FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE NO. 2 FOR SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 266

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

0642H.07C JOSEPH ENGLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 161.670 and 168.410, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirteen new sections relating to responsibilities of publicly funded elementary and secondary educational entities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 161.670 and 168.410, RSMo, are repealed and thirteen new 2 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 161.670, 167.1200, 167.1205,

3 167.1210, 167.1211, 167.1212, 167.1215, 167.1220, 167.1224, 167.1225, 167.1229,

4 167.1230, and 168.410, to read as follows:

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161.670. 1. Notwithstanding any other law, prior to July 1, 2007, the state board of education shall establish the "Missouri Course Access and Virtual School Program" to serve school-age students residing in the state. The Missouri course access and virtual school program shall offer nonclassroom-based instruction in a virtual setting using technology, intranet, or internet methods of communication. Any student under the age of twenty-one in grades kindergarten through twelve who resides in this state shall be eligible to enroll in the Missouri course access and virtual school program pursuant to subsection 3 of this section.

- 2. (1) For purposes of calculation and distribution of state school aid, students enrolled in the Missouri course access and virtual school program shall be included in the
- 0 student enrollment of the school district in which the student is enrolled under the relevant
- 11 provisions of subsection 3 of this section for such enrollment. Student attendance for full-
- 12 time virtual program students shall only be included in any district pupil attendance
- 13 calculation under chapter 163 using current-year pupil attendance for such full-time virtual
- 14 program pupils. For the purpose of calculating average daily attendance in full-time virtual

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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programs under this section, average daily attendance shall be defined as the quotient or the sum of the quotients obtained by dividing the total number of hours attended in a term by enrolled pupils between the ages of five and twenty-one by the actual number of hours that the program was in session in that term, and the provisions of section 162.1250 shall not 19 apply to such funding calculation. Such calculation shall be generated by the virtual provider 20 and provided to the host district for submission to the department of elementary and secondary education. Such students may complete their instructional activities, as defined in subsection 4 of this section, during any hour of the day and during any day of the week. The hours attended for each enrolled pupil shall be documented by the pupil's weekly progress in the educational program according to a process determined by the virtual program and published annually in the virtual program's enrollment handbook or policy. To the average daily attendance of the following school term shall be added the full-time equivalent average 27 daily attendance of summer school students. In the case of a host school district enrolling one or more full-time virtual school students, such enrolling district shall, as part of its monthly state allocation, receive no less under the state aid calculation for such students than an amount equal to the state adequacy target multiplied by the weighted average daily attendance of such full-time students. Students residing in Missouri and enrolled in a full-time virtual 32 school program operated by a public institution of higher education in this state shall be counted for a state aid calculation by the department, and the department shall pay, from funds dedicated to state school aid payments made under section 163.031, to such institution an amount equal to the state adequacy target multiplied by the weighted average daily attendance of such full-time students.

- (2) The Missouri course access and virtual school program shall report to the district of residence the following information about each student served by the Missouri course access and virtual school program: name, address, eligibility for free or reduced-price lunch, limited English proficiency status, special education needs, and the number of courses in which the student is enrolled. The Missouri course access and virtual school program shall promptly notify the resident district when a student discontinues enrollment. A "full-time equivalent student" is a student who is enrolled in the instructional equivalent of six credits per regular term. Each Missouri course access and virtual school program course shall count as one class and shall generate that portion of a full-time equivalent that a comparable course offered by the school district would generate.
- (3) Pursuant to an education services plan and collaborative agreement under subsection 3 of this section, full-time equivalent students may be allowed to use a physical location of the resident school district for all or some portion of ongoing instructional activity, and the enrollment plan shall provide for reimbursement of costs of the resident district for providing such access pursuant to rules promulgated under this section by the department.

- (4) In no case shall more than the full-time equivalency of a regular term of attendance for a single student be used to claim state aid. Full-time equivalent student credit completed shall be reported to the department of elementary and secondary education in the manner prescribed by the department. Nothing in this section shall prohibit students from enrolling in additional courses under a separate agreement that includes terms for paying tuition or course fees.
- (5) A full-time virtual school program serving full-time equivalent students shall be considered an attendance center in the host school district and shall participate in the statewide assessment system as defined in section 160.518. The academic performance of students enrolled in a full-time virtual school program shall be assigned to the designated attendance center of the full-time virtual school program and shall be considered in like manner to other attendance centers. The academic performance of any student who disenrolls from a full-time virtual school program and enrolls in a public school or charter school shall not be used in determining the annual performance report score of the attendance center or school district in which the student enrolls for twelve months from the date of enrollment.
- (6) For the purposes of this section, a public institution of higher education operating a full-time virtual school program shall be subject to all requirements applicable to a host school district with respect to its full-time equivalent students.
- 3. (1) A student who resides in this state may enroll in Missouri course access and virtual school program courses of his or her choice as a part of the student's annual course load each school year, with any costs associated with such course or courses to be paid by the school district or charter school if:
- (a) The student is enrolled full-time in a public school, including any charter school; and
- (b) Prior to enrolling in any Missouri course access and virtual school program course, a student has received approval from his or her school district or charter school through the procedure described under subdivision (2) of this subsection.
- (2) Each school district or charter school shall adopt a policy that delineates the process by which a student may enroll in courses provided by the Missouri course access and virtual school program that is substantially similar to the typical process by which a district student would enroll in courses offered by the school district and a charter school student would enroll in courses offered by the charter school. The policy may include consultation with the school's counselor and may include parental notification or authorization. The policy shall ensure that available opportunities for in-person instruction are considered prior to moving a student to virtual courses. The policy shall allow for continuous enrollment throughout the school year. If the school district or charter school disapproves a student's request to enroll in a course or courses provided by the Missouri course access and virtual

school program, the reason shall be provided in writing and it shall be for good cause. Good cause justification to disapprove a student's request for enrollment in a course shall be a determination that doing so is not in the best educational interest of the student, and shall be consistent with the determination that would be made for such course request under the process by which a district student would enroll in a similar course offered by the school district and a charter school student would enroll in a similar course offered by the charter school, except that the determination may consider the suitability of virtual courses for the student based on prior participation in virtual courses by the student. Appeals of any course denials under this subsection shall be considered under a policy that is substantially similar to the typical process by which appeals would be considered for a student seeking to enroll in courses offered by the school district and a charter school student seeking to enroll in courses offered by the charter school.

- (3) For students enrolled in any Missouri course access and virtual school program course in which costs associated with such course are to be paid by the school district or charter school as described under this subdivision, the school district or charter school shall pay the content provider directly on a pro rata monthly basis based on a student's completion of assignments and assessments. If a student discontinues enrollment, the district or charter school may stop making monthly payments to the content provider. No school district or charter school shall pay, for any one course for a student, more than the market necessary costs but in no case shall pay more than fourteen percent of the state adequacy target, as defined under section 163.011, as calculated at the end of the most recent school year for any single, year-long course and no more than seven percent of the state adequacy target as described above for any single semester equivalent course.
- (4) (a) A student who lives in this state may enroll in a virtual program of their choice as provided in this subdivision, and the provisions of subdivisions (1) to (3) of this subsection shall not apply to such enrollment in a full-time virtual program. Each host school district operating a full-time virtual program under this section shall adopt, operate and implement an enrollment policy as specified by the provisions of this subdivision. The student, the student's parent or guardian if the student is not considered homeless, the virtual program, the host district, and the resident district shall collaborate in good faith to implement the enrollment policy regarding the student's enrollment, and the resident school district and the host school district may mutually agree that the resident district shall offer or continue to offer services for the student under an agreement that includes financial terms for reimbursement by the host school district for the necessary costs of the resident school district providing such services. An enrollment policy specified under this subsection shall:
- a. Require a student's parent or guardian, if the student is not considered homeless, to apply for enrollment in a full-time virtual program directly with the virtual program;

- b. Specify timelines for timely participation by the virtual program, the host district, and resident district; provided that the resident district shall provide any relevant information and input on the enrollment within ten business days of notice from the virtual program of the enrollment application;
- c. Include a survey of the reasons for the student's and parent's interests in participating in the virtual program;
 - d. Include consideration of available opportunities for in-person instruction prior to enrolling a student in a virtual program;
 - e. Evaluate requests for enrollment based on meeting the needs for a student to be successful considering all relevant factors;
 - f. Ensure that, for any enrolling student with a covered disability, an individualized education program and a related services agreement, in cases where such agreement is needed, are created to provide all services required to ensure a free and appropriate public education, including financial terms for reimbursement by the host district for the necessary costs of any virtual program, school district, or public or private entity providing all or a portion of such services;
 - g. Require the virtual program to determine whether an enrolling student will be admitted, based on the enrollment policy, in consideration of all relevant factors and provide the basis for its determination and any service plan for the student, in writing, to the student, the student's parent or guardian, the host district, and the resident district; and
 - h. Provide a process for reviewing appeals of decisions made under this subdivision.
 - (b) The department shall publish an annual report based on the enrollments and enrollment surveys conducted under this subdivision that provides data at the statewide and district levels of sufficient detail to allow analysis of trends regarding the reasons for participation in the virtual program at the statewide and district levels; provided that no such survey results will be published in a manner that reveals individual student information. The department shall also include, in the annual report, data at the statewide and district levels of sufficient detail to allow detection and analysis of the racial, ethnic, and socio-economic balance of virtual program participation among schools and districts at the statewide and district levels, provided that no such survey results will be published in a manner that reveals individual student information.
 - (5) In the case of a student who is a candidate for A+ tuition reimbursement and taking a virtual course under this section, the school shall attribute no less than ninety-five percent attendance to any such student who has completed such virtual course.
- 160 (6) The Missouri course access and virtual school program shall ensure that 161 individual learning plans designed by certified teachers and professional staff are developed

for all students enrolled in more than two full-time course access program courses or a fulltime virtual school.

- (7) Virtual school programs shall monitor individual student success and engagement of students enrolled in their program and, for students enrolled in virtual courses on a part-time basis, the virtual school program shall provide regular student progress reports for each student at least four times per school year to the school district or charter school, provide the host school district and the resident school district ongoing access to academic and other relevant information on student success and engagement, and shall terminate or alter the course offering if it is found the course is not meeting the educational needs of the students enrolled in the course.
- (8) The department of elementary and secondary education shall monitor the aggregate performance of providers and make such information available to the public under subsection 11 of this section.
- (9) Pursuant to rules to be promulgated by the department of elementary and secondary education, when a student transfers into a school district or charter school, credits previously gained through successful passage of approved courses under the Missouri course access and virtual school program shall be accepted by the school district or charter school.
- (10) Pursuant to rules to be promulgated by the department of elementary and secondary education, if a student transfers into a school district or charter school while enrolled in a Missouri course access and virtual school program course or full-time virtual school, the student shall continue to be enrolled in such course or school.
- (11) Nothing in this section shall prohibit home school or FPE school students, private school students, or students wishing to take additional courses beyond their regular course load from enrolling in Missouri course access and virtual school program courses under an agreement that includes terms for paying tuition or course fees.
- (12) Nothing in this subsection shall require any school district, charter school, virtual program, or the state to provide computers, equipment, or internet access to any student unless required under the education services plan created for an eligible student under subdivision (4) of this subsection or for an eligible student with a disability to comply with federal law. An education services plan may require an eligible student to have access to school facilities of the resident school district during regular school hours for participation and instructional activities of a virtual program under this section, and the education services plan shall provide for reimbursement of the resident school district for such access pursuant to rules adopted by the department under this section.
- (13) The authorization process shall provide for continuous monitoring of approved providers and courses. The department shall revoke or suspend or take other corrective action regarding the authorization of any course or provider no longer meeting the requirements of

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the program. Unless immediate action is necessary, prior to revocation or suspension, the department shall notify the provider and give the provider a reasonable time period to take corrective action to avoid revocation or suspension. The process shall provide for periodic renewal of authorization no less frequently than once every three years.

- (14) Courses approved as of August 28, 2018, by the department to participate in the Missouri virtual instruction program shall be automatically approved to participate in the Missouri course access and virtual school program, but shall be subject to periodic renewal.
- (15) Any online course or virtual program offered by a school district or charter school, including those offered prior to August 28, 2018, which meets the requirements of section 162.1250 shall be automatically approved to participate in the Missouri course access and virtual school program. Such course or program shall be subject to periodic renewal. A school district or charter school offering such a course or virtual school program shall be deemed an approved provider.
- (16) A host district may contract with a provider to perform any required services involved with delivering a full-time virtual education.
- 4. (1) As used in this subsection, the term "instructional activities" means classroom-based or nonclassroom-based activities that a student shall be expected to complete, participate in, or attend during any given school day, such as:
 - (a) Online logins to curricula or programs;
- 218 (b) Offline activities;
- (c) Completed assignments within a particular program, curriculum, or class;
- 220 (d) Testing;
- (e) Face-to-face communications or meetings with school staff;
- 222 (f) Telephone or video conferences with school staff;
- 223 (g) School-sanctioned field trips; or
- (h) Orientation.
- 225 (2) A full-time virtual school shall submit a notification to the parent or guardian of 226 any student who is not consistently engaged in instructional activities and shall provide 227 regular student progress reports for each student at least four times per school year.
 - (3) Each full-time virtual school shall develop, adopt, and post on the school's website a policy setting forth the consequences for a student who fails to complete the required instructional activities. Such policy shall state, at a minimum, that if a student fails to complete the instructional activities after receiving a notification under subdivision (2) of this subsection, and after reasonable intervention strategies have been implemented, that the student shall be subject to certain consequences which may include disenrollment from the school. Prior to any disenrollment, the parent or guardian shall have the opportunity to

present any information that the parent deems relevant, and such information shall be considered prior to any final decision.

- (4) If a full-time virtual school disenrolls a student under subdivision (3) of this subsection, the school shall immediately provide written notification to such student's school district of residence. The student's school district of residence shall then provide to the parents or guardian of the student a written list of available educational options and promptly enroll the student in the selected option. Any student disenrolled from a full-time virtual school shall be prohibited from reenrolling in the same virtual school for the remainder of the school year.
- 5. School districts or charter schools shall inform parents of their child's right to participate in the program. Availability of the program shall be made clear in the parent handbook, registration documents, and featured on the home page of the school district or charter school's website.
 - 6. The department shall:
- (1) Establish an authorization process for course or full-time virtual school providers that includes multiple opportunities for submission each year;
- 251 (2) Pursuant to the time line established by the department, authorize course or full-252 time virtual school providers that:
 - (a) Submit all necessary information pursuant to the requirements of the process; and
 - (b) Meet the criteria described in subdivision (3) of this subsection;
 - (3) Review, pursuant to the authorization process, proposals from providers to provide a comprehensive, full-time equivalent course of study for students through the Missouri course access and virtual school program. The department shall ensure that these comprehensive courses of study align to state academic standards and that there is consistency and compatibility in the curriculum used by all providers from one grade level to the next grade level;
- 261 (4) Within thirty days of any denial, provide a written explanation to any course or 262 full-time virtual school providers that are denied authorization;
 - (5) Allow a course or full-time virtual school provider denied authorization to reapply at any point in the future.
 - 7. The department shall publish the process established under this section, including any deadlines and any guidelines applicable to the submission and authorization process for course or full-time virtual school providers on its website.
 - 8. If the department determines that there are insufficient funds available for evaluating and authorizing course or full-time virtual school providers, the department may charge applicant course or full-time virtual school providers a fee up to, but no greater than,

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- 271 the amount of the costs in order to ensure that evaluation occurs. The department shall 272 establish and publish a fee schedule for purposes of this subsection.
- 9. Except as specified in this section and as may be specified by rule of the state board 274 of education, the Missouri course access and virtual school program shall comply with all 275 state laws and regulations applicable to school districts, including but not limited to the 276 Missouri school improvement program (MSIP), annual performance report (APR), teacher 277 certification, curriculum standards, audit requirements under chapter 165, access to public records under chapter 610, and school accountability report cards under section 160.522. Teachers and administrators employed by a virtual provider shall be considered to be employed in a public school for all certification purposes under chapter 168.
 - The department shall submit and publicly publish an annual report on the Missouri course access and virtual school program and the participation of entities to the governor, the chair and ranking member of the senate education committee, and the chair and ranking member of the house of representatives elementary and secondary education committee. The report shall at a minimum include the following information:
- 286 (1) The annual number of unique students participating in courses authorized under 287 this section and the total number of courses in which students are enrolled in;
 - (2) The number of authorized providers;
- 289 (3) The number of authorized courses and the number of students enrolled in each 290 course;
 - (4) The number of courses available by subject and grade level;
- 292 (5) The number of students enrolled in courses broken down by subject and grade 293 level;
 - (6) Student outcome data, including completion rates, student learning gains, student performance on state or nationally accepted assessments, by subject and grade level per provider. This outcome data shall be published in a manner that protects student privacy;
 - (7) The costs per course;
 - (8) Evaluation of in-school course availability compared to course access availability to ensure gaps in course access are being addressed statewide.
 - 11. (1) The department shall be responsible for creating the Missouri course access and virtual school program catalog providing a listing of all courses authorized and available to students in the state, detailed information, including costs per course, about the courses to inform student enrollment decisions, and the ability for students to submit their course enrollments.
- 305 (2) On or before January 1, 2023, the department shall publish on its website, and 306 distribute to all school districts and charter schools in this state, a guidance document that 307 details the options for virtual course access and full-time virtual course access for all students

308 in the state. The guidance document shall include a complete and readily understood description of the applicable enrollment processes including the opportunity for students to enroll and the roles and responsibilities of the student, parent, virtual provider, school district or districts, and charter schools, as appropriate. The guidance document shall be distributed 312 in written and electronic form to all school districts, charter schools, and virtual providers. School districts and charter schools shall provide a copy of the guidance document to every pupil and parent or legal guardian of every pupil enrolled in the district or charter school at the beginning of each school year and upon enrollment for every pupil enrolling at a different time of the school year. School districts and charter schools shall provide a readily viewable link to the electronic version of the guidance document on the main page of the district's or charter school's website.

- 12. Any virtual school or program may administer any statewide assessment required pursuant to the provisions of section 160.518, except for college readiness or workforce readiness assessments provided by a national college and career readiness assessment provider, in a virtual setting that aligns with the student's regular academic instruction. Any administration of a virtual statewide assessment shall meet the following conditions:
- (1) The assessment shall be administered to the student at an assigned date and time;
- (2) The assessment shall be administered during a synchronous assessment session initiated and managed by an employee of the virtual school or program;
- (3) The student shall be monitored by an assessment proctor via a camera for the duration of the assessment. If the assessment platform does not allow for integrated camera proctoring, the student shall use two devices during the assessment. The first device shall be used to take the assessment and the second device shall have a functioning camera and be used to monitor the student during the assessment. However, if the assessment platform allows for the proctor to view the student and background, a second device shall not be required;
- (4) The virtual school or program shall maintain a student-assessment-taker-to-assessment-proctor ratio of ten to one or lower;
- (5) The student shall not exit the assessment platform until instructed to do so by the assigned assessment proctor; and
- (6) The student's submission of the completed assessment shall be verified by the assessment administrator.
- 13. The state board of education through the rulemaking process and the department of elementary and secondary education in its policies and procedures shall ensure that multiple content providers and learning management systems are allowed, ensure digital

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content conforms to accessibility requirements, provide an easily accessible link for providers 346 to submit courses or full-time virtual schools on the Missouri course access and virtual school 347 program website, and allow any person, organization, or entity to submit courses or full-time 348 virtual schools for approval. No content provider shall be allowed that is unwilling to accept 349 payments in the amount and manner as described under subdivision (3) of subsection 3 of this 350 section or does not meet performance or quality standards adopted by the state board of 351 education.

[13.] 14. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 354 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with 356 the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void.

167.1200. 1. Sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 shall be known and may be cited as the "Public School Open Enrollment Act".

- 2. As used in sections 167.1200 to 167.1230, the following terms mean:
- (1) "Department", the department of elementary and secondary education;
- (2) "Local education agency" or "LEA", any school district and any charter school that has declared itself a local education agency;
- "Nonresident local education agency" or "nonresident LEA", a local education agency other than a transferring student's resident LEA;
- (4) "Parent", a transferring student's parent, guardian, or other person having custody or care of the student;
- (5) "Resident local education agency" or "resident LEA", the local education agency in which the transferring student resides, or in the case of a transferring student who is subject to joint legal custody or joint physical custody awarded by a court, the residence designated as the address of the student for educational purposes, or in the case of a student who attends a charter school, such charter school;
- (6) "Sibling", each of two or more children having a parent in common by blood, adoption, marriage, or foster care;
- (7) "Socioeconomic status", the income level of a student or the student's family, which shall be measured by whether a student or the student's family meets the financial eligibility criteria for free and reduced price meals offered under federal guidelines;

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- 22 (8) "Transferring student", a child who transfers to a nonresident LEA through 23 a public school open enrollment program under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 and who:
 - (a) Is beginning kindergarten in the child's resident LEA;
- (b) Is a student enrolled in a school or a local education agency in kindergarten to grade twelve who immediately prior to transferring has been enrolled in a local education agency in the student's resident LEA;
 - (c) Was enrolled in a school other than a school in a local education agency;
- 29 (d) Was attending an FPE school, as such term is defined in section 167.013; or
- 30 (e) Has moved to this state from another state and has not yet enrolled in a 31 school:
- 32 (9) "Transfer year", the school year in which a transferring student attends 33 school in a nonresident LEA.
- 167.1205. 1. A public school open enrollment program is established to enable a child beginning kindergarten or a student in kindergarten to grade twelve to attend a school in a nonresident LEA subject to the limitations under section 167.1225. Such 4 program is designed to improve quality instructional and educational programs by providing opportunities including, but not limited to, the following:
- 6 (1) Increasing parental involvement for students whose parents work in other 7 LEAs;
 - (2) Providing access to instructional programs and classes that are not available in the resident LEA; and
- 10 (3) Offering parents the opportunity to select curriculum options that align with 11 the parents' personal beliefs.
 - 2. (1) LEAs shall not be required to participate in the public school open enrollment program.
- 14 (2) (a) Each LEA shall, before November first of each year, adopt a resolution 15 by a majority vote of the governing body of the LEA that states whether the LEA will or 16 will not participate in the public school open enrollment program created in sections 17 167.1200 to 167.1230 in the school year beginning on July first of the following year.
- 18 **(b)** If an LEA participates in the public school open enrollment program, the 19 LEA shall receive transferring students for the full school year in which the LEA participates.
- (3) (a) An LEA may restrict the number of students who may transfer to a nonresident LEA under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 in each school year to the maximum of three percent of the previous school year's enrollment for the LEA; except that, after the 2027-28 school year, the maximum number of students who may transfer to a nonresident LEA shall increase by one percent for every two consecutive school

- years the LEA is at its maximum number of students who may transfer out of the LEA pursuant to this paragraph. The maximum percentage of students who may transfer from a resident LEA to a nonresident LEA shall be capped at five percent of the previous school year's enrollment for the resident LEA.
 - (b) A student seeking to transfer to a nonresident LEA shall be eligible to transfer under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 and shall count as part of the enrollment for such student's resident LEA for the purposes of the transfer maximum described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision if, in the school year before the school year in which the student seeks to transfer, such student:
 - a. Was enrolled in a school other than an LEA;
 - b. Was attending an FPE school, as such term is defined in section 167.013; or
 - c. Has moved to this state from another state and has not yet enrolled in a school.
 - (4) (a) The department shall develop and maintain an online resource to facilitate applications for a public school open enrollment transfer as described in sections 167.1200 to 167.1230. Such resource shall enable a nonresident LEA to ensure that the LEA does not accept a transfer application if the acceptance of such transfer application would cause the transferring student's resident LEA to exceed the transfer maximum for the preceding school year.
 - (b) The online resource shall provide a searchable public database of the number of transfers offered in each participating LEA. The database shall list allowable transfer numbers published under section 167.1215 for each LEA for each school building, grade level, classroom, and program.
 - 3. Sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 shall not be construed to require an LEA to add teachers, staff, or classrooms or to in any way exceed the requirements and standards established by the nonresident LEA.
 - 4. (1) The department or another entity skilled in policy development shall develop a model policy for determining the number of transfers available under section 167.1215 and establishing specific standards for acceptance and rejection of transfer applications.
 - (2) Upon adoption of a resolution to participate in the open enrollment program, the governing body of each LEA shall, by resolution, adopt a policy that defines the term "insufficient classroom space" for that LEA and which may account for future population growth of the community in which the LEA is located. The policy shall also establish the specific standards for acceptance and rejection of transfer applications.
 - (3) The specific standards for acceptance and rejection of transfer applications shall account for future population growth of the community in which the LEA is located and may include, but shall not be limited to:

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- 63 (a) The capacity of a school building, grade level, class, or program;
- 64 (b) The availability of classroom space in each school building;
- 65 (c) Any class-size limitation. An LEA may use projections when determining class-size limitations; 66
 - (d) The ratio of students to classroom teachers;
 - (e) The LEA's projected enrollment; and
- (f) Any characteristics of specific programs affected by additional or fewer students attending because of transfers under the public school open enrollment 70 program, provided that special education programs shall not be considered under this 72 paragraph.
 - (4) The specific standards for acceptance and rejection of transfer applications shall include a statement that priority shall be given to an applicant who has a sibling who:
 - (a) Is already enrolled in the nonresident LEA; or
 - (b) Has made an application for enrollment in the same nonresident LEA.
- 78 (5) The specific standards for acceptance and rejection of transfer applications 79 shall not include an applicant's:
- 80 (a) Academic achievement;
 - (b) Athletic or other extracurricular ability;
- 82 (c) Disabilities;
- 83 (d) English proficiency level; or
- 84 (e) Previous disciplinary proceedings, except that any suspension or expulsion from another LEA shall be included. 85
- 86 (6) An LEA receiving transferring students shall not discriminate on the basis of 87 gender, national origin, race, ethnicity, ancestry, religion, disability, or whether the 88 student is homeless or a migrant.
 - 5. A nonresident LEA shall:
 - (1) Accept credits toward graduation that were awarded by another LEA to a transferring student; and
- 92 (2) Award a diploma to a transferring student if the student meets the 93 nonresident LEA's graduation requirements.
- 6. The governing body of each LEA shall cause the information about the public 95 school open enrollment program to be posted on the LEA website and in the student handbook to inform parents of students of the:
 - (1) Availability of the program established under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230;
- 98 (2) Application deadline; and

- 99 (3) Requirements and procedures for resident and nonresident students to 100 participate in the program.
 - 7. If a student wishes to attend a school within a nonresident LEA that is a magnet school, an academically selective school, or a school with a competitive entrance process that has admissions requirements, the student shall furnish proof that the student meets the admissions requirements in the application described under section 167.1220.
 - 8. A nonresident LEA may deny a transfer to a student who, in the most recent school year, has been suspended from school two or more times or who has been suspended for an act of school violence or expelled under subsection 2 of section 160.261. A student whose transfer is initially precluded under this subsection may be permitted to transfer on a provisional basis as a probationary transfer student, subject to no further disruptive behavior, upon approval of the nonresident LEA's governing body.
 - 9. A student who is denied a transfer under subsection 8 of this section has the right to an in-person meeting with the nonresident LEA's governing body. The nonresident LEA shall develop common standards for determining disruptive behavior that shall include, but not be limited to, criteria under section 160.261.
 - 10. (1) As used in this subsection, "school days of enrollment" does not include enrollment in summer school, and "varsity" means the highest level of competition offered by one school or LEA against the highest level of competition offered by an opposing school or LEA.
 - (2) (a) Except as provided in this paragraph, a student who participates in open enrollment for purposes of attending a grade in grades nine to twelve in an LEA other than the resident LEA is ineligible to participate in interscholastic athletics for three hundred sixty-five days unless the student's case meets the standards under the following exceptions:
 - a. If the transfer does not involve undue influence and is not for athletic reasons, a student may be eligible immediately at the school of the student's choice upon first entering when:
 - (i) The student is promoted from grade six to grade seven;
- 129 (ii) The student is promoted from grade eight to grade nine and the student is 130 eligible in all other respects; or
- 131 (iii) The student completes the highest grade in an elementary school that is not a 132 part of a system supporting a high school and the student is eligible in all other respects; 133 or
- b. If a student transfers schools under circumstances that do not meet the athletic eligibility requirements under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230, such student may

- be granted eligibility to participate in interscholastic athletics as hereinafter restricted if
 the student qualifies under the following terms and conditions:
 - (i) A student whose name has been included on a school eligibility roster at any level for a given sport during the twelve calendar months preceding the date of such transfer shall be eligible only for subvarsity competition in such sport for three hundred sixty-five days after the date of transfer. A student may have unrestricted eligibility in all other sports in which such student's name has not appeared on a school eligibility roster;
 - (ii) A student who has attended an LEA that does not sponsor interscholastic athletics but who has participated in organized nonschool competition during the twelve calendar months preceding the date of such transfer shall be eligible only for subvarsity competition in such sport for three hundred sixty-five days after the date of transfer. A student may have unrestricted eligibility in all other sports in which such student did not participate; or
 - (iii) Eligibility may be granted as described in item (i) of this subparagraph if the athletic eligibility is approved by the principals of both the resident and nonresident LEAs and if there is no athletic purpose involved in the transfer. The student shall be ineligible for all sports for three hundred sixty-five days after the date of transfer if either or both principals decline to approve athletic eligibility.
 - (b) Nothing in this section or section 167.1210 shall prevent a statewide athletic association that provides oversight for athletic or activity eligibility for students from imposing a stricter penalty upon any transferring student who is determined to have been unduly influenced to participate in or not to participate in the public school open enrollment program outlined in sections 167.1200 to 167.1230.
 - 167.1210. 1. A student who applies to enroll in multiple nonresident LEAs and accepts a public school open enrollment program transfer to a nonresident LEA shall accept only one such transfer per school year.
 - 2. (1) A student who accepts a public school open enrollment program transfer to a nonresident LEA shall commit to attend and take all courses through the nonresident LEA for at least two school years. The student may meet with the governing body of the nonresident LEA to be released from such commitment if extenuating circumstances arise or if the student's resident LEA changes. A transferring student shall not enroll in the Missouri course access and virtual school program as a full-time equivalent student, as such term is defined in subsection 2 of section 161.670.
 - (2) If a transferring student returns to the student's resident LEA, the student's transfer shall be void and the student shall reapply if the student seeks a future public

school open enrollment program transfer. No transferring student who returns to the student's resident LEA shall reapply for a future transfer under this subdivision until after the student has been enrolled in and completed a full school semester in a school in the student's resident LEA.

- (3) A transferring student with a school attendance percentage rate below eighty percent for any one quarter shall be notified of such rate and if such student's attendance rate in the subsequent quarter does not reach at least ninety percent, the student's transfer and eligibility to attend the nonresident LEA may be voided by the LEA.
- 3. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a transferring student attending school in a nonresident LEA may complete all remaining school years in the nonresident LEA without reapplying each school year.
- (2) A sibling of a transferring student who continues enrollment in a nonresident LEA may enroll in or continue enrollment in that nonresident LEA if the LEA has the capacity to accept the sibling without adding teachers, staff, or classrooms or exceeding the regulations and standards established by law or the policy of the nonresident LEA and the sibling has no discipline issues as described in section 167.1205.
- 4. (1) The transferring student or the student's parent is responsible for the transportation of the student to and from the boundaries of the nonresident LEA where the student is enrolled. The nonresident LEA shall be responsible for the transportation of nonresident students participating in the open enrollment program within the boundaries of the nonresident LEA in which the school is located.
- (2) A nonresident LEA shall either establish a bus stop location or utilize an existing bus stop location to provide transportation services to students participating in the open enrollment program. Costs incurred for transportation services within the boundaries of a nonresident LEA for students participating in the open enrollment program shall be included in the nonresident LEA's calculation for reimbursement for state aid as provided in section 163.161, provided that nothing in this subsection shall be considered when calculating the efficiency of a nonresident LEA pursuant to the provisions of section 163.161.
- (3) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a nonresident charter school LEA shall be required to provide transportation services pursuant to this subsection only if such charter school LEA provides transportation services to resident students. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require charter school LEAs to begin offering transportation services if such services are not currently provided.
- 5. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 160, chapter 163, or federal calculations of military impact aid to the contrary, for the purposes of determining state

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and federal aid, a transferring student shall be counted as a resident pupil of the nonresident school district LEA in which the student is enrolled, and for a student 52 transferring to a nonresident charter school LEA, the charter school shall receive a state aid payment in an amount determined by multiplying the charter school's weighted 54 average daily attendance of such transferring student by the state adequacy target and multiplying this product by the dollar-value modifier for the district in which the 56 57 charter school is located, and the provisions of section 160.415 shall not apply to any state aid calculation for a transferring pupil who enrolls in a nonresident charter school 58 59 LEA. For purposes of this subsection, the terms "dollar-value modifier", "state adequacy target", and "weighted average daily attendance" shall have the same 60 meaning as such terms are defined in section 163.011. 61

- 6. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, for the purposes of payment to a special school district established pursuant to the provisions of sections 162.670 to 162.996, a transferring student receiving services from a special school district shall be counted as a resident pupil of the nonresident LEA in which the student is enrolled. If such student receives fifty percent or more of such student's instruction from the special school district, the special school district shall, in lieu of the nonresident LEA, receive all funding which would otherwise be paid to the nonresident LEA pursuant to the provisions of sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 for such student.
- 70 7. Nothing in sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 shall be construed to relieve any resident LEA of its responsibility to pay any costs required under sections 162.705 or 162.740.

participates in the public school open enrollment program, the nonresident LEA shall receive reimbursement from the parent public school choice fund established in section 167.1212 for the costs of the special educational services for the student with an individualized education program above the state and federal funds received for educating the student. Such reimbursement shall not exceed three times the current expenditure per average daily attendance as calculated on the LEA annual secretary of the board report for the year in which expenditures are claimed.

167.1212. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Parent Public School Choice Fund", which shall consist of appropriations made by the general assembly to provide moneys for the public school open enrollment program. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely as provided in sections 167.1200 to 167.1230.

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- 8 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys 9 remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the 10 general revenue fund.
- 3. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as 12 other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
 - Moneys appropriated to and deposited in the fund shall be used to supplement, not supplant, state aid distributed to LEAs under chapter 160 or chapter 163 and shall be used solely to compensate LEAs that participate in the public school open enrollment program established in sections 167.1200 to 167.1230.
- 5. The department shall annually evaluate the availability and use of moneys 19 from the fund. If the department determines that additional moneys are needed to fulfill the purposes of this section, the department shall, as part of the legislative budget process, annually request such moneys by a specific line item appropriation.
- 167.1215. 1. Before November first annually, each LEA shall set the number of 2 transfer students the LEA is willing to receive for the following school year under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230. The LEA may create criteria for the acceptance of students including, but not limited to, the number of students by building, grade, classroom, or program.
 - 2. (1) Each LEA shall publish the number set under this section, notify the department of such number, and shall not accept any transfer students under this section who would cause the LEA to exceed the published number.
 - The LEA shall delineate such published number by building, grade, classroom, or program if such criteria for acceptance have been set by the LEA.
- 3. Before November first annually, a special school district established pursuant to the provisions of sections 162.670 to 162.996 shall consult with each partner school 12 district regarding resources and capabilities for providing special education services for 14 transferring students in each partner school district. In addition to the partner school 15 district's reporting obligations, the special school district shall notify the department of the number of likely available spots for special education services at each partner school district. Such notification shall include the number of likely available spots at school 17 buildings operated by the special school district. Such numbers shall be reported and published by building, grade, classroom, or program. Notwithstanding the foregoing, all participating LEAs shall comply with all state and federal laws, regulations, and other requirements regarding the provision of special education services.
 - 4. (1) The online resource created and maintained by the department as described in section 167.1205 shall include a waiting list for applications to nonresident

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- 24 LEAs if a transfer cannot be accepted because the number of transfers applied for
- 25 exceeds the number of transfers available. The online resource shall notify each
- 26 applicant that the applicant's transfer application may be subject to placement on such
- 27 waiting list if such transfer application is included in a number of transfer applications
- 28 that exceeds the number of transfers available.
- 29 (2) Applications on the waiting list may be given priority for acceptance in the 30 following order and may include other options for priority acceptance:
 - (a) Siblings of students already enrolled in the LEA;
- 32 (b) Children of an active duty member of the Armed Forces of the United States;
- 33 (c) Children of LEA employees;
- 34 (d) Students who had previously attended school in the LEA but whose parents 35 have moved out of the LEA; and
 - (e) Students whose parents present an employment circumstance for which an open enrollment transfer would be in the student's best interest.
 - (3) A parent of a student on the waiting list shall be informed by the department of the details of the operation of the list and whether the parent will be required to refile a timely application for open enrollment in order to remain on the waiting list.
 - 167.1220. 1. (1) If a student seeks to attend a school in a nonresident LEA under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230, the student's parent shall submit an application:
 - (a) To the department, using the online resource described in section 167.1205, beginning on November fifteenth in the school year before the school year in which the student seeks to begin the fall semester at the nonresident LEA;
 - (b) On a form approved by the department that contains the student's necessary information for enrollment in another LEA; and
 - (c) Before January first of the school year before the school year in which the student seeks to begin the fall semester at the nonresident LEA.
- 10 (2) No more than five transfer applications per school year shall be submitted 11 for any student.
- 2. Upon receiving an application under subsection 1 of this section, the department shall assign a unique identifying number to the application.
 - 3. On or before January fifteenth, the department shall:
- 15 (1) Conduct a lottery of eligible applications to determine which student 16 transfers will be approved, subject to the conditions for approval under sections 17 167.1200 to 167.1230; and
- 18 (2) Notify the nonresident LEA of such applications that the department has 19 approved for transfer.

- 4. (1) The governing body of the nonresident LEA shall request from all schools previously attended by the student within the last twelve months including the student's resident LEA, if applicable:
 - (a) Those records required by LEA policy for student transfer, including any applicable special education records;
 - (b) Those discipline records required by subsection 9 of section 160.261; and
 - (c) Records of any behavioral risk assessment completed on the student.
 - (2) An LEA that receives a request for such records from another LEA enrolling a student that had previously attended a school in such LEA shall respond to such request within five business days of receiving the request.
 - (3) The officials and authorities to whom such information is disclosed shall comply with applicable restrictions set forth in 20 U.S.C. Section 1232g(b)(1)(E), as amended.
- 5. (1) The governing body of the nonresident LEA shall within ten business days:
 - (a) Review each application as received from the department;
 - (b) Determine whether such LEA shall accept or reject such application based on the standards in the LEA's policy for open enrollment under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 adopted by the governing body and a review of records provided under subsection 4 of this section; and
 - (c) Inform the department of such determination.
 - (2) Provided the nonresident LEA has additional seats available for transfer students pursuant to such LEA's policy adopted in accordance with the provisions of section 167.1205, if the nonresident LEA rejects an application, the department shall send the next application on the waiting list to the nonresident LEA for consideration.
 - 6. (1) (a) Before March first of the school year before the school year in which the student seeks to enroll in a nonresident LEA under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230, the nonresident LEA's governing body shall notify the department as to whether the student's application has been accepted or rejected through the online resource created under section 167.1205.
 - (b) Within three business days after sending notifications to the resident LEA and the nonresident LEA, the department shall notify the parent whether the student's application has been accepted or rejected by the nonresident LEA. The notification shall be sent electronically and by first-class mail to the address on the application.
 - (2) If the application is rejected, the department's notification shall state the receiving nonresident LEA's reason for the rejection.
 - (3) If the application is accepted, the department shall state in the notification:

- 57 (a) A reasonable deadline before which the student shall enroll in the 58 nonresident LEA and after which the acceptance notification is void; and
- (b) Instructions for the procedures established for enrollment of students with special needs as provided in section 167.1224 in the nonresident LEA.
 - (4) If the application is accepted, the department shall notify:
 - (a) The resident LEA of the student's participation; and
 - (b) The student and the student's parent of the opportunity to participate in an anonymous survey provided by the department regarding all reasons for the student's and parent's interest in participating in the public school open enrollment program.
 - 7. The department shall publish an annual report based on the anonymous survey conducted under subdivision (4) of subsection 6 of this section that provides aggregate data of sufficient detail to allow analysis of trends regarding the reasons for participation in the public school open enrollment program at the statewide, regional, and local LEA levels. In such annual report, the department shall also include aggregate data of sufficient detail to allow detection and analysis of the impact of the public school open enrollment program on racial, ethnic, and socioeconomic balance among schools and LEAs at the statewide, regional, and local levels. No such survey results published under this subsection shall be published in a manner that would allow for the identification of data attributable to a specific LEA or that reveals information regarding a group of five or fewer students. The department shall privately share data specific to each LEA with each LEA prior to publishing the annual report.
 - 8. (1) If a student declines enrolling in the nonresident LEA, the department shall send the LEA the next application on the LEA's waiting list for consideration.
 - (2) Upon receiving such next application, the nonresident LEA shall follow the procedures in subsection 5 of this section.
 - 9. No additional open enrollment transfer applications shall be sent by the department or approved by a nonresident LEA after April fifteenth of the school year immediately preceding the school year of enrollment.
 - 167.1224. 1. Before enrollment in a nonresident LEA, a student with any of the following who is notified by the department that such student is accepted for a transfer to a nonresident LEA shall be provided the same process that exists for a resident student moving into the nonresident LEA:
- 5 (1) An individualized education program, or IEP, as such term is defined in 20 6 U.S.C. Section 1401, as amended;
- 7 (2) An individualized family service plan, or IFSP, as such term is defined in 20 8 U.S.C. Section 1401, as amended;

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- (3) A 504 plan created under Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Section 794, as amended; 10
 - (4) A placement in an English as a second language (ESL) program;
- 12 (5) An identification as a gifted child eligible for a program or service under 13 section 162.720; or
 - (6) A diagnosis of dyslexia, as such term is defined in section 633.420.
- 15 2. The nonresident LEA, parent, or both shall have the opportunity to reevaluate such student to determine what comparable services may be required under section 16 162.700 or the special education programs or services for which such student may be 18 eligible.
- 19 3. The nonresident LEA is responsible for providing a free appropriate public 20 education to the student.
 - 4. The nonresident LEA shall provide the same or substantially similar services as a resident student would receive, as applicable.
 - 5. Before choosing to enroll in the nonresident LEA, if necessary, the student and parent shall be provided the opportunity to develop a new or amended IEP, IFSP, or 504 plan or to evaluate the ESL, gifted, or dyslexia programs and services provided by the nonresident LEA.
 - 6. The nonresident LEA shall provide the student and parent with prior written notice documenting the services and supports that the nonresident LEA determines appropriate to meet the student's needs. The nonresident LEA shall offer the transferring student ten business days to accept or decline the acceptance of the nonresident LEA.
- 7. Any LEA participating in the public school open enrollment program that is served by a special school district established under sections 162.670 to 162.996 shall 34 execute a form agreement prepared by the department with such special school district regarding finance, staffing, and other relevant items relating to any students requiring special education services prior to participating in open enrollment. An LEA and a special school district may choose to modify such form agreement, but no such modifications shall inhibit or delay the LEA's participating in the public school open enrollment program.
 - 8. In compliance with the requirements of federal and state laws, the nonresident LEA shall make reasonable accommodations and modifications to address the needs of incoming transferring students and to provide such transferring students with equal access to a free appropriate public education.
 - 9. This section shall not be construed to preclude a nonresident LEA from adding additional staff, services, or programs not already being offered by the

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- 46 nonresident LEA unless the nonresident LEA elects to or from performing subsequent 47 evaluations, when appropriate, to ensure proper placement of a transferring student 48 after enrollment.
- 167.1225. 1. If sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 conflict with a provision of an 2 enforceable desegregation court order or an LEA's court-approved desegregation plan regarding the effects of past racial segregation in student assignment, the provisions of 4 the order or plan shall govern.
 - 2. (1) An LEA may annually declare an exemption from sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 if the LEA is subject to a desegregation order or mandate of a federal court or agency remedying the effects of past racial segregation or a settlement agreement remedying the effects of past racial segregation.
- (2) An exemption declared by the governing body of an LEA under subdivision 10 (1) of this subsection is irrevocable for one year from the date the LEA notifies the department of the declaration of exemption.
 - (3) After each year of exemption, the governing body of an LEA may elect to participate in the public school open enrollment program under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 if the LEA's participation does not conflict with the LEA's federal courtordered desegregation program or settlement agreement remedying the effects of past racial segregation.
 - (4) An LEA shall notify the department before November first if in the next school year the LEA intends to:
 - (a) Declare an exemption under subdivision (1) of this subsection; or
 - (b) Resume participation after a period of exemption.
 - (5) If a student is unable to transfer because of the limits under this subsection, the resident LEA shall give the student priority for a transfer in the following school year in the order that the resident LEA receives notices of application under section 167.1220, as evidenced by a notation made by the LEA on the applications indicating the date and time of receipt.
 - 3. (1) Any student who transfers to a nonresident LEA under section 167.131, sections 162.1040 to 162.1061, or any section other than sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 shall not be subject to any requirements under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230.
- 29 (2) LEAs receiving transfer students or sending transfer students to nonresident 30 LEAs under section 167.131, sections 162.1040 to 162.1061, or any section other than 31 sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 shall not be subject to any requirements under sections 32 167.1200 to 167.1230 for those transfer students.
- 33 4. (1) A student transferring to a nonresident LEA under sections 167.1200 to 34 167.1230 shall not be considered a transfer student under any law relating to another

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- transfer program or procedure that allows students to transfer out of their resident 36 LEAs.
- 37 (2) This subdivision shall apply only to students who attend a school in an LEA that is not a charter school and does not offer education in a grade higher than grade 38 39 eight as follows:
 - (a) If such student enrolls in a nonresident LEA that is not a charter school under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 before the end of such student's fifth-grade year, the provisions of 167.1200 to 167.1230 shall apply for such student; and
 - (b) If such student does not enroll in such nonresident LEA that is not a charter school before the end of such student's fifth-grade year, such student may transfer to such nonresident LEA during a year in which such student is in grade six, seven, or eight under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230. When such student enters grade nine, such student's resident LEA shall:
 - a. Compute the difference by subtracting the state adequacy target from the nonresident student tuition as calculated under section 167.131;
 - b. Pay the amount of such difference above zero to such nonresident LEA; and
- 51 c. Follow all other procedures as if such student transferred under section 52 167.131.
- (3) If a student transfers under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 to a nonresident 54 LEA that is not a charter school and does not offer education in a grade higher than grade eight, such nonresident LEA shall not be considered such student's resident LEA for any purpose after such student completes grade eight or upon such student's transfer out of such nonresident LEA before such student completes grade eight.
- 167.1229. 1. (1) The department shall collect data from LEAs on the number of 2 applications for student transfers under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 and study the 3 effects of public school open enrollment program transfers under sections 167.1200 to 4 167.1230. The department shall consider, as part of its study, the maximum number of 5 transfers and exemptions for both resident and nonresident LEAs for up to two years to determine if a significant racially segregative impact has occurred to any LEA.
 - Annually before December first, the department shall report the department's findings from the study of the data under subdivision (1) of this subsection to:
 - (a) The joint committee on education or any successor committee;
 - (b) The house committee on elementary and secondary education or any other education committee designated by the speaker of the house of representatives; and
- 13 The senate committee on education or any other education committee designated by the president pro tempore of the senate.

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- 2. The department shall annually make a random selection of ten percent of the 15 16 LEAs participating in the public school open enrollment program under sections
- 167.1200 to 167.1230. The department shall audit each selected LEA's transfers
- 18 approved or denied under policies adopted by the governing body under sections
- 19 167.1200 to 167.1230. If the department determines that a selected LEA is improperly
- 20 implementing and administering the transfer process established under sections
- 167.1200 to 167.1230, the department may withhold any state aid provided to the
- 22 LEA under chapter 160 or chapter 163 until the LEA corrects the transfer process
- 23 improprieties identified by the department's audit.
- 167.1230. No student shall be enrolled under sections 167.1200 to 167.1230 before July 1, 2027. 2
- 168.410. **1.** As used in this section and section 168.411, "building-level administrator" means a school official who supervises or evaluates other licensed staff. A building-level administrator may be a principal or an assistant principal. 3
 - 2. School administrators [and], school district superintendents, and building-level administrators shall be evaluated at least once in the contract year in the following manner:
- The board of education of each school district shall cause a comprehensive performance-based evaluation for each administrator employed by the district. evaluation shall be ongoing, specific, and of sufficient specificity and frequency to provide for demonstrated standards of competency and academic ability; 10
- 11 (2) All evaluations shall be:
 - (a) Maintained in the respective administrator's personnel file at the office of the board of education of the school district. A copy of each evaluation shall be provided to the person being evaluated and to the appropriate administrator; and
- 15 **(b)** Conducted using research-based evaluation tools that align with best practices; 16
- 17 (3) All evaluations may be based on multiple rating categories as determined by 18 the governing board; and
- 19 [(3)] (4) The state department of elementary and secondary education shall provide suggested procedures for the evaluations performed under this section. 20