## FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# HOUSE BILL NO. 82

### **103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

0420H.03C

JOSEPH ENGLER, Chief Clerk

## AN ACT

To repeal section 478.001, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to treatment courts.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 478.001, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as section 478.001, to read as follows:

478.001. 1. For purposes of sections 478.001 to 478.009, the following terms shall 2 mean:

3 (1) "Adult treatment court", a treatment court focused on addressing the substance use
4 disorder or co-occurring disorder of defendants charged with a criminal offense;

5 (2) "Community-based substance use disorder treatment program", an agency 6 certified by the department of mental health as a substance use disorder treatment provider;

7 (3) "Co-occurring disorder", the coexistence of both a substance use disorder and a 8 mental health disorder;

9 (4) "DWI court", a treatment court focused on addressing the substance use disorder 10 or co-occurring disorder of defendants who have pleaded guilty to or been found guilty of 11 driving while intoxicated or driving with excessive blood alcohol content;

12 (5) "Family treatment court", a treatment court focused on addressing a substance use 13 disorder or co-occurring disorder existing in families in the juvenile court, family court, or 14 criminal court in which a parent or other household member has been determined to have a 15 substance use disorder or co-occurring disorder that impacts the safety and well-being of the 16 children in the family;

17 (6) "Juvenile treatment court", a treatment court focused on addressing the substance18 use disorder or co-occurring disorder of juveniles in the juvenile court;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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19 (7) "Medication-assisted treatment", the use of pharmacological medications, in 20 combination with counseling and behavioral therapies, to provide a whole-patient approach to 21 the treatment of substance use disorders;

(8) "Mental health treatment court", a treatment court focused on addressing
the mental health disorder or co-occurring disorder of defendants charged with a
criminal offense;

(9) "Mental health disorder", any organic, mental, or emotional impairment that has
 substantial adverse effects on a person's cognitive, volitional, or emotional function and that
 constitutes a substantial impairment in a person's ability to participate in activities of normal
 living;

[(9)] (10) "Risk and needs assessment", an actuarial tool, approved by the treatment courts coordinating commission and validated on a targeted population of drug-involved adult offenders, scientifically proven to determine a person's risk to recidivate and to identify criminal risk factors that, when properly addressed, can reduce that person's likelihood of committing future criminal behavior;

[(10)] (11) "Substance use disorder", the recurrent use of alcohol or drugs that causes
 clinically significant impairment, including health problems, disability, and failure to meet
 major responsibilities at work, school, or home;

[(11)] (12) "Treatment court commissioner", a person appointed by a majority of the
 circuit and associate circuit judges in a circuit to preside as the judicial officer in the treatment
 court division;

40 [(12)] (13) "Treatment court division", a specialized, nonadversarial court division 41 with jurisdiction over cases involving substance-involved offenders and making extensive use 42 of comprehensive supervision, drug or alcohol testing, and treatment services. Treatment 43 court divisions include, but are not limited to, the following specialized courts: adult 44 treatment court, DWI court, family treatment court, juvenile treatment court, **mental health** 45 **treatment court**, veterans treatment court, or any combination thereof;

46 [(13)] (14) "Treatment court team", the following members who are assigned to the 47 treatment court: the judge or treatment court commissioner, treatment court administrator or 48 coordinator, prosecutor, public defender or member of the criminal defense bar, a 49 representative from the division of probation and parole, a representative from law 50 enforcement, substance use **or mental health disorder** disorder treatment providers, and any 51 other person selected by the treatment court team;

52 [(14)] (15) "Veterans treatment court", a treatment court focused on substance use 53 disorders, co-occurring disorders, or mental health disorders of defendants charged with a 54 criminal offense who are military veterans or current military personnel.

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55 2. Before August 28, 2027, a treatment court division shall be established, prior to 56 August 28, 2021, by [any] each circuit court pursuant to sections 478.001 to 478.009 to 57 provide an alternative for the judicial system to dispose of cases which stem from, or are otherwise impacted by, a substance use disorder or mental health disorder. The treatment 58 59 court division may include, but not be limited to, cases assigned to an adult treatment court, DWI court, family treatment court, juvenile treatment court, mental health treatment court, 60 61 veterans treatment court, or any combination thereof. A treatment court shall combine 62 judicial supervision, drug or alcohol testing, and treatment of participants. Except for good cause found by the court, a treatment court making a referral for substance use disorder or 63 mental health disorder treatment, when such program will receive state or federal funds in 64 65 connection with such referral, shall refer the person only to a program which is certified by 66 the department of mental health, unless no appropriate certified treatment program is located within the same county as the treatment court. Upon successful completion of the treatment 67 68 court program, the charges, petition, or penalty against a treatment court participant may be 69 dismissed, reduced, or modified, unless otherwise stated. Except for those costs waived pursuant to section 488.016, any fees received by a court from a defendant as payment for 70 71 substance or mental health treatment programs shall not be considered court costs, charges 72 or fines.

An adult treatment court may be established by any circuit court [under sections
478.001 to 478.009] to provide an alternative for the judicial system to dispose of cases which
stem from substance use.

4. [Under sections 478.001 to 478.009,] A DWI court may be established by any
circuit court to provide an alternative for the judicial system to dispose of cases that stem
from driving while intoxicated.

5. A family treatment court may be established by any circuit court. The juvenile division of the circuit court or the family court, if one is established under section 487.010, may refer one or more parents or other household members subject to its jurisdiction to the family treatment court if he or she has been determined to have a substance use disorder or co-occurring disorder that impacts the safety and well-being of the children in the family.

6. A juvenile treatment court may be established by the juvenile division of any circuit court. The juvenile division may refer a juvenile to the juvenile treatment court if the juvenile is determined to have committed acts that violate the criminal laws of the state or ordinances of a municipality or county and a substance use disorder or co-occurring disorder contributed to the commission of the offense.

7. The general assembly finds and declares that it is the public policy of this state to
encourage and provide an alternative method for the disposal of cases for military veterans
and current military personnel with substance use disorders, mental health disorders, or co-

92 occurring disorders. In order to effectuate this public policy, a veterans treatment court [may] 93 shall be established by [any] each circuit court, or combination of circuit courts upon 94 agreement of the presiding judges of such circuit courts, to provide an alternative for the 95 judicial system to dispose of cases that stem from a substance use disorder, mental health disorder, or co-occurring disorder of military veterans or current military personnel. A 96 97 veterans treatment court shall combine judicial supervision, drug or alcohol testing, and 98 substance use and mental health disorder treatment to participants who have served or are 99 currently serving the United States Armed Forces, including members of the Reserves or 100 National Guard, with preference given to individuals who have combat service. For the purposes of this section, combat service shall be shown through military service 101 102 documentation that reflects service in a combat theater, receipt of combat service medals, 103 or receipt of imminent danger or hostile fire pay or tax benefits. Except for good cause found 104 by the court, a veterans treatment court shall make a referral for substance use or mental health disorder treatment, or a combination of substance use and mental health disorder 105 106 treatment, through the Department of Defense health care, the Veterans Administration, or a 107 community-based substance use disorder treatment program. Community-based programs 108 utilized shall receive state or federal funds in connection with such referral and shall only 109 refer the individual to a program certified by the department of mental health, unless no 110 appropriate certified treatment program is located within the same circuit as the veterans 111 treatment court.

8. A mental health court may be established by any circuit court to provide an alternative for the judicial system to dispose of cases that stem from a mental health disorder or co-occurring disorder.

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