FIRST REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 17

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE CHRISTOFANELLI.

2075H.01I

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

WHEREAS, prior to government-mandated economic shutdowns during the 2 coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 spurred 3 steady economic expansion and allowed the spirit of entrepreneurship to flourish, while 4 creating new jobs and opportunities for millions of Americans; and 5 6 WHEREAS, the tax cuts of 2017 resulted in a one trillion five hundred billion dollar 7 net tax cut, and were followed by historically low unemployment rates, an increase in 8 business investment, and a six thousand dollar increase in real median household income over two years, including scores of raises and bonuses for workers immediately after the 2017 tax 9 10 cuts were adopted; and 11 12 WHEREAS, more than one hundred million American taxpayers from all income 13 groups, but especially middle and working class American taxpayers, have enjoyed real tax relief due to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017; and 14 15 16 WHEREAS, twenty-three provisions of the 2017 tax cuts directly relating to individual income taxes, such as the reductions in personal income tax rates, the near 17 doubling of the standard deduction, and the substantial reduction of the hated Alternative 18 19 Minimum Tax (AMT) will expire after December 31, 2025; and 20 21 WHEREAS, the 2017 tax cuts reduced federal tax rates for households across every income level and this relief resulted in a tax cut of more than one thousand five hundred 22 23 dollars for the average middle-income earner; and 24 25 WHEREAS, prior to the 2017 tax cuts, the top corporate income tax rate in the United States was thirty-five percent, the highest among all nations in the Organization for 26 Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD); and 27

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28 29 WHEREAS, the 2017 tax cuts reduced the business tax rate from thirty-five percent 30 to twenty-one percent, bringing the United States back to average among OECD member nations, and dramatically enhancing American competitiveness; and 31 32 33 WHEREAS, the 2017 tax cuts set an annual cap of ten thousand dollars on the state 34 and local tax (SALT) deduction, thereby broadening the tax base at the federal level and in 35 many states, which caused state level budget surpluses and resulted in many states offering 36 substantial tax relief; and 37 38 WHEREAS, if the current ten thousand dollar cap on the SALT deduction is allowed 39 to expire after December 31, 2025, the federal tax base will be narrowed; and 40 41 WHEREAS, returning to an unlimited SALT deduction would be an incentive for 42 many states to once again implement higher taxes and spend at higher levels; and 43 44 WHEREAS, a majority of Americans support making the 2017 tax cuts permanent; 45 and 46 47 WHEREAS, allowing the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 to expire would result in a 48 massive tax increase on hardworking American taxpayers, a significant decline in American 49 competitiveness, fewer jobs, reduced wage income for workers, and higher prices: 50 51 NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the members of the House of Representatives of the One Hundred Second General Assembly, First Regular Session, the 52 53 Senate concurring therein, hereby urge the United States Congress to permanently extend the 54 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 with commensurate spending cuts to avoid increasing the 55 federal debt burden; and 56 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Chief Clerk of the Missouri House of 57 Representatives be instructed to prepare a properly inscribed copy of this resolution for each 58

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member of Missouri's Congressional delegation.