House	Amendment NO
Offered By	
AMEND House Committee Substitute 1 160.775, Line 153, by inserting after sa	for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 43, Page 10, Section id section and line the following:
"196.990. 1. As used in this sec	ction, the following terms shall mean:
(1) "Administer", the direct app	lication of an epinephrine [auto-injector] delivery device to
the body of an individual;	
(2) "Authorized entity", any ent	city or organization at or in connection with which allergens
capable of causing anaphylaxis may be	present including, but not limited to, qualified first
responders, as such term is defined in se	ection 321.621, restaurants, recreation camps, youth sports
leagues, child care facilities, amusemen	t parks, and sports arenas. "Authorized entity" shall not
include any public school or public char	rter school;
(3) "Epinephrine [auto-injector]	delivery device", a prescribed, single-use device used for
the [automatic injection] delivery of a p	remeasured dose of epinephrine into the human body;
(4) "Physician", a physician lice	ensed in this state under chapter 334;
(5) "Provide", the supply of one	e or more epinephrine [auto-injectors] delivery devices to an
individual;	
(6) "Self-administration", a pers	son's discretionary use of an epinephrine [auto-injector]
delivery device.	
2. A physician may prescribe ep	pinephrine [auto-injectors] delivery devices in the name of an
authorized entity for use in accordance	with this section, and pharmacists, physicians, and other
persons authorized to dispense prescript	tion medications may dispense epinephrine [auto-injectors]
delivery devices under a prescription iss	sued in the name of an authorized entity.
3. An authorized entity may acc	quire and stock a supply of epinephrine [auto-injectors]
delivery devices under a prescription iss	sued in accordance with this section. Such epinephrine
[auto-injectors] delivery devices shall b	e stored in a location readily accessible in an emergency and
in accordance with the epinephrine [aut	o-injector's] delivery device's instructions for use and any
additional requirements established by t	the department of health and senior services by rule. An
authorized entity shall designate employ	yees or agents who have completed the training required
under this section to be responsible for	the storage, maintenance, and general oversight of
epinephrine [auto-injectors] delivery de	vices acquired by the authorized entity.
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4. An authorized entity that acquires a supply of epinephrine [auto-injectors] delivery devices under a prescription issued in accordance with this section shall ensure that:

- (1) Expected epinephrine [auto-injector] <u>delivery device</u> users receive training in recognizing symptoms of severe allergic reactions including anaphylaxis and the use of epinephrine [auto-injectors] <u>delivery devices</u> from a nationally recognized organization experienced in training laypersons in emergency health treatment or another entity or person approved by the department of health and senior services;
- (2) All epinephrine [auto-injectors] <u>delivery devices</u> are maintained and stored according to the epinephrine [auto-injector's] <u>delivery device's</u> instructions for use;
- (3) Any person who provides or administers an epinephrine [auto-injector] delivery device to an individual who the person believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis activates the emergency medical services system as soon as possible; and
- (4) A proper review of all situations in which an epinephrine [auto-injector] delivery device is used to render emergency care is conducted.
- 5. Any authorized entity that acquires a supply of epinephrine [auto-injectors] delivery devices under a prescription issued in accordance with this section shall notify the emergency communications district or the ambulance dispatch center of the primary provider of emergency medical services where the epinephrine [auto-injectors] delivery devices are to be located within the entity's facility.
- 6. No person shall provide or administer an epinephrine [auto-injector] delivery device to any individual who is under eighteen years of age without the verbal consent of a parent or guardian who is present at the time when provision or administration of the epinephrine [auto-injector] delivery device is needed. Provided, however, that a person may provide or administer an epinephrine [auto-injector] delivery device to such an individual without the consent of a parent or guardian if the parent or guardian is not physically present and the person reasonably believes the individual shall be in imminent danger without the provision or administration of the epinephrine [auto-injector] delivery device.
- 7. The following persons and entities shall not be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from the administration or self-administration of an epinephrine [auto-injector] delivery device in accordance with this section that may constitute ordinary negligence:
- (1) An authorized entity that possesses and makes available epinephrine [auto-injectors] delivery devices and its employees, agents, and other trained persons;
- (2) Any person who uses an epinephrine [auto-injector] delivery device made available under this section;
- (3) A physician that prescribes epinephrine [auto-injectors] delivery devices to an authorized entity; or
  - (4) Any person or entity that conducts the training described in this section.

Such immunity does not apply to acts or omissions constituting a reckless disregard for the safety of

- others or willful or wanton conduct. The administration of an epinephrine [auto-injector] delivery
- device in accordance with this section shall not be considered the practice of medicine. The
- 3 immunity from liability provided under this subsection is in addition to and not in lieu of that
- 4 provided under section 537.037. An authorized entity located in this state shall not be liable for any
- 5 injuries or related damages that result from the provision or administration of an epinephrine [auto-
- 6 injector delivery device by its employees or agents outside of this state if the entity or its employee
- 7 or agent is not liable for such injuries or related damages under the laws of the state in which such
- 8 provision or administration occurred. No trained person who is in compliance with this section and
- 9 who in good faith and exercising reasonable care fails to administer an epinephrine [auto-injector]
- delivery device shall be liable for such failure.
  - 8. All basic life support ambulances and stretcher vans operated in the state shall be equipped with epinephrine [auto-injectors] delivery devices and be staffed by at least one individual trained in the use of epinephrine [auto-injectors] delivery devices.
  - 9. The provisions of this section shall apply in all counties within the state and any city not within a county.
  - 10. Nothing in this section shall be construed as superseding the provisions of section 167.630."; and

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Further amend said bill, Page 24, Section 210.160, Line 93, by inserting after said section and line the following:

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- "210.225. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as "Elijah's Law".
  - 2. (1) Before July 1, 2027, each licensed child care provider shall adopt a policy on allergy prevention and response with priority given to addressing potentially deadly food-borne allergies. Such policy shall contain, but shall not be limited to, the following elements:
  - (a) Distinguishing between building-wide, room-level, and individual approaches to allergy prevention and management;
  - (b) Providing an age-appropriate response to building-level and room-level allergy education and prevention;
  - (c) Describing the role of child care facility staff in determining how to manage an allergy problem, whether through a plan prepared for a child under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, for a child with an allergy that has been determined to be a disability, an individualized health plan for a child who has an allergy that is not disabling, or another allergy management plan;
  - (d) Describing the role of other children and parents in cooperating to prevent and mitigate allergies;
  - (e) Addressing confidentiality issues involved with sharing medical information, including specifying when parental permission is required to make medical information available; and

(f) Coordinating with the department of elementary and secondary education, local health	
authorities, and other appropriate entities to ensure efficient promulgation of accurate information	
and to ensure that existing child care facility safety and environmental policies do not conflict.	
(2) Such policies may contain information from or links to child care facility allergy	
prevention information furnished by the Food Allergy & Anaphylaxis Network or equivalent	
organization with a medical advisory board that has allergy specialists.	
3. The department of elementary and secondary education shall, in cooperation with any	
appropriate professional association, develop a model policy or policies before July 1, 2026."; and	
Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references	