SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 1942

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE SHARPE (4).

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 452.335 and 452.370, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to domestic relations.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 452.335 and 452.370, RSMo, are repealed and two new sections 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 452.335 and 452.370, to read as follows:

452.335. 1. In a proceeding for nonretroactive invalidity, dissolution of marriage or legal separation, or a proceeding for maintenance following dissolution of the marriage by a court which lacked personal jurisdiction over the absent spouse, the court may grant a maintenance order, which may be bridge, rehabilitative, or durational, to either spouse, but only if it finds that the spouse seeking maintenance:

6 (1) Lacks sufficient property, including marital property apportioned to him **or her**, to 7 provide for his **or her** reasonable needs; and

8 (2) Is unable to support himself **or herself** through appropriate employment or is the 9 custodian of a child whose condition or circumstances make it appropriate that the custodian 10 not be required to seek employment outside the home.

2. The general assembly hereby finds and declares that every spouse has a continuing duty to become self-supporting following the dissolution of a marriage, so long as physically and mentally capable. Further, maintenance is not intended as a substitute for gainful employment, an open-ended obligation without limitation, or a guaranty of a certain standard of living. The maintenance order shall be in such amounts and for such periods of time as the court deems just, and after considering all relevant factors, including:

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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18 (1) The financial resources of the party seeking maintenance, including marital 19 property apportioned to him **or her**, and his **or her** ability to meet his **or her** needs 20 independently, including the extent to which a provision for support of a child, **or a disabled** 21 **or incapacitated adult dependent**, living with the party includes a sum for that party as 22 custodian;

(2) The time necessary to acquire sufficient education or training to enable the partyseeking maintenance to find appropriate employment;

(3) The comparative earning capacity of each spouse and the efforts made by each
spouse to take steps to become self-supporting in accordance with subsection 2 of this
section;

(4) The standard of living established during the marriage considered in light of
 subsection 2 of this section;

30 (5) The obligations and assets, including the marital property apportioned to him or
 31 her and the separate property of each party;

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(6) The duration of the marriage;

33 (7) The age[,] and the physical and emotional condition of [the spouse seeking
 34 maintenance] each party;

35 (8) The ability of the spouse from whom maintenance is sought to meet his **or her** 36 needs while meeting those of the spouse seeking maintenance;

37 (9) The conduct of the parties during the marriage; and

38 (10) Any other relevant factors.

39 3. The maintenance order shall state if it is bridge, rehabilitative, or durational and whether the order is modifiable or nonmodifiable. The court [may] shall order maintenance 40 41 which includes a termination date in accordance with the provisions of this section. Unless 42 the maintenance order which includes a termination date is nonmodifiable, the court may 43 order the maintenance decreased, increased, terminated, extended, or otherwise modified 44 based upon a substantial and continuing change of circumstances which occurred prior to the 45 termination date of the original order, provided that no maintenance order shall be 46 modified to extend its duration in excess of the limits established in this section, except as provided in subsection 10 of this section. 47

48 4. For purposes of determining maintenance only, or a modification thereto, a 49 short-term marriage is a marriage having a duration of less than seven years; a 50 moderate-term marriage is a marriage having a duration of seven years or more but less 51 than seventeen years; and a long-term marriage is a marriage having a duration of 52 seventeen years or more. The duration of a marriage is the period of time from the first 53 day of the marriage until the date of the filing of a petition for dissolution of marriage or 54 legal separation.

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55 5. Bridge maintenance may be awarded to assist a party to a short-term 56 marriage seeking maintenance with legitimate, identifiable short-term needs. The 57 length of the maintenance shall not exceed two years. An award of bridge maintenance 58 shall terminate upon the death of either party or upon the remarriage of the party 59 receiving maintenance. An award of bridge maintenance shall not be modifiable in 60 amount or duration.

61 6. (1) Rehabilitative maintenance may be awarded to assist a party to a short-62 term or moderate-term marriage seeking maintenance in establishing the capacity for 63 self-support through either:

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(a) The redevelopment of previous skills or credentials; or

65 (b) The acquisition of education, training, or work experience necessary to 66 develop appropriate employment skills or credentials.

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(2) The length of the rehabilitative maintenance shall not exceed four years.

68 (3) An award of rehabilitative maintenance may be modified or terminated 69 based upon substantial and continuing changed circumstances, as a result of the failure, 70 or insufficient efforts being made by the party receiving rehabilitative maintenance, to 71 establish the capacity for self-support as provided in this subsection, or upon completion 72 of the rehabilitative efforts contemplated by this subsection, provided that the length of 73 the maintenance shall not be modified to exceed the limits set forth in this subsection, 74 except in accordance with subsection 10 of this section.

75 7. Durational maintenance may be awarded to provide for the needs and 76 necessities of life as they were established during a moderate-term or long-term 77 marriage. Durational maintenance may be awarded if such an award is appropriate 78 upon consideration of the factors set forth in subsection 2 of this section.

79 8. Except as provided in subsection 10 of this section, a court shall not order 80 durational maintenance that remains in effect for more than:

81 (1) Five years if the duration of the marriage was seven years or more but less 82 than twelve years;

83 (2) Seven years if the duration of the marriage was twelve years or more but less
84 than seventeen years; or

85 (3) Ten years if the duration of the marriage was seventeen years or more.

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An award of durational maintenance may be modified in accordance with the provisions of subsection 3 of this section, provided that the length of the maintenance shall not be modified to exceed the limits set forth in this subsection, except as provided in subsection 10 of this section.

91 9. In establishing the term of durational maintenance, and for purposes of all 92 maintenance modifications decided on or after August 28, 2024, the court shall consider 93 all relevant factors including, but not limited to:

94 (1) The retirement, or the prospect and ability of the payor of maintenance to 95 retire, from full-time employment or reduce his or her employment status to part-time 96 or accept lower paying employment as part of a plan to retire;

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(2) The age of the party paying maintenance;

98 (3) The duration and amount of maintenance already paid, and the efforts made
99 by the party seeking maintenance to become self-supporting;

(4) The likelihood that the lifestyle of both spouses may reasonably decline
 following a dissolution of marriage or legal separation and as the parties approach
 retirement age; and

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(5) The provisions of subsection 2 of this section.

104 **10.** Notwithstanding the limits set forth in subsections 6 and 8 of this section, a 105 court may award durational maintenance or modify rehabilitative or durational 106 maintenance in excess of the limits set forth in this section if the court specifically finds, 107 after consideration of all relevant factors, including those set forth in subsection 2 of this 108 section, that:

109 (1) Such limits will result in a substantial and continuing hardship for the party
 110 seeking, or currently receiving maintenance;

111 (2) The party seeking maintenance meets the criteria in subdivisions (1) and (2)
112 of subsection 1 of this section;

(3) The party seeking maintenance will be unable to establish the capacity for self-support within the maintenance limits set forth in subsection 6 or 8 of this section for the applicable marital duration at issue; and

116 (4) Extending the maintenance further under this subsection is just and fair to117 both parties.

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119 If the court extends the duration of the maintenance under this subsection, the court 120 shall enter written findings of fact and conclusions of law setting forth the grounds for 121 exceeding the limits set forth in this section in the order establishing or modifying rehabilitative or durational maintenance, specifically addressing subdivisions (1) to (4) 122 123 of this subsection, provided that absent findings made by the court in accordance with 124 this subsection, the maximum duration for any maintenance ordered under this 125 subsection, or in any proceeding where maintenance is considered, shall be the lesser of a time period equal to fifty percent of the duration of the marriage at issue, calculated 126 127 from the date of the marriage through separation, or fifteen years. The court shall also

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128 incorporate as part of any modifiable maintenance order entered under this chapter a 129 specific order that the party receiving maintenance has an affirmative duty to make 130 reasonable and continuing efforts to establish the capacity for self-support and to 131 become self-supporting, and the failure to do so may be relied upon by the court as 132 grounds for a modification or termination of maintenance in any future proceeding 133 unless the physical or mental condition of the party seeking maintenance or the 134 application of subsection 12 or 13 of this section makes the inclusion of such a provision 135 in the order unreasonable or inappropriate.

136 **11.** Except as otherwise provided by subsection 12 or 13 of this section, an order 137 awarding maintenance shall be subject to modification, if modifiable, or termination if it 138 can be shown that the recipient and another person are cohabitating or have entered 139 into a mutually supportive relationship that is the functional equivalent of marriage or a 140 committed partnership that has existed for at least twelve months of an eighteen-month 141 period.

142 12. For purposes of modification of prior orders establishing maintenance, the 143 standards set forth in this section shall be applicable to all initial actions and 144 modifications decided on or after August 28, 2024. Notwithstanding provisions to the 145 contrary contained in this section or section 452.370, either party to any maintenance 146 order entered prior to August 28, 2024, may file a modification under section 452.370 147 seeking to classify maintenance being paid under an existing maintenance order as 148 bridge, rehabilitative, or durational or to shorten or lengthen the term of maintenance 149 being paid under any such order, provided that the time limits, public policy statements, 150 and other provisions of this section and section 452.370 shall control in all such actions 151 initiated under those sections, including, without limitation, the durational limits on 152 maintenance specified in this section. There shall be a presumption in favor of 153 modifying such existing orders to bring them into conformity with the provisions of this 154 section and section 452.370 and specifically the public policy set forth in this section and 155 section 452.370, and courts shall have the latitude to give credit for maintenance paid 156 under an existing order toward any modified maintenance term entered as part of a 157 modification order.

158 **13.** Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit parties from reaching 159 an agreement, submitted in writing to the court, regarding the type or duration of 160 modifiable or nonmodifiable maintenance, regardless of whether the duration of 161 maintenance in such agreement exceeds the limits described in this section.

452.370. 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6 of section 452.325, and in 2 accordance with the provisions of section 452.335, the provisions of any judgment 3 respecting maintenance or support may be modified only upon a showing of [changed

4 circumstances so] substantial and continuing [as to make the terms unreasonable] changed

circumstances. In a proceeding for modification of any child support or maintenance 5 6 judgment, the court, in determining whether or not [a] substantial [change in] and continuing 7 changed circumstances [has] have occurred, shall consider all financial resources of both 8 parties, including the extent to which the reasonable expenses of either party are, or should 9 be, shared by a spouse or other person with whom he or she cohabits, and the earning capacity of a party who is not employed. If the application of the child support guidelines and criteria 10 set forth in section 452.340 and applicable supreme court rules to the financial circumstances 11 of the parties would result in a change of child support from the existing amount by twenty 12 percent or more, a prima facie showing has been made of [a change of circumstances so] 13 substantial and continuing [as to make the present terms unreasonable] changed 14 15 circumstances, if the existing amount was based upon the presumed amount pursuant to 16 the child support guidelines.

2. When the party seeking modification has met the burden of proof set forth in
subsection 1 of this section, the child support shall be determined in conformity with criteria
set forth in section 452.340 and applicable supreme court rules.

3. Unless otherwise agreed in writing or expressly provided in the judgment, the obligation to pay future statutory maintenance is terminated upon the death of either party [or], the remarriage of the party receiving maintenance, or if it can be shown that the party receiving maintenance and another person are cohabitating or have entered into a mutually supportive relationship that is the functional equivalent of marriage or committed partnership that has existed for at least twelve months of an eighteen-month period.

4. Unless otherwise agreed in writing or expressly provided in the judgment, provisions for the support of a child are terminated by emancipation of the child. The parent entitled to receive child support shall have the duty to notify the parent obligated to pay support of the child's emancipation and failing to do so, the parent entitled to receive child support shall be liable to the parent obligated to pay support for child support paid following emancipation of a minor child, plus interest.

5. If a parent has made an assignment of support rights to the family support division on behalf of the state as a condition of eligibility for benefits pursuant to the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program and either party initiates a motion to modify the support obligation by reducing it, the state of Missouri shall be named as a party to the proceeding. The state shall be served with a copy of the motion by sending it by certified mail to the director of the family support division.

6. The court shall have continuing personal jurisdiction over both the obligee and theobligor of a court order for child support or maintenance for the purpose of modifying such

order. Both obligee and obligor shall notify, in writing, the clerk of the court in which the 41 support or maintenance order was entered of any change of mailing address. If personal 42 43 service of the motion cannot be had in this state, the motion to modify and notice of hearing 44 shall be served outside the state as provided by supreme court rule 54.14. The order may be 45 modified only as to support or maintenance installments which accrued subsequent to the date of personal service. For the purpose of 42 U.S.C. Section 666(a)(9)(C), the circuit clerk shall 46 47 be considered the appropriate agent to receive notice of the motion to modify for the obligee 48 or the obligor, but only in those instances in which personal service could not be had in this 49 state.

50 7. If a responsive pleading raising the issues of custody or visitation is filed in 51 response to a motion to modify child support filed at the request of the family support 52 division by a prosecuting attorney or circuit attorney or an attorney under contract with the 53 division, such responsive pleading shall be severed upon request.

8. Notwithstanding any provision of this section which requires a showing of substantial and continuing [change in] changed circumstances, in a IV-D case filed pursuant to this section by the family support division as provided in section 454.400, the court shall modify a support order in accordance with the guidelines and criteria set forth in supreme court rule 88.01 and any regulations thereunder if the amount in the current order differs from the amount which would be ordered in accordance with such guidelines or regulations.

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