House	Amendment NO
Offered By	
AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate 451.090, Line 16, by inserting after said section and line the following:	
"452.402. 1. The court may grant reasonable visitation rights to	o the grandparents of the
child and issue any necessary orders to enforce the decree when a grand	
unreasonably denied visitation for a period exceeding sixty days, and:	
(1) The parents of the child have filed for a dissolution of their	marriage. A grandparent
shall have the right to intervene in any dissolution action solely on the	issue of visitation rights.
Grandparents shall also have the right to file a motion to modify the ori	iginal decree of dissolution to
seek visitation rights when visitation has been denied to them;	
(2) One parent of the child is deceased and the surviving parent	t denies reasonable visitation
to a parent of the deceased parent of the child; [or]	
(3) The parents of the child were never married and the parent	with custodial rights has
denied reasonable visitation to a grandparent; or	
[(3)] (4) The child has resided in the grandparent's home for at	least six months within the
twenty-four month period immediately preceding the filing of the petiti	ion.
[Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (1) of this subsect	ion, if the natural parents are
legally married to each other and are living together with the child, a gr	randparent may not file for
visitation pursuant to this subsection.]	
2. Notwithstanding any provision of law, if a grandparent has b	een denied reasonable
visitation with a child for a period exceeding sixty days and an action is	nvolving custody or visitation
has been adjudicated, the grandparent may file seeking visitation with t	the child. A grandparent also
has the right to file a motion for an independent action if no prior custo	dy or visitation order exists
to seek visitation rights if reasonable visitation has been denied.	
3. Before ordering visitation, the court shall, in addition to the	requirements of subsection 1
of this section, determine if the visitation by the grandparent would be	in the child's best interests.
Visitation may only be ordered when the court finds such visitation to be	be in the best interests of the
child. The court may order reasonable conditions or restrictions on gra	ndparent visitation.
[3.] 4. If the court finds it to be in the best interests of the child	, the court may appoint a
guardian ad litem for the child. The guardian ad litem shall be an attorn	ney licensed to practice law
Action Taken	Date

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in Missouri. The guardian ad litem may, for the purpose of determining the question of grandparent visitation rights, participate in the proceedings as if such guardian ad litem were a party. The court shall enter judgment allowing a reasonable fee to the guardian ad litem.

- [4-] <u>5.</u> A home study, as described by section 452.390, may be ordered by the court to assist in determining the best interests of the child.
- [5.] 6. The court may, in its discretion, consult with the child regarding the child's wishes in determining the best interest of the child.
- [6.] 7. The right of a grandparent to maintain visitation rights pursuant to this section may terminate upon the adoption of the child.
 - [7.] 8. The court may award reasonable attorneys fees and expenses to the prevailing party.
- 9. Visitation provided to a grandparent after filing an action under this section shall not terminate or extinguish a grandparent's right to seek relief under this section. If the parties reach an agreement regarding grandparent visitation, the court may enter an order confirming such agreement if the agreement is found to be in the best interests of the child. The court may impose additional conditions or restrictions as found to be appropriate by the court."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references

18 accordingly.

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