COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 0246H.06C Bill No.: HCS for HB 219

Subject: Children and Minors; Crimes and Punishment; Courts; Evidence; Sexual Offenses

Type: Original

Date: February 16, 2025

Bill Summary: This proposal modifies and establishes provisions relating to the protection

of children and vulnerable persons.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND							
FUND	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Fully			
AFFECTED				Implemented			
				(FY 2032)			
General	\$0 to	\$0 to	\$0 to	Could exceed			
Revenue*	(Unknown)	(Unknown)	(Unknown)	(\$23,616)			
Total Estimated							
Net Effect on							
General	\$0 to	\$0 to	\$0 to	Could exceed			
Revenue	(Unknown)	(Unknown)	(Unknown)	(\$23,616)			

^{*}The fiscal impact to General Revenue could exceed the \$250,000 threshold depending on the level of appropriation to the Anti-Trafficking Fund (§210.1505), if any.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS							
FUND	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Fully			
AFFECTED				Implemented			
				(FY 2032)			
Anti-Trafficking							
Fund*	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Total Estimated							
Net Effect on							
Other State							
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			

^{*}Revenue and expenses net to zero. Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

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ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS							
FUND	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Fully			
AFFECTED				Implemented			
				(FY 2032)			
Total Estimated							
Net Effect on							
All Federal							
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)							
FUND	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Fully			
AFFECTED				Implemented			
				(FY 2032)			
Anti-Trafficking							
Fund	2 FTE	2 FTE	2 FTE	2 FTE			
Total Estimated							
Net Effect on							
FTE	2 FTE	2 FTE	2 FTE	2 FTE			

- ⊠ Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.
- ☐ Estimated Net Effect (savings or increased revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS						
FUND	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Fully		
AFFECTED				Implemented		
				(FY 2032)		
Local						
Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		

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FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

§210.1505 – Statewide Council Against Adult Trafficking and the Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children

In response to a previous version, officials from the **Attorney General's Office (AGO)** assumed this proposal will increase caseloads. The AGO requests one (1) AAG IV to manage the additional cases and one (1) Paralegal to support the additional attorney.

Oversight does not have any information contrary to that provided by AGO. Therefore, Oversight will reflect AGO's impact for fiscal note purposes.

Officials from the **Missouri Senate (SEN)** anticipate a negative fiscal impact to reimburse one senator for travel to Statewide Council Against Adult Trafficking and the Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children Council meetings.

The SEN assumes meetings will be held in Jefferson City during the interim. The average of the total round trip miles for current sitting senators is 255 miles and the current mileage rate, as set by the Office of Administration is \$0.655 cents per mile. Therefore, the SEN estimates a total cost for senator mileage of approximately \$167. The SEN assumes no fiscal responsibility for the other committee members.

Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. Oversight assumes the SEN can absorb the minimal fiscal impact for this proposal within existing funding levels and will reflect no fiscal impact for this agency.

Officials from the **Missouri House of Representatives (MHR)** assume the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their organization. The MHR will absorb any reasonable expenses of our member serving on the council. **Oversight** does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note.

Oversight notes the provisions of this section establish the Anti-Trafficking Fund, which consists of moneys appropriated by the General Assembly as well as court-ordered restitution from human trafficking offenses, any proceeds as provided under section 566.218.2, any gifts, donations, grants, and bequests. Moneys in the fund shall be used solely to pay for the position of the executive director and administrative support for the statewide council, education and awareness regarding human trafficking, and anti-trafficking efforts through the state.

Oversight will reflect the possibility that the General Assembly could appropriate moneys to this new fund from the General Revenue Fund. For fiscal note purposes, Oversight assumes services provided under this proposal will equal income/appropriations and net to zero.

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§§566.151, 566.210, 566.211, and 567.030 – Criminal offenses involving a child and prostitution

Officials from the **Department of Corrections (DOC)** state this proposal modifies and establishes provisions relating to the protection of children and vulnerable persons.

Section 566.151 changes the age of the victim from any person who is less than fifteen to seventeen years of age. From FY 2022 to FY 2024, the department totaled 59 new prison admissions and 3 new probation cases for sentences of enticement of a child. The increase in the minimum age under which a person can be considered to be enticed as a child could create additional instances in which a person could be charged with a crime under this section. However, there is no available data to determine the number of 16- and 17-year-olds to whom this could have potentially applied. Therefore, the impact for this section is an unknown cost.

Section 566.210 changes language to extend the term of imprisonment prior to parole eligibility from 25 to 30 years for sentences on the offense of sexual trafficking of a child in the first degree. There was one person admitted to prison as a new court commitment under section 566.210 in FY 2024. Given the minimum prison term for these sentences are already set at 25 years, this change would not start to have an impact on the department for 25 years from the effective date. Therefore, given the 10-year time frame for this response, DOC assumes no impact for this reporting period in this section.

Section 566.211 creates the offense of sexual trafficking of a child in the second degree by a parent, legal guardian, or other person having custody or control of a child. The DOC <u>does not anticipate an impact</u> to this section as none of the offenders sentenced in the past 3 years would be impacted by this legislation.

Section 567.030 changes the age of the victim from less than eighteen years of age but older than fourteen to older than fifteen years of age. The bill changes the existing class D felony to a class B felony.

There were one new court commitments to prison and no new probation cases under section 567.030 during FY 2024. These offenses could be changed from class D felonies to class B felonies. The average sentence length for a class D felony sex and child abuse offense is 6.6 years, with 5.3 years spent in prison. Changing this to a class B felony would extend the sentence length to 9.0 years, with 7.3 years spent in prison.

The estimated cumulative impact on the department would be an additional 2 offenders in prison and one less offender on field supervision by FY 2032.

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Change in prison admissions and probation openings with legislation

	FY2026	FY2027	FY2028	FY2029	FY2030	FY2031	FY2032	FY2033	FY2034	FY2035
New Admissions										
Current Law	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
After Legislation	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Probation										
Current Law	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
After Legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Change (After Legislation	- Current Law	v)								
Admissions										
Probations										
Cumulative Populations										
Prison						1	2	2	2	2
Parole						-1	-1	-1		
Probation										
Impact										
Prison Population						1	2	2	2	2
Field Population						-1	-1	-1		
Population Change								1	2	2

	# to prison	Cost per year	Total Costs for prison	Change in probation & parole officers	Total cost for probation and parole	# to probation & parole	Grand Total - Prison and Probation (includes 2% inflation)
Year 1	0	(\$10,485)	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
Year 2	0	(\$10,485)	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
Year 3	0	(\$10,485)	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
Year 4	0	(\$10,485)	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
Year 5	0	(\$10,485)	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
Year 6	1	(\$10,485)	(\$11,576)	0	\$0	(1)	(\$11,576)
Year 7	2	(\$10,485)	(\$23,616)	0	\$0	(1)	(\$23,616)
Year 8	2	(\$10,485)	(\$24,088)	0	\$0	(1)	(\$24,088)
Year 9	2	(\$10,485)	(\$24,570)	0	\$0	0	(\$24,570)
Year 10	2	(\$10,485)	(\$25,061)	0	\$0	0	(\$25,061)

If this impact statement has changed from statements submitted in previous years, it could be due to an increase/decrease in the number of offenders, a change in the cost per day for institutional offenders, and/or an increase in staff salaries.

If the projected impact of legislation is less than 1,500 offenders added to or subtracted from the department's institutional caseload, the marginal cost of incarceration will be utilized. This cost of incarceration is \$28.73 per day or an annual cost of \$10,485 per offender and includes such costs as medical, food, and operational E&E. However, if the projected impact of legislation is 1,500 or more offenders added or removed to the department's institutional caseload, the full cost of incarceration will be used, which includes fixed costs. This cost is \$100.25 per day or an annual cost of \$36,591 per offender and includes personal services, all institutional E&E,

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medical and mental health, fringe, and miscellaneous expenses. None of these costs include construction to increase institutional capacity.

DOC's cost of probation or parole is determined by the number of P&P Officer II positions that are needed to cover its caseload. The DOC average district caseload across the state is 51 offender cases per officer. An increase/decrease of 51 cases would result in a cost/cost avoidance equal to the salary, fringe, and equipment and expenses of one P&P Officer II. Increases/decreases smaller than 51 offender cases are assumed to be absorbable.

In instances where the proposed legislation would only affect a specific caseload, such as sex offenders, the DOC will use the average

Oversight notes, from information provided by the State Courts Administrator, the following number of felony convictions under §566.151 and §567.030:

	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
§566.151 felonies	19	25	22	24	24
§567.030 felonies	0	2	1	2	0

Oversight will reflect DOC's impact as an unknown impact to the General Revenue Fund. Oversight notes it would take roughly 24 additional prisoners to reach the \$250,000 cost threshold. Oversight will assume a fiscal impact of less than \$250,000.

§566.218 – Restitution required for certain offenders

Oversight notes any real or personal property that was used, attempted to be used, or intended to be used to commit a sexual offense under 566.203, 566.206, 566.209, 566.210, 566.211, 566.212, 566.213, and 566.215 may be seized. Any proceeds from the sale of the property will be allocated to pay an order of restitution to a victim(s) of human trafficking, with any remaining funds deposited into the Anti-Trafficking Fund. As the exact amount of proceeds from the sale of seized property will vary from year to year, Oversight will reflect a \$0 to Unknown impact to the Anti-Trafficking Fund.

Responses regarding the proposed legislation as a whole

In response to a previous version, officials from the **Office of State Courts Administrator** (**OSCA**) stated there may be some impact but there is no way to quantify that currently. Any significant changes will be reflected in future budget requests.

Oversight notes OSCA assumes this proposal may have some impact on their organization although it can't be quantified at this time. As OSCA is unable to provide additional information regarding the potential impact, Oversight assumes the proposed legislation will have a \$0 to (Unknown) cost to the General Revenue Fund. For fiscal note purposes, Oversight also assumes the impact will be under \$250,000 annually. If this assumption is incorrect, this would alter the

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fiscal impact as presented in this fiscal note. If additional information is received, Oversight will review it to determine if an updated fiscal note should be prepared and seek approval to publish a new fiscal note.

Officials from the **Washington School District** state the financial impact would be about \$2,000 for training and documentation updates.

Oversight assumes some annual training is conducted regardless of this bill and this change could be incorporated into that training and absorbed within current resources.

Officials from the Department of Commerce and Insurance, the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education, the Department of Health and Senior Services, the Department of Mental Health, the Department of Natural Resources, the Department of Public Safety – (Office of the Director, and Missouri Highway Patrol), the Department of Social Services, the Missouri Department of Conservation, the Missouri Office of Prosecution Services, the Office of Administration, the Office of the Governor, the Office of the State Public Defender, the City of Kansas City, the City of O'Fallon, the Phelps County Sheriff's Department, the Branson Police Department, the Kansas City Police Department, and the St. Louis County Police Department each assume the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their respective organizations. Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note for these agencies.

In response to a previous version, officials from the **Department of Public Safety - Capitol Police** and the **Office of the State Treasurer** assumed the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their organization. **Oversight** does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note for these agencies.

Oversight only reflects the responses received from state agencies and political subdivisions; however, other cities, counties, nursing homes, local law enforcement, schools, and hospitals were requested to respond to this proposed legislation but did not. A listing of political subdivisions included in the Missouri Legislative Information System (MOLIS) database is available upon request.

FISCAL IMPACT - State Government	FY 2026 (10 Mo.)	FY 2027	FY 2028	Fully Implemented (FY 2032)
GENERAL REVENUE				
Cost – DOC p. 4-6 (§§566.151 and 567.030) Increased incarceration costs	(Unknown)	(Unknown)	(Unknown)	Could exceed (\$23,616)
Cost – OSCA (various sections) Potential costs relating to the protection of children and		00.		
vulnerable persons p. 6-7	\$0 to (Unknown)	\$0 to (Unknown)	\$0 to (Unknown)	\$0 to (Unknown)
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Transfer Out – p. 3 (§210.1505) To the Anti- Trafficking Fund	\$0 to (Unknown)	\$0 to (Unknown)	<u>\$0 to</u> (Unknown)	\$0 to (Unknown)
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE	<u>\$0 to</u> (Unknown)	<u>\$0 to</u> (Unknown)	<u>\$0 to</u> (Unknown)	Could exceed (\$23,616)
ANTI- TRAFFICKING FUND				
Income – (§210.1505) Court-ordered restitution from human trafficking				
offenses p. 3	\$0 to Unknown	\$0 to Unknown	\$0 to Unknown	\$0 to Unknown

FISCAL IMPACT - State Government	FY 2026 (10 Mo.)	FY 2027	FY 2028	Fully Implemented (FY 2032)
Income – (§210.1505) p. 3 Potential proceeds from orders of restitution as				
provided under §566.218.2	\$0 to Unknown	\$0 to Unknown	\$0 to Unknown	\$0 to Unknown
Income – p. 3 (§210.1505) Gifts, grants, donations	\$0 to Unknown	\$0 to Unknown	\$0 to Unknown	\$0 to Unknown
Transfer In – p. 3 (§210.1505) From General Revenue	\$0 to Unknown	\$0 to Unknown	\$0 to Unknown	\$0 to Unknown
Cost – AGO (§210.1505) p. 3				Could exceed
Personal Service	(\$123,333)	(\$150,960)	(\$153,979)	(\$153,979)
Fringe Benefits	(\$75,752)	(\$92,089)	(\$93,299)	(\$93,299)
Exp. & Equip.	(\$21,812)	\$0	\$0	\$0
Training and anti- trafficking efforts	(Unknown)	(Unknown)	(Unknown)	(Unknown)
Total Cost - AGO	<u>Could exceed</u> (\$220,897)	Could exceed (\$243,049)	<u>Could exceed</u> (\$247,278)	<u>Could exceed</u> (\$247,278)
FTE Change - AGO	2 FTE	2 FTE	2 FTE	2 FTE
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON THE ANTI- TRAFFICKING FUND	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	<u> </u>	<u>50</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u> </u>
Estimated Net FTE Change on the Anti-				
Trafficking Fund	2 FTE	2 FTE	2 FTE	2 FTE

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FISCAL IMPACT	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Fully
<u>– Local</u>	(10 Mo.)			Implemented
Government				(FY 2032)
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT – Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

The proposed legislation modifies provisions relating to the protection of children and vulnerable persons.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Attorney General's Office

Department of Commerce and Insurance

Department of Corrections

Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

Department of Health and Senior Services

Department of Mental Health

Department of Natural Resources

Department of Public Safety

Department of Social Services

Missouri Department of Conservation

Missouri House of Representatives

Missouri Office of Prosecution Services

Missouri Senate

Office of Administration

Office of the Governor

Office of the State Courts Administrator

Office of the State Public Defender

Office of the State Treasurer

City of Kansas City

City of O'Fallon

Phelps County Sheriff's Department

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Branson Police Department Kansas City Police Department St. Louis County Police Department Washington School District

Julie Morff Director

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