FIRST REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 539

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE SCHWADRON.

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DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To amend chapter 190, RSMo, by adding thereto two new sections relating to first responders.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 190, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto two new sections, to be known as sections 190.1010 and 190.1015, to read as follows:

190.1010. 1. This section and section 190.1015 shall be known and may be cited 2 as the "Missouri First Responder Mental Health Initiative Act".

- 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- (1) "Behavioral health" or "behavioral health care", treatment for mental health, substance use disorder, or both occurring together;
- (2) "Emergency services personnel", any employee of an emergency services provider who is engaged in providing services as a first responder;
- (3) "Emergency services provider", any public employer that employs persons to provide fire-fighting services;
- (4) "Employee", a first responder employed by a unit of state or local government, by a public hospital or ambulance service, or by a 911 dispatching agency;
- (5) "Employer", the state, a unit of local government, a 911 dispatching agency, or a public hospital or ambulance service that employs first responders;
- 14 (6) "First responder", a law enforcement officer, 911 dispatcher, paramedic, 15 emergency medical technician, or a volunteer or full-time paid firefighter employed by a 16 unit of state or local government, a 911 dispatching agency, or a public hospital or 17 ambulance service that employs first responders;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

(7) "Law enforcement agency", any county sheriff, municipal police department, police department established by a university or college, the department of public safety, the department of corrections, and any other state, local, or county agency composed of county probation officers, corrections employees, or 911 telecommunicators or emergency medical dispatchers;

- (8) "Peer support advisor", an employee approved by the law enforcement agency or emergency services provider who voluntarily provides confidential support and assistance to fellow employees experiencing personal or professional problems. An emergency services provider or law enforcement agency shall provide peer support advisors with an appropriate level of training in counseling to provide emotional and moral support;
- (9) "Peer support counseling program", a program established by an emergency services provider, a law enforcement agency, state or local police, or a firefighter organization to train employees to serve as peer support advisors in order to conduct peer support counseling sessions;
- (10) "Peer support counseling session", communication with a peer support advisor designated by an emergency services provider or law enforcement agency. A peer support counseling session is accomplished primarily through listening, assessing, assisting with problem solving, making referrals to a professional when necessary, and conducting follow-up as needed;
- (11) "Posttraumatic stress disorder", any psychological or behavioral health injury suffered by a first responder by and through the first responder's employment due to the first responder's exposure to stressful and life-threatening situations and rigors of the job, excluding a posttraumatic stress injury that arises solely as a result of a legitimate personnel action by the employer such as transfer, promotion, demotion, or termination, which shall not be considered a compensable injury under this section;
- (12) "Record", any record kept by a therapist or by an agency in the course of providing behavioral health care to a first responder concerning the first responder and the services provided. The term "record" includes the personal notes of the therapist or agency, as well as all records maintained by a court that have been created in connection with, in preparation for, or as a result of the filing of any petition. The term "record" does not include information that has been de-identified in accordance with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) and does not include a reference to the receipt of behavioral health care noted during a patient history and physical or other summary of care.
 - 3. First responders shall have the following rights to behavioral health care:

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(1) The right of full access to behavioral health care services and treatment that are responsive to the needs of the individual and the professions of police officers, firefighters, emergency medical technicians, 911 dispatchers, and paramedics;

- (2) The right to seek, or access if required or requested, services and treatment for behavioral health needs without fear of repercussions by his or her employer or supervisor and without fear of reprisal;
- (3) The right, in the course of seeking services and treatment for behavioral health, that all records, notes, and conclusions by the treatment provider shall not be shared with an employer unless otherwise mandated by law. The right guaranteed by this subdivision may be waived by the employee;
- (4) The right of first responder employees not to be compelled by their employer under the threat of discipline to release any records related to behavioral health;
- (5) The right to have behavioral health records not be used in any disciplinary or other proceeding against an employee;
- (6) The right of employees to seek treatment in any geographic area without restrictions or limitations imposed by the employer or insurance carrier;
- (7) The right to have behavioral health services and treatment in a manner that reduces stigma and barriers to those services and treatment;
- (8) The right to receive expanded Family and Medical Leave Act protections for individuals voluntarily seeking preventive treatment;
- (9) The right to be diagnosed by a licensed psychiatrist, psychologist, or professional counselor specializing in first responder mental health;
- (10) The right of a first responder seeking behavioral health services who has been diagnosed, after in-network health insurance has been utilized, to submit corresponding receipts for medical bills paid by the first responder to the first responder behavioral health grant program established under this section for reimbursement to the first responder of out-of-pocket costs incurred from the funds specifically allocated for first responder behavioral health treatment. The first responder shall pay his or her out-of-pocket share for the behavioral health treatment prior to submitting for reimbursement. There shall be a maximum limit of twelve months beginning from the time a first responder seeks behavioral health treatment to receiving reimbursement from the program for the benefit described in this subdivision;
- (11) The right to separate living quarters and treatment areas within behavioral health and detoxification facilities from other patients so as to preserve anonymity and reduce triggering events; and

89 (12) The right for all first responders retired from service for a period of up to 90 thirty-six months to have full access to behavioral health treatment regardless of 91 Medicare restrictions.

- 4. The rights guaranteed to first responders in this section shall be judicially enforceable. An aggrieved employee may bring an action for damages, attorney's fees, or injunctive relief against an employer for violating the provisions of this section.
- 5. (1) Any communication made by an employee of an emergency services provider or law enforcement agency or peer support advisor in a peer support counseling session, as well as any oral or written information conveyed in the peer support counseling session, shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed by any person participating in the peer support counseling session or released to any person or entity. Any communication relating to a peer support counseling session made confidential under this section that is made between peer support advisors and the supervisors or staff of a peer support counseling program, or between the supervisor and staff of a peer support counseling program, shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to prohibit any communications between counselors who conduct peer support counseling sessions or any communications between counselors and the supervisors or staff of a peer support counseling program.
- (2) Any communication described in subdivision (1) of this subsection may be subject to a subpoena for good cause shown.
 - (3) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to the following:
- (a) Any threat of suicide or homicide made by a participant in a peer support counseling session or any information conveyed in a peer support counseling session related to a threat of suicide or homicide;
- (b) Any information mandated by law or agency policy to be reported including, but not limited to, domestic violence, child abuse or neglect, or elder abuse or neglect;
 - (c) Any admission of criminal conduct; or
- (d) Any admission or act of refusal to perform duties to protect others or the employee of the emergency services provider or law enforcement agency.
- (4) All communications, notes, records, and reports arising out of a peer support counseling session shall not be considered public records subject to disclosure under chapter 610.
- (5) A department or organization that establishes a peer support counseling program shall develop a policy or rule that imposes disciplinary measures against a peer support advisor who violates the confidentiality of the peer support counseling program by sharing information learned in a peer support counseling session with personnel who

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are not supervisors or staff of the peer support counseling program, unless otherwise exempted under the provisions of this subsection.

- (6) If the emergency services provider or law enforcement agency uses confidential information obtained during a confidential peer support counseling session conducted by a law enforcement agency or by an emergency services provider in violation of this subsection, the aggrieved employee whose rights have been violated shall have a cause for an adverse employment action against the provider or agency.
- (7) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit or reduce any confidentiality protections or legal privileges that are otherwise provided by law or rule including, but not limited to, local ordinance, state or federal law, or court rule. Any confidentiality provision enacted by local ordinance on or after August 28, 2023, shall not diminish the protections enumerated in this subsection.
- 6. Any emergency services provider, law enforcement agency, or statewide or local collective bargaining organization that creates a peer support program shall be subject to the provisions of this section. An emergency services provider, law enforcement agency, or collective bargaining organization shall ensure that peer support advisors receive appropriate training in counseling to conduct peer support counseling sessions. Emergency services personnel and public safety personnel may refer any person to a peer support advisor within the emergency services provider or law enforcement agency or, if those services are not available within the provider or agency, to another peer support counseling program that is available and approved by the emergency services provider or law enforcement agency. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, public safety personnel shall not mandate that any employee participate in a peer support counseling program.
- 7. There is hereby created within the department of mental health the "First Responder Behavioral Health Grant Program" to provide grants to the following recipients:
 - (1) Units of local government;
- (2) 911 dispatching agencies;
- (3) Law enforcement agencies;
- 156 (4) Fire protection districts;
- 157 (5) Municipal fire departments;
 - (6) Ambulance districts that employ first responders;
- 159 (7) Missouri State Council of Fire Fighters peer support teams; and
- 160 (8) Missouri Fraternal Order of Police peer support teams.
- 8. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the "First Responder Behavioral Health Grant Fund", which shall consist of moneys appropriated to it by the

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163 legislature. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund 165 shall be a dedicated fund and moneys in the fund shall be used solely by department of mental health for the purpose of making grants to eligible recipients under subsection 7 166 of this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

- (2) Recipients eligible for grants under subsection 7 of this section shall use the grants for expenses related to behavioral health care services for first responders including, but not limited to, peer support education and development, mental health prevention and awareness training, department-level education, critical incident data software, mental health evaluation software, telehealth services, and reimbursement for out-of-pocket costs not covered by health insurance. An employer shall not reduce behavioral health care provided through a first responder's employee benefit package as a result of the receipt of grant funds under this subsection. No record, note, or conclusion by a treatment provider providing behavioral health care to first responders whose employers receive grants under this subsection shall be shared with the employer unless otherwise mandated by law.
- (3) Applicants seeking grants shall apply to the department in a form and manner prescribed by the department.
- 9. The department may adopt any rules necessary to implement this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2023, shall be invalid and void.
- 190.1015. 1. There shall be created within the department of public safety the "Missouri First Responders Mental Health Task Force" to develop recommendations regarding grants issued under section 190.1010, as well as to develop a mechanism to help reduce the risk and rates of suicide among first responders. The task force shall be composed of the following members:
 - (1) The director of the department of mental health or his or her designee;

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- 7 (2) The director of the department of public safety or his or her designee;
- 8 The president of the Missouri Association of Fire Chiefs or his or her designee;
- 10 The president of the Missouri Police Chiefs Association or his or her **(4)** designee; 11
- 12 The president of the Missouri Fraternal Order of Police or his or her **(5)** 13 designee;
- 14 (6) The president of the Missouri State Council of Fire Fighters or his or her 15 designee;
 - Two members who represent two different mental health organizations, appointed by the director of the department of mental health;
- 18 (8) One member who represents an organization that advocates on behalf of 19 police, appointed by the director of the department of public safety;
 - (9) One member who represents organizations that advocate on behalf of firefighters, appointed by the state fire marshal; and
- (10) One member who represents organizations that advocate on behalf of paramedics and emergency first responders, appointed by the director of the bureau of 24 emergency medical services.
 - 2. Members of the task force shall be appointed within thirty days after August 28, 2023, and shall serve without compensation. The task force shall begin meeting no later than sixty days after all members have been appointed. The department of public safety shall provide administrative support for the task force. If the subject matter is either sensitive or classified, or otherwise meets necessary exemptions under section 610.021 for closed meetings, the task force may hold its hearings in private.
 - 3. The task force shall provide recommendations for agencies and organizations to access mental health and wellness services, including, but not limited to, peer support programs, and provide ongoing education related to mental health wellness including, but not limited to:
 - (1) Revising agency or organization employee assistance programs;
 - (2) Urging health care providers to replace outdated health care plans and include more progressive options catering to the needs and disproportionate risks shouldered by first responders;
- 39 (3) Providing resources for funding or public service announcements and 40 messaging campaigns aimed at raising awareness of available assistance options;
- (4) Encouraging agencies and organizations to attach lists of all available 42 resources to training manuals and continuing education requirements;

43 (5) Identifying and recommending local and nationwide mental health facilities 44 that specialize in treatment of first responders;

- (6) Encouraging agencies and organizations to sponsor or facilitate first responders with specialized training in the areas of psychological fitness, depressive disorders, early detection, and mitigation best practices. Such trainings could be accomplished by:
- (a) Assigning, appointing, or designating one member of an agency or organization to attend specialized trainings sponsored by an accredited agency, association, or organization recognized in the member's fields of study;
- (b) Seeking grants, sponsorships, or conducting fundraisers to host annual or semiannual on-site visits from qualified clinicians or physicians to provide early detection techniques training or to provide regular access to mental health professionals;
- (c) Requiring that a minimum number of hours of training on disorders and wellness be incorporated into reoccurring annual or biannual training standards, examinations, and curricula, taking into close consideration respective agency or organization size, frequency, and number of all current federal and state mandatory examinations and trainings expected respectively; and
- (d) Emphasizing the crucial importance of a balanced diet, sleep, mindfulness-based stress reduction techniques, moderate and vigorous intensity activities, and recreational hobbies, which have been scientifically proven to play a major role in brain health and mental wellness;
- (7) Encouraging administrators and leadership personnel to solicit training services from evidence-based, data-driven organizations with personnel trained on the analytical review and interpretation of specific fields related to the nature of first responders' needs, such as posttraumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, and a chronic state of duress:
- (8) Encouraging funding for expansion of preliminary self-diagnosing technologies by contacting an accredited agency, association, or organization recognized in the field or fields of specific study; normalizing help-seeking behaviors for both first responders and their families through regular messaging and peer support outreach, beginning with academy curricula and continuing education throughout individuals' careers; funding and implementing awareness campaigns that provide clear and concise calls to action about mental health and wellness, resiliency, help-seeking, treatment, and recovery; promoting and raising awareness of nonprofit organizations currently available to assist individuals in search of care and treatment; expanding Family and Medical Leave Act protections for individuals voluntarily seeking

80 preventive treatment; and promoting and ensuring complete patient confidentiality 81 protections; and

- (9) Encouraging agencies and organizations to incorporate the following training components into already existing modules and educational curricula:
- (a) Bolstering academy and school curricula by requiring depressive disorder training catered to posttraumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, and early detection techniques training, taking into close consideration respective agency or organization size and the frequency and number of all current federal and state mandatory examinations and trainings expected respectively;
- (b) Continuing to allocate or match federal and state funds to maintain the Missouri crisis intervention team;
- (c) Incorporating a state-approved certificate for peer support training into already existing statewide curricula and mandatory examinations, annual state fire marshal examinations, and physical fitness examinations. The subject matter of the certificate should have an emphasis on mental health and wellness, as well as familiarization with topics ranging from clinical social work, clinical psychology, clinical behaviorist work, and clinical psychiatry;
- (d) Incorporating and performing statewide mental health check-ins during the same times as already mandated trainings. These checks shall not be compared or used as measures of fitness for duty evaluations or structured psychological examinations; and
- (e) Recommending comprehensive and evidence-based training on the importance of preventive measures on the topics of sleep, nutrition, mindfulness, and physical movement.

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