

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

# HOUSE BILL NO. 2187

## 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

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INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE LEWIS (25).

3995H.011

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

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### AN ACT

To repeal sections 135.621 and 144.030, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to tax incentives for certain hygiene products.

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*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:*

Section A. Sections 135.621 and 144.030, RSMo, are repealed and two new sections  
2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 135.621 and 144.030, to read as follows:

135.621. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Contribution", a donation of cash, stock, bonds, other marketable securities, or  
3 real property;

4 (2) "Department", the department of social services;

5 (3) "Diaper bank", a nonprofit entity located in this state ~~[established and operating~~  
6 ~~primarily for the purpose of collecting or purchasing]~~ **that meets the following criteria:**

7 **(a) Collects, purchases, warehouses, and manages a community inventory of**  
8 **disposable diapers or other hygiene products for infants, children, or incontinent adults [and**  
9 **that];**

10 **(b) Regularly distributes a consistent and reliable supply of** such diapers or other  
11 **hygiene products through two or more schools, health care facilities, governmental agencies,**  
12 **or other nonprofit entities for eventual distribution to individuals free of charge, with the**  
13 **intention of reducing diaper need; and**

14 **(c) Is a member of a national network organization serving all fifty states**  
15 **through which certification demonstrates nonprofit best practices, data-driven program**  
16 **design, and equitable distribution focused on best serving infants, children, and**  
17 **incontinent adults;**

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets ~~[thus]~~ in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

18 (4) "Tax credit", a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143, excluding  
19 withholding tax imposed under sections 143.191 to 143.265, or otherwise due under chapter  
20 148 or 153;

21 (5) "Taxpayer", a person, firm, partner in a firm, corporation, or shareholder in an S  
22 corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and subject to the state income tax  
23 imposed under chapter 143; an insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium  
24 receipts in this state; any other financial institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri or  
25 any political subdivision of this state under chapter 148; an express company that pays an  
26 annual tax on its gross receipts in this state under chapter 153; an individual subject to the  
27 state income tax under chapter 143; or any charitable organization that is exempt from federal  
28 income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to  
29 the state income tax imposed under chapter 143.

30 2. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2019, a taxpayer shall be allowed  
31 to claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability in an amount equal to fifty percent  
32 of the amount of such taxpayer's contributions to a diaper bank.

33 3. The amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount of the taxpayer's  
34 state tax liability for the tax year for which the credit is claimed, and such taxpayer shall not  
35 be allowed to claim a tax credit in excess of fifty thousand dollars per tax year. However, any  
36 tax credit that cannot be claimed in the tax year the contribution was made may be carried  
37 over only to the next subsequent tax year. No tax credit issued under this section shall be  
38 assigned, transferred, or sold.

39 4. Except for any excess credit that is carried over under subsection 3 of this section,  
40 no taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a tax credit unless the taxpayer contributes at least one  
41 hundred dollars to one or more diaper banks during the tax year for which the credit is  
42 claimed.

43 5. The department shall determine, at least annually, which entities in this state  
44 qualify as diaper banks. The department may require of an entity seeking to be classified as a  
45 diaper bank any information which is reasonably necessary to make such a determination.  
46 The department shall classify an entity as a diaper bank if such entity satisfies the definition  
47 under subsection 1 of this section.

48 6. The department shall establish a procedure by which a taxpayer can determine if an  
49 entity has been classified as a diaper bank.

50 7. Diaper banks may decline a contribution from a taxpayer.

51 8. The cumulative amount of tax credits that may be claimed by all the taxpayers  
52 contributing to diaper banks in any one fiscal year shall not exceed five hundred thousand  
53 dollars. Tax credits shall be issued in the order contributions are received. If the amount of  
54 tax credits redeemed in a tax year is less than five hundred thousand dollars, the difference

55 shall be added to the cumulative limit created under this subsection for the next fiscal year  
56 and carried over to subsequent fiscal years until claimed.

57 9. The department shall establish a procedure by which, from the beginning of the  
58 fiscal year until some point in time later in the fiscal year to be determined by the department,  
59 the cumulative amount of tax credits are equally apportioned among all entities classified as  
60 diaper banks. If a diaper bank fails to use all, or some percentage to be determined by the  
61 department, of its apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of time, the  
62 department may reapportion such unused tax credits to diaper banks that have used all, or  
63 some percentage to be determined by the department, of their apportioned tax credits during  
64 this predetermined period of time. The department may establish multiple periods each fiscal  
65 year and reapportion accordingly. To the maximum extent possible, the department shall  
66 establish the procedure described under this subsection in such a manner as to ensure that  
67 taxpayers can claim as many of the tax credits as possible, up to the cumulative limit created  
68 under subsection 8 of this section.

69 10. Each diaper bank shall provide information to the department concerning the  
70 identity of each taxpayer making a contribution and the amount of the contribution. The  
71 department shall provide the information to the department of revenue. The department shall  
72 be subject to the confidentiality and penalty provisions of section 32.057 relating to the  
73 disclosure of tax information.

74 11. Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:

75 (1) The provisions of the program authorized under this section shall automatically  
76 sunset on December thirty-first six years after August 28, ~~[2018]~~ **2024**, unless reauthorized by  
77 an act of the general assembly;

78 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall  
79 automatically sunset on December thirty-first six years after the effective date of the  
80 reauthorization of this section;

81 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately  
82 following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset; and

83 (4) The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way  
84 impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized on or before the date the  
85 program authorized under this section expires or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax  
86 credits.

144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections  
2 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant  
3 to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as may be made in commerce between this  
4 state and any other state of the United States, or between this state and any foreign country,  
5 and any retail sale which the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the

6 Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible  
7 personal property which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from  
8 taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state.

9         2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law  
10 as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to  
11 144.761 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local  
12 sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525  
13 and 144.600 to 144.745:

14         (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless all or part of  
15 such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.824; or upon the sale at retail of fuel to be  
16 consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, steam, electrical current or in furnishing  
17 water to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted  
18 into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone  
19 or fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested  
20 will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed  
21 form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to the provisions of the Missouri  
22 pesticide registration ~~[law]~~ **act**, sections ~~[281.220]~~ **281.210** to 281.310, which are to be used  
23 in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or orchards applied before,  
24 during, or after planting, the crop of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be  
25 converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

26         (2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used in  
27 manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating become a  
28 component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting from such  
29 manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which new  
30 personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and  
31 materials, including without limitation, gases and manufactured goods, including without  
32 limitation slagging materials and firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the  
33 manufacturing process by blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole  
34 or in part, component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately for  
35 final use or consumption;

36         (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and  
37 for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles, watercraft, railroad rolling  
38 stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of persons or property;

39         (4) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies  
40 solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement machinery, equipment,  
41 and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, fabricating or producing a product which is  
42 intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment,

43 and the materials and supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of  
44 such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or expand  
45 existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this  
46 subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a facility that has as its primary  
47 purpose the recovery of materials into a usable product or a different form which is used in  
48 producing a new product and shall include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively  
49 for the collection of recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant  
50 but shall not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the terms  
51 motor vehicle and highway shall have the same meaning pursuant to section 301.010. For the  
52 purposes of this subdivision, subdivision (5) of this subsection, and section 144.054, as well  
53 as the definition in subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.010, the term "product"  
54 includes telecommunications services and the term "manufacturing" shall include the  
55 production, or production and transmission, of telecommunications services. The preceding  
56 sentence does not make a substantive change in the law and is intended to clarify that the term  
57 "manufacturing" has included and continues to include the production and transmission of  
58 "telecommunications services", as enacted in this subdivision and subdivision (5) of this  
59 subsection, as well as the definition in subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.010.  
60 The preceding two sentences reaffirm legislative intent consistent with the interpretation of  
61 this subdivision and subdivision (5) of this subsection in *Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v.*  
62 *Director of Revenue*, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002) and *Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v.*  
63 *Director of Revenue*, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), and accordingly abrogates the  
64 Missouri supreme court's interpretation of those exemptions in *IBM Corporation v. Director*  
65 *of Revenue*, 491 S.W.3d 535 (Mo. banc 2016) to the extent inconsistent with this section and  
66 *Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue*, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002) and  
67 *Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue*, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005). The  
68 construction and application of this subdivision as expressed by the Missouri supreme court  
69 in *DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue*, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); *Southwestern*  
70 *Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue*, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and *Southwestern Bell*  
71 *Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue*, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby affirmed.  
72 Material recovery is not the reuse of materials within a manufacturing process or the use of a  
73 product previously recovered. The material recovery processing plant shall qualify under the  
74 provisions of this section regardless of ownership of the material being recovered;

75 (5) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely  
76 required for the installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and  
77 used to establish new or to expand existing manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the  
78 state if such machinery and equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or  
79 fabricating a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption.

80 The construction and application of this subdivision as expressed by the Missouri supreme  
81 court in *DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue*, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001);  
82 *Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue*, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and  
83 *Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue*, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is  
84 hereby affirmed;

85 (6) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the manufacturing,  
86 processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the United States government or to  
87 any agency of the United States government;

88 (7) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes, or captive wildlife;

89 (8) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner, printing plates  
90 and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies used in producing  
91 newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general public;

92 (9) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture transcriptions for  
93 public commercial display;

94 (10) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered by  
95 pipelines engaged as common carriers;

96 (11) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in interstate  
97 commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four thousand pounds or  
98 more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in section 390.020, in the transportation  
99 of persons or property;

100 (12) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing,  
101 compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the actual  
102 secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery processing plant as  
103 defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection, in facilities owned or leased by the taxpayer, if  
104 the total cost of electrical energy so used exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production,  
105 either primary or secondary, exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw  
106 materials used in such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as  
107 defined in section 260.200. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the raw materials  
108 used in the primary manufacture of automobiles contain at least twenty-five percent  
109 recovered materials. For purposes of this subdivision, "processing" means any mode of  
110 treatment, act or series of acts performed upon materials to transform and reduce them to a  
111 different state or thing, including treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing  
112 by the producer at the production facility;

113 (13) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing,  
114 compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of less than  
115 one year;

116 (14) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used  
117 solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and materials and  
118 supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery,  
119 equipment, appliances and devices;

120 (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used  
121 solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and materials and  
122 supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery,  
123 equipment, appliances and devices;

124 (16) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;

125 (17) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other fees paid by  
126 or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation,  
127 games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated  
128 by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom  
129 benefit the municipality or other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person,  
130 firm, or corporation, provided, however, that a municipality or other political subdivision may  
131 enter into revenue-sharing agreements with private persons, firms, or corporations providing  
132 goods or services, including management services, in or for the place of amusement,  
133 entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, and provided further that nothing in this  
134 subdivision shall exempt from tax any amounts retained by any private person, firm, or  
135 corporation under such revenue-sharing agreement;

136 (18) All sales of insulin, and all sales, rentals, repairs, and parts of durable medical  
137 equipment, prosthetic devices, and orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 1980, by the  
138 federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965,  
139 including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act (**42 U.S.C. Section 1395y, as**  
140 **amended**), and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies and all sales  
141 of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed pharmacist only upon a lawful  
142 prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, including samples and  
143 materials used to manufacture samples which may be dispensed by a practitioner authorized  
144 to dispense such samples and all sales or rental of medical oxygen, home respiratory  
145 equipment and accessories including parts, and hospital beds and accessories and ambulatory  
146 aids including parts, and all sales or rental of manual and powered wheelchairs including  
147 parts, and stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased or  
148 rented by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical or mental disabilities to enable  
149 them to function more independently, all sales or rental of scooters including parts, and  
150 reading machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and  
151 augmentative communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor vehicles to  
152 permit the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities or sales of over-the-

153 counter or nonprescription drugs to individuals with disabilities, and drugs required by the  
154 Food and Drug Administration to meet the over-the-counter drug product labeling  
155 requirements in 21 CFR 201.66, or its successor, as prescribed by a health care  
156 practitioner licensed to prescribe;

157 (19) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and institutions in  
158 their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities and all sales made by or to all  
159 elementary and secondary schools operated at public expense in their educational functions  
160 and activities;

161 (20) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in interstate  
162 commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal  
163 organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been declared tax-exempt  
164 organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as  
165 amended, in their civic or charitable functions and activities and all sales made to  
166 eleemosynary and penal institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made to any  
167 private not-for-profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to  
168 subdivision (19) of this subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public  
169 funds, and all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and  
170 activities;

171 (21) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational associations  
172 which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science  
173 of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of animals, and by nonprofit summer theater  
174 organizations if such organizations are exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of  
175 the Internal Revenue Code and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair  
176 or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated  
177 pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530;

178 (22) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school, all  
179 sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry in the  
180 production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used in the production of crops, livestock or  
181 poultry for food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for  
182 food or fiber, all sales of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for  
183 drying agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of fuel  
184 ethanol as defined in section 142.028, natural gas, propane, and electricity used by an eligible  
185 new generation cooperative or an eligible new generation processing entity as defined in  
186 section 348.432, and all sales of farm machinery and equipment, other than airplanes, motor  
187 vehicles and trailers, and any freight charges on any exempt item. As used in this  
188 subdivision, the term "feed additives" means tangible personal property which, when mixed  
189 with feed for livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used



190 in this subdivision, the term "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, surfactants,  
191 wetting agents and other assorted pesticide carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a  
192 pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of pesticides and herbicides for the  
193 production of crops, livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "farm  
194 machinery and equipment" shall mean:

195 (a) New or used farm tractors and such other new or used farm machinery and  
196 equipment, including utility vehicles used for any agricultural use, and repair or replacement  
197 parts thereon and any accessories for and upgrades to such farm machinery and equipment  
198 and rotary mowers used for any agricultural purposes. For the purposes of this subdivision,  
199 "utility vehicle" shall mean any motorized vehicle manufactured and used exclusively for off-  
200 highway use which is more than fifty inches but no more than eighty inches in width,  
201 measured from outside of tire rim to outside of tire rim, with an unladen dry weight of three  
202 thousand five hundred pounds or less, traveling on four or six wheels;

203 (b) Supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely, and directly for producing crops,  
204 raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, pheasants, chukar, quail, or for producing milk for  
205 ultimate sale at retail, including field drain tile; and

206 (c) One-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel therefor which is:

207 a. Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;

208 b. Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm products; and

209 c. Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in processed form or  
210 otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold  
211 ultimately in processed form at retail;

212 (23) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered water  
213 service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home  
214 heating oil for domestic use and in any city not within a county, all sales of metered or  
215 unmetered water service for domestic use:

216 (a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, electricity, electrical  
217 current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil, and in any city not  
218 within a county, metered or unmetered water service, which an individual occupant of a  
219 residential premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility  
220 service through a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums,  
221 including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for  
222 domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby individual purchases  
223 are determined as exempt or nonexempt;

224 (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt  
225 or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate classifications as contained in tariffs  
226 on file with and approved by the Missouri public service commission. Sales and purchases

227 made pursuant to the rate classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on  
228 behalf of the occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master  
229 meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be considered  
230 as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from sales tax. Sellers shall  
231 charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The  
232 seller's utility service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be  
233 conclusive as to whether or not the utility must charge sales tax;

234 (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of services or property and who uses  
235 any portion of the services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use shall, by the  
236 fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment,  
237 notice or demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases.  
238 Each person making nondomestic purchases of services or property and who uses any portion  
239 of the services or property so purchased for domestic use, and each person making domestic  
240 purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single  
241 or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a  
242 nonresidential utility service rate classification may, between the first day of the first month  
243 and the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or  
244 refund to the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes  
245 paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such purchases on  
246 behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums shall have standing to apply to  
247 the director of revenue for such credit or refund;

248 (24) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse if the seller  
249 or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total gross proceeds from  
250 such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross income of the seller;

251 (25) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041, 4071, 4081,  
252 ~~[4091,]~~ 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United States Code. The director of  
253 revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 536 to eliminate all state and local sales  
254 taxes on such excise taxes;

255 (26) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or waterborne  
256 vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the  
257 conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located in part in this  
258 state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel  
259 while it is afloat upon such river;

260 (27) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections  
261 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100 in the exercise of the functions and activities  
262 of such agency as provided pursuant to the compact;

263 (28) Computers, computer software and computer security systems purchased for use  
264 by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this state. For the purposes of this  
265 subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means the office for the administrative management  
266 of at least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;

267 (29) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing, producing or  
268 feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of buying and selling,  
269 bartering or leasing of such livestock;

270 (30) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the transportation of  
271 property or cargo on interstate waterways;

272 (31) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, or other  
273 utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the manufacturing of cellular glass  
274 products or in any material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this  
275 subsection;

276 (32) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of pesticides or  
277 herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or poultry;

278 (33) Tangible personal property and utilities purchased for use or consumption  
279 directly or exclusively in the research and development of agricultural/biotechnology and  
280 plant genomics products and prescription pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;

281 (34) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;

282 (35) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of pets owned  
283 by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial breeder, as defined in  
284 section 273.325, and licensed pursuant to sections 273.325 to 273.357;

285 (36) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another state,  
286 provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases to a  
287 contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes of this subdivision, the term  
288 "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the entity is exempt from  
289 sales and use taxes on purchases pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is  
290 located. Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of  
291 the entity's exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate  
292 issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director of revenue to  
293 be invalid for any reason and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith, neither  
294 the contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and  
295 penalty due as the result of use of the invalid exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt  
296 from all state and local sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of  
297 fabricating tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose of  
298 constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following:

299 (a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those entities able to  
300 issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the provisions of section 144.062; or

301 (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is authorized to  
302 issue an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the provisions of that state's  
303 law and the applicable provisions of this section;

304 (37) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor who leases  
305 the property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the sale or  
306 other transfer to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or  
307 sections 238.010 to 238.100;

308 (38) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is held in a  
309 facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi-governmental  
310 agency, a state university or college or by the state or any political subdivision thereof,  
311 including a municipality, and that is played on a neutral site and may reasonably be played at  
312 a site located outside the state of Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site"  
313 means any site that is not located on the campus of a conference member institution  
314 participating in the event;

315 (39) All purchases by a sports complex authority created under section 64.920, and all  
316 sales of utilities by such authority at the authority's cost that are consumed in connection with  
317 the operation of a sports complex leased to a professional sports team;

318 (40) All materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon,  
319 and for the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, aircraft power  
320 plants, and aircraft accessories;

321 (41) Sales of sporting clays, wobble, skeet, and trap targets to any shooting range or  
322 similar places of business for use in the normal course of business and money received by a  
323 shooting range or similar places of business from patrons and held by a shooting range or  
324 similar place of business for redistribution to patrons at the conclusion of a shooting event;

325 (42) All sales of motor fuel, as defined in section 142.800, used in any watercraft, as  
326 defined in section 306.010;

327 (43) Any new or used aircraft sold or delivered in this state to a person who is not a  
328 resident of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state, and such aircraft is  
329 not to be based in this state and shall not remain in this state more than ten business days  
330 subsequent to the last to occur of:

331 (a) The transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a resident of this state or a  
332 corporation that is not incorporated in this state; or

333 (b) The date of the return to service of the aircraft in accordance with 14 CFR 91.407  
334 for any maintenance, preventive maintenance, rebuilding, alterations, repairs, or installations

335 that are completed contemporaneously with the transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who  
336 is not a resident of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state;

337 (44) Motor vehicles registered in excess of fifty-four thousand pounds, and the  
338 trailers pulled by such motor vehicles, that are actually used in the normal course of business  
339 to haul property on the public highways of the state, and that are capable of hauling loads  
340 commensurate with the motor vehicle's registered weight; and the materials, replacement  
341 parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or  
342 manufacture of such vehicles. For purposes of this subdivision, "motor vehicle" and "public  
343 highway" shall have the meaning as ascribed in section 390.020;

344 (45) All internet access or the use of internet access regardless of whether the tax is  
345 imposed on a provider of internet access or a buyer of internet access. For purposes of this  
346 subdivision, the following terms shall mean:

347 (a) "Direct costs", costs incurred by a governmental authority solely because of an  
348 internet service provider's use of the public right-of-way. The term shall not include costs that  
349 the governmental authority would have incurred if the internet service provider did not make  
350 such use of the public right-of-way. Direct costs shall be determined in a manner consistent  
351 with generally accepted accounting principles;

352 (b) "Internet", computer and telecommunications facilities, including equipment and  
353 operating software, that comprises the interconnected worldwide network that employ the  
354 transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocols  
355 to that protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio;

356 (c) "Internet access", a service that enables users to connect to the internet to access  
357 content, information, or other services without regard to whether the service is referred to as  
358 telecommunications, communications, transmission, or similar services, and without regard to  
359 whether a provider of the service is subject to regulation by the Federal Communications  
360 Commission as a common carrier under 47 U.S.C. Section 201, et seq. For purposes of this  
361 subdivision, internet access also includes: the purchase, use, or sale of communications  
362 services, including telecommunications services as defined in section 144.010, to the extent  
363 the communications services are purchased, used, or sold to provide the service described in  
364 this subdivision or to otherwise enable users to access content, information, or other services  
365 offered over the internet; services that are incidental to the provision of a service described in  
366 this subdivision, when furnished to users as part of such service, including a home page,  
367 electronic mail, and instant messaging, including voice-capable and video-capable electronic  
368 mail and instant messaging, video clips, and personal electronic storage capacity; a home  
369 page electronic mail and instant messaging, including voice-capable and video-capable  
370 electronic mail and instant messaging, video clips, and personal electronic storage capacity  
371 that are provided independently or that are not packed with internet access. As used in this

372 subdivision, internet access does not include voice, audio, and video programming or other  
373 products and services, except services described in this paragraph or this subdivision, that use  
374 internet protocol or any successor protocol and for which there is a charge, regardless of  
375 whether the charge is separately stated or aggregated with the charge for services described in  
376 this paragraph or this subdivision;

377 (d) "Tax", any charge imposed by the state or a political subdivision of the state for  
378 the purpose of generating revenues for governmental purposes and that is not a fee imposed  
379 for a specific privilege, service, or benefit conferred, except as described as otherwise under  
380 this subdivision, or any obligation imposed on a seller to collect and to remit to the state or a  
381 political subdivision of the state any gross retail tax, sales tax, or use tax imposed on a buyer  
382 by such a governmental entity. The term tax shall not include any franchise fee or similar fee  
383 imposed or authorized under sections 67.1830 to 67.1846 or section 67.2689; Section 622 or  
384 653 of the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 542 and 47 U.S.C. Section 573;  
385 or any other fee related to obligations of telecommunications carriers under the  
386 Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 151, et seq., except to the extent that:

387 a. The fee is not imposed for the purpose of recovering direct costs incurred by the  
388 franchising or other governmental authority from providing the specific privilege, service, or  
389 benefit conferred to the payer of the fee; or

390 b. The fee is imposed for the use of a public right-of-way based on a percentage of the  
391 service revenue, and the fee exceeds the incremental direct costs incurred by the  
392 governmental authority associated with the provision of that right-of-way to the provider  
393 of internet access service.

394

395 Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as an exemption from taxes due on goods or  
396 services that were subject to tax on January 1, 2016;

397 (46) All purchases by a company of solar photovoltaic energy systems, components  
398 used to construct a solar photovoltaic energy system, and all purchases of materials and  
399 supplies used directly to construct or make improvements to such systems, provided that such  
400 systems:

401 (a) Are sold or leased to an end user; or

402 (b) Are used to produce, collect and transmit electricity for resale or retail;

403 **(47) All sales of diapers, incontinence products, and feminine hygiene products.**

404 **The exemptions in this subdivision shall apply only to provisions of the state sales tax**  
405 **law as defined in sections 144.010 to 144.525 and sections 144.600 to 144.752 and from**  
406 **the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable pursuant to the state sales tax law**  
407 **as defined in sections 144.010 to 144.525 and sections 144.600 to 144.745. For the**  
408 **purposes of this subdivision, the following terms mean:**

409           **(a) "Diapers", absorbent garments worn by infants or toddlers who are not**  
410 **toilet-trained or by individuals who are incapable of controlling their bladder or bowel**  
411 **movements;**

412           **(b) "Feminine hygiene products", personal care products used to manage**  
413 **menstrual flow including, but not limited to, tampons, pads, liners, and cups;**

414           **(c) "Incontinence products", products designed specifically for hygiene matters**  
415 **related to urinary incontinence.**

416           3. Any ruling, agreement, or contract, whether written or oral, express or implied,  
417 between a person and this state's executive branch, or any other state agency or department,  
418 stating, agreeing, or ruling that such person is not required to collect sales and use tax in this  
419 state despite the presence of a warehouse, distribution center, or fulfillment center in this state  
420 that is owned or operated by the person or an affiliated person shall be null and void unless it  
421 is specifically approved by a majority vote of each of the houses of the general assembly. For  
422 purposes of this subsection, an "affiliated person" means any person that is a member of the  
423 same controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue  
424 Code of 1986, as amended, as the vendor or any other entity that, notwithstanding its form of  
425 organization, bears the same ownership relationship to the vendor as a corporation that is a  
426 member of the same controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the  
427 Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

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