# HOUSE BILL NO. 739 

## 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE WOODS.


#### Abstract

AN ACT To amend chapter 115, RSMo, by adding thereto one new section relating to ranked-choice voting.


Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 115, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto one new section, to be known as section 115.440, to read as follows:
115.440. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
(1) "Continuing ballot", a ballot that has not been exhausted by the instant runoff vote;
(2) "Continuing candidate", a candidate who has not been eliminated by the instant runoff vote;
(3) "Elected office", any office that requires voters go to the polls to elect candidates including, but not limited to, national offices such as United States President, United States Senator, or United States Representative; statewide offices such as governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, state treasurer, state auditor, supreme court judge, circuit court judge, or associate circuit court judge; state of Missouri general assembly representatives and senators; local offices of any county, township, city, town, village, fire district, library district, port authority, school district, or special district; or offices of any other political subdivision not listed;
(4) "Exhausted ballot", a ballot on which all votes cast are for candidates who have been eliminated by instant runoff vote;
(5) "Instant runoff voting", a procedure of voting that requires a candidate to receive a majority rather than a plurality of all votes cast for an elected office before the

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thms] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in bold-face type in the above bill is proposed language.
candidate is elected and that allows voters to cast votes for candidates on a rankedchoice ballot;
(6) "Ranked-choice ballot" or "ballot", a ballot that allows voters to cast a vote for multiple candidates in order of preference by assigning a rank to each candidate for the office.
2. All primary and general elections in the state of Missouri shall use rankedchoice ballots and instant runoff voting. No candidate for any office shall be elected under this chapter unless such candidate receives a majority of the votes cast in the election for such office.
3. Votes for all candidates for office shall be counted and recorded as provided in this section and shall be certified in the following manner:
(1) Each ranked-choice ballot shall be counted as one vote for the continuing candidate whom the voter selects as the voter's highest preference. A candidate shall not receive a vote after the candidate has been eliminated in instant runoff voting. A candidate for whom the voter noted a lower preference shall not receive a vote unless and until that candidate is the continuing candidate with the highest preference on the voter's ranked-choice ballot;
(2) If a candidate receives a majority of all votes cast in the first count of instant runoff votes, that candidate shall be certified as the winner;
(3) If no candidate receives a majority of votes after the first count, the candidate who received the fewest votes shall be eliminated and each vote cast for such eliminated candidate shall be redistributed to the continuing candidate selected on each ballot as the voter's next highest preference. If, after this redistribution of votes, any continuing candidate receives a majority of the votes cast on the continuing ballots, that continuing candidate shall be certified as the winner;
(4) If no candidate receives a majority of votes cast on the continuing ballots after the procedure in subdivision (3) of this subsection, the continuing candidate who received the fewest votes shall be eliminated. Each vote cast for such eliminated candidate shall be redistributed to the continuing candidate selected on each ballot as the voter's next highest preference. This process of eliminating the candidate with the fewest votes and redistributing the eliminated candidate's votes to the voter's next highest preferred continuing candidate shall be repeated until a candidate receives a majority of the votes cast on the continuing ballots;
(5) If the total number of votes for the two candidates receiving the lowest number of votes is fewer than the number of votes received by the continuing candidate with the third lowest number of votes, those candidates with the lowest number of votes
shall be eliminated simultaneously and their votes transferred to the next ranked continuing candidate on each ballot; and
(6) A tie between two or more candidates shall be resolved by weighting the preference of votes for each candidate and decided in favor of the candidate who received more votes at a higher preference. If a tie still exists between two or more candidates, the tie shall be resolved by a coin flip conducted by the elections commission and votes for the eliminated candidate shall be redistributed.
4. For elections in which more than one candidate is to be elected to an office in a multiple-seat district or on a governing body that includes multiple at-large seats, a ranked-choice ballot shall be used. The ballots shall be counted and certified in the following manner:
(1) Each candidate shall be treated separately to determine the highest preference among the candidate field;
(2) The candidate who received the fewest first choice votes shall be eliminated and each vote cast for such eliminated candidate shall be redistributed to the continuing candidate selected on each ballot as the voter's next highest preference;
(3) The process under subdivision (2) of this subsection shall be repeated until only two candidates remain and one candidate receives the majority of votes;
(4) Ties will be resolved by applying the method described in subdivision (6) of subsection 3 of this section; and
(5) After a candidate receives a majority of votes under subdivision (3) of this subsection, such candidate shall be certified and removed from the candidate pool. The process in this subdivision shall be repeated until all seats are filled.
5. If the voting system used by a municipality or political subdivision cannot feasibly accommodate choices equal to the total number of candidates running for each office, the election authorities may limit the number of choices a voter may rank to no fewer than three per open seat. The ballot shall in no way interfere with a voter's ability to cast a write-in vote for a candidate.
6. No exhausted ballot shall be counted after it is exhausted. If a ranked-choice ballot gives equal rank to two or more candidates, the ballot shall be declared exhausted if the rank assigned to multiple candidates is reached in the tabulation process. If a voter casts a ranked-choice ballot but skips a rank, the voter's vote shall be transferred to that voter's next ranked choice.
7. Any election dispute regarding the implementation of a limit on the number of ranked candidates on a ballot under subsection 5 of this section shall be first appealed to the secretary of state for a final order and thereafter may be appealed to any court of
competent jurisdiction. All other election disputes shall proceed as established in this chapter.
8. All statutes and regulations governing voting procedures and ballots under this chapter shall govern instant runoff voting and ranked-choice ballots.
9. The secretary of state shall conduct a voter education campaign to familiarize voters with the instant runoff voting system and ranked-choice ballots.
10. Beginning January 1, 2024, any voting machine not compatible with rankedchoice voting that is removed from the election authority's inventory due to mechanical malfunction, wear and tear, or any other reason shall not be replaced. No additional voting machines not compatible with ranked-choice voting shall be added to the election authority's inventory. The provisions of this subsection shall not require the breach of an existing contract.
11. Ranked-choice voting shall be applied by an election authority when a sufficient inventory of ranked-choice voting compatible equipment is acquired through the replacement of existing equipment under subsection 10 of this section.

