fee of ten dollars from each qualified instructor who chooses to submit such information
24 and submit the registration to the Missouri sheriff methamphetamine relief taskforce. The Missouri
25 sheriff methamphetamine relief taskforce, or its designated agent, shall create and maintain a
26 statewide database of qualified instructors. This information shall be a closed record except for
27 access by any sheriff. Firearms safety instructors may register annually and the registration is only
28 effective for the calendar year in which the instructor registered. Any sheriff may access the
29 statewide database maintained by the Missouri sheriff methamphetamine relief taskforce to verify
30 the firearms safety instructor is qualified and the course offered by the instructor meets the
31 requirements provided under this section. Unless a sheriff has reason to believe otherwise, a sheriff
32 shall presume a firearms safety instructor is qualified to provide firearms safety instruction in
33 counties throughout the state under this section if the instructor is registered on the statewide
34 database of qualified instructors.

35 ~~[8.]~~ 9. Any firearms safety instructor who knowingly provides any sheriff with any false
36 information concerning an applicant's performance on any portion of the required training and
37 qualification shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor. A violation of the provisions of this section
38 shall result in the person being prohibited from instructing concealed carry permit classes and
39 issuing certificates."; and

Further amend said amendment, Page 73, Line 2, by inserting after said line the following:

"571.215. 1. A Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued under sections 571.205 to 571.230 shall authorize the person in whose name the permit is issued to carry concealed firearms on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall authorize any person to carry concealed firearms into:

(1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the chief law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison or jail. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or correctional institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries, or other rooms of any such court whether or not such court solely occupies the building in question. This subdivision shall also include, but not be limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein any of the courts or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as may be specified by supreme court rule under subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 571.030 while within their jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection 2 of section 571.030, or such other persons who serve in a law enforcement capacity for a court as may be specified by supreme court rule under subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying a concealed firearm within any of the areas described in this subdivision. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any of the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government, or any meeting of the general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she is a member. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the general assembly, a full-time employee of the general assembly employed under Section 17, Article III, Constitution of Missouri, legislative employees of the general assembly as determined under section 21.155, or statewide elected officials and their employees, holding a valid Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit, from carrying a concealed firearm in the state capitol building or at a meeting whether of the full body of a house of the general assembly or a committee thereof, that is held in the state capitol building;

(6) The general assembly, supreme court, county, or municipality may by rule, administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by permit holders in that portion of a building owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is prohibited or limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted area. The statute, rule, or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by private persons, highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a firearm. The statute, rule, or ordinance shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that persons violating the statute, rule, or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, ordered to leave the building and if employees of the unit of government, be subjected to disciplinary measures for violation of the provisions of the statute, rule, or ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any other unit of government;

(7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the owner or manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said establishment. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant open to the general public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that receives at least fifty-one percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale of food. This subdivision does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the establishment and shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision authorizes any individual who has been issued a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit to possess any firearm while intoxicated;

(8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons and property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;

(10) Any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility without the consent of the governing body of the higher education institution or a school official or the district school board, unless the person with the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit is a teacher or administrator of an elementary or secondary school who has been designated by his or her school district as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm in a school within that district, in which case no consent is required. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a family home from owning or possessing a firearm or a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit;

(12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent of the owner or manager under rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not

1 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

2 ~~[(14) Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the minister or~~
 3 ~~person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control over the place of~~
 4 ~~religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal~~
 5 ~~offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on~~
 6 ~~the premises;~~

7 (15) Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to
 8 concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum
 9 size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch.
 10 The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business enterprise, or any other
 11 organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a Missouri lifetime or extended
 12 concealed carry permit from carrying concealed firearms on the premises and may prohibit
 13 employees, not authorized by the employer, holding a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry
 14 permit from carrying concealed firearms on the property of the employer. If the building or the
 15 premises are open to the public, the employer of the business enterprise shall post signs on or about
 16 the premises if carrying a concealed firearm is prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on
 17 the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle
 18 or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. An employer may prohibit employees or other
 19 persons holding a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit from carrying a concealed
 20 firearm in vehicles owned by the employer;

21 ~~[(16)]~~ (15) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or more.
 22 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the
 23 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

24 ~~[(17)]~~ (16) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the
 25 premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the
 26 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.

27 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in subdivisions (1) to (17) of
 28 subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed
 29 carry permit shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to denial to the premises or
 30 removal from the premises. If such person refuses to leave the premises and a peace officer is
 31 summoned, such person may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars
 32 for the first offense. If a second citation for a similar violation occurs within a six-month period,
 33 such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or her permit to
 34 carry concealed firearms shall be suspended for a period of one year. If a third citation for a similar
 35 violation is issued within one year of the first citation, such person shall be fined an amount not to
 36 exceed five hundred dollars and shall have his or her Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry
 37 permit revoked and such person shall not be eligible for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed
 38 carry permit or a concealed carry permit issued under sections 571.101 to 571.121 for a period of
 39 three years. Upon conviction of charges arising from a citation issued under this subsection, the
 40 court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed
 41 carry permit. The sheriff shall suspend or revoke the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry
 42 permit."; and

43
 44 Further amend said amendment, Page 81, Line 38, by inserting after said line the following:

45
 46
 47 "577.703. 1. A person commits the offense of bus hijacking if he or she seizes or exercises

1 control, by force or violence or threat of force or violence, of any bus. The offense of bus hijacking
2 is a class B felony.

3 2. The offense of "assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking" is defined as an
4 intimidation, threat, assault or battery toward any driver, attendant or guard of a bus so as to
5 interfere with the performance of duties by such person. Assault to commit bus hijacking is a class
6 D felony.

7 3. Any person, who, in the commission of such intimidation, threat, assault or battery with
8 the intent to commit bus hijacking, employs a dangerous or deadly weapon or other means capable
9 of inflicting serious bodily injury shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a class A felony.

10 4. Except as otherwise provided under section 571.107, any passenger who boards a bus
11 with a dangerous or deadly weapon or other means capable of inflicting serious bodily injury
12 concealed upon his or her person or effects is guilty of the felony of "possession and concealment of
13 a dangerous or deadly weapon" upon a bus. Possession and concealment of a dangerous and deadly
14 weapon by a passenger upon a bus is a class D felony. The provisions of this subsection shall not
15 apply to:

16 (1) Duly elected or appointed law enforcement officers or commercial security personnel
17 who are in possession of weapons used within the course and scope of their employment; ~~nor shall~~
18 ~~the provisions of this subsection apply to]~~

19 (2) Persons who are in possession of weapons or other means of inflicting serious bodily
20 injury with the consent of the owner of such bus, his or her agent, or the lessee or bailee of such bus;
21 or

22 (3) Persons carrying a concealed firearm who lawfully possess a valid concealed carry
23 permit or endorsement in accordance with sections 571.101 to 571.126 or sections 571.205 to
24 571.230.

25 577.712. 1. In order to provide for the safety, comfort, and well-being of passengers and
26 others having a bona fide business interest in any terminal, a bus transportation company may refuse
27 admission to terminals to any person not having bona fide business within the terminal. Any such
28 refusal shall not be inconsistent or contrary to state or federal laws, regulations pursuant thereto, or
29 to any ordinance of the political subdivision in which such terminal is located. A duly authorized
30 company representative may ask any person in a terminal or on the premises of a terminal to
31 identify himself or herself and state his or her business. Failure to comply with such request or
32 failure to state an acceptable business purpose shall be grounds for the company representative to
33 request that such person leave the terminal. Refusal to comply with such request shall constitute
34 disorderly conduct. Disorderly conduct shall be a class C misdemeanor.

35 2. Except as otherwise provided by section 571.107, it is unlawful for any person to carry a
36 deadly or dangerous weapon or any explosives or hazardous material into a terminal or aboard a
37 bus. Possession of a deadly or dangerous weapon, explosive or hazardous material shall be a class
38 D felony. Upon the discovery of any such item or material, the company may obtain possession and
39 retain custody of such item or material until it is transferred to the custody of law enforcement

1 officers."; and

2

3 Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references
4 accordingly.

5

6 THIS AMENDMENT AMENDS 3494H10.62X.