COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 2084H.02C Bill No.: HCS for HB 859

Subject: Taxation and Revenue - General; Taxation and Revenue - Income; Taxation and

Revenue - Property; Property, Real and Personal; Department of Revenue; State

Tax Commission

Type: Original

Date: March 18, 2025

Bill Summary: This proposal authorizes an income tax deduction for amounts paid towards

tangible personal property taxes.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND					
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028		
General Revenue*	(\$24,859)	(\$88,030,008)	(\$86,096,236)		
Total Estimated Net					
Effect on General					
Revenue	(\$24,859)	(\$88,030,008)	(\$86,096,236)		

^{*}Oversight notes for the purpose of the fiscal note, Oversight assumes a top income tax rate of 4.7% in tax year 2025 (FY 2026) and future income tax rate reductions from SB 3 (2022) will trigger consecutively (4.6% in FY 2027 and 4.5% in FY 2028+).

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS						
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028			
Total Estimated Net						
Effect on Other State						
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0			

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

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ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS							
FUND AFFECTED FY 2026 FY 2027 FY 2027							
Total Estimated Net							
Effect on All Federal							
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0				

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)						
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028			
General Revenue -						
DOR	0 FTE	2 FTE	2 FTE			
Total Estimated Net						
Effect on FTE	0 FTE	2 FTE	2 FTE			

- ⊠ Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.
- ☐ Estimated Net Effect (savings or increased revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS						
FUND AFFECTED FY 2026 FY 2027 FY 202						
Local Government \$0 \$0 \$0						

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FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Section 143.135 Personal Property Tax Deduction

Officials from the **Department of Revenue (DOR)** note this proposal creates a deduction from a taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income. The deduction would be equal to 100% of the personal property tax paid by the taxpayer. The amount of personal property tax paid can not include any penalties, interest, fees or special assessments. Nor can you claim this deduction if you receive the Senior Property tax credit, any other state tax credit, exemption, subtraction or deduction.

This proposal is to begin on January 1, 2026, and therefore, will not impact state revenue until January 2027 (FY 2027) when the first tax returns are filed claiming this deduction.

According to the MO State Tax Commission \$1,910,124,084 was paid by Missourians in personal property tax in 2023 (the most recent available data). Deductions do not reduce revenue on a dollar-for-dollar basis but based on the top income rate applied. SB 3 (2022) has set the individual income tax rate at 4.7% for tax year 2025 and is expected to reduce the rate to 4.5% over a series of years based on certain revenue triggers. DOR will show the loss to general revenue based on the variable future tax rates.

Tax				
Rate	TY26 (FY27)	TY27 (FY28)	TY28 (FY29)	TY29 (FY30)
4.70%	(\$89,775,832)	(\$89,775,832)	(\$89,775,832)	(\$89,775,832)
4.60%		(\$87,865,708)	(\$87,865,708)	(\$87,865,708)
4.50%			(\$85,955,584)	(\$85,955,584)

This proposal will require DOR to add a new line on the MO-1040, the MO-1120 and the MO-PTE (\$2,200 each). DOR would also need to update its website and individual income tax computer system (\$7,327). This would result in costs of \$13,927.

Additionally, this proposal would require DOR to have confirmation of payment made. DOR assumes it would create a form similar to the MO-PTC form to request proof of personal property tax paid. DOR estimates the creation of the new form at \$10,000.

Due to the volume of tax returns that will be filed claiming this deduction, DOR assumes it will need 2 Associate Customer Services Representatives (\$37,020) to handle the errors and correspondence from this deduction. DOR assumes should the number of errors or correspondence exceed what 2 people can handle, the department would request additional FTE through the appropriation process.

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Oversight will reflect the above-mentioned 2 FTE for DOR and costs to implement the proposal in the fiscal note.

Officials from the **Office of Administration - Budget and Planning (B&P)** note beginning with tax year 2026, this proposal would grant an income tax deduction for the amount of property taxes actually paid on tangible personal property. B&P notes that while the deduction would be available for tax year 2026, it will not be taken until taxpayers file their annual income tax return during FY276.

Taxpayers may not claim both this deduction and include the property taxes within their itemized deductions.

Based on data published by STC and the annual property tax audit reports, B&P estimates that \$1,965,434,235 was paid in state and local property taxes for tax year 2024.

In tax year 2022, the most recent complete year available, approximately 10.3% of taxpayer's Missouri Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) was offset by itemized deductions. B&P is unable to determine how much of the itemized deductions were specifically for personal property. Therefore, B&P estimates that up to \$201,661,534 in personal property taxes may already be included within itemized deductions.

Based on the information above, B&P estimates that taxpayers may claim between \$1,763,772,701 to \$1,965,434,235 in personal property taxes under this proposed deduction.

B&P notes that deductions do not reduce revenues on a dollar-for-dollar basis, but rather in proportion to the top tax rate applied. Therefore, B&P will show the estimated impacts throughout the implementation of the tax rate reductions from SB 3 (2022).

Table 1: Estimated GR Impact by Tax Rate

Torr	Tax Year (Fiscal Year)					
Tax Rate	2026 (FY27)		2027 (FY28)		2028 (FY29)	
Rate	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High
4.7%	(\$82,897,317)	(\$92,375,409)	(\$82,897,317)	(\$92,375,409)	(\$82,897,317)	(\$92,375,409)
4.6%	(\$81,133,544)	(\$90,409,975)	(\$81,133,544)	(\$90,409,975)	(\$81,133,544)	(\$90,409,975)
4.5%			(\$79,369,772)	(\$88,444,541)	(\$79,369,772)	(\$88,444,541)

Therefore, B&P estimates that this proposal could reduce TSR and GR by \$81,133,544 to \$92,375,409 in FY27, depending on the tax rate applied. Once SB 3 (2022) has fully implemented, this proposal may reduce TSR and GR by \$79,369,772 to \$88,444,541 annually.

Oversight will reflect B&P's estimated revenue reduction in the fiscal note.

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Officials from the **Oversight Division** state they are responsible for providing a Sunset Report pursuant to Section 23.253 RSMo; however, Oversight can absorb the cost with the current budget authority.

Rule Promulgation

Officials from the **Joint Committee on Administrative Rules** assume this proposal is not anticipated to cause a fiscal impact beyond its current appropriation.

Officials from the **Office of the Secretary of State (SOS)** note many bills considered by the General Assembly include provisions allowing or requiring agencies to submit rules and regulations to implement the act. The SOS is provided with core funding to handle a certain amount of normal activity resulting from each year's legislative session. The fiscal impact for this fiscal note to the SOS for Administrative Rules is less than \$5,000. The SOS recognizes that this is a small amount and does not expect that additional funding would be required to meet these costs. However, the SOS also recognizes that many such bills may be passed by the General Assembly in a given year and that collectively the costs may be in excess of what the office can sustain with its core budget. Therefore, the SOS reserves the right to request funding for the cost of supporting administrative rules requirements should the need arise based on a review of the finally approved bills signed by the governor.

FISCAL IMPACT – State Government	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028
	(10 Mo.)		
GENERAL REVENUE			
<u>Costs</u> - DOR			
Personnel Service	\$0	(\$75,521)	(\$77,031)
Fringe Benefits	\$0	(\$61,853)	(\$62,458)
Expense & Equipment	(\$24,859)	(\$26,926)	(\$1,163)
<u>Total Costs</u> - DOR	(\$24,859)	(\$164,300)	(\$140,652)
FTE Change	0 FTE	2 FTE	2 FTE
Revenue Reduction - §143.135 -			
Income tax deduction for personal			
property tax paid	<u>\$0</u>	(\$87,865,708)	(\$85,955,584)
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON			
GENERAL REVENUE	<u>(\$24,859)</u>	<u>(\$88,030,008)</u>	(\$86,096,236)
Estimated Net FTE Change on General	0 FTE	2 FTE	2 FTE
Revenue			

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FISCAL IMPACT – Local Government	FY 2026 (10 Mo.)	FY 2027	FY 2028
	(10 1010.)		
	\$0	\$0	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT – Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

Beginning January 1, 2026, a qualified taxpayer will be allowed a deduction from the taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income in an amount equal to 100% of all tangible personal property taxes actually paid by the qualified taxpayer in a given tax year on all tangible personal property taxes owed.

Only the amounts of personal property taxes actually paid by the taxpayer qualify for the deduction and only if the amounts are paid during the tax year for which this deduction is claimed. A deduction cannot be claimed for the amount of tangible personal property tax that has been or is used in obtaining a state tax credit, exemption, subtraction, or a different deduction.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Department of Revenue Office of Administration - Budget and Planning Office of the Secretary of State Joint Committee on Administrative Rules

Julie Morff Director

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Jessica Harris Assistant Director March 18, 2025