COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 0287H.01I Bill No.: HB 136

Subject: Taxation and Revenue - General; Taxation and Revenue - Income; Department of

Revenue; Business and Commerce; Tax Incentives

Type: Original

Date: January 3, 2025

Bill Summary: This proposal authorizes income tax addition and subtraction modifications

for research and experimentation costs.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	
General Revenue		(Unknown, Could	(Unknown, Could	
	(\$79,261)	exceed \$1,069,256)	exceed \$1,070,327)	
Total Estimated Net				
Effect on General		(Unknown, Could	(Unknown, Could	
Revenue	(\$79,261)	exceed \$1,069,256)	exceed \$1,070,327)	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	
Total Estimated Net				
Effect on Other State				
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS					
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028		
Total Estimated Net					
Effect on All Federal					
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0		

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)					
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028		
General Revenue -					
DOR	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE		
Total Estimated Net					
Effect on FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE		

- ⊠ Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.
- ☐ Estimated Net Effect (savings or increased revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	

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FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Section 143.121 - Qualified Research Income Tax Addition/Subtraction

Officials from the **Department of Revenue (DOR)** note under federal law a business is allowed to subtract from their federal adjusted gross income (FAGI) some of their qualified research expenses allowed per 26 U.S.C Section 174(a)(2)(B). The starting line on the Missouri individual income tax return is your FAGI number. Any deductions or subtractions at the federal level, means less taxable income on the Missouri Return.

This proposal would require those same businesses to add the deducted income back into their FAGI for calculating their Missouri adjusted gross income (MAGI). Then the proposal allows the same business to subtract their entire qualified research expenditures that are charged to a capital account.

This proposal is to become effective starting August 28, 2025. This proposal is making these changes effective January 1, 2026.

This proposal is in response to changes made regarding the reporting of qualified research expenditures under the Tax Cuts & and Jobs Act (TCJA). Prior to the passage of the TCJA in December 2017, businesses were allowed to decide how they wanted to report their qualified research expenditures. They could deduct their total expenses in a single year or amortize the expenses over a period of years. DOR notes that a provision in the TCJA prohibits the full deduction in year 1. Implementation of this provision went into effect starting January 1, 2022. Businesses now must amortize over time. Per numerous articles and reports written, most businesses choose to do the deduction in the first year.

When a business is allowed to remove the qualified research expenditures from their federal taxable income in a single year, it results in the business having a smaller tax liability in Missouri. The starting point on the Missouri tax return is with your FAGI. By having the businesses place all their income back onto the Missouri, DOR will be able to see what was reported before. Then allowing them the subtraction, will allow them to deduct their expenses in a single year, lowering their taxable income in Missouri.

DOR was unable to provide a single source on the amount of qualified research expenditures reported. DOR is also unable to predict the number of companies or the amount of expenses they will claim. This could potentially result in a loss to general revenue of over \$1,000,000.

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This proposal creates a new addition and subtraction that would require 2 new lines being added to the Form MO-A (\$2,200), updates to the department's website and changes to the department's individual income tax computer system (\$7,327 each). These changes are estimated to cost \$16,854. DOR's existing tax credit staff is no longer able to take on any additional additions and subtractions without additional resources. Due to the intensive knowledge of what will qualify as an allowed expense means DOR is not able to use temporary staff to help with processing these returns. This proposal would require at least 1 FTE Associate Customer Service Rep at a salary of \$37,020.

Given the number of returns which might be affected, **Oversight** will show DOR's abovementioned 1 FTE for purposes of this fiscal note. If multiple bills pass which require additional staffing and duties at substantial costs, DOR could request funding through the appropriation process.

Officials from the **Office of Administration - Budget and Planning (B&P)** note this proposal would decouple Missouri from the federal research and development (R&D) deduction. B&P notes that prior to January 1, 2022, businesses were allowed to fully deduct expenses in the first year they were incurred. However, since January 1, 2022, businesses have been required to amortize those costs over five years (fifteen years for foreign research). B&P further notes that Missouri has rolling conformity with the federal R&D deduction. When a business claims this deduction on their federal return, they also receive the tax benefit on their state return.

Section 143.121.3(14) would allow businesses with Missouri income tax to deduct the full amount of R&D expenses in the first year incurred. Section 143.121.2(7) requires taxpayers to add any amount of R&D expenses deducted from the Federal adjusted gross income (FAGI). Taxpayers are required to add that amount to the Missouri adjusted gross income (MAGI) to prevent taxpayers from receiving the same deduction twice. Section 143.121.2(7) also requires taxpayer to reduce their R&D deduction by the amount of any R&D tax credit received. This is consistent with current law and again prevents taxpayers from receiving a tax benefit for the same expenses twice.

B&P was unable to find enough reliable data to estimate the potential revenue impact from this provision. However, the potential loss to GR could be significant.

B&P notes that taxpayers can already deduct the costs of R&D over time, this proposal would only speed up the deduction from five (fifteen) years to one year. Therefore, while this may have significant cashflow impacts on GR from year-to-year, it will not affect a taxpayer's overall tax liability over the five (fifteen) years.

FISCAL IMPACT – State Government	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028
	(10 Mo.)		
GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
<u>Costs</u> - §143.121			
Personal Service	(\$30,850)	(\$37,760)	(\$38,516)
Fringe Benefits	(\$25,525)	(\$30,926)	(\$31,229)
Expense & Equipment	(\$22,886)	(\$570)	(\$582)
Total Costs -	(\$79,261)	(\$69,256)	(\$70,327)
FTE Change	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE
Revenue Reduction - §143.121 -		(Unknown,	(Unknown,
Addition and subtraction of income for		Could exceed	Could exceed
research and experimentation costs	<u>\$0</u>	\$1,000,000)	\$1,000,000)
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON		(Unknown,	(Unknown,
GENERAL REVENUE FUND		Could exceed	Could exceed
	<u>(\$79,261)</u>	<u>\$1,069,256)</u>	<u>\$1,070,327)</u>
Estimated Net FTE Change on General			
Revenue	1 FTE	1 FTE	1 FTE

FISCAL IMPACT – Local Government	FY 2026 (10 Mo.)	FY 2027	FY 2028
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT – Small Business

Certain small businesses that qualify for the proposed addition/subtraction could be impacted by this proposal.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

Currently, Missouri taxpayers are unable to deduct certain research and experimentation expenditures from their adjusted gross income for tax purposes. This limitation is a result of the Federal "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act" of 2017.

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This bill de-couples Missouri from the provisions of the Federal law and allows taxpayers to deduct specified research and experimental expenditures from their Federal adjusted gross income, beginning January 1, 2026.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Department of Revenue Office of Administration - Budget and Planning

Julie Morff Director

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Jessica Harris Assistant Director January 3, 2025