

HCS SS#3 SB 22 (LR# 0870H.08C)

Judicial Proceedings

SECTION	ORIGIN OF LANGUAGE	SPONSOR	DISCRIPTION
211.031, 211.071, 211.600, 217.345, 217.690, RSMo	SS #3 SCS SB 22 Underlying Bill	Bernskoetter	<p>Provides that a juvenile court will have exclusive jurisdiction over a juvenile who is alleged to have violated state law and a proceeding will be brought in the circuit court where the violation occurred, unless the juvenile officer transfers the case or a court grants a motion to transfer the case to the circuit where the juvenile resides.</p> <p>Changes the age for juvenile certification to adult court. Currently it's between the ages of 12 and 18 for instances where a court may order a certification hearing. The bill changes the minimum age to 14.</p> <p>Currently, the court must order a certification hearing for a juvenile who has committed an offense specified in Section 211.071. This bill changes it to apply to children between the ages of 12 and 18.</p> <p>Requires correctional treatment programs for juveniles to include physical separation from adult offenders.</p> <p>Provides exclusions for juveniles who are eligible for parole after serving at least 15 years' imprisonment.</p>
37.725, 43.539, 43.540, 67.145, 70.631, 170.310, 190.091, 193.265, 195.817, 307.018, 307.175, 491.075, 492.304, 547.500, 550.125, 556.021, 558.031, 566.151, 567.030, 569.010, 569.100, 570.010, 570.030, 575.205, 579.021, 579.022, 589.401, 589.403, 589.410, 589.414, 595.045, 610.021, 650.320, 650.340	HCS HBs 1108 & 1181	Hicks	<p>Various provisions related to public safety.</p> <p>Makes changes to the sex offender registry, including moving all offenses that are sexual in nature and committed against a minor to tier III of the registry.</p> <p>Creates the offenses of delivery of a controlled substance causing great bodily harm and the offense of delivery of a controlled substance causing death.</p> <p>Includes HB 677, related to disclosure by Office of Child Advocate when the request is made by a law enforcement agency as part of an investigation.</p> <p>Includes the HCS for HB 669, related to the Rap Back program.</p> <p>Includes HB 567, related to adding telecommunicator first responders to the definition of first responder. Specifies that no fee shall be collected for a certification of birth, death, or marriage if the request for certification is made by a prosecuting attorney, circuit attorney, or the Attorney General.</p> <p>Includes SB 464, requiring background checks for people involved with marijuana facilities.</p>

			<p>Includes HB 305, related to warrants for failure to appear or pay a fine on infractions issued for certain traffic citations.</p> <p>Includes HB 1228, related to search and rescue teams being able to use lights and sirens when en route to an emergency.</p> <p>Includes HB 454, related to raising the age of adult to 18 in relation to statements made by a child or vulnerable person. Allows the Missouri Office of Prosecution Services to create a conviction review unit to investigate claims of actual innocence.</p> <p>Includes HB 83, related to change of venue for capital cases. Includes language related to credit for time served and specifies that time begins being counted after the offense occurred, not after conviction. Includes HCS HB 725, related to tampering with or damaging teller machines.</p> <p>Includes HB 86, related to tampering with electronic monitoring equipment.</p> <p>Adds HB 856, related to the crime victims' compensation fund.</p> <p>Amends the Sunshine Law, allowing certain security measures implemented at schools to be closed records.</p>
211.071			Adds to the list of offenses a court must order a certification hearing when a juvenile commits an offense, while in possession of a firearm, that would be a felony if committed by an adult and the juvenile has one prior unrelated conviction for an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult.
494.030	HB 493 with changes	Burger	Lowers the age a juror may request to opt out of jury service from 75 to 70.
559.125	HB 776 with changes	Cook	<p>Provides an exception to information and data obtained by a probation or parole officer being privileged information and not receivable in a court.</p> <p>The exception allows for receipt of the information by a court if it relates to a criminal proceeding. The change to the original bill language just changes how the exception is expressed.</p>
568.075	HB 835 with changes	Sparks	<p>The bill creates the offense of use of a minor to commit a crime.</p> <p>The change to the original bill language includes a change to the penalty structure, which will be: a class E felony for a first offense, a class D felony for a second offense, and a class C felony for a third or subsequent offense.</p>
570.030			Adds as a Class E felony the offense of stealing a letter, postal card, package, bag, or other sealed article delivered, or left to be collected for shipment, by a common carrier or delivery service.

558.019, 575.150, 575.151, 610.140, 575.200	HB 251	Haffner	<p>Amends the penalty for the offense of resisting or interfering with arrest, which is currently a class A misdemeanor under certain circumstances and a class E felony in other circumstances.</p> <p>Specifies that resisting or interfering with or escaping or attempting to escape from a stop, detention, or arrest or from custody is a class A misdemeanor under most circumstances and a class E felony for others.</p> <p>Creates the offense of resisting arrest by fleeing in or on a motor vehicle, which is a class E felony for a first offense and a class D felony for a second or subsequent offense.</p> <p>Adds the offense to Section 610.140, which makes it ineligible for expungement.</p> <p>The bill repeals section 575.200.</p>
579.065, 578.068	HB 1176	Perkins	<p>Removes the offense of drug trafficking in the first degree when a person knowingly distributes, delivers, manufactures, produces, or attempts to distribute, deliver, manufacture, or produce more than eight grams of a mixture or specified substance that has a cocaine base.</p> <p>Removes from the offense of drug trafficking in the second degree when a person knowingly possesses more than eight grams of a mixture or specified substance that has a cocaine base.</p>