Section	Original Bill	Sponsor	Status as of 4/24/24	Description
42.022, 42.051,	SS SCS SB	Brown	Underlying bill	VETERAN SUICIDE (Section 42.022)
42.312, 143.174, 143.175, 227.854, 301.142, 301.3030, 301.3061, 301.3180, and 302.188.	912			This requires the Missouri Veterans' Commission to review the provisions of the Commander John Scott Hannon Veterans Mental Health Care Improvement Act of 2019 and any regulations related to the Act. After review, the Commission, in collaboration with the Department of Mental Health, shall provide recommendations and make efforts to adopt procedures, programs, treatment options, aid, and other assistance necessary to assist in the efforts to prevent veteran suicide. Additionally, this bill provides that the Commission must file a report with the Department of Public Safety and the General Assembly on the recommendations, implementation, and effectiveness of the Commission's efforts to prevent veteran suicide before July 1, 2025, and by every subsequent July 1st.
				These provisions are the same as HB 132 (2023), provisions in SCS SB 734 (2024) and provisions in SCS HB 1067 (2023.
				SERVICES FOR VETERAN BY STATE AGENCIES (Section 42.051)
				Currently, state agencies must ensure that any form created or modified after August 28, 2021, that is used to collect data from individuals includes certain questions regarding veteran status and the provision of the agency's assistance and information on veteran services. This provides that state agencies shall include the following questions on any form created or modified after August 28, 2024, that is used to interact with members of the public:
				(1) Have you ever served on active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States and separated from such service under conditions other than dishonorable?
				(2) Would you like to receive information and assistance regarding veteran benefits and services?
				(3) May the agency share your contact information with the Missouri Veterans Commission to provide such information? General information may also be found on the Missouri Veterans Commission's website.
				Every state agency shall provide the contact information of those individuals answering question (3) in the affirmative to the Missouri Veterans Commission within seven business days of receipt and shall provide the contact information in a format readily accessible by the Commission.

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Additionally, every state agency shall provide information regarding the agency's applicable veteran services and benefits in a format readily accessible and identifiable to individuals answering questions (1) and (2) in the affirmative and to the Commission. On January 1st of each year, the Commission shall post a report on its website that includes the total number of individuals whose contact information has been submitted by each state agency to the Commission and the total number of individuals contacted as a result of such submission.

These provisions are the same as provisions in SCS SB 734 (2024).

OPERATION ENDURING FREEDOM, OPERATION FREEDOM'S SENTINEL, & OPERATION ALLIES REFUGE PROGRAM (Section 42.312)

This establishes a new medallion program, "Operation Enduring Freedom, Operation Freedom's Sentinel, and Operation Allies Refuge Program". This bill specifies that, any veteran who served on active duty during certain dates, is a legal resident of this state or was a legal resident at the time of discharge from military service, or was a Missouri National Guard member regardless of residency, is eligible for a medal of appreciation for service.

These provisions are the same as provisions in SCS SB 734 (2024), provisions in SS SB 540 (2023), SB 611 (2023), HB 836 (2023), and in SCS HB 1067 (2023).

ARMED FORCES INCOME TAX DEDUCTION (Sections 143.174 and 143.175)

Current law authorizes an income tax deduction for active and reserve members of the Armed Forces for a percentage of such taxpayer's income received as salary or compensation as a member of the Armed Forces. This bill provides that the term "salary or compensation" shall include any signing bonus.

These provisions are the same as provisions in SCS/SB 734 (2024), provisions in SS/SB 540 (2023), and provisions in SCS/HB 1067 (2023).

POW/MIA SSG PAUL HASENBECK MEMORIAL HIGHWAY (Section 227.854)

This designates "POW/MIA SSG Paul Hasenbeck Memorial Highway" in Osage County. Costs for the designation shall be paid by the Department of Transportation.

These provisions are the same as SB 1308 (2024) and HB 1908 (2024).

DISABLED LICENSE PLATES AND WINDSHIELD PLACARDS (Section 301.142)

This provides that applicants for a disabled license plate or windshield placard who have presented proof of disability in the form of a statement from the United States Veterans' Administration verifying that the person is permanently disabled shall not be required to provide

			physician's statements of physical disability for issuance or renewal of the license plate or windshield placard.
			The bill also makes technical modifications to the underlying statute.
			These provisions are similar to SB 114 (2023).
			DRIVER'S LICENSES AND SPECIAL LICENSE PLATES (Sections 301.3030, 301.3061, 301.3180, and 302.188)
			Special license plates involving military actions or personnel shall not be subject to a special fee for issuance or personalization of one set of the plates issued to each qualified applicant.
			This bill requires that the Disabled American Veterans special license plate will bear the emblem of the Disabled American Veterans organization and will have an authorized Disabled American Veterans' slogan near the bottom of the plate, and removes language specifically describing the emblem and slogan from statute.
			These provisions are the same as provisions in SCS HB 1067 (2023).
			This creates an "Army of Occupation Medal" special license plate, available to recipients of the medal.
			The adds to the list of documents accepted by the Department of Revenue for applicants to obtain a veteran designation on his or her driver's license. The statute is also modified so that the military discharge documents acceptable for this purpose are not limited to those specifically listed.
			These provisions are the same as SB 1474 (2024).
442.571 Removed from HCS	SS SCS SB 912		FOREIGN OWNERSHIP OF AGRICULTURAL LAND NEAR MILITARY AREAS (Section 442.571) (Removed in HCS)
	Removed in HCS		The SS modifies provisions relating to foreign ownership of agricultural land near certain military areas.
			Currently, aliens and foreign businesses are capable of acquiring, by grant, purchase, devise, or descent, no more than 1% of the total aggregate agricultural acreage in the state can be owned by an alien or foreign business. The SS repealed that provision and provided that beginning August 28, 2024, no alien or foreign business shall acquire agricultural land within 500 miles of certain military areas or business establishments engaged in certain military manufacturing as provided in the bill.

				Those persons that have acquired agricultural land in such areas prior to August 28, 2024, shall continue to own and hold the acquired land, but shall not grant, sell, or otherwise transfer on or after August 28, 2024, to any other alien or foreign business.
				After August 28, 2024, all proposed transfers of any interest in agricultural land held by any alien or foreign business in the state shall be submitted at least 30 calendar days prior to when such transfers of such agricultural land are finalized to the Department of Agriculture.
				These provisions are the same as provisions in SCS SB 734 (2024), and similar to SB 9 (2023), SB 55 (2023), SCS SBs 332, 334, 541 & 144 (2023), HB 465 (2023), a provision in CCS SS SCS HCS HB 903, 465, 430 & 499 (2023).
115.085	SCS SB 1415	Black	Voted Do Pass	Current law permits only registered voters in this state to serve as election judges. This bill allows military service members on active duty in this state and nonresident military spouses to also serve as election judges.
				This provision has an effective date of January 1, 2025.
173.239	SB 1322	Crawford	Voted Do Pass	Currently, any Missouri National Guard member may be awarded an educational assistance grant to an approved public or private higher education institution. This bill provides that any Missouri National Guard member may be awarded, upon application before each semester, either a tuition and fee waiver for undergraduate courses at a postsecondary institution of higher education located in this state that directly receives funds appropriated by the General Assembly or a grant to certain eligible institutions as defined in the bill. The educational assistance shall not exceed the lesser of the actual tuition charged at an institution where the member is enrolled or accepted for enrollment or the total of the number of credit hours taken multiplied by the average tuition cost per credit hour charged to a Missouri resident at the University of Missouri for attendance, with the average cost determined by the Missouri National Guard.
452.1200, 452.1202, 452.1204, 452.1206, 452.1208, 452.1210, 452.1212, 452.1214,	HB 1494	Griffith	Perfected	The bill states the situations in which the residence of a deploying parent is not changed by reason of deployment and when disclosure of their residence is allowed and prohibited when a court with jurisdiction issues a temporary or permanent order regarding custodial responsibility.  Furthermore, a deploying parent shall notify the other parent, in a record, of a pending
452.1216, 452.1218,				deployment not later than seven days after receiving notice of deployment unless reasonably

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452.1220, 452.1222, 452.1224, 452.1226, 4452.1228, 452.1230, 452.1232,	prevented from doing so by the circumstances of service, and then the deploying parent shall notify as soon as reasonably possible. Each parent shall provide the other parent, in a record, with a plan for fulfilling that parent's share of custodial responsibility during deployment. Each parent shall provide the plan as soon as reasonably possible after notification of deployment.
452.1234, 452.1236, 452.1238, 452.1240, 452.1242, 452.1244, 452.1246, 452.1248,	The bill also states that in a proceeding for custodial responsibility of a child of a service member, a court may not consider a parent's past deployment or possible future deployment in itself in determining the best interest of the child but may consider any significant impact on the best interest of the child of the parent's past or possible future deployment.
452.1250, 452.1252, 452.1254, 452.1256, and 452.1258	The bill also explains the procedure in which the parents can enter into a temporary agreement that grants custodial responsibilities over the child during deployment. Such agreement will terminate after the deploying parent returns from deployment unless the agreement has been terminated before that time by court order or modification. If granted caretaking authority over the child by the temporary agreement, subject to the provisions in this bill, that nonparent has standing to enforce the agreement until it has been terminated by court order or by modification.
	The bill also states the court procedures needed to file a motion to grant custodial responsibility as well as the procedure in which the temporary custodial responsibility agreement can be modified or terminated.
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Unless a grant of caretaking authority to a nonparent is agreed to by the other parent, the granted authority is limited to an amount of time not greater than:

- (1) The amount of time granted to the deploying parent under a permanent custody order, but the court may add unusual travel time necessary to transport the child; or
- (2) In the absence of a permanent custody order that is currently in effect, the amount of time that the deploying parent habitually cared for the child before being notified of deployment, but the court may add unusual travel time necessary to transport the child.

After a deploying parent returns from deployment, until a temporary agreement or order for custodial responsibility is terminated, the court shall issue a temporary order granting the deploying parent reasonable contact with the child unless it is contrary to the best interest of the child, even if the time of contact exceeds the time the deploying parent spent with the child before deployment.

If an agreement between the parties to terminate a temporary order for custodial responsibility has not been filed, the order terminates 60 days after the deploying parent gives notice to the other

				parent and any nonparent granted custodial responsibility that the deploying parent has returned from deployment.
				The provisions in this bill modify, limit, or supersede the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001 et seq., but do not modify, limit, or supersede Section 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in Section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7003(b). This bill does not affect the validity of a temporary court order concerning custodial responsibility during deployment which was entered before August 28, 2024.
				This bill is similar to HB 129 (2023).
620.3305	Added in HCS	Hardwick	Voted Do Pass	This bill creates in the state treasury the "Missouri Veterans and Job Opportunity Grant Program Fund." The fund will consist of any appropriations, any gifts, contributions, grants, or bequests received from private or other sources. Grants will be disbursed to eligible employers registered to do business in Missouri that have paid wages to any individual in a targeted group. At least 50% of the funds available during a fiscal year have to be reserved for eligible employers paying a qualified veteran.
				An individual is a member of a targeted group if such individual is:
				1. A qualified IV–A recipient,
				2. A veteran,
				3. A qualified ex-felon,
				4. A designated community resident,
				5. A vocational rehabilitation referral,
				6. A qualified summer youth employee,
				7. A qualified supplemental nutrition assistance program benefits recipient,
				8. A qualified SSI recipient,
				9. A long-term family assistance recipient, or
				10. A qualified long-term unemployment recipient.