House _____ Amendment NO.____

1 2 3	AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute No. 2 for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 96, Page 1, Section A, Line 5, by inserting after all of the said section and line the following:
3 4	the following.
5	"67.1009. 1. The governing body of the following cities may impose a tax as provided in
6	this section:
7	(1) Any city of the fourth classification with more than eight hundred thirty but fewer than
8	nine hundred inhabitants and located in any county with a charter form of government and with
9	more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants;
10	(2) Any city of the fourth classification with more than four thousand fifty but fewer than
11	four thousand two hundred inhabitants and located in any county with a charter form of government
12	and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants; or
13	(3) Any city with more than two thousand seven hundred but fewer than three thousand
14	inhabitants and located in a county with more than fifty thousand but fewer than sixty thousand
15	inhabitants and with a county seat with more than seventeen thousand but fewer than twenty-one
16	thousand inhabitants.
17	2. The governing body of any city listed in subsection 1 of this section may impose a tax on
18	the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels or motels situated in the city,
19	which shall be not more than six-tenths of one percent per occupied room per night[, except that] for
20	cities described under subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 1 of this section and not more than six
21	percent per occupied room per night for cities described under subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this
22	section. Such tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city or county submits
23	to the voters of the city or county at a state general or primary election a proposal to authorize the
24	governing body of the city to impose a tax pursuant to this section. The tax authorized by this
25	section shall be in addition to the charge for the sleeping room and shall be in addition to any and all
26	taxes imposed by law. Such tax shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. For
27	cities described under subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section, the revenue of the tax shall be
28	used only for the purposes of promoting tourism, promoting economic development, and promoting
29	the retention and growth of any military base near the city.

Offered By

Action Taken_____ Date _____

- 1 3. The ballot of submission for any tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially the
- 2 following form:

Shall (insert the name of the city) impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels and motels situated in (name of city) at a rate of (insert proposed rate [of percent up to six-tenths of one percent]) (for the purpose of promoting tourism, promoting economic development, and promoting retention and growth of (insert name of military base))?

 \Box YES \Box NO

3	
4	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of
5	the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter
6	following the calendar quarter in which the election was held. If a majority of the votes cast on the
7	question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not
8	become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified
9	voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
10	4. As used in this section, "transient guests" means a person or persons who occupy a room
11	or rooms in a hotel or motel for thirty-one days or less during any calendar quarter.
12	67.1013. 1. The governing body of any city with more than ten thousand but fewer than
13	eleven thousand inhabitants and that is the county seat of a county with more than one hundred
14	thousand but fewer than one hundred twenty thousand inhabitants may impose a tax as provided in
15	this section.
16	2. The governing body of any city described in subsection one of this section may impose a
17	tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels or motels situated in
18	the city or a portion thereof, which shall be not more than six percent per occupied room per night.
19	Such tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city submits to the voters of
20	the city at a state, municipal, general or primary election a proposal to authorize the governing body
21	of the city to impose the tax pursuant to this section. The tax authorized by this section shall be in
22	addition to the charge for the sleeping room and shall be in addition to any and all other taxes. Such
23	tax shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.
24	3. The ballot submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially the
25	following form:
26	
27	Shall (insert name of the city) impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping
28	rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels and motels situated in (name
29	of city) at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent?
30	YESNO
31	
32	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of
33	the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter
34	following the calendar quarter in which the election was held. If a majority of the votes cast on the
35	question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax authorized
36	by this section shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this
37	section to the qualified voters of the city and such question is approved by a majority of the

1 qualified voters of the city voting on the question. 2 4. As used in this section, "transient guests" means a person or persons who occupy a room 3 or rooms in a hotel or motel for thirty-one days or less during any calendar quarter. 4 67.1360. 1. The governing body of the following cities and counties may impose a tax as 5 provided in this section: 6 (1) A city with a population of more than seven thousand and less than seven thousand five 7 hundred: 8 (2) A county with a population of over nine thousand six hundred and less than twelve 9 thousand which has a total assessed valuation of at least sixty-three million dollars, if the county 10 submits the issue to the voters of such county prior to January 1, 2003; 11 (3) A third class city which is the county seat of a county of the third classification without a 12 township form of government with a population of at least twenty-five thousand but not more than 13 thirty thousand inhabitants; 14 (4) Any fourth class city having, according to the last federal decennial census, a population 15 of more than one thousand eight hundred fifty inhabitants but less than one thousand nine hundred 16 fifty inhabitants in a county of the first classification with a charter form of government and having a population of greater than six hundred thousand but less than nine hundred thousand inhabitants; 17 18 (5) Any city having a population of more than three thousand but less than eight thousand 19 inhabitants in a county of the fourth classification having a population of greater than forty-eight 20 thousand inhabitants; 21 (6) Any city having a population of less than two hundred fifty inhabitants in a county of the 22 fourth classification having a population of greater than forty-eight thousand inhabitants; 23 (7) Any fourth class city having a population of more than two thousand five hundred but 24 less than three thousand inhabitants in a county of the third classification having a population of 25 more than twenty-five thousand but less than twenty-seven thousand inhabitants; 26 (8) Any third class city with a population of more than three thousand two hundred but less 27 than three thousand three hundred located in a county of the third classification having a population 28 of more than thirty-five thousand but less than thirty-six thousand; 29 (9) Any county of the second classification without a township form of government and a 30 population of less than thirty thousand; 31 (10) Any city of the fourth class in a county of the second classification without a township 32 form of government and a population of less than thirty thousand; 33 (11) Any county of the third classification with a township form of government and a 34 population of at least twenty-eight thousand but not more than thirty thousand; 35 (12) Any city of the fourth class with a population of more than one thousand eight hundred 36 but less than two thousand in a county of the third classification with a township form of 37 government and a population of at least twenty-eight thousand but not more than thirty thousand; 38 (13) Any city of the third class with a population of more than seven thousand two hundred 39 but less than seven thousand five hundred within a county of the third classification with a 40 population of more than twenty-one thousand but less than twenty-three thousand;

(14) Any fourth class city having a population of more than two thousand eight hundred but
less than three thousand one hundred inhabitants in a county of the third classification with a
township form of government having a population of more than eight thousand four hundred but
less than nine thousand inhabitants;

5 (15) Any fourth class city with a population of more than four hundred seventy but less than 6 five hundred twenty inhabitants located in a county of the third classification with a population of 7 more than fifteen thousand nine hundred but less than sixteen thousand inhabitants;

8 (16) Any third class city with a population of more than three thousand eight hundred but 9 less than four thousand inhabitants located in a county of the third classification with a population of 10 more than fifteen thousand nine hundred but less than sixteen thousand inhabitants;

(17) Any fourth class city with a population of more than four thousand three hundred but
less than four thousand five hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third classification
without a township form of government with a population greater than sixteen thousand but less
than sixteen thousand two hundred inhabitants;

(18) Any fourth class city with a population of more than two thousand four hundred but
less than two thousand six hundred inhabitants located in a county of the first classification without
a charter form of government with a population of more than fifty-five thousand but less than sixty
thousand inhabitants;

(19) Any fourth class city with a population of more than two thousand five hundred but
less than two thousand six hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third classification with a
population of more than nineteen thousand one hundred but less than nineteen thousand two
hundred inhabitants;

(20) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government with a
 population greater than sixteen thousand but less than sixteen thousand two hundred inhabitants;

(21) Any county of the second classification with a population of more than forty-four
thousand but less than fifty thousand inhabitants;

(22) Any third class city with a population of more than nine thousand five hundred but less
than nine thousand seven hundred inhabitants located in a county of the first classification without a
charter form of government and with a population of more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand
but less than one hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred inhabitants;

(23) Any city of the fourth classification with more than five thousand two hundred but less
than five thousand three hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third classification without a
township form of government and with more than twenty-four thousand five hundred but less than
twenty-four thousand six hundred inhabitants;

35 (24) Any third class city with a population of more than nineteen thousand nine hundred but 36 less than twenty thousand in a county of the first classification without a charter form of government 37 and with a population of more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred 38 ninety-eight thousand two hundred inhabitants; (25) Any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand six hundred but less
 than two thousand seven hundred inhabitants located in any county of the third classification
 without a township form of government and with more than fifteen thousand three hundred but less
 than fifteen thousand four hundred inhabitants;

- 5 (26) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with 6 more than fourteen thousand nine hundred but less than fifteen thousand inhabitants;
- 7 (27) Any city of the fourth classification with more than five thousand four hundred but
 8 fewer than five thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in more than one county;

9 (28) Any city of the fourth classification with more than six thousand three hundred but 10 fewer than six thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in more than one county through the 11 creation of a tourism district which may include, in addition to the geographic area of such city, the 12 area encompassed by the portion of the school district, located within a county of the first 13 classification with more than ninety-three thousand eight hundred but fewer than ninety-three 14 thousand nine hundred inhabitants, having an average daily attendance for school year 2005-06 15 between one thousand eight hundred and one thousand nine hundred;

(29) Any city of the fourth classification with more than seven thousand seven hundred but
 less than seven thousand eight hundred inhabitants located in a county of the first classification with
 more than ninety-three thousand eight hundred but less than ninety-three thousand nine hundred
 inhabitants;

(30) Any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand nine hundred but less
 than three thousand inhabitants located in a county of the first classification with more than seventy three thousand seven hundred but less than seventy-three thousand eight hundred inhabitants;

(31) Any city of the third classification with more than nine thousand three hundred but less
 than nine thousand four hundred inhabitants;

(32) Any city of the fourth classification with more than three thousand eight hundred but
fewer than three thousand nine hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first
classification with more than thirty-nine thousand seven hundred but fewer than thirty-nine thousand
sight hundred inhabitants

eight hundred inhabitants;

(33) Any city of the fourth classification with more than one thousand eight hundred but
fewer than one thousand nine hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first
classification with more than one hundred thirty-five thousand four hundred but fewer than one

- 32 hundred thirty-five thousand five hundred inhabitants;
- (34) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with
 more than twelve thousand one hundred but fewer than twelve thousand two hundred inhabitants;

(35) Any city of the fourth classification with more than three thousand eight hundred but
 fewer than four thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county; provided, however, that
 motels owned by not-for-profit organizations are exempt;

(36) Any city of the fourth classification with more than five thousand but fewer than five
thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county with a charter form of government and
with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants; [or]
(37) Any city with more than four thousand but fewer than five thousand five hundred
inhabitants and located in any county of the fourth classification with more than thirty thousand but
fewer than forty-two thousand inhabitants; or

7 (38) Any city with more than eight thousand but fewer than nine thousand inhabitants and
8 partially located in a county with more than nineteen thousand but fewer than twenty-two thousand
9 inhabitants.

10 2. The governing body of any city or county listed in subsection 1 of this section may 11 impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels, motels, bed 12 and breakfast inns, and campgrounds and any docking facility that rents slips to recreational boats 13 that are used by transients for sleeping, which shall be at least two percent but not more than five 14 percent per occupied room per night, except that such tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of the city or county at a state general, 15 16 primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the city or county to 17 impose a tax pursuant to the provisions of this section and section 67.1362. The tax authorized by 18 this section and section 67.1362 shall be in addition to any charge paid to the owner or operator and 19 shall be in addition to any and all taxes imposed by law and the proceeds of such tax shall be used 20 by the city or county solely for funding the promotion of tourism. Such tax shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes."; and 21 22

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references

24 accordingly.