FIRST REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 275

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE ROBERTS.

0695H.01I

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DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 513.430 and 513.475, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to garnishments, with a delayed effective date for certain sections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 513.430 and 513.475, RSMo, are repealed and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 513.430, 513.475, and 525.235, to read as 3 follows:

513.430. 1. The following property shall be exempt from attachment and execution to the extent of any person's interest therein:

- (1) Household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, 4 animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for personal, family or household use of such person or a dependent of such person, not to exceed [three] fifteen thousand dollars in value in the aggregate;
- (2) A wedding ring not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars in value and other jewelry held primarily for the personal, family or household use of such person or a dependent of such person, not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars in value in the 10 aggregate;
- (3) Any other property of any kind, not to exceed in value [six] one thousand five 11 12 hundred dollars in the aggregate;
- 13 (4) Any implements or professional books or tools of the trade of such person or the trade of a dependent of such person not to exceed three thousand dollars in value in the 15 aggregate;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

(5) Any motor vehicles, not to exceed [three] five thousand dollars in value in the aggregate, except that such limitation may be increased in the amount of any unused exemption allowed under subdivision (1) of this subsection, not to exceed an additional ten thousand dollars;

- (6) Any mobile home used as the principal residence but not attached to real property in which the debtor has a fee interest, not to exceed [five] ten thousand dollars in value;
- (7) Any one or more unmatured life insurance contracts owned by such person, other than a credit life insurance contract, and up to fifteen thousand dollars of any matured life insurance proceeds for actual funeral, cremation, or burial expenses where the deceased is the spouse, child, or parent of the beneficiary;
- (8) The amount of any accrued dividend or interest under, or loan value of, any one or more unmatured life insurance contracts owned by such person under which the insured is such person or an individual of whom such person is a dependent; provided, however, that if proceedings under Title 11 of the United States Code are commenced by or against such person, the amount exempt in such proceedings shall not exceed in value one hundred fifty thousand dollars in the aggregate less any amount of property of such person transferred by the life insurance company or fraternal benefit society to itself in good faith if such transfer is to pay a premium or to carry out a nonforfeiture insurance option and is required to be so transferred automatically under a life insurance contract with such company or society that was entered into before commencement of such proceedings. No amount of any accrued dividend or interest under, or loan value of, any such life insurance contracts shall be exempt from any claim for child support. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, no such amount shall be exempt in such proceedings under any such insurance contract which was purchased by such person within one year prior to the commencement of such proceedings;
- (9) Professionally prescribed health aids for such person or a dependent of such person;
 - (10) Such person's right to receive:
- 43 (a) A Social Security benefit, unemployment compensation or a public assistance 44 benefit;
 - (b) A veteran's benefit;
 - (c) A disability, illness or unemployment benefit;
- 47 (d) Alimony, support or separate maintenance, not to exceed seven hundred fifty 48 dollars a month;
 - (e) a. Any payment under a stock bonus plan, pension plan, disability or death benefit plan, profit-sharing plan, nonpublic retirement plan or any plan described, defined, or established pursuant to section 456.014, the person's right to a participant account in any deferred compensation program offered by the state of Missouri or any of its political

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subdivisions, or annuity or similar plan or contract on account of illness, disability, death, age or length of service, to the extent reasonably necessary for the support of such person and any dependent of such person unless:

- (i) Such plan or contract was established by or under the auspices of an insider that employed such person at the time such person's rights under such plan or contract arose;
 - (ii) Such payment is on account of age or length of service; and
- (iii) Such plan or contract does not qualify under Section 401(a), 403(a), 403(b), 408, 408A or 409 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (26 U.S.C. Section 401(a), 403(a), 403(b), 408, 408A or 409).
- b. Notwithstanding the exemption provided in subparagraph a. of this paragraph, any such payment to any person shall be subject to attachment or execution pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order, as defined by Section 414(p) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Section 414(p)), as amended, issued by a court in any proceeding for dissolution of marriage or legal separation or a proceeding for disposition of property following dissolution of marriage by a court which lacked personal jurisdiction over the absent spouse or lacked jurisdiction to dispose of marital property at the time of the original judgment of dissolution;
- (f) Any money or assets, payable to a participant or beneficiary from, or any interest of any participant or beneficiary in, a retirement plan, profit-sharing plan, health savings plan, or similar plan, including an inherited account or plan, that is qualified under Section 401(a), 403(a), 403(b), 408, 408A or 409 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Section 401(a), 403(a), 403(b), 408, 408A, or 409), as amended, whether such participant's or beneficiary's interest arises by inheritance, designation, appointment, or otherwise, except as provided in this paragraph. Any plan or arrangement described in this paragraph shall not be exempt from the claim of an alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order; however, the interest of any and all alternate payees under a qualified domestic relations order shall be exempt from any and all claims of any creditor, other than the state of Missouri through its department of social services. As used in this paragraph, the terms "alternate payee" and "qualified domestic relations order" have the meaning given to them in Section 414(p) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Section 414(p)), as amended. If proceedings under Title 11 of the United States Code are commenced by or against such person, no amount of funds shall be exempt in such proceedings under any such plan, contract, or trust which is fraudulent as defined in subsection 2 of section 428.024 and for the period such person participated within three years prior to the commencement of such proceedings. For the purposes of this section, when the fraudulently conveyed funds are recovered and after, such funds shall be deducted and then treated as though the funds had never been contributed to the plan, contract, or trust;

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90 (11) The debtor's right to receive, or property that is traceable to, a payment on 91 account of the wrongful death of an individual of whom the debtor was a dependent, to the 92 extent reasonably necessary for the support of the debtor and any dependent of the debtor;

- (12) Firearms, firearm accessories, and ammunition, not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars in value in the aggregate;
- 95 (13) Any moneys accruing to and deposited in individual savings accounts or 96 individual deposit accounts under sections 166.400 to 166.456 or sections 166.500 to 97 166.529, subject to the following provisions:
 - (a) This subdivision shall apply to any proceeding that:
 - a. Is filed on or after January 1, 2022; or
- b. Was filed before January 1, 2022, and is pending or on appeal after January 1, 101 2022;
 - (b) Except as provided by paragraph (c) of this subdivision, if the designated beneficiary of an individual savings account or individual deposit account established under sections 166.400 to 166.456 or sections 166.500 to 166.529 is a lineal descendant of the account owner, all moneys in the account shall be exempt from any claims of creditors of the account owner or designated beneficiary;
 - (c) The provisions of paragraph (b) of this subdivision shall not apply to:
 - a. Claims of any creditor of an account owner as to amounts contributed within a twoyear period preceding the date of the filing of a bankruptcy petition under 11 U.S.C. Section 101 et seq., as amended; or
 - b. Claims of any creditor of an account owner as to amounts contributed within a oneyear period preceding an execution on judgment for such claims against the account owner.
 - 2. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to exempt from attachment or execution for a valid judicial or administrative order for the payment of child support or maintenance any money or assets, payable to a participant or beneficiary from, or any interest of any participant or beneficiary in, a retirement plan which is qualified pursuant to Sections 408 and 408A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Sections 408 and 408A), as amended.
 - 513.475. 1. The homestead of every person, consisting of a dwelling house and appurtenances, and the land used in connection therewith, not exceeding the **aggregate** value of [fifteen] thirty thousand dollars, which is or shall be used by such person as a homestead, shall, together with the rents, issues and products thereof, be exempt from attachment and execution. The exemption allowed under this section shall not be allowed for more than one owner of any homestead if one owner claims the entire amount allowed under this subsection; but, if more than one owner of any homestead claims an exemption under this section, the exemption allowed to each of such owners shall not exceed, in the aggregate, the total exemption allowed under this subsection as to any one homestead.

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10 Either spouse separately shall be debarred from and incapable of selling, mortgaging or alienating the homestead in any manner whatever, and every such sale, 11 mortgage or alienation is hereby declared null and void; provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent the husband and wife from jointly 14 conveying, mortgaging, alienating or in any other manner disposing of such homestead, or any part thereof. 15

525.235. 1. For purposes of this section, "institution" means a federally insured bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union.

- 2. All orders of garnishment issued in this state for the purpose of attaching to 4 account funds on deposit held by an institution shall be issued under only this section and shall be attached to only such funds held by the institution on the date of service on the institution, provided the effective date of service shall be a banking day and provided service is made prior to the institution's business cutoff time, otherwise the service on the institution shall be effective on the next banking day. In addition, if an account receives electronic deposits of exempt protected funds including, but not limited to, funds described under subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of section 513.430, the attachment date for such account shall be the date and banking day that the institution makes its application for the federally required look-back analysis. The return date for orders of garnishment under this section shall not be less than thirty days from the effective date of service.
 - 3. All orders of garnishment issued in this state for the purpose of attaching to account funds held by an institution shall include the judgment debtor's address and the last four digits of the debtor's tax identification number, if known, and shall specify the amount of funds to be withheld by the garnishee.
 - 4. If an order of garnishment attaches to account funds held by an institution in which the garnishee holds funds of the judgment debtor in two or more accounts, the garnishee may withhold payment of the amount attached from any one or more of such accounts and such accounts may have a different attachment date if necessary for the federally required look-back analysis.
 - 5. If an order of garnishment attaches to account funds held by an institution and the garnishee holds funds of the judgment debtor in an account that the judgment debtor owns in joint tenancy with one or more individuals who are not subject to garnishment, the garnishee shall withhold the entire amount sought by the garnishment. Neither the garnishor nor the garnishee shall be liable to the joint owners if the ownership of the funds is later proven not to be the judgment debtor's.
 - 6. No party shall seek an order of garnishment attaching to account funds held by an institution except on good-faith belief of the party seeking garnishment that the

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32 party to be served with the garnishment order has, or will have, account assets of the judgment debtor. Except as provided further, not more than one garnishment shall be issued by a party seeking an order for garnishment under this section for the same garnishee applicable to the same claim or claims and against the same judgment debtor 35 in any thirty-day period. A judge may order an exception to this subsection in any case in which the party seeking the garnishment shall in person or by attorney: 37

- (1) Certify that the garnishment is not for the purpose of harassment of the debtor; and
- (2) State facts demonstrating to the satisfaction of the judge that there is reason to believe that the garnishee has property of the debtor that is not exempt from execution.
- 7. No institution shall have a duty to investigate, respond to, or assert any 44 defenses of a judgment debtor.
 - 8. An institution served an order of garnishment and interrogatories under this section shall answer within twenty days. Funds shall be released to the judgment debtor sixty days after an answer is submitted, or sooner under an order to pay, or paid into the court if objections are filed by the judgment debtor and the institution is served with a copy of the objections.
 - 9. This section does not apply to wage garnishments or to garnishments of property other than account funds held by an institution as defined for purposes of this section and a garnishment issued under this section does not require a garnishee to search for, hold, or return wages or other property. A garnishment under this section does not require a garnishee to report or hold or respond to interrogatories not related to account funds.
 - 10. This section does not limit the authority of a garnishor to obtain and issue an order of garnishment and interrogatories for wages or for property, other than account funds, held by a federally insured bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union under the laws and rules of the Missouri supreme court.
- 60 11. The provisions of subsections 1 to 10 of this section shall be effective January 1, 2026. 61
- 62 12. The Missouri supreme court shall adopt rule amendments or issue a specific rule and provide appropriate forms and interrogatories to implement this section prior 63 64 to January 1, 2026.

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Section B. The repeal and reenactment of sections 513.430 and 513.475 of this act 2 shall become effective on January 1, 2026.

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