FIRST REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 520

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE MAYHEW.

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DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 142.815, 142.822, and 142.824, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to motor fuel tax refunds.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 142.815, 142.822, and 142.824, RSMo, are repealed and three 2 new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 142.815, 142.822, and 142.824, to read as follows:

142.815. 1. Motor fuel used for the following nonhighway purposes is exempt from the fuel tax imposed by this chapter, and a refund may be claimed by the consumer, except as provided for in subdivision (1) of this subsection, if the tax has been paid and no refund has been previously issued:

(1) Motor fuel used for nonhighway purposes including fuel for farm tractors or stationary engines owned or leased and operated by any person and used exclusively for agricultural purposes and including, beginning January 1, 2006, bulk sales of one hundred gallons or more of gasoline made to farmers and delivered by the ultimate vender to a farm location for agricultural purposes only. As used in this section, the term "farmer" shall mean any person engaged in farming in an authorized farm corporation, family farm, or family farm 10 corporation as defined in section 350.010. At the discretion of the ultimate vender, the refund may be claimed by the ultimate vender on behalf of the consumer for sales made to farmers 12 and to persons engaged in construction for agricultural purposes as defined in section 14 142.800. After December 31, 2000, the refund may be claimed only by the consumer and 15 may not be claimed by the ultimate vender unless bulk sales of gasoline are made to a farmer after January 1, 2006, as provided in this subdivision and the farmer provides an exemption

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

17 certificate to the ultimate vender, in which case the ultimate vender may make a claim for 18 refund under section 142.824 but shall be liable for any erroneous refund;

- (2) Kerosene sold for use as fuel to generate power in aircraft engines, whether in aircraft or for training, testing or research purposes of aircraft engines;
- (3) Diesel fuel used as heating oil, or in railroad locomotives or any other motorized flanged-wheel rail equipment, or used for other nonhighway purposes other than as expressly exempted pursuant to another provision.
- 2. Subject to the procedural requirements and conditions set out in this chapter, the following uses are exempt from the tax imposed by section 142.803 on motor fuel, and a deduction or a refund may be claimed:
- (1) (a) Motor fuel for which proof of export is available in the form of a terminal-issued destination state shipping paper and which is either:
- [(a)] **a.** Exported by a supplier who is licensed in the destination state or through the bulk transfer system;
- [(b)] **b.** Removed by a licensed distributor for immediate export to a state for which all the applicable taxes and fees (however nominated in that state) of the destination state have been paid to the supplier, as a trustee, who is licensed to remit tax to the destination state; or which is destined for use within the destination state by the federal government for which an exemption has been made available by the destination state subject to procedural rules and regulations promulgated by the director; or
- [(e)] c. Acquired by a licensed distributor and which the tax imposed by this chapter has previously been paid or accrued either as a result of being stored outside of the bulk transfer system immediately prior to loading or as a diversion across state boundaries properly reported in conformity with this chapter and was subsequently exported from this state on behalf of the distributor[;].
- **(b)** The exemption pursuant to **subparagraph a. of** paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be claimed by a deduction on the report of the supplier which is otherwise responsible for remitting the tax upon removal of the product from a terminal or refinery in this state.
- (c) The [exemption] exemptions pursuant to [paragraphs (b) and (c)] subparagraphs b. and c. of paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be claimed by the distributor, upon a refund application made to the director within three years.
- (d) A refund claim may be made monthly or whenever the claim exceeds one thousand dollars;
- (2) Undyed K-1 kerosene sold at retail through dispensers which have been designed and constructed to prevent delivery directly from the dispenser into a vehicle fuel supply tank, and undyed K-1 kerosene sold at retail through nonbarricaded dispensers in quantities of not more than twenty-one gallons for use other than for highway purposes. Exempt use of

undyed kerosene shall be governed by rules and regulations of the director. If no rules or regulations are promulgated by the director, then the exempt use of undyed kerosene shall be governed by rules and regulations of the Internal Revenue Service. A distributor or supplier delivering to a retail facility shall obtain an exemption certificate from the owner or operator of such facility stating that its sales conform to the dispenser requirements of this subdivision. A licensed distributor, having obtained such certificate, may provide a copy to his or her supplier and obtain undyed kerosene without the tax levied by section 142.803. Having obtained such certificate in good faith, such supplier shall be relieved of any responsibility if the fuel is later used in a taxable manner. An ultimate vendor who obtained undved kerosene upon which the tax levied by section 142.803 had been paid and makes sales qualifying pursuant to this subsection may apply for a refund of the tax pursuant to application, as provided in section 142.818, to the director provided the ultimate vendor did not charge such tax to the consumer;

- (3) Motor fuel sold to the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof. This exemption shall be claimed as provided in section 142.818;
- (4) Motor fuel used solely and exclusively as fuel to propel motor vehicles on the public roads and highways of this state when leased or owned and when being operated by a federally recognized Indian tribe in the performance of essential governmental functions, such as providing police, fire, health or water services. The exemption for use pursuant to this subdivision shall be made available to the tribal government upon a refund application stating that the motor fuel was purchased for the exclusive use of the tribe in performing named essential governmental services;
- (5) That portion of motor fuel used to operate equipment attached to a motor vehicle, if the motor fuel was placed into the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle that has a common fuel reservoir for travel on a highway and for the operation of equipment, or if the motor fuel was placed in a separate fuel tank and used only for the operation of auxiliary equipment. The exemption for use pursuant to this subdivision shall be claimed by a refund claim filed by the consumer who shall provide evidence of an allocation of use satisfactory to the director;
- (6) Motor fuel acquired by a consumer out-of-state and carried into this state, retained within and consumed from the same vehicle fuel supply tank within which it was imported, except interstate motor fuel users;
- (7) Motor fuel which was purchased tax-paid and which was lost or destroyed as a direct result of a sudden and unexpected casualty or which had been accidentally contaminated so as to be unsalable as highway fuel as shown by proper documentation as required by the director. The exemption pursuant to this subdivision shall be refunded to the person or entity owning the motor fuel at the time of the contamination or loss. Such person shall notify the director in writing of such event and the amount of motor fuel lost or

contaminated within ten days from the date of discovery of such loss or contamination, and within thirty days after such notice, shall file an affidavit sworn to by the person having immediate custody of such motor fuel at the time of the loss or contamination, setting forth in full the circumstances and the amount of the loss or contamination and such other information with respect thereto as the director may require;

- (8) Dyed diesel fuel or dyed kerosene used for an exempt purpose. This exemption shall be claimed as follows:
- (a) A supplier or importer shall take a deduction against motor fuel tax owed on their monthly report for those gallons of dyed diesel fuel or dyed kerosene imported or removed from a terminal or refinery destined for delivery to a point in this state as shown on the shipping papers;
- (b) This exemption shall be claimed by a deduction on the report of the supplier which is otherwise responsible for remitting the tax on removal of the product from a terminal or refinery in this state; and
- (c) This exemption shall be claimed by the distributor, upon a refund application made to the director within three years. A refund claim may be made monthly or whenever the claim exceeds one thousand dollars; and
- (9) Motor fuel delivered to any marina within this state that sells such fuel solely for use in any watercraft, as such term is defined in section 306.010, and not accessible to other motor vehicles, is exempt from the fuel tax imposed by this chapter. Any motor fuel distributor that delivers motor fuel to any marina in this state for use solely in any watercraft, as such term is defined in section 306.010, may claim the exemption provided in this subsection. Any motor fuel customer who purchases motor fuel for use in any watercraft, as such term is defined in section 306.010, at a location other than a marina within this state may claim the exemption provided in this subsection by filing a claim for refund of the fuel tax.
- 3. (1) Beginning on October 1, 2023, an entity exempt from taxation as provided by Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Section 501), as amended, to which an individual, person, or entity that is eligible to claim a refund as provided in this section submits all documentation and information required to make a refund application may make a claim for such individual's, person's, or entity's refund as provided in this section. Upon approval, the refund shall be made to such exempt entity.
- (2) A taxpayer who is an individual, person, or entity that submits the required information to an exempt entity as described in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be allowed to subtract from such taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income to determine Missouri taxable income an amount equal to the total amount eligible for a refund submitted to an exempt entity under subdivision (1) of this section for the same tax year.

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128 Such amount shall be deductible only to the extent that such amount is not deducted on

- 129 the taxpayer's federal income tax return for that tax year. The department of revenue
- 130 shall promulgate rules and regulations to administer the provisions of this section.
 - 142.822. 1. (1) As used in this section and section 142.824, "nonprofit entity" means any entity that is exempt from taxation as provided in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Section 501), as amended.
- (2) Motor fuel used for purposes of propelling motor vehicles on highways shall be exempt from the fuel tax collected under subsection 3 of section 142.803, and an exemption 5 and refund may be claimed by the taxpayer if the tax has been paid and no refund has been previously issued, provided that the taxpayer applies for the exemption and refund as specified in this section. Beginning on and after October 1, 2023, any nonprofit entity to 9 which a taxpayer who is eligible to claim a refund as provided in this section submits all 10 documentation and information required to make a refund application may make a claim for such taxpayer's refund as provided in this section. Upon approval, the refund 12 shall be made to such nonprofit entity. The exemption and refund shall be issued on a fiscal year basis to each person who pays the fuel tax collected under subsection 3 of section 142.803 and who claims an exemption and refund in accordance with this section, and shall apply so that the fuel taxpayer has no liability for the tax collected in that fiscal year under subsection 3 of section 142.803.
 - 2. To claim an exemption and refund in accordance with this section, a person shall present to the director a statement containing a written verification that the claim is made under penalty of perjury and that states the total fuel tax paid in the applicable fiscal year for each vehicle for which the exemption and refund is claimed. The claim shall [not be transferred or assigned, and shall be filed on or after July first, but not later than September thirtieth, following the fiscal year for which the exemption and refund is claimed. The claim statement may be submitted electronically, and shall at a minimum include the following information:
- 25 (1) Vehicle identification number of the motor vehicle into which the motor fuel was 26 delivered;
 - (2) Date of sale;
 - (3) Name and address of purchaser;
- 29 (4) Name and address of seller;
 - (5) Number of gallons purchased; [and]
- 31 (6) Number of gallons purchased and charged Missouri fuel tax, as a separate item;
- 32 and

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- 33 (7) If the claim is submitted by a nonprofit entity:
- 34 (a) Documentation of the nonprofit entity's tax-exempt status; and

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(b) A statement signed by the purchaser indicating that the nonprofit entity is entitled to the purchaser's refund.

- 3. Every person shall maintain and keep records supporting the claim statement filed with the department of revenue for a period of three years to substantiate all claims for exemption and refund of the motor fuel tax, together with invoices, original sales receipts marked paid by the seller, bills of lading, and other pertinent records and paper as may be required by the director for reasonable administration of this chapter. The requirement to maintain records shall be the responsibility of any nonprofit entity to which a purchaser submits claim records required by this section.
- 4. The director may make any investigation necessary before issuing an exemption and refund under this section, and may investigate an exemption and refund under this section after it has been issued and within the time frame for making adjustments to the tax pursuant to this chapter.
- 5. If an exemption and refund is not issued within forty-five days of an accurate and complete filing, as required by this chapter, the director shall pay interest at the rate provided in section 32.065 accruing after the expiration of the forty-five-day period until the date the exemption and refund is issued.
- 6. The exemption and refund specified in this section shall be available only with regard to motor fuel delivered into a motor vehicle with a gross weight, as defined in section 301.010, of twenty-six thousand pounds or less.
- 7. The director shall promulgate rules as necessary to implement the provisions of 56 this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies 58 with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to 60 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of 62 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void.
- 142.824. 1. To claim a refund in accordance with section 142.815, a person shall present to the director a statement containing a written verification that the claim is made under penalties of perjury and lists the total amount of motor fuel purchased and used for 4 exempt purposes. Beginning on October 1, 2023, any nonprofit entity to which a person who is eligible to claim a refund as provided in this section submits all documentation and information required to make a refund application may make a claim for such person's refund as provided in this section. Upon approval, the refund shall be made to such nonprofit entity. The claim shall [not be transferred or assigned and shall] be filed not

9 more than three years after the date the motor fuel was imported, removed or sold if the

- 10 claimant is a supplier, importer, exporter or distributor. If the claim is filed by the ultimate
- 11 consumer, a consumer must file the claim within one year of the date of purchase or April
- 12 fifteenth following the year of purchase, whichever is later. The claim statement may be
- submitted electronically, and shall be supported by documentation as approved by the director
- 14 and shall include the following information:
- 15 (1) Date of sale;
 - (2) Name and address of purchaser;
- 17 (3) Name and address of seller;
- 18 (4) Number of gallons purchased and base price per gallon;
 - (5) Number of gallons purchased and charged Missouri fuel tax, as a separate item;
- 20 [and]

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- 21 (6) Number of gallons purchased and charged sales tax, if applicable, as a separate
- 22 item; and
 - (7) If the claim is submitted by a nonprofit entity:
 - (a) Documentation of the nonprofit entity's tax-exempt status; and
- 25 **(b)** A statement signed by the purchaser indicating that the nonprofit entity is 26 entitled to the purchaser's refund.
 - 2. If the original sales slip or invoice is lost or destroyed, a statement to that effect shall accompany the claim for refund, and the claim statement shall also set forth the serial number of the invoice. If the director finds the claim is otherwise regular, the director may allow such claim for refund.
 - 3. The director may make any investigation necessary before refunding the motor fuel tax to a person and may investigate a refund after the refund has been issued and within the time frame for making adjustments to the tax pursuant to this chapter.
 - 4. In any case where a refund would be payable to a supplier pursuant to this chapter, the supplier may claim a credit in lieu of such refund for a period not to exceed three years.
 - 5. Every person shall maintain and keep for a period of three years records to substantiate all claims for refund of the motor fuel tax, together with invoices, original sales slips marked paid by the seller, bills of lading, and other pertinent records and paper as may be required by the director for reasonable administration of this chapter. The requirement to maintain records shall be the responsibility of any nonprofit entity to which a purchaser submits claim records required by this section.
 - 6. Motor fuel tax that has been paid more than once with respect to the same gallon of motor fuel shall be refunded by the director to the person who last paid the tax after the subsequent taxable event upon submitting proof satisfactory to the director.

7. Motor fuel tax that has otherwise been erroneously paid by a person shall be refunded by the director upon proof shown satisfactory to the director.

- 8. If a refund is not issued within forty-five days of an accurate and complete filing, as required by this chapter, the director shall pay interest at the rate provided in section 32.065 accruing after the expiration of the forty-five-day period until the date the refund is issued.
- 9. The director shall promulgate rules as necessary to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void.

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