COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 3988H.011
Bill No.: HB 2457
Subject: Taxation and Revenue - General; Taxation and Revenue - Income; Department of Revenue; Business and Commerce; Tax Incentives
Type: Original
Date: February 2, 2024

Bill Summary: This proposal authorizes income tax addition and subtraction modifications for research and experimentation costs.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	
General Revenue	(Unknown, could be	(Unknown, could be	(Unknown, could be	
	substantial)	substantial)	substantial)	
Total Estimated Net				
Effect on General	(Unknown, could be	(Unknown, could be	(Unknown, could be	
Revenue	substantial)	substantial)	substantial)	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	
Total Estimated Net				
Effect on Other State				
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	
Total Estimated Net				
Effect on <u>All</u> Federal				
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	
General Revenue -				
DOR	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE	
Total Estimated Net				
Effect on FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE	

Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.

□ Estimated Net Effect (savings or increased revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Section 143.121 Qualified Research Income Tax Addition/Subtraction

Officials from the **Department of Revenue (DOR)** note under federal law a business is allowed to subtract from their Federal Adjusted Gross Income (FAGI) some of their qualified research expenses allowed per 26 U.S.C Section 174(a)(2)(B). The starting line on the Missouri individual income tax return is your FAGI number. Any deductions or subtractions at the federal level, means less taxable income on the Missouri Return.

This proposal would require those same businesses to add the deducted income back into their FAGI for calculating their Missouri adjusted gross income (MAGI). Then the proposal allows the same business to subtract their entire qualified research expenditures that are charged to a capital account.

This proposal is to become effective starting August 28, 2024. However, this proposal is backdating these changes to January 1, 2022. The backdating of the changes will require businesses to file amended returns. DOR assumes these amended returns will be received after August 2024, and therefore the first fiscal impact will be in FY 2025.

This proposal is in response to changes made regarding the reporting of qualified research expenditures under the Tax Cuts & and Jobs Act (TCJA). Prior to the passage of the TCJA in December 2017, businesses were allowed to decide how they wanted to report their qualified research expenditures. They could deduct their total expenses in a single year or amortize the expenses over a period of years. DOR notes that a provision in the TCJA prohibits the full deduction in year 1. Implementation of this provision went into effect starting January 1, 2022. Businesses now must amortize over time. Per numerous articles and reports written, most businesses choose to do the deduction in the first year.

When a business is allowed to remove the qualified research expenditures from their federal taxable income in a single year, it results in the business having a smaller tax liability in Missouri. The starting point on the Missouri tax return is with your FAGI. By having the businesses place all their income back onto the Missouri the department will be able to see what was reported before. Then allowing them the subtraction, will allow them to deduct their expenses in a single year, lowering their taxable income in Missouri.

DOR was unable to provide a single source on the amount of qualified research expenditures reported. DOR is also unable to predict the number of companies or the amount of expenses they will claim. This could potentially result in a loss to general revenue of over \$1,000,000.

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This proposal creates a new addition and subtraction that would require 2 new lines being added to the Form MO-A (\$7,138), updates to the department's website and changes to the individual income tax computer system (\$1,785). These changes are estimated to cost \$8,923. DOR's existing tax credit staff is no longer able to take on any additional additions and subtractions without additional resources. Due to the intensive knowledge of what will qualify as an allowed expense means DOR is not able to use temporary staff to help with processing these returns. This proposal would require at least 1 FTE Associate Customer Service Rep at a salary of \$35,880.

During the preparation of the fiscal note, it was announced that the U.S. House of Representatives had passed the Tax Relief for America Families and Workers Act of 2024. This Act contains the language needed to fix this issue at the federal level starting January 1, 2022. Should this Act be signed into law, then HB 2457 would become moot.

Officials from the **Office of Administration - Budget and Planning (B&P)** note this proposal would decouple Missouri from the federal research and development (R&D) deduction. B&P notes that prior to January 1, 2022, businesses were allowed to fully deduct expenses in the first year they were incurred. However, since January 1, 2022, businesses have been required to amortize those costs over five years (fifteen years for foreign research). B&P further notes that Missouri has rolling conformity with the federal R&D deduction. When a business claims this deduction on their federal return, they also receive the tax benefit on their state return.

Section 143.121.3(14) would allow businesses with Missouri income tax to deduct the full amount of R&D expenses in the first year incurred. Section 143.121.2(7) requires taxpayers to add any amount of R&D expenses deducted from the Federal adjusted gross income (FAGI). Taxpayers are required to add that amount to the Missouri adjusted gross income (MAGI) to prevent taxpayers from receiving the same deduction twice. Section 143.121.2(7) also requires taxpayer to reduce their R&D deduction by the amount of any R&D tax credit received. This is consistent with current law and again prevents taxpayers from receiving a tax benefit for the same expenses twice.

B&P was unable to find enough reliable data to estimate the potential revenue impact from this provision. However, the potential loss to GR could be significant.

Given the number of returns which might be affected, **Oversight** will show DOR's abovementioned 1 FTE for purposes of this fiscal note. If multiple bills pass which require additional staffing and duties at substantial costs, DOR could request funding through the appropriation process.

Oversight notes officials from the Department of Revenue assume this proposal will have a negative fiscal impact on state revenue. Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will show DOR's estimated impact on the fiscal note.

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FISCAL IMPACT – State Government	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	(10 Mo.)		
GENERAL REVENUE			
<u>Costs</u> - §143.121			
Personnel Service	(\$29,900)	(\$36,598)	(\$37,330)
Fringe Benefits	(\$23,896)	(\$28,937)	(\$29,204)
Expense & Equipment	(\$22,234)	<u>(\$570)</u>	<u>(\$582)</u>
Total Costs -	(\$76,030)	(\$66,105)	(\$67,116)
FTE Change	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE
Revenue Reduction - §143.121 -	<u>(</u> Unknown,	<u>(Unknown,</u>	<u>(</u> Unknown,
Addition and subtraction of income for	<u>could be</u>	<u>could be</u>	<u>could be</u>
research and experimentation costs	substantial)	<u>substantial)</u>	<u>substantial)</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON	<u>(Unknown,</u>	<u>(Unknown,</u>	<u>(Unknown,</u>
GENERAL REVENUE	<u>could be</u>	could be	could be
	<u>substantial)</u>	<u>substantial)</u>	<u>substantial)</u>
Estimated Net FTE Change on General			
Revenue	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE

FISCAL IMPACT – Local Government	FY 2025 (10 Mo.)	FY 2026	FY 2027
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

Certain small businesses that qualify for the proposed addition/subtraction could be impacted by this proposal.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

Currently, Missouri taxpayers are unable to deduct certain research and experimentation expenditures from their adjusted gross income for tax purposes. This limitation is a result of the federal "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act" of 2017.

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This bill de-couples Missouri from the provisions of the federal law, and allows taxpayers to deduct specified research and experimental expenditures from their federal adjusted gross income, beginning with the 2022 tax year.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Department of Revenue Office of Administration - Budget and Planning

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Julie Morff Director February 2, 2024

in the state

Ross Strope Assistant Director February 2, 2024