## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

# HOUSE BILL NO. 1867

## **102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

## INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE RICHEY.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 143.121 and 408.010, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to the sole purpose of regulating the treatment and use of gold and silver.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 143.121 and 408.010, RSMo, are repealed and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 30.266, 143.121, and 408.010, to read as follows:

30.266. 1. The state treasurer may keep in the custody of the state treasury an amount of specie greater than or equal to one percent of all state funds, provided that all such specie that is not needed for current expenses shall be placed on time deposit, bearing interest, in one or more banking institutions in this state, as required by Article IV, Section 15 of the Constitution of Missouri. Nothing in this section shall require the state treasurer to invest any state funds and funds received from the United States government in a manner inconsistent with Article IV, Section 15 of the Constitution of Missouri.

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2. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

10 (1) "Banking institution", the same meaning given to such term in Article IV,
11 Section 15 of the Constitution of Missouri;

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- (2) "Specie", the same meaning as in section 408.010.

143.121. 1. The Missouri adjusted gross income of a resident individual shall be the 2 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income subject to the modifications in this section.

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- 2. There shall be added to the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income:

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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(1) The amount of any federal income tax refund received for a prior year which 4 5 resulted in a Missouri income tax benefit. The amount added pursuant to this subdivision 6 shall not include any amount of a federal income tax refund attributable to a tax credit reducing a taxpayer's federal tax liability pursuant to Public Law 116-136 or 116-260, enacted 7 by the 116th United States Congress, for the tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2020, 8 and ending on or before December 31, 2020, and deducted from Missouri adjusted gross 9 income pursuant to section 143.171. The amount added under this subdivision shall also not 10 include any amount of a federal income tax refund attributable to a tax credit reducing a 11 taxpayer's federal tax liability under any other federal law that provides direct economic 12 impact payments to taxpayers to mitigate financial challenges related to the COVID-19 13 pandemic, and deducted from Missouri adjusted gross income under section 143.171; 14

15 (2) Interest on certain governmental obligations excluded from federal gross income by 26 U.S.C. Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The previous sentence 16 17 shall not apply to interest on obligations of the state of Missouri or any of its political subdivisions or authorities and shall not apply to the interest described in subdivision (1) of 18 19 subsection 3 of this section. The amount added pursuant to this subdivision shall be reduced 20 by the amounts applicable to such interest that would have been deductible in computing the 21 taxable income of the taxpayer except only for the application of 26 U.S.C. Section 265 of the 22 Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The reduction shall only be made if it is at least five 23 hundred dollars;

24 (3) The amount of any deduction that is included in the computation of federal 25 taxable income pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 to the extent the amount deducted 26 27 relates to property purchased on or after July 1, 2002, but before July 1, 2003, and to the extent the amount deducted exceeds the amount that would have been deductible pursuant to 28 29 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as in effect on January 1, 2002; 30 (4) The amount of any deduction that is included in the computation of federal 31 taxable income for net operating loss allowed by 26 U.S.C. Section 172 of the Internal 32 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, other than the deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. Section 172(b)(1)(G) and 26 U.S.C. Section 172(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 33 amended, for a net operating loss the taxpayer claims in the tax year in which the net 34 operating loss occurred or carries forward for a period of more than twenty years and carries 35 36 backward for more than two years. Any amount of net operating loss taken against federal taxable income but disallowed for Missouri income tax purposes pursuant to this subdivision 37 38 after June 18, 2002, may be carried forward and taken against any income on the Missouri 39 income tax return for a period of not more than twenty years from the year of the initial loss; 40 and

41 (5) For nonresident individuals in all taxable years ending on or after December 31, 42 2006, the amount of any property taxes paid to another state or a political subdivision of 43 another state for which a deduction was allowed on such nonresident's federal return in the 44 taxable year unless such state, political subdivision of a state, or the District of Columbia 45 allows a subtraction from income for property taxes paid to this state for purposes of 46 calculating income for the income tax for such state, political subdivision of a state, or the 47 District of Columbia;

48 (6) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, any interest expense paid 49 or accrued in a previous taxable year, but allowed as a deduction under 26 U.S.C. Section 50 163, as amended, in the current taxable year by reason of the carryforward of disallowed 51 business interest provisions of 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended. For the purposes of this 52 subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year the 53 deduction would have been allowable under 26 U.S.C. Section 163, as amended, if the 54 limitation under 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended, did not exist.

55 3. There shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the 56 following amounts to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income:

57 (1) Interest received on deposits held at a federal reserve bank or interest or dividends 58 on obligations of the United States and its territories and possessions or of any authority, 59 commission or instrumentality of the United States to the extent exempt from Missouri 60 income taxes pursuant to the laws of the United States. The amount subtracted pursuant to 61 this subdivision shall be reduced by any interest on indebtedness incurred to carry the 62 described obligations or securities and by any expenses incurred in the production of interest or dividend income described in this subdivision. The reduction in the previous sentence 63 64 shall only apply to the extent that such expenses including amortizable bond premiums are 65 deducted in determining the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or included in the taxpayer's Missouri itemized deduction. The reduction shall only be made if the expenses 66 total at least five hundred dollars; 67

68 (2) The portion of any gain, from the sale or other disposition of property having a 69 higher adjusted basis to the taxpayer for Missouri income tax purposes than for federal 70 income tax purposes on December 31, 1972, that does not exceed such difference in basis. If 71 a gain is considered a long-term capital gain for federal income tax purposes, the modification 72 shall be limited to one-half of such portion of the gain;

(3) The amount necessary to prevent the taxation pursuant to this chapter of any annuity or other amount of income or gain which was properly included in income or gain and was taxed pursuant to the laws of Missouri for a taxable year prior to January 1, 1973, to the taxpayer, or to a decedent by reason of whose death the taxpayer acquired the right to receive

77 the income or gain, or to a trust or estate from which the taxpayer received the income or 78 gain;

(4) Accumulation distributions received by a taxpayer as a beneficiary of a trust to theextent that the same are included in federal adjusted gross income;

(5) The amount of any state income tax refund for a prior year which was included inthe federal adjusted gross income;

(6) The portion of capital gain specified in section 135.357 that would otherwise beincluded in federal adjusted gross income;

(7) The amount that would have been deducted in the computation of federal taxable income pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on January 1, 2002, to the extent that amount relates to property purchased on or after July 1, 2002, but before July 1, 2003, and to the extent that amount exceeds the amount actually deducted pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002;

91 (8) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, the amount of any income received for military service while the taxpayer serves in a combat zone which is included in 92 93 federal adjusted gross income and not otherwise excluded therefrom. As used in this section, 94 "combat zone" means any area which the President of the United States by Executive Order designates as an area in which Armed Forces of the United States are or have engaged in 95 96 combat. Service is performed in a combat zone only if performed on or after the date 97 designated by the President by Executive Order as the date of the commencing of combat 98 activities in such zone, and on or before the date designated by the President by Executive 99 Order as the date of the termination of combatant activities in such zone;

100 (9) For all tax years ending on or after July 1, 2002, with respect to qualified property 101 that is sold or otherwise disposed of during a taxable year by a taxpayer and for which an 102 additional modification was made under subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section, the 103 amount by which additional modification made under subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this 104 section on qualified property has not been recovered through the additional subtractions 105 provided in subdivision (7) of this subsection;

106 (10) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, the amount of any 107 income received as payment from any program which provides compensation to agricultural 108 producers who have suffered a loss as the result of a disaster or emergency, including the:

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- (a) Livestock Forage Disaster Program;
- 110 (b) Livestock Indemnity Program;
- 111 (c) Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybees, and Farm-Raised Fish;
- 112 (d) Emergency Conservation Program;
- 113 (e) Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program;

- 114 (f) Pasture, Rangeland, Forage Pilot Insurance Program;
- 115 (g) Annual Forage Pilot Program;
- 116 (h) Livestock Risk Protection Insurance Plan;
- 117 (i) Livestock Gross Margin Insurance Plan;

(11) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, any interest expense paid or accrued in the current taxable year, but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed under 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended. For the purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under 26 U.S.C. Section 163, as amended, if the limitation under 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended, did not exist;

124 (12) One hundred percent of any retirement benefits received by any taxpayer as a 125 result of the taxpayer's service in the Armed Forces of the United States, including reserve 126 components and the National Guard of this state, as defined in 32 U.S.C. Sections 101(3) and 127 109, and any other military force organized under the laws of this state; [and]

(13) One hundred percent of any federal grant moneys received for the purpose of
 providing or expanding access to broadband internet to areas of the state deemed to be lacking
 such access; and

(14) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, the portion of
capital gain on the sale or exchange of specie, as that term is defined in section 408.010,
that are otherwise included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.

4. There shall be added to or subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted grossincome the taxpayer's share of the Missouri fiduciary adjustment provided in section 143.351.

136 5. There shall be added to or subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross137 income the modifications provided in section 143.411.

6. In addition to the modifications to a taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income in this section, to calculate Missouri adjusted gross income there shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income any gain recognized pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 141 1033 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, arising from compulsory or 142 involuntary conversion of property as a result of condemnation or the imminence thereof.

143 7. (1) As used in this subsection, "qualified health insurance premium" means the 144 amount paid during the tax year by such taxpayer for any insurance policy primarily 145 providing health care coverage for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's 146 dependents.

147 (2) In addition to the subtractions in subsection 3 of this section, one hundred percent
148 of the amount of qualified health insurance premiums shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's
149 federal adjusted gross income to the extent the amount paid for such premiums is included in

150 federal taxable income. The taxpayer shall provide the department of revenue with proof of 151 the amount of qualified health insurance premiums paid.

152 8. (1) Beginning January 1, 2014, in addition to the subtractions provided in this 153 section, one hundred percent of the cost incurred by a taxpayer for a home energy audit 154 conducted by an entity certified by the department of natural resources under section 640.153 155 or the implementation of any energy efficiency recommendations made in such an audit shall 156 be subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income to the extent the amount paid 157 for any such activity is included in federal taxable income. The taxpayer shall provide the 158 department of revenue with a summary of any recommendations made in a gualified home 159 energy audit, the name and certification number of the qualified home energy auditor who conducted the audit, and proof of the amount paid for any activities under this subsection for 160 161 which a deduction is claimed. The taxpayer shall also provide a copy of the summary of any 162 recommendations made in a qualified home energy audit to the department of natural 163 resources.

164 (2) At no time shall a deduction claimed under this subsection by an individual 165 taxpayer or taxpayers filing combined returns exceed one thousand dollars per year for 166 individual taxpayers or cumulatively exceed two thousand dollars per year for taxpayers 167 filing combined returns.

168 (3) Any deduction claimed under this subsection shall be claimed for the tax year in 169 which the qualified home energy audit was conducted or in which the implementation of the 170 energy efficiency recommendations occurred. If implementation of the energy efficiency 171 recommendations occurred during more than one year, the deduction may be claimed in more 172 than one year, subject to the limitations provided under subdivision (2) of this subsection.

(4) A deduction shall not be claimed for any otherwise eligible activity under this
subsection if such activity qualified for and received any rebate or other incentive through a
state-sponsored energy program or through an electric corporation, gas corporation, electric
cooperative, or municipally owned utility.

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9. The provisions of subsection 8 of this section shall expire on December 31, 2020.10. (1) As used in this subsection, the following terms mean:

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(a) "Beginning farmer", a taxpayer who:

a. Has filed at least one but not more than ten Internal Revenue Service Schedule F
(Form 1040) Profit or Loss From Farming forms since turning eighteen years of age;

b. Is approved for a beginning farmer loan through the USDA Farm Service AgencyBeginning Farmer direct or guaranteed loan program;

c. Has a farming operation that is determined by the department of agriculture to be new production agriculture but is the principal operator of a farm and has substantial farming knowledge; or

187 d. Has been determined by the department of agriculture to be a qualified family188 member;

(b) "Farm owner", an individual who owns farmland and disposes of or relinquishesuse of all or some portion of such farmland as follows:

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a. A sale to a beginning farmer;

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b. A lease or rental agreement not exceeding ten years with a beginning farmer; or

c. A crop-share arrangement not exceeding ten years with a beginning farmer;

(c) "Qualified family member", an individual who is related to a farm owner within
the fourth degree by blood, marriage, or adoption and who is purchasing or leasing or is in a
crop-share arrangement for land from all or a portion of such farm owner's farming operation.

(2) (a) In addition to all other subtractions authorized in this section, a taxpayer who
is a farm owner who sells all or a portion of such farmland to a beginning farmer may subtract
from such taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income an amount to the extent included in
federal adjusted gross income as provided in this subdivision.

(b) Subject to the limitations in paragraph (c) of this subdivision, the amount that may be subtracted shall be equal to the portion of capital gains received from the sale of such farmland that such taxpayer receives in the tax year for which such taxpayer subtracts such capital gain.

205 (c) A taxpayer may subtract the following amounts and percentages per tax year in 206 total capital gains received from the sale of such farmland under this subdivision:

a. For the first two million dollars received, one hundred percent;

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b. For the next one million dollars received, eighty percent;

d. For the next one million dollars received, forty percent; and

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c. For the next one million dollars received, sixty percent;

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e. For the next one million dollars received, twenty percent.

212 (d) The department of revenue shall prepare an annual report reviewing the costs and 213 benefits and containing statistical information regarding the subtraction of capital gains 214 authorized under this subdivision for the previous tax year including, but not limited to, the 215 total amount of all capital gains subtracted and the number of taxpayers subtracting such 216 capital gains. Such report shall be submitted before February first of each year to the 217 committee on agriculture policy of the Missouri house of representatives and the committee 218 on agriculture, food production and outdoor resources of the Missouri senate, or the successor 219 committees.

(3) (a) In addition to all other subtractions authorized in this section, a taxpayer who
 is a farm owner who enters a lease or rental agreement for all or a portion of such farmland
 with a beginning farmer may subtract from such taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income an

223 amount to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income as provided in this 224 subdivision.

(b) Subject to the limitation in paragraph (c) of this subdivision, the amount that may be subtracted shall be equal to the portion of cash rent income received from the lease or rental of such farmland that such taxpayer receives in the tax year for which such taxpayer subtracts such income.

(c) No taxpayer shall subtract more than twenty-five thousand dollars per tax year in
 total cash rent income received from the lease or rental of such farmland under this
 subdivision.

(4) (a) In addition to all other subtractions authorized in this section, a taxpayer who is a farm owner who enters a crop-share arrangement on all or a portion of such farmland with a beginning farmer may subtract from such taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income an amount to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income as provided in this subdivision.

(b) Subject to the limitation in paragraph (c) of this subdivision, the amount that may
be subtracted shall be equal to the portion of income received from the crop-share
arrangement on such farmland that such taxpayer receives in the tax year for which such
taxpayer subtracts such income.

241 (c) No taxpayer shall subtract more than twenty-five thousand dollars per tax year in 242 total income received from the lease or rental of such farmland under this subdivision.

(5) The department of agriculture shall, by rule, establish a process to verify that a taxpayer is a beginning farmer for purposes of this section and shall provide verification to the beginning farmer and farm seller of such farmer's and seller's certification and qualification for the exemption provided in this subsection.

408.010. [The silver coins of the United States are hereby declared a] 1. This section 2 shall be known and may be cited as the "Constitutional Money Act".

2. Specie legal tender and electronic currency shall be accepted as legal tender[, at
their par value, fixed by the laws of the United States, and shall be receivable in] for payment
of all public debts[, public or private,] hereafter contracted in the state of Missouri[;
provided, however, that no person shall have the right to pay, upon any one debt, dimes and
half dimes to an amount exceeding ten dollars, or of twenty and twenty-five cent pieces
exceeding twenty dollars] and may be accepted as payment for all private debts hereafter
contracted in the state of Missouri, in the discretion of the receiving entity.
The state of Missouri shall accept specie legal tender and electronic currency

10 3. The state of Missouri shall accept specie legal tender and electronic currency 11 as payment for any debt, tax, fee, or obligation owed. Costs incurred in the course of 12 verification of the weight and purity of any specie legal tender or electronic currency 13 during any such transaction shall be borne by the receiving entity.

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4. Except as expressly provided by contract, no person or entity shall be required
to use specie legal tender or electronic currency in the payment of any debt and nothing
in this section shall prohibit the use of federal reserve notes in the payment of any debt.

5. Under no circumstance shall the state of Missouri or any department, agency,
court, political subdivision, or instrumentality thereof:

(1) Seize from any person any specie legal tender or electronic currency that is
owned by such person, except as otherwise provided in section 513.607. Any person
whose specie legal tender or electronic currency is seized in violation of this subdivision
shall have a cause of action in a court of competent jurisdiction, with any successful such
action resulting in the award of attorney's fees;

(2) Enforce or attempt to enforce any federal acts, laws, executive orders,
 administrative orders, rules, regulations, statutes, or ordinances infringing on the right
 of a person to keep and use specie legal tender and electronic currency as provided in
 this section;

(3) Restrict in any way the ability of a person or financial institution to acquire
 specie legal tender or electronic currency or use specie legal tender or electronic
 currency in transactions; or

31 (4) Enact any law discriminating or favoring one means of legal tender in the 32 course of a transaction over another means of legal tender.

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6. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Bullion", refined precious metal, limited to gold and silver only, in any
 shape or form, with uniform content and purity, including, but not limited to, coins,
 rounds, bars, ingots, and any other products, that are:

37 (a) Stamped or imprinted with the weight and purity of the precious metal that it38 contains; and

39 (b) Valued primarily based on its metal content and not on its form and 40 function;

(2) "Electronic currency", a representation of actual gold and silver, specie, and
bullion held in a depository account, which may be transferred by electronic instruction.
Such representation shall reflect the exact unit of physical specie or gold and silver
bullion in the depository account in its fractional troy ounce measurement as provided
in this section;

46 (3) "Legal tender", a recognized medium of exchange for the payment of debts,
47 public charges, taxes or dues that is:

48 (a) Authorized by the United States Congress pursuant to Article I, Section 8 of
 49 the United States Constitution; or

50 (b) Authorized by Missouri law pursuant to Article I, Section 10 of the United 51 **States Constitution;** 

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  - (4) "Precious metal", gold or silver;

(5) "Specie", bullion fabricated into products of uniform shape, size, design, 53 54 content, weight, and purity that are suitable for or customarily used as currency, as a 55 medium of exchange, or as the medium for purchase, sale, storage, transfer, or delivery 56 of precious metals in retail or wholesale transactions;

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- 57 (6) "Specie legal tender", includes any of the following:
- 58 (a) Specie coin issued by the Federal Government at any time; and
- 59 (b) Any other specie.