SECOND REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 1481

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

3522H.03C

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 84.020, 84.030, 84.100, 84.150, 84.160, 84.170, 84.175, 84.240, 84.341, 84.342, 84.343, 84.344, 84.345, 84.346, 84.347, and 105.726, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof ten new sections relating to the operation of certain law enforcement agencies, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 84.020, 84.030, 84.100, 84.150, 84.160, 84.170, 84.175, 84.240,

- 2 84.341, 84.342, 84.343, 84.344, 84.345, 84.346, 84.347, and 105.726, RSMo, are repealed
- 3 and ten new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 84.012, 84.020, 84.030,
- 4 84.100, 84.150, 84.160, 84.170, 84.225, 84.325, and 105.726, to read as follows:

84.012. In all cities of this state not within a county, the common council or

2 municipal assembly of such cities may pass ordinances for preserving order; securing

3 property and persons from violence, danger, or destruction; protecting public and

- 4 private property; and promoting the interests and ensuring the good governance of the
- 5 cities, but no ordinances heretofore passed, or that may hereafter be passed, by the
- 6 common council or municipal assembly of the cities shall, in any manner, conflict or
- 7 interfere with the powers or the exercise of the powers of the boards of police
- 8 commissioners of the cities as created by section 84.020, nor shall the cities or any
- 9 officer or agent of the corporation of the cities, or the mayor thereof, in any manner
- 10 impede, obstruct, hinder, or interfere with the boards of police, any officer, agent, or
- 11 servant thereof or thereunder.

84.020. In all cities of this state that now have, or may hereafter attain, a population

- 2 of five hundred thousand inhabitants or over not within a county, there shall be, and is
- 3 hereby established, within and for said cities, a board of police, to consist of four

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

4 commissioners, as provided in sections 84.040 to 84.080, together with the mayor of said 5 cities for the time being, or whosoever may be officially acting in that capacity, and said 6 board shall appoint one of its members as president, and one member who shall act as vice 7 president during the absence of the president; and such president or vice president shall be the 8 executive officer of the board and shall act for it when the board is not in session.

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84.030. Beginning on [January 9, 1989] August 28, 2024, and no later than September 28, 2024, the governor of the state of Missouri, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint the four commissioners provided for in section 84.020, and one commissioner shall be appointed for a term of one year; one commissioner shall be appointed for a term of two years; one commissioner shall be appointed for a term of three 5 years; one commissioner shall be appointed for a term of four years. Their successors shall each be appointed for a term of four years, and said commissioners shall hold office for their term of appointment and until their successors shall have been appointed and qualified. In case of a vacancy in said board for any cause whatsoever, it shall be filled by appointment for the unexpired term, in the same manner as in the case of original appointments. The governor 10 11 shall issue commissions to the persons so appointed, designating the time for which they are appointed in case the appointment is to fill an unexpired term occasioned by death, 12 resignation or any other cause, and whenever the term of office of any commissioner expires, 13 the appointment of his successor shall be for four years. [The commissioners now holding 14 offices under existing laws in any city of this state to which sections 84.010 to 84.340 apply 15 are to hold their offices until the expiration of their terms, and their successors are duly 16 17 appointed and qualified.]

84.100. To enable the boards to perform the duties imposed upon them, they are hereby authorized and required to appoint, enroll and employ [a] only one permanent police force for the cities which they shall equip and arm as they may judge necessary. Except as provided below, the number of patrolmen to be appointed shall not be [more] less than one thousand [six] three hundred [eighty three] thirteen, of which number not more than two hundred fifty are to be probationary patrolmen. Any increase in the number of patrolmen authorized, in addition to that provided for above, shall be permitted upon recommendation 7 by the board of police commissioners, with the approval of the municipal board of estimate and apportionment. [The number of turnkeys to be appointed shall be sixty-five, except that for each patrolman hereafter promoted, demoted, removed, resigned or otherwise separated from the force, an additional turnkey may be appointed, but under no circumstances shall 11 more than one hundred fifty turnkeys be appointed. As each additional turnkey is appointed, 12 the maximum number of patrolmen to be appointed shall be reduced accordingly so that when 13 one hundred fifty turnkeys have been appointed, the number of patrolmen to be appointed 14 shall not be more than one thousand five hundred ninety-eight.] The board may continue to 15

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employ as many noncommissioned police civilians, which shall include city marshals and park rangers, as it deems necessary in order to perform the duties imposed upon it.

be as follows: [one chief of police with the rank of colonel; lieutenant colonels, not to exceed five in number and other such ranks and number of members within such ranks as the board from time to time deems necessary] seventy-six commissioned officers at the rank of lieutenant and above; two hundred commissioned officers at the rank of sergeant; and one thousand thirty-seven commissioned officers at the rank of patrolman. The officers of the police force shall have commissions issued to them by the boards of police commissioners, and those heretofore and those hereafter commissioned shall serve so long as they shall faithfully perform their duties and possess the necessary mental and physical ability, and be subject to removal only for cause after a hearing by the board, who are hereby invested with exclusive jurisdiction in the premises.

- 84.160. 1. As of August 28, [2006] 2024, the board of police commissioners shall have the authority to compute and establish the annual salary of each member of the police force without receiving prior authorization from the general assembly, which shall not be less than the annual salary paid to any member at the time of the enactment of this act.
- 2. Each officer of police and patrolman whose regular assignment requires nonuniformed attire may receive, in addition to his or her salary, an allowance not to exceed three hundred sixty dollars per annum payable biweekly. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section to the contrary, no additional compensation or compensatory time off for overtime, court time, or standby court time shall be paid or allowed to any officer of the rank of [sergeant] lieutenant or above. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, nothing in this section shall prohibit the payment of additional compensation pursuant to this subsection to officers of the ranks of sergeants and above, provided that funding for such compensation shall not:
- (1) Be paid from the general funds of either the city or the board of police commissioners of the city; or
 - (2) Be violative of any federal law or other state law.
- 3. It is the duty of the municipal assembly or common council of the cities to make the necessary appropriation for the expenses of the maintenance of the police force in the manner herein and hereafter provided; provided, that in no event shall such municipal assembly or common council be required to appropriate for such purposes (including, but not limited to, costs of funding pensions or retirement plans) for any fiscal year a sum in excess of any limitation imposed by article X, section 21, Missouri Constitution; and provided further, that such municipal assembly or common council may appropriate a sum in excess of such

- 24 limitation for any fiscal year by an appropriations ordinance enacted in conformity with the 25 provisions of the charter of such cities.
 - 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section to the contrary, the board of police commissioners shall pay additional compensation for all hours of service rendered by probationary patrolmen [and], patrolmen, and sergeants in excess of the established regular working period, and the rate of compensation shall be one and one-half times the regular hourly rate of pay to which each member shall normally be entitled; except that, the court time and court standby time shall be paid at the regular hourly rate of pay to which each member shall normally be entitled. No credit shall be given or deductions made from payments for overtime for the purpose of retirement benefits.
 - 5. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section to the contrary, probationary patrolmen [and], patrolmen, and sergeants shall receive additional compensation for authorized overtime, court time and court standby time whenever the total accumulated time exceeds forty hours. The accumulated forty hours shall be taken as compensatory time off at the officer's discretion with the approval of his supervisor.
 - 6. The allowance of compensation or compensatory time off for court standby time shall be computed at the rate of one-third of one hour for each hour spent on court standby time.
 - 7. The board of police commissioners [may] shall effect programs to provide additional compensation to its employees for successful completion of academic work at an accredited college or university, in amounts not to exceed ten percent of their yearly salaries or for field training officer and lead officer responsibilities in amounts not to exceed three percent of their yearly salaries for field training officer responsibilities and an additional three percent of their yearly salaries for lead officer responsibilities. The board may designate up to one hundred fifty employees as field training officers and up to fifty employees as lead officers.
 - 8. The board of police commissioners:
 - (1) Shall provide or contract for life insurance coverage and for insurance benefits providing health, medical and disability coverage for officers and employees of the department;
 - (2) Shall provide or contract for insurance coverage providing salary continuation coverage for officers and employees of the police department;
 - (3) Shall provide health, medical, and life insurance coverage for retired officers and employees of the police department. Health, medical and life insurance coverage shall be made available for purchase to the spouses or dependents of deceased retired officers and employees of the police department who receive pension benefits pursuant to sections 86.200

- 60 to 86.364 at the rate that such dependent's or spouse's coverage would cost under the appropriate plan if the deceased were living;
 - (4) May pay an additional shift differential compensation to members of the police force for evening and night tour of duty in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the officer's base hourly rate.
 - 9. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section to the contrary, the board of police commissioners shall pay additional compensation to members of the police force up to and including the rank of police officer for any full hour worked between the hours of 11:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m., in amounts equal to [five] ten percent of the officer's base hourly pay.
 - 10. The board of police commissioners, from time to time and in its discretion, may pay additional compensation to police officers, sergeants and lieutenants by paying commissioned officers in the aforesaid ranks for accumulated, unused vacation time. Any such payments shall be made in increments of not less than forty hours, and at rates equivalent to the base straight-time rates being earned by said officers at the time of payment; except that, no such officer shall be required to accept payment for accumulated unused vacation time.
- 84.170. 1. When any vacancy shall take place in any grade of officers, it shall be filled from the next lowest grade; provided, however, that probationary patrolmen shall serve at least six months as such before being promoted to the rank of patrolman; patrolmen shall serve at least three years as such before being promoted to the rank of sergeant; sergeants shall serve at least one year as such before being promoted to the rank of lieutenant; lieutenants shall serve at least one year as such before being promoted to the rank of captain; and in no case shall the chief or assistant chief be selected from men not members of the force or below the grade of captain. Patrolmen shall serve at least three years as such before promotion to the rank of detective; the inspector shall be taken from men in the rank not below the grade of lieutenant.
 - 2. The boards of police are hereby authorized to make all such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with sections 84.010 to 84.340, or other laws of the state, as they may judge necessary, for the appointment, employment, uniforming, discipline, trial and government of the police. At the time of the effective date of this act and until such time as the board adopts other investigative and disciplinary policies and procedures not inconsistent with section 590.502, discipline and investigative procedures for commissioned and civilian employees of the police force shall be regulated by rule 7 of the police manual of the police department in effect as of November 4, 2013; except that, where rule 7 is in conflict with section 590.502, the board shall comply with the requirements of section 590.502. Under no circumstances shall the board initially or hereafter adopt

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- investigative and disciplinary procedures that do not include the summary hearing 22 board procedures provided for in rule 7 of the police manual of the police department in effect as of November 4, 2013. The said boards shall also have power to require of any 24 officer or policeman bond with sureties when they may consider it demanded by the public 25 interests. All lawful rules and regulations of the board shall be obeyed by the police force on pain of dismissal or such lighter punishment, either by suspension, fine, reduction or 26 27 forfeiture of pay, or otherwise as the boards may adjudge.
 - 3. The authority possessed by the board of police includes, but is not limited to, the authority to delegate portions of its powers authorized in section 84.120, including presiding over a disciplinary hearing, to a hearing officer as determined by the board.
- 84.225. Any officer or servant of the mayor or common council or municipal assembly of the cities, or other persons whatsoever, who forcibly resists or obstructs the execution or enforcement of any of the provisions of sections 84.012 to 84.340 or relating to the same, or who disburses or fails to disburse any money in violation thereof, or who 5 hinders or obstructs the organization or maintenance of the board of police or the police force therein provided to be organized and maintained, or who maintains or controls any police force other than the one therein provided for, or who delays or hinders the due enforcement of sections 84.012 to 84.340 by failing or neglecting to perform the duties by such sections imposed upon him or her, shall be subject to a penalty of one thousand dollars for each offense, recoverable by the boards by action at law in the name of the state, and shall forever thereafter be disqualified from holding or exercising any office or employment whatsoever under the mayor or common council or municipal assembly of such cities, or under sections 84.012 to 84.340; provided that, nothing in this 14 section shall be construed to interfere with the punishment, under any existing or any future laws of this state, of any criminal offense that is committed by the parties in or 16 about the resistance, obstruction, hindrance, conspiracy, combination, or disbursement 17 aforesaid.
- 84.325. 1. On August 28, 2024, the board of police commissioners shall assume 2 control of any municipal police force established within any city not within a county, according to the procedures and requirements of this section and any rules promulgated under subsection 6 of this section. The purpose of these procedures and requirements is to provide for an orderly and appropriate transition in the governance of the police force and provide for an equitable employment transition for commissioned and civilian personnel.
 - 2. Upon the assumption of control by the board of police commissioners under subsection 1 of this section, any municipal police department within any city not within a county shall convey, assign, and otherwise transfer to the board title and ownership of

all indebtedness and assets, including, but not limited to, all funds and real and personal property held in the name of or controlled by the municipal police department. Such city shall thereafter cease the operation of any police department or police force.

- 3. The board of police commissioners shall initially employ, without a reduction in rank, salary, or benefits, all commissioned and civilian personnel of the municipal police department who were employed by the municipal police department immediately prior to the date the board assumed control. The board shall recognize all accrued years of service that such commissioned and civilian personnel had with the municipal police department, as well as all accrued years of service that such commissioned and civilian personnel had previously with the board of police commissioners. Such personnel shall be entitled to the same holidays, vacation, sick leave, sick bonus time, and annual step-increases they were entitled to as employees of the municipal police department.
- 4. The commissioned and civilian personnel who retire from service with the municipal police department before the board of police commissioners assumed control of the department under subsection 1 of this section shall continue to be entitled to the same pension benefits provided as employees of the municipal police department and the same benefits set forth in subsection 5 of this section. Any police pension system created under chapter 86 for the benefit of a police force established under sections 84.012 to 84.340 shall continue to be governed by chapter 86 and shall apply to any comprehensive policing plan and any police force established under sections 84.012 to 84.340. Other than any provision that makes chapter 86 applicable to a municipal police force established under sections 84.343 to 84.346, nothing in sections 84.012 to 84.340 shall be construed as limiting or changing the rights or benefits provided under chapter 86.
- 5. The board of police commissioners may promulgate all necessary rules and regulations for the implementation and administration of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2024, shall be invalid and void.

105.726. 1. Nothing in sections 105.711 to 105.726 shall be construed to broaden the liability of the state of Missouri beyond the provisions of sections 537.600 to 537.610, nor to

- abolish or waive any defense at law which might otherwise be available to any agency, officer, or employee of the state of Missouri. Sections 105.711 to 105.726 do not waive the sovereign immunity of the state of Missouri.
 - 2. The creation of the state legal expense fund and the payment therefrom of such amounts as may be necessary for the benefit of any person covered thereby are deemed necessary and proper public purposes for which funds of this state may be expended.
 - 3. Moneys in the state legal expense fund shall not be available for the payment of any claim or any amount required by any final judgment rendered by a court of competent jurisdiction against a board of police commissioners established under chapter 84, including the commissioners, any police officer, notwithstanding sections 84.330 and 84.710, or other provisions of law, other employees, agents, representative, or any other individual or entity acting or purporting to act on its or their behalf. Such was the intent of the general assembly in the original enactment of sections 105.711 to 105.726, and it is made express by this section in light of the decision in Wayman Smith, III, et al. v. State of Missouri, 152 S.W.3d 275. Except that the commissioner of administration shall reimburse from the legal expense fund the board of police commissioners established under [section 84.350, and any successor-in-interest established pursuant to section 84.344,] chapter 84 for liability claims otherwise eligible for payment under section 105.711 paid by such [board] boards on a twenty-one equal share basis per claim up to a maximum of one million dollars per fiscal year.
 - 4. [Subject to the provisions of subsection 2 of section 84.345,] If the representation of the attorney general is requested by a board of police commissioners [or its successor in interest established pursuant to section 84.344], the attorney general shall represent, investigate, defend, negotiate, or compromise all claims under sections 105.711 to 105.726 for the board of police commissioners, its successor-in-interest pursuant to section 84.344, any police officer, other employees, agents, representatives, or any other individual or entity acting or purporting to act on their behalf. The attorney general may establish procedures by rules promulgated under chapter 536 under which claims must be referred for the attorney general's representation. The attorney general and the officials of the city which the police board represents [or represented] shall meet and negotiate reasonable expenses or charges that will fairly compensate the attorney general and the office of administration for the cost of the representation of the claims under this section.
 - 5. Claims tendered to the attorney general promptly after the claim was asserted as required by section 105.716 and prior to August 28, 2005, may be investigated, defended, negotiated, or compromised by the attorney general and full payments may be made from the state legal expense fund on behalf of the entities and individuals described in this section as a result of the holding in Wayman Smith, III, et al. v. State of Missouri, 152 S.W.3d 275.

[84.175. 1. Upon recommendation of the chief of police, the board may authorize and provide for the organization of a police reserve force composed of members who receive a service retirement under the provisions of sections 86.200 to 86.366 and who qualify under the provisions of section 84.120. Such reserve force shall be under the command of the chief of police and shall be provided training, equipment, uniforms, and arms as the chief shall direct with the approval of the board. Members of the reserve force shall possess all of the powers of regular police officers and shall be subject to all laws and regulations applicable to police officers; provided, however, that the city council or other governing body of any such city may in its discretion fix a total in number which the reserve force may not exceed.

2. In event of riot or other emergencies as declared and defined by the mayor, in concurrence with the board, the board, upon recommendation of the chief, may appoint special officers or patrolmen for temporary service in addition to the police reserve force herein provided for, but the length of time for which such officers or patrolmen shall be employed shall be limited to the time during which such emergency shall exist.]

[84.240. The board of police commissioners shall establish the Bertillon system of identification of criminals and others by means of anthropometric indications, and they are further required to employ such additional assistance as may be necessary to properly conduct and manage this department.]

[84.341. No elected or appointed official of the state or any political subdivision thereof shall act or refrain from acting in any manner to impede, obstruct, hinder, or otherwise interfere with any member of a municipal police force established under sections 84.343 to 84.346 in the performance of his or her job duties, or with any aspect of any investigation arising from the performance of such job duties. This section shall not be construed to prevent such officials from acting within the normal course and scope of their employment or from acting to implement sections 84.343 to 84.346. Any person who violates this section shall be liable for a penalty of two thousand five hundred dollars for each offense and shall forever be disqualified from holding any office or employment whatsoever with the governmental entity the person served at the time of the violation. The penalty shall not be paid by the funds of any committee as the term committee is defined in section 130.011. This section shall not be construed to interfere with the punishment, under any laws of this state, of a criminal offense committed by such officials, nor shall this section apply to duly appointed members of the municipal police force, or their appointing authorities, whose conduct is otherwise provided for by law.

[84.342. 1. It shall be an unlawful employment practice for an official, employee, or agent of a municipal police force established under sections 84.343 to 84.346 to discharge, demote, reduce the pay of, or otherwise retaliate against an employee of the municipal police force for reporting to any

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5 superior, government agency, or the press the conduct of another employee 6 that the reporting employee believes, in good faith, is illegal. 7 2. Any employee of the municipal police force may bring a cause of 8 action for general or special damages based on a violation of this section. [84.343. 1. Subject to the provisions of sections 84.344 to 84.346, any 2 eity not within a county may establish a municipal police force for the 3 purposes of: 4 (1) Preserving the public peace, welfare, and order; 5 (2) Preventing crime and arresting suspected offenders; 6 (3) Enforcing the laws of the state and ordinances of the city; 7 (4) Exercising all powers available to a police force under generally 8 applicable state law; and 9 (5) Regulating and licensing all private watchmen, private detectives, 10 and private policemen serving or acting as such in said city. 11 2. Any person who acts as a private watchman, private detective, or 12 private policeman in said cities without having obtained a written license from 13 said cities is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. [84.344. 1. Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the 2 contrary, any city not within a county may establish a municipal police force 3 on or after July 1, 2013, according to the procedures and requirements of this 4 section. The purpose of these procedures and requirements is to provide for an 5 orderly and appropriate transition in the governance of the police force and 6 provide for an equitable employment transition for commissioned and civilian 7 personnel. 8 2. Upon the establishment of a municipal police force by a city under 9 sections 84.343 to 84.346, the board of police commissioners shall convey, 10 assign, and otherwise transfer to the city title and ownership of all 11 indebtedness and assets, including, but not limited to, all funds and real and 12 personal property held in the name of or controlled by the board of police 13 commissioners created under sections 84.010 to 84.340. The board of police 14 commissioners shall execute all documents reasonably required to accomplish 15 such transfer of ownership and obligations. 16 3. If the city establishes a municipal police force and completes the 17 transfer described in subsection 2 of this section, the city shall provide the 18 necessary funds for the maintenance of the municipal police force. 19 4. Before a city not within a county may establish a municipal police force under this section, the city shall adopt an ordinance accepting 20 21 responsibility, ownership, and liability as successor-in-interest for 22 contractual obligations, indebtedness, and other lawful obligations of the 23 board of police commissioners subject to the provisions of subsection 2 of 24 section 84.345. 25 5. A city not within a county that establishes a municipal police force shall initially employ, without a reduction in rank, salary, or benefits, all 26 27 commissioned and civilian personnel of the board of police commissioners

created under sections 84.010 to 84.340 that were employed by the board

immediately prior to the date the municipal police force was established. Such

- commissioned personnel who previously were employed by the board may only be involuntarily terminated by the city not within a county for cause. The city shall also recognize all accrued years of service that such commissioned and civilian personnel had with the board of police commissioners. Such personnel shall be entitled to the same holidays, vacation, and sick leave they were entitled to as employees of the board of police commissioners.
- 6. Commissioned and civilian personnel of a municipal police force established under this section shall not be subject to a residency requirement of retaining a primary residence in a city not within a county but may be required to maintain a primary residence located within a one-hour response time.
- 7. The commissioned and civilian personnel who retire from service with the board of police commissioners before the establishment of a municipal police force under subsection 1 of this section shall continue to be entitled to the same pension benefits provided under chapter 86 and the same benefits set forth in subsection 5 of this section.
- 8. If the city not within a county elects to establish a municipal police force under this section, the city shall establish a separate division for the operation of its municipal police force. The civil service commission of the city may adopt rules and regulations appropriate for the unique operation of a police department. Such rules and regulations shall reserve exclusive authority over the disciplinary process and procedures affecting commissioned officers to the civil service commission; however, until such time as the city adopts such rules and regulations, the commissioned personnel shall continue to be governed by the board of police commissioner's rules and regulations in effect immediately prior to the establishment of the municipal police force, with the police chief acting in place of the board of police commissioners for purposes of applying the rules and regulations. Unless otherwise provided for, existing civil service commission rules and regulations governing the appeal of disciplinary decisions to the civil service commission shall apply to all commissioned and civilian personnel. The civil service commission's rules and regulations shall provide that records prepared for disciplinary purposes shall be confidential, closed records available solely to the civil service commission and those who possess authority to conduct investigations regarding disciplinary matters pursuant to the civil service commission's rules and regulations. A hearing officer shall be appointed by the civil service commission to hear any such appeals that involve discipline resulting in a suspension of greater than fifteen days, demotion, or termination, but the civil service commission shall make the final findings of fact, conclusions of law, and decision which shall be subject to any right of appeal under chapter 536.
- 9. A city not within a county that establishes and maintains a municipal police force under this section:
- (1) Shall provide or contract for life insurance coverage and for insurance benefits providing health, medical, and disability coverage for commissioned and civilian personnel of the municipal police force to the same extent as was provided by the board of police commissioners under section 84.160:
- (2) Shall provide or contract for medical and life insurance coverage for any commissioned or civilian personnel who retired from service with the

board of police commissioners or who were employed by the board of police commissioners and retire from the municipal police force of a city not within a county to the same extent such medical and life insurance coverage was provided by the board of police commissioners under section 84.160;

- (3) Shall make available medical and life insurance coverage for purchase to the spouses or dependents of commissioned and civilian personnel who retire from service with the board of police commissioners or the municipal police force and deceased commissioned and civilian personnel who receive pension benefits under sections 86.200 to 86.366 at the rate that such dependent's or spouse's coverage would cost under the appropriate plan if the deceased were living; and
- (4) May pay an additional shift differential compensation to commissioned and civilian personnel for evening and night tours of duty in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the officer's base hourly rate.
- 10. A city not within a county that establishes a municipal police force under sections 84.343 to 84.346 shall establish a transition committee of five members for the purpose of: coordinating and implementing the transition of authority, operations, assets, and obligations from the board of police commissioners to the city; winding down the affairs of the board; making nonbinding recommendations for the transition of the police force from the board to the city; and other related duties, if any, established by executive order of the city's mayor. Once the ordinance referenced in this section is enacted, the city shall provide written notice to the board of police commissioners and the governor of the state of Missouri. Within thirty days of such notice, the mayor shall appoint three members to the committee, two of whom shall be members of a statewide law enforcement association that represents at least five thousand law enforcement officers. The remaining members of the committee shall include the police chief of the municipal police force and a person who currently or previously served as a commissioner on the board of police commissioners, who shall be appointed to the committee by the mayor of such city.

[84.345. 1. Except as required for the board of police commissioners to conclude its affairs and pursue legal claims and defenses, upon the establishment of a municipal police force, the terms of office of the commissioners of the board of police created under sections 84.020 and 84.030 shall expire, and the provisions of sections 84.010 to 84.340 shall not apply to any city not within a county or its municipal police force as of such date. The board shall continue to operate, if necessary, to wind down the board's affairs until the transfer of ownership and obligations under subsection 2 of section 84.344 has been completed. During such time, the board of police commissioners shall designate and authorize its secretary to act on behalf of the board for purposes of performing the board's duties and any other actions incident to the transfer and winding down of the board's affairs.

2. For any claim, lawsuit, or other action arising out of actions occurring before the date of completion of the transfer provided under subsection 2 of section 84.344, the state shall continue to provide legal representation as set forth in section 105.726, and the state legal expense fund

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17	shall continue to provide reimbursement for such claims under section
18	105.726. This subsection applies to all claims, lawsuits, and other actions
19	brought against any commissioner, police officer, employee, agent,
20	representative, or any individual or entity acting or purporting to act on its
21	or their behalf.
22	3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule, or regulation to
23	the contrary, any city not within a county that establishes a municipal police

- the contrary, any city not within a county that establishes a municipal police force under sections 84.343 to 84.346 shall not be restricted or limited in any way in the selection of a police chief or chief of the division created under subsection 8 of section 84.344.
- 4. It shall be the duty of the sheriff for any city not within a county, whenever called upon by the police chief of the municipal police force, to act under the police chief's control for the preservation of the public peace and quiet; and, whenever the exigency or circumstances may, in the police chief's judgment, warrant it, said police chief shall have the power to assume the control and command of all local and municipal conservators of the peace of the city, whether sheriff, constable, policemen or others, and they shall act under the orders of the said police chief and not otherwise.]
- [84.346. Any police pension system created under chapter 86 for the benefit of a police force established under sections 84.010 to 84.340 shall continue to be governed by chapter 86, and shall apply to any police force established under section 84.343 to 84.346. Other than any provision that makes chapter 86 applicable to a municipal police force established under section 84.343 to 84.346, nothing in sections 84.343 to 84.346 shall be construed as limiting or changing the rights or benefits provided under chapter 86.]
- [84.347. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1.140 to the contrary, the provisions of sections 84.343 to 84.346 shall be nonseverable. If any provision of sections 84.343 to 84.346 is for any reason held to be invalid, such decision shall invalidate all of the remaining provisions of this act.