

HB 2140 -- ELECTIONS

SPONSOR: McGaugh

This bill changes election laws. In its main provisions the bill:

- (1) Removes obsolete references to ballot cards and requires voting machines to be air gapped as a security measure (Section 115.013, 115.417, 115.447, RSMo);
- (2) Removes the one year voter and residency requirement for election commissioners, but retains the requirements of voter registration and residency at the time of appointment (Section 115.031);
- (3) Exempts board of election commissioners and clerk employees from requirement to reside or register within the jurisdiction in which they serve (Sections 115.045 and 115.051);
- (4) Allows appointment of election judges who reside outside the requisite election authority's jurisdiction without the need for written consent from the election authority in whose jurisdiction the potential judge resides. Procedures for selecting election judges from lists submitted by political party committees is specified (Section 115.081; 115.085);
- (5) Repeals specified registration exceptions for intrastate new residents and authorizes registration in the state of Missouri for such individuals (Section 115.135);
- (6) Authorizes the Department of Revenue to use electronic applications when sending materials to election authorities under the existing voter registration program in place at the Division of Motor Vehicles and Drivers Licensing, within the Department of Revenue. Electronic applications shall be sent no later than three business days after completion of a form. The electronic applications shall be secure and in a format compatible with the existing Voter Registration System under Section 115.158. The Secretary of State and Director of Revenue shall guarantee the security and transmission of electronic data. Images of signatures may be used for the purpose of voter registration (Sections 115.151, 115.160, 115.960);
- (7) Restricts voter information released by election authorities by eliminating the date of birth and prohibiting uses for commercial purposes. Certain requirements to release such information to the general public are also repealed or modified (Sections 115.157 and 115.289);

(8) Allows registered voters to file change of address forms in person on election day (Sections 115.165);

(9) Defines absentee ballots as those authorized to be cast away from a polling place or in the office of the election authority or other authorized location designated by the election authority. References to Space Force are included for purposes of voting processes and electronic ballot information authorized for the armed forces (Sections 115.257, 115.275);

(15) Allows use of absentee ballots to vote in person with a form of personal identification as specified in the bill. Notarization requirements are also specified in the bill depending upon the excuse for voting absentee and whether or not voting is conducted in person. Affidavit forms are modified. The casting of in person absentee ballots with photographic identification is authorized only if courts uphold the constitutionality of photographic identification requirements as specified in the bill (Sections 115.277 and 115.279, 115.283);

(16) Allows voter assistance in cases of temporary confinement due to illness or physical disability on election day, but repeals specific COVID-19 references to mail-in ballots that have expired (Sections 115.287, 115.291, and 115.652);

(17) Specifies that once a ballot is deposited in the ballot box, then it is deemed cast (115.435); and

(18) Repeals expired Section 115.302, which allowed mail in ballots during the COVID-19 crisis and other sections referencing obsolete COVID-19 laws (Section 115.652).

This bill is similar to HB 2113 (2022) and HB 738 Reperfected (2021).