SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 1708

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE SCHNELTING.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 70.441, 571.030, 571.101, 571.107, 571.111, 571.117, 571.205, 571.215, 571.225, 577.703, and 577.712, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eleven new sections relating to concealed carry permits, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 70.441, 571.030, 571.101, 571.107, 571.111, 571.117, 571.205, 2 571.215, 571.225, 577.703, and 577.712, RSMo, are repealed and eleven new sections 3 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 70.441, 571.030, 571.101, 571.107, 571.111, 571.117, 571.205, 571.215, 571.225, 577.703, and 577.712, to read as follows: 4 70.441. 1. As used in this section, the following terms have the following meanings: 2 (1) "Agency", the bi-state development agency created by compact under section 3 70.370; "Conveyance" includes bus, paratransit vehicle, rapid transit car or train, 4 (2)locomotive, or other vehicle used or held for use by the agency as a means of transportation of 5 passengers; 6 7 (3) "Facilities" includes all property and equipment, including, without limitation, rights-of-way and related trackage, rails, signals, power, fuel, communication and ventilation 8 systems, power plants, stations, terminals, signage, storage yards, depots, repair and 9 maintenance shops, yards, offices, parking lots and other real estate or personal property used 10 or held for or incidental to the operation, rehabilitation or improvement of any public mass 11 12 transportation system of the agency; 13 "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership, corporation, association or (4)

14 company; and

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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(5) "Sound production device" includes, but is not limited to, any radio receiver,
phonograph, television receiver, musical instrument, tape recorder, cassette player, speaker
device and any sound amplifier.

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2. In interpreting or applying this section, the following provisions shall apply:

(1) Any act otherwise prohibited by this section is lawful if specifically authorized by
agreement, permit, license or other writing duly signed by an authorized officer of the agency
or if performed by an officer, employee or designated agent of the agency acting within the
scope of his or her employment or agency;

(2) Rules shall apply with equal force to any person assisting, aiding or abetting
another, including a minor, in any of the acts prohibited by the rules or assisting, aiding or
abetting another in the avoidance of any of the requirements of the rules; and

(3) The singular shall mean and include the plural; the masculine gender shall meanthe feminine and the neuter genders; and vice versa.

3. (1) No person shall use or enter upon the light rail conveyances of the agency without payment of the fare or other lawful charges established by the agency. Any person on any such conveyance must have properly validated fare media in his possession. This ticket must be valid to or from the station the passenger is using, and must have been used for entry for the trip then being taken;

(2) No person shall use any token, pass, badge, ticket, document, transfer, card or fare
media to gain entry to the facilities or conveyances of, or make use of the services of, the
agency, except as provided, authorized or sold by the agency and in accordance with any
restriction on the use thereof imposed by the agency;

37 (3) No person shall enter upon parking lots designated by the agency as requiring
38 payment to enter, either by electronic gate or parking meters, where the cost of such parking
39 fee is visibly displayed at each location, without payment of such fees or other lawful charges
40 established by the agency;

41 (4) Except for employees of the agency acting within the scope of their employment,
42 no person shall sell, provide, copy, reproduce or produce, or create any version of any token,
43 pass, badge, ticket, document, transfer, card or any other fare media or otherwise authorize
44 access to or use of the facilities, conveyances or services of the agency without the written
45 permission of an authorized representative of the agency;

46 (5) No person shall put or attempt to put any paper, article, instrument or item, other 47 than a token, ticket, badge, coin, fare card, pass, transfer or other access authorization or other 48 fare media issued by the agency and valid for the place, time and manner in which used, into 49 any fare box, pass reader, ticket vending machine, parking meter, parking gate or other fare 50 collection instrument, receptacle, device, machine or location;

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51 (6) Tokens, tickets, fare cards, badges, passes, transfers or other fare media that have 52 been forged, counterfeited, imitated, altered or improperly transferred or that have been used 53 in a manner inconsistent with this section shall be confiscated;

54 (7) No person may perform any act which would interfere with the provision of 55 transit service or obstruct the flow of traffic on facilities or conveyances or which would in 56 any way interfere or tend to interfere with the safe and efficient operation of the facilities or 57 conveyances of the agency;

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(8) All persons on or in any facility or conveyance of the agency shall:

(a) Comply with all lawful orders and directives of any agency employee actingwithin the scope of his employment;

61 (b) Obey any instructions on notices or signs duly posted on any agency facility or 62 conveyance; and

63 (c) Provide accurate, complete and true information or documents requested by 64 agency personnel acting within the scope of their employment and otherwise in accordance 65 with law;

66 (9) No person shall falsely represent himself or herself as an agent, employee or 67 representative of the agency;

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(10) No person on or in any facility or conveyance shall:

(a) Litter, dump garbage, liquids or other matter, or create a nuisance, hazard or
 [unsanitary] insanitary condition, including, but not limited to, spitting and urinating, except
 in facilities provided;

(b) Drink any alcoholic beverage or possess any opened or unsealed container of
 alcoholic beverage, except on premises duly licensed for the sale of alcoholic beverages, such
 as bars and restaurants;

(c) Enter or remain in any facility or conveyance while his ability to function safely in
the environment of the agency transit system is impaired by the consumption of alcohol or by
the taking of any drug;

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(d) Loiter or stay on any facility of the agency;

(e) Consume foods or liquids of any kind, except in those areas specificallyauthorized by the agency;

81 (f) Smoke or carry an open flame or lighted match, cigar, cigarette, pipe or torch, 82 except in those areas or locations specifically authorized by the agency; or

(g) Throw or cause to be propelled any stone, projectile or other article at, from, upon
 or in a facility or conveyance;

(11) Except as otherwise provided under section 571.107, no weapon or other
instrument intended for use as a weapon may be carried in or on any facility or conveyance,
except for law enforcement personnel. For the purposes hereof, a weapon shall include, but

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not be limited to, a firearm, switchblade knife, sword, or any instrument of any kind known as blackjack, billy club, club, sandbag, metal knuckles, leather bands studded with metal, wood impregnated with metal filings or razor blades; except that this subdivision shall not apply to a rifle or shotgun which is unloaded and carried in any enclosed case, box or other container which completely conceals the item from view and identification as a weapon;

93 (12) No explosives, flammable liquids, acids, fireworks or other highly combustible
 94 materials or radioactive materials may be carried on or in any facility or conveyance, except
 95 as authorized by the agency;

96 (13) No person, except as specifically authorized by the agency, shall enter or attempt 97 to enter into any area not open to the public, including, but not limited to, motorman's cabs, 98 conductor's cabs, bus operator's seat location, closed-off areas, mechanical or equipment 99 rooms, concession stands, storage areas, interior rooms, tracks, roadbeds, tunnels, plants, 100 shops, barns, train yards, garages, depots or any area marked with a sign restricting access or 101 indicating a dangerous environment;

102 (14) No person may ride on the roof, the platform between rapid transit cars, or on 103 any other area outside any rapid transit car or bus or other conveyance operated by the 104 agency;

(15) No person shall extend his hand, arm, leg, head or other part of his or her person
or extend any item, article or other substance outside of the window or door of a moving rapid
transit car, bus or other conveyance operated by the agency;

108 (16) No person shall enter or leave a rapid transit car, bus or other conveyance 109 operated by the agency except through the entrances and exits provided for that purpose;

110 (17) No animals may be taken on or into any conveyance or facility except the 111 following:

(a) An animal enclosed in a container, accompanied by the passenger and carried in amanner which does not annoy other passengers; and

(b) Working dogs for law enforcement agencies, agency dogs on duty, dogs properly
harnessed and accompanying blind or hearing-impaired persons to aid such persons, or dogs
accompanying trainers carrying a certificate of identification issued by a dog school;

(18) No vehicle shall be operated carelessly, or negligently, or in disregard of the rights or safety of others or without due caution and circumspection, or at a speed in such a manner as to be likely to endanger persons or property on facilities of the agency. The speed limit on parking lots and access roads shall be posted as fifteen miles per hour unless otherwise designated.

4. (1) Unless a greater penalty is otherwise provided by the laws of the state, any violation of this section shall constitute a misdemeanor, and any person committing a violation thereof shall be subject to arrest and, upon conviction in a court of competent

125 jurisdiction, shall pay a fine in an amount not less than twenty-five dollars and no greater than

126 two hundred fifty dollars per violation, in addition to court costs. Any default in the payment 127 of a fine imposed pursuant to this section without good cause shall result in imprisonment for 128 not more than thirty days;

(2) Unless a greater penalty is provided by the laws of the state, any person convicted
a second or subsequent time for the same offense under this section shall be guilty of a
misdemeanor and sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than five
hundred dollars in addition to court costs, or to undergo imprisonment for up to sixty days, or
both such fine and imprisonment;

(3) Any person failing to pay the proper fare, fee or other charge for use of the
facilities and conveyances of the agency shall be subject to payment of such charge as part of
the judgment against the violator. All proceeds from judgments for unpaid fares or charges
shall be directed to the appropriate agency official;

(4) All juvenile offenders violating the provisions of this section shall be subject tothe jurisdiction of the juvenile court as provided in chapter 211;

140 (5) As used in this section, the term "conviction" shall include all pleas of guilty and 141 findings of guilt.

5. Any person who is convicted, pleads guilty, or pleads nolo contendere for failing to pay the proper fare, fee, or other charge for the use of the facilities and conveyances of the bitate development agency, as described in subdivision (3) of subsection 4 of this section, may, in addition to the unpaid fares or charges and any fines, penalties, or sentences imposed by law, be required to reimburse the reasonable costs attributable to the enforcement, investigation, and prosecution of such offense by the bi-state development agency. The court shall direct the reimbursement proceeds to the appropriate agency official.

6. (1) Stalled or disabled vehicles may be removed from the roadways of the agency
property by the agency and parked or stored elsewhere at the risk and expense of the owner;
(2) Motor vehicles which are left unattended or abandoned on the property of the
agency for a period of over seventy-two hours may be removed as provided for in section
304.155, except that the removal may be authorized by personnel designated by the agency
under section 70.378.

571.030. 1. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons, except as 2 otherwise provided by sections 571.101 to 571.121 and sections 571.205 to 571.230, if he or 3 she knowingly:

4 (1) Carries concealed upon or about his or her person a knife, a firearm, a blackjack 5 or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any area where firearms are restricted 6 under section 571.107; or

7 (2) Sets a spring gun; or

8 (3) Discharges or shoots a firearm into a dwelling house, a railroad train, boat, 9 aircraft, or motor vehicle as defined in section 302.010, or any building or structure used for 10 the assembling of people; or

(4) Exhibits, in the presence of one or more persons, any weapon readily capable oflethal use in an angry or threatening manner; or

13 (5) Has a firearm or projectile weapon readily capable of lethal use on his or her 14 person, while he or she is intoxicated, and handles or otherwise uses such firearm or projectile 15 weapon in either a negligent or unlawful manner or discharges such firearm or projectile 16 weapon unless acting in self-defense; or

17 (6) Discharges a firearm within one hundred yards of any occupied schoolhouse,18 courthouse, or church building; or

(7) Discharges or shoots a firearm at a mark, at any object, or at random, on, along oracross a public highway or discharges or shoots a firearm into any outbuilding; or

(8) Carries a firearm or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any church or place where people have assembled for worship, or into any election precinct on any election day, or into any building owned or occupied by any agency of the federal government, state government, or political subdivision thereof; or

(9) Discharges or shoots a firearm at or from a motor vehicle, as defined in section
301.010, discharges or shoots a firearm at any person, or at any other motor vehicle, or at any
building or habitable structure, unless the person was lawfully acting in self-defense; or

(10) Carries a firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, or any other weapon readily
capable of lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of any
function or activity sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school board; or

(11) Possesses a firearm while also knowingly in possession of a controlled substancethat is sufficient for a felony violation of section 579.015.

2. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to the persons described in this subsection, regardless of whether such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties except as otherwise provided in this subsection. Subdivisions (3), (4), (6), (7), and (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to or affect any of the following persons, when such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties, except as otherwise provided in this subsection:

40 (1) All state, county and municipal peace officers who have completed the training 41 required by the police officer standards and training commission pursuant to sections 590.030 42 to 590.050 and who possess the duty and power of arrest for violation of the general criminal 43 laws of the state or for violation of ordinances of counties or municipalities of the state, 44 whether such officers are on or off duty, and whether such officers are within or outside of the

45 law enforcement agency's jurisdiction, or all qualified retired peace officers, as defined in 46 subsection 12 of this section, and who carry the identification defined in subsection 13 of this 47 section, or any person summoned by such officers to assist in making arrests or preserving the 48 peace while actually engaged in assisting such officer;

49 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other 50 institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of crime;

(3) Members of the United States Armed Forces or National Guard while performing
 their official duty;

(4) Those persons vested by Article V, Section 1 of the Constitution of Missouri with
the judicial power of the state and those persons vested by Article III of the Constitution of
the United States with the judicial power of the United States, the members of the federal
judiciary;

57 (5) A person retired from judiciary service as described in subdivision (4) of this 58 subsection lawfully in possession of a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement;

(6) Current and former members of the general assembly lawfully in possession
of a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement;

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(7) Any person whose bona fide duty is to execute process, civil or criminal;

62 [(6)] (8) Any federal probation officer or federal flight deck officer as defined under
63 the federal flight deck officer program, 49 U.S.C. Section 44921, regardless of whether such
64 officers are on duty, or within the law enforcement agency's jurisdiction;

65 [(7)] (9) Any state probation or parole officer, including supervisors and members of 66 the parole board;

67 [(8)] (10) Any corporate security advisor meeting the definition and fulfilling the 68 requirements of the regulations established by the department of public safety under section 69 590.750;

70 [(9)] (11) Any coroner, deputy coroner, medical examiner, or assistant medical 71 examiner;

[(10)] (12) Any municipal or county prosecuting attorney or assistant prosecuting attorney; circuit attorney or assistant circuit attorney; municipal, associate, or circuit judge; or any person appointed by a court to be a special prosecutor who has completed the firearms safety training course required under subsection 2 of section 571.111;

[(11)] (13) Any member of a fire department or fire protection district who is employed on a full-time basis as a fire investigator and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a valid concealed carry permit under section 571.111 when such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties; and

81 [(12)] (14) Upon the written approval of the governing body of a fire department or 82 fire protection district, any paid fire department or fire protection district member who is 83 employed on a full-time basis and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior 84 to August 28, 2013, or a valid concealed carry permit, when such uses are reasonably 85 associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties.

86 3. Subdivisions (1), (5), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section do not apply 87 when the actor is transporting such weapons in a nonfunctioning state or in an unloaded state when ammunition is not readily accessible or when such weapons are not readily accessible. 88 89 Subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section does not apply to any person nineteen years of age or older or eighteen years of age or older and a member of the United States Armed 90 91 Forces, or honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces, transporting a 92 concealable firearm in the passenger compartment of a motor vehicle, so long as such 93 concealable firearm is otherwise lawfully possessed, nor when the actor is also in possession of an exposed firearm or projectile weapon for the lawful pursuit of game, or is in his or her 94 95 dwelling unit or upon premises over which the actor has possession, authority or control, or is 96 traveling in a continuous journey peaceably through this state. Subdivision (10) of subsection 97 1 of this section does not apply if the firearm is otherwise lawfully possessed by a person 98 while traversing school premises for the purposes of transporting a student to or from school, 99 or possessed by an adult for the purposes of facilitation of a school-sanctioned firearm-related 100 event or club event.

4. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to any person who has a valid concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 or sections 571.205 to 571.230, a valid concealed carry endorsement issued before August 28, 2013, or a valid permit or endorsement to carry concealed firearms issued by another state or political subdivision of another state.

5. Subdivisions (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to persons who are engaged in a lawful act of defense pursuant to section 563.031.

109 6. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the state shall not prohibit any state employee from having a firearm in the employee's vehicle on the state's 110 property provided that the vehicle is locked and the firearm is not visible. This subsection 111 shall only apply to the state as an employer when the state employee's vehicle is on property 112 113 owned or leased by the state and the state employee is conducting activities within the scope 114 of his or her employment. For the purposes of this subsection, "state employee" means an 115 employee of the executive, legislative, or judicial branch of the government of the state of 116 Missouri.

117 7. (1) Subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to a person who 118 is a school officer commissioned by the district school board under section 162.215 or who is 119 a school protection officer, as described under section 160.665.

120 (2) Nothing in this section shall make it unlawful for a student to actually participate 121 in school-sanctioned gun safety courses, student military or ROTC courses, or other school-122 sponsored or club-sponsored firearm-related events, provided the student does not carry a 123 firearm or other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or 124 onto the premises of any other function or activity sponsored or sanctioned by school officials 125 or the district school board.

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8. A person who commits the crime of unlawful use of weapons under:

127 (1) Subdivision (2), (3), (4), or (11) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a 128 class E felony;

129 (2) Subdivision (1), (6), (7), or (8) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a 130 class B misdemeanor, except when a concealed weapon is carried onto any private property 131 whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to concealed firearms by means of 132 one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum size of eleven inches by 133 fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch, in which case the 134 penalties of subsection 2 of section 571.107 shall apply;

135 (3) Subdivision (5) or (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class A 136 misdemeanor if the firearm is unloaded and a class E felony if the firearm is loaded;

137 (4) Subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class B felony, 138 except that if the violation of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section results in injury or death to another person, it is a class A felony. 139

140 9. Violations of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be punished as 141 follows:

142 (1) For the first violation a person shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term 143 of imprisonment for a class B felony;

144 (2) For any violation by a prior offender as defined in section 558.016, a person shall 145 be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without the possibility of parole, probation or conditional release for a term of ten years; 146

147 (3) For any violation by a persistent offender as defined in section 558.016, a person 148 shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony 149 without the possibility of parole, probation, or conditional release;

150 (4) For any violation which results in injury or death to another person, a person shall 151 be sentenced to an authorized disposition for a class A felony.

152 10. Any person knowingly aiding or abetting any other person in the violation of 153 subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be subject to the same penalty as that 154 prescribed by this section for violations by other persons.

155 11. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person who pleads guilty to or is 156 found guilty of a felony violation of subsection 1 of this section shall receive a suspended 157 imposition of sentence if such person has previously received a suspended imposition of 158 sentence for any other firearms- or weapons-related felony offense.

159 12. As used in this section "qualified retired peace officer" means an individual who:
160 (1) Retired in good standing from service with a public agency as a peace officer,
161 other than for reasons of mental instability;

162 (2) Before such retirement, was authorized by law to engage in or supervise the 163 prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, 164 any violation of law, and had statutory powers of arrest;

165 (3) Before such retirement, was regularly employed as a peace officer for an 166 aggregate of fifteen years or more, or retired from service with such agency, after completing 167 any applicable probationary period of such service, due to a service-connected disability, as 168 determined by such agency;

169 (4) Has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the retirement plan of the agency if 170 such a plan is available;

171 (5) During the most recent twelve-month period, has met, at the expense of the 172 individual, the standards for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry 173 firearms;

(6) Is not under the influence of alcohol or another intoxicating or hallucinatory drugor substance; and

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(7) Is not prohibited by federal law from receiving a firearm.

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13. The identification required by subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section is:

(1) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired from service as a peace officer that indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the agency to meet the standards established by the agency for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm; or

184 (2) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual 185 retired from service as a peace officer; and

186 (3) A certification issued by the state in which the individual resides that indicates 187 that the individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is 188 carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the state to meet the

189 standards established by the state for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm. 190

571.101. 1. All applicants for concealed carry permits issued pursuant to subsection 7 of this section must satisfy the requirements of sections 571.101 to 571.121. If the said 2 3 applicant can show qualification as provided by sections 571.101 to 571.121, the county or 4 city sheriff shall issue a concealed carry permit authorizing the carrying of a concealed 5 firearm on or about the applicant's person or within a vehicle. A concealed carry permit shall be valid from the date of issuance or renewal until five years from the last day of the month in 6 7 which the permit was issued or renewed. The concealed carry permit is valid throughout this 8 state. Although the permit is considered valid in the state, a person who fails to renew his or 9 her permit within five years from the date of issuance or renewal shall not be eligible for an exception to a National Instant Criminal Background Check under federal regulations 10 currently codified under 27 CFR 478.102(d), relating to the transfer, sale, or delivery of 11 firearms from licensed dealers. A concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 12 2013, shall continue from the date of issuance or renewal until three years from the last day of 13 14 the month in which the endorsement was issued or renewed to authorize the carrying of a concealed firearm on or about the applicant's person or within a vehicle in the same manner as 15 16 a concealed carry permit issued under subsection 7 of this section on or after August 28, 2013. 17 2. A concealed carry permit issued pursuant to subsection 7 of this section shall be

18 issued by the sheriff or his or her designee of the county or city in which the applicant resides, 19 if the applicant:

20 (1) Is [at least nineteen] eighteen years of age or older, is a citizen or permanent resident of the United States, and either: 21

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(a) Has assumed residency in this state; or

23 (b) Is a member of the United States Armed Forces stationed in Missouri[,] or the spouse of such member of the military; 24

25 (2) [Is at least nineteen years of age, or is at least eighteen years of age and a member 26 of the United States Armed Forces or honorably discharged from the United States Armed 27 Forces, and is a citizen of the United States and either:

28 (a) Has assumed residency in this state;

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(b) Is a member of the Armed Forces stationed in Missouri; or

(c) The spouse of such member of the military stationed in Missouri and nineteen 30 31 years of age;

32 (3) Has not [pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo contendere or] been convicted of 33 a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state 34 or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any

state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve anexplosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer or gas gun;

37 [(4)] (3) Has not been convicted of[, pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo 38 contendere to] one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of violence within a five-39 year period immediately preceding application for a concealed carry permit or if the applicant 40 has not been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under 41 the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled 42 substance within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a concealed carry 43 permit;

44 [(5)] (4) Is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an information or 45 indictment with the commission of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding 46 one year under the laws of any state of the United States other than a crime classified as a 47 misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two 48 years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun; 49 [(6)] (5) Has not been discharged under dishonorable conditions from the United

50 States Armed Forces;

51 [(7)] (6) Has not engaged in a pattern of behavior, documented in public or closed 52 records, that causes the sheriff to have a reasonable belief that the applicant presents a danger 53 to himself or herself or others;

[(8)] (7) Is not adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of application or for five years prior to application, or has not been committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section 632.005, or a similar institution located in another state following a hearing at which the defendant was represented by counsel or a representative;

58 [(9)] (8) Submits a completed application for a permit as described in subsection 3 of 59 this section;

60 [(10)] (9) Submits an affidavit attesting that the applicant complies with the 61 concealed carry safety training requirement pursuant to subsections 1 and 2 of section 62 571.111;

63 [(11)] (10) Is not the respondent of a valid full order of protection which is still in 64 effect; and

65 [(12)] (11) Is not otherwise prohibited from possessing a firearm under section 66 571.070 or 18 U.S.C. Section 922(g).

67 3. The application for a concealed carry permit issued by the sheriff of the county of 68 the applicant's residence shall contain only the following information:

(1) The applicant's name, address, telephone number, gender, date and place of birth,and, if the applicant is not a United States citizen, the applicant's country of citizenship and

any alien or admission number issued by the Federal Bureau of Customs and ImmigrationEnforcement or any successor agency;

(2) An affirmation that the applicant has assumed residency in Missouri or is a
member of the United States Armed Forces stationed in Missouri or the spouse of such a
member of the United States Armed Forces and is a citizen or permanent resident of the
United States;

(3) An affirmation that the applicant is [at least nineteen years of age or is] eighteen
years of age or older [and a member of the United States Armed Forces or honorably
discharged from the United States Armed Forces];

80 (4) An affirmation that the applicant has not [pled guilty to or] been convicted of a 81 crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state 82 or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any 83 state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an 84 explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;

(5) An affirmation that the applicant has not been convicted of [, pled guilty to, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to] one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a permit or if the applicant has not been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled substance within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a permit;

92 (6) An affirmation that the applicant is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged 93 in an information or indictment with the commission of a crime punishable by imprisonment 94 for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a 95 crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of 96 imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm 97 silencer or gas gun;

98 (7) An affirmation that the applicant has not been discharged under dishonorable99 conditions from the United States Armed Forces;

100 (8) An affirmation that the applicant is not adjudged mentally incompetent at the time 101 of application or for five years prior to application, or has not been committed to a mental 102 health facility, as defined in section 632.005, or a similar institution located in another state, 103 except that a person whose release or discharge from a facility in this state pursuant to chapter 104 632, or a similar discharge from a facility in another state, occurred more than five years ago 105 without subsequent recommitment may apply;

(9) An affirmation that the applicant has received firearms safety training that meets
the standards of applicant firearms safety training defined in subsection 1 or 2 of section
571.111;

109 (10) An affirmation that the applicant, to the applicant's best knowledge and belief, is 110 not the respondent of a valid full order of protection which is still in effect;

(11) A conspicuous warning that false statements made by the applicant will result inprosecution for perjury pursuant to the laws of the state of Missouri; and

113 (12) A government-issued photo identification. This photograph shall not be 114 included on the permit and shall only be used to verify the person's identity for permit 115 renewal, or for the issuance of a new permit due to change of address, or for a lost or 116 destroyed permit.

4. An application for a concealed carry permit shall be made to the sheriff of the county or any city not within a county in which the applicant resides. An application shall be filed in writing, signed under oath and under the penalties of perjury, and shall state whether the applicant complies with each of the requirements specified in subsection 2 of this section. In addition to the completed application, the applicant for a concealed carry permit must also submit the following:

123 (1) A photocopy of a firearms safety training certificate of completion or other 124 evidence of completion of a firearms safety training course that meets the standards 125 established in subsection 1 or 2 of section 571.111; and

126

(2) A nonrefundable permit fee as provided by subsection 11 or 12 of this section.

127 5. (1) Before an application for a concealed carry permit is approved, the sheriff shall 128 make only such inquiries as he or she deems necessary into the accuracy of the statements 129 made in the application. The sheriff may require that the applicant display a Missouri driver's 130 license or nondriver's license or military identification and orders showing the person being 131 stationed in Missouri. In order to determine the applicant's suitability for a concealed carry 132 permit, the applicant shall be fingerprinted. No other biometric data shall be collected from 133 the applicant. The sheriff shall conduct an inquiry of the National Instant Criminal 134 Background Check System within three working days after submission of the properly 135 completed application for a concealed carry permit. If no disqualifying record is identified by 136 these checks at the state level, the fingerprints shall be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of 137 Investigation for a national criminal history record check. Upon receipt of the completed 138 report from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and the response from 139 the Federal Bureau of Investigation national criminal history record check, the sheriff shall 140 examine the results and, if no disqualifying information is identified, shall issue a concealed 141 carry permit within three working days.

142 (2) In the event the report from the National Instant Criminal Background Check 143 System and the response from the Federal Bureau of Investigation national criminal history 144 record check prescribed by subdivision (1) of this subsection are not completed within forty-145 five calendar days and no disqualifying information concerning the applicant has otherwise 146 come to the sheriff's attention, the sheriff shall issue a provisional permit, clearly designated 147 on the certificate as such, which the applicant shall sign in the presence of the sheriff or the 148 sheriff's designee. This permit, when carried with a valid Missouri driver's or nondriver's 149 license or a valid military identification, shall permit the applicant to exercise the same rights 150 in accordance with the same conditions as pertain to a concealed carry permit issued under 151 this section, provided that it shall not serve as an alternative to an national instant criminal background check required by 18 U.S.C. Section 922(t). The provisional permit shall remain 152 153 valid until such time as the sheriff either issues or denies the certificate of qualification under 154 subsection 6 or 7 of this section. The sheriff shall revoke a provisional permit issued under 155 this subsection within twenty-four hours of receipt of any report that identifies a disqualifying 156 record, and shall notify the concealed carry permit system established under subsection 5 of 157 section 650.350. The revocation of a provisional permit issued under this section shall be 158 proscribed in a manner consistent to the denial and review of an application under subsection 159 6 of this section.

160 6. The sheriff may refuse to approve an application for a concealed carry permit if he 161 or she determines that any of the requirements specified in subsection 2 of this section have 162 not been met, or if he or she has a substantial and demonstrable reason to believe that the 163 applicant has rendered a false statement regarding any of the provisions of sections 571.101 to 571.121. If the applicant is found to be ineligible, the sheriff is required to deny the 164 165 application, and notify the applicant in writing, stating the grounds for denial and informing the applicant of the right to submit, within thirty days, any additional documentation relating 166 167 to the grounds of the denial. Upon receiving any additional documentation, the sheriff shall 168 reconsider his or her decision and inform the applicant within thirty days of the result of the 169 reconsideration. The applicant shall further be informed in writing of the right to appeal the 170 denial pursuant to subsections 2, 3, 4, and 5 of section 571.114. After two additional reviews 171 and denials by the sheriff, the person submitting the application shall appeal the denial pursuant to subsections 2, 3, 4, and 5 of section 571.114. 172

173 7. If the application is approved, the sheriff shall issue a concealed carry permit to the
174 applicant within a period not to exceed three working days after his or her approval of the
175 application. The applicant shall sign the concealed carry permit in the presence of the sheriff
176 or his or her designee.

177

8. The concealed carry permit shall specify only the following information:

178 (1) Name, address, date of birth, gender, height, weight, color of hair, color of eyes,179 and signature of the permit holder;

- 180 (2) The signature of the sheriff issuing the permit;
- 181
- (3) The date of issuance; and
- 182 (4) The expiration date.
- 183

184 The permit shall be no larger than two and one-eighth inches wide by three and three-eighths 185 inches long and shall be of a uniform style prescribed by the department of public safety. The 186 permit shall also be assigned a concealed carry permit system county code and shall be stored 187 in sequential number.

9. (1) The sheriff shall keep a record of all applications for a concealed carry permit or a provisional permit and his or her action thereon. Any record of an application that is incomplete or denied for any reason shall be kept for a period not to exceed one year. Any record of an application that was approved shall be kept for a period of one year after the expiration and nonrenewal of the permit.

193 (2) The sheriff shall report the issuance of a concealed carry permit or provisional 194 permit to the concealed carry permit system. All information on any such permit that is 195 protected information on any driver's or nondriver's license shall have the same personal protection for purposes of sections 571.101 to 571.121. An applicant's status as a holder of a 196 concealed carry permit, provisional permit, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to 197 198 August 28, 2013, shall not be public information and shall be considered personal protected 199 information. Information retained in the concealed carry permit system under this subsection 200 shall not be distributed to any federal, state, or private entities and shall only be made 201 available for a single entry query of an individual in the event the individual is a subject of 202 interest in an active criminal investigation or is arrested for a crime. A sheriff may access the 203 concealed carry permit system for administrative purposes to issue a permit, verify the 204 accuracy of permit holder information, change the name or address of a permit holder, 205 suspend or revoke a permit, cancel an expired permit, or cancel a permit upon receipt of a 206 certified death certificate for the permit holder. Any person who violates the provisions of 207 this subdivision by disclosing protected information shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

10. Information regarding any holder of a concealed carry permit, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, is a closed record. No bulk download or batch data shall be distributed to any federal, state, or private entity, except to MoSMART or a designee thereof. Any state agency that has retained any documents or records, including fingerprint records provided by an applicant for a concealed carry endorsement prior to August 28, 2013, shall destroy such documents or records, upon successful issuance of a permit.

215 11. For processing an application for a concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 216 571.101 to 571.121, the sheriff in each county shall charge a nonrefundable fee not to exceed 217 one hundred dollars which shall be paid to the treasury of the county to the credit of the 218 sheriff's revolving fund. This fee shall include the cost to reimburse the Missouri state 219 highway patrol for the costs of fingerprinting and criminal background checks. An additional 220 fee shall be added to each credit card, debit card, or other electronic transaction equal to the 221 charge paid by the state or the applicant for the use of the credit card, debit card, or other 222 electronic payment method by the applicant.

12. For processing a renewal for a concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, the sheriff in each county shall charge a nonrefundable fee not to exceed fifty dollars which shall be paid to the treasury of the county to the credit of the sheriff's revolving fund.

13. For the purposes of sections 571.101 to 571.121, the term "sheriff" shall include the sheriff of any county or city not within a county or his or her designee and in counties of the first classification the sheriff may designate the chief of police of any city, town, or municipality within such county.

14. For the purposes of this chapter, "concealed carry permit" shall include any
concealed carry endorsement issued by the department of revenue before January 1, 2014,
and any concealed carry document issued by any sheriff or under the authority of any sheriff
after December 31, 2013.

571.107. 1. A concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another state or political subdivision of another state shall authorize the person in whose name the permit or endorsement is issued to carry concealed firearms on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another state or political subdivision of another state shall authorize any person to carry concealed firearms into:

10 (1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the chief law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a 11 vehicle on the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the 12 13 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises; 14 (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a 15 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the 16 premises; 17

18 (3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison or 19 jail. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or 20 correctional institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is 21 not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

22 (4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any 23 courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries or other rooms of any such court whether or not such court solely occupies the building in question. This subdivision shall also include, but 24 25 not be limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein 26 any of the courts or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as 27 28 may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection. 29 Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 30 2 of section 571.030 while within their jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed in subdivisions (2), (4), and [(10)] (12) of subsection 2 of section 571.030, or such other persons 31 32 who serve in a law enforcement capacity for a court as may be specified by supreme court 33 rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying a concealed firearm within 34 any of the areas described in this subdivision. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the 35 premises of any of the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the 36 37 premises;

38 (5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government; or any meeting 39 of the general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid concealed carry permit or 40 41 endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she is a 42 member. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on 43 44 the premises. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the general assembly, a 45 full-time employee of the general assembly employed under Section 17, Article III, 46 Constitution of Missouri, legislative employees of the general assembly as determined under 47 section 21.155, or statewide elected officials and their employees, holding a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement, from carrying a concealed firearm in the state capitol building 48 49 or at a meeting whether of the full body of a house of the general assembly or a committee 50 thereof, that is held in the state capitol building;

51 (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county or municipality may by rule, 52 administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by 53 permit or endorsement holders in that portion of a building owned, leased or controlled by 54 that unit of government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed 55 firearms is prohibited or limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to 56 the restricted area. The statute, rule or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public 57 housing by private persons, highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings 58 owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government from any restriction on the carrying 59 or possession of a firearm. The statute, rule or ordinance shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that persons violating the statute, rule or ordinance 60 61 may be denied entrance to the building, ordered to leave the building and if employees of the 62 unit of government, be subjected to disciplinary measures for violation of the provisions of the statute, rule or ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any other 63 64 unit of government;

65 (7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the 66 owner or manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said 67 68 establishment. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant 69 open to the general public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that 70 receives at least fifty-one percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the 71 sale of food. This subdivision does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the 72 premises of the establishment and shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this 73 74 subdivision authorizes any individual who has been issued a concealed carry permit or 75 endorsement to possess any firearm while intoxicated;

(8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons
and property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a
criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while
the vehicle is on the premises;

80

(9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;

81 (10) Any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility 82 without the consent of the governing body of the higher education institution or a school 83 official or the district school board, unless the person with the concealed carry endorsement or 84 permit is a teacher or administrator of an elementary or secondary school who has been designated by his or her school district as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm 85 in a school within that district, in which case no consent is required. Possession of a firearm 86 87 in a vehicle on the premises of any higher education institution or elementary or secondary 88 school facility shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the 89 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

90 (11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the 91 manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a

92 family home from owning or possessing a firearm or a concealed carry permit or 93 endorsement;

94 (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent
95 of the owner or manager pursuant to rules promulgated by the gaming commission.
96 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall
97 not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished
98 while the vehicle is on the premises;

99 (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on 100 the premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is 101 not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(14) [Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the
minister or person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control
over the place of religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall
not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished
while the vehicle is on the premises;

107 (15) Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits 108 to concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a 109 minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not 110 less than one inch. The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business 111 enterprise, or any other organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a 112 concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the premises and 113 may prohibit employees, not authorized by the employer, holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the property of the employer. If the 114 115 building or the premises are open to the public, the employer of the business enterprise shall 116 post signs on or about the premises if carrying a concealed firearm is prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm 117 is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. An 118 119 employer may prohibit employees or other persons holding a concealed carry permit or 120 endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm in vehicles owned by the employer;

121 [(16)] (15) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or 122 more. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so 123 long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the 124 premises;

125 [(17)] (16) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle 126 on the premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not 127 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.

128 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in subdivisions (1) to $\left[\frac{(17)}{12}\right]$ 129 (16) of subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a concealed carry permit 130 issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 or sections 571.205 to 571.230, or a 131 concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, shall not be a criminal act but 132 may subject the person to denial to the premises or removal from the premises. If such person 133 refuses to leave the premises and a peace officer is summoned, such person may be issued a 134 citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars for the first offense. If a second 135 citation for a similar violation occurs within a six-month period, such person shall be fined an 136 amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or her permit, and, if applicable, 137 endorsement to carry concealed firearms shall be suspended for a period of one year. If a 138 third citation for a similar violation is issued within one year of the first citation, such person 139 shall be fined an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars and shall have his or her 140 concealed carry permit, and, if applicable, endorsement revoked and such person shall not be 141 eligible for a concealed carry permit for a period of three years. Upon conviction of charges 142 arising from a citation issued pursuant to this subsection, the court shall notify the sheriff of 143 the county which issued the concealed carry permit, or, if the person is a holder of a concealed 144 carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, the court shall notify the sheriff of the 145 county which issued the certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement and the 146 department of revenue. The sheriff shall suspend or revoke the concealed carry permit or, if 147 applicable, the certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement. If the person 148 holds an endorsement, the department of revenue shall issue a notice of such suspension or 149 revocation of the concealed carry endorsement and take action to remove the concealed carry 150 endorsement from the individual's driving record. The director of revenue shall notify the 151 licensee that he or she must apply for a new license pursuant to chapter 302 which does not 152 contain such endorsement. The notice issued by the department of revenue shall be mailed to 153 the last known address shown on the individual's driving record. The notice is deemed 154 received three days after mailing.

155 3. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or chapter 70, 577, or 578 to the 156 contrary, a person carrying a firearm concealed on or about his or her person who is lawfully in possession of a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement shall not be 157 158 prohibited or impeded from accessing or using any publicly funded transportation 159 system and shall not be harassed or detained for carrying a concealed firearm on the 160 property, vehicles, or conveyances owned, contracted, or leased by such systems that are 161 For purposes of this subsection, "publicly funded accessible to the public. 162 transportation system" means the property, equipment, rights-of-way, or buildings, whether publicly or privately owned and operated, of an entity that receives public 163 164 funds and holds itself out to the general public for the transportation of persons. This

165 includes portions of a public transportation system provided through a contract with a

166 private entity but excludes any corporation that provides intercity passenger train

167 service on railroads throughout the United States or any private partnership in which

168 the corporation engages.

571.111. 1. An applicant for a concealed carry permit shall demonstrate knowledge 2 of firearms safety training. This requirement shall be fully satisfied if the applicant for a 3 concealed carry permit:

4 (1) Submits a photocopy of a certificate of firearms safety training course completion,
5 as defined in subsection 2 of this section, signed by a qualified firearms safety instructor as
6 defined in subsection 6 of this section; or

7 (2) Submits a photocopy of a certificate that shows the applicant completed a firearms
8 safety course given by or under the supervision of any state, county, municipal, or federal law
9 enforcement agency; or

10 (3) Is a qualified firearms safety instructor as defined in subsection 6 of this section;11 or

12 (4) Submits proof that the applicant currently holds any type of valid peace officer13 license issued under the requirements of chapter 590; or

14 (5) Submits proof that the applicant is currently allowed to carry firearms in 15 accordance with the certification requirements of section 217.710; or

16 (6) Submits proof that the applicant is currently certified as any class of corrections 17 officer by the Missouri department of corrections and has passed at least one eight-hour 18 firearms training course, approved by the director of the Missouri department of corrections 19 under the authority granted to him or her, that includes instruction on the justifiable use of 20 force as prescribed in chapter 563; or

(7) Submits a photocopy of a certificate of firearms safety training course completion
that was issued on August 27, 2011, or earlier so long as the certificate met the requirements
of subsection 2 of this section that were in effect on the date it was issued.

24 2. A certificate of firearms safety training course completion may be issued to any 25 applicant by any qualified firearms safety instructor. On the certificate of course completion 26 the qualified firearms safety instructor shall affirm that the individual receiving instruction 27 has taken and passed a firearms safety course of at least eight hours in length taught by the 28 instructor that included:

(1) Handgun safety in the classroom, at home, on the firing range and while carryingthe firearm;

(2) A physical demonstration performed by the applicant that demonstrated his or her
 ability to safely load and unload either a revolver or a semiautomatic pistol and demonstrated
 his or her marksmanship with either firearm;

(3) The basic principles of marksmanship;

35 (4) Care and cleaning of concealable firearms;

36 (5) Safe storage of firearms at home;

37 (6) The requirements of this state for obtaining a concealed carry permit from the 38 sheriff of the individual's county of residence;

(7) The laws relating to firearms as prescribed in this chapter;

39 40

34

(8) The laws relating to the justifiable use of force as prescribed in chapter 563;

41 (9) A live firing exercise of sufficient duration for each applicant to fire either a 42 revolver or a semiautomatic pistol, from a standing position or its equivalent, a minimum of 43 twenty rounds from the handgun at a distance of seven yards from a B-27 silhouette target or 44 an equivalent target;

(10) A live-fire test administered to the applicant while the instructor was present of
twenty rounds from either a revolver or a semiautomatic pistol from a standing position or its
equivalent at a distance from a B-27 silhouette target, or an equivalent target, of seven yards.

48 3. However, a qualified firearms safety instructor may also issue a certificate of
 49 firearms safety training course completion [may also be issued] to:

50 (1) An applicant who:

(a) Presents proof [to a qualified firearms safety instructor] that the applicant [has]
passed a regular or online course on firearm safety conducted by an instructor certified by the
National Rifle Association that is at least one hour in length; and [who also]

(b) Passes the requirements of subdivisions (1), (2), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10) of subsection 2 of this section in a course, not restricted by a period of hours, that is taught by a qualified firearms safety instructor; or

57 (2) An applicant who:

58

(a) Is serving on active duty in the United States Armed Forces;

(b) Presents proof that the applicant received a marksmanship qualification
badge with a pistol, a marksmanship ribbon with a pistol, or a pistol marksmanship
award; and

62 (c) Passes the requirements of subdivisions (1), (4), (5), (6), (7), and (8) of 63 subsection 2 of this section in a course, not restricted by a period of hours, that is taught 64 by a qualified firearms safety instructor.

4. A qualified firearms safety instructor shall not give a grade of passing to an applicant for a concealed carry permit who:

67 (1) Does not follow the orders of the qualified firearms instructor or cognizant range68 officer; or

(2) Handles a firearm in a manner that, in the judgment of the qualified firearm safetyinstructor, poses a danger to the applicant or to others; or

23

(3) During the live-fire testing portion of the course fails to hit the silhouette portionof the targets with at least fifteen rounds.

5. Qualified firearms safety instructors who provide firearms safety instruction to anyperson who applies for a concealed carry permit shall:

(1) Make the applicant's course records available upon request to the sheriff of thecounty in which the applicant resides;

(2) Maintain all course records on students for a period of no less than four yearsfrom course completion date; and

(3) Not have more than forty students per certified instructor in the classroom portionof the course or more than five students per range officer engaged in range firing.

6. A firearms safety instructor shall be considered to be a qualified firearms safety
instructor by any sheriff issuing a concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 571.101 to
571.121 if the instructor:

84 (1) Is a valid firearms safety instructor certified by the National Rifle Association 85 holding a rating as a personal protection instructor or pistol marksmanship instructor; or

86 (2) Submits a photocopy of a notarized certificate from a firearms safety instructor's 87 course offered by a local, state, or federal governmental agency; or

88 (3) Submits a photocopy of a notarized certificate from a firearms safety instructor
 89 course approved by the department of public safety; or

90 (4) Has successfully completed a firearms safety instructor course given by or under 91 the supervision of any state, county, municipal, or federal law enforcement agency; or

92

(5) Is a certified police officer firearms safety instructor.

93 7. Any firearms safety instructor qualified under subsection 6 of this section may 94 submit a copy of a training instructor certificate, course outline bearing the notarized 95 signature of the instructor, and a recent photograph of the instructor to the sheriff of the county in which the instructor resides. The sheriff shall review the training instructor 96 97 certificate along with the course outline and verify the firearms safety instructor is qualified 98 and the course meets the requirements provided under this section. If the sheriff verifies the 99 firearms safety instructor is qualified and the course meets the requirements provided under this section, the sheriff shall collect an annual registration fee of ten dollars from each 100 qualified instructor who chooses to submit such information and submit the registration to the 101 102 Missouri sheriff methamphetamine relief taskforce. The Missouri sheriff methamphetamine 103 relief taskforce, or its designated agent, shall create and maintain a statewide database of 104 qualified instructors. This information shall be a closed record except for access by any 105 sheriff. Firearms safety instructors may register annually and the registration is only effective for the calendar year in which the instructor registered. Any sheriff may access the statewide 106 107 database maintained by the Missouri sheriff methamphetamine relief taskforce to verify the

108 firearms safety instructor is qualified and the course offered by the instructor meets the 109 requirements provided under this section. Unless a sheriff has reason to believe otherwise, a 110 sheriff shall presume a firearms safety instructor is qualified to provide firearms safety 111 instruction in counties throughout the state under this section if the instructor is registered on 112 the statewide database of qualified instructors.

8. Any firearms safety instructor who knowingly provides any sheriff with any false information concerning an applicant's performance on any portion of the required training and qualification shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor. A violation of the provisions of this section shall result in the person being prohibited from instructing concealed carry permit classes and issuing certificates.

571.117. 1. Any person who has knowledge that another person, who was issued a concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or concealed carry endorsement prior to August 28, 2013, never was or no longer is eligible for such permit or endorsement under the criteria established in sections 571.101 to 571.121 may file a petition with the clerk of the small claims court to revoke that person's concealed carry permit or endorsement. The petition shall be in a form substantially similar to the petition for revocation of concealed carry permit or endorsement provided in this section. Appeal forms shall be provided by the clerk of the small claims court free of charge to any person:

9 SMALL CLAIMS COURT 10 In the Circuit Court of , Missouri , PLAINTIFF 11 12)) 13 Case Number 14) VS. 15) , DEFENDANT, 16 Carry Permit or Endorsement Holder 17 , DEFENDANT, 18 Sheriff of Issuance 19 20 PETITION FOR REVOCATION OF A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT OR CONCEALED CARRY 21 22 **ENDORSEMENT** 23 Plaintiff states to the court that the defendant, , has a concealed 24 carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, RSMo, or 25 a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, and 26 that the defendant's concealed carry permit or concealed carry 27 endorsement should now be revoked because the defendant either

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28	never was or no longer is eligible for such a permit or endorsement		
29	pursuant to the provisions of sections 571.101 to 571.121, RSMo,		
30	specifically plaintiff states that defendant,, never was or no		
31	longer is eligible for such permit or endorsement for one or more of the		
32	following reasons:		
33	(CHECK BELOW EACH REASON THAT APPLIES TO THIS		
34	DEFENDANT)		
35	Defendant is not at least [nineteen years of age or at least] eighteen		
36	years of age [and a member of the United States Armed Forces or		
37	honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces].		
38	Defendant is not a citizen or permanent resident of the United		
39	States.		
40	Defendant had not resided in this state prior to issuance of the		
41	permit and does not qualify as a military member or spouse of a		
42	military member stationed in Missouri.		
43	Defendant has [pled guilty to or] been convicted of a crime		
44	punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding two years under		
45	the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime		
46	classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and		
47	punishable by a term of imprisonment of one year or less that does		
48	not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas		
49	gun.		
50	Defendant has been convicted of [, pled guilty to or entered a plea		
51	of nolo contendere to] one or more misdemeanor offenses		
52	involving crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately		
53	preceding application for a concealed carry permit issued pursuant		
54	to sections 571.101 to 571.121, RSMo, or a concealed carry		
55	endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or if the applicant		
56	has been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses		
57	involving driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor		
58	or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled substance within		
59	a five-year period immediately preceding application for a		
60	concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to		
61	571.121, RSMo, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to		
62	August 28, 2013.		

63	Defendant is a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an
64	information or indictment with the commission of a crime
65	punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under
66	the laws of any state of the United States other than a crime
67	classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and
68	punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that
69	does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or
70	gas gun.
71	Defendant has been discharged under dishonorable conditions
72	from the United States Armed Forces.
73	Defendant is reasonably believed by the sheriff to be a danger to
74	self or others based on previous, documented pattern.
75	Defendant is adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of
76	application or for five years prior to application, or has been
77	committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section
78	632.005, RSMo, or a similar institution located in another state,
79	except that a person whose release or discharge from a facility in
80	this state pursuant to chapter 632, RSMo, or a similar discharge
81	from a facility in another state, occurred more than five years ago
82	 without subsequent recommitment may apply.
83	Defendant failed to submit a completed application for a concealed
84	carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121,
85	RSMo, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August
86	28, 2013.
87	Defendant failed to submit to or failed to clear the required
88	background check. (Note: This does not apply if the defendant has
89	submitted to a background check and been issued a provisional
90	permit pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 5 of section
91	 571.101, and the results of the background check are still pending.)
92	Defendant failed to submit an affidavit attesting that the applicant
93	complies with the concealed carry safety training requirement
94	 pursuant to subsection 1 of section 571.111, RSMo.
95	Defendant is otherwise disqualified from possessing a firearm
96	pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 922(g) or section 571.070, RSMo,
97	 because (specify reason):

- 98 The plaintiff subject to penalty for perjury states that the information
- 99 contained in this petition is true and correct to the best of the plaintiff's
- 100 knowledge, is reasonably based upon the petitioner's personal
- 101 knowledge and is not primarily intended to harass the defendant/
- 102 respondent named herein.
- 103

, PLAINTIFF

2. If at the hearing the plaintiff shows that the defendant was not eligible for the concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, at the time of issuance or renewal or is no longer eligible for a concealed carry permit or the concealed carry endorsement, the court shall issue an appropriate order to cause the revocation of the concealed carry permit and, if applicable, the concealed carry endorsement. Costs shall not be assessed against the sheriff.

110 3. The finder of fact, in any action brought against a permit or endorsement holder 111 pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, shall make findings of fact and the court shall make conclusions of law addressing the issues at dispute. If it is determined that the plaintiff in 112 113 such an action acted without justification or with malice or primarily with an intent to harass 114 the permit or endorsement holder or that there was no reasonable basis to bring the action, the 115 court shall order the plaintiff to pay the defendant/respondent all reasonable costs incurred in 116 defending the action including, but not limited to, attorney's fees, deposition costs, and lost 117 wages. Once the court determines that the plaintiff is liable to the defendant/respondent for costs and fees, the extent and type of fees and costs to be awarded should be liberally 118 119 calculated in defendant/respondent's favor. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 120 reasonable attorney's fees shall be presumed to be at least one hundred fifty dollars per hour.

4. Any person aggrieved by any final judgment rendered by a small claims court in a
petition for revocation of a concealed carry permit or concealed carry endorsement may have
a right to trial de novo as provided in sections 512.180 to 512.320.

5. The office of the county sheriff or any employee or agent of the county sheriff shall not be liable for damages in any civil action arising from alleged wrongful or improper granting, renewing, or failure to revoke a concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, so long as the sheriff acted in good faith.

571.205. 1. Upon request and payment of the required fee, the sheriff shall issue a concealed carry permit that is valid through the state of Missouri for the lifetime of the permit holder to a Missouri resident who meets the requirements of sections 571.205 to 571.230, known as a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit. A person may also request, and the sheriff shall issue upon payment of the required fee, a concealed carry permit that is valid 6 through the state of Missouri for a period of either ten years or twenty-five years from the 7 date of issuance or renewal to a Missouri resident who meets the requirements of sections 8 571.205 to 571.230. Such permit shall be known as a Missouri extended concealed carry 9 permit. A person issued a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall be 10 required to comply with the provisions of sections 571.205 to 571.230. If the applicant can 11 show qualification as provided by sections 571.205 to 571.230, the sheriff shall issue a 12 Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit authorizing the carrying of a concealed 13 firearm on or about the applicant's person or within a vehicle.

14 2. A Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall be suspended if the 15 permit holder becomes a resident of another state. The permit may be reactivated upon 16 reestablishment of Missouri residency if the applicant meets the requirements of sections 17 571.205 to 571.230, and upon successful completion of a name-based inquiry of the National 18 Instant Background Check System.

19 3. A Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall be issued by the 20 sheriff or his or her designee of the county or city in which the applicant resides, if the 21 applicant:

(1) Is [at least nineteen] eighteen years of age or older, is a citizen or permanent
resident of the United States, and has assumed residency in this state[, or is at least eighteen
years of age and a member of the United States Armed Forces or honorably discharged from
the United States Armed Forces, and is a citizen of the United States and has assumed
residency in this state];

(2) Has not [pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo contendere or] been convicted of a
crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state
or of the United States, other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any
state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an
explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;

32 (3) Has not been convicted of [, pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo contendere to] 33 one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of violence within a five-year period 34 immediately preceding application for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit 35 or if the applicant has not been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving 36 driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of 37 a controlled substance within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a 38 Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit;

(4) Is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an information or indictment
with the commission of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year
under the laws of any state of the United States, other than a crime classified as a

42 misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two

43 years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;

44 (5) Has not been discharged under dishonorable conditions from the United States45 Armed Forces;

46 (6) Has not engaged in a pattern of behavior, documented in public or closed records,
47 that causes the sheriff to have a reasonable belief that the applicant presents a danger to
48 himself or herself or others;

(7) Is not adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of application or for five years prior to application, or has not been committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section 632.005, or a similar institution located in another state following a hearing at which the defendant was represented by counsel or a representative;

(8) Submits a completed application for a permit as described in subsection 4 of thissection;

55 (9) Submits an affidavit attesting that the applicant complies with the concealed carry 56 safety training requirement under subsections 1 and 2 of section 571.111;

57

(10) Is not the respondent of a valid full order of protection which is still in effect;

58 (11) Is not otherwise prohibited from possessing a firearm under section 571.070 or 59 18 U.S.C. Section 922(g).

4. The application for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued
by the sheriff of the county of the applicant's residence shall contain only the following
information:

(1) The applicant's name, address, telephone number, gender, date and place of birth,
and, if the applicant is not a United States citizen, the applicant's country of citizenship and
any alien or admission number issued by the United States Immigration and Customs
Enforcement or any successor agency;

67 (2) An affirmation that the applicant has assumed residency in Missouri and is a 68 citizen or permanent resident of the United States;

69 (3) An affirmation that the applicant is [at least nineteen years of age or is] eighteen
70 years of age or older [and a member of the United States Armed Forces or honorably
71 discharged from the United States Armed Forces];

(4) An affirmation that the applicant has not [pled guilty to or] been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;

An affirmation that the applicant has not been convicted of[, pled guilty to, or
 entered a plea of nolo contendere to] one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of

violence within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a permit or that the applicant has not been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled substance within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a permit;

6) An affirmation that the applicant is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an information or indictment with the commission of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;

90 (7) An affirmation that the applicant has not been discharged under dishonorable 91 conditions from the United States Armed Forces;

92 (8) An affirmation that the applicant is not adjudged mentally incompetent at the time 93 of application or for five years prior to application, or has not been committed to a mental 94 health facility, as defined in section 632.005, or a similar institution located in another state, 95 except that a person whose release or discharge from a facility in this state under chapter 632, 96 or a similar discharge from a facility in another state, occurred more than five years ago 97 without subsequent recommitment may apply;

98 (9) An affirmation that the applicant has received firearms safety training that meets 99 the standards of applicant firearms safety training defined in subsection 1 or 2 of section 100 571.111;

101 (10) An affirmation that the applicant, to the applicant's best knowledge and belief, is 102 not the respondent of a valid full order of protection which is still in effect;

103 (11) A conspicuous warning that false statements made by the applicant will result in 104 prosecution for perjury under the laws of the state of Missouri; and

105 (12) A government-issued photo identification. This photograph shall not be 106 included on the permit and shall only be used to verify the person's identity for the issuance of 107 a new permit, issuance of a new permit due to change of name or address, renewal of an 108 extended permit, or for a lost or destroyed permit, or reactivation under subsection 2 of this 109 section.

5. An application for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall be made to the sheriff of the county in which the applicant resides. An application shall be filed in writing, signed under oath and under the penalties of perjury, and shall state whether the applicant complies with each of the requirements specified in subsection 3 of this section. In addition to the completed application, the applicant for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall also submit the following:

116 (1) A photocopy of a firearms safety training certificate of completion or other 117 evidence of completion of a firearms safety training course that meets the standards 118 established in subsection 1 or 2 of section 571.111; and

119

(2) A nonrefundable permit fee as provided by subsection 12 of this section.

120 6. (1) Before an application for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry 121 permit is approved, the sheriff shall make only such inquiries as he or she deems necessary 122 into the accuracy of the statements made in the application. The sheriff may require that the 123 applicant display a Missouri driver's license or nondriver's license or military identification. 124 No biometric data shall be collected from the applicant. The sheriff shall conduct an inquiry 125 of the National Instant Criminal Background Check System within three working days after 126 submission of the properly completed application for a Missouri lifetime or extended 127 concealed carry permit. Upon receipt of the completed report from the National Instant 128 Criminal Background Check System, the sheriff shall examine the results and, if no 129 disqualifying information is identified, shall issue a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed 130 carry permit within three working days.

(2) In the event the report from the National Instant Criminal Background Check 131 132 System and the response from the Federal Bureau of Investigation national criminal history 133 record check prescribed by subdivision (1) of this subsection are not completed within forty-134 five calendar days and no disqualifying information concerning the applicant has otherwise 135 come to the sheriff's attention, the sheriff shall issue a provisional permit, clearly designated 136 on the certificate as such, which the applicant shall sign in the presence of the sheriff or the 137 sheriff's designee. This permit, when carried with a valid Missouri driver's or nondriver's 138 license, shall permit the applicant to exercise the same rights in accordance with the same 139 conditions as pertain to a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued under 140 this section, provided that it shall not serve as an alternative to a national instant criminal 141 background check required by 18 U.S.C. Section 922(t). The provisional permit shall remain 142 valid until such time as the sheriff either issues or denies the permit under subsection 7 or 8 of 143 this section. The sheriff shall revoke a provisional permit issued under this subsection within 144 twenty-four hours of receipt of any report that identifies a disqualifying record, and shall 145 notify the concealed carry permit system established under subsection 5 of section 650.350. 146 The revocation of a provisional permit issued under this section shall be prescribed in a 147 manner consistent to the denial and review of an application under subsection 7 of this 148 section.

149 7. The sheriff may refuse to approve an application for a Missouri lifetime or 150 extended concealed carry permit if he or she determines that any of the requirements specified 151 in subsection 3 of this section have not been met, or if he or she has a substantial and 152 demonstrable reason to believe that the applicant has rendered a false statement regarding any

153 of the provisions of sections 571.205 to 571.230. If the applicant is found to be ineligible, the sheriff is required to deny the application, and notify the applicant in writing, stating the 154 155 grounds for denial and informing the applicant of the right to submit, within thirty days, any 156 additional documentation relating to the grounds of the denial. Upon receiving any additional 157 documentation, the sheriff shall reconsider his or her decision and inform the applicant within thirty days of the result of the reconsideration. The applicant shall further be informed in 158 159 writing of the right to appeal the denial under section 571.220. After two additional reviews 160 and denials by the sheriff, the person submitting the application shall appeal the denial under 161 section 571.220.

162 8. If the application is approved, the sheriff shall issue a Missouri lifetime or extended 163 concealed carry permit to the applicant within a period not to exceed three working days after 164 his or her approval of the application. The applicant shall sign the Missouri lifetime or 165 extended concealed carry permit in the presence of the sheriff or his or her designee.

166 9. The Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall specify only the 167 following information:

168 (1) Name, address, date of birth, gender, height, weight, color of hair, color of eyes,169 and signature of the permit holder;

170 (2) The signature of the sheriff issuing the permit;

171 (3) The date of issuance;

172 (4) A clear statement indicating that the permit is only valid within the state of 173 Missouri; and

174 175 (5) If the permit is a Missouri extended concealed carry permit, the expiration date.

176 The permit shall be no larger than two and one-eighth inches wide by three and three-eighths 177 inches long and shall be of a uniform style prescribed by the department of public safety. The 178 permit shall also be assigned a concealed carry permit system county code and shall be stored 179 in sequential number.

180 10. (1) The sheriff shall keep a record of all applications for a Missouri lifetime or 181 extended concealed carry permit or a provisional permit and his or her action thereon. Any 182 record of an application that is incomplete or denied for any reason shall be kept for a period 183 not to exceed one year.

(2) The sheriff shall report the issuance of a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit or provisional permit to the concealed carry permit system. All information on any such permit that is protected information on any driver's or nondriver's license shall have the same personal protection for purposes of sections 571.205 to 571.230. An applicant's status as a holder of a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit or provisional permit shall not be public information and shall be considered personal protected information.

190 Information retained in the concealed carry permit system under this subsection shall not be 191 distributed to any federal, state, or private entities and shall only be made available for a 192 single entry query of an individual in the event the individual is a subject of interest in an 193 active criminal investigation or is arrested for a crime. A sheriff may access the concealed 194 carry permit system for administrative purposes to issue a permit, verify the accuracy of 195 permit holder information, change the name or address of a permit holder, suspend or revoke 196 a permit, cancel an expired permit, or cancel a permit upon receipt of a certified death 197 certificate for the permit holder. Any person who violates the provisions of this subdivision 198 by disclosing protected information shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

199 11. Information regarding any holder of a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed 200 carry permit is a closed record. No bulk download or batch data shall be distributed to any 201 federal, state, or private entity, except to MoSMART or a designee thereof.

202 12. For processing an application, the sheriff in each county shall charge a 203 nonrefundable fee not to exceed:

204 (1) Two hundred dollars for a new Missouri extended concealed carry permit that is 205 valid for ten years from the date of issuance or renewal;

206 (2) Two hundred fifty dollars for a new Missouri extended concealed carry permit 207 that is valid for twenty-five years from the date of issuance or renewal;

208 (3) Fifty dollars for a renewal of a Missouri extended concealed carry permit;

209 (4) Five hundred dollars for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit,

210

which shall be paid to the treasury of the county to the credit of the sheriff's revolving fund.
571.215. 1. A Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued under
2 sections 571.205 to 571.230 shall authorize the person in whose name the permit is issued to

3 carry concealed firearms on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No

4 Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall authorize any person to carry 5 concealed firearms into:

6 (1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the 7 chief law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a 8 vehicle on the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the 9 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises; 10 (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a

firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place on any election day. Possession of a long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

14 (3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison or 15 jail. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or

16 correctional institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is17 not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

18 (4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any 19 courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries, or other rooms of any such court whether or not 20 such court solely occupies the building in question. This subdivision shall also include, but 21 not be limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein 22 any of the courts or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business 23 within the jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as 24 may be specified by supreme court rule under subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in 25 this subdivision shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of 26 section 571.030 while within their jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed in 27 subdivisions (2), (4), and [(10)] (12) of subsection 2 of section 571.030, or such other persons 28 who serve in a law enforcement capacity for a court as may be specified by supreme court rule under subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying a concealed firearm within any of 29 30 the areas described in this subdivision. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of 31 any of the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm 32 is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

33 (5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government, or any meeting of the general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this 34 35 subdivision shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid Missouri lifetime or 36 extended concealed carry permit from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body 37 which he or she is a member. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while 38 39 the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the 40 general assembly, a full-time employee of the general assembly employed under Section 17, Article III, Constitution of Missouri, legislative employees of the general assembly as 41 42 determined under section 21.155, or statewide elected officials and their employees, holding a 43 valid Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit, from carrying a concealed firearm 44 in the state capitol building or at a meeting whether of the full body of a house of the general 45 assembly or a committee thereof, that is held in the state capitol building;

(6) The general assembly, supreme court, county, or municipality may by rule, administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by permit holders in that portion of a building owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is prohibited or limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted area. The statute, rule, or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by private persons, highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings owned, leased, or

53 controlled by that unit of government from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a 54 firearm. The statute, rule, or ordinance shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation 55 but may specify that persons violating the statute, rule, or ordinance may be denied entrance 56 to the building, ordered to leave the building and if employees of the unit of government, be 57 subjected to disciplinary measures for violation of the provisions of the statute, rule, or 58 ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any other unit of government;

59 (7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the 60 premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the owner or manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said 61 establishment. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant 62 open to the general public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that 63 64 receives at least fifty-one percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale of food. This subdivision does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the 65 premises of the establishment and shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not 66 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this 67 68 subdivision authorizes any individual who has been issued a Missouri lifetime or extended 69 concealed carry permit to possess any firearm while intoxicated;

(8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons and property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

74

(9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;

75 (10) Any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility 76 without the consent of the governing body of the higher education institution or a school 77 official or the district school board, unless the person with the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit is a teacher or administrator of an elementary or secondary school 78 79 who has been designated by his or her school district as a school protection officer and is 80 carrying a firearm in a school within that district, in which case no consent is required. 81 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any higher education institution or 82 elementary or secondary school facility shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises; 83

84 (11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the 85 manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a 86 family home from owning or possessing a firearm or a Missouri lifetime or extended 87 concealed carry permit;

88 (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent 89 of the owner or manager under rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of

90 a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall not be a
91 criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while
92 the vehicle is on the premises;

93 (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on
94 the premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is
95 not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

96 (14) [Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the 97 minister or person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control 98 over the place of religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall 99 not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished 100 while the vehicle is on the premises;

101 (15) Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits 102 to concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a 103 minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not 104 less than one inch. The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business 105 enterprise, or any other organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit from carrying concealed firearms on the 106 107 premises and may prohibit employees, not authorized by the employer, holding a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit from carrying concealed firearms on the property 108 109 of the employer. If the building or the premises are open to the public, the employer of the 110 business enterprise shall post signs on or about the premises if carrying a concealed firearm is 111 prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle 112 113 is on the premises. An employer may prohibit employees or other persons holding a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit from carrying a concealed firearm in vehicles 114 115 owned by the employer;

116 [(16)] (15) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or 117 more. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so 118 long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the 119 premises;

120 [(17)] (16) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle 121 on the premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not 122 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.

2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in subdivisions (1) to [(17)] 124 (16) of subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a Missouri lifetime or 125 extended concealed carry permit shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to 126 denial to the premises or removal from the premises. If such person refuses to leave the

127 premises and a peace officer is summoned, such person may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars for the first offense. If a second citation for a 128 129 similar violation occurs within a six-month period, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or her permit to carry concealed firearms shall be 130 131 suspended for a period of one year. If a third citation for a similar violation is issued within 132 one year of the first citation, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed five hundred 133 dollars and shall have his or her Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit revoked 134 and such person shall not be eligible for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry 135 permit or a concealed carry permit issued under sections 571.101 to 571.121 for a period of three years. Upon conviction of charges arising from a citation issued under this subsection, 136 the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the Missouri lifetime or extended 137 138 concealed carry permit. The sheriff shall suspend or revoke the Missouri lifetime or extended 139 concealed carry permit.

571.225. 1. Any person who has knowledge that another person, who was issued a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit under sections 571.205 to 571.230, never was or no longer is eligible for such permit under the criteria established in sections 571.205 to 571.230 may file a petition with the clerk of the small claims court to revoke that person's Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit. The petition shall be in a form substantially similar to the petition for revocation of a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit provided in this section. [Appeal] Revocation petition forms shall be provided by the clerk of the small claims court free of charge to any person:

9	SMALL CLAIMS COURT
10	In the Circuit Court of, Missouri
11	, PLAINTIFF
12)
13)
14	vs.) Case Number
15)
16)
17	, DEFENDANT,
18	Lifetime or Extended Carry Permit Holder
19	, DEFENDANT,
20	Sheriff of Issuance
21	PETITION FOR REVOCATION OF A
22	MISSOURI LIFETIME OR EXTENDED CONCEALED CARRY
23	PERMIT

.	
24	Plaintiff states to the court that the defendant,, has a Missouri
25	lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections
26	571.205 to 571.230, RSMo, and that the defendant's Missouri lifetime
27	or extended concealed carry permit should now be revoked because the
28	defendant either never was or no longer is eligible for such a permit
29	pursuant to the provisions of sections 571.205 to 571.230, RSMo,
30	specifically plaintiff states that defendant,, never was or no
31	longer is eligible for such permit or endorsement for one or more of the
32	following reasons:
33	(CHECK BELOW EACH REASON THAT APPLIES TO THIS
34	DEFENDANT)
35	Defendant is not at least [nineteen years of age or at least] eighteen
36	years of age [and a member of the United States Armed Forces or
37	honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces].
38	Defendant is not a citizen or permanent resident of the United
39	States.
40	Defendant had not resided in this state prior to issuance of the
41	permit or is not a current resident of this state.
42	Defendant has [pled guilty to or] been convicted of a crime
43	punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding two years under
44	the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime
45	classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and
46	punishable by a term of imprisonment of one year or less that does
47	not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas
48	gun.
49	Defendant has been convicted of [, pled guilty to or entered a plea
50	of nolo contendere to] one or more misdemeanor offenses
51	involving crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately
52	preceding application for a Missouri lifetime or extended
53	concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.205 to
54	571.230, RSMo, or the defendant has been convicted of two or
55	more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the
56	influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse
57	of a controlled substance within a five-year period immediately
58	preceding application for a concealed carry permit issued pursuant
59	to sections 571.205 to 571.230, RSMo.
-	

60	Defendant is a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an
61	information or indictment with the commission of a crime
62	punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under
63	the laws of any state of the United States other than a crime
64	classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and
65	punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that
66	does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or
67	gas gun.
68	Defendant has been discharged under dishonorable conditions
69	from the United States Armed Forces.
70	Defendant is reasonably believed by the sheriff to be a danger to
71	self or others based on previous, documented pattern.
72	Defendant is adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of
73	application or for five years prior to application, or has been
74	committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section
75	632.005, RSMo, or a similar institution located in another state,
76	except that a person whose release or discharge from a facility in
77	this state pursuant to chapter 632, RSMo, or a similar discharge
78	from a facility in another state, occurred more than five years ago
79	without subsequent recommitment may apply.
80	Defendant failed to submit a completed application for a concealed
81	carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.205 to 571.230,
82	RSMo.
83	Defendant failed to submit to or failed to clear the required
84	background check. (Note: This does not apply if the defendant has
85	submitted to a background check and been issued a provisional
86	permit pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 6 of section
87	571.205, RSMo, and the results of the background check are still
88	 pending.)
89	Defendant failed to submit an affidavit attesting that the applicant
90	complies with the concealed carry safety training requirement
91	 pursuant to subsections 1 and 2 of section 571.111, RSMo.
92	Defendant is otherwise disqualified from possessing a firearm
93	pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 922(g) or section 571.070, RSMo,
94	because (specify reason):

95 The plaintiff subject to penalty for perjury states that the information

96 contained in this petition is true and correct to the best of the plaintiff's

97 knowledge, is reasonably based upon the petitioner's personal

98 knowledge and is not primarily intended to harass the defendant/

99 respondent named herein.

100

, PLAINTIFF

101 2. If at the hearing the plaintiff shows that the defendant was not eligible for the 102 Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued under sections 571.205 to 103 571.230 at the time of issuance or renewal or is no longer eligible for a Missouri lifetime or 104 extended concealed carry permit the court shall issue an appropriate order to cause the 105 revocation of the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit. Costs shall not be 106 assessed against the sheriff.

107 3. The finder of fact, in any action brought against a permit holder under subsection 1 108 of this section, shall make findings of fact and the court shall make conclusions of law addressing the issues at dispute. If it is determined that the plaintiff in such an action acted 109 without justification or with malice or primarily with an intent to harass the permit holder or 110 111 that there was no reasonable basis to bring the action, the court shall order the plaintiff to pay 112 the defendant/respondent all reasonable costs incurred in defending the action including, but 113 not limited to, attorney's fees, deposition costs, and lost wages. Once the court determines 114 that the plaintiff is liable to the defendant/respondent for costs and fees, the extent and type of 115 fees and costs to be awarded should be liberally calculated in defendant/respondent's favor. 116 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, reasonable attorney's fees shall be presumed to be at least one hundred fifty dollars per hour. 117

4. Any person aggrieved by any final judgment rendered by a small claims court in a
petition for revocation of a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit may have a
right to trial de novo as provided in sections 512.180 to 512.320.

5. The office of the county sheriff or any employee or agent of the county sheriff shall hot be liable for damages in any civil action arising from alleged wrongful or improper granting, renewing, or failure to revoke a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued under sections 571.205 to 571.230 so long as the sheriff acted in good faith.

577.703. 1. A person commits the offense of bus hijacking if he or she seizes or 2 exercises control, by force or violence or threat of force or violence, of any bus. The offense 3 of bus hijacking is a class B felony.

4 2. The offense of "assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking" is defined as an 5 intimidation, threat, assault or battery toward any driver, attendant or guard of a bus so as to

6 interfere with the performance of duties by such person. Assault to commit bus hijacking is a

7 class D felony.

8 3. Any person, who, in the commission of such intimidation, threat, assault or battery 9 with the intent to commit bus hijacking, employs a dangerous or deadly weapon or other 10 means capable of inflicting serious bodily injury shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a class A 11 felony.

4. Except as otherwise provided under section 571.107, any passenger who boards a bus with a dangerous or deadly weapon or other means capable of inflicting serious bodily injury concealed upon his or her person or effects is guilty of the felony of "possession and concealment of a dangerous or deadly weapon" upon a bus. Possession and concealment of a dangerous and deadly weapon by a passenger upon a bus is a class D felony. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to:

18 (1) Duly elected or appointed law enforcement officers or commercial security 19 personnel who are in possession of weapons used within the course and scope of their 20 employment; [nor shall the provisions of this subsection apply to]

(2) Persons who are in possession of weapons or other means of inflicting serious
bodily injury with the consent of the owner of such bus, his or her agent, or the lessee or
bailee of such bus; or

(3) Persons carrying a concealed firearm who lawfully possess a valid concealed
 carry permit or endorsement in accordance with sections 571.101 to 571.126 or sections
 571.205 to 571.230.

577.712. 1. In order to provide for the safety, comfort, and well-being of passengers and others having a bona fide business interest in any terminal, a bus transportation company 2 may refuse admission to terminals to any person not having bona fide business within the 3 4 terminal. Any such refusal shall not be inconsistent or contrary to state or federal laws, 5 regulations pursuant thereto, or to any ordinance of the political subdivision in which such 6 terminal is located. A duly authorized company representative may ask any person in a 7 terminal or on the premises of a terminal to identify himself or herself and state his or her business. Failure to comply with such request or failure to state an acceptable business 8 purpose shall be grounds for the company representative to request that such person leave the 9 terminal. Refusal to comply with such request shall constitute disorderly conduct. Disorderly 10 conduct shall be a class C misdemeanor. 11

2. Except as otherwise provided by section 571.107, it is unlawful for any person to carry a deadly or dangerous weapon or any explosives or hazardous material into a terminal or aboard a bus. Possession of a deadly or dangerous weapon, explosive or hazardous material shall be a class D felony. Upon the discovery of any such item or material, the

- 16 company may obtain possession and retain custody of such item or material until it is
- 17 transferred to the custody of law enforcement officers.