FIRST REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 1089

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE CHRIST.

1969H.01I

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To amend chapter 355, RSMo, by adding thereto twenty-five new sections relating to homeowners' associations.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 355, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto twenty-five new 2 sections, to be known as sections 355.940, 355.945, 355.950, 355.955, 355.960, 355.965, 355.970, 355.975, 355.980, 355.985, 355.990, 355.995, 355.1000, 355.1005, 355.1010, 4 355.1015, 355.1020, 355.1025, 355.1030, 355.1035, 355.1040, 355.1045, 355.1050, 5 355.1055, and 355.1060, to read as follows:

355.940. Sections 355.940 to 355.1060 may be cited as the "Missouri 2 Homeowners' Bill of Rights".

355.945. 1. Sections **355.940** to **355.1060** shall apply to any planned community 2 created in this state after December **31**, **2023**.

2. Sections 355.950, 355.985, 355.990, 355.995, 355.1010, 355.1015, 355.1020, 4 355.1025, 355.1030, 355.1035, 355.1040, 355.1050, 355.1055, and 355.1060 and 5 subsections 2 to 5 of section 355.1005 shall apply to all planned communities created 6 in this state before January 1, 2024, but those sections apply only with respect to events 7 and circumstances occurring after December 31, 2023, and do not invalidate existing 8 provisions of the declaration, bylaws, or plats of those planned communities.

355.950. As used in sections 355.940 to 355.1060, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Allocated interests", the common expense liability and votes in the 3 association;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

4 (2) "Assessment", the sum attributable to each unit and due to the association 5 according to the budget adopted under section 355.1050;

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(3) "Association", the unit owners' association;

7 (4) "Bylaws", the written instruments, however denominated, that contain the 8 procedures for the conduct of the affairs of the association, regardless of the form in 9 which the association is organized, including any amendments to the instrument;

10 (5) "Common elements", any real estate within a planned community that is 11 owned or leased by the association other than a unit;

12 (6) "Common expense liability", the liability for common expenses allocated to 13 each unit;

14 (7) "Common expenses", expenditures made by, or financial liabilities of, the 15 association, together with any allocations to reserves;

(8) "Declarant", a person or group of persons acting in concert that:

(a) As part of a common promotional plan, offers to dispose of the interest of the
 person or group of persons in a unit not previously disposed of; or

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(b) Reserves or succeeds to any declarant right;

20 (9) "Declaration", the instrument, however denominated, that creates a planned 21 community, including any amendments to that instrument;

(10) "Development rights", any right or combination of rights reserved by a
 declarant in the declaration;

24 (11) "Executive board", the body, regardless of name, designated in the 25 declaration or bylaws that has power to act on behalf of the association;

26 (12) "Limited common element", a portion of the common elements allocated
27 for the exclusive use of one or more but fewer than all of the units;

(13) "Party wall", each wall, including, but not limited to, walls separating
adjoining attached units, fence walls, and common garage walls, that is built as a part of
the original construction of a unit and placed on the dividing line between the units;

(14) "Person", an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity. In the case of a land trust, the term "person" means the beneficiary of the trust rather than the trust or the trustee;

36 (15) "Planned community", real property described in a declaration that sets 37 forth the obligations and duties of the association and the unit owner, which shall 38 include the unit owner's obligation to pay assessments for upkeep of the common 39 elements. For the purposes of sections 355.940 to 355.1060, neither a cooperative nor a

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40 condominium is a planned community, but real estate comprising a condominium or 41 cooperative may be part of a planned community;

42 (16) "Record", if used as a noun, information that is inscribed on a tangible 43 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in 44 perceivable form;

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(17) "Residential purposes", use for dwelling or recreational purposes, or both; 46 "Rule", a policy, guideline, procedure, or regulation of an association, (18) however denominated, that is not set forth in the declaration or bylaws and that governs 47 48 the conduct of persons or the use or appearance of property;

49 "Unit", a physical portion of the planned community designated for (19) 50 separate ownership or occupancy, such as a lot as depicted on the plats or plans 51 recorded with the declaration;

52 (20) "Unit owner", a declarant or other person who owns a unit or a lessee of a 53 unit in a leasehold planned community whose lease expires simultaneously with any 54 lease the expiration or termination of which will remove the unit from the planned 55 community but does not include a person having an interest in a unit solely as security 56 for an obligation. Ownership of a unit does not include a leasehold interest of less than 57 twenty years in a unit, including renewal options.

355.955. Except as expressly provided in sections 355.940 to 355.1060, the effect 2 of sections 355.940 to 355.1060 shall not be varied by agreement, and rights conferred by 3 sections 355.940 to 355.1060 shall not be waived.

355.960. Each unit constitutes for all purposes a separate parcel of real estate and shall be separately assessed and taxed. The personal property of an association, if 2 3 any, shall not be subject to taxation under section 137.122, and common elements shall 4 not be subject to separate assessment or taxation.

355.965. The principles of law and equity, including the law of corporations, any 2 other form of organization authorized by the law of this state, and unincorporated 3 associations; the law of real estate; and the law relative to capacity to contract, principal 4 and agent, eminent domain, estoppel, fraud, misrepresentation, duress, coercion, mistake, receivership, substantial performance, or other validating or invalidating cause 5 6 supplement the provisions of sections 355.940 to 355.1060, except to the extent 7 inconsistent with sections 355.940 to 355.1060. If there is a conflict between sections 8 355.940 to 355.1060 and other laws of this state, sections 355.940 to 355.1060 shall 9 prevail.

355.970. Sections 355.940 to 355.1060 modify, limit, and supersede the federal 2 Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001 et 3 seq., but do not modify, limit, or supersede Section 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section

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4 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in Section 103(b)

5 of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7003(b).

355.975. Common elements of a planned community are not subject to adverse possession or implied easements. If the property rights of a unit within a planned community are determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be changed by adverse possession or implied easements, such adjudication shall not change, limit, or hinder the application of the provisions of the declaration to the unit.

355.980. 1. For a planned community created after December 31, 2023, the 2 declaration shall contain:

(1) The name of the planned community and the association;

4 (2) The name of every county in which any part of the planned community is 5 located;

6 (3) A legally sufficient description of the real estate included in the planned 7 community;

8 (4) A statement of the number of units that may be created, and a specific period
9 of time in which such units may be created;

10 (5) A description of the boundaries of each unit created by the declaration, 11 including the unit's identifying number as provided on a plat;

12 (6) A description of any limited common elements and any real property that is 13 or shall become common elements;

14 (7) An allocation to each unit a fraction or percentage of the common expenses of 15 the association and a portion of the votes in the association;

16 (8) The formula or method used to establish allocations of interests. Unless the 17 declaration otherwise provides, each unit shall have equal allocated interests. Such 18 allocations shall not discriminate in favor of units owned by the declarant or an affiliate 19 of the declarant;

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(9) Any method of termination of the planned community;

21 (10) Any restrictions on alienation of units, including leasing, or any 22 administrative fee or charge that may be imposed upon a voluntary resale of a unit;

(11) Any restriction or requirement on construction and design criteria and
 aesthetic standards;

(12) Any other restrictions and covenants the declarant or the association
 considers appropriate to preserve the planned community, including restrictions on use
 or the number or other qualifications of persons who may occupy units;

(13) Any restriction on use such as single-family residential, commercial,
 agricultural, or industrial;

30 (14) Any community standards affecting such matters as conduct, maintenance,
 31 leasing, pets, or other activities; and

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(15) Any development rights and special declarant rights.

2. Except for minor variations due to rounding, the sum of the common expense liabilities and the sum of the undivided interests in the common elements allocated at any time to all the units shall equal one if stated as a fraction or one hundred percent if stated as a percentage. In the event of discrepancy between an allocated interest and the result derived from application of the pertinent formula, the allocated interest stated in the declaration prevails.

39 **3.** A declarant shall not be liable for a declaration that fails to comply with this 40 section, which may be cured by the executive board in accordance with subsection 4 of 41 section 355.985.

355.985. 1. For a planned community created after December 31, 2023, a declaration, plat, and plans shall be amended only by a vote or agreement of unit owners to which at least sixty-seven percent of the votes in the association are allocated except for amendments authorized under subsection 4 of this section. A unanimous vote of the unit owners is required to amend any declaration to change the allocated interest of a unit or the requirement that units shall be used solely for residential purposes. A unanimous vote of the unit owners is not required to change or add a restriction that may be more burdensome.

9 2. For a planned community created before January 1, 2024, any provision in a declaration that purports to specify a percentage larger than sixty-seven percent of the 10 votes in the association to amend the declaration is hereby declared void as contrary to 11 12 public policy, and until amended, such provision shall be deemed to specify a percentage of sixty-seven percent, except that unanimous consent of unit owners shall be required 13 14 to amend any declaration to change the allocated interest of a unit or the requirement that units shall be used solely for residential purposes. For any planned community 15 16 created before January 1, 2024, unanimous consent is not required to change or add a 17 restriction that may be more burdensome.

3. If an amendment is proposed and an insufficient number of votes are obtained to decide the question within ninety days of mailing of the amendment to the unit owners, the declaration may be amended if the association provides a notice to all unit owners by mail, with a copy of the proposed amendment enclosed, that the proposed amendment will be deemed approved by that unit owner unless the unit owner submits a vote within sixty days of the date of the notice.

4. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in sections 355.940 to 355.1060, the executive board, or the declarant during the period of declarant control, is authorized to

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amend a declaration and bylaws to correct drafting or technical errors or to bring the
planned community into compliance with conditions imposed by lenders providing
government-insured or guaranteed loans without a vote by the unit owners.

5. No action to challenge the validity of an amendment to the declaration shall be
brought more than one year after the amendment to the declaration is recorded.

6. A copy of any amendment to the declaration or bylaws shall be provided tothe unit owners.

33 7. Consent of the declarant is required for any amendment to the declaration or
34 bylaws that would impair any rights reserved by the declarant in the declaration.

355.990. 1. A unit owners' association shall be organized no later than the date of conveyance of the first unit in the planned community. The membership of the association at all times consists exclusively of all unit owners or, following termination of the planned community, of all former unit owners entitled to distribution of proceeds or their heirs, successors, or assigns. The association shall have an executive board. The association shall be organized as a mutual benefit nonprofit corporation under this chapter.

8 2. An association created before January 1, 2024, after transfer of control by the 9 declarant, shall organize the association as a mutual benefit nonprofit corporation 10 under this chapter.

355.995. 1. The association, even if unincorporated or its corporate status has 2 been administratively dissolved, shall have the authority to:

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(1) Adopt and amend bylaws and adopt and amend rules;

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(2) Adopt and amend budgets in accordance with section 355.1050;

5 (3) Hire and terminate managing agents and other employees, agents, and 6 independent contractors, except that no contract with a managing agent or employee 7 shall have a term in excess of three years;

8 (4) Institute, defend, or intervene in litigation or administrative proceedings in 9 its own name on behalf of itself or two or more unit owners on matters affecting the 10 planned community;

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(5) Make contracts and incur liabilities;

12 (6) Regulate the use and provide maintenance, repair, replacement, 13 improvement, and modification of common elements;

14 (7) Acquire, hold, encumber, and convey in its own name any right, title, or 15 interest to real or personal property;

16 **(8)** Grant easements, leases, licenses, and concessions through or over the 17 common elements, and to release the same;

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(9) Impose and receive any payments, fees, or charges for the use, rental, or
 operation of the common elements, other than limited common elements and services
 provided to unit owners;

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(10) Impose charges for late payment;

(11) Levy interest on any past-due common expense assessment or installment
 thereof bearing interest at the rate established by the association not to exceed eighteen
 percent per annum;

(12) Levy reasonable fines and withdraw the right to use any recreational
 facilities for violations of the declaration, bylaws, and rules after notice and opportunity
 to be heard;

28 (13) Impose reasonable charges for the preparation and recordation of 29 amendments to the declaration or statements of unpaid assessments;

30 (14) Borrow money and assign its rights to future income as security, including
 31 the right to receive common expense assessments;

32 (15) Limit or prohibit leasing, provided that if a prohibition shall require an 33 amendment to the declaration such amendment and prohibition shall be effective 34 against those owners of record only after the effective date and recording of the 35 amendment;

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(16) Exercise any other power conferred by the declaration or bylaws;

37 (17) Impose a reasonable administrative charge for complying with section
38 355.1055 when a unit is conveyed except for units conveyed at an involuntary sale. Any
39 such fee shall not be based upon the percentage of the sale price;

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(18) Interpret the provisions of the declaration and bylaws;

41 (19) Without a vote of the unit owners, enter into any loan, program, or other 42 emergency response assistance so long as an emergency has been declared by an 43 applicable political subdivision of the state or the federal government; and

44 (20) Exercise all other powers that may be exercised in this state by a nonprofit 45 corporation.

2. The executive board may determine whether to take enforcement action by exercising the association's power to impose sanctions or commencing an action for a violation of sections 355.940 to 355.1060 or the declaration, bylaws, and rules, including whether to compromise any claim for unpaid assessments or other claim made by or against it. The executive board does not have a duty to take enforcement action if it determines that, under the facts and circumstances presented:

52 (1) The association's legal position does not justify taking any or further 53 enforcement action;

54 (2) The covenant, restriction, or rule being enforced is, or is likely to be 55 construed as, inconsistent with law:

56 (3) Although a violation may exist or may have occurred, it is not so material as to be objectionable to a reasonable person or to justify expending the association's 57 58 resources: or

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(4) It is not in the association's best interests to pursue an enforcement action. 60 3. The executive board's decision under subsection 2 of this section to not pursue enforcement under one set of circumstances does not prevent the executive board from 61 taking enforcement action under another set of circumstances, but the executive board 62 63 shall not be arbitrary or capricious in taking enforcement action.

355.1000. 1. The executive board may act in all instances on behalf of the association. Officers and members of the executive board shall exercise ordinary and 2 3 reasonable care for nonbusiness decisions and shall exercise business judgment for 4 business decisions.

5 2. For a declaration recorded after December 31, 2023, the declaration shall 6 provide for a period of declarant control of the association, during which a declarant or 7 persons designated by the declarant may appoint and remove the officers and members 8 of the executive board.

9 3. Expiration or termination of the period of declarant control shall not affect or 10 impair the declarant's exercise of any other rights reserved in the declaration.

11 4. A declarant may voluntarily surrender the right to appoint and remove 12 officers and members of the executive board before the period of declarant control ends. In that event, the declarant may require declarant approval for specified actions of the 13 14 association or executive board as described in a recorded instrument executed by the 15 declarant before such specified actions become effective.

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5. The executive board shall not:

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(1) Amend the declaration except as provided in subsection 4 of section 355.985;

(2) Amend the bylaws except as provided in subsection 4 of section 355.985;

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(3) Terminate the planned community;

20 (4) Elect members to the executive board. The board may fill vacancies by 21 appointment on the executive board for the unexpired portion of any term or, if earlier, 22 until the next regularly scheduled election of executive board members; or

23 (5) Determine the qualifications, powers, duties, or terms of office of the executive board. 24

355.1005. 1. For a planned community created after December 31, 2023, the 2 bylaws of the association shall:

3 (1) Provide the number of members of the executive board and the titles of the 4 officers of the executive board, which shall not be fewer than three, with terms 5 staggered so that at least one member of the executive board is elected annually;

6 (2) Provide for election of a president, secretary, treasurer, and any other 7 officers of the executive board the bylaws specify;

8 (3) Specify the qualifications, powers and duties, terms of office, and manner of 9 electing and removing executive board members and officers and filling vacancies. A 10 member of the executive board shall be required to be current on payment of 11 assessments and other charges imposed under the declaration or bylaws; and

12 (4) Provide for any matter required by law of this state other than sections 13 355.940 to 355.1060 to appear in the bylaws of organizations of the same type as the 14 association.

2. Bylaws may be amended by a majority vote of the unit owners. Consent of the
 declarant is required for any amendment to the bylaws that would impair any rights
 reserved by the declarant in the declaration.

3. If an amendment to the bylaws is proposed and an insufficient number of votes are obtained to decide the question within ninety days of mailing of the amendment to the unit owners, the bylaws may be amended if the association provides a notice to all unit owners by mail, with a copy of the proposed amendment enclosed, that the proposed amendment will be deemed approved by that unit owner unless the unit owner submits a vote within sixty days of the date of the notice.

4. No action to challenge the validity of an amendment to the bylaws shall be brought more than six months after the amendment becomes effective.

5. The declarant shall not be liable for bylaws that fail to comply with this section, which may be cured in accordance with subsection 4 of section 355.985.

355.1010. 1. After election of a unit owner to the executive board, the association **2** shall:

3 (1) Hold a meeting of unit owners at least annually at a time, date, and place 4 stated in or fixed in accordance with the bylaws;

5 (2) Hold a special meeting of unit owners to address any matter affecting the 6 planned community or the association if:

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(a) Such meeting is approved by the executive board; or

8 (b) Twenty percent of the unit owners, or any lower percentage specified in the 9 bylaws, of the votes of the association request in writing that the secretary call the 10 meeting. If the association does not notify the unit owners of a special meeting within 11 thirty days after the requisite number or percentage of unit owners request the 12 secretary to do so, the requesting members may directly notify all the unit owners of the

meeting. Only matters described in the meeting notice required by subdivision (3) ofthis subsection shall be considered at a special meeting;

15 (3) Notify unit owners of the time, date, and place of each annual and special association meeting not less than fifteen days or more than sixty days before the meeting 16 17 date. The minimum time to give notice may be reduced or waived for a meeting called to address an emergency. Notice shall be sent in accordance with the bylaws or by first-18 19 class mail, postage pre-paid, to the unit owner's last known address, if different than the 20 unit address, and the unit. Unless a unit owner does not consent, notices may be sent by 21 electronic or other means. The notice shall contain the time, date, and place of the 22 meeting and the items on the agenda, including:

(a) A statement of the general nature of any proposed amendment to thedeclaration or bylaws;

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(b) Any budget increase in excess of ten percent; and

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(c) Any proposal to remove a member of the executive board;

27 (4) Give unit owners reasonable opportunity at any meeting to comment 28 regarding any matter affecting the planned community or the association; and

(5) Unless limited by the declaration or bylaws, be allowed to conduct meetings
of unit owners by telephone, video, or other conferencing process as long as the
alternative process is consistent with the provisions of subsection 7 of this section.

32 2. Meetings of the executive board and committees of the association authorized 33 to act for the association shall be open to the unit owners except during executive 34 sessions. No final vote or action shall be taken during an executive session. An 35 executive session shall be held only to:

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(1) Consult with the association's attorney concerning legal matters;

37 (2) Discuss existing or potential litigation or mediation, arbitration, or 38 administrative proceedings;

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(3) Discuss labor or employee matters;

40 (4) Discuss contracts, leases, and other commercial transactions to purchase or 41 provide goods or services currently being negotiated, including the review of bids or 42 proposals, if premature general knowledge of those matters would place the association 43 at a disadvantage; or

(5) Prevent public knowledge of the matter to be discussed if the executive board
or committee determines that public knowledge would violate the privacy of any person.
3. For purposes of this section, a gathering of board members at which the board
members do not conduct association business is not a meeting of the executive board.
The executive board and its members shall not use incidental, electronic

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49 communications, social gatherings of board members, or any other method to evade the50 open meeting requirements of this section.

4. At each executive board meeting, the executive board shall provide a reasonable opportunity for unit owners to comment regarding any matter affecting the planned community and the association subject to reasonable time limitations.

54 5. Unless the meeting is included in a schedule given to the unit owners or the 55 meeting is called to address an emergency, the secretary or other officer specified in the 56 bylaws shall give notice of each executive board meeting to each board member and to 57 the unit owners. The notice shall be given at least ten days before the meeting and shall 58 state the time, date, place, and agenda of the meeting.

6. If any materials are distributed to the executive board before the meeting, the executive board at the same time shall make copies of those materials reasonably available to unit owners, except that the board is not required to make available copies of unapproved minutes or materials that are to be considered in executive session.

63 7. Unless the declaration or bylaws otherwise provide, the executive board may
 64 meet by telephone, video, or other conferencing process if:

(1) The meeting notice states the conferencing process to be used and provides
 information explaining how unit owners may participate in the conference directly or by
 meeting at a central location or conference connection; and

68 (2) The process provides all unit owners the opportunity to hear or perceive the 69 discussion and to comment as provided in subsection 4 of this section.

8. Instead of meeting, the executive board may act by unanimous consent as documented in a record authenticated by all its members. The secretary promptly shall give notice to all unit owners of any action taken by unanimous consent. After termination of the period of declarant control, the executive board may act by unanimous consent only to undertake ministerial actions or to implement actions previously approved or authorized at a meeting of the executive board.

9. Even if an action by the executive board is not in compliance with this section, it is valid unless set aside by a court or rescinded by the executive board or the association. A challenge to the validity of an action of the executive board for failure to comply with this section shall not be brought more than sixty days after the minutes of the executive board of the meeting at which the action was taken are approved or the record of that action is distributed to unit owners, whichever is later.

10. The approved minutes shall be the official record of the executive board and the association. The executive board may provide that no video or other recording of any meeting shall be made unless prior written consent of the executive board is obtained. 355.1015. 1. Unless the bylaws otherwise provide, a quorum is present 2 throughout any meeting of the association if persons entitled to cast twenty percent of 3 the votes in the association:

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(1) Are present in person or by proxy at the beginning of the meeting;

5 (2) Have cast absentee ballots solicited in accordance with the association's 6 procedures that have been delivered to the secretary in a timely manner; or

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(3) Are present by any combination of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection.

8 2. If an election of the executive board is not held because of a lack of quorum of 9 the members, the executive board shall call a special meeting of the association to 10 conduct the election with such special meeting requiring a quorum of ten percent of the 11 votes in the association. Thereafter, if an election of the executive board is not held 12 because of a lack of quorum of the members, the executive board shall call a special 13 meeting of the association to conduct the election with no quorum requirement.

3. If an election of the executive board is not held because of a lack of quorum
 for three consecutive years, the executive board shall execute and record an amendment
 reducing quorum to twenty percent of the votes in the association.

4. Except for amendments to the declaration or bylaws, no action to challenge an
election, or any other matter voted upon by the unit owners or the executive board, shall
be brought more than thirty days from the date of the vote.

5. To ensure that the executive board is not vacated in whole or in part, the term of a member of the executive board expires upon the election of a replacement. Any provision in a declaration or bylaw that purports to specify a date when a term of a member of the executive board expires is hereby declared void as contrary to public policy.

6. Unless the bylaws specify a larger number, a quorum of the executive board is present for purposes of determining the validity of any action taken at a meeting of the executive board only if individuals entitled to cast a majority of the votes on that board are present at the time a vote regarding that action is taken. If a quorum is present when a vote is taken, the affirmative vote of a majority of the board members present is the act of the executive board unless a greater vote is required by the declaration or bylaws.

355.1020. 1. Unless prohibited or limited by the declaration or bylaws, unit owners may cast the vote allocated to their unit at a meeting in person or by an absentee ballot in accordance with subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of this section or, when a vote is conducted without a meeting, by electronic or paper ballot in accordance with subsection 3 of this section.

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2. At a meeting of unit owners the following requirements apply:

7 (1) Unit owners who are present in person may vote by voice vote, show of hands, standing, or any other method for determining the votes of unit owners, as 8 9 designated by the person presiding at the meeting;

10 (2) If only one of several owners of a unit is present, that owner is entitled to cast all the votes allocated to that unit. If more than one of the owners is present, the votes 11 12 allocated to that unit shall be cast only in accordance with the agreement of a majority 13 in interest of the owners of that unit, unless the declaration expressly provides 14 otherwise. There is majority agreement if any one of the owners casts the votes allocated to the unit without protest being made promptly to the person presiding over 15 16 the meeting by any of the other owners of the unit;

17 (3) Unless a greater number or fraction of the votes in the association is required 18 by sections 355.940 to 355.1060 or the declaration, a majority of the votes cast determines the outcome of any action of the association; 19

20 (4) Subject to subsection 1 of this section, a unit owner may vote by absentee 21 ballot without being present at the meeting. The association promptly shall deliver an 22 absentee ballot to an owner who requests it if the request is made at least three days 23 before the scheduled meeting. Votes cast by absentee ballot shall be included in the tally 24 of a vote taken at that meeting and for purposes of a quorum;

25 (5) When a unit owner votes by absentee ballot, the association shall be able to 26 verify that the ballot is cast by the unit owner having the right to do so; and

27 (6) Quorum is required and a majority of the votes present cast will decide the 28 matter unless a different percentage is required under sections 355.940 to 355.1060, the declaration, or the bylaws. 29

30 3. Unless prohibited or limited by the declaration or bylaws, an association may conduct a vote without a meeting. In that event, the following requirements apply: 31

32 (1) The association shall notify the unit owners that the vote will be taken by 33 ballot;

34 (2) The association shall deliver a paper or electronic ballot to every unit owner 35 entitled to vote on the matter;

36 (3) The ballot shall set forth each proposed action and provide an opportunity to 37 vote for or against the action;

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(4) When the association delivers the ballots, the association shall also:

39 (a) Indicate the number of responses needed to meet the quorum requirements;

40 (b) State the percent of votes necessary to approve each matter other than 41 election of directors;

42 (c) Specify the time and date by which a ballot shall be delivered to the 43 association to be counted, which time and date shall not be fewer than three days after 44 the date the association delivers the ballot; and

45 (d) Describe the time, date, and manner by which unit owners wishing to deliver
46 information to all unit owners regarding the subject of the vote may do so;

47 (5) Except as otherwise provided in the declaration or bylaws, a ballot is not
48 revoked after delivery to the association by death or disability or attempted revocation
49 by the unit owner who cast that vote; and

50 (6) Approval by ballot under this subsection is valid only if the number of votes 51 cast by ballot equals or exceeds the quorum required to be present at a meeting 52 authorizing the action.

53 4. Unless contrary to the declaration or bylaws, the following requirements 54 apply with respect to proxy voting:

55 (1) Votes allocated to a unit may be cast in accordance with a directed or 56 undirected proxy duly executed by a unit owner;

57 (2) If a unit is owned by more than one person, each owner of the unit may vote 58 or register protest to the casting of votes by the other owners of the unit through a duly 59 executed proxy;

60 (3) A unit owner may revoke a proxy given under this section only by actual 61 notice of revocation to the person presiding over a meeting of the association;

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(4) A proxy is void if it is not dated or purports to be revocable without notice;

63 (5) A proxy is valid only for the meeting at which it is cast and any recessed 64 session of that meeting; and

65 (6) A person shall not cast undirected proxies representing more than four of the 66 votes in the association excluding that person's vote.

5. Unit owners shall also be given notice of all meetings at which lessees are entitled to vote.

355.1025. 1. Commencing not later than the time of the first conveyance of a 2 unit to a person other than a declarant, the association shall maintain, to the extent 3 reasonably available and subject to reasonable deductibles:

4 (1) Property insurance on the common elements and on property that shall 5 become common elements, insuring risks of direct physical loss commonly insured 6 against, which insurance, after application of any deductibles, shall be not less than 7 eighty percent of the replacement cost of the insured property at the time the insurance 8 is purchased and at each renewal date, exclusive of land, excavations, foundations, and 9 other items normally excluded from property policies. For the units in any building

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with a party wall, property insurance shall include the units but need not include
improvements and betterments installed after the date of original sale to a unit owner;
(2) Commercial general liability insurance in an amount determined by the
executive board but not less than any amount specified in the declaration, covering all
occurrences commonly insured against for bodily injury or property damage arising out
of or in connection with the use, ownership, or maintenance of the common elements;
(3) Fidelity insurance covering the association and any person with access to
association funds, including any managing agent; and

18 (4) Directors' and officers' liability insurance, including any managing agent as
 19 an additional insured.

20 2. If insurance described in subsection 1 of this section is not reasonably 21 available, the association shall promptly provide notice of that fact to all unit owners. 22 The declaration may require the association to carry any other insurance, and the 23 association may carry other insurance it considers appropriate to protect the association 24 or the unit owners.

3. Insurance policies carried in accordance with subsection 1 of this section shall
 provide that:

(1) Each unit owner is an insured person under the policy with respect to
liability arising out of the owner's interest in the common elements or membership in
the association;

30 (2) The insurer waives its right to subrogation under the policy against any unit
 31 owner or member of the owner's household;

32 (3) No act or omission by a unit owner, unless acting within the owner's scope of 33 authority on behalf of the association, voids the policy or is a condition to recovery 34 under the policy;

(4) If at any time of a loss under the policy, there is other insurance in the name
 of a unit owner covering the same risk covered by the policy, the association's policy
 provides primary coverage; and

(5) The executive board has the discretion to make a claim or not make a claim without waiver. If the executive board does not make a claim, the association shall repair and replace any portion of the planned community to the same extent as if a claim was made and covered under the association's insurance.

42 4. Any loss covered by the property policy under subdivision (1) of subsection 1 43 of this section shall be adjusted with the association, but the insurance proceeds for that 44 loss are payable to any insurance trustee designated for that purpose, or otherwise to the 45 association. The policy shall not name mortgagees or holders of any security interest. 46 The insurance trustee or the association shall hold any insurance proceeds in trust for

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47 the association, unit owners, and lien holders as their interests may appear. Subject to 48 subsections 7 and 8 of this section, the proceeds shall be disbursed first for repair or 49 replacement of the damaged property. The association, unit owners, and lien holders 50 are not entitled to receive payment of any portion of the proceeds unless there is a 51 surplus of proceeds after the property has been completely repaired or replaced or the 52 planned community is terminated.

53 5. An insurer that has issued an insurance policy under this section shall issue 54 certificates or memoranda of insurance to the association and, upon written request, to 55 any unit owner or holder of a security interest. The insurer issuing the policy shall not 56 cancel or refuse to renew it:

57 (1) Until thirty days after notice of the proposed cancellation or nonrenewal has 58 been mailed to the association, each unit owner, and each holder of a security interest to 59 whom a certificate or memoranda of insurance has been issued at their respective last 60 known address; or

61 (2) Until ten days after notice of the proposed cancellation or nonrenewal 62 because of nonpayment has been mailed to the association, each unit owner, and each 63 holder of a security interest to whom a certificate or memoranda of insurance has been 64 issued at their respective last known address.

65 **6.** Any portion of the planned community for which insurance is required under 66 this section that is damaged or destroyed shall be repaired or replaced promptly by the 67 association unless:

68 (1) The planned community is terminated;

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(2) The repair or replacement would be illegal; or

70 (3) Eighty percent of the unit owners, including every owner of a unit or 71 assigned limited common elements that will not be rebuilt, vote not to rebuild.

72 7. The cost of repair or replacement in excess of insurance proceeds, deductibles,
73 and reserves is a common expense. If the entire planned community is not repaired or
74 replaced:

(1) The insurance proceeds attributable to the damaged common elements shall
 be used to restore the damaged area to a condition compatible with the remainder of the
 planned community; and

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(2) Except to the extent that other persons will be distributees:

(a) The insurance proceeds attributable to units and limited common elements
that are not repaired or replaced shall be distributed to the owners of those units and
those owners of the units to which those limited common elements were allocated, or to
lien holders, as their interests may appear; and

(b) The remainder of the proceeds shall be distributed to all the unit owners or
lien holders, as their interests may appear in proportion to the common expense
liabilities of all the units.

86 8. If the unit owners vote not to rebuild any unit, that unit's allocated interests 87 are automatically reallocated upon the vote as if the unit had been condemned, and the 88 association shall promptly prepare, execute, and record an amendment to the 89 declaration reflecting the reallocation.

90 9. This section may be varied or waived in the case of a planned community all of 91 whose units are restricted to nonresidential use.

92 10. At the discretion of the board, an insurance deductible may be assessed
93 against a unit or units benefitted by the proceeds.

355.1030. 1. All common expenses shall be assessed against all units in 2 accordance with the allocations set forth in the declaration, subject to subsection 4 of 3 this section. The board may allocate a common expense to fewer than all the units if the 4 declaration states:

5 (1) A common expense associated with the maintenance, repair, or replacement 6 of a limited common element may be assessed against the units to which that limited 7 common element is assigned equally or in any other proportion the declaration 8 provides; and

9 (2) A common expense may be assessed against a unit or fewer than all the units 10 if the unit or unit owner benefitted, including an insurance deductible incurred by the 11 association.

2. Assessments to pay a judgment against the association shall be made against
only the units in the planned community at the time the judgment was entered, in
proportion to their common expense liabilities.

3. If damage to a unit or other part of the planned community or if any other common expense is caused by the misconduct or negligence of any unit owner or a guest or invitee of a unit owner, the association may assess that expense exclusively against that owner's unit, even if the association maintains insurance with respect to that damage or common expense.

4. Until the association levies an assessment, the declarant shall pay all common expenses. After an assessment has been levied by the association, each unit shall pay assessments levied at least annually based upon a budget adopted at least annually by the association.

5. If any common expense liabilities are reallocated, assessments and any installments thereof not yet due shall be recalculated in accordance with the reallocated common expense liabilities.

6. Any provision in a declaration that purports to specify a maximum rate of assessments, or a limitation on the amount an assessment may be increased, is hereby declared void as contrary to public policy.

355.1035. 1. The association has a continuing lien on a unit for any assessment levied against that unit or fines imposed against its unit owner from the time the assessment or fine becomes due. The association's lien may be foreclosed in like manner as a mortgage on real estate or a power of sale under chapter 443. Fees, charges, late charges, fines, and interest charged under subdivisions (12) to (15) of subsection 1 of section 355.995 are enforceable as assessments under this section. If an assessment is payable in installments, the full amount of the assessment is a lien from the time the first installment thereof becomes due.

9 2. A lien under this section is prior to all other liens and encumbrances on a unit 10 and may be foreclosed through judicial or nonjudicial proceeding but junior to:

11 (1) Real estate taxes and other governmental assessments or charges against the 12 unit;

13 14 (2) Any deed of trust or encumbrances recorded before the declaration; and

(3) If a unit is secured by a deed of trust, subject to the terms of the declaration.

3. This section does not affect the priority of mechanics' or materialmens' liens
or the priority of liens for other assessments made by the association. The lien under
this section is not subject to the provisions of section 513.475.

4. Unless the declaration provides otherwise, if two or more associations have
liens for assessments created at any time on the same real estate, those liens have equal
priority.

5. Recording of the declaration constitutes record notice and perfection of the lien. No further recordation of any claim of lien for assessment under this section is required. If the association records a lien against a unit, it shall contain the contact information for the association, including name, mailing address, and telephone number.

6. A lien under this section shall not include assessments in excess of ten years unless proceedings to enforce the lien are instituted within ten years after the full amount of the assessments becomes due. A unit owner shall remain personally liable for such assessments not included in the lien.

30 7. This section shall not prohibit actions to recover sums for which subsection 1
31 of this section creates a lien or prohibit an association from taking a deed in lieu of
32 foreclosure.

33 8. The association shall be entitled to recover from the unit owner any costs and 34 reasonable attorney's fees incurred in connection with the collection of delinquent

35 assessments. A judgment or decree in any action brought under this section shall include costs and reasonable attorney's fees for the prevailing party, with the amount of 36 37 the unpaid assessments not to be considered by the court in determining the reasonableness of such attorney's fees and costs. Upon request of any party, the 38 39 court shall provide its basis for its determination of the award of attorney's fees and 40 costs. Any application for execution upon a judgment shall include any postjudgment 41 attorney's fees and costs incurred, which, unless otherwise determined by the court by 42 motion submitted by the owner within thirty days of the date of service of such

43 application, shall be recoverable.

9. The association shall furnish to a unit owner, an agent of the unit owner, or any holder of a deed of trust or mortgage, upon written request, a statement setting forth the amount of unpaid assessments against the unit owner's unit. The statement shall be furnished within ten business days after receipt of the request and is binding on the association, the executive board, and every unit owner unless and to the extent known by the recipient to be false.

50 **10.** An association is not subject to the limitation on the number of small claims 51 petitions that may be filed as provided in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 52 **482.330**, and any judgment thereafter entered, so long as the unit owner was personally 53 served, shall be enforceable as a judgment entered by an associate circuit court under 54 chapter 517.

55 11. If a unit is occupied by a tenant and the unit owner is delinquent in payment 56 of assessments in excess of sixty days, the association may demand payment of 57 subsequent rental payments until the unit owner is no longer delinquent, the association 58 releases the tenant, or the tenant is no longer in possession of the unit. The demand to 59 the tenant shall be in writing, with a copy to the unit owner, sent via first-class, postage 60 pre-paid United States mail or hand delivery. A tenant is immune from any claim by the unit owner related to the rent timely paid to the association after the association has 61 62 made written demand. If the tenant fails to make payment to the association, the 63 association may issue notice and evict under chapter 534. The tenant does not, by virtue of payment, have any rights of a unit owner to vote in an election or examine the books 64 and records of the association. 65

355.1040. 1. The association shall keep financial records sufficiently detailed to enable the association to comply with section 355.1055. All financial and other records shall be made reasonably available for examination by any unit owner and his or her authorized agents and shall include minutes of the meetings of the membership and the board, excluding executive sessions; the declaration; the bylaws; the rules and regulations; and copies of current contracts to which the association is a party.

7 2. The association shall maintain a membership roster of unit owners excluding
8 telephone numbers and electronic mail addresses unless the unit owner has expressly
9 granted such disclosure.

3. Subject to subsections 4 and 5 of this section, all records retained by an association shall be available for examination and copying by a unit owner or the owner's authorized agent upon written request stating the purpose for examination of the records. The board shall provide a schedule to the unit owner within five business days when the unit owner shall have the opportunity for examination and copying during reasonable business hours or at a mutually convenient location and time.

16 **4.** Records retained by an association may be withheld from inspection and 17 copying to the extent that they concern:

(1) Personnel, salary, and medical records relating to specific individuals;

(2) Contracts, leases, and other commercial transactions to purchase or obtain
 goods or services currently being negotiated;

21 (3) Existing or potential litigation or mediation, arbitration, or administrative
 22 proceedings;

(4) Existing or potential matters involving federal, state, or local administrative
 or other formal proceedings before a governmental tribunal for enforcement of the
 declaration, bylaws, or rules;

26 (5) Communications with the association's attorney that are otherwise protected
 27 by the attorney-client privilege or the attorney work-product doctrine;

(6) Information the disclosure of which would violate law other than sections
355.940 to 355.1060; or

30 (7) Information relating to insurance coverage except for the declaration of 31 coverage.

5. An association may charge a reasonable fee for providing copies of any records under this section and for the actual cost of personnel assisting or supervising the unit owner's inspection.

6. A right to copy records under this section includes the right to receive copies by photocopying or other means, including copies through an electronic transmission if available upon request by the unit owner.

38 7. An association is not obligated to compile, format, or synthesize information.

39 8. Information provided under this section shall not be used for commercial40 purposes.

355.1045. 1. Before adopting, amending, or repealing any rule, the executive board shall give all unit owners notice of its intention to adopt, amend, or repeal a rule and provide the text of the rule or the proposed change and a date on which the

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4 executive board will act on the proposed rule or amendment after considering comments

5 from unit owners.

6 2. Following adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule, the association shall 7 notify the unit owners of its action and provide a copy of any new or revised rule.

8 3. An association shall adopt rules that affect the use of or behavior in units that 9 may be used for residential purposes only to implement a provision of the declaration or 10 to regulate any behavior in or occupancy of a unit that violates the declaration or 11 adversely affects the use and enjoyment of other units or the common elements by other 12 unit owners.

355.1050. 1. The executive board, at least annually, shall adopt a proposed 2 budget for the planned community for consideration by the unit owners. Not later than 3 thirty days after adoption of a proposed budget, the executive board shall provide to all 4 the unit owners a copy of the budget, including any reserves, and a statement of the basis on which any reserves are calculated and funded. Simultaneously, the board shall 5 6 set a date not less than fourteen days or more than thirty days after providing the 7 summary for a meeting of the unit owners to consider ratification of the budget. Unless at that meeting a majority of all unit owners or any larger number specified in the 8 9 declaration reject the budget, the budget is ratified regardless of whether a quorum is present. If a proposed budget is rejected, the current budget continues until unit owners 10 11 ratify a subsequent budget.

12 2. The executive board, at any time, may adopt a special assessment or adjusted 13 budget if the executive board follows the procedures for ratification of a budget 14 described in subsection 1 of this section and the unit owners do not reject the proposed 15 assessment.

16 **3.** If the executive board determines that a special assessment is necessary to 17 respond to an emergency to the health or safety of occupants:

18 (1) The special assessment shall become effective immediately in accordance 19 with the terms of the vote;

20 (2) Notice of the emergency assessment shall be provided promptly to all unit 21 owners; and

(3) The executive board may spend the funds paid on account of the emergencyassessment only for the purposes described in the vote.

4. (1) At least once every three years, an association shall obtain an external financial audit conducted by an independent certified public accountant.

26 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the 27 members of the association, upon approval of a majority of those in attendance at the 28 annual meeting, may waive the obligation to obtain an external financial audit each

29 year, but in no event shall an external financial audit be conducted less than once every30 five years. If waived, the association shall notify all owners.

31 (3) An external financial audit is a financial record subject to inspection under 32 section 355.1040.

355.1055. 1. After the original sale of a unit from the declarant, a unit owner shall furnish to a purchaser before execution of any contract for sale of a unit, or otherwise before conveyance, a resale certificate containing a copy of the declaration, other than the plats and plans; the bylaws; and the rules or regulations of the sassociation. Such resale certificate shall disclose:

6 (1) The effect on the proposed disposition of any right of first refusal or other 7 restraint on the free alienability of the unit;

8 (2) The amount of the assessment and any unpaid assessments or other charges 9 currently due and payable from the selling unit owner;

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(3) Any other fees payable by unit owners to the association;

11 (4) Whether a reserve study on the long-term repair and replacement of the 12 common elements has been completed and, if so, the date;

13 (5) The amount of any reserves and any portions of those reserves designated by
 14 the association for any specified projects;

15 (6) The most recently prepared balance sheet and income and expenses 16 statement, if any, of the association;

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(7) The current operating budget of the association;

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(8) A statement of any unsatisfied judgments against the association and the

19 status of any pending suits in which the association is a defendant;

20 (9) A statement describing any insurance coverage for the benefit of unit 21 owners;

(10) A statement as to whether the executive board has knowledge that any alterations or improvements to the unit or limited common elements assigned thereto violate any provision of the declaration; and

(11) Other than projects included in the association's current budget or reserves, a description and estimated cost of any project that has been approved by motion of the executive board to be performed within the next three years but not yet included in an annual budget.

29 2. Within ten days after a request by a unit owner, the association shall furnish a 30 certificate containing the information necessary to enable the unit owner to comply with 31 this section. A unit owner or a licensed real estate agent acting on behalf of a unit owner 32 providing a certificate under subsection 1 of this section is not liable to the purchaser for 33 any erroneous information provided by the association and included in the certificate. 34 **3.** A purchaser is not liable for any unpaid assessment or fee greater than the 35 amount set forth in the certificate prepared by the association.

4. A unit owner is not liable to a purchaser for the failure or delay of the association to provide the certificate in a timely manner, but the purchase contract is voidable by the purchaser until the certificate has been provided and for five days thereafter or until conveyance, whichever first occurs.

355.1060. 1. If any person subject to sections 355.940 to 355.1060 fails to comply with any provision therein or any provision of the declaration or bylaws, any person or class of persons adversely affected by such failure to comply has a claim for appropriate relief. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the prevailing party.

5 2. If the declaration compels binding arbitration as provided for in sections 6 435.350 to 435.470, the disclosure requirement of section 435.460 shall be an exhibit to 7 the declaration.

8 3. Subject to the declaration, disputes between unit owners, or between two or 9 more unit owners regarding a matter related to the planned community, may be 10 required to be submitted to nonbinding dispute resolution as a prerequisite to 11 commencement of a judicial proceeding.

4. Section 516.095 shall not apply if the asserted breach of a covenant relates to real property subject to sections 355.940 to 355.1060, provided that such breach of a covenant shall be subject to subdivision (1) of section 516.110. Unless adjudicated in its entirety before August 28, 2023, the provisions of this subsection shall apply to all facts and circumstances then existing.

17 5. Every duty governed by sections 355.940 to 355.1060 imposes an obligation of
 18 good faith.

6. The remedies provided by sections 355.940 to 355.1060 shall be liberally administered to the end that the aggrieved party is put in as good a position as if the other party had fully performed.

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