

HB 1653 -- OFFENSE OF MAKING A FALSE REPORT

SPONSOR: Roberts

This bill specifies that a person commits the offense of making a false report if he or she knowingly makes a false report or causes a false report to be made to a law enforcement officer, security officer, fire department or other organization, official, or volunteer with reckless disregard of causing bodily harm to any person as a direct result of an emergency response.

The offense of making a false report is a class B misdemeanor, and it is a class E felony if the report is a false report of a felony offense. The offense is a class B felony if the report results in death or serious physical injury as a proximate result of lawful conduct arising out of the response. A child who violates this section is guilty of a status offense for the first offense and a class C misdemeanor for a second or subsequent violation. The child must appear before a juvenile court or, in lieu, complete 30 hours of community service or pay a fine not to exceed \$250.

This legislation does not impose liability on a person who contacts law enforcement to report unlawful conduct or conflict with the Communication Decency Act or the Civil Rights Act.

A victim of the offense may bring a civil action against the person who made the false report and may recover damages or other equitable relief, as well as reasonable attorneys' fees. A person who makes a false report as specified in this bill for the purpose of infringing on another person's rights, unlawfully discriminating against another person, causing another person to be expelled from a place the person is lawfully located, or damaging another person's reputation or financial, economic, consumer, or business prospects or interests may be required to pay punitive damages in addition to any other damages allowed.

This bill is the same as HB 302 (2023) and HCS HB 1704 (2022).