

HB 486 -- SELF DEFENSE

SPONSOR: Baker

Under current law, a defendant has the burden to prove he or she reasonably believed physical or deadly force was necessary to protect him or herself or a third person.

This bill provides that there shall be a presumption of reasonableness that the defendant believed such force was necessary to defend him or herself or a third person.

The bill also provides that a person who uses or threatens to use force in self defense is immune from criminal prosecution and civil action for the use of such force, unless specified exceptions apply.

Additionally, a law enforcement agency may use standard procedures for investigating the use or threatened use of force, but the agency may not arrest the person for using or threatening to use force unless the agency determines that there is probable cause that the force that was used or threatened was unlawful.

The bill provides that the defendant can raise a claim of self defense during a pre-trial hearing in either a criminal or civil case, which would shift the burden on the party seeking to overcome the immunity by proof of clear and convincing evidence.

Finally, the bill repeals provisions relating to civil remedies that are unaffected by criminal provisions of self-defense law.

This bill is the same as HCS HB 2118 (2022).