## SECOND REGULAR SESSION [TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED] HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE SUBSTITUTE NO. 2 FOR SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# **SENATE BILL NO. 745**

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY 2022

#### 3566H.06T

### **AN ACT**

To repeal sections 44.032, 144.010, 144.011, 144.030, 386.266, 386.890, 393.1400, 393.1640, 393.1655, 393.1715, 442.404, and 610.021, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof sixteen new sections relating to public utilities, with a delayed effective date for a certain section.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 44.032, 144.010, 144.011, 144.030,
386.266, 386.890, 393.1400, 393.1640, 393.1655, 393.1715,
442.404, and 610.021, RSMo, are repealed and sixteen new
sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
44.032, 144.010, 144.011, 144.030, 386.266, 386.885, 386.890,
393.1072, 393.1275, 393.1400, 393.1640, 393.1655, 393.1656,
393.1715, 442.404, and 610.021, to read as follows:

44.032. 1. (1) As used in this section, the term "rural electric cooperative" means any rural electric cooperative organized or operating under the provisions of chapter 394, any corporation organized on a nonprofit or a cooperative basis as described in subsection 1 of section 394.200, or any electrical corporation operating under a cooperative business plan as described in subsection 2 of section 393.110.

**EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.** 

9 The general assembly recognizes the necessity for (2) anticipating and making advance provisions to care for the 10 11 unusual and extraordinary burdens imposed by disasters or emergencies on this state [and], its political subdivisions 12 [by disasters or emergencies], and rural electric 13 14 cooperatives. To meet such situations, it is the intention of the general assembly to confer emergency powers on the 15 16 governor, acting through the director, and vesting the 17 governor with adequate power and authority within the 18 limitation of available funds in the Missouri disaster fund to meet any such emergency or disaster. 19

2. There is hereby established a fund to be known as 20 21 the "Missouri Disaster Fund", to which the general assembly may appropriate funds and from which funds may be 22 appropriated annually to the state emergency management 23 24 agency. The funds appropriated shall be expended during a 25 state emergency at the direction of the governor and upon the issuance of an emergency declaration which shall set 26 27 forth the emergency and shall state that it requires the expenditure of public funds to furnish immediate aid and 28 29 relief. The director of the state emergency management agency shall administer the fund. 30

31 3. Expenditures may be made upon direction of the
32 governor for emergency management, as defined in section
33 44.010, or to implement the state disaster plans.
34 Expenditures may also be made to meet the matching
35 requirements of state and federal agencies for any
36 applicable assistance programs.

4. Assistance may be provided from the Missouri
disaster fund to political subdivisions of this state
[which] and rural electric cooperatives that have suffered
from a disaster to such an extent as to impose a severe

41 financial burden exceeding the ordinary reserve capacity of 42 the subdivision or rural electric cooperative affected. 43 Applications for aid under this section shall be made to the state emergency management agency on such forms as may be 44 45 prescribed and furnished by the agency, which forms shall 46 require the furnishing of sufficient information to determine eligibility for aid and the extent of the 47 48 financial burden incurred. The agency may call upon other agencies of the state in evaluating such applications. 49 The 50 director of the state emergency management agency shall 51 review each application for aid under the provisions of this section and recommend its approval or disapproval, in whole 52 53 or in part, to the governor. If approved, the governor shall determine and certify to the director of the state 54 55 emergency management agency the amount of aid to be 56 furnished. The director of the state emergency management 57 agency shall thereupon issue [his] the director's voucher to the commissioner of administration, who shall issue [his] 58 the commissioner's warrants therefor to the applicant. 59

5. When a disaster or emergency has been proclaimed by the governor or there is a national emergency, the director of the state emergency management agency, upon order of the governor, shall have authority to expend funds for the following:

(1) The purposes of sections 44.010 to 44.130 and the
responsibilities of the governor and the state emergency
management agency as outlined in sections 44.010 to 44.130;

68 (2) Employing, for the duration of the response and
69 recovery to emergency, additional personnel and contracting
70 or otherwise procuring necessary appliances, supplies,
71 equipment, and transport;

Performing services for and furnishing materials 72 (3) and supplies to state government agencies, counties, [and] 73 municipalities, and rural electric cooperatives with respect 74 to performance of any duties enjoined by law upon such 75 agencies, counties, [and] municipalities, and rural electric 76 77 cooperatives which they are unable to perform because of extreme natural or man-made phenomena, and receiving 78 79 reimbursement in whole or in part from such agencies, 80 counties, [and] municipalities, and rural electric cooperatives able to pay therefor under such terms and 81 conditions as may be agreed upon by the director of the 82 state emergency management agency and any such agency, 83 county, [or] municipality, or rural electric cooperative; 84

(4) Performing services for and furnishing materials
to any individual in connection with alleviating hardship
and distress growing out of extreme natural or man-made
phenomena, and receiving reimbursement in whole or in part
from such individual under such terms as may be agreed upon
by the director of the state emergency management agency and
such individual;

92 (5) Providing services to counties and municipalities93 with respect to quelling riots and civil disturbances;

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(6) Repairing and restoring public infrastructure;

95 (7) Furnishing transportation for supplies to 96 alleviate suffering and distress;

97 (8) Furnishing medical services and supplies to98 prevent the spread of disease and epidemics;

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(9) Quelling riots and civil disturbances;

(10) Training individuals or governmental agencies for
the purpose of perfecting the performance of emergency
assistance duties as defined in the state disaster plans;

(11) Procurement, storage, and transport of special emergency supplies or equipment determined by the director to be necessary to provide rapid response by state government to assist counties and municipalities in impending or actual emergencies;

108 (12) Clearing or removing from publicly or privately 109 owned land or water, debris and wreckage which may threaten 110 public health or safety;

111 (13) Reimbursement to any urban search and rescue task 112 force for any reasonable and necessary expenditures incurred 113 in the course of responding to any declared emergency under 114 this section; and

115 (14) Such other measures as are customarily necessary116 to furnish adequate relief in cases of catastrophe or117 disaster.

118 6. The governor may receive such voluntary
119 contributions as may be made from any source to aid in
120 carrying out the purposes of this section and shall credit
121 the same to the Missouri disaster fund.

7. All obligations and expenses incurred by the 122 governor in the exercise of the powers and duties vested by 123 124 the provisions of this section shall be paid by the state 125 treasurer out of available funds in the Missouri disaster 126 fund, and the commissioner of administration shall draw 127 warrants upon the state treasurer for the payment of such 128 sum, or so much thereof as may be required, upon receipt of 129 proper vouchers provided by the director of the state 130 emergency management agency.

131 8. The provisions of this section shall be liberally
132 construed in order to accomplish the purposes of sections
133 44.010 to 44.130 and to permit the governor to cope
134 adequately with any emergency which may arise, and the

powers vested in the governor by this section shall be construed as being in addition to all other powers presently vested in the governor and not in derogation of any existing powers.

9. Such funds as may be made available by the
government of the United States for the purpose of
alleviating distress from disasters may be accepted by the
state treasurer and shall be credited to the Missouri
disaster fund, unless otherwise specifically provided in the
act of Congress making such funds available.

10. The foregoing provisions of this section
notwithstanding, any expenditure or proposed series of
expenditures which total in excess of one thousand dollars
per project shall be approved by the governor prior to the
expenditure.

144.010. 1. The following words, terms, and phrases
when used in sections 144.010 to 144.525 have the meanings
ascribed to them in this section, except when the context
indicates a different meaning:

5 (1) "Admission" includes seats and tables, reserved or
6 otherwise, and other similar accommodations and charges made
7 therefor and amount paid for admission, exclusive of any
8 admission tax imposed by the federal government or by
9 sections 144.010 to 144.525;

"Business" includes any activity engaged in by any 10 (2)person, or caused to be engaged in by him, with the object 11 12 of gain, benefit or advantage, either direct or indirect, and the classification of which business is of such 13 character as to be subject to the terms of sections 144.010 14 to 144.525. A person is "engaging in business" in this 15 state for purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 if such 16 person engages in business activities within this state or 17

18 maintains a place of business in this state under section 144.605. The isolated or occasional sale of tangible 19 20 personal property, service, substance, or thing, by a person not engaged in such business, does not constitute engaging 21 in business within the meaning of sections 144.010 to 22 144.525 unless the total amount of the gross receipts from 23 24 such sales, exclusive of receipts from the sale of tangible 25 personal property by persons which property is sold in the course of the partial or complete liquidation of a 26 27 household, farm or nonbusiness enterprise, exceeds three thousand dollars in any calendar year. The provisions of 28 this subdivision shall not be construed to make any sale of 29 30 property which is exempt from sales tax or use tax on June 1, 1977, subject to that tax thereafter; 31

32 (3) "Captive wildlife", includes but is not limited to
33 exotic partridges, gray partridge, northern bobwhite quail,
34 ring-necked pheasant, captive waterfowl, captive white35 tailed deer, captive elk, and captive furbearers held under
36 permit issued by the Missouri department of conservation for
37 hunting purposes. The provisions of this subdivision shall
38 not apply to sales tax on a harvested animal;

"Gross receipts", except as provided in section 39 (4) 144.012, means the total amount of the sale price of the 40 sales at retail including any services other than charges 41 incident to the extension of credit that are a part of such 42 43 sales made by the businesses herein referred to, capable of being valued in money, whether received in money or 44 otherwise; except that, the term gross receipts shall not 45 include the sale price of property returned by customers 46 47 when the full sale price thereof is refunded either in cash or by credit. In determining any tax due under sections 48 144.010 to 144.525 on the gross receipts, charges incident 49

50 to the extension of credit shall be specifically exempted. 51 For the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 the total 52 amount of the sale price above mentioned shall be deemed to be the amount received. It shall also include the lease or 53 54 rental consideration where the right to continuous possession or use of any article of tangible personal 55 56 property is granted under a lease or contract and such 57 transfer of possession would be taxable if outright sale were made and, in such cases, the same shall be taxable as 58 59 if outright sale were made and considered as a sale of such article, and the tax shall be computed and paid by the 60 lessee upon the rentals paid. The term gross receipts shall 61 62 not include usual and customary delivery charges that are stated separately from the sale price; 63

64 (5) "Instructional class", includes any class, lesson,65 or instruction intended or used for teaching;

(6) "Livestock", cattle, calves, sheep, swine, ratite
birds, including but not limited to, ostrich and emu,
aquatic products as described in section 277.024, llamas,
alpaca, buffalo, bison, elk documented as obtained from a
legal source and not from the wild, goats, horses, other
equine, honey bees, or rabbits raised in confinement for
human consumption;

(7) "Motor vehicle leasing company" shall be a company obtaining a permit from the director of revenue to operate as a motor vehicle leasing company. Not all persons renting or leasing trailers or motor vehicles need to obtain such a permit; however, no person failing to obtain such a permit may avail itself of the optional tax provisions of subsection 5 of section 144.070, as hereinafter provided;

80 (8) "Person" includes any individual, firm,
81 copartnership, joint adventure, association, corporation,

82 municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or 83 not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, 84 commission, board, bureau or agency, except the state 85 transportation department, estate, trust, business trust, 86 receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, 87 syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a 88 unit, and the plural as well as the singular number;

(9) "Product which is intended to be sold ultimately
for final use or consumption" means tangible personal
property, or any service that is subject to state or local
sales or use taxes, or any tax that is substantially
equivalent thereto, in this state or any other state;

94 (10) "Purchaser" means a person who purchases tangible 95 personal property or to whom are rendered services, receipts 96 from which are taxable under sections 144.010 to 144.525;

97 (11)"Research or experimentation activities" are the 98 development of an experimental or pilot model, plant process, formula, invention or similar property, and the 99 improvement of existing property of such type. Research or 100 experimentation activities do not include activities such as 101 102 ordinary testing or inspection of materials or products for 103 quality control, efficiency surveys, advertising promotions 104 or research in connection with literary, historical or 105 similar projects;

(12) "Sale" or "sales" includes installment and credit 106 107 sales, and the exchange of properties as well as the sale 108 thereof for money, every closed transaction constituting a sale, and means any transfer, exchange or barter, 109 conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means 110 111 whatsoever, of tangible personal property for valuable consideration and the rendering, furnishing or selling for a 112 valuable consideration any of the substances, things and 113

114 services herein designated and defined as taxable under the 115 terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525;

(13) "Sale at retail" means any transfer made by any 116 person engaged in business as defined herein of the 117 ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property to the 118 119 purchaser, for use or consumption and not for resale in any form as tangible personal property, for a valuable 120 consideration; except that, for the purposes of sections 121 122 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed thereby: (i) 123 purchases of tangible personal property made by duly 124 licensed physicians, dentists, optometrists and veterinarians and used in the practice of their professions 125 126 shall be deemed to be purchases for use or consumption and 127 not for resale; and (ii) the selling of computer printouts, 128 computer output or microfilm or microfiche and computer-129 assisted photo compositions to a purchaser to enable the 130 purchaser to obtain for his or her own use the desired information contained in such computer printouts, computer 131 output on microfilm or microfiche and computer-assisted 132 photo compositions shall be considered as the sale of a 133 service and not as the sale of tangible personal property. 134 Where necessary to conform to the context of sections 135 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed thereby, the term 136 137 sale at retail shall be construed to embrace:

(a) Sales of admission tickets, cash admissions,
charges and fees to or in places of amusement, entertainment
and recreation, games and athletic events, except amounts
paid for any instructional class;

(b) Sales of electricity, electrical current, water
and gas, natural or artificial, to domestic, commercial or
industrial consumers, except as provided in subdivision (12)
of subsection 1 of section 144.011;

(c) Sales of local and long distance
telecommunications service to telecommunications subscribers
and to others through equipment of telecommunications
subscribers for the transmission of messages and
conversations, and the sale, rental or leasing of all
equipment or services pertaining or incidental thereto;

(d) Sales of service for transmission of messages bytelegraph companies;

(e) Sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks
furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant,
eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist camp, tourist
cabin, or other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are
regularly served to the public;

(f) Sales of tickets by every person operating a
railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car, boat,
airplane, and such buses and trucks as are licensed by the
division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the
department of economic development of Missouri, engaged in
the transportation of persons for hire;

(14) "Seller" means a person selling or furnishing tangible personal property or rendering services, on the receipts from which a tax is imposed pursuant to section 144.020;

(15) The noun "tax" means either the tax payable by the purchaser of a commodity or service subject to tax, or the aggregate amount of taxes due from the vendor of such commodities or services during the period for which he or she is required to report his or her collections, as the context may require; and

(16) "Telecommunications service", for the purpose of
this chapter, the transmission of information by wire,
radio, optical cable, coaxial cable, electronic impulses, or

178 other similar means. As used in this definition,

179 "information" means knowledge or intelligence represented by 180 any form of writing, signs, signals, pictures, sounds, or 181 any other symbols. Telecommunications service does not 182 include the following if such services are separately stated 183 on the customer's bill or on records of the seller 184 maintained in the ordinary course of business:

(a) Access to the internet, access to interactive
computer services or electronic publishing services, except
the amount paid for the telecommunications service used to
provide such access;

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(b) Answering services and one-way paging services;

(c) Private mobile radio services which are not twoway commercial mobile radio services such as wireless
telephone, personal communications services or enhanced
specialized mobile radio services as defined pursuant to
federal law; or

(d) Cable or satellite television or music services.

196 2. For purposes of the taxes imposed under sections 197 144.010 to 144.525, and any other provisions of law 198 pertaining to sales or use taxes which incorporate the 199 provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 by reference, the 190 term manufactured homes shall have the same meaning given it 191 in section 700.010.

3. Sections 144.010 to 144.525 may be known and quotedas the "Sales Tax Law".

144.011. 1. For purposes of this chapter, and the taxes imposed thereby, the definition of "retail sale" or "sale at retail" shall not be construed to include any of the following:

5 (1) The transfer by one corporation of substantially6 all of its tangible personal property to another corporation

7 pursuant to a merger or consolidation effected under the 8 laws of the state of Missouri or any other jurisdiction;

9 (2) The transfer of tangible personal property
10 incident to the liquidation or cessation of a taxpayer's
11 trade or business, conducted in proprietorship, partnership
12 or corporate form, except to the extent any transfer is made
13 in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business;

14 (3) The transfer of tangible personal property to a15 corporation solely in exchange for its stock or securities;

16 (4) The transfer of tangible personal property to a
17 corporation by a shareholder as a contribution to the
18 capital of the transferee corporation;

19 (5) The transfer of tangible personal property to a
20 partnership solely in exchange for a partnership interest
21 therein;

22 (6) The transfer of tangible personal property by a 23 partner as a contribution to the capital of the transferee 24 partnership;

25 (7) The transfer of tangible personal property by a 26 corporation to one or more of its shareholders as a 27 dividend, return of capital, distribution in the partial or 28 complete liquidation of the corporation or distribution in 29 redemption of the shareholder's interest therein;

30 (8) The transfer of tangible personal property by a
31 partnership to one or more of its partners as a current
32 distribution, return of capital or distribution in the
33 partial or complete liquidation of the partnership or of the
34 partner's interest therein;

35 (9) The transfer of reusable containers used in 36 connection with the sale of tangible personal property 37 contained therein for which a deposit is required and 38 refunded on return;

39 The purchase by persons operating eating or food (10)service establishments, of items of a nonreusable nature 40 41 which are furnished to the customers of such establishments with or in conjunction with the retail sales of their food 42 or beverage. Such items shall include, but not be limited 43 to, wrapping or packaging materials and nonreusable paper, 44 wood, plastic and aluminum articles such as containers, 45 46 trays, napkins, dishes, silverware, cups, bags, boxes, straws, sticks and toothpicks; 47

48 (11)The purchase by persons operating hotels, motels or other transient accommodation establishments, of items of 49 a nonreusable nature which are furnished to the quests in 50 51 the quests' rooms of such establishments and such items are included in the charge made for such accommodations. Such 52 items shall include, but not be limited to, soap, shampoo, 53 tissue and other toiletries and food or confectionery items 54 offered to the quests without charge; 55

The purchase by persons operating hotels, motels, 56 (12)or other transient accommodation establishments of 57 electricity, electrical current, water, and gas, whether 58 59 natural or artificial, which are used to heat, cool, or provide water or power to the quests' accommodations of such 60 61 establishments, including sleeping rooms, meeting and 62 banquet rooms, and any other customer space rented by 63 quests, and which are included in the charge made for such accommodations. Any person required to remit sales tax on 64 such purchases prior to August 28, 2022, shall be entitled 65 to a refund on such taxes remitted; 66

67 (13) The transfer of a manufactured home other than:
68 (a) A transfer which involves the delivery of the
69 document known as the "Manufacturer's Statement of Origin"
70 to a person other than a manufactured home dealer, as

71 defined in section 700.010, for purposes of allowing such 72 person to obtain a title to the manufactured home from the 73 department of revenue of this state or the appropriate 74 agency or officer of any other state;

(b) A transfer which involves the delivery of a "Repossessed Title" to a resident of this state if the tax imposed by this chapter was not paid on the transfer of the manufactured home described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision;

80 (c) The first transfer which occurs after December 31,
81 1985, if the tax imposed by this chapter was not paid on any
82 transfer of the same manufactured home which occurred before
83 December 31, 1985; or

[(13)] (14) Charges for initiation fees or dues to:
(a) Fraternal beneficiaries societies, or domestic
fraternal societies, orders or associations operating under
the lodge system a substantial part of the activities of
which are devoted to religious, charitable, scientific,
literary, educational or fraternal purposes;

Posts or organizations of past or present members 90 (b) of the Armed Forces of the United States or an auxiliary 91 unit or society of, or a trust or foundation for, any such 92 post or organization substantially all of the members of 93 94 which are past or present members of the Armed Forces of the 95 United States or who are cadets, spouses, widows, or 96 widowers of past or present members of the Armed Forces of 97 the United States, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or 98 99 individual; or

(c) Nonprofit organizations exempt from taxation under
 Section 501(c)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
 amended.

103 2. The assumption of liabilities of the transferor by the transferee incident to any of the transactions 104 105 enumerated in the above subdivisions (1) to (8) of 106 subsection 1 of this section shall not disqualify the 107 transfer from the exclusion described in this section, where 108 such liability assumption is related to the property 109 transferred and where the assumption does not have as its 110 principal purpose the avoidance of Missouri sales or use tax.

1. There is hereby specifically exempted 144.030. 2 from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable 3 pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as 4 5 may be made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, or between this state and any 6 7 foreign country, and any retail sale which the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the 8 9 Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the 10 general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from 11 taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state. 12

2. There are also specifically exempted from the
provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section
32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and
144.600 to 144.761 and from the computation of the tax
levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax
law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and
sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745:

20 (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise
21 tax of this state, unless all or part of such excise tax is
22 refunded pursuant to section 142.824; or upon the sale at
23 retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating
24 gas, power, steam, electrical current or in furnishing water

to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or 25 poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are 26 27 to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, 28 29 liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested will be 30 sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be 31 sold ultimately in processed form at retail; economic 32 poisons registered pursuant to the provisions of the Missouri pesticide registration law, sections 281.220 to 33 34 281.310, which are to be used in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or orchards applied 35 before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when 36 harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into 37 foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form 38 at retail; 39

40 (2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts 41 which when used in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating become a component part or 42 43 ingredient of the new personal property resulting from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or 44 fabricating and which new personal property is intended to 45 be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and 46 materials, including without limitation, gases and 47 manufactured goods, including without limitation slagging 48 materials and firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in 49 50 the manufacturing process by blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, 51 component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to 52 be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; 53

54 (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment
55 purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and
56 maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles, watercraft,

57 railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common 58 carriers of persons or property;

Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and 59 (4) the materials and supplies solely required for the 60 installation or construction of such replacement machinery, 61 equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, 62 mining, fabricating or producing a product which is intended 63 64 to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and supplies 65 66 required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and 67 used to establish new, or to replace or expand existing, 68 69 material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery 70 71 processing plant" means a facility that has as its primary 72 purpose the recovery of materials into a usable product or a 73 different form which is used in producing a new product and shall include a facility or equipment which are used 74 exclusively for the collection of recovered materials for 75 delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall 76 77 not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the terms motor vehicle and highway shall 78 79 have the same meaning pursuant to section 301.010. For the 80 purposes of this subdivision, subdivision (5) of this subsection, and section 144.054, as well as the definition 81 in subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.010, the 82 term "product" includes telecommunications services and the 83 term "manufacturing" shall include the production, or 84 production and transmission, of telecommunications 85 services. The preceding sentence does not make a 86 substantive change in the law and is intended to clarify 87 that the term "manufacturing" has included and continues to 88

89 include the production and transmission of 90 "telecommunications services", as enacted in this subdivision and subdivision (5) of this subsection, as well 91 as the definition in subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of 92 93 section 144.010. The preceding two sentences reaffirm 94 legislative intent consistent with the interpretation of this subdivision and subdivision (5) of this subsection in 95 Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 96 97 763 (Mo. banc 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. 98 Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), and accordingly abrogates the Missouri supreme court's 99 100 interpretation of those exemptions in IBM Corporation v. Director of Revenue, 491 S.W.3d 535 (Mo. banc 2016) to the 101 extent inconsistent with this section and Southwestern Bell 102 Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 103 104 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 105 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005). The construction and application of this subdivision as expressed by the Missouri 106 107 supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. 108 Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and 109 Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 110 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby affirmed. Material 111 112 recovery is not the reuse of materials within a 113 manufacturing process or the use of a product previously 114 recovered. The material recovery processing plant shall qualify under the provisions of this section regardless of 115 ownership of the material being recovered; 116

(5) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing

121 manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if 122 such machinery and equipment is used directly in 123 manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product which is 124 intended to be sold ultimately for final use or 125 consumption. The construction and application of this 126 subdivision as expressed by the Missouri supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. 127 128 banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of 129 Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and Southwestern 130 Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby affirmed; 131

(6) Tangible personal property which is used
exclusively in the manufacturing, processing, modification
or assembling of products sold to the United States
government or to any agency of the United States government;

136 (7) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding137 purposes, or captive wildlife;

138 (8) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper
139 and film, toner, printing plates and other machinery,
140 equipment, replacement parts and supplies used in producing
141 newspapers published for dissemination of news to the
142 general public;

(9) The rentals of films, records or any type of soundor picture transcriptions for public commercial display;

(10) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propelproducts delivered by pipelines engaged as common carriers;

(11) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in section 390.020, in the transportation of persons or property;

153 (12)Electrical energy used in the actual primary 154 manufacture, processing, compounding, mining or producing of 155 a product, or electrical energy used in the actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material 156 157 recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of 158 this subsection, in facilities owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used 159 160 exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either 161 primary or secondary, exclusive of the cost of electrical 162 energy so used or if the raw materials used in such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered 163 materials as defined in section 260.200. There shall be a 164 165 rebuttable presumption that the raw materials used in the 166 primary manufacture of automobiles contain at least twentyfive percent recovered materials. For purposes of this 167 168 subdivision, "processing" means any mode of treatment, act 169 or series of acts performed upon materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including 170 171 treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at the production facility; 172

173 (13) Anodes which are used or consumed in 174 manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or 175 fabricating and which have a useful life of less than one 176 year;

(14) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices
purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of
preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and
materials and supplies solely required for the installation,
construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment,
appliances and devices;

183 (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices184 purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of

185 preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and 186 materials and supplies solely required for the installation, 187 construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, 188 appliances and devices;

189 (16) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural190 water district;

(17) All amounts paid or charged for admission or 191 192 participation or other fees paid by or other charges to 193 individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment 194 or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, 195 fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the 196 197 proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or other 198 political subdivision and do not inure to any private 199 person, firm, or corporation, provided, however, that a 200 municipality or other political subdivision may enter into 201 revenue-sharing agreements with private persons, firms, or corporations providing goods or services, including 202 management services, in or for the place of amusement, 203 entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, and 204 205 provided further that nothing in this subdivision shall exempt from tax any amounts retained by any private person, 206 207 firm, or corporation under such revenue-sharing agreement;

208 (18) All sales of insulin, and all sales, rentals, 209 repairs, and parts of durable medical equipment, prosthetic devices, and orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 210 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title 211 XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, including the 212 items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also 213 214 specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies 215 and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a 216

217 practitioner licensed to administer those items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may 218 219 be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such 220 samples and all sales or rental of medical oxygen, home 221 respiratory equipment and accessories including parts, and 222 hospital beds and accessories and ambulatory aids including parts, and all sales or rental of manual and powered 223 wheelchairs including parts, and stairway lifts, Braille 224 225 writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased or 226 rented by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical 227 or mental disabilities to enable them to function more 228 independently, all sales or rental of scooters including parts, and reading machines, electronic print enlargers and 229 230 magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative 231 communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor 232 vehicles to permit the use of such motor vehicles by 233 individuals with disabilities or sales of over-the-counter or nonprescription drugs to individuals with disabilities, 234 235 and drugs required by the Food and Drug Administration to meet the over-the-counter drug product labeling requirements 236 237 in 21 CFR 201.66, or its successor, as prescribed by a health care practitioner licensed to prescribe; 238

(19) All sales made by or to religious and charitable
organizations and institutions in their religious,
charitable or educational functions and activities and all
sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools
operated at public expense in their educational functions
and activities;

(20) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for
storage or for use in interstate commerce and all sales made
by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal
organizations, including fraternal organizations which have

249 been declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section 250 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, in their civic or charitable functions and 251 252 activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal 253 institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made 254 to any private not-for-profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision 255 256 (19) of this subsection or any institution of higher 257 education supported by public funds, and all sales made to a 258 state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and 259 activities:

260 (21) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational associations which are formed to foster, 261 262 encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the 263 science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of 264 animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if 265 such organizations are exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and all 266 267 admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and 268 269 mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to 270 sections 262.290 to 262.530;

271 (22) All sales made to any private not-for-profit 272 elementary or secondary school, all sales of feed additives, 273 medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides 274 used in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for 275 food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production 276 of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of 277 278 propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used 279 exclusively for drying agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of fuel ethanol as 280

defined in section 142.028, natural gas, propane, and 281 282 electricity used by an eligible new generation cooperative 283 or an eligible new generation processing entity as defined in section 348.432, and all sales of farm machinery and 284 285 equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and 286 trailers, and any freight charges on any exempt item. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed additives" means 287 288 tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for 289 livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of 290 livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term 291 "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted pesticide 292 carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a 293 294 pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of 295 pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops, 296 livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term 297 "farm machinery and equipment" means new or used farm tractors and such other new or used farm machinery and 298 299 equipment and repair or replacement parts thereon and any accessories for and upgrades to such farm machinery and 300 301 equipment, rotary mowers used exclusively for agricultural purposes, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, 302 303 solely, and directly for producing crops, raising and 304 feeding livestock, fish, poultry, pheasants, chukar, quail, 305 or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, including 306 field drain tile, and one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel therefor which is: 307

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(a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;

309 (b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of 310 producing farm products; and

311 (c) Used directly in producing farm products to be312 sold ultimately in processed form or otherwise at retail or

in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

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315 (23) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, 316 all sales of metered water service, electricity, electrical 317 current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or 318 home heating oil for domestic use and in any city not within 319 a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service 320 for domestic use:

"Domestic use" means that portion of metered water 321 (a) 322 service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil, 323 and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered 324 325 water service, which an individual occupant of a residential 326 premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or 327 nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or 328 master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, 329 including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller 330 331 shall establish and maintain a system whereby individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt; 332

333 (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt or nonexempt based upon the 334 seller's utility service rate classifications as contained 335 336 in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri public 337 service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate classification "residential" and sales to and 338 purchases made by or on behalf of the occupants of 339 residential apartments or condominiums through a single or 340 master meter, including service for common areas and 341 342 facilities and vacant units, shall be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from 343 sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire 344

345 amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The 346 seller's utility service rate classification and the 347 provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to 348 whether or not the utility must charge sales tax;

349 (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of 350 services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use 351 352 shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following 353 the year of purchase, and without assessment, notice or 354 demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making nondomestic 355 purchases of services or property and who uses any portion 356 357 of the services or property so purchased for domestic use, 358 and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of 359 occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas 360 361 and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate classification may, between the first 362 day of the first month and the fifteenth day of the fourth 363 month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or 364 refund to the director of revenue and the director shall 365 give credit or make refund for taxes paid on the domestic 366 use portion of the purchase. The person making such 367 368 purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments 369 or condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such credit or refund; 370

371 (24) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller 372 or the seller's spouse if the seller or the seller's spouse 373 is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total gross 374 proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the 375 annual gross income of the seller;

376 (25) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail,
377 imposed by Sections 4041, 4071, 4081, 4091, 4161, 4181,
378 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United States Code. The
379 director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to
380 chapter 536 to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on
381 such excise taxes;

(26) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation
of ships, barges, or waterborne vessels which are used
primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo,
or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers
bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel
is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship,
or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such river;

389 (27) All sales made to an interstate compact agency 390 created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 391 238.010 to 238.100 in the exercise of the functions and 392 activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the 393 compact;

(28) Computers, computer software and computer security systems purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;

401 (29) All livestock sales when either the seller is
402 engaged in the growing, producing or feeding of such
403 livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of
404 buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;

405 (30) All sales of barges which are to be used
406 primarily in the transportation of property or cargo on
407 interstate waterways;

408 (31) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, 409 artificial or propane, water, or other utilities which are 410 ultimately consumed in connection with the manufacturing of 411 cellular glass products or in any material recovery 412 processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this 413 subsection;

414 (32) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the
415 contrary, all sales of pesticides or herbicides used in the
416 production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or poultry;

417 (33) Tangible personal property and utilities
418 purchased for use or consumption directly or exclusively in
419 the research and development of agricultural/biotechnology
420 and plant genomics products and prescription pharmaceuticals
421 consumed by humans or animals;

422 (34) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for423 resale;

424 (35) All sales of feed which are developed for and
425 used in the feeding of pets owned by a commercial breeder
426 when such sales are made to a commercial breeder, as defined
427 in section 273.325, and licensed pursuant to sections
428 273.325 to 273.357;

429 (36) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another state, provided that the entity is 430 431 authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases 432 to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "certificate of 433 exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the 434 entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases 435 pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is 436 437 located. Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's exemption 438 certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption 439

440 certificate issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is 441 later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid 442 for any reason and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the 443 444 exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, 445 interest and penalty due as the result of use of the invalid 446 exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all 447 state and local sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating tangible personal 448 449 property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the 450 purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following: 451

(a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the
entity is one of those entities able to issue project
exemption certificates in accordance with the provisions of
section 144.062; or

(b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the
exempt entity is authorized to issue an exemption
certificate to contractors in accordance with the provisions
of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this
section;

461 (37) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal 462 property to a lessor who leases the property under a lease 463 of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of 464 the sale or other transfer to an interstate compact agency 465 created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 466 238.010 to 238.100;

467 (38) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic
468 championship event that is held in a facility owned or
469 operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi470 governmental agency, a state university or college or by the
471 state or any political subdivision thereof, including a

472 municipality, and that is played on a neutral site and may 473 reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of 474 Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" 475 means any site that is not located on the campus of a 476 conference member institution participating in the event;

477 (39) All purchases by a sports complex authority
478 created under section 64.920, and all sales of utilities by
479 such authority at the authority's cost that are consumed in
480 connection with the operation of a sports complex leased to
481 a professional sports team;

482 (40) All materials, replacement parts, and equipment
483 purchased for use directly upon, and for the modification,
484 replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, aircraft
485 power plants, and aircraft accessories;

486 (41) Sales of sporting clays, wobble, skeet, and trap
487 targets to any shooting range or similar places of business
488 for use in the normal course of business and money received
489 by a shooting range or similar places of business from
490 patrons and held by a shooting range or similar place of
491 business for redistribution to patrons at the conclusion of
492 a shooting event;

493 (42) All sales of motor fuel, as defined in section
494 142.800, used in any watercraft, as defined in section
495 306.010;

496 (43) Any new or used aircraft sold or delivered in 497 this state to a person who is not a resident of this state 498 or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state, and 499 such aircraft is not to be based in this state and shall not 500 remain in this state more than ten business days subsequent 501 to the last to occur of:

502 (a) The transfer of title to the aircraft to a person
503 who is not a resident of this state or a corporation that is
504 not incorporated in this state; or

(b) The date of the return to service of the aircraft in accordance with 14 CFR 91.407 for any maintenance, preventive maintenance, rebuilding, alterations, repairs, or installations that are completed contemporaneously with the transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a resident of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state;

512 Motor vehicles registered in excess of fifty-four (44)thousand pounds, and the trailers pulled by such motor 513 vehicles, that are actually used in the normal course of 514 515 business to haul property on the public highways of the 516 state, and that are capable of hauling loads commensurate 517 with the motor vehicle's registered weight; and the 518 materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or 519 manufacture of such vehicles. For purposes of this 520 subdivision, "motor vehicle" and "public highway" shall have 521 the meaning as ascribed in section 390.020; 522

523 (45) All internet access or the use of internet access 524 regardless of whether the tax is imposed on a provider of 525 internet access or a buyer of internet access. For purposes 526 of this subdivision, the following terms shall mean:

(a) "Direct costs", costs incurred by a governmental
authority solely because of an internet service provider's
use of the public right-of-way. The term shall not include
costs that the governmental authority would have incurred if
the internet service provider did not make such use of the
public right-of-way. Direct costs shall be determined in a

533 manner consistent with generally accepted accounting 534 principles;

(b) "Internet", computer and telecommunications facilities, including equipment and operating software, that comprises the interconnected worldwide network that employ the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocols to that protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio;

541 (c) "Internet access", a service that enables users to 542 connect to the internet to access content, information, or other services without regard to whether the service is 543 referred to as telecommunications, communications, 544 transmission, or similar services, and without regard to 545 546 whether a provider of the service is subject to regulation 547 by the Federal Communications Commission as a common carrier 548 under 47 U.S.C. Section 201, et seq. For purposes of this 549 subdivision, internet access also includes: the purchase, use, or sale of communications services, including 550 telecommunications services as defined in section 144.010, 551 to the extent the communications services are purchased, 552 used, or sold to provide the service described in this 553 554 subdivision or to otherwise enable users to access content, information, or other services offered over the internet; 555 556 services that are incidental to the provision of a service described in this subdivision, when furnished to users as 557 part of such service, including a home page, electronic 558 mail, and instant messaging, including voice-capable and 559 video-capable electronic mail and instant messaging, video 560 clips, and personal electronic storage capacity; a home page 561 562 electronic mail and instant messaging, including voicecapable and video-capable electronic mail and instant 563 messaging, video clips, and personal electronic storage 564

565 capacity that are provided independently or that are not 566 packed with internet access. As used in this subdivision, internet access does not include voice, audio, and video 567 programming or other products and services, except services 568 569 described in this paragraph or this subdivision, that use 570 internet protocol or any successor protocol and for which there is a charge, regardless of whether the charge is 571 572 separately stated or aggregated with the charge for services 573 described in this paragraph or this subdivision;

574 (d) "Tax", any charge imposed by the state or a political subdivision of the state for the purpose of 575 generating revenues for governmental purposes and that is 576 577 not a fee imposed for a specific privilege, service, or 578 benefit conferred, except as described as otherwise under 579 this subdivision, or any obligation imposed on a seller to collect and to remit to the state or a political subdivision 580 581 of the state any gross retail tax, sales tax, or use tax imposed on a buyer by such a governmental entity. The term 582 tax shall not include any franchise fee or similar fee 583 imposed or authorized under section 67.1830 or 67.2689; 584 585 Section 622 or 653 of the Communications Act of 1934, 47 586 U.S.C. Section 542 and 47 U.S.C. Section 573; or any other fee related to obligations of telecommunications carriers 587 588 under the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 151, 589 et seq., except to the extent that:

a. The fee is not imposed for the purpose of
recovering direct costs incurred by the franchising or other
governmental authority from providing the specific
privilege, service, or benefit conferred to the payer of the
fee; or

595 b. The fee is imposed for the use of a public right-of-596 way based on a percentage of the service revenue, and the

597 fee exceeds the incremental direct costs incurred by the 598 governmental authority associated with the provision of that 599 right-of-way to the provider of internet access service.

600 Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as an 601 exemption from taxes due on goods or services that were 602 subject to tax on January 1, 2016;

(46) All purchases by a company of solar photovoltaic
energy systems, components used to construct a solar
photovoltaic energy system, and all purchases of materials
and supplies used directly to construct or make improvements
to such systems, provided that such systems:

608

(a) Are sold or leased to an end user; or

609 (b) Are used to produce, collect and transmit
610 electricity for resale or retail.

611 3. Any ruling, agreement, or contract, whether written 612 or oral, express or implied, between a person and this 613 state's executive branch, or any other state agency or department, stating, agreeing, or ruling that such person is 614 615 not required to collect sales and use tax in this state despite the presence of a warehouse, distribution center, or 616 617 fulfillment center in this state that is owned or operated by the person or an affiliated person shall be null and void 618 unless it is specifically approved by a majority vote of 619 620 each of the houses of the general assembly. For purposes of this subsection, an "affiliated person" means any person 621 622 that is a member of the same controlled group of 623 corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal 624 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as the vendor or any other entity that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears 625 the same ownership relationship to the vendor as a 626 corporation that is a member of the same controlled group of 627

628 corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal629 Revenue Code, as amended.

386.266. 1. Subject to the requirements of this section, any electrical corporation may make an application 2 3 to the commission to approve rate schedules authorizing an 4 interim energy charge, or periodic rate adjustments outside 5 of general rate proceedings to reflect increases and decreases in its prudently incurred fuel and purchased-power 6 7 costs, including transportation. The commission may, in 8 accordance with existing law, include in such rate schedules features designed to provide the electrical corporation with 9 incentives to improve the efficiency and cost-effectiveness 10 11 of its fuel and purchased-power procurement activities.

2. Subject to the requirements of this section, any 12 electrical, gas, or water corporation may make an 13 application to the commission to approve rate schedules 14 15 authorizing periodic rate adjustments outside of general rate proceedings to reflect increases and decreases in its 16 17 prudently incurred costs, whether capital or expense, to comply with any federal, state, or local environmental law, 18 regulation, or rule. Any rate adjustment made under such 19 rate schedules shall not exceed an annual amount equal to 20 two and one-half percent of the electrical, gas, or water 21 22 corporation's Missouri gross jurisdictional revenues, excluding gross receipts tax, sales tax and other similar 23 24 pass-through taxes not included in tariffed rates, for regulated services as established in the utility's most 25 recent general rate case or complaint proceeding. 26 In addition to the rate adjustment, the electrical, gas, or 27 water corporation shall be permitted to collect any 28 applicable gross receipts tax, sales tax, or other similar 29 pass-through taxes, and such taxes shall not be counted 30

31 against the two and one-half percent rate adjustment cap.
32 Any costs not recovered as a result of the annual two and
33 one-half percent limitation on rate adjustments may be
34 deferred, at a carrying cost each month equal to the
35 utilities net of tax cost of capital, for recovery in a
36 subsequent year or in the corporation's next general rate
37 case or complaint proceeding.

38 3. Subject to the requirements of this section, any gas or electrical corporation may make an application to the 39 40 commission to approve rate schedules authorizing periodic rate adjustments outside of general rate proceedings to 41 adjust rates of customers in eligible customer classes to 42 account for the impact on utility revenues of increases or 43 decreases in residential and commercial customer usage due 44 to variations in either weather, conservation, or both. 45 [NO electrical corporation shall make an application to the 46 47 commission under this subsection if such corporation has provided notice to the commission under subsection 5 of 48 section 393.1400.] For purposes of this section: 49 for electrical corporations, "eligible customer classes" means 50 the residential class and classes that are not demand 51 metered; and for gas corporations, "eligible customer 52 classes" means the residential class and the smallest 53 54 general service class. As used in this subsection, "revenues" means the revenues recovered through base rates, 55 56 and does not include revenues collected through a rate 57 adjustment mechanism authorized by this section or any other provisions of law. This subsection shall apply to 58 electrical corporations beginning January 1, 2019, and shall 59 60 expire for electrical corporations on January 1, 2029. An 61 electrical corporation may make a one-time application to 62 the commission under this subsection if such corporation has

provided notice to the commission under subsection 5 of
section 393.1400, provided the corporation shall not
concurrently utilize electric rate adjustments under this
subsection and the deferrals set forth in subsection 5 of
section 393.1400.

4. Subject to the requirements of this section, a 68 water corporation with more than eight thousand Missouri 69 retail customers may make an application to the commission 70 71 to approve rate schedules authorizing periodic rate 72 adjustments outside of general rate proceedings to ensure revenues billed by such water corporation for regulated 73 services equal the revenue requirement for regulated 74 services as established in the water corporation's most 75 recent general rate proceeding or complaint proceeding, 76 77 excluding any other commission-approved surcharges and gross 78 receipts tax, sales tax, and other similar pass-through taxes not included in tariffed rates, due to any revenue 79 variation resulting from increases or decreases in 80 residential, commercial, public authority, and sale for 81 82 resale usage.

5. The commission shall have the power to approve, 83 modify, or reject adjustment mechanisms submitted under 84 subsections 1 to 4 of this section only after providing the 85 opportunity for a full hearing in a general rate proceeding, 86 87 including a general rate proceeding initiated by complaint. 88 The commission may approve such rate schedules after considering all relevant factors which may affect the costs 89 or overall rates and charges of the corporation, provided 90 that it finds that the adjustment mechanism set forth in the 91 92 schedules:

93 (1) Is reasonably designed to provide the utility with94 a sufficient opportunity to earn a fair return on equity;

95 (2) Includes provisions for an annual true-up which 96 shall accurately and appropriately remedy any over- or under-97 collections, including interest at the utility's short-term 98 borrowing rate, through subsequent rate adjustments or 99 refunds;

100 In the case of an adjustment mechanism submitted (3) under subsections 1 and 2 of this section, includes 101 102 provisions requiring that the utility file a general rate 103 case with the effective date of new rates to be no later 104 than four years after the effective date of the commission 105 order implementing the adjustment mechanism. However, with respect to each mechanism, the four-year period shall not 106 include any periods in which the utility is prohibited from 107 108 collecting any charges under the adjustment mechanism, or 109 any period for which charges collected under the adjustment 110 mechanism must be fully refunded. In the event a court 111 determines that the adjustment mechanism is unlawful and all moneys collected thereunder are fully refunded, the utility 112 shall be relieved of any obligation under that adjustment 113 mechanism to file a rate case; 114

(4) In the case of an adjustment mechanism submitted under subsection 1 or 2 of this section, includes provisions for prudence reviews of the costs subject to the adjustment mechanism no less frequently than at eighteen-month intervals, and shall require refund of any imprudently incurred costs plus interest at the utility's short-term borrowing rate.

6. Once such an adjustment mechanism is approved by
the commission under this section, it shall remain in effect
until such time as the commission authorizes the
modification, extension, or discontinuance of the mechanism
in a general rate case or complaint proceeding.

127 7. Any amounts charged under any adjustment mechanism
128 approved by the commission under this section shall be
129 separately disclosed on each customer bill.

8. The commission may take into account any change in
business risk to the corporation resulting from
implementation of the adjustment mechanism in setting the
corporation's allowed return in any rate proceeding, in
addition to any other changes in business risk experienced
by the corporation.

9. In the event the commission lawfully approves an
incentive- or performance-based plan, such plan shall be
binding on the commission for the entire term of the plan.
This subsection shall not be construed to authorize or
prohibit any incentive- or performance-based plan.

141 Prior to August 28, 2005, for subsections 1 to 3 10. 142 of this section, and upon August 28, 2018, for subsection 4 143 of this section, the commission shall have the authority to promulgate rules under the provisions of chapter 536 as it 144 deems necessary, to govern the structure, content and 145 operation of such rate adjustments, and the procedure for 146 the submission, frequency, examination, hearing and approval 147 of such rate adjustments. Any electrical, gas, or water 148 corporation may apply for any adjustment mechanism under 149 150 this section whether or not the commission has promulgated 151 any such rules.

152 11. Nothing contained in this section shall be
153 construed as affecting any existing adjustment mechanism,
154 rate schedule, tariff, incentive plan, or other ratemaking
155 mechanism currently approved and in effect.

156 12. Each of the provisions of this section is157 severable. In the event any provision or subsection of this

158 section is deemed unlawful, all remaining provisions shall 159 remain in effect.

160 13. The provisions of subsections 1 to 3 of this 161 section shall take effect on January 1, 2006, and the 162 commission shall have previously promulgated rules to 163 implement the application process for any rate adjustment 164 mechanism under subsections 1 to 3 of this section prior to 165 the commission issuing an order for any such rate adjustment.

166 14. The public service commission shall appoint a task 167 force, consisting of all interested parties, to study and 168 make recommendations on the cost recovery and implementation 169 of conservation and weatherization programs for electrical 170 and gas corporations.

171 15. (1) Each public utility operating under a 172 mechanism proposed and approved under subsection 3 of this 173 section shall quarterly file a surveillance monitoring, 174 consisting of five parts. Each part, except the rate-base quantifications report, shall contain information for the 175 last twelve-month period and the last quarter data for total 176 company electric operations and Missouri jurisdictional 177 178 operations. Rate-base quantifications shall contain only 179 information for the ending date of the period being reported.

180 Part one of the surveillance monitoring report (2)181 shall be the rate-base quantifications report. The 182 quantification of rate-base items in part one shall be consistent with the methods or procedures used in the most 183 recent rate proceeding unless otherwise specified. 184 The report shall consist of specific rate-base quantifications 185 of: 186

187

(a) Plant in service;

188 (b) Reserve for depreciation;

189 (c) Materials and supplies;

190 (d) Cash working capital; 191 Fuel inventory, if applicable; (e) 192 (f) Prepayments; Other regulatory assets; 193 (q) 194 Customer advances; (h) 195 (i) Customer deposits; Accumulated deferred income taxes; 196 (j) 197 (k) Any other item included in the electrical 198 corporation's rate base in its most recent rate proceeding; 199 (1) Net operating income from part three; and 200 Calculation of the overall return on rate base. (m) Part two of the surveillance monitoring report 201 (3) 202 shall be the capitalization quantifications report, which 203 shall consist of specific capitalization quantifications of: 204 Common stock equity (net); (a) 205 (b) Preferred stock, par or stated value outstanding; 206 (C) Long-term debt, including current maturities; Short-term debt; and 207 (d) 208 (e) Weighted cost of capital, including component 209 costs. 210 Part three of the surveillance monitoring report (4) shall be the income statement, which shall consist of an 211 212 income statement containing specific quantification of: 213 (a) Operating revenues to include sales to industrial, 214 commercial, and residential customers, sales for resale, and 215 other components of total operating revenues; 216 (b) Operating and maintenance expenses for fuel expense, production expenses, purchased power energy and 217 capacity, if applicable; 218 219 (C) Transmission expenses; 220 Distribution expenses; (d) 221 Customer accounts expenses; (e)

222 (f) Customer service and information expenses;

223 (g) Sales expenses;

224 (h) Administrative and general expenses;

(i) Depreciation, amortization, and decommissioning expense;

227 (j) Taxes other than income taxes;

(k) Income taxes; and

(1) Quantification of heating degree and coolingdegree days, actual and normal.

(5) Part four of the surveillance monitoring report
shall be the jurisdictional allocation factor report, which
shall consist of a listing of jurisdictional allocation
factors for the rate base, capitalization quantification
reports, and income statement.

(6) Part five of the surveillance monitoring report
shall be the financial data notes, which shall consist of
notes to financial data including, but not limited to:

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(a) Out of period adjustments;

(b) Specific quantification of material variancesbetween actual and budget financial performance;

(c) Material variances between current twelve-monthperiod and prior twelve-month period revenue;

244 (d) Expense level of items ordered by the commission
245 to be tracked under the order establishing the rate
246 adjustment mechanism;

247 (e) Budgeted capital projects; and

248 (f) Events that materially affect debt or equity249 surveillance components.

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(7) This subsection shall expire on January 1, 2029.
 386.885. 1. There is hereby established the "Task
 Force on Distributed Energy Resources and Net Metering",

3 which shall be composed of the following members:

4 (1) Two members of the senate, with one appointed by 5 the president pro tempore of the senate and one appointed by 6 the minority floor leader of the senate;

7 (2) Two members of the house of representatives, with 8 one appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives 9 and one appointed by the minority floor leader of the house 10 of representatives;

(3) The director of the division of energy, or his or
her designee, to serve as a member and to provide technical
assistance to the task force;

(4) The chair of the public service commission, or his
or her designee, to serve as a member and to provide
technical assistance;

17 (5) The director of the office of public counsel, or
18 his or her designee, to serve as a member and to provide
19 technical assistance;

20 (6) A representative from each of the three segments 21 of the retail electric energy industry appointed by the 22 president pro tempore of the senate from the respective 23 nominees submitted by the statewide associations of the 24 investor-owned electric utilities, rural electric 25 cooperatives, and municipally-owned electric utilities;

26 (7) One representative of the retail distributed
27 energy resources industry appointed by the chair of the
28 public service commission;

(8) One representative from an organization that
advocates for policy supporting renewable energy development
appointed by the chair of the public service commission; and

(9) One representative from an organization that
 advocates for the interests of low-income utility customers
 appointed by the chair of the public service commission.

2. The task force shall conduct public hearings and research, and shall compile a report for delivery to the general assembly by no later than December 31, 2023. Such report shall include information on the following:

39 (1) A distributed energy resources study, which shall
40 include a value of solar study along with the practical and
41 economic benefits, challenges, and drawbacks of increased
42 distributed energy generation in the state;

43 (2) Potential legislation regarding community solar as
44 operated by non-utility entities and the fair and equitable
45 setting of rates between distributed generation and non46 distributed generation consumers; and

47 (3) Potential legislation, including but not limited
48 to changes to the Net Metering and Easy Connection Act, if
49 any, that would promote the overall public interest.

50 3. The task force shall meet within thirty days after 51 its creation and shall organize by selecting a chairperson and vice chairperson, one of whom shall be a member of the 52 senate and the other a member of the house of 53 representatives. Thereafter, the task force may meet as 54 often as necessary in order to accomplish the tasks assigned 55 to it. A majority of the task force shall constitute a 56 57 quorum, and a majority vote of such quorum shall be required 58 for any action.

59 4. The staff of house research and senate research 60 shall provide necessary clerical, research, fiscal, and 61 legal services to the task force, as the task force may 62 request.

5. The division of energy shall oversee the
distributed energy resources study to be selected and
conducted by an independent and objective expert with input
from the members of the task force. The cost of such study

67 shall be paid for through funds available from federal and 68 state grants applied for by the division of energy. The 69 division of energy shall establish procedures for the 70 submission and non-public disclosure of confidential and 71 proprietary information.

6. The members of the task force shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for any actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the task force's official duties.

76 7. This section shall expire on December 31, 2023, or 77 at the conclusion of the task force's work, whichever is 78 sooner.

386.890. 1. This section shall be known and may becited as the "Net Metering and Easy Connection Act".

3 2. As used in this section, the following terms shall4 mean:

5 (1) "Avoided fuel cost", the current average cost of 6 fuel for the entity generating electricity, as defined by 7 the governing body with jurisdiction over any municipal 8 electric utility, rural electric cooperative as provided in 9 chapter 394, or electrical corporation as provided in this 10 chapter;

11 (2) "Commission", the public service commission of the 12 state of Missouri;

13 (3) "Customer-generator", the owner or operator of a14 qualified electric energy generation unit which:

15

(a) Is powered by a renewable energy resource;

(b) Has an electrical generating system with acapacity of not more than one hundred kilowatts;

18 (c) Is located on a premises owned, operated, leased,19 or otherwise controlled by the customer-generator;

20 (d) Is interconnected and operates in parallel phase
21 and synchronization with a retail electric supplier and has
22 been approved by said retail electric supplier;

(e) Is intended primarily to offset part or all of thecustomer-generator's own electrical energy requirements;

(f) Meets all applicable safety, performance,
interconnection, and reliability standards established by
the National Electrical Code, the National Electrical Safety
Code, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers,
Underwriters Laboratories, the Federal Energy Regulatory
Commission, and any local governing authorities; and

31 (g) Contains a mechanism that automatically disables 32 the unit and interrupts the flow of electricity back onto 33 the supplier's electricity lines in the event that service 34 to the customer-generator is interrupted;

35 (4) "Department", the department of [economic
36 development] natural resources;

(5) "Net metering", using metering equipment sufficient to measure the difference between the electrical energy supplied to a customer-generator by a retail electric supplier and the electrical energy supplied by the customergenerator to the retail electric supplier over the applicable billing period;

(6) "Renewable energy resources", electrical energy
produced from wind, solar thermal sources, hydroelectric
sources, photovoltaic cells and panels, fuel cells using
hydrogen produced by one of the above-named electrical
energy sources, and other sources of energy that become
available after August 28, 2007, and are certified as
renewable by the department;

50 (7) "Retail electric supplier" or "supplier", any
51 [municipal] municipally owned electric utility operating

52 under chapter 91, electrical corporation regulated by the 53 commission under this chapter, or rural electric cooperative 54 operating under chapter 394 that provides retail electric 55 service in this state. An electrical corporation that 56 operates under a cooperative business plan as described in 57 subsection 2 of section 393.110 shall be deemed to be a 58 rural electric cooperative for purposes of this section.

59

3. A retail electric supplier shall:

60 (1) Make net metering available to customer-generators 61 on a first-come, first-served basis until the total rated generating capacity of net metering systems equals five 62 percent of the [utility's] retail electric supplier's single-63 hour peak load during the previous year, after which the 64 commission for [a public utility] an electrical corporation 65 or the **respective** governing body [for] of other [electric 66 67 utilities] retail electric suppliers may increase the total rated generating capacity of net metering systems to an 68 amount above five percent. However, in a given calendar 69 70 year, no retail electric supplier shall be required to approve any application for interconnection if the total 71 rated generating capacity of all applications for 72 interconnection already approved to date by said supplier in 73 said calendar year equals or exceeds one percent of said 74 75 supplier's single-hour peak load for the previous calendar 76 year;

(2) Offer to the customer-generator a tariff or
contract that is identical in electrical energy rates, rate
structure, and monthly charges to the contract or tariff
that the customer would be assigned if the customer were not
an eligible customer-generator but shall not charge the
customer-generator any additional standby, capacity,
interconnection, or other fee or charge that would not

84 otherwise be charged if the customer were not an eligible 85 customer-generator; and

86 (3) Disclose annually the availability of the net
87 metering program to each of its customers with the method
88 and manner of disclosure being at the discretion of the
89 supplier.

4. A customer-generator's facility shall be equipped 90 91 with sufficient metering equipment that can measure the net 92 amount of electrical energy produced or consumed by the 93 customer-generator. If the customer-generator's existing 94 meter equipment does not meet these requirements or if it is 95 necessary for the **retail** electric supplier to install 96 additional distribution equipment to accommodate the customer-generator's facility, the customer-generator shall 97 98 reimburse the retail electric supplier for the costs to 99 purchase and install the necessary additional equipment. At 100 the request of the customer-generator, such costs may be initially paid for by the retail electric supplier, and any 101 102 amount up to the total costs and a reasonable interest charge may be recovered from the customer-generator over the 103 course of up to twelve billing cycles. Any subsequent meter 104 testing, maintenance or meter equipment change necessitated 105 by the customer-generator shall be paid for by the customer-106 107 generator.

108 5. Consistent with the provisions in this section, the 109 net electrical energy measurement shall be calculated in the 110 following manner:

(1) For a customer-generator, a retail electric supplier shall measure the net electrical energy produced or consumed during the billing period in accordance with normal metering practices for customers in the same rate class, either by employing a single, bidirectional meter that

116 measures the amount of electrical energy produced and 117 consumed, or by employing multiple meters that separately 118 measure the customer-generator's consumption and production 119 of electricity;

(2) If the electricity supplied by the supplier
exceeds the electricity generated by the customer-generator
during a billing period, the customer-generator shall be
billed for the net electricity supplied by the supplier in
accordance with normal practices for customers in the same
rate class;

126 If the electricity generated by the customer-(3)generator exceeds the electricity supplied by the supplier 127 128 during a billing period, the customer-generator shall be 129 billed for the appropriate customer charges for that billing 130 period in accordance with subsection 3 of this section and 131 shall be credited an amount at least equal to the avoided 132 fuel cost of the excess kilowatt-hours generated during the billing period, with this credit applied to the following 133 134 billing period;

135 (4) Any credits granted by this subsection shall 136 expire without any compensation at the earlier of either 137 twelve months after their issuance or when the customer-138 generator disconnects service or terminates the net metering 139 relationship with the supplier;

(5) For any rural electric cooperative under chapter
394, or [municipal] any municipally owned utility, upon
agreement of the wholesale generator supplying electric
energy to the retail electric supplier, at the option of the
retail electric supplier, the credit to the customergenerator may be provided by the wholesale generator.

146 6. (1) Each qualified electric energy generation unit147 used by a customer-generator shall meet all applicable

safety, performance, interconnection, and reliability 148 149 standards established by any local code authorities, the 150 National Electrical Code, the National Electrical Safety 151 Code, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, and Underwriters Laboratories for distributed generation. 152 153 No supplier shall impose any fee, charge, or other requirement not specifically authorized by this section or 154 155 the rules promulgated under subsection 9 of this section unless the fee, charge, or other requirement would apply to 156 157 similarly situated customers who are not customergenerators, except that a retail electric supplier may 158 require that a customer-generator's system contain a switch, 159 circuit breaker, fuse, or other easily accessible device or 160 161 feature located in immediate proximity to the customer-162 generator's metering equipment that would allow a utility 163 worker the ability to manually and instantly disconnect the 164 unit from the utility's electric distribution system.

For systems of ten kilowatts or less, a customer-165 (2)generator whose system meets the standards and rules under 166 subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not be required to 167 install additional controls, perform or pay for additional 168 tests or distribution equipment, or purchase additional 169 170 liability insurance beyond what is required under 171 subdivision (1) of this subsection and subsection 4 of this 172 section.

For customer-generator systems of greater than ten 173 (3) kilowatts, the commission for [public utilities] electrical 174 175 corporations and the **respective** governing body for other 176 [utilities] retail electric suppliers shall, by rule or 177 equivalent formal action by each respective governing body: Set forth safety, performance, and reliability 178 (a) standards and requirements; and 179

(b) Establish the qualifications for exemption from a
requirement to install additional controls, perform or pay
for additional tests or distribution equipment, or purchase
additional liability insurance.

(1) Applications by a customer-generator for 184 7. 185 interconnection of a qualified electric energy generation unit meeting the requirements of subdivision (3) of 186 187 subsection 2 of this section to the distribution system 188 shall be accompanied by the plan for the customer-189 generator's electrical generating system, including but not 190 limited to a wiring diagram and specifications for the 191 generating unit, and shall be reviewed and responded to by the retail electric supplier within thirty days of receipt 192 193 for systems ten kilowatts or less and within ninety days of 194 receipt for all other systems. Prior to the interconnection of the qualified generation unit to the supplier's system, 195 196 the customer-generator will furnish the retail electric supplier a certification from a qualified professional 197 electrician or engineer that the installation meets the 198 199 requirements of subdivision (1) of subsection 6 of this 200 section. If the application for interconnection is approved 201 by the retail electric supplier and the customer-generator 202 does not complete the interconnection within one year after 203 receipt of notice of the approval, the approval shall expire 204 and the customer-generator shall be responsible for filing a 205 new application.

206 (2) Upon the change in ownership of a qualified
207 electric energy generation unit, the new customer-generator
208 shall be responsible for filing a new application under
209 subdivision (1) of this subsection.

210 8. Each [commission-regulated supplier] electrical
211 corporation shall submit an annual net metering report to

the commission, and all other [nonregulated] retail electric suppliers shall submit the same report to their respective governing body and make said report available to a consumer of the supplier upon request, including the following information for the previous calendar year:

217

(1) The total number of customer-generator facilities;

218 (2) The total estimated generating capacity of its net-219 metered customer-generators; and

(3) The total estimated net kilowatt-hours receivedfrom customer-generators.

222 The commission shall, within nine months of January 9. 1, 2008, promulgate initial rules necessary for the 223 administration of this section for [public utilities] 224 electrical corporations, which shall include regulations 225 226 ensuring that simple contracts will be used for 227 interconnection and net metering. For systems of ten 228 kilowatts or less, the application process shall use an allin-one document that includes a simple interconnection 229 request, simple procedures, and a brief set of terms and 230 conditions. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is 231 232 defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective 233 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the 234 235 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and 236 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly under 237 chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to 238 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 239 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and 240 241 any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be 242 invalid and void.

243 10. The governing body of a rural electric cooperative 244 or municipal utility shall, within nine months of January 1, 245 2008, adopt policies establishing a simple contract to be used for interconnection and net metering. For systems of 246 247 ten kilowatts or less, the application process shall use an 248 all-in-one document that includes a simple interconnection request, simple procedures, and a brief set of terms and 249 250 conditions.

251 11. For any cause of action relating to any damages to 252 property or person caused by the **qualified electric energy** 253 generation unit of a customer-generator or the 254 interconnection thereof, the retail electric supplier shall 255 have no liability absent clear and convincing evidence of 256 fault on the part of the supplier.

257 12. The estimated generating capacity of all net 258 metering systems operating under the provisions of this 259 section shall count towards the respective retail electric 260 supplier's accomplishment of any renewable energy portfolio 261 target or mandate adopted by the Missouri general assembly.

The sale of qualified electric **energy** generation 262 13. units to any customer-generator shall be subject to the 263 264 provisions of sections 407.010 to 407.145 and sections 265 407.700 to 407.720. The attorney general shall have the 266 authority to promulgate in accordance with the provisions of 267 chapter 536 rules regarding mandatory disclosures of 268 information by sellers of qualified electric **energy** 269 generation units. Any interested person who believes that 270 the seller of any qualified electric energy generation unit is misrepresenting the safety or performance standards of 271 272 any such systems, or who believes that any electric energy 273 generation unit poses a danger to any property or person, 274 may report the same to the attorney general, who shall be

275 authorized to investigate such claims and take any necessary 276 and appropriate actions.

277 14. Any costs incurred under this act by a retail
278 electric supplier shall be recoverable in that utility's
279 rate structure.

280 15. No consumer shall connect or operate [an] a qualified electric energy generation unit in parallel phase 281 282 and synchronization with any retail electric supplier 283 without written approval by said supplier that all of the 284 requirements under subdivision (1) of subsection 7 of this section have been met. For a consumer who violates this 285 provision, a supplier may immediately and without notice 286 disconnect the electric facilities of said consumer and 287 288 terminate said consumer's electric service.

289 16. The manufacturer of any qualified electric energy 290 generation unit used by a customer-generator may be held 291 liable for any damages to property or person caused by a 292 defect in the qualified electric energy generation unit of a 293 customer-generator.

17. The seller, installer, or manufacturer of any qualified electric energy generation unit who knowingly misrepresents the safety aspects of [an] a qualified electric generation unit may be held liable for any damages to property or person caused by the qualified electric energy generation unit of a customer-generator.

393.1072. 1. There is hereby established the "Task
Force on Fair, Nondiscriminatory Local Taxation Concerning
Solar Energy Systems", which shall be composed of the
following members:

5 (1) Three members of the house of representatives, 6 with not more than two members from the same political party

7 and each member to be appointed by the speaker of the house 8 of representatives;

9 (2) Three members of the senate, with not more than 10 two members from the same political party and each member to 11 be appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate;

(3) Two currently elected county assessors from
Missouri county governments, with one to be appointed by the
speaker of the house of representatives and one to be
appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate;

16 (4) Two representatives from the Missouri state tax
17 commission to be appointed by the commissioners of the
18 Missouri state tax commission;

19 (5) Two representatives from a state-wide agricultural
20 organization, with one to be appointed by the speaker of the
21 house of representatives and one to be appointed by the
22 president pro tempore of the senate;

(6) Two representatives from the private sector with
experience in utility-scale solar energy development and
operation, with one to be appointed by the speaker of the
house of representatives and one to be appointed by the
president pro tempore of the senate; and

(7) One member from an organization that advocates for
policy supporting solar energy appointed by the chair of the
public service commission.

2. The task force shall conduct public hearings and
research and compile a report for delivery to the general
assembly before December 31, 2022. Such report shall
include information on the following:

35 (1) The economic benefits and drawbacks of solar
 36 energy systems to local communities and the state;

37 (2) The fair, uniform, and standardized assessment and
 38 taxation of solar energy systems and their connected

39 equipment owned by a retail or wholesale provider of 40 electricity at the county level in all counties;

41 (3) Compliance with existing federal and state programs and regulations; and 42

Potential legislation that will provide a uniform 43 (4) 44 assessment and taxation methodology for solar energy systems 45 and their connected equipment owned by a retail or wholesale 46 provider of electricity that will be used in every county of 47 Missouri.

48 3. The task force shall meet within thirty days after its creation and shall organize by selecting a chair and 49 vice chair, one of whom shall be a member of the senate and 50 the other a member of the house of representatives. 51 52 Thereafter, the task force may meet as often as necessary in 53 order to accomplish the tasks assigned to it. Meetings may 54 be held by telephone or video conference at the discretion 55 of the chair. The chair shall designate a person to keep the records of the task force. A majority of the task force 56 shall constitute a quorum, and a majority vote of such 57 quorum shall be required for any action. 58

The staff of house research and senate research 59 4. shall provide necessary clerical, research, fiscal, and 60 legal services to the task force as the task force may 61 62 request.

The members of the task force shall serve without 63 5. 64 compensation, but any actual and necessary expenses incurred by the task force, its members, and any staff assigned to 65 the task force shall be reimbursed. 66

67

6. This section shall expire on December 31, 2022. 393.1275. 1. The provisions of section 386.020 2 defining words, phrases, and terms shall apply to and

determine the meaning of all such words, phrases, or termsas used in this section.

2. Electrical corporations, gas corporations, sewer 5 6 corporations, and water corporations shall defer to a regulatory asset or liability account any difference in 7 8 state or local property tax expenses actually incurred, and those on which the revenue requirement used to set rates in 9 10 the corporation's most recently completed general rate 11 proceeding was based. The regulatory asset or liability account balances shall be included in the revenue 12 13 requirement used to set rates through an amortization over a reasonable period of time in such corporation's subsequent 14 general rate proceedings. The commission shall also adjust 15 16 the rate base used to establish the revenue requirement of 17 such corporation to reflect the unamortized regulatory asset 18 or liability account balances in such general rate 19 proceedings. Such expenditures deferred under the provisions of this section are subject to commission 20 prudence review in the next general rate proceeding after 21 22 deferral.

393.1400. 1. For purposes of this section, the
2 following terms shall mean:

3

(1) "Commission", the public service commission;

4 (2) "Electrical corporation", the same as defined in
5 section 386.020, but shall not include an electrical
6 corporation as described in subsection 2 of section 393.110;

7 (3) "Qualifying electric plant", all rate-base
8 additions, except rate-base additions for new coal-fired
9 generating units, new nuclear generating units, new natural
10 gas units, or rate-base additions that increase revenues by
11 allowing service to new customer premises;

(4) "Rate-base cutoff date", the date rate-base
additions are accounted for in a general rate proceeding.
In the absence of a commission order that specifies the ratebase cutoff date, such date as reflected in any jointly
proposed procedural schedule submitted by the parties in the
applicable general rate proceeding, or as otherwise agreed
to by such parties, shall be used;

19 "Weighted average cost of capital", the return on (5) 20 rate base used to determine the revenue requirement in the 21 electrical corporation's most recently completed general rate proceeding; provided, that in the absence of a 22 commission determination of the return on rate base within 23 the three-year period prior to August 28, [2018] 2022, the 24 weighted average cost of capital shall be determined using 25 the electrical corporation's actual capital structure as of 26 December 31, [2017] 2021, excluding short-term debt, the 27 electrical corporation's actual cost of long-term debt and 28 preferred stock as of December 31, [2017] 2021, and a cost 29 of common equity of nine and one-half percent. 30

2. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 31 chapter to the contrary, electrical corporations shall defer 32 to a regulatory asset eighty-five percent of all 33 depreciation expense and return associated with all 34 35 qualifying electric plant recorded to plant-in-service on the utility's books commencing on or after August 28, 2018, 36 37 if the electrical corporation has made the election provided for by subsection 5 of this section by that date, or on the 38 date such election is made if the election is made after 39 August 28, 2018. In each general rate proceeding concluded 40 after August 28, 2018, the balance of the regulatory asset 41 42 as of the rate-base cutoff date shall, subject only to the cap provided for in section 393.1655 or section 393.1656, as 43

applicable, be included in the electrical corporation's rate 44 base without any offset, reduction, or adjustment based upon 45 46 consideration of any other factor, other than as provided for in subdivision (2) of this subsection, with the 47 regulatory asset balance arising from deferrals associated 48 49 with qualifying electric plant placed in service after the rate-base cutoff date to be included in rate base in the 50 51 next general rate proceeding. The expiration of this section shall not affect the continued inclusion in rate 52 53 base and amortization of regulatory asset balances that arose under this section prior to such expiration. 54

(2) The regulatory asset balances arising under this
section shall be adjusted to reflect any prudence
disallowances ordered by the commission. The provisions of
this section shall not be construed to affect existing law
respecting the burdens of production and persuasion in
general rate proceedings for rate-base additions.

Parts of regulatory asset balances created under 61 (3) 62 this section that are not yet being recovered through rates shall include carrying costs at the electrical corporation's 63 weighted average cost of capital, plus applicable federal, 64 state, and local income or excise taxes. Regulatory asset 65 balances arising under this section and included in rate 66 67 base shall be recovered in rates through a twenty-year amortization beginning on the date new rates reflecting such 68 amortization take effect. 69

3. (1) Depreciation expense deferred under this
section shall account for all qualifying electric plant
placed into service less retirements of plant replaced by
such qualifying electric plant.

74 (2) Return deferred under this section shall be75 determined using the weighted average cost of capital

76 applied to the change in plant-related rate base caused by 77 the qualifying electric plant, plus applicable federal, 78 state, and local income or excise taxes. In determining the 79 return deferred, the electrical corporation shall account 80 for changes in all plant-related accumulated deferred income 81 taxes and changes in accumulated depreciation, excluding 82 retirements.

61

Beginning February 28, 2019, and by each February 83 4. twenty-eighth thereafter while the electrical corporation is 84 85 allowed to make the deferrals provided for by subsection 2 of this section, electrical corporations that defer 86 depreciation expense and return authorized under this 87 section shall submit to the commission a five-year capital 88 investment plan setting forth the general categories of 89 capital expenditures the electrical corporation will pursue 90 91 in furtherance of replacing, modernizing, and securing its 92 infrastructure. The plan shall also include a specific capital investment plan for the first year of the five-year 93 plan consistent with the level of specificity used for 94 95 annual capital budgeting purposes. For each project in the 96 specific capital investment plan on which construction 97 commences on or after January first of the year in which the 98 plan is submitted, and where the cost of the project is 99 estimated to exceed twenty million dollars, the electrical 100 corporation shall identify all costs and benefits that can 101 be quantitatively evaluated and shall further identify how 102 those costs and benefits are quantified. For any cost or 103 benefit with respect to such a project that the electrical 104 corporation believes cannot be quantitatively evaluated, the 105 electrical corporation shall state the reasons the cost or 106 benefit cannot be quantitatively evaluated, and how the 107 electrical corporation addresses such costs and benefits

when reviewing and deciding to pursue such a project. 108 No 109 such project shall be based solely on costs and benefits that the electrical corporation believes cannot be 110 quantitatively evaluated. Any quantification for such a 111 project that does not produce quantified benefits exceeding 112 113 the costs shall be accompanied by additional justification in support of the project. For each of the first five years 114 115 that an electrical corporation is allowed to make the deferrals provided for by subsection 2 of this section, the 116 117 purchase and installation of smart meters shall constitute no more than six percent of the electrical corporation's 118 total capital expenditures during any given year under the 119 120 corporation's specific capital investment plan. At least twenty-five percent of the cost of each year's capital 121 122 investment plan shall be comprised of grid modernization 123 projects, including but not limited to:

124 (1) Increased use of digital information and controls
125 technology to improve reliability, security, and efficiency
126 of the electric grid;

127 (2) Dynamic optimization of grid operations and128 resources, with full cybersecurity;

129 (3) Deployment and integration of distributed130 resources and generation, including renewable resources;

131 (4) Development and incorporation of demand response,
132 demand-side resources, and energy-efficiency resources;

(5) Deployment of smart technologies (real-time,
automated, interactive technologies that optimize the
physical operation of appliances and consumer devices) for
metering, communications, concerning grid operations and
status, and distribution automation;

138 (6) Integration of smart appliances and devices;

139 (7) Deployment and integration of advanced electricity
140 storage and peak-shaving technologies, including plug-in
141 electric and hybrid electric vehicles, and thermal storage
142 air conditioning;

(8) Provision of timely information and controloptions to consumer;

(9) Development of standards for communication and
interoperability of appliances and equipment connected to
the electric grid, including the infrastructure serving the
grid; and

(10) Identification and lowering of unreasonable or
unnecessary barriers to adoption of smart grid technologies,
practices, and services.

152 Project specific information need not be included for the five-year period covered by the plan. Within thirty days of 153 154 the filing of any capital investment plan or annual update to an existing plan, the electrical corporation shall host a 155 public stakeholder meeting to answer questions and receive 156 157 feedback about the plan. After feedback is received, the electrical corporation shall file a notice with the 158 159 commission of any modifications to the capital investment 160 plan it has accepted. Changes to the plan, its implementation, or the level of investments made shall not 161 162 constitute evidence of imprudence of the investments made under such plan. The submission of a capital investment 163 164 plan under this section shall not affect in any way the 165 commission's authority with respect to the grant or denial of a certificate of convenience and necessity under section 166 393.170. By February twenty-eighth following each year in 167 which the electrical corporation submits a capital 168 investment plan, the electrical corporation shall submit a 169

170 report to the commission detailing actual capital investments made the previous year, the quantitatively 171 172 evaluated benefits and costs generated by each of those 173 investments that exceeded twenty million dollars, and any efficiencies achieved as a result of those investments. 174 175 This section shall only apply to any electrical 5. corporation that has filed a notice with the commission of 176 177 the electrical corporation's election to make the deferrals 178 for which this section provides. [No electrical corporation 179 shall file a notice with the commission under this 180 subsection if such corporation has made an application under subsection 3 of section 386.266, and such application has 181 been approved.] An electrical corporation may provide notice 182 to the commission one time under this subsection if such 183 184 corporation has applied to the commission under subsection 2 185 of section 386.266, provided the corporation shall not 186 concurrently utilize deferrals under this subsection and the electric rate adjustments set forth in subsection 3 of 187 section 386.266. An electrical corporation's election shall 188 allow it to make the deferrals provided for by subsection 2 189 of this section until December 31, 2023, unless the 190 electrical corporation requests and the commission approves 191 the continuation of such deferrals beyond that date and 192 193 approves continuation of the discounts authorized by section 194 393.1640 beyond that date as hereinafter provided. An 195 electrical corporation that wishes to continue to make the deferrals provided for by subsection 2 of this section from 196 January 1, 2024 , through December 31, 2028 , shall obtain 197 the commission's approval to do so, shall be subject to the 198 199 compound annual growth rate limitations set forth under 200 section 393.1655 , and shall also obtain the commission's 201 approval to continue to provide the discounts authorized by

202 section 393.1640 in a commission order issued on or before 203 December 31, 2023 . The commission shall have the authority 204 to grant or deny such approval based upon the commission's evaluation of the costs and benefits of such continuation to 205 electrical corporations and consumers, but shall not be 206 207 authorized to condition such approval or otherwise modify the deferrals authorized by subsection 2 of this section, or 208 209 the discounts authorized by section 393.1640. In deciding 210 whether to extend the program for an additional five years, 211 the commission shall develop an objective analytical framework to determine whether there is a continuing need. 212 The commission shall make a finding about whether there is a 213 214 continuing need after hearing. Failure to obtain such commission approval shall not affect deferrals made through 215 216 December 31, 2023, or the regulatory and ratemaking 217 treatment of the regulatory assets arising from such 218 deferrals as provided for by this section] of this section 219 until December 31, 2028. Notwithstanding the immediately 220 preceding sentence, an electrical corporation may seek 221 permission to continue to make the deferrals provided for by subsection 2 of this section for an additional five years 222 beyond December 31, 2028, by filing an application with the 223 224 commission seeking such permission by December 31, 2026, 225 which application shall be ruled upon by the commission 226 within one hundred eighty days after its filing. In 227 deciding whether to grant such permission to continue the commission shall have the authority, consistent with its 228 229 statutory authority outside this section, to consider such 230 factors as in its judgment it deems necessary and may 231 condition the permission on factors that are relevant to the 232 deferrals authorized by subsection 2 of this section. The 233 commission shall make the determination of whether to grant

234 such permission to continue after a hearing. An electrical corporation making deferrals provided for by subsection 2 of 235 this section on and after January 1, 2024, shall be subject 236 to the revenue requirement impact cap set forth under 237 section 393.1656. Failure to obtain such commission 238 239 permission to continue shall not affect deferrals made through the date for which permission has been granted, or 240 241 the regulatory and ratemaking treatment of the regulatory 242 assets arising from such deferrals as provided for by this 243 section.

6. The commission may take into account any change in business risk to the corporation resulting from implementation of the deferrals in setting the corporation's allowed return in any rate proceeding, in addition to any other changes in business risk experienced by the corporation.

250 7. This section shall expire on December 31, [2028] 251 2033, except that the amortization of the regulatory asset 252 balances arising under this section shall continue to be reflected in the electrical corporation's rates and 253 remaining regulatory asset balances shall be included in the 254 255 electrical corporation's rate base consistent with the 256 ratemaking treatment and amortization previously approved by 257 the commission pursuant to this section.

393.1640. 1. Subject to the limitations provided for in subsection 2 of this section, and upon proper application by an eligible customer prior to public announcement of a growth project, a new or existing account meeting the [following] criteria in this subsection shall [be considered] qualify for [qualification for] one of the [discount] discounts set forth in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection [if]:

9 (1)[The customer adds incremental load, net of any offsetting load reductions due to the termination of other 10 11 accounts of the customer or an affiliate of the customer within twelve months prior to the commencement of service to 12 the new load, with average monthly demand that is reasonably 13 projected to be at least three hundred kilowatts with a load 14 factor of at least fifty-five percent within two years after 15 the date the application is submitted; 16

17 (2) The customer receives local, regional, or state
18 economic development incentives in conjunction with the
19 incremental load; and

(3) The customer meets the criteria set forth in the 20 21 electrical corporation's economic development rider tariff sheet, as approved by the commission, that are not 22 23 inconsistent with the provisions of this subsection.] When 24 the new load is reasonably projected to be at least three 25 hundred kilowatts but not more than ten megawatts and have a 26 load factor of at least forty-five percent, the discount 27 shall equal thirty-five percent and shall apply for five years, provided that if it is expected as of the date the 28 29 discount is to commence that a thirty-five percent discount would produce revenues from the applicant's total bill that 30 would not exceed the electrical corporation's variable cost 31 32 to serve the applicant's account or accounts that are to receive the discount, the discount shall be determined so 33 that the percentage discount, rounded to the nearest one 34 percent, is expected, as of the date the discount percentage 35 is determined, to provide revenues equal to one hundred 36 37 twenty percent of the electrical corporation's variable cost 38 to serve the applicant's account or accounts that are to 39 receive the discount;

40 (2) When the new load is reasonably projected to be 41 more than ten megawatts and have a load factor of at least 42 fifty-five percent, the discount percentage, rounded to the nearest one percent, shall be determined such that the 43 44 applicant's total bill is expected, as of the date the 45 discount percentage is determined, to provide revenues equal 46 to one hundred twenty percent of the electrical 47 corporation's variable cost to serve the applicant's account 48 or accounts that are to receive the discount. Such discount 49 shall apply for ten years.

For the purposes of this section, the variable cost to serve 50 51 new load for purposes of establishing a discount under this section shall be determined using (a) the energy and 52 53 capacity market prices that underlie the net base energy 54 costs reflected in the revenue requirement from the 55 electrical corporation's most recent general rate 56 proceeding; (b) any operations and maintenance expenses that vary with respect to the total number of customers or load 57 58 served by the electrical corporation, excluding operations 59 and maintenance expenses associated with generating 60 electricity; and (c) any other incremental costs to serve 61 the customer.

62 To obtain one of the discounts set forth in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection, the customer's load shall be 63 64 incremental, net of any offsetting load reductions due to the termination of other accounts of the customer or an 65 affiliate of the customer within twelve months prior to the 66 67 commencement of service to the new load, the customer shall 68 receive an economic development incentive from the local, 69 regional, state, or federal government, or from an agency or

70 program of any such government, in conjunction with the 71 incremental load, and the customer shall meet the criteria 72 set forth in the electrical corporation's economic 73 development rider tariff sheet, as approved by the 74 commission, that are not inconsistent with the provisions of 75 this subsection.

76 Unless otherwise provided for by the electrical

77 corporation's tariff, the applicable discount shall be a percentage applied to all base-rate components of the bill. 78 79 [The percentage shall be fixed for each year of service 80 under the discount for a period of up to five years. Subject to the remaining provisions of this subsection, the 81 average of the annual discount percentages shall equal forty 82 83 percent and shall not be less than thirty percent nor more than fifty percent in any year.] The discount shall be 84 85 applied to such incremental load from the date when the 86 meter has been permanently set until the date that such 87 incremental load no longer meets the criteria required to qualify for the discount, as determined under the provisions 88 of subsection 2 of this section. An eligible customer shall 89 90 also receive a ten percent discount of all base-rate 91 components of the bill applied to such incremental load for 92 an additional one year [after] period beyond the [initial] 93 period during which the applicable discount [period ends] 94 under subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection applies if 95 the electrical corporation determines that the customer is taking service from an under-utilized circuit. [In no event 96 97 shall a customer receive a discount under this subsection after December 31, 2028.] The electrical corporation may 98 include in its tariff additional or alternative terms and 99 100 conditions to a customer's utilization of the discount,

101 subject to approval of such terms and conditions by the 102 commission. The customer, on forms supplied by the 103 electrical corporation, shall apply for the **applicable** discount provided for by this subsection at least ninety 104 105 days prior to the date the customer requests that the 106 incremental demand receive one of the discounts provided for by this subsection and shall enter into a written agreement 107 108 with the electrical corporation reflecting the discount 109 percentages and other pertinent details. If the incremental 110 demand is not separately metered, the electrical corporation's determination of the incremental demand shall 111 control. The electrical corporation shall verify the 112 customer's incremental demand annually to determine 113 114 continued qualification for the applicable discount. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, 115 116 the cents-per-kilowatt-hour realization resulting from 117 application of any [such] discounted [rate] rates as calculated shall be higher than the electrical corporation's 118 variable cost to serve such [accounts in aggregate] 119 120 incremental demand and the applicable discounted rate also shall make a positive contribution to fixed costs associated 121 122 with [such] service to such incremental demand. If in a subsequent general rate proceeding the commission determines 123 124 that application of [such] a discounted rate is not adequate to cover the electrical corporation's variable cost to serve 125 [such] the accounts in question and provide a positive 126 contribution to fixed costs then the commission shall 127 128 increase the rate for those accounts prospectively to the 129 extent necessary to do so.

130 2. In each general rate proceeding concluded after
131 August 28, [2018] 2022, the [reduced level of] difference in
132 revenues [arising from] generated by applying the

[application of] discounted rates provided for by 133 [subsection 1 of] this section and the revenues that would 134 have been generated without such discounts shall not be 135 136 imputed into the electrical corporation's revenue requirement. Instead, such revenue requirement shall be set 137 138 using the revenues generated by such discounted rates and the impact of the discounts provided for by this section 139 140 shall be allocated to all the electrical corporation's 141 customer classes, including the classes with customers that 142 qualify for discounts under this section[. This increase 143 shall be implemented] through the application of a uniform percentage adjustment to the revenue requirement 144 145 responsibility of all customer classes. To qualify for the 146 discounted rates provided for in this section, [if 147 incremental load is separately metered, ] customers shall 148 meet the applicable criteria within twenty-four months 149 [after the date the meter is permanently set] of initially receiving discounts based on metering data for calendar 150 151 months thirteen through twenty-four and annually thereafter. If such data indicates that the customer did 152 153 not meet [the criteria] both of the three hundred kilowatt and forty-five percent load factor requirements for any 154 applicable twelve-month period, it shall thereafter no 155 156 longer qualify for [the] a discounted rate. For customers 157 receiving service under subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, if after the fourth year, the demand has not 158 159 exceeded ten thousand kilowatts during any twelve-month 160 period, the customer's qualification shall revert to subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section. 161 The provisions of this section do not supersede or limit the 162 ability of an electrical corporation to continue to utilize 163 economic development or retention tariffs previously 164

approved by the commission that are in effect on August 28, 165 [2018] **2022.** If, however, a customer is receiving any 166 167 economic development or retention-related discounts as of the date it would otherwise qualify for a discount provided 168 169 for by this section, the customer shall agree to relinquish 170 the prior discount concurrently with the date it begins to receive a discount under this section; otherwise, the 171 172 customer shall not be eligible to receive any discount under 173 this section. Customer demand existing at the time the 174 customer begins to receive discounted rates under this 175 section shall not constitute incremental demand. The discounted rates provided for by this section apply only to 176 base-rate components, with the charges or credits arising 177 178 from any rate adjustment mechanism authorized by law to be 179 applied to customers qualifying for discounted rates under 180 this section in the same manner as such rate adjustments 181 would apply in the absence of this section.

182 3. For purposes of this section, "electrical
183 corporation" shall mean the same as defined in section
184 386.020, but shall not include an electrical corporation as
185 described in subsection 2 of section 393.110.

186 4. This section shall expire on December 31, 2028, provided, that unless the electrical corporation has timely 187 188 obtained the order provided for by subsection 5 of section 393.1400, the electrical corporation's customers shall, 189 after December 31, 2023 , no longer receive the discounts 190 191 provided under this section.] An electrical corporation's 192 authority to offer the discounts provided for by this 193 section shall terminate on the date that such electrical 194 corporation's authority to make the deferrals required by 195 subsection 2 of section 393.1400 expires.

393.1655. 1. This section applies to an electrical 2 corporation that has elected to exercise any option under section 393.1400 and that has more than two hundred thousand 3 Missouri retail customers in 2018, and shall continue to 4 apply to such electrical corporation until December 31, 5 6 2023[, if the commission has not issued an order approving continuation of the deferrals authorized by subsection 2 of 7 section 393.1400, and continuation of the discounts 8 9 authorized by section 393.1640 as authorized by subsection 5 10 of section 393.1400 with respect to the electrical corporation, or until December 31, 2028, if the commission 11 has issued such an order with respect to the electrical 12 corporation]. 13

2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law and 14 except as otherwise provided for by this section, an 15 electrical corporation's base rates shall be held constant 16 17 for a period starting on the date new base rates were established in the electrical corporation's last general 18 19 rate proceeding concluded prior to the date the electrical corporation gave notice under subsection 5 of section 20 393.1400 and ending on the third anniversary of that date, 21 unless a force majeure event as determined by the commission 22 occurs. Whether a force majeure event has occurred shall be 23 24 subject to commission review and approval in a general rate 25 proceeding, and shall not preclude the commission from reviewing the prudence of any revenue reductions or costs 26 27 incurred during any proceeding to set rates. This subsection shall not affect the electrical corporation's 28 ability to adjust its nonbase rates during the three-year 29 30 period provided for in this subsection as authorized by its commission-approved rate adjustment mechanisms arising under 31

section 386.266, 393.1030, or 393.1075, or as authorized byany other rate adjustment mechanism authorized by law.

34 3. This subsection shall apply to electrical corporations that have a general rate proceeding pending 35 before the commission as of the later of February 1, 2018, 36 37 or August 28, 2018. If the difference between (a) the electrical corporation's average overall rate at any point 38 39 in time while this section applies to the electrical 40 corporation, and (b) the electrical corporation's average 41 overall rate as of the date new base rates are set in the electrical corporation's most recent general rate proceeding 42 concluded prior to the date the electrical corporation gave 43 notice under section 393.1400, reflects a compound annual 44 growth rate of more than three percent, the electrical 45 corporation shall not recover any amount in excess of such 46 47 three percent as a performance penalty.

48 4. This section shall apply to electrical corporations that do not have a general rate proceeding pending before 49 the commission as of the later of February 1, 2018, or 50 August 28, 2018. If the difference between (a) the 51 electrical corporation's average overall rate at any point 52 53 in time while this section applies to the electrical corporation, and (b) the average of (i) the electrical 54 55 corporation's average overall rate as of the date new base 56 rates are set in the electrical corporation's most recent 57 general rate proceeding concluded prior to the date the electrical corporation gave notice under section 393.1400, 58 and (ii) the electrical corporation's average overall rate 59 set under section 393.137, reflects a compound annual growth 60 rate of more than two and eighty-five hundredths percent, 61 the electrical corporation shall not recover any amount in 62

63 excess of such two and eighty-five hundredths percent as a 64 performance penalty.

5. If a change in any rates charged under a rate 65 adjustment mechanism approved by the commission under 66 sections 386.266 and 393.1030 would cause an electrical 67 corporation's average overall rate to exceed the compound 68 annual growth rate limitation set forth in subsection 3 or 4 69 70 of this section, the electrical corporation shall reduce the 71 rates charged under that rate adjustment mechanism in an 72 amount sufficient to ensure that the compound annual growth rate limitation set forth in subsection 3 or 4 of this 73 section is not exceeded due to the application of the rate 74 75 charged under such mechanism and the performance penalties 76 under such subsections are not triggered. Sums not 77 recovered under any such mechanism because of any reduction 78 in rates under such a mechanism pursuant to this subsection 79 shall be deferred to and included in the regulatory asset arising under section 393.1400 or, if applicable, under the 80 81 regulatory and ratemaking treatment ordered by the commission under section 393.1400, and recovered through an 82 amortization in base rates in the same manner as deferrals 83 under that section or order are recovered in base rates. 84

85 6. If the difference between (a) the electrical 86 corporation's class average overall rate at any point in 87 time while this section applies to the electrical 88 corporation, and (b) the electrical corporation's class 89 average overall rate as of the date rates are set in the electrical corporation's most recent general rate proceeding 90 concluded prior to the date the electrical corporation gave 91 92 notice under subsection 5 of section 393.1400, reflects a compound annual growth rate of more than two percent for the 93 large power service rate class, the class average overall 94

95 rate shall increase by an amount so that the increase shall 96 equal a compound annual growth rate of two percent over such 97 period for such large power service rate class, with the reduced revenues arising from limiting the large power 98 99 service class average overall rate increase to two percent 100 to be allocated to all the electrical corporation's other customer classes through the application of a uniform 101 102 percentage adjustment to the revenue requirement 103 responsibility of all the other customer classes.

104 7. For purposes of this section, the following terms105 shall mean:

106 (1) "Average base rate", a rate calculated by dividing 107 the total retail revenue requirement for all the electrical 108 corporation's rate classes by the total sales volumes stated 109 in kilowatt-hours for all such rate classes used to set 110 rates in the applicable general rate proceeding, exclusive 111 of gross receipts tax, sales tax, and other similar pass-112 through taxes;

(2) "Average overall rate", a rate equal to the sum ofthe average base rate and the average rider rate;

115 "Average rider rate", a rate calculated by (3) dividing the total of the sums to be recovered from all 116 customer classes under the electrical corporation's rate 117 118 adjustment mechanisms in place other than a rate adjustment mechanism under section 393.1075 by the total sales volumes 119 stated in kilowatt-hours for all of the electrical 120 corporation's rate classes used to set rates under such rate 121 adjustment mechanisms, exclusive of gross receipts tax, 122 sales tax, and other similar pass-through taxes; 123

(4) "Class average base rate", a rate calculated by
dividing the retail revenue requirement from the applicable
general rate proceeding that is allocated to the electrical

127 corporation's large power service rate class in that general 128 rate proceeding, by the total sales volumes stated in 129 kilowatt-hours for that class used to set rates in that 130 general rate proceeding, exclusive of gross receipts tax, 131 sales tax, and other similar pass-through taxes;

(5) "Class average overall rate", a rate equal to the
sum of the class average base rate and the class average
rider rate;

135 "Class average rider rate", a rate calculated by (6) 136 dividing the total of the sums allocated for recovery from 137 the large power service rate class under the electrical corporation's rate adjustment mechanisms in place other than 138 a rate adjustment mechanism under section 393.1075 by the 139 140 total sales volumes stated in kilowatt-hours for that class 141 used to set rates under such rate adjustment mechanisms, exclusive of gross receipts tax, sales tax, and other 142 143 similar pass-through taxes;

"Force majeure event", an event or circumstance 144 (7) that occurs as a result of a weather event, an act of God, 145 war, terrorism, or other event which threatens the financial 146 integrity of the electrical corporation that causes a 147 reduction in revenues, an increase in the cost of providing 148 electrical service, or some combination thereof, and the 149 150 event has an associated fiscal impact on the electrical 151 corporation's operations equal to three percent or greater of the total revenue requirement established in the 152 electrical corporation's last general rate proceeding after 153 taking into account the financial impact specified in 154 section 393.137. Any force majeure event shall be subject 155 156 to commission review and approval, and shall not preclude 157 the commission from reviewing the prudence of any revenue

158 reductions or costs incurred during any proceeding to set 159 rates;

(8) "Large power service rate class", the rate class
of each corporation that requires the highest minimum
monthly billing demand of all of the electrical
corporation's rate classes in order to qualify as a member
of such rate class, and that applies to qualifying customers
only if they utilize the electrical corporation's
distribution system.

393.1656. 1. This section applies beginning January 1, 2024, to an electrical corporation that has elected to exercise any option under section 393.1400 and shall continue to apply to such electrical corporation until such electrical corporation's permission to make the deferrals authorized by subsection 2 of section 393.1400 expires.

That part of the electrical corporation's retail 7 2. 8 revenue requirement used to set the electrical corporation's base rates in each of the electrical corporation's general 9 rate proceedings that are concluded on or after August 31, 10 11 2023, that consists of revenue requirement arising from inclusion in rate base of the section 393.1400 regulatory 12 asset balance shall not exceed the revenue requirement 13 If inclusion in rate base of the full balance 14 impact cap. 15 of the subject section 393.1400 regulatory asset would cause 16 the electrical corporation to exceed the revenue requirement impact cap, that part of the balance necessary to prevent 17 inclusion of the full balance from causing an exceedance of 18 the revenue requirement impact cap shall not be included in 19 rate base and the section 393.1400 regulatory asset balance 20 21 shall be reduced accordingly as a penalty.

3. For purposes of this section, the following termsshall mean:

24

28

(1) "Commission", the public service commission;

25 (2) "Electrical corporation", the same as defined in section 386.020, but shall not include an electrical 26 27

corporation as described in subsection 2 of section 393.110; "Rate-base cutoff date", the date rate-base (3)

29 additions are accounted for in a general rate proceeding. In the absence of a commission order that specifies the rate-30 31 base cutoff date, such date as reflected in any jointly 32 proposed procedural schedule submitted by the parties in the 33 applicable general rate proceeding, or as otherwise agreed to by such parties, shall be used; 34

35 "Revenue requirement impact cap", the product of (4) (i) one-twelfth of two and one-half percent, multiplied by 36 37 (ii) the number of months that have elapsed from the 38 effective date of new base rates in the electrical 39 corporation's most recently completed general rate 40 proceeding to the effective date of new base rates in the general rate proceeding in which the cap is being applied, 41 with that product to be multiplied by the retail revenue 42 requirement used to set base rates in the electrical 43 44 corporation's most recently completed general rate 45 proceeding concluded prior to the general rate proceeding in which the cap is being applied; 46

47 (5) "Subject section 393.1400 regulatory asset", 48 deferrals under section 393.1400 from the rate-base cutoff date in the electrical corporation's prior general rate 49 proceeding to the rate-base cutoff date in the current 50 general rate proceeding in which the cap reflected in 51 52 subsection 2 of this section is being applied.

393.1715. 1. An electrical corporation may petition 2 the commission for a determination of the ratemaking principles and treatment, as proposed by the electrical 3

corporation, that will apply to the reflection in base rates 4 5 of the electrical corporation's capital and noncapital costs 6 associated with the proposed retirement of one or more of the electrical corporation's generating facilities. 7 Without 8 limiting the foregoing, such principles and treatment may 9 also establish the retirement date and useful life 10 parameters used to set depreciation rates for such 11 facilities. Except as provided for in subsection 4 of this section, the ratemaking principles and treatment approved by 12 13 the commission under this section for such facilities shall apply to the determination of the revenue requirement in 14 each of the electrical corporation's post-determination 15 16 general rate proceedings until such time as such facility is fully depreciated on the electrical corporation's books. 17

If the commission fails to issue a determination
 within two hundred fifteen days that a petition for
 determination of ratemaking principles and treatment is
 filed, the ratemaking principles and treatment proposed by
 the petitioning electrical corporation shall be deemed to
 have been approved by the commission.

3. Subject to the provisions of subsection 4 of this
section, ratemaking principles and treatment approved by the
commission, or deemed to have been approved under subsection
2 of this section, shall be binding for ratemaking purposes.

4. (1) An electrical corporation with ratemaking
principles and treatment approved by the commission, or
deemed to have been approved under subsection 2 of this
section, shall monitor the major factors and circumstances
relating to the facility to which such principles and
treatment apply. Such factors and circumstances include,
but are not limited to:

35

(a) Terrorist activity or an act of God;

36 (b) A significant change in federal or state tax laws; 37 (c) A significant change in federal utility laws or 38 regulations or a significant change in generally accepted accounting principles; 39 An unexpected, extended outage or shutdown of a 40 (d) 41 major generating unit, other than any major generating unit shut down due to an extended outage at the time of the 42 43 approval of the ratemaking principles and treatment; 44 A significant change in the cost or reliability of (e) 45 power generation technologies; A significant change in fuel prices and wholesale 46 (f) electric market conditions; 47 A significant change in the cost or effectiveness 48 (q) 49 of emission control technologies; 50 A significant change in the price of emission (h) 51 allowances; 52 (i) A significant change in the electrical corporation's load forecast; 53 A significant change in capital market conditions; 54 (j) A significant change in the scope or effective 55 (k) dates of environmental regulations; or 56 57 A significant change in federal or state (1) environmental laws. 58 59 If the electrical corporation determines that one (2) 60 or more major factor or circumstance has changed in a manner that warrants a change in the approved ratemaking principles 61 and treatment, then it shall file a notice in the docket in 62 which the approved ratemaking principles and treatment were 63 established within forty-five days of any such 64 65 determination. In its notification, the electrical corporation shall: 66

67 (a) Explain and specify the changes it contends are
68 appropriate to the ratemaking principles and treatment and
69 the reasons for the proposed changes;

70 (b) Provide a description of the alternatives that it
71 evaluated and the process that it went through in developing
72 its proposed changes; and

(c) Provide detailed workpapers that support the
evaluation and the process whereby proposed changes were
developed.

76 (3) If a party has concerns regarding the proposed changes, that party shall file a notice of its concerns 77 within thirty days of the electrical corporation's filing. 78 79 If the parties agree on a resolution of the concerns, the agreement shall be submitted to the commission for 80 approval. If the parties do not reach agreement on changes 81 82 to the ratemaking principles and treatment within ninety 83 days of the date the electrical corporation filed its notice, whether the previously approved ratemaking and 84 85 treatment will be changed shall be determined by the commission. If a party to the docket in which the approved 86 ratemaking principles and treatment were approved believes 87 that one or more major factor or circumstance has changed in 88 a manner that warrants a change in the approved ratemaking 89 90 principles and treatment and if the electrical corporation 91 does not agree the principles and treatment should be 92 changed, such party shall file a notice in the docket in which the approved ratemaking principles and treatment were 93 established within forty-five days of any such 94 determination. In its notification, such party shall: 95

96 (a) Explain and specify the changes it contends are
97 appropriate to the ratemaking principles and treatment and
98 the reasons for the proposed changes;

99 (b) Provide a description of the alternatives that it
100 evaluated and the process that it went through in developing
101 its proposed changes; and

(c) Provide detailed workpapers that support the
 evaluation and the process whereby proposed changes were
 developed.

(4) If a party, including the electrical corporation, 105 106 has concerns regarding the proposed changes, that party 107 shall file a notice of its concerns within thirty days of 108 the other party's filing. If the parties do not reach 109 agreement on changes to the ratemaking principles and treatment within ninety days of the date the notice was 110 filed, whether the previously approved ratemaking and 111 112 treatment will be changed shall be determined by the 113 commission.

5. A determination of ratemaking principles and 114 115 treatment under this section does not preclude an electrical corporation from also petitioning the commission under 116 either or both of sections 393.1700 and 393.1705, provided 117 that any costs to which such ratemaking principles and 118 treatment would have applied in the electrical corporation's 119 general rate proceedings which become funded by securitized 120 utility tariff bond proceeds from a securitized utility 121 tariff bond issued under section 393.1700 shall not 122 123 thereafter be reflected in the electrical corporation's base 124 rates.

125 6. If determined by the commission to be just,
126 reasonable, and necessary for the provision of safe and
127 adequate service, the electrical corporation [may] shall be
128 permitted to retain coal-fired generating assets in rate
129 base and recover prudently incurred costs associated with
130 operating the coal-fired assets [that remain in service to

131 provide greater certainty that generating capacity will be 132 available to provide essential service to customers, 133 including during extreme weather events, and the commission shall not disallow any portion of such cost recovery on the 134 basis that such coal-fired generating assets operate], 135 136 including at a low capacity factor, or that are offline and providing capacity only[, during normal operating 137 138 conditions] in order to remain in service to customers for 139 reliability during events such as extreme weather.

140 7. The commission may promulgate rules necessary to implement the provisions of sections 393.1700 to 393.1715. 141 Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in 142 section 536.010, that is created under the authority 143 144 delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of 145 chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. 146 This 147 section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 148 149 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, 150 then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed 151 152 or adopted after August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void.

442.404. 1. As used in this section, the following
2 terms shall mean:

"Homeowners' association", a nonprofit corporation 3 (1)4 or unincorporated association of homeowners created under a 5 declaration to own and operate portions of a planned community or other residential subdivision that has the 6 power under the declaration to assess association members to 7 8 pay the costs and expenses incurred in the performance of 9 the association's obligations under the declaration or tenants-in-common with respect to the ownership of common 10

11 ground or amenities of a planned community or other 12 residential subdivision. This term shall not include a 13 condominium unit owners' association as defined and provided 14 for in subdivision (3) of section 448.1-103 or a residential 15 cooperative;

16 (2) "Political signs", any fixed, ground-mounted 17 display in support of or in opposition to a person seeking 18 elected office or a ballot measure excluding any materials 19 that may be attached;

(3) "Solar panel or solar collector", a device used to
collect and convert solar energy into electricity or thermal
energy, including but not limited to photovoltaic cells or
panels, or solar thermal systems.

2. (1) No deed restrictions, covenants, or similar
25 binding agreements running with the land shall prohibit or
26 have the effect of prohibiting the display of political
27 signs.

[3.] (2) A homeowners' association has the authority
to adopt reasonable rules, subject to any applicable
statutes or ordinances, regarding the time, size, place,
number, and manner of display of political signs.

32 [4.] (3) A homeowners' association may remove a political sign without liability if such sign is placed 33 34 within the common ground, threatens the public health or safety, violates an applicable statute or ordinance, is 35 accompanied by sound or music, or if any other materials are 36 attached to the political sign. Subject to the foregoing, a 37 homeowners' association shall not remove a political sign 38 from the property of a homeowner or impose any fine or 39 penalty upon the homeowner unless it has given such 40 homeowner three days after providing written notice to the 41

42 homeowner, which notice shall specifically identify the rule43 and the nature of the violation.

3. (1) No deed restrictions, covenants, or similar
binding agreements running with the land shall limit or
prohibit, or have the effect of limiting or prohibiting, the
installation of solar panels or solar collectors on the
rooftop of any property or structure.

49 (2) A homeowners' association may adopt reasonable 50 rules, subject to any applicable statutes or ordinances, 51 regarding the placement of solar panels or solar collectors 52 to the extent that those rules do not prevent the 53 installation of the device, impair the functioning of the 54 device, restrict the use of the device, or adversely affect 55 the cost or efficiency of the device.

(3) The provisions of this subsection shall apply only
 with regard to rooftops that are owned, controlled, and
 maintained by the owner of the individual property or
 structure.

610.021. Except to the extent disclosure is otherwise required by law, a public governmental body is authorized to close meetings, records and votes, to the extent they relate to the following:

(1) Legal actions, causes of action or litigation 5 6 involving a public governmental body and any confidential or privileged communications between a public governmental body 7 8 or its representatives and its attorneys. However, any 9 minutes, vote or settlement agreement relating to legal actions, causes of action or litigation involving a public 10 11 governmental body or any agent or entity representing its interests or acting on its behalf or with its authority, 12 including any insurance company acting on behalf of a public 13 government body as its insured, shall be made public upon 14

15 final disposition of the matter voted upon or upon the signing by the parties of the settlement agreement, unless, 16 17 prior to final disposition, the settlement agreement is ordered closed by a court after a written finding that the 18 19 adverse impact to a plaintiff or plaintiffs to the action 20 clearly outweighs the public policy considerations of section 610.011, however, the amount of any moneys paid by, 21 22 or on behalf of, the public governmental body shall be disclosed; provided, however, in matters involving the 23 24 exercise of the power of eminent domain, the vote shall be announced or become public immediately following the action 25 on the motion to authorize institution of such a legal 26 27 action. Legal work product shall be considered a closed record; 28

(2) Leasing, purchase or sale of real estate by a 29 30 public governmental body where public knowledge of the 31 transaction might adversely affect the legal consideration therefor. However, any minutes, vote or public record 32 33 approving a contract relating to the leasing, purchase or sale of real estate by a public governmental body shall be 34 made public upon execution of the lease, purchase or sale of 35 the real estate; 36

37 (3) Hiring, firing, disciplining or promoting of particular employees by a public governmental body when 38 39 personal information about the employee is discussed or recorded. However, any vote on a final decision, when taken 40 by a public governmental body, to hire, fire, promote or 41 discipline an employee of a public governmental body shall 42 be made available with a record of how each member voted to 43 the public within seventy-two hours of the close of the 44 meeting where such action occurs; provided, however, that 45 any employee so affected shall be entitled to prompt notice 46

47 of such decision during the seventy-two-hour period before 48 such decision is made available to the public. As used in 49 this subdivision, the term "personal information" means 50 information relating to the performance or merit of 51 individual employees;

52 (4) The state militia or national guard or any part53 thereof;

54 (5) Nonjudicial mental or physical health proceedings
55 involving identifiable persons, including medical,
56 psychiatric, psychological, or alcoholism or drug dependency
57 diagnosis or treatment;

Scholastic probation, expulsion, or graduation of 58 (6) identifiable individuals, including records of individual 59 test or examination scores; however, personally identifiable 60 student records maintained by public educational 61 62 institutions shall be open for inspection by the parents, guardian or other custodian of students under the age of 63 eighteen years and by the parents, guardian or other 64 custodian and the student if the student is over the age of 65 66 eighteen years;

67 (7) Testing and examination materials, before the test
68 or examination is given or, if it is to be given again,
69 before so given again;

70

(8) Welfare cases of identifiable individuals;

(9) Preparation, including any discussions or work
product, on behalf of a public governmental body or its
representatives for negotiations with employee groups;

74 (10) Software codes for electronic data processing and 75 documentation thereof;

76 (11) Specifications for competitive bidding, until77 either the specifications are officially approved by the

78 public governmental body or the specifications are published 79 for bid;

80 (12) Sealed bids and related documents, until the bids
81 are opened; and sealed proposals and related documents or
82 any documents related to a negotiated contract until a
83 contract is executed, or all proposals are rejected;

Individually identifiable personnel records, 84 (13)85 performance ratings or records pertaining to employees or applicants for employment, except that this exemption shall 86 87 not apply to the names, positions, salaries and lengths of service of officers and employees of public agencies once 88 they are employed as such, and the names of private sources 89 donating or contributing money to the salary of a chancellor 90 or president at all public colleges and universities in the 91 92 state of Missouri and the amount of money contributed by the 93 source;

94 (14) Records which are protected from disclosure by 95 law;

96 (15) Meetings and public records relating to 97 scientific and technological innovations in which the owner 98 has a proprietary interest;

99 (16) Records relating to municipal hotlines100 established for the reporting of abuse and wrongdoing;

101 (17) Confidential or privileged communications between 102 a public governmental body and its auditor, including all 103 auditor work product; however, all final audit reports 104 issued by the auditor are to be considered open records 105 pursuant to this chapter;

(18) Operational guidelines, policies and specific
response plans developed, adopted, or maintained by any
public agency responsible for law enforcement, public
safety, first response, or public health for use in

110 responding to or preventing any critical incident which is 111 or appears to be terrorist in nature and which has the potential to endanger individual or public safety or health. 112 Financial records related to the procurement of or 113 expenditures relating to operational guidelines, policies or 114 115 plans purchased with public funds shall be open. When seeking to close information pursuant to this exception, the 116 117 public governmental body shall affirmatively state in 118 writing that disclosure would impair the public governmental 119 body's ability to protect the security or safety of persons 120 or real property, and shall in the same writing state that 121 the public interest in nondisclosure outweighs the public interest in disclosure of the records; 122

123 Existing or proposed security systems and (19)124 structural plans of real property owned or leased by a 125 public governmental body, and information that is 126 voluntarily submitted by a nonpublic entity owning or operating an infrastructure to any public governmental body 127 128 for use by that body to devise plans for protection of that infrastructure, the public disclosure of which would 129 130 threaten public safety:

(a) Records related to the procurement of or
expenditures relating to security systems purchased with
public funds shall be open;

(b) When seeking to close information pursuant to this
exception, the public governmental body shall affirmatively
state in writing that disclosure would impair the public
governmental body's ability to protect the security or
safety of persons or real property, and shall in the same
writing state that the public interest in nondisclosure
outweighs the public interest in disclosure of the records;

(c) Records that are voluntarily submitted by a nonpublic entity shall be reviewed by the receiving agency within ninety days of submission to determine if retention of the document is necessary in furtherance of a state security interest. If retention is not necessary, the documents shall be returned to the nonpublic governmental body or destroyed;

148 (20) The portion of a record that identifies security 149 systems or access codes or authorization codes for security 150 systems of real property;

151 Records that identify the configuration of (21)components or the operation of a computer, computer system, 152 computer network, or telecommunications network, and would 153 154 allow unauthorized access to or unlawful disruption of a 155 computer, computer system, computer network, or 156 telecommunications network of a public governmental body. 157 This exception shall not be used to limit or deny access to otherwise public records in a file, document, data file or 158 159 database containing public records. Records related to the procurement of or expenditures relating to such computer, 160 161 computer system, computer network, or telecommunications network, including the amount of moneys paid by, or on 162 behalf of, a public governmental body for such computer, 163 164 computer system, computer network, or telecommunications 165 network shall be open;

166 (22) Credit card numbers, personal identification
167 numbers, digital certificates, physical and virtual keys,
168 access codes or authorization codes that are used to protect
169 the security of electronic transactions between a public
170 governmental body and a person or entity doing business with
171 a public governmental body. Nothing in this section shall
172 be deemed to close the record of a person or entity using a

173 credit card held in the name of a public governmental body 174 or any record of a transaction made by a person using a 175 credit card or other method of payment for which 176 reimbursement is made by a public governmental body;

177 (23) Records submitted by an individual, corporation,
178 or other business entity to a public institution of higher
179 education in connection with a proposal to license
180 intellectual property or perform sponsored research and
181 which contains sales projections or other business plan
182 information the disclosure of which may endanger the
183 competitiveness of a business; [and]

184 (24) Records relating to foster home or kinship
185 placements of children in foster care under section 210.498;
186 and

187 (25) Individually identifiable customer usage and billing records for customers of a municipally owned 188 189 utility, unless the records are requested by the customer or 190 authorized for release by the customer, except that a 191 municipally owned utility shall make available to the public the customer's name, billing address, location of service, 192 and dates of service provided for any commercial service 193 194 account.

Section B. The repeal and reenactment of section 442.404 of section A of this act shall be effective on January 1, 2023.

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