Amendment NO.

House

Offered By AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 24, Page 1, Section 1 2 A, Line 3, by inserting after said section and line the following: 3 4 "67.145. 1. No political subdivision of this state shall prohibit any first responder from 5 engaging in any political activity while off duty and not in uniform, being a candidate for elected or 6 appointed public office, or holding such office unless such political activity or candidacy is 7 otherwise prohibited by state or federal law. 8 2. As used in this section, "first responder" means any person trained and authorized by law 9 or rule to render emergency medical assistance or treatment. Such persons may include, but shall not be limited to, emergency first responders, telecommunicator first responders, police officers, 10 sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, firefighters, [ambulance attendants and attendant drivers,] emergency 11 12 medical technicians, [mobile emergency medical technicians,] [emergency medical technician-13 paramedics] paramedics, registered nurses, or physicians. 14 70.631. 1. Each political subdivision may, by majority vote of its governing body, elect to 15 cover [emergency telecommunicators] telecommunicator first responders, jailors, and emergency 16 medical service personnel as public safety personnel members of the system. The clerk or secretary of the political subdivision shall certify an election concerning the coverage of [emergency 17 18 telecommunicators] telecommunicator first responders, jailors, and emergency medical service 19 personnel as public safety personnel members of the system to the board within ten days after such vote. The date in which the political subdivision's election becomes effective shall be the first day 20 21 of the calendar month specified by such governing body, the first day of the calendar month next following receipt by the board of the certification of the election, or the effective date of the political 22 23 subdivision's becoming an employer, whichever is the latest date. Such election shall not be 24 changed after the effective date. If the election is made, the coverage provisions shall be applicable 25 to all past and future employment with the employer by present and future employees. If a political 26 subdivision makes no election under this section, no [emergency] telecommunicator first responder, jailor, or emergency medical service personnel of the political subdivision shall be considered public 27 28 safety personnel for purposes determining a minimum service retirement age as defined in section 29 70.600.

Action Taken_____

Date

2. If an employer elects to cover [emergency telecommunicators] telecommunicator first 1 2 responders, jailors, and emergency medical service personnel as public safety personnel members of 3 the system, the employer's contributions shall be correspondingly changed effective the same date as 4 the effective date of the political subdivision's election.

- 5 3. The limitation on increases in an employer's contributions provided by subsection 6 of 6 section 70.730 shall not apply to any contribution increase resulting from an employer making an 7 election under the provisions of this section.
- 8 105.500. For purposes of sections 105.500 to 105.598, unless the context otherwise requires, 9 the following words and phrases mean:
- (1) "Bargaining unit", a unit of public employees at any plant or installation or in a craft or 10 11 in a function of a public body that establishes a clear and identifiable community of interest among 12 the public employees concerned;
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(2) "Board", the state board of mediation established under section 295.030;

14 (3) "Department", the department of labor and industrial relations established under section 15 286.010;

16 (4) "Exclusive bargaining representative", an organization that has been designated or 17 selected, as provided in section 105.575, by a majority of the public employees in a bargaining unit as the representative of such public employees in such unit for purposes of collective bargaining; 18

- 19 (5) "Labor organization", any organization, agency, or public employee representation 20 committee or plan, in which public employees participate and that exists for the purpose, in whole 21 or in part, of dealing with a public body or public bodies concerning collective bargaining, 22 grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment, or conditions of work;
- 23 (6) "Public body", the state of Missouri, or any officer, agency, department, bureau, division, 24 board or commission of the state, or any other political subdivision or special district of or within 25 the state. Public body shall not include the department of corrections;
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(7) "Public employee", any person employed by a public body;

(8) "Public safety labor organization", a labor organization wholly or primarily representing 27 28 persons trained or authorized by law or rule to render emergency medical assistance or treatment, 29 including, but not limited to, firefighters, [ambulance attendants, attendant drivers,] emergency 30 medical technicians, [emergency medical technician paramedics,] dispatchers, registered nurses and 31 physicians, and persons who are vested with the power of arrest for criminal code violations 32 including, but not limited to, police officers, sheriffs, and deputy sheriffs.

- 33 170.310. 1. For school year 2017-18 and each school year thereafter, upon graduation from 34 high school, pupils in public schools and charter schools shall have received thirty minutes of 35 cardiopulmonary resuscitation instruction and training in the proper performance of the Heimlich 36 maneuver or other first aid for choking given any time during a pupil's four years of high school.
- 37 2. Beginning in school year 2017-18, any public school or charter school serving grades 38 nine through twelve shall provide enrolled students instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation. 39 Students with disabilities may participate to the extent appropriate as determined by the provisions

of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. Instruction shall be included in the district's existing health or physical education curriculum. Instruction shall be based on a program established by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross, or through a nationally recognized program based on the most current national evidence-based emergency cardiovascular care guidelines, and psychomotor skills development shall be incorporated into the instruction. For purposes of this section, "psychomotor skills" means the use of hands-on practicing and skills testing to support cognitive learning.

8 3. The teacher of the cardiopulmonary resuscitation course or unit shall not be required to be 9 a certified trainer of cardiopulmonary resuscitation if the instruction is not designed to result in 10 certification of students. Instruction that is designed to result in certification being earned shall be 11 required to be taught by an authorized cardiopulmonary instructor. Schools may develop 12 agreements with any local chapter of a voluntary organization of first responders to provide the 13 required hands-on practice and skills testing. For purposes of this subsection, "first responders" 14 shall include telecommunicator first responders as defined in section 650.320.

The department of elementary and secondary education may promulgate rules to 15 4. implement this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that 16 17 is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies 18 with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This 19 section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are 20 21 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or 22 adopted after August 28, 2012, shall be invalid and void.

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190.091. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Bioterrorism", the intentional use of any microorganism, virus, infectious substance, or biological product that may be engineered as a result of biotechnology or any naturally occurring or bioengineered component of any microorganism, virus, infectious substance, or biological product to cause death, disease, or other biological malfunction in a human, an animal, a plant, or any other living organism to influence the conduct of government or to intimidate or coerce a civilian population;

30 31 (2) "Department", the Missouri department of health and senior services;

- (3) "Director", the director of the department of health and senior services;
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(4) "Disaster locations", any geographical location where a bioterrorism attack, terrorist

- 33 attack, catastrophic or natural disaster, or emergency occurs;
- (5) "First responders", state and local law enforcement personnel, <u>telecommunicator first</u>
 <u>responders</u>, fire department personnel, and emergency medical personnel who will be deployed to
 bioterrorism attacks, terrorist attacks, catastrophic or natural disasters, and emergencies;

37 (6) "Missouri state highway patrol telecommunicator", any authorized Missouri state
 38 highway patrol communications division personnel whose primary responsibility includes directly
 39 responding to emergency communications and who meet the training requirements pursuant to

1 <u>section 650.340</u>.

2 2. The department shall offer a vaccination program for first responders <u>and Missouri state</u> 3 <u>highway patrol telecommunicators</u> who may be exposed to infectious diseases when deployed to 4 disaster locations as a result of a bioterrorism event or a suspected bioterrorism event. The 5 vaccinations shall include, but are not limited to, smallpox, anthrax, and other vaccinations when 6 recommended by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Advisory Committee on 7 Immunization Practices.

8 3. Participation in the vaccination program shall be voluntary by the first responders and Missouri state highway patrol telecommunicators, except for first responders or Missouri state 9 10 highway patrol telecommunicators who, as determined by their employer, cannot safely perform 11 emergency responsibilities when responding to a bioterrorism event or suspected bioterrorism event 12 without being vaccinated. The recommendations of the Centers for Disease Control and 13 Prevention's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices shall be followed when providing 14 appropriate screening for contraindications to vaccination for first responders and Missouri state 15 highway patrol telecommunicators. A first responder and Missouri state highway patrol telecommunicator shall be exempt from vaccinations when a written statement from a licensed 16 17 physician is presented to their employer indicating that a vaccine is medically contraindicated for 18 such person.

19 4. If a shortage of the vaccines referred to in subsection 2 of this section exists following a 20 bioterrorism event or suspected bioterrorism event, the director, in consultation with the governor 21 and the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall give priority for such vaccinations 22 to persons exposed to the disease and to first responders <u>or Missouri state highway patrol</u> 23 <u>telecommunicators</u> who are deployed to the disaster location.

5. The department shall notify first responders <u>and Missouri state highway patrol</u> telecommunicators concerning the availability of the vaccination program described in subsection 2 of this section and shall provide education to such first responders, [and] their employers, and <u>Missouri state highway patrol telecommunicators</u> concerning the vaccinations offered and the associated diseases.

6. The department may contract for the administration of the vaccination program described
in subsection 2 of this section with health care providers, including but not limited to local public
health agencies, hospitals, federally qualified health centers, and physicians.

32 7. The provisions of this section shall become effective upon receipt of federal funding or 33 federal grants which designate that the funding is required to implement vaccinations for first 34 responders and Missouri state highway patrol telecommunicators in accordance with the 35 recommendations of the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Advisory Committee 36 on Immunization Practices. Upon receipt of such funding, the department shall make available the 37 vaccines to first responders and Missouri state highway patrol telecommunicators as provided in this 38 section. 1 190.100. As used in sections 190.001 to 190.245 and section 190.257, the following words 2 and terms mean:

3 (1) "Advanced emergency medical technician" or "AEMT", a person who has successfully 4 completed a course of instruction in certain aspects of advanced life support care as prescribed by 5 the department and is licensed by the department in accordance with sections 190.001 to 190.245 and rules and regulations adopted by the department pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245; 6

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(2) "Advanced life support (ALS)", an advanced level of care as provided to the adult and 8 pediatric patient such as defined by national curricula, and any modifications to that curricula specified in rules adopted by the department pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245; 9

10 (3) "Ambulance", any privately or publicly owned vehicle or craft that is specially designed, 11 constructed or modified, staffed or equipped for, and is intended or used, maintained or operated for 12 the transportation of persons who are sick, injured, wounded or otherwise incapacitated or helpless, 13 or who require the presence of medical equipment being used on such individuals, but the term does 14 not include any motor vehicle specially designed, constructed or converted for the regular 15 transportation of persons who are disabled, handicapped, normally using a wheelchair, or otherwise 16 not acutely ill, or emergency vehicles used within airports;

17 (4) "Ambulance service", a person or entity that provides emergency or nonemergency 18 ambulance transportation and services, or both, in compliance with sections 190.001 to 190.245, and 19 the rules promulgated by the department pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245;

20 (5) "Ambulance service area", a specific geographic area in which an ambulance service has 21 been authorized to operate;

(6) "Basic life support (BLS)", a basic level of care, as provided to the adult and pediatric 22 23 patient as defined by national curricula, and any modifications to that curricula specified in rules 24 adopted by the department pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245;

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(7) "Council", the state advisory council on emergency medical services;

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(8) "Department", the department of health and senior services, state of Missouri;

27 (9) "Director", the director of the department of health and senior services or the director's 28 duly authorized representative;

29 (10) "Dispatch agency", any person or organization that receives requests for emergency 30 medical services from the public, by telephone or other means, and is responsible for dispatching 31 emergency medical services;

32 (11) "Emergency", the sudden and, at the time, unexpected onset of a health condition that 33 manifests itself by symptoms of sufficient severity that would lead a prudent layperson, possessing 34 an average knowledge of health and medicine, to believe that the absence of immediate medical care 35 could result in:

36 (a) Placing the person's health, or with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child, in significant jeopardy; 37

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- (b) Serious impairment to a bodily function;
- 39 (c) Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part;

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(d) Inadequately controlled pain;

2 (12) "Emergency medical dispatcher", a person who receives emergency calls from the 3 public and has successfully completed an emergency medical dispatcher course[, meeting or 4 exceeding the national curriculum of the United States Department of Transportation and any 5 modifications to such curricula specified by the department through rules adopted pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245] and any ongoing training requirements under section 650.340; 6

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"Emergency medical responder", a person who has successfully completed an (13)8 emergency first response course meeting or exceeding the national curriculum of the U.S. 9 Department of Transportation and any modifications to such curricula specified by the department 10 through rules adopted under sections 190.001 to 190.245 and who provides emergency medical care 11 through employment by or in association with an emergency medical response agency;

12 (14) "Emergency medical response agency", any person that regularly provides a level of 13 care that includes first response, basic life support or advanced life support, exclusive of patient 14 transportation;

15 "Emergency medical services for children (EMS-C) system", the arrangement of (15)16 personnel, facilities and equipment for effective and coordinated delivery of pediatric emergency 17 medical services required in prevention and management of incidents which occur as a result of a 18 medical emergency or of an injury event, natural disaster or similar situation;

19 (16) "Emergency medical services (EMS) system", the arrangement of personnel, facilities 20 and equipment for the effective and coordinated delivery of emergency medical services required in 21 prevention and management of incidents occurring as a result of an illness, injury, natural disaster or 22 similar situation;

23 (17) "Emergency medical technician", a person licensed in emergency medical care in 24 accordance with standards prescribed by sections 190.001 to 190.245, and by rules adopted by the department pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245; 25

(18) ["Emergency medical technician-basic" or "EMT-B", a person who has successfully 26 27 completed a course of instruction in basic life support as prescribed by the department and is 28 licensed by the department in accordance with standards prescribed by sections 190.001 to 190.245 29 and rules adopted by the department pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245;

30 (19)] "Emergency medical technician-community paramedic", "community paramedic", or 31 "EMT-CP", a person who is certified as an emergency medical technician-paramedic and is certified 32 by the department in accordance with standards prescribed in section 190.098;

33 [(20) "Emergency medical technician-paramedic" or "EMT-P", a person who has 34 successfully completed a course of instruction in advanced life support care as prescribed by the 35 department and is licensed by the department in accordance with sections 190.001 to 190.245 and 36 rules adopted by the department pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245;

37 (21) (19) "Emergency services", health care items and services furnished or required to 38 screen and stabilize an emergency which may include, but shall not be limited to, health care

services that are provided in a licensed hospital's emergency facility by an appropriate provider or 1 2 by an ambulance service or emergency medical response agency;

[(22)] (20) "Health care facility", a hospital, nursing home, physician's office or other fixed 3 4 location at which medical and health care services are performed;

5 $\left[\frac{(23)}{(21)}\right]$ (21) "Hospital", an establishment as defined in the hospital licensing law, subsection 6 2 of section 197.020, or a hospital operated by the state;

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[(24)] (22) "Medical control", supervision provided by or under the direction of physicians, 8 or their designated registered nurse, including both online medical control, instructions by radio, 9 telephone, or other means of direct communications, and offline medical control through 10 supervision by treatment protocols, case review, training, and standing orders for treatment;

11 [(25)] (23) "Medical direction", medical guidance and supervision provided by a physician 12 to an emergency services provider or emergency medical services system;

[(26)] (24) "Medical director", a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 334 designated by 13 14 the ambulance service or emergency medical response agency and who meets criteria specified by 15 the department by rules pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245;

16 [(27)] (25) "Memorandum of understanding", an agreement between an emergency medical 17 response agency or dispatch agency and an ambulance service or services within whose territory the 18 agency operates, in order to coordinate emergency medical services;

19 (26) "Paramedic", a person who has successfully completed a course of instruction in 20 advanced life support care as prescribed by the department and is licensed by the department in 21 accordance with sections 190.001 to 190.245 and rules adopted by the department pursuant to 22 sections 190.001 to 190.245;

23 [(28)] (27) "Patient", an individual who is sick, injured, wounded, diseased, or otherwise 24 incapacitated or helpless, or dead, excluding deceased individuals being transported from or 25 between private or public institutions, homes or cemeteries, and individuals declared dead prior to 26 the time an ambulance is called for assistance;

27 [(29)] (28) "Person", as used in these definitions and elsewhere in sections 190.001 to 28 190.245, any individual, firm, partnership, copartnership, joint venture, association, cooperative 29 organization, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not, state, 30 county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or fraternal organization, 31 estate, public trust, business or common law trust, receiver, assignee for the benefit of creditors, 32 trustee or trustee in bankruptcy, or any other service user or provider;

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[(30)] (29) "Physician", a person licensed as a physician pursuant to chapter 334;

34 [(31)] (30) "Political subdivision", any municipality, city, county, city not within a county, 35 ambulance district or fire protection district located in this state which provides or has authority to 36 provide ambulance service;

37 [(32)] (31) "Professional organization", any organized group or association with an ongoing interest regarding emergency medical services. Such groups and associations could include those 38 representing volunteers, labor, management, firefighters, [EMT-B's,] EMTs, nurses, [EMT-P's,] 39

<u>paramedics</u>, physicians, communications specialists and instructors. Organizations could also represent the interests of ground ambulance services, air ambulance services, fire service organizations, law enforcement, hospitals, trauma centers, communication centers, pediatric services, labor unions and poison control services;

5 [(33)] (32) "Proof of financial responsibility", proof of ability to respond to damages for 6 liability, on account of accidents occurring subsequent to the effective date of such proof, arising out 7 of the ownership, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle in the financial amount set in rules 8 promulgated by the department, but in no event less than the statutory minimum required for motor 9 vehicles. Proof of financial responsibility shall be used as proof of self-insurance;

[(34)] (33) "Protocol", a predetermined, written medical care guideline, which may include
 standing orders;

[(35)] (34) "Regional EMS advisory committee", a committee formed within an emergency
 medical services (EMS) region to advise ambulance services, the state advisory council on EMS and
 the department;

15 [(36)] (35) "Specialty care transportation", the transportation of a patient requiring the 16 services of an emergency medical technician-paramedic who has received additional training 17 beyond the training prescribed by the department. Specialty care transportation services shall be 18 defined in writing in the appropriate local protocols for ground and air ambulance services and 19 approved by the local physician medical director. The protocols shall be maintained by the local 20 ambulance service and shall define the additional training required of the emergency medical 21 technician-paramedic;

[(37)] (36) "Stabilize", with respect to an emergency, the provision of such medical treatment as may be necessary to attempt to assure within reasonable medical probability that no material deterioration of an individual's medical condition is likely to result from or occur during ambulance transportation unless the likely benefits of such transportation outweigh the risks;

[(38)] (37) "State advisory council on emergency medical services", a committee formed to
 advise the department on policy affecting emergency medical service throughout the state;

[(39)] (38) "State EMS medical directors advisory committee", a subcommittee of the state
 advisory council on emergency medical services formed to advise the state advisory council on
 emergency medical services and the department on medical issues;

31 [(40)] (39) "STEMI" or "ST-elevation myocardial infarction", a type of heart attack in 32 which impaired blood flow to the patient's heart muscle is evidenced by ST-segment elevation in 33 electrocardiogram analysis, and as further defined in rules promulgated by the department under 34 sections 190.001 to 190.250;

[(41)] (40) "STEMI care", includes education and prevention, emergency transport, triage,
 and acute care and rehabilitative services for STEMI that requires immediate medical or surgical
 intervention or treatment;

38 [(42)] (41) "STEMI center", a hospital that is currently designated as such by the department
 39 to care for patients with ST-segment elevation myocardial infarctions;

1 [(43)] (42) "Stroke", a condition of impaired blood flow to a patient's brain as defined by the 2 department;

3 [(44)] (43) "Stroke care", includes emergency transport, triage, and acute intervention and 4 other acute care services for stroke that potentially require immediate medical or surgical 5 intervention or treatment, and may include education, primary prevention, acute intervention, acute 6 and subacute management, prevention of complications, secondary stroke prevention, and 7 rehabilitative services;

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[(45)] (44) "Stroke center", a hospital that is currently designated as such by the department;

9 [(46)] (45) "Time-critical diagnosis", trauma care, stroke care, and STEMI care occurring 10 either outside of a hospital or in a center designated under section 190.241;

[(47)] (46) "Time-critical diagnosis advisory committee", a committee formed under section
 190.257 to advise the department on policies impacting trauma, stroke, and STEMI center
 designations; regulations on trauma care, stroke care, and STEMI care; and the transport of trauma,
 stroke, and STEMI patients;

15 [(48)] (47) "Trauma", an injury to human tissues and organs resulting from the transfer of 16 energy from the environment;

[(49)] (48) "Trauma care" includes injury prevention, triage, acute care and rehabilitative
 services for major single system or multisystem injuries that potentially require immediate medical
 or surgical intervention or treatment;

20 [(50)] (49) "Trauma center", a hospital that is currently designated as such by the 21 department.

22 190.103. 1. One physician with expertise in emergency medical services from each of the 23 EMS regions shall be elected by that region's EMS medical directors to serve as a regional EMS 24 medical director. The regional EMS medical directors shall constitute the state EMS medical 25 director's advisory committee and shall advise the department and their region's ambulance services 26 on matters relating to medical control and medical direction in accordance with sections 190.001 to 27 190.245 and rules adopted by the department pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245. The regional 28 EMS medical director shall serve a term of four years. The southwest, northwest, and Kansas City 29 regional EMS medical directors shall be elected to an initial two-year term. The central, east 30 central, and southeast regional EMS medical directors shall be elected to an initial four-year term. 31 All subsequent terms following the initial terms shall be four years. The state EMS medical director 32 shall be the chair of the state EMS medical director's advisory committee, and shall be elected by 33 the members of the regional EMS medical director's advisory committee, shall serve a term of four 34 years, and shall seek to coordinate EMS services between the EMS regions, promote educational 35 efforts for agency medical directors, represent Missouri EMS nationally in the role of the state EMS 36 medical director, and seek to incorporate the EMS system into the health care system serving 37 Missouri.

A medical director is required for all ambulance services and emergency medical
 response agencies that provide: advanced life support services; basic life support services utilizing

medications or providing assistance with patients' medications; or basic life support services
 performing invasive procedures including invasive airway procedures. The medical director shall
 provide medical direction to these services and agencies in these instances.

4 3. The medical director, in cooperation with the ambulance service or emergency medical 5 response agency administrator, shall have the responsibility and the authority to ensure that the personnel working under their supervision are able to provide care meeting established standards of 6 7 care with consideration for state and national standards as well as local area needs and resources. 8 The medical director, in cooperation with the ambulance service or emergency medical response 9 agency administrator, shall establish and develop triage, treatment and transport protocols, which 10 may include authorization for standing orders. Emergency medical technicians shall only perform 11 those medical procedures as directed by treatment protocols approved by the local medical director 12 or when authorized through direct communication with online medical control.

4. All ambulance services and emergency medical response agencies that are required to have a medical director shall establish an agreement between the service or agency and their medical director. The agreement will include the roles, responsibilities and authority of the medical director beyond what is granted in accordance with sections 190.001 to 190.245 and rules adopted by the department pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245. The agreement shall also include grievance procedures regarding the emergency medical response agency or ambulance service, personnel and the medical director.

5. Regional EMS medical directors and the state EMS medical director elected as provided
 under subsection 1 of this section shall be considered public officials for purposes of sovereign
 immunity, official immunity, and the Missouri public duty doctrine defenses.

6. The state EMS medical director's advisory committee shall be considered a peer review
 committee under section 537.035.

7. Regional EMS medical directors may act to provide online telecommunication medical
 direction to AEMTs, [EMT-Bs, EMT-Ps] EMTs, paramedics, and community paramedics and
 provide offline medical direction per standardized treatment, triage, and transport protocols when
 EMS personnel, including AEMTs, [EMT-Bs, EMT-Ps] EMTs, paramedics, and community
 paramedics, are providing care to special needs patients or at the request of a local EMS agency or
 medical director.

8. When developing treatment protocols for special needs patients, regional EMS medical directors may promulgate such protocols on a regional basis across multiple political subdivisions' jurisdictional boundaries, and such protocols may be used by multiple agencies including, but not limited to, ambulance services, emergency response agencies, and public health departments. Treatment protocols shall include steps to ensure the receiving hospital is informed of the pending arrival of the special needs patient, the condition of the patient, and the treatment instituted.

9. Multiple EMS agencies including, but not limited to, ambulance services, emergency
 response agencies, and public health departments shall take necessary steps to follow the regional

EMS protocols established as provided under subsection 8 of this section in cases of mass casualty 1 2 or state-declared disaster incidents.

- 3 10. When regional EMS medical directors develop and implement treatment protocols for 4 patients or provide online medical direction for patients, such activity shall not be construed as 5 having usurped local medical direction authority in any manner.
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The state EMS medical directors advisory committee shall review and make 11. 7 recommendations regarding all proposed community and regional time-critical diagnosis plans.

8 12. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, when regional EMS medical 9 directors are providing either online telecommunication medical direction to AEMTs, [EMT-Bs, 10 EMT-Ps] EMTs, paramedics, and community paramedics, or offline medical direction per standardized EMS treatment, triage, and transport protocols for patients, those medical directions or 11 12 treatment protocols may include the administration of the patient's own prescription medications.

13 190.142. 1. (1) For applications submitted before the recognition of EMS personnel 14 licensure interstate compact under sections 190.900 to 190.939 takes effect, the department shall, 15 within a reasonable time after receipt of an application, cause such investigation as it deems 16 necessary to be made of the applicant for an emergency medical technician's license.

17 (2) For applications submitted after the recognition of EMS personnel licensure interstate 18 compact under sections 190.900 to 190.939 takes effect, an applicant for initial licensure as an 19 emergency medical technician in this state shall submit to a background check by the Missouri state 20 highway patrol and the Federal Bureau of Investigation through a process approved by the 21 department of health and senior services. Such processes may include the use of vendors or systems 22 administered by the Missouri state highway patrol. The department may share the results of such a 23 criminal background check with any emergency services licensing agency in any member state, as 24 that term is defined under section 190.900, in recognition of the EMS personnel licensure interstate 25 compact. The department shall not issue a license until the department receives the results of an 26 applicant's criminal background check from the Missouri state highway patrol and the Federal 27 Bureau of Investigation, but, notwithstanding this subsection, the department may issue a temporary 28 license as provided under section 190.143. Any fees due for a criminal background check shall be 29 paid by the applicant.

30 (3) The director may authorize investigations into criminal records in other states for any applicant. 31

- 32 2. The department shall issue a license to all levels of emergency medical technicians, for a 33 period of five years, if the applicant meets the requirements established pursuant to sections 190.001 34 to 190.245 and the rules adopted by the department pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245. The 35 department may promulgate rules relating to the requirements for an emergency medical technician 36 including but not limited to:
- 37 (1) Age requirements;

38 (2) Emergency medical technician and paramedic education and training requirements based 39 on respective National Emergency Medical Services Education Standards and any modification to such curricula specified by the department through rules adopted pursuant to sections 190.001 to
 190.245;

- 3 (3) Paramedic accreditation requirements. Paramedic training programs shall be accredited
 4 [by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs (CAAHEP) or hold a
 5 CAAHEP letter of review] as required by the National Registry of Emergency Medical Technicians;
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(5) Continuing education and relicensure requirements; and

be through the national registry of EMTs;

- 8 9
- (6) Ability to speak, read and write the English language.

3. Application for all levels of emergency medical technician license shall be made upon such forms as prescribed by the department in rules adopted pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245. The application form shall contain such information as the department deems necessary to make a determination as to whether the emergency medical technician meets all the requirements of sections 190.001 to 190.245 and rules promulgated pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245.

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4. All levels of emergency medical technicians may perform only that patient care which is:

(4) Initial licensure testing requirements. Initial [EMT-P] paramedic licensure testing shall

16 (1) Consistent with the training, education and experience of the particular emergencymedical technician; and

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(2) Ordered by a physician or set forth in protocols approved by the medical director.

19 5. No person shall hold themselves out as an emergency medical technician or provide the20 services of an emergency medical technician unless such person is licensed by the department.

6. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and void.

28 190.147. 1. [An emergency medical technician paramedic (EMT-P)] A paramedic may 29 make a good faith determination that such behavioral health patients who present a likelihood of serious harm to themselves or others, as the term "likelihood of serious harm" is defined under 30 31 section 632.005, or who are significantly incapacitated by alcohol or drugs shall be placed into a 32 temporary hold for the sole purpose of transport to the nearest appropriate facility; provided that, 33 such determination shall be made in cooperation with at least one other [EMT-P] paramedic or other 34 health care professional involved in the transport. Once in a temporary hold, the patient shall be 35 treated with humane care in a manner that preserves human dignity, consistent with applicable 36 federal regulations and nationally recognized guidelines regarding the appropriate use of temporary 37 holds and restraints in medical transport. Prior to making such a determination:

38 (1) The [EMT-P] paramedic shall have completed a standard crisis intervention training
 39 course as endorsed and developed by the state EMS medical director's advisory committee;

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(2) The [EMT-P] paramedic shall have been authorized by his or her ground or air ambulance service's administration and medical director under subsection 3 of section 190.103; and

- 3 (3) The [EMT-P's] paramedic ground or air ambulance service has developed and adopted 4 standardized triage, treatment, and transport protocols under subsection 3 of section 190.103, which 5 address the challenge of treating and transporting such patients. Provided:
- 6 (a) That such protocols shall be reviewed and approved by the state EMS medical director's 7 advisory committee; and
- 8 (b) That such protocols shall direct the [EMT-P] paramedic regarding the proper use of 9 patient restraint and coordination with area law enforcement; and
- 10

(c) Patient restraint protocols shall be based upon current applicable national guidelines.

11 2. In any instance in which a good faith determination for a temporary hold of a patient has 12 been made, such hold shall be made in a clinically appropriate and adequately justified manner, and 13 shall be documented and attested to in writing. The writing shall be retained by the ambulance 14 service and included as part of the patient's medical file.

15 3. [EMT-Ps] Paramedics who have made a good faith decision for a temporary hold of a 16 patient as authorized by this section shall no longer have to rely on the common law doctrine of 17 implied consent and therefore shall not be civilly liable for a good faith determination made in 18 accordance with this section and shall not have waived any sovereign immunity defense, official 19 immunity defense, or Missouri public duty doctrine defense if employed at the time of the good 20 faith determination by a government employer.

21 4. Any ground or air ambulance service that adopts the authority and protocols provided for 22 by this section shall have a memorandum of understanding with applicable local law enforcement 23 agencies in order to achieve a collaborative and coordinated response to patients displaying 24 symptoms of either a likelihood of serious harm to themselves or others or significant incapacitation 25 by alcohol or drugs, which require a crisis intervention response. The memorandum of 26 understanding shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

27 (1) Administrative oversight, including coordination between ambulance services and law 28 enforcement agencies;

29 (2) Patient restraint techniques and coordination of agency responses to situations in which 30 patient restraint may be required;

31 (3) Field interaction between paramedics and law enforcement, including patient destination 32 and transportation; and

33

(4) Coordination of program quality assurance.

34 5. The physical restraint of a patient by an emergency medical technician under the 35 authority of this section shall be permitted only in order to provide for the safety of bystanders, the 36 patient, or emergency personnel due to an imminent or immediate danger, or upon approval by local 37 medical control through direct communications. Restraint shall also be permitted through cooperation with on-scene law enforcement officers. All incidents involving patient restraint used 38

under the authority of this section shall be reviewed by the ambulance service physician medical 1 2 director.

3 190.327. 1. Immediately upon the decision by the commission to utilize a portion of the 4 emergency telephone tax for central dispatching and an affirmative vote of the telephone tax, the 5 commission shall appoint the initial members of a board which shall administer the funds and oversee the provision of central dispatching for emergency services in the county and in 6 7 municipalities and other political subdivisions which have contracted for such service. Beginning 8 with the general election in 1992, all board members shall be elected according to this section and other applicable laws of this state. At the time of the appointment of the initial members of the 9 10 board, the commission shall relinquish to the board and no longer exercise the duties prescribed in this chapter with regard to the provision of emergency telephone service and in chapter 321, with 11 12 regard to the provision of central dispatching service, and such duties shall be exercised by the 13 board.

14 2. Elections for board members may be held on general municipal election day, as defined in 15 subsection 3 of section 115.121, after approval by a simple majority of the county commission.

16 3. For the purpose of providing the services described in this section, the board shall have the following powers, authority and privileges: 17

18

(1) To have and use a corporate seal;

19

(2) To sue and be sued, and be a party to suits, actions and proceedings;

20 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises and agreements with any person, partnership, 21 association or corporation, public or private, affecting the affairs of the board;

22 (4) To acquire, construct, purchase, maintain, dispose of and encumber real and personal 23 property, including leases and easements;

24 (5) To have the management, control and supervision of all the business affairs of the board 25 and the construction, installation, operation and maintenance of any improvements;

26 (6) To hire and retain agents and employees and to provide for their compensation including health and pension benefits; 27

28

(7) To adopt and amend by laws and any other rules and regulations;

29 (8) To fix, charge and collect the taxes and fees authorized by law for the purpose of 30 implementing and operating the services described in this section;

31

(9) To pay all expenses connected with the first election and all subsequent elections; and

32 (10) To have and exercise all rights and powers necessary or incidental to or implied from 33 the specific powers granted in this subsection. Such specific powers shall not be considered as a 34 limitation upon any power necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and intent of sections 35 190.300 to 190.329.

36 4. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections 1 and 2 of this section to the contrary, 37 the county commission may elect to appoint the members of the board to administer the funds and 38 oversee the provision of central dispatching for emergency services in the counties, municipalities, 39 and other political subdivisions which have contracted for such service upon the request of the 1 municipalities and other political subdivisions. Upon appointment of the initial members of the 2 board, the commission shall relinquish all powers and duties to the board and no longer exercise the 3 duties prescribed in this chapter with regard to the provision of central dispatching service and such 4 duties shall be exercised by the board.

5 (2) The board shall consist of seven members appointed without regard to political 6 affiliation. The members shall include:

7 (a) Five members who shall serve for so long as they remain in their respective county or8 municipal positions as follows:

9

a. The county sheriff, or his or her designee;

b. The heads of the municipal police department who have contracted for central
dispatching service in the two largest municipalities wholly contained within the county, or their
designees; or

c. The heads of the municipal fire departments or fire divisions who have contracted for
 central dispatching service in the two largest municipalities wholly contained within the county, or
 their designees;

16

(b) Two members who shall serve two-year terms appointed from among the following:

a. The head of any of the county's fire protection districts who have contracted for centraldispatching service, or his or her designee;

b. The head of any of the county's ambulance districts who have contracted for centraldispatching service, or his or her designee;

c. The head of any of the municipal police departments located in the county who have
 contracted for central dispatching service, or his or her designee, excluding those mentioned in
 subparagraph b. of paragraph (a) of this subdivision; and

d. The head of any of the municipal fire departments in the county who have contracted for
central dispatching service, or his or her designee, excluding those mentioned in subparagraph c. of
paragraph (a) of this subdivision.

(3) Upon the appointment of the board under this subsection, the board shall have the
powers provided in subsection 3 of this section and the commission shall relinquish all powers and
duties relating to the provision of central dispatching service under this chapter to the board.

30 [5.An emergency services board originally organized under section 190.325 operating within 31 a county with a charter form of government and with more than two hundred thousand but fewer 32 than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants shall not have a sales tax for emergency services or for 33 providing central dispatching for emergency services greater than one-quarter of one percent. If on 34 July 9, 2019, such tax is greater than one-quarter of one percent, the board shall lower the tax 35 rate.]"; and

36

Further amend said bill, Page 3, Section 190.1010, Line 66, by inserting after said section and linethe following:

39

"192.2405. 1. The following persons shall be required to immediately report or cause a
report to be made to the department under sections 192.2400 to 192.2470:

1 (1) Any person having reasonable cause to suspect that an eligible adult presents a 2 likelihood of suffering serious physical harm, or bullying as defined in subdivision (2) of section 3 192.2400, and is in need of protective services; and

3

4 (2) Any adult day care worker, chiropractor, Christian Science practitioner, coroner, dentist, 5 embalmer, employee of the departments of social services, mental health, or health and senior 6 services, employee of a local area agency on aging or an organized area agency on aging program, 7 emergency medical technician, firefighter, first responder, funeral director, home health agency, 8 home health agency employee, hospital and clinic personnel engaged in the care or treatment of 9 others, in-home services owner or provider, in-home services operator or employee, law 10 enforcement officer, long-term care facility administrator or employee, medical examiner, medical 11 resident or intern, mental health professional, minister, nurse, nurse practitioner, optometrist, other 12 health practitioner, peace officer, pharmacist, physical therapist, physician, physician's assistant, 13 podiatrist, probation or parole officer, psychologist, social worker, or other person with the 14 responsibility for the care of an eligible adult who has reasonable cause to suspect that the eligible 15 adult has been subjected to abuse or neglect or observes the eligible adult being subjected to 16 conditions or circumstances which would reasonably result in abuse or neglect. Notwithstanding 17 any other provision of this section, a duly ordained minister, clergy, religious worker, or Christian 18 Science practitioner while functioning in his or her ministerial capacity shall not be required to 19 report concerning a privileged communication made to him or her in his or her professional 20 capacity.

Any other person who becomes aware of circumstances that may reasonably be expected
 to be the result of, or result in, abuse or neglect of an eligible adult may report to the department.

3. The penalty for failing to report as required under subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this
section is provided under section 565.188.

4. As used in this section, "first responder" means any person trained and authorized by law
 or rule to render emergency medical assistance or treatment. Such persons may include, but shall
 not be limited to, emergency first responders, police officers, sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, firefighters,
 <u>paramedics, or emergency medical technicians[, or emergency medical technician-paramedics]</u>.

29 208.1032. 1. The department of social services shall be authorized to design and implement 30 in consultation and coordination with eligible providers as described in subsection 2 of this section 31 an intergovernmental transfer program relating to ground emergency medical transport services, 32 including those services provided at the emergency medical responder, emergency medical 33 technician (EMT), advanced EMT, [EMT intermediate,] or paramedic levels in the prestabilization 34 and preparation for transport, in order to increase capitation payments for the purpose of increasing 35 reimbursement to eligible providers.

A provider shall be eligible for increased reimbursement under this section only if the
 provider meets the following conditions in an applicable state fiscal year:

38 (1) Provides ground emergency medical transportation services to MO HealthNet
 39 participants;

1 2

- (2) Is enrolled as a MO HealthNet provider for the period being claimed; and
- (3) Is owned, operated, or contracted by the state or a political subdivision.

3 3. (1) To the extent intergovernmental transfers are voluntarily made by and accepted from 4 an eligible provider described in subsection 2 of this section or a governmental entity affiliated with 5 an eligible provider, the department of social services shall make increased capitation payments to 6 applicable MO HealthNet eligible providers for covered ground emergency medical transportation 7 services.

8 (2) The increased capitation payments made under this section shall be in amounts at least 9 actuarially equivalent to the supplemental fee-for-service payments and up to equivalent of 10 commercial reimbursement rates available for eligible providers to the extent permissible under 11 federal law.

12 Except as provided in subsection 6 of this section, all funds associated with (3) 13 intergovernmental transfers made and accepted under this section shall be used to fund additional 14 payments to eligible providers.

15 (4) MO HealthNet managed care plans and coordinated care organizations shall pay one hundred percent of any amount of increased capitation payments made under this section to eligible 16 17 providers for providing and making available ground emergency medical transportation and prestabilization services pursuant to a contract or other arrangement with a MO HealthNet managed 18 19 care plan or coordinated care organization.

20 The intergovernmental transfer program developed under this section shall be 4. 21 implemented on the date federal approval is obtained, and only to the extent intergovernmental 22 transfers from the eligible provider, or the governmental entity with which it is affiliated, are 23 provided for this purpose. The department of social services shall implement the intergovernmental 24 transfer program and increased capitation payments under this section on a retroactive basis as permitted by federal law. 25

26

5. Participation in the intergovernmental transfers under this section is voluntary on the part 27 of the transferring entities for purposes of all applicable federal laws.

28 6. As a condition of participation under this section, each eligible provider as described in 29 subsection 2 of this section or the governmental entity affiliated with an eligible provider shall agree 30 to reimburse the department of social services for any costs associated with implementing this 31 section. Intergovernmental transfers described in this section are subject to an administration fee of 32 up to twenty percent of the nonfederal share paid to the department of social services and shall be 33 allowed to count as a cost of providing the services not to exceed one hundred twenty percent of the 34 total amount.

35 7. As a condition of participation under this section, MO HealthNet managed care plans, 36 coordinated care organizations, eligible providers as described in subsection 2 of this section, and 37 governmental entities affiliated with eligible providers shall agree to comply with any requests for information or similar data requirements imposed by the department of social services for purposes 38

of obtaining supporting documentation necessary to claim federal funds or to obtain federal
 approvals.

8. This section shall be implemented only if and to the extent federal financial participation is available and is not otherwise jeopardized, and any necessary federal approvals have been obtained.

9. To the extent that the director of the department of social services determines that the
payments made under this section do not comply with federal Medicaid requirements, the director
retains the discretion to return or not accept an intergovernmental transfer, and may adjust payments
under this section as necessary to comply with federal Medicaid requirements.

10 285.040. 1. As used in this section, "public safety employee" shall mean a person trained or 11 authorized by law or rule to render emergency medical assistance or treatment, including, but not 12 limited to, firefighters, [ambulance_attendants_and_attendant_drivers] paramedics, emergency 13 medical technicians, [emergency_medical_technician_paramedics,] dispatchers, registered nurses, 14 physicians, and sheriffs and deputy sheriffs.

2. No public safety employee of a city not within a county who is hired prior to September
1, 2023, shall be subject to a residency requirement of retaining a primary residence in a city not
within a county but may be required to maintain a primary residence located within a one-hour
response time.

3. Public safety employees of a city not within a county who are hired after August 31, 2023, may be subject to a residency rule no more restrictive than a requirement of retaining a 21 primary residence in a city not within a county for a total of seven years and of then allowing the 22 public safety employee to maintain a primary residence outside the city not within a county so long 23 as the primary residence is located within a one-hour response time."; and

24

Further amend said bill, Page 8, Section 320.400, Line 139, by inserting after said section and line the following:

27

28 "321.225. 1. A fire protection district may, in addition to its other powers and duties, 29 provide emergency ambulance service within its district if a majority of the voters voting thereon 30 approve a proposition to furnish such service and to levy a tax not to exceed thirty cents on the one 31 hundred dollars assessed valuation to be used exclusively to supply funds for the operation of an 32 emergency ambulance service. The district shall exercise the same powers and duties in operating 33 an emergency ambulance service as it does in operating its fire protection service.

2. The proposition to furnish emergency ambulance service may be submitted by the board
of directors at any municipal general, primary or general election or at any election of the members
of the board.

- 37 3. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:
- 38 Shall the board of directors of _____ Fire Protection District be authorized to provide 39 emergency ambulance service within the district and be authorized to levy a tax not to

- exceed thirty cents on the one hundred dollars assessed valuation to provide funds for such
 service?
- 3 4. If a majority of the voters casting votes thereon be in favor of emergency ambulance4 service and the levy, the district shall forthwith commence such service.
- 5 5. As used in this section "emergency" means a situation resulting from a sudden or 6 unforeseen situation or occurrence that requires immediate action to save life or prevent suffering or 7 disability.

8 6. In addition to all other taxes authorized on or before September 1, 1990, the board of 9 directors of any fire protection district may, if a majority of the voters of the district voting thereon approve, levy an additional tax of not more than forty cents per one hundred dollars of assessed 10 valuation to be used for the support of the ambulance service or partial or complete support of [an 11 12 emergency medical technician defibrillator program or partial or complete support of an emergency medical technician] a paramedic first responder program. The proposition to levy the tax authorized 13 14 by this subsection may be submitted by the board of directors at the next annual election of the members of the board or at any regular municipal or school election conducted by the county clerk 15 16 or board of election commissioners in such district or at a special election called for the purpose, or 17 upon petition of five hundred registered voters of the district. A separate ballot containing the 18 question shall read as follows:

Shall the board of directors of the _____ Fire Protection District be authorized to levy an additional tax of not more than forty cents per one hundred dollars assessed valuation to provide funds for the support of an ambulance service or partial or complete support of an emergency medical technician defibrillator program or partial or complete support of an emergency medical technician paramedic first responder program?

□ FOR THE PROPOSITION

\Box AGAINST THE PROPOSITION

(Place an X in the square opposite the one for which you wish to vote.)

19

If a majority of the qualified voters casting votes thereon be in favor of the question, the board of directors shall accordingly levy a tax in accordance with the provisions of this subsection, but if a majority of voters casting votes thereon do not vote in favor of the levy authorized by this subsection, any levy previously authorized shall remain in effect.

321.620. 1. Fire protection districts in first class counties may, in addition to their other powers and duties, provide ambulance service within their district if a majority of the voters voting thereon approve a proposition to furnish such service and to levy a tax not to exceed thirty cents on the one hundred dollars assessed valuation to be used exclusively to supply funds for the operation of an emergency ambulance service. The district shall exercise the same powers and duties in operating an ambulance service as it does in operating its fire protection service. As used in this section "emergency" means a situation resulting from a sudden or unforeseen situation or occurrence
 that requires immediate action to save life or prevent suffering or disability.

2. The proposition to furnish ambulance service may be submitted by the board of directors at any municipal general, primary or general election or at any election of the members of the board or upon petition by five hundred voters of such district.

- 3. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:
- Shall the board of directors of _____ Fire Protection District be authorized to provide ambulance service within the district and be authorized to levy a tax not to exceed thirty cents on the one hundred dollars assessed valuation to provide funds for such service?
- 4. If a majority of the voters casting votes thereon be in favor of ambulance service and thelevy, the district shall forthwith commence such service.
- 12 5. In addition to all other taxes authorized on or before September 1, 1990, the board of directors of any fire protection district may, if a majority of the voters of the district voting thereon 13 14 approve, levy an additional tax of not more than forty cents per one hundred dollars of assessed 15 valuation to be used for the support of the ambulance service, or partial or complete support of [an 16 emergency medical technician defibrillator program or partial or complete support of an emergency 17 medical technician] a paramedic first responder program. The proposition to levy the tax authorized by this subsection may be submitted by the board of directors at the next annual election of the 18 19 members of the board or at any regular municipal or school election conducted by the county clerk 20 or board of election commissioners in such district or at a special election called for the purpose, or 21 upon petition of five hundred registered voters of the district. A separate ballot containing the 22 question shall read as follows:

Shall the board of directors of the _____ Fire Protection District be authorized to levy an additional tax of not more than forty cents per one hundred dollars assessed valuation to provide funds for the support of an ambulance service or partial or complete support of an emergency medical technician defibrillator program or partial or complete support of an emergency medical technician paramedic first responder program?

\Box FOR THE PROPOSITION

□ AGAINST THE PROPOSITION

(Place an X in the square opposite the one for which you wish to vote).

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If a majority of the qualified voters casting votes thereon be in favor of the question, the board of directors shall accordingly levy a tax in accordance with the provisions of this subsection, but if a majority of voters casting votes thereon do not vote in favor of the levy authorized by this subsection, any levy previously authorized shall remain in effect.

28 537.037. 1. Any physician or surgeon, registered professional nurse or licensed practical 29 nurse licensed to practice in this state under the provisions of chapter 334 or 335, or licensed to practice under the equivalent laws of any other state and any person licensed as [a mobile] an
 emergency medical technician under the provisions of chapter 190, may:

3 (1) In good faith render emergency care or assistance, without compensation, at the scene of 4 an emergency or accident, and shall not be liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions other 5 than damages occasioned by gross negligence or by willful or wanton acts or omissions by such 6 person in rendering such emergency care;

7 (2) In good faith render emergency care or assistance, without compensation, to any minor 8 involved in an accident, or in competitive sports, or other emergency at the scene of an accident, 9 without first obtaining the consent of the parent or guardian of the minor, and shall not be liable for 10 any civil damages other than damages occasioned by gross negligence or by willful or wanton acts 11 or omissions by such person in rendering the emergency care.

12 2. Any other person who has been trained to provide first aid in a standard recognized 13 training program may, without compensation, render emergency care or assistance to the level for 14 which he or she has been trained, at the scene of an emergency or accident, and shall not be liable 15 for civil damages for acts or omissions other than damages occasioned by gross negligence or by 16 willful or wanton acts or omissions by such person in rendering such emergency care.

3. Any mental health professional, as defined in section 632.005, or qualified counselor, as defined in section 631.005, or any practicing medical, osteopathic, or chiropractic physician, or certified nurse practitioner, or physicians' assistant may in good faith render suicide prevention interventions at the scene of a threatened suicide and shall not be liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions other than damages occasioned by gross negligence or by willful or wanton acts or omissions by such person in rendering such suicide prevention interventions.

4. Any other person may, without compensation, render suicide prevention interventions at
the scene of a threatened suicide and shall not be liable for civil damages for acts or omissions other
than damages occasioned by gross negligence or by willful or wanton acts or omissions by such
person in rendering such suicide prevention interventions.

27

650.320. For the purposes of sections 650.320 to 650.340, the following terms mean:

28

(1) "Board", the Missouri 911 service board established in section 650.325;

29

(2) "Public safety answering point", the location at which 911 calls are answered;

30 (3) "Telecommunicator <u>first responder</u>", any person employed as an emergency [telephone
 31 worker,] call taker or public safety dispatcher whose duties include receiving, processing or
 32 transmitting public safety information received through a 911 public safety answering point.

650.330. 1. The board shall consist of fifteen members, one of which shall be chosen from
the department of public safety, and the other members shall be selected as follows:

(1) One member chosen to represent an association domiciled in this state whose primary
 interest relates to municipalities;

37 38

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(2) One member chosen to represent the Missouri 911 Directors Association;

(3) One member chosen to represent emergency medical services and physicians;

(4) One member chosen to represent an association with a chapter domiciled in this state

- 1 whose primary interest relates to a national emergency number;
- 2 (5) One member chosen to represent an association whose primary interest relates to issues
 3 pertaining to fire chiefs;
- 4 (6) One member chosen to represent an association with a chapter domiciled in this state 5 whose primary interest relates to issues pertaining to public safety communications officers;
- 6 (7) One member chosen to represent an association whose primary interest relates to issues 7 pertaining to police chiefs;
- 8 (8) One member chosen to represent an association domiciled in this state whose primary 9 interest relates to issues pertaining to sheriffs;
- 10
- (9) One member chosen to represent counties of the second, third, and fourth classification;
- (10) One member chosen to represent counties of the first classification, counties with a
 charter form of government, and cities not within a county;
- 13

(11) One member chosen to represent telecommunications service providers;

14 15 (12) One member chosen to represent wireless telecommunications service providers;

- (13) One member chosen to represent voice over internet protocol service providers; and
- 16 (14) One member chosen to represent the governor's council on disability established under17 section 37.735.
- Each of the members of the board shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and
 consent of the senate for a term of four years. Members of the committee may serve multiple terms.
 No corporation or its affiliate shall have more than one officer, employee, assign, agent, or other
 representative serving as a member of the board. Notwithstanding subsection 1 of this section to the
 contrary, all members appointed as of August 28, 2017, shall continue to serve the remainder of
 their terms.
- 3. The board shall meet at least quarterly at a place and time specified by the chairperson of the board and it shall keep and maintain records of such meetings, as well as the other activities of the board. Members shall not be compensated but shall receive actual and necessary expenses for attending meetings of the board.
- 28 4. The board shall:
- 29

4. The board shall

- (1) Organize and adopt standards governing the board's formal and informal procedures;
- 30 (2) Provide recommendations for primary answering points and secondary answering points
 31 on technical and operational standards for 911 services;
- 32 (3) Provide recommendations to public agencies concerning model systems to be considered
 33 in preparing a 911 service plan;
- (4) Provide requested mediation services to political subdivisions involved in jurisdictional
 disputes regarding the provision of 911 services, except that the board shall not supersede decision making authority of local political subdivisions in regard to 911 services;
- 37
- (5) Provide assistance to the governor and the general assembly regarding 911 services;
- 38 (6) Review existing and proposed legislation and make recommendations as to changes that
 39 would improve such legislation;

1 (7) Aid and assist in the timely collection and dissemination of information relating to the 2 use of a universal emergency telephone number;

3 (8) Perform other duties as necessary to promote successful development, implementation
4 and operation of 911 systems across the state, including monitoring federal and industry standards
5 being developed for next-generation 911 systems;

6 (9) Designate a state 911 coordinator who shall be responsible for overseeing statewide 911 7 operations and ensuring compliance with federal grants for 911 funding;

8

(10) Elect the chair from its membership;

9

(11) Apply for and receive grants from federal, private, and other sources;

(12) Report to the governor and the general assembly at least every three years on the status
 of 911 services statewide, as well as specific efforts to improve efficiency, cost-effectiveness, and
 levels of service;

(13) Conduct and review an annual survey of public safety answering points in Missouri to
 evaluate potential for improved services, coordination, and feasibility of consolidation;

15 (14) Make and execute contracts or any other instruments and agreements necessary or 16 convenient for the exercise of its powers and functions, including for the development and 17 implementation of an emergency services internet protocol network that can be shared by all public 18 safety agencies;

(15) Develop a plan and timeline of target dates for the testing, implementation, and
 operation of a next-generation 911 system throughout Missouri. The next-generation 911 system
 shall allow for the processing of electronic messages including, but not limited to, electronic
 messages containing text, images, video, or data;

(16) Administer and authorize grants and loans under section 650.335 to those counties and any home rule city with more than fifteen thousand but fewer than seventeen thousand inhabitants and partially located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than thirty-seven thousand but fewer than forty-one thousand inhabitants that can demonstrate a financial commitment to improving 911 services by providing at least a fifty percent match and demonstrate the ability to operate and maintain ongoing 911 services. The purpose of grants and loans from the 911 service trust fund shall include:

30 (a) Implementation of 911 services in counties of the state where services do not exist or to
 31 improve existing 911 systems;

32 33

(b) Promotion of consolidation where appropriate;

(c) Mapping and addressing all county locations;

34

(d) Ensuring primary access and texting abilities to 911 services for disabled residents;

35 (e) Implementation of initial emergency medical dispatch services, including prearrival 36 medical instructions in counties where those services are not offered as of July 1, 2019; and

37 (f) Development and implementation of an emergency services internet protocol network38 that can be shared by all public safety agencies;

39

(17) Develop an application process including reporting and accountability requirements,

withholding a portion of the grant until completion of a project, and other measures to ensure funds
are used in accordance with the law and purpose of the grant, and conduct audits as deemed
necessary;

- 4 (18) Set the percentage rate of the prepaid wireless emergency telephone service charges to 5 be remitted to a county or city as provided under subdivision (5) of subsection 3 of section 190.460;
- 6 (19) Retain in its records proposed county plans developed under subsection 11 of section 7 190.455 and notify the department of revenue that the county has filed a plan that is ready for 8 implementation;
- 9 (20) Notify any communications service provider, as defined in section 190.400, that has 10 voluntarily submitted its contact information when any update is made to the centralized database 11 established under section 190.475 as a result of a county or city establishing or modifying a tax or 12 monthly fee no less than ninety days prior to the effective date of the establishment or modification 13 of the tax or monthly fee;
- 14

39

- (21) Establish criteria for consolidation prioritization of public safety answering points;
- 15 (22) In coordination with existing public safety answering points, by December 31, 2018, 16 designate no more than eleven regional 911 coordination centers which shall coordinate statewide 17 interoperability among public safety answering points within their region through the use of a 18 statewide 911 emergency services network; [and]
- (23) Establish an annual budget, retain records of all revenue and expenditures made, retain
 minutes of all meetings and subcommittees, post records, minutes, and reports on the board's
 webpage on the department of public safety website; and
- (24) Promote and educate the public about the critical role of telecommunicator first
 responders in protecting the public and ensuring public safety.
- 5. The department of public safety shall provide staff assistance to the board as necessary in order for the board to perform its duties pursuant to sections 650.320 to 650.340. The board shall have the authority to hire consultants to administer the provisions of sections 650.320 to 650.340.
- 27 6. The board shall promulgate rules and regulations that are reasonable and necessary to 28 implement and administer the provisions of sections 190.455, 190.460, 190.465, 190.470, 190.475, 29 and sections 650.320 to 650.340. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 30 536.010, shall become effective only if it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of 31 chapter 536. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 32 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and 33 annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any 34 rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2017, shall be invalid and void.
- 650.340. 1. The provisions of this section may be cited and shall be known as the "911
 Training and Standards Act".

Initial training requirements for [telecommunicators] telecommunicator first responders
 who answer 911 calls that come to public safety answering points shall be as follows:

(1) Police telecommunicator <u>first responder</u>, 16 hours;

1 2

- (2) Fire telecommunicator <u>first responder</u>, 16 hours;
 - (3) Emergency medical services telecommunicator <u>first responder</u>, 16 hours;
- 3

(4) Joint communication center telecommunicator first responder, 40 hours.

3. All persons employed as a telecommunicator <u>first responder</u> in this state shall be required to complete ongoing training so long as such person engages in the occupation as a telecommunicator <u>first responder</u>. Such persons shall complete at least twenty-four hours of ongoing training every three years by such persons or organizations as provided in subsection 6 of this section.

9 4. Any person employed as a telecommunicator on August 28, 1999, shall not be required to 10 complete the training requirement as provided in subsection 2 of this section. Any person hired as a 11 telecommunicator <u>or a telecommunicator first responder</u> after August 28, 1999, shall complete the 12 training requirements as provided in subsection 2 of this section within twelve months of the date 13 such person is employed as a telecommunicator <u>or telecommunicator first responder</u>.

5. The training requirements as provided in subsection 2 of this section shall be waived for any person who furnishes proof to the committee that such person has completed training in another state which is at least as stringent as the training requirements of subsection 2 of this section.

17 6. The board shall determine by administrative rule the persons or organizations authorized18 to conduct the training as required by subsection 2 of this section.

7. This section shall not apply to an emergency medical dispatcher or <u>dispatch</u> agency as
 defined in section 190.100, or a person trained by an entity accredited or certified under section
 190.131, or a person who provides prearrival medical instructions who works for an agency which
 meets the requirements set forth in section 190.134.

[190.134. A dispatch agency is required to have a memorandum of understanding with all
 ambulance services that it dispatches. If a dispatch agency provides prearrival medical instructions,
 it is required to have a medical director, whose duties include the maintenance of standards and
 protocol approval.]"; and

27

28 Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references

accordingly.