House	Amendment NO
	Offered By
	mmittee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 101, Page 1, Section A, Line 5, by Said section and line the following:
"287.069. 1	. For the purposes of this section, the following terms mean:
<u>'</u>	ency medical technician", a person licensed in emergency medical care in
accordance with sta	ndards prescribed by sections 190.001 to 190.245 and by rules adopted by the
department under se	ections 190.001 to 190.245;
(2) "Emerge	ency services telecommunicator", any person employed as an emergency
telephone worker, c	all taker, or public safety dispatcher whose duties include receiving, processing,
or transmitting publ	ic safety information received through a 911 public safety answering point;
(3) "First re	sponder", a law enforcement officer; a firefighter; a paramedic; an emergency
medical technician;	a registered nurse employed to provide emergency medical services outside of a
medical facility; an	emergency services telecommunicator; an officer employed by the state or a
political subdivision	n at a corrections, detention, or secure treatment facility; a sheriff or full-time
deputy sheriff of an	y county; or a member of the Missouri state highway patrol;
(4) "Mental	impairment", a diagnosis of posttraumatic stress disorder by a licensed
psychiatrist or psyc	hologist;
(5) "Parame	edic", an individual licensed with cognitive knowledge and a scope of practice
that corresponds to	that level in the National EMS Education Standards and National EMS Scope of
Practice Model;	
(6) "Posttra	umatic stress disorder", the condition as described in the most recently published
edition of the Diagr	nostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders by the American Psychiatric
Association.	
2. If, preced	ling the date of injury or death, an employee who was employed on active duty
as a first responder	is diagnosed with a mental impairment and had not been diagnosed with the
mental impairment	previously, the mental impairment shall presumptively be considered an
occupational diseas	e and shall be presumed to have arisen out of and in the course of employment.
This presumption m	nay be rebutted by substantial factors brought by the employer or insurer. Any
	hat are used to rebut this presumption and that are known to the employer or

insurer at the time of the denial of liability shall be communicated to the employee on the denial of
liability.

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- 3. One or more compensable mental impairment claims arising out of a single accident shall constitute a single injury. However, a mental impairment arising out of and in the course of employment caused by a single accident or cumulative trauma shall also constitute a compensable mental impairment claim.
- 4. A mental impairment shall not be considered an occupational disease if it results from a disciplinary action, work evaluation, job transfer, layoff, demotion, promotion, termination, retirement, or similar action taken in good faith by the employer."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.