House	Amendment NO
Offered By	
	or Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for ction 163.016, Line 28, by inserting after all of the said
pupils not entitled to free instruction and	f any district, in its discretion, may admit to the school prescribe the tuition fee to be paid by them, except as 3 of this section and in sections 167.121, 167.131,
2. Orphan children, children with	n only one parent living, and children whose parents do not
contribute to their support—if the children	en are between the ages of six and twenty years and are
unable to pay tuition—may attend the sch	hools of any district in the state in which they have a
permanent or temporary home without pa	aying a tuition fee.
3. (1) For all school years ending	g on or before June 30, 2023, any [person] individual who
pays a school tax in any other district tha	n that in which [he] such individual resides may send [his]
such individual's children to any public s	chool in the district in which the tax is paid and receive as a
credit on the amount charged for tuition t	the amount of the school tax paid to the district; except that
any [person] individual who owns real es	state of which eighty acres or more are used for agricultural
purposes and upon which [his] such indiv	vidual's residence is situated may send [his] such
individual's children to public school in a	any school district in which a part of such real estate,
contiguous to that upon which [his] such	individual's residence is situated, lies and shall not be
charged tuition therefor; so long as thirty	-five percent of the real estate is located in the school
district of choice. The school district of	choice shall count the children in its average daily
attendance for the purpose of distribution	of state aid through the foundation formula.
(2) For all school years beginning	g on and after July 1, 2023, an owner of residential real
property or agricultural real property or a	named beneficiary of a trust that owns residential real
property or agricultural real property and	that pays a school tax in any district other than the district
in which such owner or beneficiary resid	es may send up to four of such owner's or beneficiary's
children to a public school in any district	in which such owner or trust pays such school tax. The
school district or public school of choice	shall count a child as a resident attending under this
subdivision in its average daily attendance	ee for the purpose of distribution of state aid through the
foundation formula.	
Action Taken	Date

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option of sending his children to the public schools of more than one district shall exercise such option as provided in this subsection. Such person shall send written notice to all school districts involved specifying to which school district his children will attend by June thirtieth in which such a school year begins. If notification is not received, such children shall attend the school in which the majority of his property lies. Such person shall not send any of his children to the public schools of any district other than the one to which he has sent notice pursuant to this subsection in that school year or in which the majority of his property lies without paying tuition to such school district.]

4. [Any owner of agricultural land who, pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, has the

For all school years beginning on or after July 1, 2023, any owner of real property or named beneficiary of a trust that owns real property who elects to exercise the option provided in subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this section shall exercise such option as provided in this subdivision. Such owner or beneficiary shall send written notice to all school districts involved specifying which school district each child will attend thirty days prior to enrollment. When providing such notice, such owner or beneficiary shall present proof of such owner's or trust's payment of at least three thousand dollars of school taxes levied on the real property within such school district and ownership of the real property for not less than three years. Such proof may be determined by multiplying the school taxes paid on the most recent property tax receipt by the years of property ownership.

5. If a pupil is attending school in a district other than the district of residence and the pupil's parent is teaching in the school district or is a regular employee of the school district which the pupil is attending, then the district in which the pupil attends school shall allow the pupil to attend school upon payment of tuition in the same manner in which the district allows other pupils not entitled to free instruction to attend school in the district. The provisions of this subsection shall apply only to pupils attending school in a district which has an enrollment in excess of thirteen thousand pupils and not in excess of fifteen thousand pupils and which district is located in a county [of the first classification] with a charter form of government which has a population in excess of six hundred thousand persons and not in excess of nine hundred thousand persons."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.