FIRST REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 1202

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE COOK.

0896H.01I JOSEPH ENGLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 544.453 and 544.455, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to conditions of bail.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 544.453 and 544.455, RSMo, are repealed and two new sections 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 544.453 and 544.455, to read as follows:

- 544.453. **1.** Notwithstanding any provision of the law or court rule to the contrary, a judge or judicial officer, when setting bail or conditions of release in all courts in Missouri for any offense charged, shall consider, in addition to any factor required by law, whether:
- (1) A defendant poses a danger to a victim of a crime, the community, any witness to the crime, or to any other person;
 - (2) A defendant is a flight risk;

4

5

6

7

8

12

13

14

- (3) A defendant has committed a misdemeanor offense involving a crime of violence, sexual offense, or felony offense in this state or any other state in the last five years; and
- 9 (4) A defendant has failed to appear in court as a required condition of probation or 10 parole for a misdemeanor involving a crime of violence or felony or a sexual offense within 11 the last three years.
 - 2. If the judge or judicial officer determines the defendant is a prior offender for offenses committed under subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section, such defendant shall be presumed ineligible for bail unless the defendant:
- 15 (1) Has a severe medical condition requiring specialized treatment or care or 16 requires intensive mental health treatment that cannot be provided in detention;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

HB 1202 2

21

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

13

14 15

(2) Is the primary caregiver for young children, elderly parents, or disabled 17 18 family members and any detention would cause significant hardship to such 19 dependents;

- 20 (3) Is pregnant and requires prenatal care that cannot be sufficiently provided in detention:
- 22 (4) Has a full- or part-time job and his or her detention would result in the loss 23 of employment;
 - (5) Is enrolled in an educational program and any detention would disrupt his or her studies:
 - (6) Is actively participating in a rehabilitation program for substance use, anger management, or any other behavioral issues and his or her continued participation is deemed crucial for rehabilitation; or
 - (7) Has a comprehensive treatment plan in place which is supported by medical or mental health professionals that require his or her presence outside of detention.
- 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or court rule to the contrary, a release hearing shall be conducted within forty-eight hours of arrest and the prosecuting or circuit attorney shall have the burden to prove the defendant poses a flight risk or is a 34 danger to the community.
- 544.455. 1. Any person charged with a bailable offense, at his or her appearance 2 before an associate circuit judge or judge may be ordered released pending trial, appeal, or 3 other stage of the proceedings against him on his personal recognizance, unless the associate 4 circuit judge or judge determines, in the exercise of his discretion, that such a release will not 5 reasonably assure the appearance of the person as required. When such a determination is 6 made, the associate circuit judge or judge may either in lieu of or in addition to the above methods of release, impose any or any combination of the following conditions of release which will reasonably assure the appearance of the person for trial: 8
- 9 (1) Place the person in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise him; 10
- 11 (2) Place restriction on the travel, association, or place of abode of the person during the period of release; 12
 - (3) Require the execution of a bail bond with sufficient solvent sureties, or the deposit of cash in lieu thereof, and the bail bond shall reflect the seriousness of the current charge and ensure the amount is sufficiently high enough to deter flight;
- 16 (4) Require the person to report regularly to some officer of the court, or peace 17 officer, in such manner as the associate circuit judge or judge directs but shall be every thirty days if the defendant is a prior offender for offenses committed under subdivision 18 19 **(3)** of subsection 1 of section 544.453;

HB 1202

20 (5) Require the execution of a bond in a given sum and the deposit in the registry of 21 the court of ten percent, or such lesser percent as the judge directs, of the sum in cash or 22 negotiable bonds of the United States or of the state of Missouri or any political subdivision 23 thereof;

- (6) Place the person on house arrest with electronic monitoring; except that all costs associated with the electronic monitoring shall be charged to the person on house arrest. If the judge finds the person unable to afford the costs associated with electronic monitoring, the judge may order that the person be placed on house arrest with electronic monitoring if the county commission agrees to pay from the general revenue of the county the costs of such monitoring. If the person on house arrest is unable to afford the costs associated with electronic monitoring and the county commission does not agree to pay the costs of such electronic monitoring, the judge shall not order that the person be placed on house arrest with electronic monitoring;
- (7) Impose any other condition deemed reasonably necessary to assure appearance as required, including a condition requiring that the person return to custody after specified hours.
- 2. In determining which conditions of release will reasonably assure appearance, the associate circuit judge or judge shall, on the basis of available information, take into account the nature and circumstances of the offense charged, the weight of the evidence against the accused, the accused's family ties, employment, financial resources, character and mental condition, the length of his residence in the community, his record of convictions, and his record of appearance at court proceedings or flight to avoid prosecution or failure to appear at court proceedings.
- 3. An associate circuit judge or judge authorizing the release of a person under this section shall issue an appropriate order containing a statement of the conditions imposed, if any, shall inform such person of the penalties applicable to violations of the conditions of his release and shall advise him that a warrant for his arrest will be issued immediately upon any such violation.
- 4. A person for whom conditions of release are imposed and who after twenty-four hours from the time of the release hearing continues to be detained as a result of his inability to meet the conditions of release, shall, upon application, be entitled to have the condition reviewed by the associate circuit judge or judge who imposed them. The motion shall be determined promptly.
- 5. An associate circuit judge or judge ordering the release of a person on any condition specified in this section may at any time amend his order to impose additional or different conditions of release; except that, if the imposition of such additional or different conditions results in the detention of the person as a result of his inability to meet such

HB 1202 4

62

63

64 65

66

67 68

57 conditions or in the release of the person on a condition requiring him to return to custody 58 after specified hours, the provisions of subsection 4 of this section shall apply.

- 6. Information stated in, or offered in connection with, any order entered pursuant to this section need not conform to the rules pertaining to the admissibility of evidence in a court of law.
 - 7. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prevent the disposition of any case or class of cases by forfeiture of collateral security where such disposition is authorized by the court.
 - 8. Persons charged with violations of municipal ordinances may be released by a municipal judge or other judge who hears and determines municipal ordinance violation cases of the municipality involved under the same conditions and in the same manner as provided in this section for release by an associate circuit judge.
- 9. A circuit court may adopt a local rule authorizing the pretrial release on electronic monitoring pursuant to subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section in lieu of incarceration of individuals charged with offenses specifically identified therein.

✓