

House \_\_\_\_\_ Amendment NO. \_\_\_\_\_

Offered By

1 AMEND House Committee Substitute for House Bill Nos. 2523, 2367 & 2470, Page 2, Section  
2 569.089, Line 50, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

3  
4 "571.030. 1. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons, except as otherwise  
5 provided by sections 571.101 to 571.121 and sections 571.205 to 571.230, if he or she knowingly:

6 (1) Carries concealed upon or about his or her person a knife, a firearm, a blackjack or any  
7 other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any area where firearms are restricted under section  
8 571.107; or

9 (2) Sets a spring gun; or

10 (3) Discharges or shoots a firearm into a dwelling house, a railroad train, boat, aircraft, or  
11 motor vehicle as defined in section 302.010, or any building or structure used for the assembling of  
12 people; or

13 (4) Exhibits, in the presence of one or more persons, any weapon readily capable of lethal  
14 use in an angry or threatening manner; or

15 (5) Has a firearm or projectile weapon readily capable of lethal use on his or her person,  
16 while he or she is intoxicated, and handles or otherwise uses such firearm or projectile weapon in  
17 either a negligent or unlawful manner or discharges such firearm or projectile weapon unless acting  
18 in self-defense; or

19 (6) Discharges a firearm within one hundred yards of any occupied schoolhouse,  
20 courthouse, or church building; or

21 (7) Discharges or shoots a firearm at a mark, at any object, or at random, on, along or across  
22 a public highway or discharges or shoots a firearm into any outbuilding; or

23 (8) Carries a firearm or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any church or  
24 place where people have assembled for worship, or into any election precinct on any election day, or  
25 into any building owned or occupied by any agency of the federal government, state government, or  
26 political subdivision thereof; or

27 (9) Discharges or shoots a firearm at or from a motor vehicle, as defined in section 301.010,  
28 discharges or shoots a firearm at any person, or at any other motor vehicle, or at any building or  
29 habitable structure, unless the person was lawfully acting in self-defense; or

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1 (10) Carries a firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, or any other weapon readily capable of  
2 lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of any function or activity  
3 sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school board; or

4 (11) Possesses a firearm while also knowingly in possession of a controlled substance that is  
5 sufficient for a felony violation of section 579.015.

6 2. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to the  
7 persons described in this subsection, regardless of whether such uses are reasonably associated with  
8 or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties except as otherwise provided in  
9 this subsection. Subdivisions (3), (4), (6), (7), and (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply  
10 to or affect any of the following persons, when such uses are reasonably associated with or are  
11 necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties, except as otherwise provided in this  
12 subsection:

13 (1) All state, county and municipal peace officers who have completed the training required  
14 by the police officer standards and training commission pursuant to sections 590.030 to 590.050 and  
15 who possess the duty and power of arrest for violation of the general criminal laws of the state or for  
16 violation of ordinances of counties or municipalities of the state, whether such officers are on or off  
17 duty, and whether such officers are within or outside of the law enforcement agency's jurisdiction, or  
18 all qualified retired peace officers, as defined in subsection 12 of this section, and who carry the  
19 identification defined in subsection 13 of this section, or any person summoned by such officers to  
20 assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while actually engaged in assisting such officer;

21 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other  
22 institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of crime;

23 (3) Members of the Armed Forces or National Guard while performing their official duty;

24 (4) Those persons vested by Article V, Section 1 of the Constitution of Missouri with the  
25 judicial power of the state and those persons vested by Article III of the Constitution of the United  
26 States with the judicial power of the United States, the members of the federal judiciary;

27 (5) Any person whose bona fide duty is to execute process, civil or criminal;

28 (6) Any federal probation officer or federal flight deck officer as defined under the federal  
29 flight deck officer program, 49 U.S.C. Section 44921, regardless of whether such officers are on  
30 duty, or within the law enforcement agency's jurisdiction;

31 (7) Any state probation or parole officer, including supervisors and members of the parole  
32 board;

33 (8) Any corporate security advisor meeting the definition and fulfilling the requirements of  
34 the regulations established by the department of public safety under section 590.750;

35 (9) Any coroner, deputy coroner, medical examiner, or assistant medical examiner;

36 (10) Any municipal or county prosecuting attorney or assistant prosecuting attorney; circuit  
37 attorney or assistant circuit attorney; municipal, associate, or circuit judge; or any person appointed  
38 by a court to be a special prosecutor who has completed the firearms safety training course required  
39 under subsection 2 of section 571.111;

1 (11) Any member of a fire department or fire protection district who is employed on a full-  
2 time basis as a fire investigator and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to  
3 August 28, 2013, or a valid concealed carry permit under section 571.111 when such uses are  
4 reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties; and

5 (12) Upon the written approval of the governing body of a fire department or fire protection  
6 district, any paid fire department or fire protection district member who is employed on a full-time  
7 basis and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a valid  
8 concealed carry permit, when such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the  
9 fulfillment of such person's official duties.

10 3. Subdivisions (1), (5), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section do not apply when the  
11 actor is transporting such weapons in a nonfunctioning state or in an unloaded state when  
12 ammunition is not readily accessible or when such weapons are not readily accessible. Subdivision  
13 (1) of subsection 1 of this section does not apply to any person nineteen years of age or older or  
14 eighteen years of age or older and a member of the United States Armed Forces, or honorably  
15 discharged from the United States Armed Forces, transporting a concealable firearm in the  
16 passenger compartment of a motor vehicle, so long as such concealable firearm is otherwise  
17 lawfully possessed, nor when the actor is also in possession of an exposed firearm or projectile  
18 weapon for the lawful pursuit of game, or is in his or her dwelling unit or upon premises over which  
19 the actor has possession, authority or control, or is traveling in a continuous journey peaceably  
20 through this state. Subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of this section does not apply if the firearm is  
21 otherwise lawfully possessed by a person while traversing school premises for the purposes of  
22 transporting a student to or from school, or possessed by an adult for the purposes of facilitation of a  
23 school-sanctioned firearm-related event or club event.

24 4. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to any person  
25 who has a valid concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 or sections  
26 571.205 to 571.230, a valid concealed carry endorsement issued before August 28, 2013, or a valid  
27 permit or endorsement to carry concealed firearms issued by another state or political subdivision of  
28 another state.

29 5. Subdivisions (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall  
30 not apply to persons who are engaged in a lawful act of defense pursuant to section 563.031.

31 6. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the state shall not prohibit  
32 any state employee from having a firearm in the employee's vehicle on the state's property provided  
33 that the vehicle is locked and the firearm is not visible. This subsection shall only apply to the state  
34 as an employer when the state employee's vehicle is on property owned or leased by the state and  
35 the state employee is conducting activities within the scope of his or her employment. For the  
36 purposes of this subsection, "state employee" means an employee of the executive, legislative, or  
37 judicial branch of the government of the state of Missouri.

1           7. (1) Subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to a person who is a  
2 school officer commissioned by the district school board under section 162.215 or who is a school  
3 protection officer, as described under section 160.665.

4           (2) Nothing in this section shall make it unlawful for a student to actually participate in  
5 school-sanctioned gun safety courses, student military or ROTC courses, or other school-sponsored  
6 or club-sponsored firearm-related events, provided the student does not carry a firearm or other  
7 weapon readily capable of lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of  
8 any other function or activity sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school  
9 board.

10           8. A person who commits the crime of unlawful use of weapons under:

11           (1) Subdivision (2), (3), (4), or (11) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class E  
12 felony;

13           (2) Subdivision (1), (6), (7), or (8) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class B  
14 misdemeanor, except when a concealed weapon is carried onto any private property whose owner  
15 has posted the premises as being off-limits to concealed firearms by means of one or more signs  
16 displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the  
17 writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch, in which case the penalties of subsection 2 of  
18 section 571.107 shall apply;

19           (3) Subdivision (5) or (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class A  
20 misdemeanor if the firearm is unloaded and a class E felony if the firearm is loaded;

21           (4) Subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class B felony, except  
22 that if the violation of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section results in injury or death to  
23 another person, it is a class A felony.

24           9. Violations of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be punished as follows:

25           (1) For the first violation a person shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of  
26 imprisonment for a class B felony;

27           (2) For any violation by a prior offender as defined in section 558.016, a person shall be  
28 sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without the  
29 possibility of parole, probation or conditional release for a term of ten years;

30           (3) For any violation by a persistent offender as defined in section 558.016, a person shall  
31 be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without the  
32 possibility of parole, probation, or conditional release;

33           (4) For any violation which results in injury or death to another person, a person shall be  
34 sentenced to an authorized disposition for a class A felony.

35           10. Any person knowingly aiding or abetting any other person in the violation of  
36 subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be subject to the same penalty as that prescribed  
37 by this section for violations by other persons.

38           11. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person who pleads guilty to or is found  
39 guilty of a felony violation of subsection 1 of this section shall receive a suspended imposition of

1 sentence if such person has previously received a suspended imposition of sentence for any other  
2 firearms- or weapons-related felony offense.

3 12. As used in this section "qualified retired peace officer" means an individual who:

4 (1) Retired in good standing from service with a public agency as a peace officer, other than  
5 for reasons of mental instability;

6 (2) Before such retirement, was authorized by law to engage in or supervise the prevention,  
7 detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any violation of  
8 law, and had statutory powers of arrest;

9 (3) Before such retirement, was regularly employed as a peace officer for an aggregate of  
10 fifteen years or more, or retired from service with such agency, after completing any applicable  
11 probationary period of such service, due to a service-connected disability, as determined by such  
12 agency;

13 (4) Has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the retirement plan of the agency if such a  
14 plan is available;

15 (5) During the most recent twelve-month period, has met, at the expense of the individual,  
16 the standards for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry firearms;

17 (6) Is not under the influence of alcohol or another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or  
18 substance; and

19 (7) Is not prohibited by federal law from receiving a firearm.

20 13. The identification required by subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section is:

21 (1) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired  
22 from service as a peace officer that indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year  
23 before the date the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by  
24 the agency to meet the standards established by the agency for training and qualification for active  
25 peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm; or

26 (2) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired  
27 from service as a peace officer; and

28 (3) A certification issued by the state in which the individual resides that indicates that the  
29 individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the  
30 concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the state to meet the standards established by  
31 the state for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as  
32 the concealed firearm.

33 571.107. 1. A concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, a  
34 valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a concealed carry  
35 endorsement or permit issued by another state or political subdivision of another state shall  
36 authorize the person in whose name the permit or endorsement is issued to carry concealed firearms  
37 on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No concealed carry permit issued  
38 pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August

1 28, 2013, or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another state or political subdivision  
2 of another state shall authorize any person to carry concealed firearms into:

3 (1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the chief  
4 law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on  
5 the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not  
6 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

7 (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a firearm  
8 in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so long as the  
9 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

10 (3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison or jail.  
11 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or correctional  
12 institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from  
13 the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

14 (4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any  
15 courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries or other rooms of any such court whether or not such  
16 court solely occupies the building in question. This subdivision shall also include, but not be  
17 limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein any of the  
18 courts or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the  
19 jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as may be specified  
20 by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in this subdivision  
21 shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 571.030 while within  
22 their jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection 2  
23 of section 571.030, or such other persons who serve in a law enforcement capacity for a court as  
24 may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying  
25 a concealed firearm within any of the areas described in this subdivision. Possession of a firearm in  
26 a vehicle on the premises of any of the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal offense  
27 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the  
28 premises;

29 (5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government; or any meeting of the  
30 general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this subdivision  
31 shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement from  
32 carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she is a member. Possession of a  
33 firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not  
34 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this  
35 subdivision shall preclude a member of the general assembly, a full-time employee of the general  
36 assembly employed under Section 17, Article III, Constitution of Missouri, legislative employees of  
37 the general assembly as determined under section 21.155, or statewide elected officials and their  
38 employees, holding a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement, from carrying a concealed

1 firearm in the state capitol building or at a meeting whether of the full body of a house of the  
2 general assembly or a committee thereof, that is held in the state capitol building;

3 (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county or municipality may by rule,  
4 administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by permit  
5 or endorsement holders in that portion of a building owned, leased or controlled by that unit of  
6 government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is prohibited or  
7 limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted area. The statute,  
8 rule or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by private persons, highways or  
9 rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of  
10 government from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a firearm. The statute, rule or  
11 ordinance shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that persons  
12 violating the statute, rule or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, ordered to leave the  
13 building and if employees of the unit of government, be subjected to disciplinary measures for  
14 violation of the provisions of the statute, rule or ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall  
15 not apply to any other unit of government;

16 (7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the  
17 premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the owner or  
18 manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said establishment.  
19 The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant open to the general  
20 public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that receives at least fifty-one  
21 percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale of food. This subdivision  
22 does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the establishment and  
23 shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished  
24 while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision authorizes any individual who has  
25 been issued a concealed carry permit or endorsement to possess any firearm while intoxicated;

26 (8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons and  
27 property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a criminal  
28 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on  
29 the premises;

30 (9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;

31 (10) Any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility without the  
32 consent of the governing body of the higher education institution or a school official or the district  
33 school board, unless the person with the concealed carry endorsement or permit is a teacher or  
34 administrator of an elementary or secondary school who has been designated by his or her school  
35 district as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm in a school within that district, in  
36 which case no consent is required. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any  
37 higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility shall not be a criminal  
38 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on  
39 the premises;

1 (11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the  
 2 manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a family  
 3 home from owning or possessing a firearm or a concealed carry permit or endorsement;

4 (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent of the  
 5 owner or manager pursuant to rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of a  
 6 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal  
 7 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on  
 8 the premises;

9 (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the  
 10 premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not  
 11 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

12 ~~(14) [Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the minister or~~  
 13 ~~person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control over the place of~~  
 14 ~~religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal~~  
 15 ~~offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on~~  
 16 ~~the premises;~~

17 ~~(15)]~~ Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to  
 18 concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum  
 19 size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch.  
 20 The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business enterprise, or any other  
 21 organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a concealed carry permit or  
 22 endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the premises and may prohibit employees, not  
 23 authorized by the employer, holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying  
 24 concealed firearms on the property of the employer. If the building or the premises are open to the  
 25 public, the employer of the business enterprise shall post signs on or about the premises if carrying a  
 26 concealed firearm is prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a  
 27 criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the  
 28 vehicle is on the premises. An employer may prohibit employees or other persons holding a  
 29 concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm in vehicles owned by the  
 30 employer;

31 ~~[(16)]~~ (15) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or more.  
 32 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the  
 33 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

34 ~~[(17)]~~ (16) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the  
 35 premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the  
 36 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.

37 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in subdivisions (1) to ~~[(17)]~~ (16)  
 38 of subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a concealed carry permit issued pursuant  
 39 to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013,



1 shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to denial to the premises or removal from the  
2 premises. If such person refuses to leave the premises and a peace officer is summoned, such person  
3 may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars for the first offense. If a  
4 second citation for a similar violation occurs within a six-month period, such person shall be fined  
5 an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or her permit, and, if applicable, endorsement  
6 to carry concealed firearms shall be suspended for a period of one year. If a third citation for a  
7 similar violation is issued within one year of the first citation, such person shall be fined an amount  
8 not to exceed five hundred dollars and shall have his or her concealed carry permit, and, if  
9 applicable, endorsement revoked and such person shall not be eligible for a concealed carry permit  
10 for a period of three years. Upon conviction of charges arising from a citation issued pursuant to  
11 this subsection, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the concealed carry  
12 permit, or, if the person is a holder of a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28,  
13 2013, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the certificate of qualification for a  
14 concealed carry endorsement and the department of revenue. The sheriff shall suspend or revoke  
15 the concealed carry permit or, if applicable, the certificate of qualification for a concealed carry  
16 endorsement. If the person holds an endorsement, the department of revenue shall issue a notice of  
17 such suspension or revocation of the concealed carry endorsement and take action to remove the  
18 concealed carry endorsement from the individual's driving record. The director of revenue shall  
19 notify the licensee that he or she must apply for a new license pursuant to chapter 302 which does  
20 not contain such endorsement. The notice issued by the department of revenue shall be mailed to  
21 the last known address shown on the individual's driving record. The notice is deemed received  
22 three days after mailing.

23 571.215. 1. A Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued under sections  
24 571.205 to 571.230 shall authorize the person in whose name the permit is issued to carry concealed  
25 firearms on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No Missouri lifetime or  
26 extended concealed carry permit shall authorize any person to carry concealed firearms into:

27 (1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the chief  
28 law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on  
29 the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not  
30 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

31 (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a firearm  
32 in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so long as the  
33 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

34 (3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison or jail.  
35 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or correctional  
36 institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from  
37 the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

38 (4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any  
39 courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries, or other rooms of any such court whether or not such

1 court solely occupies the building in question. This subdivision shall also include, but not be  
2 limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein any of the  
3 courts or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the  
4 jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as may be specified  
5 by supreme court rule under subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in this subdivision shall  
6 preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 571.030 while within their  
7 jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection 2 of  
8 section 571.030, or such other persons who serve in a law enforcement capacity for a court as may  
9 be specified by supreme court rule under subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying a  
10 concealed firearm within any of the areas described in this subdivision. Possession of a firearm in a  
11 vehicle on the premises of any of the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal offense  
12 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the  
13 premises;

14 (5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government, or any meeting of the  
15 general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this subdivision  
16 shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry  
17 permit from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she is a member.  
18 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the  
19 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing  
20 in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the general assembly, a full-time employee of the  
21 general assembly employed under Section 17, Article III, Constitution of Missouri, legislative  
22 employees of the general assembly as determined under section 21.155, or statewide elected  
23 officials and their employees, holding a valid Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit,  
24 from carrying a concealed firearm in the state capitol building or at a meeting whether of the full  
25 body of a house of the general assembly or a committee thereof, that is held in the state capitol  
26 building;

27 (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county, or municipality may by rule,  
28 administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by permit  
29 holders in that portion of a building owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government. Any  
30 portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is prohibited or limited shall be  
31 clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted area. The statute, rule, or  
32 ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by private persons, highways or rest  
33 areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government  
34 from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a firearm. The statute, rule, or ordinance shall  
35 not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that persons violating the statute,  
36 rule, or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, ordered to leave the building and if  
37 employees of the unit of government, be subjected to disciplinary measures for violation of the  
38 provisions of the statute, rule, or ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to  
39 any other unit of government;

1 (7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the  
2 premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the owner or  
3 manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said establishment.  
4 The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant open to the general  
5 public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that receives at least fifty-one  
6 percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale of food. This subdivision  
7 does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the establishment and  
8 shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished  
9 while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision authorizes any individual who has  
10 been issued a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit to possess any firearm while  
11 intoxicated;

12 (8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons and  
13 property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a criminal  
14 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on  
15 the premises;

16 (9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;

17 (10) Any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility without the  
18 consent of the governing body of the higher education institution or a school official or the district  
19 school board, unless the person with the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit is a  
20 teacher or administrator of an elementary or secondary school who has been designated by his or her  
21 school district as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm in a school within that district,  
22 in which case no consent is required. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any  
23 higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility shall not be a criminal  
24 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on  
25 the premises;

26 (11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the  
27 manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a family  
28 home from owning or possessing a firearm or a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry  
29 permit;

30 (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent of the  
31 owner or manager under rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of a firearm in a  
32 vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal offense so long as  
33 the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

34 (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the  
35 premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not  
36 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

37 (14) ~~Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the minister or~~  
38 ~~person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control over the place of~~  
39 ~~religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal~~

1 ~~offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on~~  
 2 ~~the premises;~~

3 (15) Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to  
 4 concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum  
 5 size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch.  
 6 The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business enterprise, or any other  
 7 organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a Missouri lifetime or extended  
 8 concealed carry permit from carrying concealed firearms on the premises and may prohibit  
 9 employees, not authorized by the employer, holding a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry  
 10 permit from carrying concealed firearms on the property of the employer. If the building or the  
 11 premises are open to the public, the employer of the business enterprise shall post signs on or about  
 12 the premises if carrying a concealed firearm is prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on  
 13 the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle  
 14 or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. An employer may prohibit employees or other  
 15 persons holding a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit from carrying a concealed  
 16 firearm in vehicles owned by the employer;

17 [(16)] (15) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or more.  
 18 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the  
 19 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

20 [(17)] (16) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the  
 21 premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the  
 22 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.

23 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in subdivisions (1) to [(17)] (16)  
 24 of subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a Missouri lifetime or extended  
 25 concealed carry permit shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to denial to the  
 26 premises or removal from the premises. If such person refuses to leave the premises and a peace  
 27 officer is summoned, such person may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred  
 28 dollars for the first offense. If a second citation for a similar violation occurs within a six-month  
 29 period, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or her permit  
 30 to carry concealed firearms shall be suspended for a period of one year. If a third citation for a  
 31 similar violation is issued within one year of the first citation, such person shall be fined an amount  
 32 not to exceed five hundred dollars and shall have his or her Missouri lifetime or extended concealed  
 33 carry permit revoked and such person shall not be eligible for a Missouri lifetime or extended  
 34 concealed carry permit or a concealed carry permit issued under sections 571.101 to 571.121 for a  
 35 period of three years. Upon conviction of charges arising from a citation issued under this  
 36 subsection, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the Missouri lifetime or  
 37 extended concealed carry permit. The sheriff shall suspend or revoke the Missouri lifetime or  
 38 extended concealed carry permit."; and

39  
 40 Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references  
 41 accordingly.