FIRST REGULAR SESSION [PERFECTED] HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 779

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

1742H.02P

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 256.700, 259.080, 260.262, 260.273, 260.380, 260.392, 260.475, 444.768, 444.772, 640.100, 643.079, and 644.057, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirteen new sections relating to the department of natural resources.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 256.700, 259.080, 260.262, 260.273, 260.380, 260.392, 260.475, 444.768, 444.772, 640.100, 643.079, and 644.057, RSMo, are repealed and thirteen new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 256.700, 259.080, 260.262, 260.273, 260.380, 260.392, 260.475, 444.768, 444.772, 640.023, 640.100, 643.079, and 644.057, to read as follows:

256.700. 1. Any operator desiring to engage in surface mining who applies for a permit under section 444.772 shall, in addition to all other fees authorized under such section, annually submit a geologic resources fee. Such fee shall be deposited in the geologic resources fund established and expended under section 256.705. For any operator of a gravel mining operation where the annual tonnage of gravel mined by such operator is less than five thousand tons, there shall be no fee under this section.

2. The director of the department of natural resources may require a geologic resources fee for each permit not to exceed one hundred dollars. The director may also require a geologic resources fee for each site listed on a permit not to exceed one hundred dollars for each site. The director may also require a geologic resources fee for each acre permitted by the operator under section 444.772 not to exceed ten dollars per acre. If such fee is assessed, the fee per acre on all acres bonded by a single operator that exceeds a total of three hundred acres shall be reduced by fifty percent. In no case shall the geologic resources

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

14 fee portion for any permit issued under section 444.772 be more than three thousand five 15 hundred dollars.

3. Beginning August 28, 2007, the geologic resources fee shall be set at a permit fee of fifty dollars, a site fee of fifty dollars, and an acre fee of six dollars. Fees may be raised as allowed in this subsection by a regulation change promulgated by the director of the department of natural resources. Prior to such a regulation change, the director shall consult the industrial minerals advisory council created under section 256.710 in order to determine the need for such an increase in fees.

4. Fees imposed under this section shall become effective August 28, 2007, and shall
expire on December 31, [2025] 2031. No other provisions of sections 256.700 to 256.710
shall expire.

25 5. The department of natural resources may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of sections 256.700 to 256.710. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is 26 defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 27 28 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 29 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly under chapter 536 to review, to delay the 30 31 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, 32 33 shall be invalid and void.

259.080. 1. It shall be unlawful to commence operations for the drilling of a well for oil or gas, or to commence operations to deepen any well to a different geological formation, or to commence injection activities for enhanced recovery of oil or gas or for disposal of fluids, without first giving the state geologist notice of intention to drill or intention to inject and first obtaining a permit from the state geologist under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the council.

7 2. The department of natural resources may conduct a comprehensive review, and propose a new fee structure, or propose changes to the oil and gas fee structure, which may 8 include but need not be limited to permit application fees, operating fees, closure fees, and 9 late fees, and an extraction or severance fee. The comprehensive review shall include 10 stakeholder meetings in order to solicit stakeholder input from each of the following groups: 11 oil and gas industry representatives, the advisory committee, and any other interested parties. 12 Upon completion of the comprehensive review, the department shall submit a proposed fee 13 structure or changes to the oil and gas fee structure with stakeholder agreement to the oil and 14 15 gas council. The council shall review such recommendations at the forthcoming regular or special meeting, but shall not vote on the fee structure until a subsequent meeting. If the 16 council approves, by vote of two-thirds majority, the fee structure recommendations, the 17

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18 council shall authorize the department to file a notice of proposed rulemaking containing the recommended fee structure, and after considering public comments may authorize the 19 20 department to file the final order of rulemaking for such rule with the joint committee on administrative rules under sections 536.021 and 536.024 no later than December first of the 21 22 same year. If such rules are not disapproved by the general assembly in the manner set out in 23 this section, they shall take effect on January first of the following year, at which point the 24 existing fee structure shall expire. Any regulation promulgated under this subsection shall be 25 deemed beyond the scope and authority provided in this subsection, or detrimental to permit applicants, if the general assembly, within the first sixty calendar days of the regular session 26 immediately following the filing of such regulation, disapproves the regulation by concurrent 27 28 resolution. If the general assembly so disapproved any regulation filed under this subsection, 29 the department and the council shall not implement the proposed fee structure and shall 30 continue to use the previous fee structure. The authority of the council to further revise the fee structure as provided in this subsection shall expire on August 28, [2025] 2031. If the 31 council's authority to revise the fee structure as provided by this subsection expires, the 32 33 fee structure in place at the time of expiration shall remain in place.

34 3. Failure to pay the fees, or any portion thereof, established under this section or to 35 submit required reports, forms or information by the due date shall result in the imposition of a late fee established by the council. The department may issue an administrative order 36 requiring payment of unpaid fees or may request that the attorney general bring an action in 37 the appropriate circuit court to collect any unpaid fee, late fee, interest, or attorney's fees and 38 39 costs incurred directly in fee collection. Such action may be brought in the circuit court of 40 Cole County, or, in the case of well fees, in the circuit court of the county in which the well is 41 located.

260.262. A person selling lead-acid batteries at retail or offering lead-acid batteries 2 for retail sale in the state shall:

3 (1) Accept, at the point of transfer, in a quantity at least equal to the number of new 4 lead-acid batteries purchased, used lead-acid batteries from customers, if offered by 5 customers;

6 (2) Post written notice which must be at least four inches by six inches in size and 7 must contain the universal recycling symbol and the following language:

8 9 (a) It is illegal to discard a motor vehicle battery or other lead-acid battery;

(b) Recycle your used batteries; and

10 (c) State law requires us to accept used motor vehicle batteries, or other lead-acid 11 batteries for recycling, in exchange for new batteries purchased; and

12 (3) Manage used lead-acid batteries in a manner consistent with the requirements of 13 the state hazardous waste law;

(4) Collect at the time of sale a fee of fifty cents for each lead-acid battery sold. Such 14 15 fee shall be added to the total cost to the purchaser at retail after all applicable sales taxes on 16 the battery have been computed. The fee imposed, less six percent of fees collected, which shall be retained by the seller as collection costs, shall be paid to the department of revenue in 17 the form and manner required by the department and shall include the total number of 18 batteries sold during the preceding month. The department of revenue shall promulgate rules 19 20 and regulations necessary to administer the fee collection and enforcement. The terms "sold 21 at retail" and "retail sales" do not include the sale of batteries to a person solely for the 22 purpose of resale, if the subsequent retail sale in this state is to the ultimate consumer and is subject to the fee. However, this fee shall not be paid on batteries sold for use in agricultural 23 24 operations upon written certification by the purchaser; and

25 The department of revenue shall administer, collect, and enforce the fee (5) 26 authorized pursuant to this section pursuant to the same procedures used in the administration, collection, and enforcement of the general state sales and use tax imposed pursuant to chapter 27 28 144 except as provided in this section. The proceeds of the battery fee, less four percent of 29 the proceeds, which shall be retained by the department of revenue as collection costs, shall 30 be transferred by the department of revenue into the hazardous waste fund, created pursuant 31 to section 260.391. The fee created in subdivision (4) and this subdivision shall be effective October 1, 2005. The provisions of subdivision (4) and this subdivision shall terminate 32 33 December 31, [2023] 2029.

260.273. 1. Any person purchasing a new tire may present to the seller the used tire 2 or remains of such used tire for which the new tire purchased is to replace.

3 2. A fee for each new tire sold at retail shall be imposed on any person engaging in 4 the business of making retail sales of new tires within this state. The fee shall be charged by the retailer to the person who purchases a tire for use and not for resale. Such fee shall be 5 imposed at the rate of fifty cents for each new tire sold. Such fee shall be added to the total 6 cost to the purchaser at retail after all applicable sales taxes on the tires have been computed. 7 The fee imposed, less six percent of fees collected, which shall be retained by the tire retailer 8 9 as collection costs, shall be paid to the department of revenue in the form and manner required by the department of revenue and shall include the total number of new tires sold 10 during the preceding month. The department of revenue shall promulgate rules and 11 regulations necessary to administer the fee collection and enforcement. The terms "sold at 12 13 retail" and "retail sales" do not include the sale of new tires to a person solely for the purpose of resale, if the subsequent retail sale in this state is to the ultimate consumer and is subject to 14 15 the fee.

3. The department of revenue shall administer, collect and enforce the fee authorizedpursuant to this section pursuant to the same procedures used in the administration, collection

and enforcement of the general state sales and use tax imposed pursuant to chapter 144 exceptas provided in this section. The proceeds of the new tire fee, less four percent of the proceeds,

which shall be retained by the department of revenue as collection costs, shall be transferred
by the department of revenue into an appropriate subaccount of the solid waste management
fund, created pursuant to section 260.330.

4. Up to five percent of the revenue available may be allocated, upon appropriation, to the department of natural resources to be used cooperatively with the department of elementary and secondary education for the purposes of developing environmental educational materials, programs, and curriculum that assist in the department's implementation of sections 260.200 to 260.345.

28 5. Up to fifty percent of the moneys received pursuant to this section may, upon 29 appropriation, be used to administer the programs imposed by this section. Up to forty-five percent of the moneys received under this section may, upon appropriation, be used for the 30 grants authorized in subdivision (2) of subsection 6 of this section. All remaining moneys 31 32 shall be allocated, upon appropriation, for the projects authorized in section 260.276, except 33 that any unencumbered moneys may be used for public health, environmental, and safety 34 projects in response to environmental or public health emergencies and threats as determined 35 by the director.

6. The department shall promulgate, by rule, a statewide plan for the use of moneysreceived pursuant to this section to accomplish the following:

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(1) Removal of scrap tires from illegal tire dumps;

39 (2) Providing grants to persons that will use products derived from scrap tires, or use40 scrap tires as a fuel or fuel supplement; and

41 (3) Resource recovery activities conducted by the department pursuant to section 42 260.276.

7. The fee imposed in subsection 2 of this section shall begin the first day of the
month which falls at least thirty days but no more than sixty days immediately following
August 28, 2005, and shall terminate December 31, [2025] 2031.

260.380. 1. After six months from the effective date of the standards, rules and 2 regulations adopted by the commission pursuant to section 260.370, hazardous waste 3 generators located in Missouri shall:

4 (1) Promptly file and maintain with the department, on registration forms it provides 5 for this purpose, information on hazardous waste generation and management as specified by 6 rules and regulations. Hazardous waste generators shall pay a one hundred dollar registration 7 fee upon initial registration, and a one hundred dollar registration renewal fee annually 8 thereafter to maintain an active registration. Such fees shall be deposited in the hazardous 9 waste fund created in section 260.391;

10 (2) Containerize and label all hazardous wastes as specified by standards, rules and 11 regulations;

12 (3) Segregate all hazardous wastes from all nonhazardous wastes and from 13 noncompatible wastes, materials and other potential hazards as specified by standards, rules 14 and regulations;

15 (4) Provide safe storage and handling, including spill protection, as specified by 16 standards, rules and regulations, for all hazardous wastes from the time of their generation to 17 the time of their removal from the site of generation;

18 (5) Unless provided otherwise in the rules and regulations, utilize only a hazardous 19 waste transporter holding a license pursuant to sections 260.350 to 260.430 for the removal of 20 all hazardous wastes from the premises where they were generated;

(6) Unless provided otherwise in the rules and regulations, provide a separate manifest to the transporter for each load of hazardous waste transported from the premises where it was generated. The generator shall specify the destination of such load on the manifest. The manner in which the manifest shall be completed, signed and filed with the department shall be in accordance with rules and regulations;

(7) Utilize for treatment, resource recovery, disposal or storage of all hazardous
wastes, only a hazardous waste facility authorized to operate pursuant to sections 260.350 to
260.430 or the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, or a state hazardous waste
management program authorized pursuant to the federal Resource Conservation and
Recovery Act, or any facility exempted from the permit required pursuant to section 260.395;

(8) Collect and maintain such records, perform such monitoring or analyses, and
submit such reports on any hazardous waste generated, its transportation and final disposition,
as specified in sections 260.350 to 260.430 and rules and regulations adopted pursuant to
sections 260.350 to 260.430;

(9) Make available to the department upon request samples of waste and all records relating to hazardous waste generation and management for inspection and copying and allow the department to make unhampered inspections at any reasonable time of hazardous waste generation and management facilities located on the generator's property and hazardous waste generation and management practices carried out on the generator's property;

40 (10) (a) Pay annually, on or before January first of each year, effective January 1, 41 1982, a fee to the state of Missouri to be placed in the hazardous waste fund. The fee shall be 42 five dollars per ton or portion thereof of hazardous waste registered with the department as 43 specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection for the twelve-month period ending June 44 thirtieth of the previous year. However, the fee shall not exceed fifty-two thousand dollars 45 per generator site per year nor be less than one hundred fifty dollars per generator site per 46 year. 47 (b) All moneys payable pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision shall be 48 promptly transmitted to the department of revenue, which shall deposit the same in the state 49 treasury to the credit of the hazardous waste fund created in section 260.391.

50 (c) The hazardous waste management commission shall establish and submit to the 51 department of revenue procedures relating to the collection of the fees authorized by this 52 subdivision. Such procedures shall include, but not be limited to, necessary records 53 identifying the quantities of hazardous waste registered, the form and submission of reports to 54 accompany the payment of fees, the time and manner of payment of fees, which shall not be 55 more often than quarterly.

56 (d) Notwithstanding any statutory fee amounts or maximums to the contrary, the 57 director of the department of natural resources may conduct a comprehensive review and propose changes to the fee structure set forth in this section. The comprehensive review shall 58 59 include stakeholder meetings in order to solicit stakeholder input from each of the following groups: cement kiln representatives, chemical companies, large and small hazardous waste 60 generators, and any other interested parties. Upon completion of the comprehensive review, 61 62 the department shall submit a proposed fee structure with stakeholder agreement to the 63 hazardous waste management commission. The commission shall review such 64 recommendations at the forthcoming regular or special meeting, but shall not vote on the fee structure until a subsequent meeting. If the commission approves, by vote of two-thirds 65 66 majority or five of seven commissioners, the fee structure recommendations, the commission shall authorize the department to file a notice of proposed rulemaking containing the 67 68 recommended fee structure, and after considering public comments may authorize the department to file the order of rulemaking for such rule with the joint committee on 69 70 administrative rules pursuant to sections 536.021 and 536.024 no later than December first of 71 the same year. If such rules are not disapproved by the general assembly in the manner set out below, they shall take effect on January first of the following calendar year and the fee 72 73 structure set out in this section shall expire upon the effective date of the commission-adopted 74 fee structure, contrary to subsection 4 of this section. Any regulation promulgated under this 75 subsection shall be deemed to be beyond the scope and authority provided in this subsection, 76 or detrimental to permit applicants, if the general assembly, within the first sixty calendar days of the regular session immediately following the filing of such regulation disapproves 77 the regulation by concurrent resolution. If the general assembly so disapproves any 78 regulation filed under this subsection, the department and the commission shall not 79 80 implement the proposed fee structure and shall continue to use the previous fee structure. The 81 authority of the commission to further revise the fee structure as provided by this subsection 82 shall expire on August 28, [2024. Any fee, bond, or assessment structure established pursuant to the process in this section shall expire on August 28, 2024] 2030. If the commission's 83

authority to revise the fee structure as provided by this subsection expires, the fee structure in place at the time of expiration shall remain in place.

2. Missouri treatment, storage, or disposal facilities shall pay annually, on or before January first of each year, a fee to the department equal to two dollars per ton or portion thereof for all hazardous waste received from outside the state. This fee shall be based on the hazardous waste received for the twelve-month period ending June thirtieth of the previous year.

91 3. Exempted from the requirements of this section are individual householders and 92 farmers who generate only small quantities of hazardous waste and any person the 93 commission determines generates only small quantities of hazardous waste on an infrequent 94 basis, except that:

95 (1) Householders, farmers and exempted persons shall manage all hazardous wastes
96 they may generate in a manner so as not to adversely affect the health of humans, or pose a
97 threat to the environment, or create a public nuisance; and

98 (2) The department may determine that a specific quantity of a specific hazardous 99 waste requires special management. Upon such determination and after public notice by 100 press release or advertisement thereof, including instructions for handling and delivery, 101 generators exempted pursuant to this subsection shall deliver, but without a manifest or the 102 requirement to use a licensed hazardous waste transporter, such waste to:

(a) Any storage, treatment or disposal site authorized to operate pursuant to sections
260.350 to 260.430 or the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, or a state
hazardous waste management program authorized pursuant to the federal Resource
Conservation and Recovery Act which the department designates for this purpose; or

107 (b) A collection station or vehicle which the department may arrange for and 108 designate for this purpose.

4. Failure to pay the fee, or any portion thereof, prescribed in this section by the due date shall result in the imposition of a penalty equal to fifteen percent of the original fee. The fee prescribed in this section shall expire December 31, 2018, except that the department shall levy and collect this fee for any hazardous waste generated prior to such date and reported to the department.

260.392. 1. As used in sections 260.392 to 260.399, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Cask", all the components and systems associated with the container in which
3 spent fuel, high-level radioactive waste, highway route controlled quantity, or transuranic
4 radioactive waste are stored;

5 (2) "High-level radioactive waste", the highly radioactive material resulting from the 6 reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel including liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing 7 and any solid material derived from such liquid waste that contains fission products in 8 sufficient concentrations, and other highly radioactive material that the United States Nuclear

9 Regulatory Commission has determined to be high-level radioactive waste requiring 10 permanent isolation;

11 (3) "Highway route controlled quantity", as defined in 49 CFR Part 173.403, as 12 amended, a quantity of radioactive material within a single package. Highway route 13 controlled quantity shipments of thirty miles or less within the state are exempt from the 14 provisions of this section;

15 (4) "Low-level radioactive waste", any radioactive waste not classified as high-level radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste, or spent nuclear fuel by the United States 16 Nuclear Regulatory Commission, consistent with existing law. Shipment of all sealed sources 17 meeting the definition of low-level radioactive waste, shipments of low-level radioactive 18 19 waste that are within a radius of no more than fifty miles from the point of origin, and all 20 naturally occurring radioactive material given written approval for landfill disposal by the 21 Missouri department of natural resources under 10 CSR 80- 3.010 are exempt from the 22 provisions of this section. Any low-level radioactive waste that has a radioactive half-life 23 equal to or less than one hundred twenty days is exempt from the provisions of this section;

(5) "Shipper", the generator, owner, or company contracting for transportation by
truck or rail of the spent fuel, high-level radioactive waste, highway route controlled quantity
shipments, transuranic radioactive waste, or low-level radioactive waste;

(6) "Spent nuclear fuel", fuel that has been withdrawn from a nuclear reactor
following irradiation, the constituent elements of which have not been separated by
reprocessing;

30 (7) "State-funded institutions of higher education", any campus of any university 31 within the state of Missouri that receives state funding and has a nuclear research reactor;

(8) "Transuranic radioactive waste", defined in 40 CFR Part 191.02, as amended, as
waste containing more than one hundred nanocuries of alpha-emitting transuranic isotopes
with half-lives greater than twenty years, per gram of waste. For the purposes of this section,
transuranic waste shall not include:

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(a) High-level radioactive wastes;

37 (b) Any waste determined by the Environmental Protection Agency with the 38 concurrence of the Environmental Protection Agency administrator that does not need the 39 degree of isolation required by this section; or

40 (c) Any waste that the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission has approved 41 for disposal on a case-by-case basis in accordance with 10 CFR Part 61, as amended.

42 2. Any shipper that ships high-level radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste,
43 highway route controlled quantity shipments, spent nuclear fuel, or low-level radioactive
44 waste through or within the state shall be subject to the fees established in this subsection,

provided that no state-funded institution of higher education that ships nuclear waste shall pay
any such fee. These higher education institutions shall reimburse the Missouri state highway
patrol directly for all costs related to shipment escorts. The fees for all other shipments shall
be:

(1) One thousand eight hundred dollars for each truck transporting through or within the state high-level radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste, spent nuclear fuel or highway route controlled quantity shipments. All truck shipments of high-level radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste, spent nuclear fuel, or highway route controlled quantity shipments are subject to a surcharge of twenty-five dollars per mile for every mile over two hundred miles traveled within the state;

55 (2) One thousand three hundred dollars for the first cask and one hundred twenty-five 56 dollars for each additional cask for each rail shipment through or within the state of high-level 57 radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste, or spent nuclear fuel;

58 (3) One hundred twenty-five dollars for each truck or train transporting low-level 59 radioactive waste through or within the state.

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61 The department of natural resources may accept an annual shipment fee as negotiated with a62 shipper or accept payment per shipment.

3. All revenue generated from the fees established in subsection 2 of this section shall be deposited into the environmental radiation monitoring fund established in section 260.750 and shall be used by the department of natural resources to achieve the following objectives and for purposes related to the shipment of high-level radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste, highway route controlled quantity shipments, spent nuclear fuel, or lowlevel radioactive waste, including, but not limited to:

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(1) Inspections, escorts, and security for waste shipment and planning;

70 71 (2) Coordination of emergency response capability;

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(3) Education and training of state, county, and local emergency responders;

(4) Purchase and maintenance of necessary equipment and supplies for state, county,and local emergency responders through grants or other funding mechanisms;

(5) Emergency responses to any transportation incident involving the high-level
 radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste, highway route controlled quantity
 shipments, spent nuclear fuel, or low-level radioactive waste;

(6) Oversight of any environmental remediation necessary resulting from an incident
involving a shipment of high-level radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste, highway
route controlled quantity shipments, spent nuclear fuel, or low-level radioactive waste.
Reimbursement for oversight of any such incident shall not reduce or eliminate the liability of
any party responsible for the incident; such party may be liable for full reimbursement to the

82 state or payment of any other costs associated with the cleanup of contamination related to a 83 transportation incident;

84 (7) Administrative costs attributable to the state agencies which are incurred through 85 their involvement as it relates to the shipment of high-level radioactive waste, transuranic 86 radioactive waste, highway route controlled quantity shipments, spent nuclear fuel, or low-87 level radioactive waste through or within the state.

4. Nothing in this section shall preclude any other state agency from receiving reimbursement from the department of natural resources and the environmental radiation monitoring fund for services rendered that achieve the objectives and comply with the provisions of this section.

5. Any unencumbered balance in the environmental radiation monitoring fund that exceeds three hundred thousand dollars in any given fiscal year shall be returned to shippers on a pro rata basis, based on the shipper's contribution into the environmental radiation monitoring fund for that fiscal year.

96 6. The department of natural resources, in coordination with the department of health 97 and senior services and the department of public safety, may promulgate rules necessary to 98 carry out the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in 99 section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if 100 101 applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the 102 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the 103 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then 104 the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2009, shall be invalid and void. 105

106 7. All funds deposited in the environmental radiation monitoring fund through fees 107 established in subsection 2 of this section shall be utilized, subject to appropriation by the 108 general assembly, for the administration and enforcement of this section by the department of 109 natural resources. All interest earned by the moneys in the fund shall accrue to the fund.

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8. All fees shall be paid to the department of natural resources prior to shipment.

9. Notice of any shipment of high-level radioactive waste, transuranic radioactive waste, highway route controlled quantity shipments, or spent nuclear fuel through or within the state shall be provided by the shipper to the governor's designee for advanced notification, as described in 10 CFR Parts 71 and 73, as amended, prior to such shipment entering the state. Notice of any shipment of low-level radioactive waste through or within the state shall be provided by the shipper to the Missouri department of natural resources before such shipment enters the state.

10. Any shipper who fails to pay a fee assessed under this section, or fails to provide notice of a shipment, shall be liable in a civil action for an amount not to exceed ten times the amount assessed and not paid. The action shall be brought by the attorney general at the request of the department of natural resources. If the action involves a facility domiciled in the state, the action shall be brought in the circuit court of the county in which the facility is located. If the action does not involve a facility domiciled in the state, the action shall be trought in the circuit court of Cole County.

125 11. Beginning on December 31, 2009, and every two years thereafter, the department 126 of natural resources shall prepare and submit a report on activities of the environmental 127 radiation monitoring fund to the general assembly. This report shall include information on 128 fee income received and expenditures made by the state to enforce and administer the 129 provisions of this section.

130 12. The provisions of this section shall not apply to high-level radioactive waste, 131 transuranic radioactive waste, highway route controlled quantity shipments, spent nuclear 132 fuel, or low-level radioactive waste shipped by or for the federal government for military or 133 national defense purposes.

134 13. The program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset on August135 28, [2024] 2030.

260.475. 1. Every hazardous waste generator located in Missouri shall pay, in addition to the fees imposed in section 260.380, a fee of twenty-five dollars per ton annually on all hazardous waste which is discharged, deposited, dumped or placed into or on the soil as a final action, and two dollars per ton on all other hazardous waste transported off site. No fee shall be imposed upon any hazardous waste generator who registers less than ten tons of hazardous waste annually pursuant to section 260.380, or upon:

7 (1) Hazardous waste which must be disposed of as provided by a remedial plan for an 8 abandoned or uncontrolled hazardous waste site;

9 (2) Fly ash waste, bottom ash waste, slag waste and flue gas emission control waste 10 generated primarily from the combustion of coal or other fossil fuels;

(3) Solid waste from the extraction, beneficiation and processing of ores and
 minerals, including phosphate rock and overburden from the mining of uranium ore and
 smelter slag waste from the processing of materials into reclaimed metals;

- 14 (4) Cement kiln dust waste;
- 15 (5) Waste oil; or
- 16 (6) Hazardous waste that is:
- 17 (a) Reclaimed or reused for energy and materials;
- 18 (b) Transformed into new products which are not wastes;
- 19 (c) Destroyed or treated to render the hazardous waste nonhazardous; or

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(d) Waste discharged to a publicly owned treatment works.

2. The fees imposed in this section shall be reported and paid to the department on an 22 annual basis not later than the first of January. The payment shall be accompanied by a return 23 in such form as the department may prescribe.

3. All moneys collected or received by the department pursuant to this section shall be transmitted to the department of revenue for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the hazardous waste fund created pursuant to section 260.391. Following each annual reporting date, the state treasurer shall certify the amount deposited in the fund to the commission.

4. If any generator or transporter fails or refuses to pay the fees imposed by this section, or fails or refuses to furnish any information reasonably requested by the department relating to such fees, there shall be imposed, in addition to the fee determined to be owed, a penalty of fifteen percent of the fee shall be deposited in the hazardous waste fund.

5. If the fees or any portion of the fees imposed by this section are not paid by the date prescribed for such payment, there shall be imposed interest upon the unpaid amount at the rate of ten percent per annum from the date prescribed for its payment until payment is actually made, all of which shall be deposited in the hazardous waste fund.

6. The state treasurer is authorized to deposit all of the moneys in the hazardous waste fund in any of the qualified depositories of the state. All such deposits shall be secured in such a manner and shall be made upon such terms and conditions as are now or may hereafter be provided for by law relative to state deposits. Interest received on such deposits shall be credited to the hazardous waste fund.

7. This fee shall expire December 31, 2018, except that the department shall levy and
collect this fee for any hazardous waste generated prior to such date and reported to the
department.

44 8. Notwithstanding any statutory fee amounts or maximums to the contrary, the 45 director of the department of natural resources may conduct a comprehensive review and propose changes to the fee structure set forth in this section. The comprehensive review shall 46 47 include stakeholder meetings in order to solicit stakeholder input from each of the following 48 groups: cement kiln representatives, chemical companies, large and small hazardous waste 49 generators, and any other interested parties. Upon completion of the comprehensive review, the department shall submit a proposed fee structure with stakeholder agreement to the 50 hazardous waste management commission. The commission shall review such 51 recommendations at the forthcoming regular or special meeting, but shall not vote on the 52 53 fee structure until a subsequent meeting. If the commission approves, by vote of two-thirds 54 majority or five of seven commissioners, the fee structure recommendations, the commission 55 shall authorize the department to file a notice of proposed rulemaking containing the recommended fee structure, and after considering public comments may authorize the 56

department to file the order of rulemaking for such rule with the joint committee on 57 administrative rules pursuant to sections 536.021 and 536.024 no later than December first of 58 59 the same year. If such rules are not disapproved by the general assembly in the manner set out below, they shall take effect on January first of the following calendar year and the fee 60 structure set out in this section shall expire upon the effective date of the commission-adopted 61 fee structure, contrary to subsection 7 of this section. Any regulation promulgated under this 62 63 subsection shall be deemed to be beyond the scope and authority provided in this subsection, 64 or detrimental to permit applicants, if the general assembly, within the first sixty calendar days of the regular session immediately following the filing of such regulation disapproves 65 the regulation by concurrent resolution. If the general assembly so disapproves any 66 regulation filed under this subsection, the department and the commission shall not 67 implement the proposed fee structure and shall continue to use the previous fee structure. The 68 69 authority of the commission to further revise the fee structure as provided by this subsection shall expire on August 28, [2024. Any fee, bond, or assessment structure established pursuant 70 to the process in this section shall expire on August 28, 2024] 2030. If the comission's 71 72 authority to revise the fee structure as provided by this subsection expires, the fee 73 structure in place at the time of expiration shall remain in place.

444.768. 1. Notwithstanding any statutory fee amounts or maximums to the contrary, the director of the department of natural resources may conduct a comprehensive review and 2 3 propose changes to the fee, bond, or assessment structure as set forth in this chapter. The comprehensive review shall include stakeholder meetings in order to solicit stakeholder input 4 5 from regulated entities and any other interested parties. Upon completion of the comprehensive review, the department shall submit a proposed fee, bond, or assessment 6 structure with stakeholder agreement to the Missouri mining commission. The commission 7 shall review such recommendations at a forthcoming regular or special meeting, but shall not 8 vote on the proposed structure until a subsequent meeting. If the commission approves, by 9 vote of two-thirds majority, the fee, bond, or assessment structure recommendations, the 10 11 commission shall authorize the department to file a notice of proposed rulemaking containing the recommended structure, and after considering public comments may authorize the 12 department to file the final order of rulemaking for such rule with the joint committee on 13 administrative rules pursuant to sections 536.021 and 536.024 no later than December first of 14 the same year. If such rules are not disapproved by the general assembly in the manner set out 15 below, they shall take effect on January first of the following calendar year, at which point the 16 existing fee, bond, or assessment structure shall expire upon the effective date of the 17 18 commission-adopted fee structure, contrary to subsection 12 of section 444.772. Any 19 regulation promulgated under this subsection shall be deemed to be beyond the scope and authority provided in this subsection, or detrimental to permit applicants, if the general 20

assembly within the first sixty days of the regular session immediately following the filing of 21 such regulation disapproves the regulation by concurrent resolution. If the general assembly 22 23 so disapproves any regulation filed under this subsection, the department and the commission 24 shall not implement the proposed fee, bond, or assessment structure and shall continue to use 25 the previous fee, bond, or assessment structure. The authority for the commission to further 26 revise the fee, bond, or assessment structure as provided in this subsection shall expire on 27 August 28, [2024. Any fee, bond, or assessment structure established pursuant to the process 28 in this section shall expire on August 28, 2024] 2030. If the commission's authority to revise the fee structure as provided by this subsection expires, the fee structure in place 29 at the time of expiration shall remain in place. 30

31 2. Failure to pay any fee, bond, or assessment, or any portion thereof, referenced in this section by the due date may result in the imposition of a late fee equal to fifteen percent 32 of the unpaid amount, plus ten percent interest per annum. Any order issued by the 33 department under this chapter may require payment of such amounts. The department may 34 bring an action in the appropriate circuit court to collect any unpaid fee, late fee, interest, or 35 36 attorney's fees and costs incurred directly in fee collection. Such action may be brought in the circuit court of the county in which the facility is located, or in the circuit court of Cole 37 County. 38

444.772. 1. Any operator desiring to engage in surface mining shall make written 2 application to the director for a permit.

3 2. Application for permit shall be made on a form prescribed by the commission and 4 shall include:

(2) The source of the applicant's legal right to mine the land affected by the permit;

5

(1) The name of all persons with any interest in the land to be mined;

6

(3) The permanent and temporary post office address of the applicant;

8 (4) Whether the applicant or any person associated with the applicant holds or has 9 held any other permits pursuant to sections 444.500 to 444.790, and an identification of such 10 permits;

11 (5) The written consent of the applicant and any other persons necessary to grant access to the commission or the director to the area of land affected under application from 12 the date of application until the expiration of any permit granted under the application and 13 thereafter for such time as is necessary to assure compliance with all provisions of sections 14 444.500 to 444.790 or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to them. Permit 15 applications submitted by operators who mine an annual tonnage of less than ten thousand 16 17 tons shall be required to include written consent from the operator to grant access to the commission or the director to the area of land affected; 18

7 ° (6) A description of the tract or tracts of land and the estimated number of acresthereof to be affected by the surface mining of the applicant for the next succeeding twelvemonths; and

22 (7) Such other information that the commission may require as such information 23 applies to land reclamation.

3. The application for a permit shall be accompanied by a map in a scale and form specified by the commission by regulation.

26 4. The application shall be accompanied by a bond, security or certificate meeting the 27 requirements of section 444.778, a geologic resources fee authorized under section 256.700, and a permit fee approved by the commission not to exceed one thousand dollars. The 28 29 commission may also require a fee for each site listed on a permit not to exceed four hundred 30 dollars for each site. If mining operations are not conducted at a site for six months or more 31 during any year, the fee for such site for that year shall be reduced by fifty percent. The commission may also require a fee for each acre bonded by the operator pursuant to section 32 33 444.778 not to exceed twenty dollars per acre. If such fee is assessed, the per-acre fee on all 34 acres bonded by a single operator that exceed a total of two hundred acres shall be reduced by 35 fifty percent. In no case shall the total fee for any permit be more than three thousand dollars. 36 Permit and renewal fees shall be established by rule, except for the initial fees as set forth in this subsection, and shall be set at levels that recover the cost of administering and enforcing 37 38 sections 444.760 to 444.790, making allowances for grants and other sources of funds. The 39 director shall submit a report to the commission and the public each year that describes the number of employees and the activities performed the previous calendar year to administer 40 41 sections 444.760 to 444.790. For any operator of a gravel mining operation where the annual 42 tonnage of gravel mined by such operator is less than five thousand tons, the total cost of 43 submitting an application shall be three hundred dollars. The issued permit shall be valid 44 from the date of its issuance until the date specified in the mine plan unless sooner revoked or 45 suspended as provided in sections 444.760 to 444.790. Beginning August 28, 2007, the fees 46 shall be set at a permit fee of eight hundred dollars, a site fee of four hundred dollars, and an acre fee of ten dollars, with a maximum fee of three thousand dollars. Fees may be raised as 47 48 allowed in this subsection after a regulation change that demonstrates the need for increased 49 fees.

50 5. An operator desiring to have his or her permit amended to cover additional land 51 may file an amended application with the commission. Upon receipt of the amended 52 application, and such additional fee and bond as may be required pursuant to the provisions of 53 sections 444.760 to 444.790, the director shall, if the applicant complies with all applicable 54 regulatory requirements, issue an amendment to the original permit covering the additional 55 land described in the amended application. 6. An operation may withdraw any land covered by a permit, excepting affected land, by notifying the commission thereof, in which case the penalty of the bond or security filed by the operator pursuant to the provisions of sections 444.760 to 444.790 shall be reduced proportionately.

60 7. Where mining or reclamation operations on acreage for which a permit has been issued have not been completed, the permit shall be renewed. The operator shall submit a 61 62 permit renewal form furnished by the director for an additional permit year and pay a fee 63 equal to an application fee calculated pursuant to subsection 4 of this section, but in no case shall the renewal fee for any operator be more than three thousand dollars. For any operator 64 65 involved in any gravel mining operation where the annual tonnage of gravel mined by such operator is less than five thousand tons, the permit as to such acreage shall be renewed by 66 67 applying on a permit renewal form furnished by the director for an additional permit year and 68 payment of a fee of three hundred dollars. Upon receipt of the completed permit renewal form and fee from the operator, the director shall approve the renewal. With approval of the 69 director and operator, the permit renewal may be extended for a portion of an additional year 70 71 with a corresponding prorating of the renewal fee.

8. Where one operator succeeds another at any uncompleted operation, either by sale, assignment, lease or otherwise, the commission may release the first operator from all liability pursuant to sections 444.760 to 444.790 as to that particular operation if both operators have been issued a permit and have otherwise complied with the requirements of sections 444.760 to 444.790 and the successor operator assumes as part of his or her obligation pursuant to sections 444.760 to 444.790 all liability for the reclamation of the area of land affected by the former operator.

9. The application for a permit shall be accompanied by a plan of reclamation that meets the requirements of sections 444.760 to 444.790 and the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, and shall contain a verified statement by the operator setting forth the proposed method of operation, reclamation, and a conservation plan for the affected area including approximate dates and time of completion, and stating that the operation will meet the requirements of sections 444.760 to 444.790, and any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to them.

10. At the time that a permit application is deemed complete by the director, the operator shall publish a notice of intent to operate a surface mine in any newspaper qualified pursuant to section 493.050 to publish legal notices in any county where the land is located. If the director does not respond to a permit application within forty-five calendar days, the application shall be deemed to be complete. Notice in the newspaper shall be posted once a week for four consecutive weeks beginning no more than ten days after the application is deemed complete. The operator shall also send notice of intent to operate a surface mine by 93 certified mail to the governing body of the counties or cities in which the proposed area is94 located, and to the last known addresses of all record landowners whose property is:

95 (1) Within two thousand six hundred forty feet, or one-half mile from the border of 96 the proposed mine plan area; and

97 (2) Adjacent to the proposed mine plan area, land upon which the mine plan area is 98 located, or adjacent land having a legal relationship with either the applicant or the owner of 99 the land upon which the mine plan area is located.

100

101 The notices shall include the name and address of the operator, a legal description consisting 102 of county, section, township and range, the number of acres involved, a statement that the operator plans to mine a specified mineral during a specified time, and the address of the 103 104 commission. The notices shall also contain a statement that any person with a direct, personal 105 interest in one or more of the factors the director may consider in issuing a permit may request a public meeting or file written comments to the director no later than fifteen days 106 107 following the final public notice publication date. If any person requests a public meeting, the 108 applicant shall cooperate with the director in making all necessary arrangements for the public meeting to be held in a reasonably convenient location and at a reasonable time for 109 110 interested participants, and the applicant shall bear the expenses.

111 11. The director may approve a permit application or permit amendment whose 112 operation or reclamation plan deviates from the requirements of sections 444.760 to 444.790 113 if it can be demonstrated by the operator that the conditions present at the surface mining 114 location warrant an exception. The criteria accepted for consideration when evaluating the 115 merits of an exception or variance to the requirements of sections 444.760 to 444.790 shall be 116 established by regulations.

117 12. Fees imposed pursuant to this section shall become effective August 28, 2007, 118 and shall expire on December 31, [2024] 2030. No other provisions of this section shall 119 expire.

640.023. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the department of natural resources shall not take any permitting or regulatory action based solely on guidance that has not been promulgated as a regulation, unless such use of guidance is agreed to by the permittee or person subject to such regulatory action.

640.100. 1. The safe drinking water commission created in section 640.105 shall
promulgate rules necessary for the implementation, administration and enforcement of
sections 640.100 to 640.140 and the federal Safe Drinking Water Act as amended.

2. No standard, rule or regulation or any amendment or repeal thereof shall be
adopted except after a public hearing to be held by the commission after at least thirty days'
prior notice in the manner prescribed by the rulemaking provisions of chapter 536 and an

7 opportunity given to the public to be heard; the commission may solicit the views, in writing,

of persons who may be affected by, knowledgeable about, or interested in proposed rules and 8 9 regulations, or standards. Any person heard or registered at the hearing, or making written request for notice, shall be given written notice of the action of the commission with respect 10 to the subject thereof. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, 11 that is promulgated to administer and enforce sections 640.100 to 640.140 shall become 12 13 effective only if the agency has fully complied with all of the requirements of chapter 536, 14 including but not limited to section 536.028, if applicable, after June 9, 1998. All rulemaking authority delegated prior to June 9, 1998, is of no force and effect and repealed as of June 9, 15 1998, however, nothing in this section shall be interpreted to repeal or affect the validity of 16 any rule adopted or promulgated prior to June 9, 1998. If the provisions of section 536.028 17 18 apply, the provisions of this section are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to section 536.028 to review, to delay the effective date, or to 19 disapprove and annul a rule or portion of a rule are held unconstitutional or invalid, the 20 21 purported grant of rulemaking authority and any rule so proposed and contained in the order 22 of rulemaking shall be invalid and void, except that nothing in this chapter or chapter 644 23 shall affect the validity of any rule adopted and promulgated prior to June 9, 1998.

24 3. The commission shall promulgate rules and regulations for the certification of public water system operators, backflow prevention assembly testers and laboratories 25 26 conducting tests pursuant to sections 640.100 to 640.140. Any person seeking to be a 27 certified backflow prevention assembly tester shall satisfactorily complete standard, 28 nationally recognized written and performance examinations designed to ensure that the 29 person is competent to determine if the assembly is functioning within its design 30 specifications. Any such state certification shall satisfy any need for local certification as a backflow prevention assembly tester. However, political subdivisions may set additional 31 testing standards for individuals who are seeking to be certified as backflow prevention 32 33 assembly testers. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, agencies of the 34 state or its political subdivisions shall only require carbonated beverage dispensers to 35 conform to the backflow protection requirements established in the National Sanitation Foundation standard eighteen, and the dispensers shall be so listed by an independent testing 36 laboratory. The commission shall promulgate rules and regulations for collection of samples 37 and analysis of water furnished by municipalities, corporations, companies, state 38 39 establishments, federal establishments or individuals to the public. The department of 40 natural resources or the department of health and senior services shall, at the request of any 41 supplier, make any analyses or tests required pursuant to the terms of section 192.320 and 42 sections 640.100 to 640.140. The department shall collect fees to cover the reasonable cost of laboratory services, both within the department of natural resources and the department of 43

health and senior services, laboratory certification and program administration as required by 44 45 sections 640.100 to 640.140. The laboratory services and program administration fees 46 pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed two hundred dollars for a supplier supplying less 47 than four thousand one hundred service connections, three hundred dollars for supplying less than seven thousand six hundred service connections, five hundred dollars for supplying 48 49 seven thousand six hundred or more service connections, and five hundred dollars for testing 50 surface water. Such fees shall be deposited in the safe drinking water fund as specified in 51 section 640.110. The analysis of all drinking water required by section 192.320 and sections 52 640.100 to 640.140 shall be made by the department of natural resources laboratories, department of health and senior services laboratories or laboratories certified by the 53 54 department of natural resources.

4. The department of natural resources shall establish and maintain an inventory of public water supplies and conduct sanitary surveys of public water systems. Such records shall be available for public inspection during regular business hours.

58 5. (1) For the purpose of complying with federal requirements for maintaining the 59 primacy of state enforcement of the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, the department is 60 hereby directed to request appropriations from the general revenue fund and all other 61 appropriate sources to fund the activities of the public drinking water program and in addition to the fees authorized pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, an annual fee for each customer 62 63 service connection with a public water system is hereby authorized to be imposed upon all 64 customers of public water systems in this state. Each customer of a public water system shall 65 pay an annual fee for each customer service connection.

66 (2) The annual fee per customer service connection for unmetered customers and 67 customers with meters not greater than one inch in size shall be based upon the number of 68 service connections in the water system serving that customer, and shall not exceed:

69	1 to 1,000 connections	\$ 3.24
70	1,001 to 4,000 connections	3.00
71	4,001 to 7,000 connections	2.76
72	7,001 to 10,000 connections	2.40
73	10,001 to 20,000 connections	2.16
74	20,001 to 35,000 connections	1.92
75	35,001 to 50,000 connections	1.56
76	50,001 to 100,000 connections	1.32
77	More than 100,000 connections	1.08

(3) The annual user fee for customers having meters greater than one inch but lessthan or equal to two inches in size shall not exceed seven dollars and forty-four cents; for

80 customers with meters greater than two inches but less than or equal to four inches in size 81 shall not exceed forty-one dollars and sixteen cents; and for customers with meters greater 82 than four inches in size shall not exceed eighty-two dollars and forty-four cents.

(4) Customers served by multiple connections shall pay an annual user fee based on
the above rates for each connection, except that no single facility served by multiple
connections shall pay a total of more than five hundred dollars per year.

86 6. Fees imposed pursuant to subsection 5 of this section shall become effective on 87 August 28, 2006, and shall be collected by the public water system serving the customer 88 beginning September 1, 2006, and continuing until such time that the safe drinking water commission, at its discretion, specifies a different amount under subsection 8 of this section. 89 90 The commission shall promulgate rules and regulations on the procedures for billing, 91 collection and delinquent payment. Fees collected by a public water system pursuant to 92 subsection 5 of this section and fees established by the commission pursuant to subsection 8 of this section are state fees. The annual fee shall be enumerated separately from all other 93 94 charges, and shall be collected in monthly, quarterly or annual increments. Such fees shall be 95 transferred to the director of the department of revenue at frequencies not less than quarterly. 96 Two percent of the revenue arising from the fees shall be retained by the public water system 97 for the purpose of reimbursing its expenses for billing and collection of such fees.

98 7. Imposition and collection of the fees authorized in subsection 5 and fees 99 established by the commission pursuant to subsection 8 of this section shall be suspended on 100 the first day of a calendar quarter if, during the preceding calendar quarter, the federally 101 delegated authority granted to the safe drinking water program within the department of 102 natural resources to administer the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 300g-2, is 103 withdrawn. The fee shall not be reinstated until the first day of the calendar quarter following 104 the quarter during which such delegated authority is reinstated.

105 8. Notwithstanding any statutory fee amounts or maximums to the contrary, the department of natural resources may conduct a comprehensive review and propose changes to 106 107 the fee structure set forth in this section. The comprehensive review shall include stakeholder 108 meetings in order to solicit stakeholder input from public and private water suppliers, and any 109 other interested parties. Upon completion of the comprehensive review, the department shall 110 submit a proposed fee structure with stakeholder agreement to the safe drinking water 111 commission. The commission shall review such recommendations at a forthcoming regular 112 or special meeting, but shall not vote on the fee structure until a subsequent meeting. If the 113 commission approves, by vote of two-thirds majority or six of nine commissioners, the fee 114 structure recommendations, the commission shall authorize the department to file a notice of 115 proposed rulemaking containing the recommended fee structure, and after considering public 116 comments may authorize the department to file the final order of rulemaking for such rule

117 with the joint committee on administrative rules pursuant to sections 536.021 and 536.024 no 118 later than December first of the same year. If such rules are not disapproved by the general 119 assembly in the manner set out below, they shall take effect on January first of the following 120 calendar year, at which point the existing fee structure shall expire. Any regulation 121 promulgated under this subsection shall be deemed to be beyond the scope and authority 122 provided in this subsection, or detrimental to permit applicants, if the general assembly within 123 the first sixty calendar days of the regular session immediately following the filing of such 124 regulation disapproves the regulation by concurrent resolution. If the general assembly so 125 disapproves any regulation filed under this subsection, the department and the commission 126 shall not implement the proposed fee structure and shall continue to use the previous fee structure. The authority of the commission to further revise the fee structure as provided by 127 128 this subsection shall expire on August 28, [2024] 2030. If the commission's authority to 129 revise the fee structure as provided by this subsection expires, the fee structure in place 130 at the time of expiration shall remain in place.

643.079. 1. Any air contaminant source required to obtain a permit issued under 2 sections 643.010 to 643.355 shall pay annually beginning April 1, 1993, a fee as provided herein. For the first year the fee shall be twenty-five dollars per ton of each regulated air 3 4 contaminant emitted. Thereafter, the fee shall be set every three years by the commission by rule and shall be at least twenty-five dollars per ton of regulated air contaminant emitted but 5 not more than forty dollars per ton of regulated air contaminant emitted in the previous 6 7 calendar year. If necessary, the commission may make annual adjustments to the fee by rule. The fee shall be set at an amount consistent with the need to fund the reasonable cost of 8 administering sections 643.010 to 643.355, taking into account other moneys received 9 pursuant to sections 643.010 to 643.355. For the purpose of determining the amount of air 10 contaminant emissions on which the fees authorized under this section are assessed, a facility 11 shall be considered one source as described in subsection 2 of section 643.078, except that a 12 facility with multiple operating permits shall pay the emission fees authorized under this 13 14 section separately for air contaminants emitted under each individual permit.

2. A source which produces charcoal from wood shall pay an annual emission fee under this subsection in lieu of the fee established in subsection 1 of this section. The fee shall be based upon a maximum fee of twenty-five dollars per ton and applied upon each ton of regulated air contaminant emitted for the first four thousand tons of each contaminant emitted in the amount established by the commission pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, reduced according to the following schedule:

(1) For fees payable under this subsection in the years 1993 and 1994, the fee shall bereduced by one hundred percent;

23 (2) For fees payable under this subsection in the years 1995, 1996 and 1997, the fee 24 shall be reduced by eighty percent;

25 (3) For fees payable under this subsection in the years 1998, 1999 and 2000, the fee 26 shall be reduced by sixty percent.

27

3. The fees imposed in subsection 2 of this section shall not be imposed or collected 28 after the year 2000 unless the general assembly reimposes the fee.

29 4. Each air contaminant source with a permit issued under sections 643.010 to 30 643.355 shall pay the fee for the first four thousand tons of each regulated air contaminant emitted each year but no air contaminant source shall pay fees on total emissions of regulated 31 air contaminants in excess of twelve thousand tons in any calendar year. A permitted air 32 33 contaminant source which emitted less than one ton of all regulated pollutants shall pay a fee 34 equal to the amount per ton set by the commission. An air contaminant source which pays 35 emission fees to a holder of a certificate of authority issued pursuant to section 643.140 may deduct such fees from any amount due under this section. The fees imposed in this section 36 shall not be applied to carbon oxide emissions. The fees imposed in subsection 1 of this 37 38 section and this subsection shall not be applied to sulfur dioxide emissions from any Phase I affected unit subject to the requirements of Title IV, Section 404, of the federal Clean Air Act, 39 40 as amended, 42 U.S.C. Section 7651 et seq., any sooner than January 1, 2000. The fees imposed on emissions from Phase I affected units shall be consistent with and shall not 41 42 exceed the provisions of the federal Clean Air Act, as amended, and the regulations 43 promulgated thereunder. Any such fee on emissions from any Phase I affected unit shall be 44 reduced by the amount of the service fee paid by that Phase I affected unit pursuant to subsection 8 of this section in that year. Any fees that may be imposed on Phase I sources 45 46 shall follow the procedures set forth in subsection 1 of this section and this subsection and 47 shall not be applied retroactively.

48 5. Moneys collected under this section shall be transmitted to the director of revenue 49 for deposit in appropriate subaccounts of the natural resources protection fund created in 50 section 640.220. A subaccount shall be maintained for fees paid by air contaminant sources 51 which are required to be permitted under Title V of the federal Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 52 U.S.C. Section 7661 et seq., and used, upon appropriation, to fund activities by the department to implement the operating permits program authorized by Title V of the federal 53 54 Clean Air Act, as amended. Another subaccount shall be maintained for fees paid by air 55 contaminant sources which are not required to be permitted under Title V of the federal Clean Air Act as amended, and used, upon appropriation, to fund other air pollution control program 56 57 activities. Another subaccount shall be maintained for service fees paid under subsection 8 of this section by Phase I affected units which are subject to the requirements of Title IV, Section 58 404, of the federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Section 7651c), as 59

60 amended, and used, upon appropriation, to fund air pollution control program activities. The

provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary notwithstanding, moneys in the fund shall not 61 62 revert to general revenue at the end of each biennium. Interest earned by moneys in the subaccounts shall be retained in the subaccounts. The per-ton fees established under 63 64 subsection 1 of this section may be adjusted annually, consistent with the need to fund the reasonable costs of the program, but shall not be less than twenty-five dollars per ton of 65 66 regulated air contaminant nor more than forty dollars per ton of regulated air contaminant. The first adjustment shall apply to moneys payable on April 1, 1994, and shall be based upon 67 the general price level for the twelve-month period ending on August thirty-first of the 68 69 previous calendar year.

6. The department may initiate a civil action in circuit court against any air contaminant source which has not remitted the appropriate fees within thirty days. In any judgment against the source, the department shall be awarded interest at a rate determined pursuant to section 408.030 and reasonable attorney's fees. In any judgment against the department, the source shall be awarded reasonable attorney's fees.

75 7. The department shall not suspend or revoke a permit for an air contaminant source 76 solely because the source has not submitted the fees pursuant to this section.

77 8. Any Phase I affected unit which is subject to the requirements of Title IV, Section 404, of the federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Section 7651c), as 78 79 amended, shall pay annually beginning April 1, 1993, and terminating December 31, 1999, a 80 service fee for the previous calendar year as provided herein. For the first year, the service 81 fee shall be twenty-five thousand dollars for each Phase I affected generating unit to help fund the administration of sections 643.010 to 643.355. Thereafter, the service fee shall be 82 83 annually set by the commission by rule, following public hearing, based on an annual allocation prepared by the department showing the details of all costs and expenses upon 84 85 which such fees are based consistent with the department's reasonable needs to administer and implement sections 643.010 to 643.355 and to fulfill its responsibilities with respect to Phase 86 87 I affected units, but such service fee shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars per 88 generating unit. Any such Phase I affected unit which is located on one or more contiguous tracts of land with any Phase II generating unit that pays fees under subsection 1 or subsection 89 90 2 of this section shall be exempt from paying service fees under this subsection. Α 91 "contiguous tract of land" shall be defined to mean adjacent land, excluding public roads, 92 highways and railroads, which is under the control of or owned by the permit holder and 93 operated as a single enterprise.

94 9. The department of natural resources shall determine the fees due pursuant to this 95 section by the state of Missouri and its departments, agencies and institutions, including two-96 and four-year institutions of higher education. The director of the department of natural

97 resources shall forward the various totals due to the joint committee on capital improvements 98 and the directors of the individual departments, agencies and institutions. The departments, 99 as part of the budget process, shall annually request by specific line item appropriation funds to pay said fees and capital funding for projects determined to significantly improve air 100 101 quality. If the general assembly fails to appropriate funds for emissions fees as specifically 102 requested, the departments, agencies and institutions shall pay said fees from other sources of 103 revenue or funds available. The state of Missouri and its departments, agencies and 104 institutions may receive assistance from the small business technical assistance program 105 established pursuant to section 643.173.

106 10. Each retail agricultural facility that uses, stores, or sells anhydrous ammonia that 107 is an air contaminant source subject to the risk management plan under 42 U.S.C. Section 7412(r), as amended, shall pay an annual registration fee of two hundred dollars. In addition, 108 109 each retail agricultural facility that uses, stores, or sells anhydrous ammonia shall pay an 110 annual tonnage fee calculated on the number of tons of anhydrous ammonia sold. The initial 111 retail tonnage fee shall be set at one dollar and twenty-five cents per ton of anhydrous 112 ammonia used or sold. Each distributor or terminal agricultural facility that uses, stores, or 113 sells anhydrous ammonia that is an air contaminant source subject to the risk management 114 plan program 3 under 40 CFR Part 68 shall pay an annual registration fee of five thousand 115 dollars and shall not pay a tonnage fee. The annual registration fees and tonnage fee may be 116 periodically revised under subsection 11 of this section. However, the fees collected shall be 117 used exclusively for the purposes of administering the provisions of 42 U.S.C. Section 7412 118 (r), as amended, for such agricultural facilities. Fees paid by agricultural air contaminant 119 sources that use, store, or sell anhydrous ammonia for the purposes of implementing the 120 requirements of 42 U.S.C. Section 7412(r), as amended, shall be deposited into the anhydrous 121 ammonia risk management plan subaccount within the natural resources protection fund 122 created in section 643.245. If the funding exceeds the reasonable costs to administer the 123 programs as set forth in this section, the department of natural resources shall reduce fees for 124 all registrants if the fees derived exceed the reasonable cost of administering the risk 125 management plan under 42 U.S.C. Section 7412(r), as amended.

126 11. Notwithstanding any statutory fee amounts or maximums to the contrary, the 127 department of natural resources may conduct a comprehensive review and propose changes to the fee structure authorized by sections 643.073, 643.075, 643.079, 643.225, 643.228, 128 129 643.232, 643.237, and 643.242 after holding stakeholder meetings in order to solicit 130 stakeholder input from each of the following groups: the asbestos industry, electric utilities, 131 mineral and metallic mining and processing facilities, cement kiln representatives, and any other interested industrial or business entities or interested parties. The department shall 132 133 submit a proposed fee structure with stakeholder agreement to the air conservation

134 commission. The commission shall review such recommendations at the forthcoming regular 135 or special meeting, but shall not vote on the fee structure until a subsequent meeting. If the 136 commission approves, by vote of two-thirds majority or five of seven commissioners, the fee 137 structure recommendations, the commission shall authorize the department to file a notice of 138 proposed rulemaking containing the recommended fee structure, and after considering public 139 comments, may authorize the department to file the order of rulemaking for such rule with the 140 joint committee on administrative rules pursuant to sections 536.021 and 536.024 no later 141 than December first of the same year. If such rules are not disapproved by the general 142 assembly in the manner set out below, they shall take effect on January first of the following calendar year and the previous fee structure shall expire upon the effective date of the 143 144 commission-adopted fee structure. Any regulation promulgated under this subsection shall be 145 deemed to be beyond the scope and authority provided in this subsection, or detrimental to 146 permit applicants, if the general assembly, within the first sixty calendar days of the regular session immediately following the filing of such regulation, by concurrent resolution 147 disapproves the regulation by concurrent resolution. If the general assembly so disapproves 148 149 any regulation filed under this subsection, the commission shall continue to use the previous 150 fee structure. The authority of the commission to further revise the fee structure as provided 151 by this subsection shall expire on August 28, [2024] 2030. If the commission's authority to revise the fee structure as provided by this subsection expires, the fee structure in place 152 153 at the time of expiration shall remain in place.

644.057. Notwithstanding any statutory fee amounts or maximums to the contrary, 2 the director of the department of natural resources may conduct a comprehensive review and propose changes to the clean water fee structure set forth in sections 644.052, 644.053, and 3 4 644.061. The comprehensive review shall include stakeholder meetings in order to solicit stakeholder input from each of the following groups: agriculture, industry, municipalities, 5 public and private wastewater facilities, and the development community. Upon completion 6 of the comprehensive review, the department shall submit a proposed fee structure with 7 stakeholder agreement to the clean water commission. The commission shall review such 8 9 recommendations at the forthcoming regular or special meeting, but shall not vote on the fee structure until a subsequent meeting. In no case shall the clean water commission adopt or 10 recommend any clean water fee in excess of five thousand dollars. If the commission 11 approves, by vote of two-thirds majority or five of seven commissioners, the fee structure 12 recommendations, the commission shall authorize the department to file a notice of proposed 13 rulemaking containing the recommended fee structure, and after considering public 14 15 comments, may authorize the department to file the order of rulemaking for such rule with the joint committee on administrative rules pursuant to sections 536.021 and 536.024 no later 16 than December first of the same year. If such rules are not disapproved by the general 17

assembly in the manner set out below, they shall take effect on January first of the following 18 19 calendar year and the fee structures set forth in sections 644.052, 644.053, and 644.061 shall 20 expire upon the effective date of the commission-adopted fee structure, contrary to section 644.054. Any regulation promulgated under this subsection shall be deemed to be beyond the 21 22 scope and authority provided in this subsection, or detrimental to permit applicants, if the 23 general assembly, within the first sixty calendar days of the regular session immediately 24 following the filing of such regulation disapproves the regulation by concurrent resolution. If 25 the general assembly so disapproves any regulation filed under this subsection, the department and the commission shall not implement the proposed fee structure and shall 26 continue to use the previous fee structure. The authority of the commission to further revise 27 28 the fee structure provided by this section shall expire on August 28, [2024. Any fee, bond, or 29 assessment structure established pursuant to the process in this section shall expire on August 30 28, 2024 2030. If the commission's authority to revise the fee structure as provided by this subsection expires, the fee structure in place at the time of expiration shall remain in 31 32 place.

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