

BILL NUMBER: HB 2700				DA 2/2	TE: 21/2024
COMMITTEE: Judiciary					
TESTIFYING:	✓ IN SUPPORT OF	IN OPPOSITION TO	FOR	INFORMATIC	ONAL PURPOSES
		WITNESS NAME			
INDIVIDUAL:					
WITNESS NAME: ARNIE C."HONES"	T-ABE" DIENOFF-STAT	TE PUBLIC ADVOCATE	PF	IONE NUMBER:	
BUSINESS/ORGANIZATIO	DN NAME:		TIT	TLE:	
ADDRESS:					
CITY:			ST	ATE:	ZIP:
EMAIL: arniedienoff@yah	oo.com	ATTENDANCE: Written		SUBMIT DATE: 2/21/2024 1	1:55 PM
THE INFORMATION ON THIS FORM IS PUBLIC RECORD UNDER CHAPTER 610, RSMo.					



BILL NUMBER: HB 2700				DATE: 2/21/2024
COMMITTEE: Judiciary				
TESTIFYING:	✓ IN SUPPORT OF	IN OPPOSITION TO		ATIONAL PURPOSES
		WITNESS NAME		
	OBBYIST:			
WITNESS NAME: WARD COOK			PHONE NUMB 816-210-32	
REPRESENTING: MISSOURI PROSE	CUTING ATTORNEY's	ASSOCIATION	TITLE:	
ADDRESS: 311 E. HIGH ST., #	±300			
CITY: JEFFERSON CITY			STATE: MO	ZIP: 65101
EMAIL:		ATTENDANCE:	SUBMIT D 2/21/20	ATE: 24 12:00 AM
THE INFORMA	TION ON THIS FOR	M IS PUBLIC RECOR	D UNDER CHA	PTER 610, RSMo.



BILL NUMBER: HB 2700					ATE: / 21/2024
COMMITTEE: Judiciary					
TESTIFYING:	IN SUPPORT OF	✓ IN OPPOSITION TO		IFORMATI	ONAL PURPOSES
		WITNESS NAME			
INDIVIDUAL:					
WITNESS NAME: AMANDA GEBEL			PHO	NE NUMBER:	
BUSINESS/ORGANIZATIO	ON NAME:		TITL	E:	
ADDRESS:			·		
CITY:			STA	TE:	ZIP:
EMAIL: amgebel@gmail.c	om	ATTENDANCE: Written		SUBMIT DATE 2/21/2024	
THE INFORMA	TION ON THIS FORM	I IS PUBLIC RECOR		R CHAPT	ER 610, RSMo.
As a person in long term recovery, there were many times when I was using that friends would share or exchange substances. Someone who is acting inside of those relationships but included in the terms					

exchange substances. Someone who is acting inside of those relationships but included in the terms of this Bill are not large level dealers or cartels. These are not people that the State should pursue as they are not willfully ending the life of another person- most times this is a friend or loved one that we are using with. The items proposed in this bill will further criminalize and vilify people who have a behavioral health condition and create a much greater volume of people who have to overcome felony convictions in order to have productive lives in recovery. The shame and guilt that could come from having this charge, a wrongful, detail-omitting declaration that you have killed someone you love when in fact, they were acting on symptoms of a behavioral health condition.



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		WITNESS NAME			
INDIVIDUAL:					
WITNESS NAME: GRACE IVERSON			PH	HONE NUMBER:	
BUSINESS/ORGANIZATIC	N NAME:		TI.	TLE:	
ADDRESS:					
CITY:			ST	TATE:	ZIP:
EMAIL: grace.tedder97@g	mail.com	ATTENDANCE: Written		SUBMIT DATE: 2/21/2024 2	2:43 PM
THE INFORMA	TION ON THIS FOR	M IS PUBLIC RECOR	D UNDE	R CHAPTE	ER 610, RSMo.
problems it's tryin decreases public s	g to solve. We've seen safety and health, and	. I'm concerned that this that further criminalizing has greatly contributed to y out of this." Additionally	j substan o the ove	ce use and s rdose crisis	sales actually - thus the

drugs also use drugs and many have substance use disorders themselves. I worry that this law would result in many friends and family members being charged with felonies due to sharing or selling drugs with loved ones, when they didn't know themselves how dangerous or potent those drugs were or that they would lead to a terrible accident. I urge the committee not to pass HB2700 and instead work on efforts we know to be effective in reducing overdose and other harms of substance use, like increasing access to treatment and recovery resources.



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TESTIFYING:	IN SUPPORT OF	✓ IN OPPOSITION TO		ATIONAL PURPOSES
		WITNESS NAME		
INDIVIDUAL:				
WITNESS NAME: GREGORY BOAL			PHONE NUME	BER:
BUSINESS/ORGANIZATIO	DN NAME:		TITLE:	
ADDRESS:				
CITY:			STATE:	ZIP:
EMAIL: Greg.Boal@gmail.	.com	ATTENDANCE: Written	SUBMIT E 2/21/20	DATE: 124 2:34 PM
		M IS PUBLIC RECOR		,
As a Paramedic in Missouri, I'm concerned that decreasing the amount of Fentanyl required to be charged with trafficking/distribution will undermine the Good Samaritan Law. The overdoses I respond				

charged with trafficking/distribution will undermine the Good Samaritan Law. The overdoses I respond to can be dangerous to First Responders when the person who overdosed or the person who called 911 believes they will be arrested. The Good Samaritan Law has helped lower the risk on scene tremendously, and I don't want to see my fellow First Responders put at risk because the Good Samaritan Law no longer applies to our patients or the people who called 911.



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TESTIFYING: IN SUPPORT OF	✓ IN OPPOSITION TO		RMATIONAL PURPOSES
	WITNESS NAME		
INDIVIDUAL:			
WITNESS NAME: LAUREN GREEN		PHONE NU	JMBER:
BUSINESS/ORGANIZATION NAME:		TITLE:	
ADDRESS:			
CITY:		STATE:	ZIP:
EMAIL: Lauren.M.Mackay@gmail.com	ATTENDANCE: Written	SUBM 2/21	IT DATE: /2024 3:36 PM
THE INFORMATION ON THIS FOR			,
I'm writing to express my opposition to (illicit drug market and make our commun which will likely have the opposite of its of a controlled substance based on what in prison for far longer terms than under shared goals of increasing public safety Charitable Trust study demonstrate that rates of drug use, arrests or overdose de	nities safer and healthie intended effect. This bil t happens after the subs present law.My primary and health in our comm higher rates of drug imp eaths. We know both fro	r through increa I increases the c stance is ingeste concern is that nunities. Data fro prisonment do n m the literature	sed criminalization charge level of delivery d, putting individuals this works against our om a 2018 Pew ot translate to lower and from decades of

experience, that we can't arrest our way out of this. Additionally, this legislation makes the assumption that people who use and sell drugs are distinctly different when, in fact, a recent study showed that 87.5% of individuals who sell drugs also use drugs with 43% of those individuals also meeting criteria for substance use disorder. This bill will further criminalize people with substance use disorder trapping them within the criminal justice system rather than providing them with access to resources, healthcare and support - both for substance use disorders and for gaining greater access to legal employment and other supportive services. Sending people to prison with a felony conviction will have the opposite effect, barring individuals from access to employment, housing and other services they could utilize to lead safer and healthier lives. I urge you to vote no on HB2700 / HB1544.



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COMMITTEE: Judiciary					
TESTIFYING: IN SUPPORT OF		OR INFORMA	ATIONAL PURPOSES		
	WITNESS NAME				
INDIVIDUAL:					
WITNESS NAME: NATHANIAL NOLAN		PHONE NUMB	ER:		
BUSINESS/ORGANIZATION NAME:		TITLE:			
ADDRESS:					
CITY:		STATE:	ZIP:		
EMAIL: nolan.nathan@gmail.com	ATTENDANCE: Written	SUBMIT D. 2/21/202	ATE: 24 9:36 PM		
THE INFORMATION ON THIS FORM	I IS PUBLIC RECORD UN	IDER CHAI	PTER 610, RSMo.		
THE INFORMATION ON THIS FORM IS PUBLIC RECORD UNDER CHAPTER 610, RSMo. My name is Nathanial Nolan and I am an HIV and infectious disease physician in St. Louis, MO. I am also the founder and director of Street Med STL, a non-profit organization that provides care to unhoused people living on the streets of St. Louis. Since 2020, I have been making rounds to unhoused people in St. Louis, many of whom are deeply affected by the opioid and methamphetamine crises. In my clinical practice, I also care for many people who are struggling with addiction and its consequences. I write not only as a medical expert, but also as someone who spends a significant amount of time working directly with the population most impacted by this legislation. I write in opposition to HB2700, which seeks to create a law penalizing those who distribute controlled substances that cause bodily harm. While I agree in spirit that we, as citizens of Missouri, should do everything in our power to curb the crisis of drug use in our communities, laws that seek to criminalize substance use have a long history of undermining public health efforts. Laws that criminalize substance use drive people away from potential avenues of treatment. These laws have the unintended					

consequence of prohibiting people from calling emergency medical services in healthcare crises, like overdoses. And they potentially penalize friends and family who are trying to help their loved ones in the only way they know how. Other states have written harsh laws that criminalize substance use and distribution. This has resulted in cases where people who call 911 for an overdose are charged with felonies, which disincentives individuals from seeking medical care and drives up fatal overdose episodes. If I were to give a relevant, and real-world example, an individual who buys fentanyl to use with a friend instantly becomes liable in the event of an overdose, which means they now have to think twice before calling 911 which at best delays life-saving care and at worse results in fatality. In states where these laws are enacted, it is rarely large distributors (aka "dealers") that are penalized. Rather, individuals that buy (or sell) in relatively small quantities, frequently to support their addiction, are now faced with increased risk of encounters with the criminal-legal system, which costs tax-payer money, hurts those struggling with addiction, frequently puts them into a cycle of interactions with the criminal legal system and inhibits their ability to seek meaningful addiction treatment. In short, these policies cost taxpayers money, rarely improve outcomes for those who use drugs, and do little to curb overdose deaths. I am appreciative of the time and attention these issues are receiving in our state legislatures. We are fortunate to have thoughtful individuals working hard to enact policies that might improve care for those who use drugs. I unfortunately think this is a misguided policy that will not improve meaningful outcomes, like reducing overdose deaths or increasing access to care for substance use disorders. Sincerely, Nathanial Nolan, MD MPH MHPE



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	WITNESS NAME		
INDIVIDUAL:			
WITNESS NAME: RITHVIK KONDAI		PHONE NUMBER	t:
BUSINESS/ORGANIZATION NAME:		TITLE:	
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CITY:		STATE:	ZIP:
EMAIL: rithvik.kondai@gmail.com	ATTENDANCE: Written	SUBMIT DAT 2/21/2024	E: 9:44 PM
THE INFORMATION ON THIS FORM	IS PUBLIC RECORD UN	DER CHAP	TER 610, RSMo.
I'm writing to express my opposition to (H sought to punish and criminalize drug use overdose crisis. The ongoing overdose cri are working to address. This bill seeks to a communities safer and healthier, but in do opposite of its intended effect. We have se Substance Use Disorder is not effective in These bill increases the charge level of de said substance is ingested, putting individ due to a terrible accident rather than an ac distributing Schedule I or II controlled sub drug use or sale. If the threat of incarcerat	rs and drug sellers in a hope sis is just that, a major crisis address the harms of the illic ing so via increased criminal en that criminalization of dru reducing overdose deaths o livery of a controlled substar uals in prison for far longer t tual intent to harm. Increasin stances is not an effective st ion has not effectively preven	to mitigate the that so many it drug market ization, will like ugs and people r removing dru the based on we erms than und the class of rategy to thwa nted people fro	e escalating across the state and make our kely do the e who have a ugs off the street. what happens after der present law, charges for art attempts at

sought to punish and criminalize drug users and drug sellers in a hope to mitigate the escalating overdose crisis. The ongoing overdose crisis is just that, a major crisis that so many across the state are working to address. This bill seeks to address the harms of the illicit drug market and make our communities safer and healthier, but in doing so via increased criminalization, will likely do the opposite of its intended effect. We have seen that criminalization of drugs and people who have a Substance Use Disorder is not effective in reducing overdose deaths or removing drugs off the street. These bill increases the charge level of delivery of a controlled substance based on what happens after said substance is ingested, putting individuals in prison for far longer terms than under present law, due to a terrible accident rather than an actual intent to harm. Increasing the class of charges for distributing Schedule I or II controlled substances is not an effective strategy to thwart attempts at drug use or sale. If the threat of incarceration has not effectively prevented people from using drugs, why do we think it will work any better by increasing the penalties?Many people who sell drugs tend to do so to support their own drug usage. The lower level drug dealers, that this bill aims to target, are oftentimes mixing and cutting drugs on the same surface, leading to unintentional contamination of their drug supply. It is true that fentanyl and its analogues are very potent, so someone without a tolerance to opioids can suffer fatal consequences from ingesting just a miniscule amount of opioids. However, unintentional consumption of fentanyl is not a product of malicious intent from drug dealers, but rather an indictment on the state of our country's illicit drug market. The more intensely law enforcement cracks down on drug use and sale, the more potent drugs become, partially due to increased risks in transport and manufacture. Drug traffickers will be incentivized to find ways to minimize the size of their



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		WITNESS NAME		
BUSINESS/ORG	ANIZATION:			
WITNESS NAME: AMY FITE			PHONE NUM 573-751-0	
BUSINESS/ORGANIZATION NAME: MISSOURI OFFICE OF PROSECUTING SERVICES GENERAL COUNSEL				L COUNSEL
ADDRESS: 200 MADISON ST	REET, SUITE 1060			
CITY: JEFFERSON CITY	,		STATE: MO	ZIP: 65102
EMAIL:		ATTENDANCE:	SUBMIT 2/21/20	DATE: 024 12:00 AM
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