FIRST REGULAR SESSION

[TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED]

SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NOS. 145 & 59

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

0310S.04T 2025

AN ACT

To repeal sections 476.1300, 476.1302, 476.1304, 476.1306, 476.1308, 476.1310, 476.1313, 610.021, and 610.026, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof nine new sections relating to the disclosure of certain records.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 476.1300, 476.1302, 476.1304, 476.1306, 476.1308, 476.1310,

- 2 476.1313, 610.021, and 610.026, RSMo, are repealed and nine new sections enacted in lieu
- 3 thereof, to be known as sections 476.1300, 476.1302, 476.1304, 476.1306, 476.1308,
- 4 476.1310, 476.1313, 610.021, and 610.026, to read as follows:

476.1300. 1. Sections 476.1300 to [476.1310] 476.1313 shall be known and may be

2 cited as the "Judicial Privacy Act".

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- 2. As used in sections 476.1300 to [476.1310] 476.1313, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Court-related officer", an actively employed, a formerly employed, or a 5 retired:
- 6 (a) Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States;
- 7 (b) Judge of the United States Court of Appeals;
- 8 (c) Judge or magistrate judge of the United States District Courts;
- 9 (d) Judge of the United States Bankruptcy Court;
- 10 (e) Judge of the Missouri supreme court;
- 11 (f) Judge of the Missouri court of appeals;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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- 12 (g) Judge or commissioner of the Missouri circuit courts, including all of the divisions of a circuit court;
- 14 (h) Prosecuting or circuit attorney, or any employee of a prosecuting or circuit 15 attorney;
- 16 (i) Circuit clerk, court administrator, deputy circuit clerk, division clerk, or municipal clerk; or
 - (j) Juvenile officer or chief deputy juvenile officer;
 - (2) "Government agency", all agencies, authorities, boards, commissions, departments, institutions, offices, and any other bodies politic and corporate of the state created by the constitution or statute, whether in the executive, judicial, or legislative branch; all units and corporate outgrowths created by executive order of the governor or any constitutional officer, by the supreme court, or by resolution of the general assembly; agencies, authorities, boards, commissions, departments, institutions, offices, and any other bodies politic and corporate of a political subdivision, including school districts; and any public governmental body as that term is defined in section 610.010;
 - [(2)] (3) "Home address", a [judicial] court-related officer's permanent residence and any secondary residences affirmatively identified by the [judicial] court-related officer, but does not include a [judicial] court-related officer's work address;
 - [(3)] (4) "Immediate family", a [judicial] court-related officer's spouse, child, adoptive child, foster child, parent, or any unmarried companion of the [judicial] court-related officer or other familial relative of the [judicial] court-related officer's spouse who lives in the same residence;
 - [(4) "Judicial officer", actively employed, formerly employed, or retired:
- 35 (a) Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States;
- 36 (b) Judges of the United States Court of Appeals;
- 37 (c) Judges and magistrate judges of the United States District Courts;
- 38 (d) Judges of the United States Bankruptcy Court;
- 39 (e) Judges of the Missouri supreme court;
- 40 (f) Judges of the Missouri court of appeals;
- 41 (g) Judges and commissioners of the Missouri circuit courts, including of the 42 divisions of a circuit court; and
 - (h) Prosecuting or circuit attorney, or assistant prosecuting or circuit attorney;
- 44 (5) "Personal information", a home address, home telephone number, mobile 45 telephone number, pager number, personal email address, Social Security number, federal tax 46 identification number, checking and savings account numbers, credit card numbers, marital 47 status, and identity of children under eighteen years of age;

- 48 (6) "Publicly available content", any written, printed, or electronic document or record that provides information or that serves as a document or record maintained, 50 controlled, or in the possession of a government agency that may be obtained by any person or entity, from the internet, from the government agency upon request either free of charge or for a fee, or in response to a request pursuant to chapter 610 or the federal Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. Section 552, as amended;
 - (7) "Publicly post or display", to communicate to another or to otherwise make available to the general public;
 - (8) "Written request", written or electronic notice signed by:
 - (a) A state [judicial] **court-related** officer and submitted to the clerk of the Missouri supreme court or the clerk's designee; or
 - (b) A federal [judicial] court-related officer and submitted to that [judicial] court-related officer's clerk of the court or the clerk's designee;

that is transmitted by the applicable clerk to a government agency, person, business, or association [to request such government agency, person, business, or association refrain from posting or displaying publicly available content that includes the judicial officer's personal information].

476.1302. 1. A government agency shall not publicly post or display publicly available content that includes a [judicial] court-related officer's personal information, provided that the government agency has received a written request that the agency refrain from disclosing the [judicial] court-related officer's personal information. After a government agency has received a written request, the government agency shall remove the [judicial] court-related officer's personal information from publicly available content within five business days. After the government agency has removed the [judicial] court-related officer's personal information from publicly available content, the government agency shall not publicly post or display the [judicial] court-related officer's personal information and the [judicial] court-related officer's personal information shall be exempted from the provisions of chapter 610, unless the government agency has received a written [consent from the judicial officer] request to make the personal information available to the public.

2. If a government agency fails to comply with a written request to refrain from disclosing personal information, the [judicial] **court-related** officer may bring an action seeking injunctive or declaratory relief in any court of competent jurisdiction. If the court grants injunctive or declaratory relief, the court may award costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the [judicial] **court-related** officer.

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- 19 3. The provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to any government 20 agency created under section 43.020 or to a court-related officer's personal information 21 present in records of proceedings of any court of this state contained within any 22 statewide court automation system, which shall be governed by rules promulgated by 23 the Missouri supreme court.
- 476.1304. 1. No person, business, or association shall publicly post or display on the internet publicly available content that includes a [judicial] court-related officer's personal information, provided that the [judicial officer has made a written request to the] person, business, or association has received a written request that it refrain from disclosing the 5 personal information.
- 6 2. No person, business, or association shall solicit, sell, or trade on the internet a [judicial] court-related officer's personal information for purposes of tampering with a 7 [iudicial] court-related officer in violation of section 575.095 or with the intent to pose an imminent and serious threat to the health and safety of the [judicial] court-related officer or the [judicial] court-related officer's immediate family. 10
- 11 As prohibited in this section, persons, businesses, or associations posting, displaying, soliciting, selling, or trading a [judicial] court-related officer's personal 12 13 information on the internet includes, but is not limited to, internet phone directories, internet search engines, internet data aggregators, and internet service providers. 14
 - 476.1306. 1. After a person, business, or association has received a written request [from a judicial officer] to protect the privacy of the court-related officer's personal information, that person, business, or association shall have five business days to remove the personal information from the internet.
 - 2. After a person, business, or association has received a written request [from a judicial officer to protect the privacy of the court-related officer's personal information, that person, business, or association shall ensure that the [judicial] court-related officer's personal information is not made available on any website or subsidiary website controlled by that person, business, or association.
- 10 3. After receiving a [judicial officer's] written request to protect the privacy of the court-related officer's personal information, no person, business, or association shall make available the [judicial] court-related officer's personal information to any other person, 12 business, or association through any medium.
- 476.1308. A [judicial] court-related officer whose personal information is made public as a result of a violation of sections 476.1304 to 476.1306 may bring an action seeking 3 injunctive or declaratory relief in any court of competent jurisdiction. If the court grants 4 injunctive or declaratory relief, the person, business, or association responsible for the

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5 violation shall be required to pay the [judicial officer's] costs and reasonable attorney's fees of the court-related officer.

476.1310. 1. No government agency, person, business, or association shall be found to have violated any provision of sections 476.1300 to [476.1310] 476.1313 if the [judicial 3 officer fails to submit government agency, person, business, or association has not received a valid written request calling for the protection of the [judicial] court-related officer's personal information.

- 2. A written request shall be valid if:
- The [judicial] court-related officer sends a written request directly to a government agency, person, business, or association; or
- 9 (2) The [judicial] court-related officer complies with a Missouri supreme court rule for a state [judicial] court-related officer to file the written request with the clerk of the Missouri supreme court or the clerk's designee to notify government agencies and such notice is properly delivered by mail or electronic format. 12
 - 3. In each quarter of a calendar year, the clerk of the Missouri supreme court or the clerk's designee shall provide a list of all state [judicial] court-related officers who have submitted a written request under this section to the appropriate officer with ultimate supervisory authority for a government agency. The officer shall promptly provide a copy of the list to all government agencies under his or her supervision. Receipt of the written request list compiled by the clerk of the Missouri supreme court or the clerk's designee by a government agency shall constitute a written request to that government agency for the purposes of sections 476.1300 to [476.1310] 476.1313.
 - 4. The chief clerk or circuit clerk of the court where the [judicial] court-related officer serves may submit a written request on the [judicial] court-related officer's behalf, provided that the [judicial] court-related officer gives written consent to the clerk and provided that the clerk agrees to furnish a copy of that consent when a written request is made. The chief clerk or circuit clerk shall submit the written request as provided by subsection 2 of this section.
- 5. A [judicial] court-related officer's written request shall specify what personal information shall be maintained as private. If a [judicial] court-related officer wishes to identify a secondary residence as a home address, the designation shall be made in the written 29 request. A [judicial] court-related officer shall disclose the identity of his or her immediate family and indicate that the personal information of those members of the immediate family 32 shall also be excluded to the extent that it could reasonably be expected to reveal the personal 33 information of the [judicial] court-related officer. A [judicial] court-related officer shall 34 make reasonable efforts to identify specific publicly available content in the possession of a government agency.

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- 6. A [judicial] court-related officer's written request is valid until the [judicial] court-related officer provides the government agency, person, business, or association with written consent to release the personal information. A [judicial] court-related officer's written request expires on such [judicial] court-related officer's death.
- 7. The provisions of sections 476.1300 to [476.1310] 476.1313 shall not apply to any disclosure of personal information of a [judicial] court-related officer or a member of a [judicial] court-related officer's immediate family as required by Article VIII, Section 23 of the Missouri Constitution, sections 105.470 to 105.482, section 105.498, and chapter 130.
 - 476.1313. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a recorder of deeds shall meet the requirements of the provisions of sections 476.1300 to 476.1310 by complying with this section.
 - 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
 - (1) "Eligible documents", documents or instruments that are maintained by and located in the office of the recorder of deeds that are accessed electronically;
 - (2) ["Immediate family" shall have the same meaning as in section 476.1300;
- 8 (3)] "Indexes", indexes maintained by and located in the office of the recorder of 9 deeds that are accessed electronically;
 - [(4) "Judicial officer" shall have the same meaning as in section 476.1300;
 - (5)] (3) "Recorder of deeds" shall have the same meaning as in section 59.005;
 - [(6)] (4) "Shield", "shielded", or "shielding", a prohibition against the general public's electronic access to eligible documents and the [unique identifier] document locator number, address, property description, and recording date contained in indexes for eligible documents; except that, nothing in this definition shall prohibit a recorder of deeds from attaching a notice to the grantor's name in the indexes indicating a document is shielded;
 - [(7)] (5) "Written request", written or electronic notice signed by:
- 19 (a) A state [judicial] **court-related** officer and submitted to the clerk of the Missouri 20 supreme court or the clerk's designee; or
- 21 (b) A federal [judicial] court-related officer and submitted to that [judicial] court-22 related officer's clerk of the court or the clerk's designee;
- that is transmitted electronically by the applicable clerk to a recorder of deeds to request that eligible documents be shielded.
- 26 [2.] 3. Written requests transmitted to a recorder of deeds shall only include information specific to eligible documents maintained by that county. Any written request transmitted to a recorder of deeds shall include the requesting [judicial] court-related officer's full legal name or legal alias and a document locator number for each eligible

- document for which the [judicial] **court-related** officer is requesting shielding. If the [judicial] **court-related** officer is not a party to the instrument but is requesting shielding for an eligible document in which an immediate family member is a party to the instrument, the full legal name or legal alias of the immediate family member shall also be provided.
 - [3.] 4. Not more than five business days after the date on which the recorder of deeds receives the written request, the recorder of deeds shall shield the eligible documents listed in the written request. Within five business days of receipt, the recorder of deeds shall electronically reply to the written request with a list of any document locator numbers submitted under subsection [2] 3 of this section not found in the records maintained by that recorder of deeds.
 - [4.] 5. If the full legal name or legal alias of the [judicial] court-related officer or immediate family member provided does not appear on an eligible document listed in the written request, the recorder of deeds may electronically reply to the written request with this information. The recorder of deeds may delay shielding such eligible document until electronic confirmation is received from the applicable court clerk or [judicial] court-related officer.
 - [5.] 6. In order to shield subsequent eligible documents, the [judicial] court-related officer shall present to the recorder of deeds at the time of recording a copy of his or her written request. The recorder of deeds shall ensure that the eligible document is shielded within five business days.
 - [6.] 7. Eligible documents shall remain shielded until the recorder of deeds receives a court order or notarized affidavit signed by the [judicial] court-related officer directing the recorder of deeds to terminate shielding.
 - [7.] **8.** The provisions of this section shall not prohibit access to a shielded eligible document by **a party to the instrument or** an individual or entity that provides to the recorder of deeds a court order or notarized affidavit signed by the [judicial] **court-related** officer.
 - [8.] 9. No recorder of deeds shall be liable for any damages under this section, provided the recorder of deeds made a good faith effort to comply with the provisions of this section. No recorder of deeds shall be liable for the release of any eligible document or any data from any eligible document that was released or accessed prior to the eligible document being shielded pursuant to this section.
- 610.021. Except to the extent disclosure is otherwise required by law, a public governmental body is authorized to close meetings, records and votes, to the extent they relate to the following:
- 4 (1) Legal actions, causes of action or litigation involving a public governmental body 5 and any confidential or privileged communications between a public governmental body or

6 its representatives and its attorneys. However, any minutes, vote or settlement agreement relating to legal actions, causes of action or litigation involving a public governmental body or any agent or entity representing its interests or acting on its behalf or with its authority, including any insurance company acting on behalf of a public government body as its insured, shall be made public upon final disposition of the matter voted upon or upon the signing by the parties of the settlement agreement, unless, prior to final disposition, the settlement agreement is ordered closed by a court after a written finding that the adverse impact to a plaintiff or plaintiffs to the action clearly outweighs the public policy considerations of section 610.011, however, the amount of any moneys paid by, or on behalf of, the public governmental body shall be disclosed; provided, however, in matters involving the exercise of the power of eminent domain, the vote shall be announced or become public immediately following the action on the motion to authorize institution of such a legal action. Legal work product shall be considered a closed record;

- (2) Leasing, purchase or sale of real estate by a public governmental body where public knowledge of the transaction might adversely affect the legal consideration therefor. However, any minutes, vote or public record approving a contract relating to the leasing, purchase or sale of real estate by a public governmental body shall be made public upon execution of the lease, purchase or sale of the real estate;
- (3) Hiring, firing, disciplining or promoting of particular employees by a public governmental body when personal information about the employee is discussed or recorded. However, any vote on a final decision, when taken by a public governmental body, to hire, fire, promote or discipline an employee of a public governmental body shall be made available with a record of how each member voted to the public within seventy-two hours of the close of the meeting where such action occurs; provided, however, that any employee so affected shall be entitled to prompt notice of such decision during the seventy-two-hour period before such decision is made available to the public. As used in this subdivision, the term "personal information" means information relating to the performance or merit of individual employees;
 - (4) The state militia or national guard or any part thereof;
- (5) Nonjudicial mental or physical health proceedings involving identifiable persons, including medical, psychiatric, psychological, or alcoholism or drug dependency diagnosis or treatment;
- (6) Scholastic probation, expulsion, or graduation of identifiable individuals, including records of individual test or examination scores; however, personally identifiable student records maintained by public educational institutions shall be open for inspection by the parents, guardian or other custodian of students under the age of eighteen years and by the

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- 42 parents, guardian or other custodian and the student if the student is over the age of eighteen 43
 - (7) Testing and examination materials, before the test or examination is given or, if it is to be given again, before so given again;
 - (8) Welfare cases of identifiable individuals;
- 47 (9) Preparation, including any discussions or work product, on behalf of a public governmental body or its representatives for negotiations with employee groups; 48
 - (10) Software codes for electronic data processing and documentation thereof;
- 50 Specifications for competitive bidding, until either the specifications are officially approved by the public governmental body or the specifications are published for 51 bid: 52
 - Sealed bids and related documents, until the bids are opened; and sealed proposals and related documents or any documents related to a negotiated contract until a contract is executed, or all proposals are rejected;
 - (13) Individually identifiable personnel records, performance ratings or records pertaining to employees or applicants for employment, except that this exemption shall not apply to the names, positions, salaries and lengths of service of officers and employees of public agencies once they are employed as such, and the names of private sources donating or contributing money to the salary of a chancellor or president at all public colleges and universities in the state of Missouri and the amount of money contributed by the source;
 - (14) Records which are protected from disclosure by law;
 - (15) Meetings and public records relating to scientific and technological innovations in which the owner has a proprietary interest;
- 65 (16) Records relating to municipal hotlines established for the reporting of abuse and wrongdoing; 66
- (17) Records relating to reports of allegations of improper governmental activities 67 68 under section 29.221;
- (18) Confidential or privileged communications between a public governmental body 70 and its auditor, including all auditor work product; however, all final audit reports issued by the auditor are to be considered open records pursuant to this chapter;
 - (19) (a) Security measures, global positioning system (GPS) data, investigative information, or investigative or surveillance techniques of any public agency responsible for law enforcement or public safety that, if disclosed, has the potential to endanger the health or safety of an individual or the public.
- (b) Any information or data provided to a tip line for the purpose of safety or security 77 at an educational institution that, if disclosed, has the potential to endanger the health or safety of an individual or the public.

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- 79 (c) Any information contained in any suspicious activity report provided to law 80 enforcement that, if disclosed, has the potential to endanger the health or safety of an 81 individual or the public.
 - (d) Operational guidelines, policies and specific response plans developed, adopted, or maintained by any public agency responsible for law enforcement, public safety, first response, or public health for use in responding to or preventing any critical incident which has the potential to endanger individual or public safety or health. Financial records related to the procurement of or expenditures relating to operational guidelines, policies or plans purchased with public funds shall be open. When seeking to close information pursuant to this exception, the public governmental body shall affirmatively state in writing that disclosure would impair the public governmental body's ability to protect the security or safety of persons or real property, and shall in the same writing state that the public interest in nondisclosure outweighs the public interest in disclosure of the records;
 - (20) Existing or proposed security systems and structural plans of real property owned or leased by a public governmental body, and information that is voluntarily submitted by a nonpublic entity owning or operating an infrastructure to any public governmental body for use by that body to devise plans for protection of that infrastructure, the public disclosure of which would threaten public safety:
 - (a) Records related to the procurement of or expenditures relating to security systems purchased with public funds shall be open;
 - (b) When seeking to close information pursuant to this exception, the public governmental body shall affirmatively state in writing that disclosure would impair the public governmental body's ability to protect the security or safety of persons or real property, and shall in the same writing state that the public interest in nondisclosure outweighs the public interest in disclosure of the records;
 - (c) Records that are voluntarily submitted by a nonpublic entity shall be reviewed by the receiving agency within ninety days of submission to determine if retention of the document is necessary in furtherance of a state security interest. If retention is not necessary, the documents shall be returned to the nonpublic governmental body or destroyed;
 - (21) The portion of a record that identifies security systems or access codes or authorization codes for security systems of real property;
- 110 (22) Records that identify the configuration of components or the operation of a 111 computer, computer system, computer network, or telecommunications network, and would 112 allow unauthorized access to or unlawful disruption of a computer, computer system, 113 computer network, or telecommunications network of a public governmental body. This 114 exception shall not be used to limit or deny access to otherwise public records in a file, 115 document, data file or database containing public records. Records related to the procurement

of or expenditures relating to such computer, computer system, computer network, or telecommunications network, including the amount of moneys paid by, or on behalf of, a public governmental body for such computer, computer system, computer network, or telecommunications network shall be open;

- (23) Credit card numbers, personal identification numbers, digital certificates, physical and virtual keys, access codes or authorization codes that are used to protect the security of electronic transactions between a public governmental body and a person or entity doing business with a public governmental body. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to close the record of a person or entity using a credit card held in the name of a public governmental body or any record of a transaction made by a person using a credit card or other method of payment for which reimbursement is made by a public governmental body;
- (24) Records submitted by an individual, corporation, or other business entity to a public institution of higher education in connection with a proposal to license intellectual property or perform sponsored research and which contains sales projections or other business plan information the disclosure of which may endanger the competitiveness of a business;
- (25) Records relating to foster home or kinship placements of children in foster care under section 210.498; [and]
- (26) Individually identifiable customer usage and billing records for customers of a municipally owned utility or a utility operated by any political subdivision created by Article VI, Section 30(a) of the Constitution of Missouri, unless the records are requested by the customer or authorized for release by the customer, except that a municipally owned utility or a utility operated by any political subdivision created by Article VI, Section 30 (a) of the Constitution of Missouri shall make available to the public the customer's name, billing address, location of service, and dates of service provided for any commercial service account;
- (27) Any portion of a record that contains individually identifiable information of a minor under eighteen years of age held by a public governmental body, if such public governmental body is a city, town, village, or park board except when such records are requested by the division of labor standards within the department of labor and industrial relations for the purpose of enforcing chapter 294;
- (28) Individually identifiable customer information for visitors who make a camping, lodging, or shelter reservation for a county park, municipal park, or Missouri state park or state historic site unless the records are requested by the visitor or authorized for release by the visitor, and except that this exemption shall not apply to the municipality of residence and the zip code of residence of the visitor; and

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- 152 (29) Records to protect the specific location of a plant or animal species 153 considered endangered, threatened, critically imperiled, imperiled, or vulnerable when 154 the known location may cause the species to be at an increased risk of peril.
 - 610.026. 1. Except as otherwise provided by law, each public governmental body shall provide access to and, upon request, furnish copies of public records subject to the following:
 - 4 (1) Fees for copying public records, except those records restricted under section 32.091, shall not exceed ten cents per page for a paper copy not larger than nine by fourteen inches, with the hourly fee for duplicating time not to exceed the average hourly rate of pay for clerical staff of the public governmental body. Research time required for fulfilling records requests may be charged at the actual cost of research time. Based on the scope of the request, the public governmental body shall produce the copies using employees of the body that result in the lowest amount of charges for search, research, and duplication time. Prior to 10 producing copies of the requested records, the person requesting the records may request the public governmental body to provide an estimate of the cost to the person requesting the 12 13 records. Documents may be furnished without charge or at a reduced charge when the public governmental body determines that waiver or reduction of the fee is in the public interest because it is likely to contribute significantly to public understanding of the operations or activities of the public governmental body and is not primarily in the commercial interest of the requester;
 - (2) Fees for providing access to public records maintained on computer facilities, recording tapes or disks, videotapes or films, pictures, maps, slides, graphics, illustrations or similar audio or visual items or devices, and for paper copies larger than nine by fourteen inches shall include only the cost of copies, staff time, which shall not exceed the average hourly rate of pay for staff of the public governmental body required for making copies and programming, if necessary, and the cost of the disk, tape, or other medium used for the duplication. Fees for maps, blueprints, or plats that require special expertise to duplicate may include the actual rate of compensation for the trained personnel required to duplicate such maps, blueprints, or plats. If programming is required beyond the customary and usual level to comply with a request for records or information, the fees for compliance may include the actual costs of such programming.
 - 2. (1) Payment of [such copying] fees may be requested prior to [the making of copies | fulfilling the request.
 - A request for public records to a public governmental body shall be considered withdrawn if the requester fails to remit all fees within ninety days, or within one hundred fifty days if the requested fees are greater than one thousand dollars, of a request for payment of the fees by the public governmental body, prior to fulfilling the

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request. The public governmental body shall include notice to the requester that if the requester fails to remit payment of the fees within ninety days, or within one hundred fifty days if the requested fees are greater than one thousand dollars, then the request for public records shall be considered withdrawn. If the public governmental body responds to a request for public records in order to seek a clarification of the request and no response to the request for clarification is received by the public governmental body within ninety days, or within one hundred fifty days if the requested fees are greater than one thousand dollars, of sending the request for clarification, then such request for public records shall be considered withdrawn. The request for clarification by the public governmental body shall include notice to the requester that if the requester fails to respond within ninety days, or within one hundred fifty days if the requested fees are greater than one thousand dollars, then the request shall be considered withdrawn. If the same or a substantially similar request for public records is made within six months after the expiration of the ninety-day period, or within one hundred fifty days if the requested fees are greater than one thousand dollars, and no fee was remitted for such request or no response was received to the request for clarification, then the public governmental body may request payment of the same fees made for the original request that has expired in addition to any allowable fees necessary to fulfill the subsequent request. Any request for records to a public governmental body that is pending on August 28, 2025, shall be considered withdrawn if the requester fails to remit all fees by January 1, 2026. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply if a lawsuit has been filed against the public governmental body with regard to the records that are the subject of the request under this subdivision.

- 3. Except as otherwise provided by law, each public governmental body of the state shall remit all moneys received by or for it from fees charged pursuant to this section to the director of revenue for deposit to the general revenue fund of the state.
- 4. Except as otherwise provided by law, each public governmental body of a political subdivision of the state shall remit all moneys received by it or for it from fees charged pursuant to sections 610.010 to 610.028 to the appropriate fiscal officer of such political subdivision for deposit to the governmental body's accounts.
- 5. The term "tax, license or fees" as used in Section 22 of Article X of the Constitution of the State of Missouri does not include copying charges and related fees that do not exceed the level necessary to pay or to continue to pay the costs for providing a service,

- 69 program, or activity which was in existence on November 4, 1980, or which was approved by
- 70 a vote of the people subsequent to November 4, 1980.

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