FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 68

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

0999H.11C JOSEPH ENGLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 160.077, 160.261, 160.263, 160.480, 160.518, 160.522, 160.660, 160.775, 160.2700, 160.2705, 160.2710, 161.670, 162.065, 162.069, 163.044, 163.045, 163.172, 167.020, 167.022, 167.115, 167.117, 167.151, 167.164, 167.624, 167.950, 168.021, 168.025, 168.036, 170.014, 170.048, 170.315, 173.232, 177.086, and 701.200, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof forty-five new sections relating to elementary and secondary education, with a penalty provision.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 160.077, 160.261, 160.263, 160.480, 160.518, 160.522, 160.660,

- 2 160.775, 160.2700, 160.2705, 160.2710, 161.670, 162.065, 162.069, 163.044, 163.045,
- 3 163.172, 167.020, 167.022, 167.115, 167.117, 167.151, 167.164, 167.624, 167.950, 168.021,
- 4 168.025, 168.036, 170.014, 170.048, 170.315, 173.232, 177.086, and 701.200, RSMo, are
- 5 repealed and forty-five new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 160.077,
- 6 160.261, 160.263, 160.264, 160.480, 160.482, 160.485, 160.518, 160.522, 160.660, 160.663,
- 7 160.664, 160.775, 160.1052, 160.1053, 160.1054, 160.1055, 160.2700, 160.2705, 160.2710,
- 8 161.670, 162.065, 162.069, 162.207, 163.044, 163.045, 163.172, 167.020, 167.022, 167.115,
- 9 167.117, 167.151, 167.164, 167.167, 167.624, 167.950, 168.021, 168.025, 168.036, 168.331,
- 10 170.014, 170.048, 170.315, 173.232, and 177.086, to read as follows:

160.077. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Get the Lead Out of

- 2 School Drinking Water Act".
- 3 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Department", the Missouri department of health and senior services;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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- 5 (2) "Disadvantaged school district", any school district that serves students from a 6 county in which at least twenty-five percent of the households in such county are below the 7 federal poverty guidelines updated periodically in the Federal Register by the U.S. 8 Department of Health and Human Services under the authority of 42 U.S.C. Section 9902(2), 9 as amended, or any school district in which more than seventy percent of students in the 10 district qualify for a free or reduced price lunch under the federal Richard B. Russell National 11 School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 1751 et seq.;
- 12 (3) "Drinking water outlet", a potable water fixture that is used for drinking or food 13 preparation. Drinking water outlet includes, but is not limited to:
- 14 (a) A water fountain, faucet, or tap that is used or potentially used for drinking or food 15 preparation or for cleaning cooking or eating utensils; and
 - (b) Ice-making and hot drink machines;
 - (4) "First draw", a two hundred fifty-milliliter sample immediately collected from a drinking water outlet that has been turned on after a stagnation period of at least eight hours;
 - (5) "Parent", a parent, guardian, or other person having control or custody of a child;
 - (6) "Private school", the same definition as in section 166.700;
 - (7) "Public school", the same definition as in section 160.011;
- 22 (8) "Remediation", decreasing the lead concentration in water from a drinking water 23 outlet to less than five parts per billion [without relying solely on flushing practices, or] using 24 methods such as the replacement of lead-containing pipes, solder, fittings, or fixtures with 25 lead-free components or filtering when the water supply is the source of contamination. 26 Flushing [as a stand alone action] shall not be considered remediation;
 - (9) "School", any public school, private school, or provider of an early childhood education program that receives state funding.
- 3. Beginning in the 2023-24 school year and for each subsequent school year, each school shall provide drinking water with a lead concentration level below five parts per billion in sufficient amounts to meet the drinking water needs of all students and staff as provided in this section.
 - 4. (1) On or before January 1, 2024, each school shall:
 - (a) Conduct an inventory of all drinking water outlets [and all outlets that are used for dispensing water for cooking or for cleaning cooking and eating utensils] in each of the school's buildings;
- 37 (b) Develop a plan for testing each outlet inventoried under paragraph (a) of this subdivision and make such plan available to the public; and
- 39 (c) Upon request, provide general information on the health effects of lead 40 contamination and additional informational resources for employees and parents of children 41 at each school.

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- 42 (2) Each school shall make buildings housing early childhood education programs, 43 kindergartens, and elementary schools the priority when complying with paragraphs (a) and 44 (b) of subdivision (1) of this subsection.
 - (3) Before August 1, 2024, or the first day on which students will be present in the building, whichever is later, each school shall:
 - (a) Perform all testing as required by subsection 5 of this section and within two weeks after receiving test results, make all testing results and any lead remediation plans available on the school's website;
 - (b) Remove and replace any drinking water coolers or drinking water outlets that the United States Environmental Protection Agency has determined are not lead-free under the federal Lead Contamination Control Act of 1988, as amended; except the school shall not be required to replace those drinking water outlets or water coolers that tested under the requirements of this section and have been determined to be dispensing drinking water with a lead concentration less than five part per billion; however, such drinking water outlet or water cooler shall be subject to all testing requirements and shall not be excluded from testing under **subdivision** (3) of subsection [10] 5 of this section.
 - (4) If testing indicates that the water source is causing the contamination and until such time that the source of the contamination has been remediated, the school shall:
 - (a) Install a filter that reduces lead in drinking water at each point at which the water supply enters the building in accordance with any relevant requirements set forth by the department of natural resources to ensure lead concentrations are below the standard set in subsection 3 of this section:
 - (b) Install a filter that reduces lead in drinking water on each water outlet inventoried under paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection to ensure lead concentrations are below five parts per billion; or
 - (c) Provide purified water at each water outlet inventoried under paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (5) If testing indicates that the internal building piping is causing the contamination 70 and until such time that the source of the contamination has been remediated, the school shall:
 - (a) Install a filter that reduces lead in drinking water on each water outlet inventoried under paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection to ensure lead concentrations are below five parts per billion; [or]
 - (b) Provide purified water at each water outlet inventoried under paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection; or
 - (c) Remove the outlet from service.
- 77 (6) If a pipe, solder, fitting, or fixture is replaced as part of remediation, the replacement shall be lead free, as such term is defined in 40 CFR 143.12, as amended. 78

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- 79 (7) If a test result exceeds five parts per billion, the affected school shall:
- 80 (a) Contact parents and staff via written notification within seven business days after receiving the test result. The notification shall include at least:
 - a. The test results and a summary that explains such results;
 - b. A description of any remedial steps taken; and
- c. A description of general health effects of lead contamination and community specific resources; and
 - (b) Provide bottled water if there is not enough water to meet the drinking water needs of the students, teachers, and staff.
 - (8) School districts shall submit such annual testing results to the department.
- 89 (9) This subsection shall not be construed to prevent a school from conducting more 90 frequent testing than required under this section.
 - 5. (1) Before August 1, 2024, or the first day on which students will be present in the building, whichever is later, and annually thereafter, each school shall conduct testing for lead by first-draw and follow-up flush samples of a random sampling of at least twenty-five percent of remediated drinking water outlets until all remediated sources have been tested as recommended by the 2018 version of the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Training, Testing, and Taking Action program. The testing shall be conducted and the results analyzed for both types of tests by an entity or entities approved by the department. All drinking water outlets with test results of less than five parts per billion for lead shall be retested at intervals described in subdivision (3) of this subsection.
 - (2) If, in the ten years prior to the 2023-24 school year, a fixture tested above five parts per billion for lead, such fixture does not need to be repeat tested for lead, but instead remediation shall begin on such fixture.
 - (3) A school that tests and does not find a drinking water outlet with a lead concentration above the standard described in subsection 3 of this section shall be required to test only every five years. This subdivision shall not be construed to prevent a school from conducting more frequent testing than required under this subsection.
 - 6. (1) In addition to the apportionments payable to a school district under chapter 163, the department of natural resources, with support from the department of elementary and secondary education and the department of health and senior services, is hereby authorized to apportion to any school additional funding for the filtration, testing, and other remediation of drinking water systems required under this section, subject to appropriation.
- 112 (2) To the extent permitted by federal law, a school district may seek reimbursement 113 or other funds for compliance incurred under this section under any applicable federal law 114 including, but not limited to, the America's Water Infrastructure Act of 2018 and the Water 115 Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act of 2014, 33 U.S.C. Section 3901 et seq.

- 116 (3) Disadvantaged school districts shall receive funding priority under this 117 subsection.
- 7. The department, in conjunction with the department of elementary and secondary education, shall publish a report biennially based on the findings from the water testing conducted under this section. Such report shall be published on the department of natural resources website.
 - 8. For public schools, the department shall ensure compliance with this section. Each school district shall be responsible for ensuring compliance within each school within the school district's jurisdiction.
 - 9. [No school building constructed after January 4, 2014, as provided in the federal Reduction of Lead in Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. Section 300g-6), as amended, shall be required to install, maintain, or replace filters under paragraph (c) of subdivision (1) of subsection 4 of this section.
 - 10. A school that tests and does not find a drinking water source with a lead concentration above the acceptable level as described in subsection 3 of this section shall be required to test only every five years.
 - 41.] The department may promulgate all necessary rules and regulations for the administration of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2022, shall be invalid and void.
 - 160.261. 1. (1) The local board of education of each school district shall clearly establish a written policy of discipline, including the district's determination on the use of corporal punishment and the procedures in which punishment will be applied. A written copy of the district's discipline policy and corporal punishment procedures, if applicable, shall be provided to the pupil and parent or legal guardian of every pupil enrolled in the district at the beginning of each school year and also made available in the office of the superintendent of such district, during normal business hours, for public inspection. No pupil shall be subject to corporal punishment procedures outlined in the discipline and corporal punishment policy without a parent or guardian being notified and providing written permission for the corporal punishment.
 - (2) All employees of the district shall [annually] receive instruction related to the specific contents of the policy of discipline and any interpretations necessary to implement

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the provisions of the policy in the course of their duties, including but not limited to approved methods of dealing with acts of school violence, disciplining students with disabilities and instruction in the necessity and requirements for confidentiality. Such instruction shall be provided as established in section 168.331.

- 2. (1) The policy shall require school administrators to report acts of school violence to all teachers at the attendance center and, in addition, to other school district employees with a need to know.
- (2) For the purposes of this chapter or chapter 167, "need to know" is defined as school personnel who are directly responsible for the student's education or who otherwise interact with the student on a professional basis while acting within the scope of their assigned duties. As used in this section, the phrase "act of school violence" or "violent behavior" means the exertion of physical force by a student with the intent to do serious physical injury as defined in section 556.061 to another person while on school property, including a school bus in service on behalf of the district, or while involved in school activities.
- (3) The policy shall at a minimum require school administrators to report, as soon as reasonably [practicable, to the appropriate law enforcement agency any of the following crimes, or any act which if committed by an adult would be one of the following crimes, committed on school property including, but not limited to, actions on any school bus in service on behalf of the district or while involved in school activities:
- [(1)] (a) First degree murder under section 565.020;
- 34 $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ (b) Second degree murder under section 565.021;
- 35 [(3)] (c) Kidnapping under section 565.110 as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, or 36 kidnapping in the first degree under section 565.110;
- 37 [(4)] (d) First degree assault under section 565.050;
- 38 [(5)] (e) Rape in the first degree under section 566.030;
- 39 [(6)] (f) Sodomy in the first degree under section 566.060;
- 40 [(7)] (g) Burglary in the first degree under section 569.160;
- 41 [(8)] (h) Burglary in the second degree under section 569.170;
- 42 [(9)] (i) Robbery in the first degree under section 569.020 as it existed prior to 43 January 1, 2017, or robbery in the first degree under section 570.023;
- [(10)] (j) Distribution of drugs under section 195.211 as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, or manufacture of a controlled substance under section 579.055;
- 46 [(11)] (k) Distribution of drugs to a minor under section 195.212 as it existed prior to 47 January 1, 2017, or delivery of a controlled substance under section 579.020;
 - [(12)] (1) Arson in the first degree under section 569.040;
- 49 [(13)] (m) Voluntary manslaughter under section 565.023;

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- [(14)] (n) Involuntary manslaughter under section 565.024 as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, involuntary manslaughter in the first degree under section 565.024, or involuntary manslaughter in the second degree under section 565.027;
- [(15)] (o) Second degree assault under section 565.060 as it existed prior to January 1, or second degree assault under section 565.052;
- 55 [(16)] (p) Rape in the second degree under section 566.031;
- [(17)] (q) Felonious restraint under section 565.120 as it existed prior to January 1, or kidnapping in the second degree under section 565.120;
- 58 [(18)] (r) Property damage in the first degree under section 569.100;
- 59 [(19)] (s) The possession of a weapon under chapter 571;
- 60 [(20)] (t) Child molestation in the first degree pursuant to section 566.067 as it 61 existed prior to January 1, 2017, or child molestation in the first, second, or third degree 62 pursuant to section 566.067, 566.068, or 566.069;
- 63 [(21)] (u) Sodomy in the second degree pursuant to section 566.061;
- [(22)] (v) Sexual misconduct involving a child pursuant to section 566.083;
- 65 [(23)] (w) Sexual abuse in the first degree pursuant to section 566.100;
- [(24)] (x) Harassment under section 565.090 as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, or harassment in the first degree under section 565.090; or
 - [(25)] (y) Stalking under section 565.225 as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, or stalking in the first degree under section 565.225[$\frac{1}{2}$].

[committed on school property, including but not limited to actions on any school bus in service on behalf of the district or while involved in school activities.]

- (4) The policy shall require that any portion of a student's individualized education program that is related to demonstrated or potentially violent behavior shall be provided to any teacher and other school district employees who are directly responsible for the student's education or who otherwise interact with the student on an educational basis while acting within the scope of [their] such teacher's or employees' assigned duties.
- (5) The policy shall also contain the consequences of failure to obey standards of conduct set by the local board of education, and the importance of the standards to the maintenance of an atmosphere where orderly learning is possible and encouraged.
- 3. The policy shall provide that any student who is on suspension for any of the offenses listed in subsection 2 of this section or any act of violence or drug-related activity defined by school district policy as a serious violation of school discipline pursuant to subsection 9 of this section shall have as a condition of his or her suspension the requirement that such student is not allowed, while on such suspension, to be within one thousand feet of

any school property in the school district where such student attended school or any activity of that district, regardless of whether or not the activity takes place on district property unless:

- (1) Such student is under the direct supervision of the student's parent, legal guardian, or custodian and the superintendent or the superintendent's designee has authorized the student to be on school property;
- (2) Such student is under the direct supervision of another adult designated by the student's parent, legal guardian, or custodian, in advance, in writing, to the principal of the school which suspended the student and the superintendent or the superintendent's designee has authorized the student to be on school property;
- (3) Such student is enrolled in and attending an alternative school that is located within one thousand feet of a public school in the school district where such student attended school; or
- (4) Such student resides within one thousand feet of any public school in the school district where such student attended school in which case such student may be on the property of his or her residence without direct adult supervision.
- 4. Any student who violates the condition of suspension required pursuant to subsection 3 of this section may be subject to expulsion or further suspension pursuant to the provisions of sections 167.161, 167.164, and 167.171. In making this determination consideration shall be given to whether the student poses a threat to the safety of any child or school employee and whether such student's unsupervised presence within one thousand feet of the school is disruptive to the educational process or undermines the effectiveness of the school's disciplinary policy. Removal of any pupil who is a student with a disability is subject to state and federal procedural rights. This section shall not limit a school district's ability to:
- (1) Prohibit all students who are suspended from being on school property or attending an activity while on suspension;
- (2) Discipline students for off-campus conduct that negatively affects the educational environment to the extent allowed by law.
- 5. The policy shall provide for a suspension for a period of not less than one year, or expulsion, for a student who is determined to have brought a weapon to school, including but not limited to the school playground or the school parking lot, brought a weapon on a school bus or brought a weapon to a school activity whether on or off of the school property in violation of district policy, except that:
- (1) The superintendent or, in a school district with no high school, the principal of the school which such child attends may modify such suspension on a case-by-case basis; and
- 120 (2) This section shall not prevent the school district from providing educational 121 services in an alternative setting to a student suspended under the provisions of this section.

- 6. For the purpose of this section, the term "weapon" shall mean a firearm as defined under 18 U.S.C. Section 921 and the following items, as defined in section 571.010: a blackjack, a concealable firearm, an explosive weapon, a firearm, a firearm silencer, a gas gun, a knife, knuckles, a machine gun, a projectile weapon, a rifle, a shotgun, a spring gun or a switchblade knife; except that this section shall not be construed to prohibit a school board from adopting a policy to allow a Civil War reenactor to carry a Civil War era weapon on school property for educational purposes so long as the firearm is unloaded. The local board of education shall define weapon in the discipline policy. Such definition shall include the weapons defined in this subsection but may also include other weapons.
- 7. All school district personnel responsible for the care and supervision of students are authorized to hold every pupil strictly accountable for any disorderly conduct in school or on any property of the school, on any school bus going to or returning from school, during school-sponsored activities, or during intermission or recess periods.
- 8. Teachers and other authorized district personnel in public schools responsible for the care, supervision, and discipline of schoolchildren, including volunteers selected with reasonable care by the school district, shall not be civilly liable when acting in conformity with the established policies developed by each board, including but not limited to policies of student discipline or when reporting to his or her supervisor or other person as mandated by state law acts of school violence or threatened acts of school violence, within the course and scope of the duties of the teacher, authorized district personnel or volunteer, when such individual is acting in conformity with the established policies developed by the board. Nothing in this section shall be construed to create a new cause of action against such school district, or to relieve the school district from liability for the negligent acts of such persons.
- 9. Each school board shall define in its discipline policy acts of violence and any other acts that constitute a serious violation of that policy. "Acts of violence" as defined by school boards shall include but not be limited to exertion of physical force by a student with the intent to do serious bodily harm to another person while on school property, including a school bus in service on behalf of the district, or while involved in school activities. School districts shall for each student enrolled in the school district compile and maintain records of any serious violation of the district's discipline policy. Such records shall be made available to teachers and other school district employees with a need to know while acting within the scope of their assigned duties, and shall be provided as required in section 167.020 to any school district in which the student subsequently attempts to enroll.
- 10. Spanking, when administered by certificated personnel and in the presence of a witness who is an employee of the school district, or the use of reasonable force to protect persons or property, when administered by personnel of a school district in a reasonable

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- manner in accordance with the local board of education's written policy of discipline, is not abuse within the meaning of chapter 210. 159
- 160 11. Upon receipt of any reports of child abuse by the children's division pursuant to 161 sections 210.110 to 210.165 which allegedly involve personnel of a school district, the 162 children's division shall notify the superintendent of schools of the district or, if the person 163 named in the alleged incident is the superintendent of schools, the president of the school 164 board of the school district where the alleged incident occurred.
- 12. In order to ensure the safety of all students, should a student be expelled for 166 bringing a weapon to school, violent behavior, or for an act of school violence, that student shall not, for the purposes of the accreditation process of the Missouri school improvement plan, be considered a dropout or be included in the calculation of that district's educational persistence ratio.

160.263. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Mechanical restraint", the use of any device or equipment to restrict a student's 3 freedom of movement. Mechanical restraint shall not include devices implemented by trained personnel or used by a student with a prescription for such devices from an appropriate medical or related services professional and that are used for specific and approved purposes 6 for which such devices were designed, such as the following:
 - (a) Adaptive devices or mechanical supports used to achieve proper body position, balance, or alignment to allow greater freedom of mobility than would be possible without the use of such devices or mechanical supports;
- 10 (b) Vehicle safety restraints when used as intended during the transport of a student in a moving vehicle; 11
 - (c) Restraints for medical immobilization; or
 - (d) Orthopedically prescribed devices that permit a student to participate in activities without risk;
 - (2) "Physical restraint", a personal restriction such as person-to-person physical contact that immobilizes, reduces, or restricts the ability of a student to move the student's torso, arms, legs, or head freely. Physical restraint shall not include:
 - (a) A physical escort, which is a temporary touching or holding of the hand, wrist, arm, shoulder, or back for the purpose of inducing a student to walk to a safe location;
 - (b) Comforting or calming a student;
- 21 (c) Holding a student's hand to transport the student for safety purposes;
- 22 (d) Intervening in a fight; or
- 23 (e) Using an assistive or protective device prescribed by an appropriately trained 24 professional or professional team;

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- 25 (3) "Prone restraint", using mechanical or physical restraint or both to restrict a 26 student's movement while the student is lying with the student's front or face downward;
- 27 (4) "Restraint" includes, but is not limited to, mechanical restraint, physical restraint, 28 and prone restraint;
 - (5) "Seclusion", the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room or area that the student is physically prevented from leaving and that complies with the building code in effect in the school district. Seclusion shall not include the following:
 - (a) A timeout, which is a behavior management technique that is part of an approved program, involves the monitored separation of the student in a nonlocked setting, and is implemented for the purpose of calming;
 - (b) In-school suspension;
- 36 (c) Detention; or
 - (d) Other appropriate disciplinary measures.
- 38 2. The school discipline policy under section 160.261 shall reserve confining a student in seclusion for situations or conditions in which there is imminent danger of physical 40 harm to self or others.
 - 3. For all school years beginning on or after July 1, 2022, no school district, charter school, or publicly contracted private provider shall use any mechanical, physical, or prone restraint technique that:
 - (1) Obstructs views of the student's face;
 - (2) Obstructs the student's respiratory airway, impairs the student's breathing or respiratory capacity, or restricts the movement required for normal breathing to cause positional or postural asphyxia;
 - (3) Places pressure or weight on or causes the compression of the student's chest, lungs, sternum, diaphragm, back, abdomen, or genitals;
 - (4) Obstructs the student's circulation of blood;
 - (5) Involves pushing on or into the student's mouth, nose, eyes, or any part of the face or involves covering the face or body with anything including, but not limited to, soft objects such as pillows, blankets, or washcloths;
 - (6) Endangers the student's life or significantly exacerbates the student's medical condition;
 - (7) Is purposely designed to inflict pain;
- (8) Restricts the student from communicating. If an employee physically restrains a student who uses sign language or an augmentative mode of communication as the student's 58 59 primary mode of communication, the student shall be permitted to have the student's hands free of restraint for brief periods unless an employee determines that such freedom appears 60 likely to result in harm to self or others.

- 4. (1) By July 1, 2011, the local board of education of each school district shall adopt a written policy that comprehensively addresses the use of restrictive behavioral interventions as a form of discipline or behavior management technique. The policy shall be consistent with professionally accepted practices and standards of student discipline, behavior management, health and safety, including the safe schools act. The policy shall include but not be limited to:
- (a) Definitions of restraint, seclusion, and time-out and any other terminology necessary to describe the continuum of restrictive behavioral interventions available for use or prohibited in the district, consistent with the provisions of this section;
- (b) Description of circumstances under which a restrictive behavioral intervention is allowed and prohibited, consistent with the provisions of this section, and any unique application requirements for specific groups of students such as differences based on age, disability, or environment in which the educational services are provided;
- (c) Specific implementation requirements associated with a restrictive behavioral intervention such as time limits, facility specifications, training requirements or supervision requirements; and
- (d) Documentation, notice and permission requirements associated with use of a restrictive behavioral intervention.
- (2) Before July 1, 2022, each written policy adopted under this subsection shall be updated to prohibit the school district, charter school, or publicly contracted private provider from using any restraint that employs any technique listed in subsection 3 of this section.
- (3) Before July 1, 2022, each written policy adopted under this subsection shall be updated to state that the school district, charter school, or publicly contracted private provider will reserve restraint or seclusion for situations or conditions in which there is imminent danger of physical harm to self or others.
- 5. Before July 1, 2022, each school district, charter school, and publicly contracted private provider shall ensure that the policy adopted under subsection 4 of this section requires the following:
- (1) Any student placed in seclusion or restraint shall be removed from such seclusion or restraint as soon as the school district, charter school, or publicly contracted private provider determines that the student is no longer an imminent danger of physical harm to self or others;
- (2) All school district, charter school, and publicly contracted private provider personnel shall annually review the policy and procedures involving the use of seclusion and restraint. Personnel who use seclusion or restraint shall [annually] complete mandatory training in the specific seclusion and restraint techniques the school district, charter school, or

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publicly contracted private provider uses under this section. Such training shall be provided as established in section 168.331;

- (3) (a) Each time seclusion or restraint is used for a student, the incident shall be monitored by a member of the school district, charter school, or publicly contracted private provider personnel, and a report shall be completed by the school district, charter school, or publicly contracted private provider that contains, at a minimum, the following:
- a. The date, time of day, location, duration, and description of the incident and interventions;
 - b. Any event leading to the incident and the reason for using seclusion or restraint;
 - c. A description of the methods of seclusion or restraint used;
 - d. The nature and extent of any injury to the student;
- e. The names, roles, and certifications of each employee involved in the use of seclusion or restraint;
 - f. The name, role, and signature of the person who prepared the report;
- g. The name of an employee whom the parent or guardian can contact regarding the incident and use of seclusion or restraint:
- h. The name of an employee to contact if the parent or guardian wishes to file a complaint; and
 - i. A statement directing parents and legal guardians to a sociological, emotional, or behavioral support organization and a hotline number to report child abuse and neglect.
 - (b) The school district, charter school, or publicly contracted private provider shall maintain the report as an education record of the student, provide a copy to the parent or legal guardian within five school days, and a copy of each incident report shall be given to the department of elementary and secondary education within thirty days of the incident;
 - (4) The school district, charter school, or publicly contracted private provider shall attempt to notify the parents or legal guardians as soon as possible but no later than one hour after the end of the school day on which the use of seclusion or restraint occurred. Notification shall be oral or electronic and shall include a statement indicating that the school district, charter school, or publicly contracted private provider will provide the parents or legal guardians a copy of the report described in subdivision (3) of this subsection within five school days;
- 129 (5) An officer, administrator, or employee of a public school district or charter school 130 shall not retaliate against any person for having:
- 131 (a) Reported a violation of any policy established under this section or failure of a 132 district or charter school to follow any provisions of this section in relation to incidents of 133 seclusion and restraint; or

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- 134 (b) Provided information regarding a violation of this section by a public school 135 district or charter school or a member of the staff of the public school district or charter 136 school.
- 6. The department of elementary and secondary education shall compile and maintain all incidents reported under this section in the department's core data system and make such data available on the Missouri comprehensive data system. No personally identifiable data shall be accessible on the database.
 - 7. The department of elementary and secondary education shall, in cooperation with appropriate associations, organizations, agencies and individuals with specialized expertise in behavior management, develop a model policy that satisfies the requirements of subsection 2 of this section as it existed on August 28, 2009, by July 1, 2010, and shall update such model policy to include the requirements of subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 4 and subsection 5 of this section by July 1, 2022.
 - 160.264. A student who is subject to suspension or expulsion as provided under chapter 160 or chapter 167 shall be counted as being in attendance for the following purposes:
 - (1) Calculating the attendance rate under the Missouri school improvement plan or any other similar school accountability system utilized by the department that utilizes student attendance as a metric of school performance; and
 - (2) Calculating a local education agency's weighted average daily attendance under section 163.031.
 - 160.480. 1. The board of education of each school district [in this state is authorized to] and the governing board of each charter school shall adopt [an] a comprehensive emergency [preparedness] operations plan [to] that shall address [the use of school resources, including school facilities, commodity foods, school buses, and equipment if a natural disaster or other community emergency occurs]:
 - (1) School safety, crises, and emergency operations;
 - (2) Prevention, preparation, operations, and follow-up;
 - 8 (3) Collaboration with local law enforcement, providers of fire protection 9 services, and emergency management; and
 - (4) Consideration of supporting mental health needs of all involved in any crisis.
 - 2. The emergency operations plan shall be shared with local law enforcement, providers of fire protection services, and emergency management.
 - 3. The emergency [preparedness] operations plan may authorize the superintendent or other designated school officials to approve use of school resources to provide relief to the community if an emergency occurs.

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- 16 [3.] **4.** Food assistance may be provided using commodities distributed by the United States Department of Agriculture consistent with the standards for emergency congregate feeding under such program.
- 19 [4.] **5.** The use of school resources under this section shall be subject to review by the 20 board of education **or charter school governing board** within thirty days of authorization or 21 as soon as reasonably possible.
 - 6. The board of education of each school district and the governing board of each charter school shall ensure the completion of a physical security site assessment at each facility annually.
 - 7. The department of elementary and secondary education shall develop standards for emergency operations plans described in subsection 1 of this section and shall annually ensure compliance with the adoption of the emergency operations plan described in subsection 1 of this section.
 - 8. The department of elementary and secondary education shall develop standards for the annual physical security site assessment described in subsection 6 of this section using nationally accepted methodology and shall ensure compliance with the completion of the assessment described in subsection 6 of this section.

160.482. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Automated external defibrillator" or "AED", a lightweight, portable device 3 that:
 - (a) Is used to administer an electric shock through the chest wall to the heart;
- 5 (b) Has built-in computers within the device to assess the patient's heart rhythm, 6 determine whether defibrillation is needed, and administer the shock;
 - (c) Has audible or visual prompts, or both, to guide the user through the process;
 - (d) Has received approval from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration of its pre-market modification filed under 21 U.S.C. Section 360(k), as amended;
 - (e) Is capable of recognizing the presence or absence of ventricular fibrillation and rapid ventricular tachycardia and is capable of determining without intervention by an operator whether defibrillation should be performed; and
 - (f) Upon determining defibrillation should be performed, either automatically charges and delivers an electrical impulse to an individual's heart or charges and delivers an electrical impulse at the command of the operator;
 - (2) "Cardiopulmonary resuscitation" or "CPR", a combination of rescue breathing, chest compressions, and external cardiac massage used to sustain an individual's life until advanced assistance arrives;
- 19 (3) "Defibrillation", administering an electrical impulse to an individual's heart 20 in order to stop ventricular fibrillation or rapid ventricular tachycardia;

- 21 (4) "Emergency services provider", any public employer, or ground or air 22 ambulance service as those terms are used in chapter 190, that employs persons to 23 provide fire fighting, dispatching services, and emergency medical services;
 - (5) "Extracurricular event", any school-sponsored program or voluntary activity sponsored by the school, local education agency, or an organization sanctioned by the local education agency at which students compete for the purpose of:
 - (a) Receiving an award, rating, recognition, or criticism;
 - (b) Qualifying for additional competition; or
 - (c) Preparing for and involvement in public performances, contests, athletic competitions, demonstrations, displays, and club activities;
 - (6) "Project ADAM (Automated Defibrillators in Adam's Memory)", a national nonprofit organization focused on education around preventing and planning to respond to cardiac arrest;
 - (7) "Protocol", currently approved and accepted procedures describing specific steps a provider is required to follow in assessing and treating a patient;
 - (8) "Public school", the same definition as in section 160.011;
 - (9) "School campus", any public school building or cluster of buildings, and grounds around such public school building or cluster of buildings, used for any public school purpose including, but not limited to, an extracurricular activity, organized physical activity courses, early childhood education programs, or school district administration;
 - (10) "School personnel", a school district employee approved by the school board or a contract employee of the school district who is required to follow school policy and procedures;
 - (11) "School-sponsored event", any event or activity sponsored by the public school or school district including, but not limited to, athletic events, booster clubs, parent-teacher organizations, or any activity designed to enhance the school curriculum whether on the school campus or not;
 - (12) "Sudden cardiac arrest", a condition that occurs when the heart malfunctions and stops beating unexpectedly, is due to abnormal heart rhythms called arrhythmias, and is generally the result of some underlying form of heart disease;
 - (13) "Ventricular fibrillation", the most common arrhythmia that causes cardiac arrest and a condition in which the heart's electrical impulses suddenly become chaotic, often without warning, causing the heart's pumping action to stop abruptly.
 - 2. For the 2026-27 school year and all subsequent school years, each public school shall develop and implement a cardiac emergency response plan that addresses the appropriate use of school personnel to respond to incidents involving an individual

58 experiencing sudden cardiac arrest or a similar life-threatening emergency while on a 59 school campus.

- 3. Members of each public school's administration shall coordinate directly with local emergency services providers to integrate the public school's cardiac emergency response plan into the local emergency services providers' protocols. A cardiac emergency response plan shall integrate evidence-based core elements, such as those recommended by the American Heart Association guidelines, Project ADAM, or another set of nationally recognized, evidence-based standards or core elements.
- 4. The cardiac emergency response plan shall integrate, at a minimum, the following core elements:
 - (1) Establishment of a cardiac emergency response team;
 - (2) Activation of the team in response to a sudden cardiac arrest;
- (3) Implementation of AED placement and routine maintenance throughout the school campus;
 - (4) Dissemination of the plan throughout the school campus;
 - (5) Maintenance of ongoing staff training in CPR and AED use;
 - (6) Practice of the cardiac emergency response plan using drills annually;
- 75 (7) Integration of the plan into the local emergency services providers' protocols; 76 and
 - (8) Both annual and continuous reviews and evaluations of the plan.
 - 5. Appropriate AED placement shall be dictated by the cardiac emergency response plan and in accordance with guidelines set by the American Heart Association or nationally recognized guidelines focused on emergency cardiovascular care. An AED should be identified with appropriate signage and is onsite or placed and made available in an unlocked location on school property.
 - 6. For schools with an athletic department or organized school athletic program, an AED shall be clearly marked and easily accessible in an unlocked location at each school athletic venue and event. The AED shall be accessible during the school day and any school-sponsored athletic event or team practice in which pupils of the school are participating. To the extent possible, the governing body of a public school shall make the best effort to ensure that the AED placement as described in this subsection is accessible within three minutes of cardiac arrest.
 - 7. Appropriate school personnel shall be certified in first aid, CPR, and AED use that follow evidence-based guidelines set forth by the American Heart Association or nationally recognized guidelines focused on emergency cardiovascular care. The school personnel required to be certified shall be determined by the cardiac emergency

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- 94 response plan and shall include, but not be limited to, athletics coaches, school nurses, 95 and athletic trainers.
- 8. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to require public schools 96 97 to purchase or install any additional AEDs unless the general assembly specifically 98 appropriates moneys to cover all related costs.
- 160.485. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Stop the Bleed 2 Act".
- 3 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- (1) "Bleeding control kit", a first aid response kit that contains at least the 4 5 following:
 - (a) Tourniquets that are:
- 7 a. Endorsed by the United States Department of Defense Committee on Tactical Combat Casualty Care or its successor entity; or 8
- 9 b. Approved for use in battlefield trauma care by the Armed Forces of the 10 **United States**;
- 11 (b) Bleeding control bandages;
- 12 (c) Latex-free protective gloves;
- 13 (d) Permanent markers;
- 14 (e) Instructional documents developed by the United States Department of 15 Homeland Security's Stop the Bleed national awareness campaign or the American 16 College of Surgeons Committee on Trauma, or both; and
- 17 (f) Other medical materials and equipment similar to those described in 18 paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision;
 - (2) "Department", the department of elementary and secondary education;
 - (3) "Emergency medical services personnel", paid or volunteer firefighters, law enforcement officers, first responders, emergency medical technicians, or other emergency service personnel acting within the ordinary course and scope of those professions, but excluding physicians;
 - (4) "School personnel", any employee of a public school district or charter school, or any volunteer serving at a public school or charter school, who is designated to use a bleeding control kit under this section.
- 3. (1) Before January 1, 2026, the department shall develop a traumatic blood 28 loss protocol for school personnel to follow in the event of an injury involving traumatic blood loss. The protocol shall meet the requirements of this section and shall be made available to each school district and charter school.
 - (2) The traumatic blood loss protocol shall:

- (a) Require that a bleeding control kit be placed in areas where there is likely to be high traffic or congregation, such as auditoriums, cafeterias, or gymnasiums, and areas where risk of injury may be elevated, including vocational classes such as woodworking or automotive classes, of each school district's school buildings and each charter school in an easily accessible location of such areas to be determined by local emergency medical services personnel;
- (b) Include bleeding control kits in the emergency plans of each school district and charter school, including the presentation and use of the bleeding control kits in all drills and emergencies;
- (c) Require each school district and charter school to designate in each school building a school nurse or school health care provider or, if no school nurse or school health care provider is available, a school personnel member, who shall obtain appropriate training annually in the use of a bleeding control kit including, but not limited to:
 - a. The proper application of pressure to stop bleeding;
 - b. The proper application of dressings or bandages;
 - c. Additional pressure techniques to control bleeding; and
 - d. The correct application of tourniquets;
- (d) Require each bleeding control kit in school inventories to be inspected annually to ensure that the materials, supplies, and equipment contained in the bleeding control kit have not expired and that any expired materials, supplies, and equipment are replaced as necessary; and
- (e) Require a bleeding control kit to be restocked after each use and any materials, supplies, and equipment to be replaced as necessary to ensure that the bleeding control kit contains all necessary materials, supplies, and equipment.
- 4. (1) The department shall, in collaboration with the United States Department of Homeland Security and the state department of public safety, include requirements in the traumatic blood loss protocol for school personnel to receive annual training in the use of bleeding control kits.
- (2) The training requirements shall be satisfied by successful completion and certification under the "STOP THE BLEED" course as promulgated by the American College of Surgeons Committee on Trauma or the American Red Cross.
 - (3) The training requirements may allow online instruction.
 - 5. (1) A bleeding control kit may contain any additional items that:
- 66 (a) Are approved by emergency medical services personnel, as such term is defined in section 190.600;
 - (b) Can adequately treat an injury involving traumatic blood loss; and

- 69 (c) Can be stored in a readily available kit.
 - (2) Quantities of each item required to be in a bleeding control kit may be determined by each school district.
 - 6. (1) The department and each school district and charter school shall maintain information regarding the traumatic blood loss protocol and the Stop the Bleed national awareness campaign on each entity's website.
 - (2) Upon request by a school district or a charter school, the department may, in collaboration with the department of public safety, direct the school district or charter school to resources that are available to provide bleeding control kits to the school district or charter school.
 - 7. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, each school district and charter school shall implement the traumatic blood loss protocol developed under this section before the end of the 2025-26 school year.
 - (2) The requirements that a bleeding control kit be placed as required in paragraph (a) of subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this section, that each kit be restocked as necessary, and that school personnel receive training under this section shall be subject to an appropriation by the general assembly to cover all costs related to such requirements.
 - (3) Any school district or charter school may receive donations of funds for the purchase of bleeding control kits that meet the requirements of this section and may receive donations of bleeding control kits that meet the requirements of this section.
 - 8. This section shall not be construed to create a cause of action against a school district, a charter school, or any school personnel. Any school personnel who in good faith use a bleeding control kit as provided by this section shall be immune from all civil liability for any act or omission in the use of a bleeding control kit unless the act or omission constitutes gross negligence or willful, wanton, or intentional misconduct.
 - 160.518. 1. (1) Consistent with the provisions contained in section 160.526, the state board of education shall develop, modify, and revise, as necessary, a statewide assessment system that provides maximum flexibility for local school districts to determine the degree to which students in the public schools of the state are proficient in the knowledge, skills, and competencies adopted by such board pursuant to section 160.514.
 - (2) (a) The statewide assessment system shall assess problem solving, analytical ability, evaluation, creativity, and application ability in the different content areas and shall be performance-based to identify what students know, as well as what they are able to do, and shall enable teachers to evaluate actual academic performance.

- **(b)** The statewide assessment system shall neither promote nor prohibit rote memorization and shall not include existing versions of tests approved for use pursuant to the provisions of section 160.257, nor enhanced versions of such tests.
 - (3) After the state board of education adopts and implements academic performance standards as required under section 161.855, the state board of education shall develop and adopt a standardized assessment instrument under this section based on the academic performance standards adopted under section 161.855.
 - (4) The statewide assessment system shall measure, where appropriate by grade level, a student's knowledge of academic subjects including, but not limited to, reading skills, writing skills, mathematics skills, world and American history, forms of government, geography and science.
 - 2. The statewide assessment system shall only permit the academic performance of students in each school in the state to be tracked against prior academic performance in the same school.
 - 3. (1) The state board of education shall suggest, but not mandate, criteria for a school to demonstrate that its students learn the knowledge, skills and competencies at exemplary levels worthy of imitation by students in other schools in the state and nation.
 - (2) Exemplary levels shall be measured by the statewide assessment system developed pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, or until said statewide assessment system is available, by indicators approved for such use by the state board of education.
 - (3) The provisions of other law to the contrary notwithstanding, the commissioner of education may, upon request of the school district, present a plan for the waiver of rules and regulations to any such school, to be known as "Outstanding Schools Waivers", consistent with the provisions of subsection 4 of this section.
 - 4. (1) For any school that meets the criteria established by the state board of education for three successive school years pursuant to the provisions of subsection 3 of this section, by August first following the third such school year, the commissioner of education shall present a plan to the superintendent of the school district in which such school is located for the waiver of rules and regulations to promote flexibility in the operations of the school and to enhance and encourage efficiency in the delivery of instructional services.
 - (2) The provisions of other law to the contrary notwithstanding, the plan presented to the superintendent shall provide a summary waiver, with no conditions, for the pupil testing requirements pursuant to section 160.257, in the school.
 - (3) Further, the provisions of other law to the contrary notwithstanding, the plan shall detail a means for the waiver of requirements otherwise imposed on the school related to the authority of the state board of education to classify school districts pursuant to subdivision (9) of section 161.092 and such other rules and regulations as determined by the commissioner of

- education, excepting such waivers shall be confined to the school and not other schools in the district unless such other schools meet the criteria established by the state board of education consistent with subsection 3 of this section and the waivers shall not include the requirements contained in this section and section 160.514.
 - (4) Any waiver provided to any school as outlined in this subsection shall be void on June thirtieth of any school year in which the school fails to meet the criteria established by the state board of education consistent with subsection 3 of this section.
 - 5. The score on any assessment test developed pursuant to this section or this chapter of any student for whom English is a second language shall not be counted until such time as such student has been educated for three full school years in a school in this state, or in any other state, in which English is the primary language.
 - 6. (1) (a) The state board of education shall identify or, if necessary, establish one or more developmentally appropriate alternate assessments for students who receive special educational services, as that term is defined pursuant to section 162.675.
 - **(b)** In the development of such alternate assessments, the state board shall establish an advisory panel consisting of a majority of active special education teachers residing in Missouri and other education professionals as appropriate to research available assessment options.
 - (c) The advisory panel shall attempt to identify preexisting developmentally appropriate alternate assessments but shall, if necessary, develop alternate assessments and recommend one or more alternate assessments for adoption by the state board.
 - (d) The state board shall consider the recommendations of the advisory council in establishing such alternate assessment or assessments.
 - (2) Any student who receives special educational services, as that term is defined pursuant to section 162.675, shall be assessed by an alternate assessment established pursuant to this subsection upon a determination by the student's individualized education program team that such alternate assessment is more appropriate to assess the student's knowledge, skills and competencies than the assessment developed pursuant to subsection 1 of this section.
 - (3) The alternate assessment shall evaluate the student's independent living skills, which include how effectively the student addresses common life demands and how well the student meets standards for personal independence expected for someone in the student's age group, sociocultural background, and community setting.
 - 7. The state board of education shall also develop recommendations regarding alternate assessments for any military dependent who relocates to Missouri after the commencement of a school term, in order to accommodate such student while ensuring that

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- he or she is proficient in the knowledge, skills, and competencies adopted under section 84 160.514.
- 85 8. (1) As used in this subsection, the following terms mean:
 - (a) "Department", the department of elementary and secondary education;
- (b) "Grade-level equivalence", a metric developed for grades three to eight and 87 used by the department to show a student's proximity to doing grade-level work; 88
- (c) "Parent", a parent, guardian, custodian, or other person with authority to 90 act on behalf of a student.
- (2) Grade-level equivalence, as developed and used under this subsection, shall 92 consist of a student's knowledge of academic subjects by grade level and performancelevel descriptors indicating whether such student is ready for the next grade or level of education. Such performance-level descriptors shall consist of the following:
 - (a) Advanced, which shall indicate that such student:
 - Demonstrates superior performance on challenging grade-level subject matter:
 - b. Is above such student's current grade or level of education; and
 - c. Is ready for, at a minimum, the next grade or level of education;
- 100 (b) Proficient, which shall indicate that such student:
- 101 a. Demonstrates mastery over all appropriate grade-level standards and has 102 introductory-level knowledge for the next grade or level of education;
- 103 b. May be above such student's current grade or level of education in some 104 areas: and
 - c. Is ready for the next grade or level of education;
 - (c) Grade level, which shall indicate that such student:
- 107 a. Demonstrates mastery over appropriate grade-level subject matter;
- 108 b. Is at such student's current grade or level of education; and
- 109 c. May be ready, with appropriate reinforcement, for the next grade or level of 110 education;
 - (d) Basic, which shall indicate that such student:
- 112 Demonstrates partial mastery of the essential knowledge and skills 113 appropriate to such student's grade or level of education;
 - b. May not be at such student's current grade or level of education; and
- 115 c. May not be ready, without appropriate remediation, for the next grade or level 116 of education: and
 - (e) Below basic, which shall indicate that such student:
- 118 a. Has failed to perform, at a minimum, at the limited knowledge level necessary 119 for such student's grade or level of education;

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- b. Is not at such student's current grade or level of education; and
- c. Has been determined to be at the specific lower grade or level of education measured by and listed in such student's statewide assessment score.
 - (3) (a) Such grade-level equivalence shall be determined at the same time each student's academic performance is measured by the statewide assessment system developed under this section; and
 - (b) Such grade-level equivalence shall be provided at the same time such student's statewide assessment score is reported to such student or such student's parent.
 - (4) (a) Data related to grade-level equivalence shall be searchable on a building-by-building, school-by-school, district-by-district, and statewide basis on the department's school accountability report card developed under section 160.522;
 - (b) Data related to grade-level equivalence shall display the percentage of students whose performance-level descriptor is grade level or above on a building-by-building, school-by-school, district-by-district, and statewide basis; and
 - (c) No data related to grade-level equivalence shall be disclosed in any form that allows the personal identification of any student to any individual or entity except such student or such student's parent.
 - (5) The provisions of subsection 2 of 160.514 shall not apply to the development of the grade-level equivalence metric.
- 140 (6) The department may choose a third-party nonprofit entity to develop the 141 grade-level equivalence metric.
 - 160.522. 1. The department of elementary and secondary education shall produce or cause to be produced, at least annually, a school accountability report card for each public school district, each public school building in a school district, and each charter school in the state. The report card shall be designed to satisfy state and federal requirements for the disclosure of statistics about students, staff, finances, academic achievement, and other indicators. The purpose of the report card shall be to provide educational statistics and accountability information for parents, taxpayers, school personnel, legislators, and the print and broadcast news media in a standardized, easily accessible form.
 - 9 2. (1) The department of elementary and secondary education shall develop a 10 standard form for the school accountability report card.
 - 11 (2) The information reported shall include, but not be limited to, the [district's]
 12 following information reported by each school district or charter school:
 - (a) The most recent accreditation rating[-,];
 - 14 **(b)** Enrollment[-];
 - 15 (c) Rates of pupil attendance[-];

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- 16 (d) High school dropout rate and graduation rate[-];
- 17 (e) The number and rate of suspensions of ten days or longer and expulsions of pupils 18 [-,];
- 19 (f) The district or charter school ratio of students to administrators and students to 20 classroom teachers[-];
- 21 The average years of experience of professional staff and advanced degrees **(g)** 22 earned[-,];
 - (h) Student achievement and grade-level equivalence data as measured through the statewide assessment system developed pursuant to section 160.518[-];
- 25 (i) Student scores on the ACT, along with the percentage of graduates taking the test 26 [-,];
 - (j) Average teachers' and administrators' salaries compared to the state averages[5];
- (k) Average per-pupil current expenditures for the district or charter school as a 29 whole and by attendance center as reported to the department of elementary and secondary 30 education[,];
 - (I) The adjusted tax rate of the district[-] or charter school;
 - (m) The assessed valuation of the district[, percent];
- 33 (n) The percentage of the district or charter school operating budget received from state, federal, and local sources[-]; 34
 - (0) The [percent] percentage of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch[-];
- 36 (p) Data on the [percent] percentage of students continuing their education in 37 postsecondary programs[-];
 - (q) Information about the job placement rate for students who complete district or **charter school** vocational education programs[-];
 - (r) Whether the school district or charter school currently has a state-approved gifted education program[-]; and
- (s) The percentage and number of students who are currently being served in the 43 district's or charter school's state-approved gifted education program.
- 44 3. The report card shall permit the disclosure of data on a school-by-school basis, but the reporting shall not be personally identifiable to any student or education professional in the state. 46
 - 4. The report card shall identify each school or attendance center that has been identified as a priority school under sections 160.720 and 161.092. The report also shall identify attendance centers that have been categorized under federal law as needing improvement or requiring specific school improvement strategies.
- 5. The report card shall not limit or discourage other methods of public reporting and accountability by local school districts. Districts shall provide information included in the 52

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- report card to parents, community members, the print and broadcast news media, and legislators by December first annually or as soon thereafter as the information is available to 55 the district, giving preference to methods that incorporate the reporting into substantive official communications such as student report cards. The school district shall provide a 56 57 printed copy of the district-level or school-level report card to any patron upon request and shall make reasonable efforts to supply businesses such as, but not limited to, real estate and 58 59 employment firms with copies or other information about the reports so that parents and 60 businesses from outside the district who may be contemplating relocation have access.
 - 6. For purposes of completing and distributing the annual report card as prescribed in this section, a school district may include the data from a charter school located within such school district, provided the local board of education or special administrative board for such district and the charter school reach mutual agreement for the inclusion of the data from the charter [sehools] school and the terms of such agreement are approved by the state board of education. The charter school shall not be required to be a part of the local educational agency of such school district and may maintain a separate local educational agency status.
 - 160.660. 1. On or before July 1, [2001] 2026, the state board of education shall add to any school facilities and safety criteria developed for the Missouri school improvement program provisions that require:
 - (1) Each school district to designate a primary and secondary school safety coordinator;
 - (2) Each school district's [designated] primary and secondary safety coordinator to have a thorough knowledge of all federal, state and local school violence prevention programs and resources available to students, teachers or staff in the district; and
- 9 [(2)] (3) Each school district to fully utilize all such programs and resources that the local school board or its designee determines are necessary and cost-effective for the school 11 district.
 - 2. Each school district shall require the school safety coordinators and other designated personnel, as necessary, to complete within one calendar year of being designated as a school safety coordinator, either:
- (1) (a) The Federal Emergency Management Administration's (FEMA) IS-100.C: Introduction to the Incident Command System, ICS 100, or its successor course; 16 and
- 18 (b) The Federal Emergency Management Administration's (FEMA) IS-200.C: Basic Incident Command System for Initial Response, ICS-200, or its successor course; 19 20 or

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and void.

- 21 (2) The Incident Command System (ICS) for Schools course provided by the 22 Missouri School Boards' Association's Center for Education Safety (CES), or its 23 successor course created by CES to replace the ICS for Schools course.
- 3. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2000, shall be invalid

160.663. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

- (1) "Anti-intruder door lock", a mechanical or electronic door-locking mechanism on an interior door that is designed to keep an intruder from entering an interior room that shall:
 - (a) Be capable of:
 - a. Locking from inside or outside the room;
 - b. Unlocking from outside the room with a key or other approved means; and
- c. Locking or unlocking from inside the room without the use of a key or special knowledge or effort; and
- (b) Control access to the room;
- (2) "Bullet-resistant window film", glass, plastic film, or another synthetic or natural substance applied to existing glass that can withstand the minimum standard for forced entry resistance as determined by the United States Department of State Certification Standard SD-STD.01.01, Revision G, or its successor standard;
- 15 (3) "Exterior door or entryway", any location of normal ingress and egress into or out of a school building and any glass sidelight that is architecturally part of the entryway;
 - (4) "Interior door", an egress door from a classroom, office, or other occupied room that provides access to the interior of a building.
 - 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, each school district and charter school shall equip each:
 - (1) Interior door with an anti-intruder door lock; and
- 23 (2) Exterior door or entryway with bullet-resistant window film on the glass of such door or entryway.
- 3. A school district or charter school shall not be required to equip an interior door with an anti-intruder door lock or to equip the glass of an exterior door or

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- entryway with bullet-resistant window film under this section unless the general 28 assembly specifically appropriates moneys to cover all costs related to equipping such 29 door or entryway with such lock or window film.
 - 4. (1) Each exterior door or entryway and interior door installed after the effective date of this section shall be equipped with the required anti-intruder door lock and bullet-resistant window film.
 - (2) Each existing exterior door or entryway and interior door shall be equipped with the required anti-intruder door lock and bullet-resistant window film before July 1, 2029.
 - 5. (1) A school district or charter school may receive donations of anti-intruder door locks and moneys for the purchase of anti-intruder door locks.
 - (2) A school district or charter school may receive donations of bullet-resistant window film and moneys for the purchase of bullet-resistant window film. Bulletresistant window film donated or purchased under this subdivision shall meet the bulletresistant window film requirements of this section.
 - 6. Before or in conjunction with equipping interior doors with anti-intruder door locks and equipping exterior doors or entryways with bullet-resistant window film, each school district and charter school shall develop and implement school building access policies and practices that:
 - (1) Control access to individual classrooms; and
 - Require classroom doors with windows and adjoining sidelights to be equipped with material that provides concealment of students and staff in lockdown while maintaining some limited visibility into the room for first responders.
 - 160.664. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
 - (1) "Department", the department of elementary and secondary education;
 - (2) "Local educational agency", as such term is defined in section 161.1085.
- 2. The department shall establish procedures by which each local educational agency shall regularly report to the department all school safety incidents and credible school safety threats that occur at each attendance center of such local educational agency, including all incidents of school shootings or other incidents involving a firearm, explosive, knife, or other weapon defined in section 571.010 and all credible threats of 9 school shootings or other incidents involving a firearm, explosive, knife, or other 10 weapon defined in section 571.010. The department shall require local educational agencies to report acts of school violence or violent behavior, as such terms are defined in section 160.261, or any crimes required to be reported to law enforcement under section 160.261.

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- 14 3. The procedures established under subsection 2 of this section shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following elements: 15
 - (1) Criteria to assist local educational agencies in determining what constitutes a school safety incident or credible school safety threat that is required to be reported to the department;
 - (2) A time frame within which a local educational agency shall report a school safety incident or credible school safety threat after such incident or threat occurs; and
- 21 (3) Any other information that the department requires to be included in each 22 report of a school safety incident or credible school safety threat under the provisions of 23 this section.
 - 4. (1) The department shall maintain and regularly update a database of all school safety incidents and credible school safety threats that are reported under the provisions of this section.
 - (2) No record in the database shall contain personally identifiable information of a student.
 - (3) A record in the database shall contain only aggregate data by charter school, school district, or attendance center thereof and shall be a public record subject to disclosure under chapter 610.
 - (4) The department shall share data relating to school safety incidents and credible school safety threats with the state department of public safety to facilitate additional investigation efforts conducted by the state department of public safety.
- 5. The department may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this 36 section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers 40 vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2025, shall be invalid and void.
 - 160.775. 1. Every district shall adopt an antibullying policy by September 1, 2007.
 - 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 3 (1) "Act of school violence" or "violent behavior", the same meaning as in section 160.261; 4
- 5 (2) "Bullying" [means], intimidation, unwanted aggressive behavior, or harassment that is repetitive or is substantially likely to be repeated and causes a reasonable student to fear for his or her physical safety or property; substantially interferes with the educational

- 8 performance, opportunities, or benefits of any student without exception; or substantially
- 9 disrupts the orderly operation of the school. Bullying may consist of physical actions,
- 10 including gestures, or oral, cyberbullying, electronic, or written communication, and any
- 11 threat of retaliation for reporting of such acts. Bullying of students is prohibited on school
- 12 property, at any school function, or on a school bus[-];
 - (3) "Crime", any of the crimes listed in section 160.261;
 - (4) "Cyberbullying" [means], bullying as defined in this subsection through the transmission of a communication including, but not limited to, a message, text, sound, or image by means of an electronic device including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager.
 - 3. Each **school** district's **and charter school's** antibullying policy shall be founded on the assumption that all students need a safe learning environment. Policies shall treat all students equally and shall not contain specific lists of protected classes of students who are to receive special treatment. Policies may include age-appropriate differences for schools based on the grade levels at the school. Each such policy shall contain a statement of the consequences of bullying.
 - 4. Each **school** district's **and charter school's** antibullying policy shall be included in the student handbook and shall require, at a minimum, the following components:
 - (1) A statement prohibiting bullying, defined no less inclusively than in subsection 2 of this section;
 - (2) A statement requiring **school** district **or charter school** employees to report any instance of bullying of which the employee has firsthand knowledge. The policy shall require a **school** district **or charter school** employee who witnesses an incident of bullying to report the incident to the **school** district's **or charter school's** designated individual at the school within [two] **one** school [days] day of the employee witnessing the incident;
 - (3) A statement relating to pupils who engage in self-defense that the school district or charter school administration, when determining disciplinary action for a pupil who has committed an act of school violence or exhibited violent behavior, will take into account if such act of school violence or violent behavior was committed in self-defense as an immediate response to an act of school violence or violent behavior committed against such pupil;
 - (4) A procedure for reporting an act of bullying. The policy shall also include a statement requiring that the **school** district **or charter school** designate an individual at each school **building** in the district **and charter school** to receive reports of incidents of bullying. Such individual shall be a **school** district **or charter school** employee who is teacher level staff or above;

- [(4)] (5) A procedure for prompt investigation of reports of violations and complaints, identifying one or more employees responsible for the investigation including, at a minimum, the following requirements:
 - (a) Within two school days of a report of an incident of bullying being received, the school principal, or his or her designee, shall initiate an investigation of the incident and ensure that the report is reduced to writing;
- 50 (b) The school principal may appoint other school staff to assist with the 51 investigation; [and]
 - (c) The investigation shall be completed within ten school days from the date [of the written report] the investigation is initiated under paragraph (a) of this subdivision unless good cause exists to extend the investigation; and
 - (d) A written report shall be prepared that contains the results of the investigation and any response including, but not limited to, a description of any interventions, initiatives, techniques, or discipline provided to all involved individuals of the incident. The school district or charter school may develop a standardized form to use for such written report;
 - [(5)] (6) A procedure for the response to any investigation that finds an act of bullying occurred. The policy shall, at a minimum, require notification of the parents or guardians of the bullied student and of the bullying student, and, if such bullying meets the elements of harassment in the second degree under section 565.091, referral to law enforcement agencies or to the children's division rather than law enforcement if the bullying student is under eleven years of age;
 - (7) A statement that prohibits reprisal or retaliation against any person who reports an act of bullying and the consequence and appropriate remedial action for a person who engages in reprisal or retaliation;
 - [(6)] (8) A statement of how the policy is to be publicized; and
 - [(7)] (9) A process for discussing the district's antibullying policy with students and training school employees and volunteers who have [significant] contact with students in the requirements of the policy, including, at a minimum, the following statements:
 - (a) The school district **or charter school** shall provide information and appropriate training to the school district **or charter school** staff who have [significant] contact with students regarding the policy including, but not limited to, training on the appropriate interventions staff may take and the associated liability for action or inaction including, but not limited to, failure to report incidents. Such training shall be provided as established in section 168.331;
- 79 (b) The school district **or charter school** shall give annual notice of the policy to students, parents or guardians, and staff;

- (c) The school district **or charter school** shall provide education and information to students regarding bullying, including information regarding the school district **or charter school** policy prohibiting bullying, the harmful effects of bullying, and other applicable initiatives to address bullying, including student peer-to-peer initiatives to provide accountability and policy enforcement for those found to have engaged in bullying, reprisal, or retaliation against any person who reports an act of bullying;
- (d) The administration of the school district **or charter school** shall instruct its school counselors, school social workers, licensed social workers, mental health professionals, and school psychologists to educate students who are victims of bullying **and students committing acts of bullying** on techniques for students to overcome bullying's negative effects. Such techniques shall include, but not be limited to, cultivating the student's selfworth and self-esteem; teaching the student to defend himself or herself assertively and effectively; helping the student develop social skills; or encouraging the student to develop an internal locus of control. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed to contradict or limit any other provision of this section; and
- (e) The administration of the school district **or charter school** shall implement programs and other initiatives to address bullying, to respond to such conduct in a manner that does not stigmatize the victim, and to make resources or referrals available to victims of bullying **and students committing acts of bullying**.
- 5. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any school district **or charter school** shall have jurisdiction to prohibit cyberbullying that originates on a school's campus or at a district activity if the electronic communication was made using the school's technological resources, if there is a sufficient nexus to the educational environment, or if the electronic communication was made on the school's campus or at a **school** district **or charter school** activity using the student's own personal technological resources. The school district **or charter school** may discipline any student for such cyberbullying to the greatest extent allowed by law.
- 6. Each **school** district **and charter school** shall review its antibullying policy and revise it as needed. The **school** district's school board **or charter school's governing board** shall receive input from school personnel, students, and administrators when reviewing and revising the policy.
- 7. (1) The administration of each school district and charter school shall report to the school board or governing board all acts of bullying, acts of school violence or violent behavior, and crimes that occurred in between board meetings and the discipline of any pupil who committed such acts. Such report shall be submitted monthly and shall be formatted to clearly describe each such incident.

- 117 (2) The school board or governing board shall review such monthly report in a 118 closed meeting under chapter 610.
 - 8. (1) A school district or charter school employee or volunteer may, in the course of fulfilling duties or performing services for such school district or charter school, intervene in an incident involving an act of bullying, act of school violence or violent behavior, or crime committed against a pupil to protect such pupil.
 - (2) Such school district or charter school employee or volunteer shall be held harmless and immune from any liability for actions described in subdivision (1) of this subsection if:
 - (a) In the course of intervening in such incident, such employee or volunteer follows a proper procedure for such interventions adopted by the school board of such school district or the charter school's governing board; or
 - (b) Such employee or volunteer intervenes in good faith and in a manner that such employee or volunteer reasonably believes is afforded the defense of justification under chapter 563.
 - 9. (1) A school district or charter school, or an employee of such district or charter school, that in good faith imposes disciplinary action under this section upon a bullying student shall not be civilly liable for such disciplinary action.
 - (2) If a school district or charter school, or an employee of such district or charter school, prevails in an action brought against such school district, charter school, or employee described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the court shall award court costs and attorney's fees to such prevailing school district, charter school, or employee.
 - 10. (1) This section shall not be construed to provide immunity from liability for a school district's or charter school's denial, or the denial by an employee of such district or charter school, of any constitutionally protected right of a student.
 - (2) Subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not be construed to limit any immunities or defenses available under state or federal law to a school district, a charter school, or employees or volunteers of such school district or charter school.
- 11. (1) For the purposes of reporting requirements under section 210.115, incidents of bullying, acts of school violence or violent behavior, or crime may be considered abuse.
 - (2) No provision of this section shall be construed to preclude any person from reporting such abuse and such person shall be afforded the same protections provided under sections 210.135 and 210.145 for reports of abuse in compliance with section 210.115.
- **12.** No charter school shall expel or transfer a student to a school district solely due to reports of bullying made against such student.

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160.1052. 1. Sections 160.1052 to 160.1055 shall be known and may be cited as the "Missouri Educators and Parental Empowerment and Rights Act".

- 2. As used in sections 160.1052 to 160.1055, the following terms mean:
- (1) "Local educational agency" or "LEA", each: 4
- 5 (a) School district as defined in section 160.011;
- 6 (b) Charter school as described in section 160.400; and
- 7 (c) Virtual school as described in section 161.670;
- 8 (2) "Parent", a child's parent, legal guardian, or other person having charge, 9 control, or custody of the child.
 - 3. The general assembly hereby recognizes that:
- (1) The collaboration of both parents and teachers has a profound effect on the 11 educational success of Missouri's children;
- 13 (2) Education is essential to the preservation of the rights and liberties of the 14 people;
 - (3) Considering that parents are the first teacher of their child and are uniquely qualified to understand and advocate for their child, the state recognizes their importance in the education of their children; and
- (4) Considering the years of education and continuous updating of knowledge that teachers undertake and achieve, it is important that teachers be given the respect 19 such teachers have earned and deserve.
 - 160.1053. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Parents' Bill of Rights".
 - 2. To foster and maintain collaboration between parents and teachers, parents shall have the following rights under this section:
- (1) The right to receive information, upon request, regarding what their minor 6 child is being taught in school including, but not limited to, curricula adopted under section 160.514;
 - (2) The right to review such curricula, upon request, free from any requirement to agree to a nondisclosure agreement or other similar form, as allowed by law;
- (3) The right to receive information, upon request, about who is teaching their 11 minor child including, but not limited to, guest lecturers and outside presenters;
- 12 The right to receive information, upon request, about individuals and 13 organizations receiving LEA contracts and funding in the LEA in which their minor child is enrolled, except that no personally identifiable information about any student 15 shall be released;
 - (5) The right to visit the school their minor child attends during school hours in accordance with reasonable regulations created under section 160.1055;

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- 18 **(6)** The right to view and, upon request, receive a copy of all school records, medical or otherwise, concerning their minor child, in accordance with state and federal law;
 - (7) The right to receive information, upon request, about the collection of their minor child's data and the transmission of such data to entities outside the LEA;
 - (8) The right to have an LEA governing board that is open, transparent, and accountable to the patrons of the LEA under state and federal laws;
 - (9) The right to be informed regarding situations affecting their minor child's safety in school, in accordance with section 160.1055;
 - (10) The right to provide authorization for their minor child to participate in field trips; and
- 29 (11) The right to be free from their minor child being encouraged or 30 experiencing any attempt at coercion to withhold information from such minor child's 31 parents by an LEA employee, except that any such employee required to report 32 suspected abuse or neglect under sections 210.109 to 210.183 may encourage a minor 33 child to withhold information where disclosure could reasonably result in abuse or 34 neglect.
 - 160.1054. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Educators' Bill of Rights".
 - 2. To foster and maintain collaboration between teachers and parents, each teacher has the following rights under this section:
 - (1) The right to be free from physical abuse from a student. Such abuse is grounds for the suspension or expulsion of the student as provided in chapter 167;
- 7 (2) The right to be free from physical abuse from a parent and to be protected 8 from oral, written, or electronically generated threats of harm. Such abuse is grounds 9 for the prohibition of the physical presence of the perpetrator of such abuse on the 10 LEA's property and at the LEA's events and may result in other legal actions taken by 11 such teacher;
 - (3) The right to be evaluated for competency by an administrator under board policy and, upon request, to be assigned a peer mentor to observe and coach the teacher;
 - (4) The right to exercise the freedom of speech, religion, and the expression of such teacher's opinions as is guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States;
 - (5) The right to be treated with civility and respect as a professional;
- 17 **(6)** The right to be given regularly scheduled preparation time during contract 18 hours:
- 19 (7) The right to teach protected by official immunity, as provided by state law, 20 and to be covered by LEA insurance for work-related duties;

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- 21 (8) The right to have the opportunity to implement a discipline plan in the 22 classroom as allowed in section 160.1055 and to have the opportunity to provide the administration with such teacher's professional opinion regarding the discipline of a 24 student:
 - (9) The right to be considered a professional, with all the appropriate rights, responsibilities, and privileges afforded to other recognized professions, in accordance with section 168.011;
 - (10) The right to teach in a safe, secure, and orderly environment that is conducive to learning and to report any concerns regarding the safety and security of the teaching environment and receive a response from the LEA;
 - (11) The right to intervene for the protection of pupils in incidents of school violence and be entitled to all defenses to criminal charges available to the intervenor under chapter 563; and
- (12) If such teacher is a beginning teacher, the right to receive leadership and 35 support in accordance with beginning teacher assistance programs as provided in state 36 law.
 - 160.1055. 1. Each local educational agency shall develop policies and procedures for such LEA to follow to accommodate and assist parents and teachers in the exercise of the rights described in sections 160.1052 to 160.1055.
 - 2. Each LEA's governing board shall affirm the board's commitment to ensuring sufficient and effective accountability and transparency to parents in the LEA's jurisdiction by adopting policies that:
 - (1) Recognize and affirm the protected right of parents to guide the education of their minor child;
 - (2) Encourage communication between parents and the LEA relating to parental rights and parental concerns about their minor child's education and educational experience through the LEA's community engagement initiatives required under 162.058; and
 - (3) Collaborate with parents to identify ways in which parents can exercise parental rights and communicate such ways to parents in a clear, consistent manner that can be easily understood by all parents.
 - 3. Each local educational agency shall notify parents in a timely manner if their child is involved in a safety incident in which a school employee is charged with a crime.
 - 4. Each local educational agency shall provide prompt notification to parents of any serious disciplinary incidents involving their child and shall offer a meeting or conference to discuss the behavior and outline steps for correction and improvement.

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- 21 5. (1) Each local educational agency shall adopt reasonable procedures for 22 parents to follow when visiting their minor child during school hours.
- 23 (2) Each local educational agency shall adopt reasonable procedures for parents 24 to follow:
 - (a) During an emergency in which the safety of the students requires:
- 26 a. A lockdown to limit exposure of building occupants to an imminent hazard or 27 threat; or
- 28 b. A lockout to prevent an outside hazard or threat from entering the building; 29 or
 - (b) When such local educational agency is required to prohibit an individual from having any interaction with a minor child due to an order entered under any provision of state or federal law restricting or prohibiting such individual from interacting with such minor child or the LEA has otherwise prohibited the individual from accessing school property or events.
 - 6. (1) Teachers, school administrators, parents, and students shall be fully informed of the rights conferred upon parents and teachers under sections 160.1052 to 160.1055. Each LEA shall provide a physical or electronic copy of sections 160.1052 to 160.1055 to each parent, teacher, and student at the beginning of each school year.
 - (2) Each local educational agency shall post the rights listed in sections 160.1052 to 160.1055 on such LEA's website or provide a printed copy if no website exists.
 - 7. (1) Each local educational agency shall adopt, enforce, publicly post, and annually review a code of student conduct as described in sections 160.1052 to 160.1055.
 - (2) Such code of conduct shall promote safe, respectful, and orderly learning environments by reinforcing teacher authority in maintaining classroom discipline and enhancing parental involvement in student behavioral issues and shall set forth expectations for behavior consistent with ethical responsibility, community standards, and regard for school authority.
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 - (3) Each local educational agency shall adopt such code of student conduct for the 2026-27 school year and all subsequent school years.
 - (4) The state department of elementary and secondary education may offer guidance and technical assistance to local educational agencies to ensure compliance. The department shall not impose undue burdens or mandates on such LEAs.
 - 8. The code of student conduct required under subsection 7 of this section shall:
 - (1) Reinforce respect for teachers, administrators, and staff, emphasizing that willful disobedience or disregard toward school personnel is not tolerated;
- 56 (2) Promote high expectations of personal responsibility, encouraging students to uphold values such as honesty, diligence, and civility; 57

- (3) Include measures to address and correct disruptive behavior promptly, ensuring that teachers have the necessary authority and support to remove students from classrooms when warranted, in accordance with training provided by the LEA;
 - (4) Outline a system of graduated consequences for misconduct, balanced by opportunities for students to develop personal resilience and reflect on their actions through LEA-approved interventions;
 - (5) Require parental notification and involvement in significant disciplinary actions, ensuring that parents have timely information and opportunities to engage with teachers and administrators; and
 - (6) Clearly prohibit any policy or program that differentiates treatment of students primarily on the basis of race alone, ensuring that all disciplinary measures are applied equally and fairly to every student.
 - 9. (1) A local educational agency may, at such LEA's discretion and with the LEA's governing board's approval, incorporate evidence-based training for teachers and counselors on strategies to guide students toward personal resilience.
 - (2) Such strategies may include:
 - (a) Encouraging personal responsibility and self-management;
 - (b) Providing students with opportunities to develop coping skills, conflict resolution techniques, and appropriate responses to authority; and
 - (c) Using school counselors or other qualified personnel to offer supportive interventions that emphasize respect for self and others, problem solving, and perseverance.
 - (3) The content and method of delivering such strategies shall not reference or require any training or curriculum primarily focused on race, gender, or other similar classifications. Such strategies shall emphasize universal community standards that benefit all students equally.
 - 10. Each local educational agency shall ensure that teachers and staff are trained in methods to maintain order, encourage compliance, foster civility, and encourage personal responsibility.
 - 11. Each local educational agency shall make efforts to facilitate parental engagement through regular communication, opportunities for parents to review and understand the policy handbook, and the provision of resources that support ethical responsibility and community standards at home.
- **12.** Each LEA's governing board shall adopt such policies and procedures 92 required by this section for the 2026-27 school year and all subsequent school years.

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- 13. No LEA shall establish policies that prevent a parent or teacher from exercising the applicable rights listed in sections 160.1052 to 160.1055 or any other provision of law.
 - 14. No provision of sections 160.1052 to 160.1055 shall be construed to supersede any other federal or state law or any regulation or policy adopted by the state department of elementary and secondary education or the state board of education.
 - 15. No provision of sections 160.1052 to 160.1055 shall be construed to supersede any LEA's order, ordinance, or policy relating to the discipline of students.

160.2700. For purposes of sections 160.2700 to 160.2725, "adult high school" means a school that:

- (1) Is for individuals who do not have a high school diploma and who are [twenty-one] eighteen years of age or older;
- 5 (2) Offers an industry certification program or programs and a high school diploma in 6 a manner that allows students to earn a diploma at the same time that they earn an industry 7 certification;
 - (3) Offers child care for children of enrolled students attending the school; and
- 9 (4) Is not eligible to receive funding under section 160.415 or 163.031.
 - 160.2705. 1. The department of social services shall authorize Missouri-based nonprofit organizations meeting the criteria of this section to establish and operate up to five adult high schools, with:
 - (1) One adult high school to be located in a city not within a county;
 - (2) One adult high school to be located in a county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than forty-one thousand but fewer than forty-five thousand inhabitants or a county contiguous to that county;
 - (3) One adult high school to be located in a county of the first classification with more than two hundred sixty thousand but fewer than three hundred thousand inhabitants or a county contiguous to that county;
 - (4) One adult high school to be located in a county of the first classification with more than one hundred fifty thousand but fewer than two hundred thousand inhabitants; and
 - (5) One adult high school to be located in a county with more than seven hundred thousand but fewer than eight hundred thousand inhabitants, or a contiguous county.
- 2. The department of social services shall administer funding to adult high schools subject to appropriations. The department shall be responsible for granting and maintaining authorization for adult high schools. For adult high schools in operation prior to January 1, 2023, the department shall maintain authorization for the nonprofit organization to operate the schools, subject to compliance with this section. No more than one organization shall be authorized to operate an adult high school at each location described in subsection 1 of this

- section. An organization may establish satellite campuses for any adult high school it is authorized to operate. The department shall administer funding for satellite campuses subject to appropriations.
 - 3. On or before January 1, 2024, the department of social services shall select an eligible Missouri-based nonprofit organization to operate in a location described in subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of this section. An eligible organization shall:
 - (1) Demonstrate the ability to establish, within twenty-one months of the receipt of the authorization, an adult high school offering high school diplomas, an industry certification program or programs, and child care for children of the students attending the high schools;
 - (2) Demonstrate the ability to commit at least five hundred thousand dollars for the purpose of establishing the necessary infrastructure at the adult high school;
 - (3) Demonstrate substantial and positive experience in providing services, including industry certifications and job placement services, to adults [twenty-one] eighteen years of age or older whose educational and training opportunities have been limited by educational disadvantages, disabilities, homelessness, criminal history, or similar circumstances;
 - (4) Establish a partnership with a state-supported postsecondary education institution or more than one such partnership, if a partnership or partnerships are necessary in order to meet the requirements for an adult high school;
 - (5) Establish a comprehensive plan that sets forth how the adult high schools will help address the need for a sufficiently trained workforce in the surrounding region for each adult high school;
 - (6) Establish partnerships and strategies for engaging the community and business leaders in carrying out the goals of each adult high school;
 - (7) Establish the ability to meet quality standards through certified teachers and programs that support each student in such student's goal to find a more rewarding job;
 - (8) Establish a plan for assisting students in overcoming barriers to educational success including, but not limited to, educational disadvantages, homelessness, criminal history, disability, including learning disability such as dyslexia, and similar circumstances;
 - (9) Establish a process for determining outcomes of the adult high school, including outcomes related to a student's ability to find a more rewarding job through the attainment of a high school diploma and job training and certification; and
 - (10) Limit the administrative fee to no more than ten percent.
- 4. (1) The department of elementary and secondary education shall establish academic requirements for students to obtain high school diplomas.
 - (2) Requirements for a high school diploma shall be based on an adult student's prior high school achievement and the remaining credits and coursework that would be necessary for the student to receive a high school diploma if such student were in a traditional high

- school setting. The adult student shall meet the requirements with the same level of academic rigor as would otherwise be necessary to attain such credits.
 - (3) The adult high school authorized under this section shall award high school diplomas to students who successfully meet the established academic requirements. The adult high school authorized under this section shall confer the diploma as though the student earned the diploma at a traditional high school. The diploma shall have no differentiating marks, titles, or other symbols.
 - (4) Students at adult high schools may complete required coursework at their own pace and as available through the adult high school. They shall not be required to satisfy any specific number of class minutes. The adult high school may also make classes available to students online as may be appropriate. However, students shall not complete the majority of instruction of the school's curriculum online or through remote instruction. For the purposes of this subsection, synchronous instruction connecting students to a live class conducted in a Missouri adult high school shall be treated the same as in-person instruction.
 - (5) The department of elementary and secondary education shall not create additional regulations or burdens on the adult high school or the students attending the adult high schools beyond certifying necessary credits and ensuring that students have sufficiently mastered the subject matter to make them eligible for credit.
 - 5. An adult high school shall be deemed a secondary school system for the purposes of subdivision [(15)] (16) of subsection 1 of section 210.211.
 - 160.2710. 1. Any person who is [twenty one] eighteen years of age or older may enroll in an adult high school if he or she has not earned a high school diploma.
 - 2. An adult high school shall give a preference in admission to those students who receive any local, state, or federal assistance in which a person or family is required not to exceed a certain income level in order to qualify for the assistance.
 - 3. For the purposes of compiling and tracking dropout rates of a local education agency by the department of elementary and secondary education, a student transferring from a local education agency to an adult high school shall be considered a transfer student and not a dropout student from the local education agency.
 - 161.670. 1. Notwithstanding any other law, prior to July 1, 2007, the state board of education shall establish the "Missouri Course Access and Virtual School Program" to serve school-age students residing in the state. The Missouri course access and virtual school program shall offer nonclassroom-based instruction in a virtual setting using technology, intranet, or internet methods of communication. Any student under the age of twenty-one in grades kindergarten through twelve who resides in this state shall be eligible to enroll in the Missouri course access and virtual school program pursuant to subsection 3 of this section.

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- 2. (1) For purposes of calculation and distribution of state school aid, students enrolled in the Missouri course access and virtual school program shall be included in the student enrollment of the school district in which the student is enrolled under the relevant provisions of subsection 3 of this section for such enrollment. Student attendance for fulltime virtual program students shall only be included in any district pupil attendance calculation under chapter 163 using current-year pupil attendance for such full-time virtual program pupils. For the purpose of calculating average daily attendance in full-time virtual programs under this section, average daily attendance shall be defined as the quotient or the sum of the quotients obtained by dividing the total number of hours attended in a term by enrolled pupils between the ages of five and twenty-one by the actual number of hours that the program was in session in that term, and the provisions of section 162.1250 shall not apply to such funding calculation. Such calculation shall be generated by the virtual provider 20 and provided to the host district for submission to the department of elementary and secondary education. Such students may complete their instructional activities, as defined in subsection 4 of this section, during any hour of the day and during any day of the week. The hours attended for each enrolled pupil shall be documented by the pupil's weekly progress in the educational program according to a process determined by the virtual program and published annually in the virtual program's enrollment handbook or policy. To the average daily attendance of the following school term shall be added the full-time equivalent average daily attendance of summer school students. In the case of a host school district enrolling one or more full-time virtual school students, such enrolling district shall, as part of its monthly state allocation, receive no less under the state aid calculation for such students than an 30 amount equal to the state adequacy target multiplied by the weighted average daily attendance of such full-time students. Students residing in Missouri and enrolled in a full-time virtual school program operated by a public institution of higher education in this state shall be counted for a state aid calculation by the department, and the department shall pay, from funds dedicated to state school aid payments made under section 163.031, to such institution an amount equal to the state adequacy target multiplied by the weighted average daily attendance of such full-time students.
 - (2) The Missouri course access and virtual school program shall report to the district of residence the following information about each student served by the Missouri course access and virtual school program: name, address, eligibility for free or reduced-price lunch, limited English proficiency status, special education needs, and the number of courses in which the student is enrolled. The Missouri course access and virtual school program shall promptly notify the resident district when a student discontinues enrollment. A "full-time equivalent student" is a student who is enrolled in the instructional equivalent of six credits per regular term. Each Missouri course access and virtual school program course shall count

as one class and shall generate that portion of a full-time equivalent that a comparable course offered by the school district would generate.

- (3) Pursuant to an education services plan and collaborative agreement under subsection 3 of this section, full-time equivalent students may be allowed to use a physical location of the resident school district for all or some portion of ongoing instructional activity, and the enrollment plan shall provide for reimbursement of costs of the resident district for providing such access pursuant to rules promulgated under this section by the department.
- (4) In no case shall more than the full-time equivalency of a regular term of attendance for a single student be used to claim state aid. Full-time equivalent student credit completed shall be reported to the department of elementary and secondary education in the manner prescribed by the department. Nothing in this section shall prohibit students from enrolling in additional courses under a separate agreement that includes terms for paying tuition or course fees.
- (5) A full-time virtual school program serving full-time equivalent students shall be considered an attendance center in the host school district and shall participate in the statewide assessment system as defined in section 160.518. The academic performance of students enrolled in a full-time virtual school program shall be assigned to the designated attendance center of the full-time virtual school program and shall be considered in like manner to other attendance centers. The academic performance of any student who disenrolls from a full-time virtual school program and enrolls in a public school or charter school shall not be used in determining the annual performance report score of the attendance center or school district in which the student enrolls for twelve months from the date of enrollment.
- (6) For the purposes of this section, a public institution of higher education operating a full-time virtual school program shall be subject to all requirements applicable to a host school district with respect to its full-time equivalent students.
- 3. (1) A student who resides in this state may enroll in Missouri course access and virtual school program courses of his or her choice as a part of the student's annual course load each school year, with any costs associated with such course or courses to be paid by the school district or charter school if:
- (a) The student is enrolled full-time in a public school, including any charter school; and
- (b) Prior to enrolling in any Missouri course access and virtual school program course, a student has received approval from his or her school district or charter school through the procedure described under subdivision (2) of this subsection.
- (2) Each school district or charter school shall adopt a policy that delineates the process by which a student may enroll in courses provided by the Missouri course access and virtual school program that is substantially similar to the typical process by which a district

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student would enroll in courses offered by the school district and a charter school student would enroll in courses offered by the charter school. The policy may include consultation with the school's counselor and may include parental notification or authorization. The policy shall ensure that available opportunities for in-person instruction are considered prior to moving a student to virtual courses. The policy shall allow for continuous enrollment throughout the school year. If the school district or charter school disapproves a student's request to enroll in a course or courses provided by the Missouri course access and virtual school program, the reason shall be provided in writing and it shall be for good cause. Good cause justification to disapprove a student's request for enrollment in a course shall be a determination that doing so is not in the best educational interest of the student, and shall be consistent with the determination that would be made for such course request under the process by which a district student would enroll in a similar course offered by the school district and a charter school student would enroll in a similar course offered by the charter school, except that the determination may consider the suitability of virtual courses for the student based on prior participation in virtual courses by the student. Appeals of any course denials under this subsection shall be considered under a policy that is substantially similar to the typical process by which appeals would be considered for a student seeking to enroll in courses offered by the school district and a charter school student seeking to enroll in courses offered by the charter school.

- (3) For students enrolled in any Missouri course access and virtual school program course in which costs associated with such course are to be paid by the school district or charter school as described under this subdivision, the school district or charter school shall pay the content provider directly on a pro rata monthly basis based on a student's completion of assignments and assessments. If a student discontinues enrollment, the district or charter school may stop making monthly payments to the content provider. No school district or charter school shall pay, for any one course for a student, more than the market necessary costs but in no case shall pay more than fourteen percent of the state adequacy target, as defined under section 163.011, as calculated at the end of the most recent school year for any single, year-long course and no more than seven percent of the state adequacy target as described above for any single semester equivalent course.
- (4) (a) A student who lives in this state may enroll in a virtual program of their choice as provided in this subdivision, and the provisions of subdivisions (1) to (3) of this subsection shall not apply to such enrollment in a full-time virtual program. Each host school district operating a full-time virtual program under this section shall adopt, operate and implement an enrollment policy as specified by the provisions of this subdivision. The student, the student's parent or guardian if the student is not considered homeless, the virtual program, the host district, and the resident district shall collaborate in good faith to implement

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- the enrollment policy regarding the student's enrollment, and the resident school district and 120 the host school district may mutually agree that the resident district shall offer or continue to 121 offer services for the student under an agreement that includes financial terms for 122 reimbursement by the host school district for the necessary costs of the resident school district 123 providing such services. An enrollment policy specified under this subsection shall:
 - a. Require a student's parent or guardian, if the student is not considered homeless, to apply for enrollment in a full-time virtual program directly with the virtual program;
 - b. Specify timelines for timely participation by the virtual program, the host district, and resident district; provided that the resident district shall provide any relevant information and input on the enrollment within ten business days of notice from the virtual program of the enrollment application;
 - Include a survey of the reasons for the student's and parent's interests in participating in the virtual program;
 - d. Include consideration of available opportunities for in-person instruction prior to enrolling a student in a virtual program;
 - e. Evaluate requests for enrollment based on meeting the needs for a student to be successful considering all relevant factors;
 - f. Ensure that, for any enrolling student with a covered disability, an individualized education program and a related services agreement, in cases where such agreement is needed, are created to provide all services required to ensure a free and appropriate public education, including financial terms for reimbursement by the host district for the necessary costs of any virtual program, school district, or public or private entity providing all or a portion of such services;
 - g. Require the virtual program to determine whether an enrolling student will be admitted, based on the enrollment policy, in consideration of all relevant factors and provide the basis for its determination and any service plan for the student, in writing, to the student, the student's parent or guardian, the host district, and the resident district; and
 - h. Provide a process for reviewing appeals of decisions made under this subdivision.
- (b) The department shall publish an annual report based on the enrollments and enrollment surveys conducted under this subdivision that provides data at the statewide and district levels of sufficient detail to allow analysis of trends regarding the reasons for 150 participation in the virtual program at the statewide and district levels; provided that no such survey results will be published in a manner that reveals individual student information. The 152 department shall also include, in the annual report, data at the statewide and district levels of sufficient detail to allow detection and analysis of the racial, ethnic, and socio-economic 154 balance of virtual program participation among schools and districts at the statewide and

district levels, provided that no such survey results will be published in a manner that reveals individual student information.

- (5) In the case of a student who is a candidate for A+ tuition reimbursement and taking a virtual course under this section, the school shall attribute no less than ninety-five percent attendance to any such student who has completed such virtual course.
- (6) The Missouri course access and virtual school program shall ensure that individual learning plans designed by certified teachers and professional staff are developed for all students enrolled in more than two full-time course access program courses or a full-time virtual school.
- (7) Virtual school programs shall monitor individual student success and engagement of students enrolled in their program and, for students enrolled in virtual courses on a part-time basis, the virtual school program shall provide regular student progress reports for each student at least four times per school year to the school district or charter school, provide the host school district and the resident school district ongoing access to academic and other relevant information on student success and engagement, and shall terminate or alter the course offering if it is found the course is not meeting the educational needs of the students enrolled in the course.
- (8) The department of elementary and secondary education shall monitor the aggregate performance of providers and make such information available to the public under subsection 11 of this section.
- (9) Pursuant to rules to be promulgated by the department of elementary and secondary education, when a student transfers into a school district or charter school, credits previously gained through successful passage of approved courses under the Missouri course access and virtual school program shall be accepted by the school district or charter school.
- (10) Pursuant to rules to be promulgated by the department of elementary and secondary education, if a student transfers into a school district or charter school while enrolled in a Missouri course access and virtual school program course or full-time virtual school, the student shall continue to be enrolled in such course or school.
- (11) Nothing in this section shall prohibit home school or FPE school students, private school students, or students wishing to take additional courses beyond their regular course load from enrolling in Missouri course access and virtual school program courses under an agreement that includes terms for paying tuition or course fees.
- (12) Nothing in this subsection shall require any school district, charter school, virtual program, or the state to provide computers, equipment, or internet access to any student unless required under the education services plan created for an eligible student under subdivision (4) of this subsection or for an eligible student with a disability to comply with federal law. An education services plan may require an eligible student to have access to

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school facilities of the resident school district during regular school hours for participation and instructional activities of a virtual program under this section, and the education services plan shall provide for reimbursement of the resident school district for such access pursuant to rules adopted by the department under this section.

- (13) The authorization process shall provide for continuous monitoring of approved providers and courses. The department shall revoke or suspend or take other corrective action regarding the authorization of any course or provider no longer meeting the requirements of the program. Unless immediate action is necessary, prior to revocation or suspension, the department shall notify the provider and give the provider a reasonable time period to take corrective action to avoid revocation or suspension. The process shall provide for periodic renewal of authorization no less frequently than once every three years.
- (14) Courses approved as of August 28, 2018, by the department to participate in the Missouri virtual instruction program shall be automatically approved to participate in the Missouri course access and virtual school program, but shall be subject to periodic renewal.
- (15) Any online course or virtual program offered by a school district or charter school, including those offered prior to August 28, 2018, which meets the requirements of section 162.1250 shall be automatically approved to participate in the Missouri course access and virtual school program. Such course or program shall be subject to periodic renewal. A school district or charter school offering such a course or virtual school program shall be deemed an approved provider.
- 212 (16) A host district may contract with a provider to perform any required services 213 involved with delivering a full-time virtual education.
 - 4. (1) As used in this subsection, the term "instructional activities" means classroom-based or nonclassroom-based activities that a student shall be expected to complete, participate in, or attend during any given school day, such as:
 - (a) Online logins to curricula or programs;
- 218 (b) Offline activities;
- (c) Completed assignments within a particular program, curriculum, or class;
- 220 (d) Testing;
- (e) Face-to-face communications or meetings with school staff;
- 222 (f) Telephone or video conferences with school staff;
- 223 (g) School-sanctioned field trips; or
- (h) Orientation.
- 225 (2) A full-time virtual school shall submit a notification to the parent or guardian of 226 any student who is not consistently engaged in instructional activities and shall provide 227 regular student progress reports for each student at least four times per school year.

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- (3) Each full-time virtual school shall develop, adopt, and post on the school's website a policy setting forth the consequences for a student who fails to complete the required instructional activities. Such policy shall state, at a minimum, that if a student fails to complete the instructional activities after receiving a notification under subdivision (2) of this 232 subsection, and after reasonable intervention strategies have been implemented, that the student shall be subject to certain consequences which may include disenrollment from the school. Prior to any disenrollment, the parent or guardian shall have the opportunity to present any information that the parent deems relevant, and such information shall be considered prior to any final decision.
 - (4) If a full-time virtual school disensols a student under subdivision (3) of this subsection, the school shall immediately provide written notification to such student's school district of residence. The student's school district of residence shall then provide to the parents or guardian of the student a written list of available educational options and promptly enroll the student in the selected option. Any student disenrolled from a full-time virtual school shall be prohibited from reenrolling in the same virtual school for the remainder of the school year.
 - 5. School districts or charter schools shall inform parents of their child's right to participate in the program. Availability of the program shall be made clear in the parent handbook, registration documents, and featured on the home page of the school district or charter school's website.
 - 6. The department shall:
 - (1) Establish an authorization process for course or full-time virtual school providers that includes multiple opportunities for submission each year;
 - (2) Pursuant to the time line established by the department, authorize course or fulltime virtual school providers that:
 - (a) Submit all necessary information pursuant to the requirements of the process; and
 - (b) Meet the criteria described in subdivision (3) of this subsection;
- (3) Review, pursuant to the authorization process, proposals from providers to 256 provide a comprehensive, full-time equivalent course of study for students through the Missouri course access and virtual school program. The department shall ensure that these comprehensive courses of study align to state academic standards and that there is consistency and compatibility in the curriculum used by all providers from one grade level to the next grade level;
 - (4) Within thirty days of any denial, provide a written explanation to any course or full-time virtual school providers that are denied authorization;
 - (5) Allow a course or full-time virtual school provider denied authorization to reapply at any point in the future.

- 7. The department shall publish the process established under this section, including any deadlines and any guidelines applicable to the submission and authorization process for course or full-time virtual school providers on its website.
 - 8. If the department determines that there are insufficient funds available for evaluating and authorizing course or full-time virtual school providers, the department may charge applicant course or full-time virtual school providers a fee up to, but no greater than, the amount of the costs in order to ensure that evaluation occurs. The department shall establish and publish a fee schedule for purposes of this subsection.
 - 9. Except as specified in this section and as may be specified by rule of the state board of education, the Missouri course access and virtual school program shall comply with all state laws and regulations applicable to school districts, including but not limited to the Missouri school improvement program (MSIP), annual performance report (APR), teacher certification, curriculum standards, audit requirements under chapter 165, access to public records under chapter 610, and school accountability report cards under section 160.522. Teachers and administrators employed by a virtual provider shall be considered to be employed in a public school for all certification purposes under chapter 168.
 - 10. The department shall submit and publicly publish an annual report on the Missouri course access and virtual school program and the participation of entities to the governor, the chair and ranking member of the senate education committee, and the chair and ranking member of the house of representatives elementary and secondary education committee. The report shall at a minimum include the following information:
- 286 (1) The annual number of unique students participating in courses authorized under 287 this section and the total number of courses in which students are enrolled in;
 - (2) The number of authorized providers;
 - (3) The number of authorized courses and the number of students enrolled in each course;
 - (4) The number of courses available by subject and grade level;
- 292 (5) The number of students enrolled in courses broken down by subject and grade 293 level;
 - (6) Student outcome data, including completion rates, student learning gains, student performance on state or nationally accepted assessments, by subject and grade level per provider. This outcome data shall be published in a manner that protects student privacy;
 - (7) The costs per course;
 - (8) Evaluation of in-school course availability compared to course access availability to ensure gaps in course access are being addressed statewide.
- 300 11. (1) The department shall be responsible for creating the Missouri course access and virtual school program catalog providing a listing of all courses authorized and available

302 to students in the state, detailed information, including costs per course, about the courses to 303 inform student enrollment decisions, and the ability for students to submit their course 304 enrollments.

- (2) On or before January 1, 2023, the department shall publish on its website, and distribute to all school districts and charter schools in this state, a guidance document that details the options for virtual course access and full-time virtual course access for all students in the state. The guidance document shall include a complete and readily understood description of the applicable enrollment processes including the opportunity for students to enroll and the roles and responsibilities of the student, parent, virtual provider, school district or districts, and charter schools, as appropriate. The guidance document shall be distributed in written and electronic form to all school districts, charter schools, and virtual providers. School districts and charter schools shall provide a copy of the guidance document to every pupil and parent or legal guardian of every pupil enrolled in the district or charter school at the beginning of each school year and upon enrollment for every pupil enrolling at a different time of the school year. School districts and charter schools shall provide a readily viewable link to the electronic version of the guidance document on the main page of the district's or charter school's website.
- 12. Any virtual school or program may administer any statewide assessment required pursuant to the provisions of section 160.518 except for college readiness or workforce readiness assessments provided by a national college and career readiness assessment provider in a virtual setting that aligns with the student's regular academic instruction. Any administration of a virtual statewide assessment shall meet the following conditions:
- (1) The assessment shall be administered to the student at an assigned date and time;
- (2) The assessment shall be administered during a synchronous assessment session initiated and managed by an employee of the virtual school or program;
- (3) The student shall be monitored by an assessment proctor via a camera for the duration of the assessment. If the assessment platform does not allow for integrated camera proctoring, the student shall use two devices during the assessment. The first device shall be used to take the assessment and the second device shall have a functioning camera and be used to monitor the student during the assessment. However, if the assessment platform allows for the proctor to view the student and background, a second device shall not be required;
- (4) The virtual school or program shall maintain a student-assessment-taker-to-assessment-proctor ratio of ten to one or lower;

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- 338 (5) The student shall not exit the assessment platform until instructed to do so by 339 the assigned assessment proctor; and
 - (6) The student's submission of the completed assessment shall be verified by the assessment administrator.
 - 13. The state board of education through the rulemaking process and the department of elementary and secondary education in its policies and procedures shall ensure that multiple content providers and learning management systems are allowed, ensure digital content conforms to accessibility requirements, provide an easily accessible link for providers to submit courses or full-time virtual schools on the Missouri course access and virtual school program website, and allow any person, organization, or entity to submit courses or full-time virtual schools for approval. No content provider shall be allowed that is unwilling to accept payments in the amount and manner as described under subdivision (3) of subsection 3 of this section or does not meet performance or quality standards adopted by the state board of education.
 - [13.] 14. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void.
 - 162.065. On an annual basis, each school district shall provide training in at least [eight] four hours of duration to each school bus driver employed by the school district or under contract with the school district. Such training shall provide special instruction in school bus driving.
 - 162.069. 1. Every school district shall, by March 1, 2012, promulgate a written policy concerning employee-student communication. The governing body of each charter school shall adopt a written policy concerning employee-student communication by January 1, 2014. Such policy shall include, but not be limited to, the use of electronic media and other mechanisms to prevent improper communications between staff members and students. 5
 - 2. The school board of each school district and the governing body of each charter school shall, by January 1, 2014, adopt and implement training guidelines and [an annual] a training program for all school employees who are mandatory reporters of child abuse or neglect under section 210.115. Such training shall be provided as established in section 168.331.

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- 3. Every school district and the governing body of each charter school shall, by July 11 12 1, 2014, include in its teacher and employee training a component that provides up-to-date and reliable information on identifying signs of sexual abuse in children and danger signals of potentially abusive relationships between children and adults. The training shall emphasize the importance of mandatory reporting of abuse under section 210.115 including the obligation of mandated reporters to report suspected abuse by other mandated reporters, and how to establish an atmosphere of trust so that students feel their school has concerned adults with whom they feel comfortable discussing matters related to abuse. Such training shall be 18 19 provided as established in section 168.331. The training shall also emphasize that:
- 20 (1) All mandatory reporters shall, upon finding reasonable cause, directly and 21 immediately report suspected child abuse or neglect as provided in section 210.115;
- 22 (2) No supervisor or administrator may impede or inhibit any reporting under section 210.115; and 23
- 24 (3) No person making a report under section 210.115 shall be subject to any sanction, 25 including any adverse employment action, for making such report.
 - 162.207. 1. As used in this section, "electronic personal communications device" means a portable device that is used to initiate, receive, store, or view communication, information, images, or data electronically.
 - 2. (1) For the 2026-27 school year and all subsequent school years, each school district and charter school governing board shall adopt a written policy governing a student's possession or use of an electronic personal communications device.
 - (2) Such school district or governing board shall develop and design such policy to promote the educational interests of students and to provide a safe and effective working environment for school employees and volunteers.
 - 3. At a minimum, such policy:
 - (1) Shall prohibit a student from using an electronic personal communications device from the beginning of the school day until the end of the school day during regularly scheduled instructional time and during meal times, provided that such policy defines instructional time;
 - (2) May prohibit a student from using an electronic personal communications device during breaks from regularly scheduled instructional time including, but not limited to, time between classes, study halls, and field trips;
- 18 (3) Shall describe the disciplinary procedures and measures that will be taken if 19 a student violates the policy; and
- (4) (a) Shall provide exceptions to the prohibition that allow the display and use 21 of an electronic personal communications device by a student when the use of such device is required during regularly scheduled instructional activities for the following:

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- a. An individualized education program, or IEP, as such term is defined in 20 U.S.C. Section 1401, as amended;
- b. A 504 plan created under Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Section 794, as amended;
- c. An individualized emergency health care plan or an individualized health care plan established under section 167.625;
- d. The Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 12101 et seq., as amended;
 - e. The Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Section 701 et seq., as amended;
- 32 f. The federal Civil Rights Act of 1964; or
- 33 g. The federal Equal Educational Opportunities Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. Section
- 34 1701 et seq., regarding English language learners, as such term is defined in 29 U.S.C.
- 35 Section 3102, as amended.
- 36 (b) Such exceptions may include when the use of such device is allowable for the 37 following:
- a. In the case of an emergency; and
- b. When directed to use such device for an educational purpose with authorization as directed by established board policies.
- 4. Each school district and charter school governing board shall publish the policy on such district's or charter school's website.
 - 5. A school district or charter school employee or volunteer shall be held harmless and immune from any liability for actions taken under this section if such employee or volunteer acts in good faith and follows the proper disciplinary procedures and measures adopted under this section by the school board or charter school governing board.
 - 6. The provisions of this section shall expire on August 28, 2032.
- 163.044. 1. Beginning with the 2007 fiscal year and each subsequent fiscal year, the general assembly shall appropriate thirty million dollars to be directed in the following manner to school districts with an average daily attendance of three hundred fifty students or less in the school year preceding the payment year, provided that nonresident students enrolled in such school districts through section 161.670 shall not be included in the total
- 5 enrolled in such school districts through section 161.670 shall not be included in the total 6 for purposes of this section:
- 7 (1) Twenty million dollars shall be distributed to the eligible districts in proportion to 8 their average daily attendance; and
- 9 (2) Ten million dollars shall be directed to the eligible districts that have an operating 10 levy for school purposes in the current year equal to or greater than the performance levy and 11 any school districts which have an operating levy for school purposes in the current year less

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12 than the performance levy solely due to a modification of such district's levy required under subdivision (4) of subsection 5 of section 137.073. A tax-rate-weighted average daily 13 attendance shall be calculated for each eligible district in proportion to its operating levy for school purposes for the current year divided by the performance levy with that result 15 multiplied by the district's average daily attendance in the school year preceding the payment year. The total appropriation pursuant to this subdivision shall then be divided by the sum of 17 the tax-rate-weighted average daily attendance of the eligible districts, and the resulting 19 amount per tax-rate-weighted average daily attendance shall be multiplied by each eligible 20 district's tax-rate-weighted average daily attendance to determine the amount to be paid to 21 each eligible district.

- 2. The payment under this section shall not be transferred to the capital projects fund.
- 3. Except as provided in subsection 2 of this section, districts receiving payments under this section may use the moneys for, including but not limited to, the following:
 - (1) Distance learning;
- 26 (2) Extraordinary transportation costs;
- 27 (3) Rural teacher recruitment; and
- 28 (4) Student learning opportunities not available within the district.
- 163.045. 1. (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in addition to all funds distributed to school districts pursuant to the provisions of section 163.031, the department of elementary and secondary education shall, after rendering all calculations 4 required pursuant to the provisions of such section, remit an amount equal to one percent for fiscal years 2026 and 2027, or two percent for fiscal year 2028 and all subsequent fiscal years, 6 of each district's preceding year's annual state aid entitlement as calculated in June in accordance with the provisions of such section for any district with a preceding year school [term] board-approved school calendar that provided for one hundred sixty-nine school 9 days or more of planned attendance. For districts in which one or more charter schools operate, and for all charter schools located therein, the department shall, after rendering all 11 calculations required pursuant to the provisions of section 163.031 and section 160.415, remit an amount equal to one percent for fiscal years 2026 and 2027, or two percent for fiscal year 12 2028 and all subsequent fiscal years, of each district's and charter school's preceding year's annual state aid entitlement as calculated in June, prior to any required adjustment pursuant to subsections 4 and 15 of section 160.415, for any district or charter school with a preceding 16 year [school term] board-approved school calendar that provided for one hundred sixtynine school days or more of planned attendance. 17
 - (2) This subsection shall not be construed to prohibit the distribution of additional moneys under subdivision (1) of this subsection to a school district or charter school that:

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- (a) Prepares an annual calendar for the district's or charter school's school term under section 171.031 that establishes a school term of at least one hundred sixty-nine school days; and
 - (b) Is in session for fewer than one hundred sixty-nine school days in such school term because of:
- a. Exceptional or emergency circumstances, as provided under section 171.033; or
 - b. An authorized reduction of the required number of hours or days under subsection 2 of section 160.041.
- 2. Any funds received as provided in this section shall be used by school districts and charter schools exclusively to increase teacher salaries. Any school district or charter school that receives funds as provided in this section but fails to utilize such funds solely to increase teacher salaries shall have an amount equal to the amount of such funds received withheld from such district's or charter school's state aid payments pursuant to the provisions of section 163.031 or 160.415.
- 163.172. 1. (1) In school year 1994-95 and thereafter until school year 2006-07, the minimum teacher's salary shall be eighteen thousand dollars. Beginning in school year 2006-07, the minimum teacher's salary shall be twenty-two thousand dollars; in school year 2007-08, the minimum teacher's salary shall be twenty-three thousand dollars; in school year 2008-09, the minimum teacher's salary shall be twenty-four thousand dollars; in school year 2009-10 and in each subsequent school year through the 2024-25 school year, the minimum teacher's salary shall be twenty-five thousand dollars.
 - (2) For the 2025-26 school year and in all subsequent school years, the minimum teacher's salary shall be forty thousand dollars.
- (3) Beginning in the school year 1996-97 until school year 2006-07, for any full-time 10 teacher with a master's degree and at least ten years' teaching experience in a public school or 11 combination of public schools, the minimum salary shall be twenty-four thousand dollars. 13 Beginning in the school year 2006-07, for any full-time teacher with a master's degree in an 14 academic teaching field and at least ten years' teaching experience in a public school or combination of public schools, the minimum salary shall be thirty thousand dollars; in the 2007-08 school year such minimum salary shall be thirty-one thousand dollars; in the 2008-16 17 09 school year such minimum salary shall be thirty-two thousand dollars; and in the 2009-10 school year and in each subsequent school year through the 2024-25 school year, such 18 minimum salary shall be thirty-three thousand dollars. 19
- 20 (4) For the 2025-26 school year and in all subsequent school years, the minimum teacher's salary for any full-time teacher with a master's degree [in an academic teaching field]

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- directly related to the teacher's assignment and at least ten years' teaching experience in a 23 public school or combination of public schools shall be as follows:
 - (a) In the 2025-26 school year, forty-six thousand dollars;
 - (b) In the 2026-27 school year, forty-seven thousand dollars; and
 - (c) In the 2027-28 school year, forty-eight thousand dollars.
- 27 2. (1) As used in this subsection, "CPI" means the Consumer Price Index for All 28 Urban Consumers for the United States as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, or its 29 successor index.
 - (2) In the 2028-29 school year and in all subsequent school years, the minimum salaries identified in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section and in paragraph (c) of subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this section shall be adjusted annually by the percentage increase in inflation as described in subdivision (3) of this subsection.
 - (3) If the CPI report for January of a given year indicates that inflation increased over the previous twelve months by at least one percent, the department of elementary and secondary education shall increase the minimum salaries described in subdivision (2) of this subsection by the same percentage increase in inflation, except that no minimum salary increase shall exceed three percent.
 - (4) The state board of education shall publish such minimum salaries annually in February beginning in calendar year 2026. Modifications to the minimum salaries shall take effect on July first of each calendar year.
 - 3. The commissioner of education shall present to the appropriate committees of the general assembly information on the average Missouri teacher's salary, regional average salary data, and national average salary data.
 - 4. All school salary information shall be public information.
 - 5. As used in this section, the term "salary" shall be defined as the salary figure which appears on the teacher's contract and as determined by the local school district's basic salary schedule and does not include supplements for extra duties.
 - 6. The minimum salary for any fully certificated teacher employed on a less than fulltime basis by a school district, state school for the severely handicapped, the Missouri School for the Deaf, or the Missouri School for the Blind shall be prorated to reflect the amounts provided in subsection 1 of this section.
- 7. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Teacher Baseline Salary Grant 54 Fund", which shall consist of moneys appropriated under subsection 8 of this section. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, 56 the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in this fund shall be used solely to increase minimum teacher's salaries as provided in this section.

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- 59 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys 60 remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general 61 revenue fund.
- 62 (3) The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other 63 funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to 64 the fund.
 - 8. (1) There is hereby created the "Teacher Baseline Salary Grant" program. The general assembly may appropriate amounts to the teacher baseline salary grant fund created in subsection 7 of this section. The total amount appropriated to such fund shall not exceed the amount necessary to assist each school district in increasing minimum teacher's salaries to the minimum amount as required under this section.
 - (2) Subject to the appropriation of moneys to the teacher baseline salary grant fund, each school district may apply to the department of elementary and secondary education for a grant of moneys from the teacher baseline salary grant fund to assist such district in increasing minimum teacher's salaries as required under this section.
 - 167.020. 1. As used in this section and in section 167.022, the [term] following terms mean:
 - (1) "Behavioral threat assessment", records associated with an evaluation of a student who has shown or demonstrated:
 - (a) Homicidal or suicidal ideation;
 - (b) Planning an attack on a school, other students, faculty, staff, or administration; or
 - (c) Behavior that puts students, faculty, staff, or administration at risk for harm;
 - (2) "Homeless child" or "homeless youth" [shall mean], a person less than twenty-one years of age who lacks a fixed, regular and adequate nighttime residence, including a child or youth who:
 - [(1)] (a) Is sharing the housing of other persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason; is living in motels, hotels, or camping grounds due to lack of alternative adequate accommodations; is living in emergency or transitional shelters; is abandoned in hospitals; or is awaiting foster care placement;
 - [(2)] (b) Has a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings;
- 18 [(3)] (c) Is living in cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard 19 housing, bus or train stations, or similar settings; and
- [(4)] (d) Is a migratory child or youth who qualifies as homeless because the child or youth is living in circumstances described in [subdivisions (1) to (3)] paragraphs (a) to (c) of this [subsection] subdivision;

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- "Personal safety plan", an agreement based upon the findings of the behavioral threat assessment record between the school and the students' parents or guardians, or between the school and the student if the student is emancipated or an unaccompanied youth as defined in 210.121, that:
 - (a) Stipulates rules for attendance at the school;
- (b) Provides benchmarks that allow for the student to be released from the personal safety plan over time; and
- (c) Provides immediate access to a trusted adult for the student with the personal safety plan.
- 2. In order to register a pupil, the parent or legal guardian of the pupil or the pupil himself or herself shall provide, at the time of registration, one of the following:
- (1) Proof of residency in the district. Except as otherwise provided in section 167.151, the term "residency" shall mean that a person both physically resides within a school 35 district and is domiciled within that district or, in the case of a private school student 36 37 suspected of having a disability under the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act, 20 38 U.S.C. Section [1412,] 1411 et seq., as amended, that the student attends private school within that district. The domicile of a minor child shall be the domicile of a parent, military 39 40 guardian pursuant to a military-issued guardianship or court-appointed legal guardian. For instances in which the family of a student living in Missouri co-locates to live with other 41 42 family members or live in a military family support community because one or both of the 43 child's parents are stationed or deployed out of state or deployed within Missouri under active 44 duty orders under Title 10 or Title 32 of the United States Code, the student may attend the school district in which the family member's residence or family support community is 45 46 located. If the active duty orders expire during the school year, the student may finish the school year in that district;
 - (2) Proof that the person registering the student has requested a waiver under subsection 3 of this section within the last forty-five days; or
 - (3) Proof that one or both of the child's parents are being relocated to the state of Missouri under military orders.

53 In instances where there is reason to suspect that admission of the pupil will create an 54 immediate danger to the safety of other pupils and employees of the district, the 55 superintendent or the superintendent's designee may convene a hearing within five

56 working days of the request to register and determine whether or not the pupil may register.

3. Any person subject to the requirements of subsection 2 of this section may request a waiver from the district board of any of those requirements on the basis of hardship or good cause. Under no circumstances shall athletic ability be a valid basis of hardship or good cause

for the issuance of a waiver of the requirements of subsection 2 of this section. The district board or committee of the board appointed by the president and which shall have full authority to act in lieu of the board shall convene a hearing as soon as possible, but no later than forty-five days after receipt of the waiver request made under this subsection or the waiver request shall be granted. The district board or committee of the board may grant the request for a waiver of any requirement of subsection 2 of this section. The district board or committee of the board may also reject the request for a waiver in which case the pupil shall not be allowed to register. Any person aggrieved by a decision of a district board or committee of the board on a request for a waiver under this subsection may appeal such decision to the circuit court in the county where the school district is located.

- 4. Any person who knowingly submits false information to satisfy any requirement of subsection 2 of this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- 5. In addition to any other penalties authorized by law, a district board may file a civil action to recover, from the parent, military guardian or legal guardian of the pupil, the costs of school attendance for any pupil who was enrolled at a school in the district and whose parent, military guardian or legal guardian filed false information to satisfy any requirement of subsection 2 of this section.
- 6. Subsection 2 of this section shall not apply to a pupil who is a homeless child or youth, or a pupil attending a school not in the pupil's district of residence as a participant in an interdistrict transfer program established under a court-ordered desegregation program, a pupil who is a ward of the state and has been placed in a residential care facility by state officials, a pupil who has been placed in a residential care facility due to a mental illness or developmental disability, a pupil attending a school pursuant to sections 167.121 and 167.151, a pupil placed in a residential facility by a juvenile court, a pupil with a disability identified under state eligibility criteria if the student is in the district for reasons other than accessing the district's educational program, or a pupil attending a regional or cooperative alternative education program or an alternative education program on a contractual basis.
- 7. Within two business days of enrolling a pupil, the school official enrolling a pupil, including any special education pupil, shall request those records required by district policy for student transfer [and those], discipline records required by subsection 9 of section 160.261 from all schools previously attended by the pupil within the last twelve months, and records of any behavioral threat assessments and personal safety plans of the pupil created by the local education agency if the student is currently subject to an active personal safety plan or has been subject to a personal safety plan in the previous twelve months. Any school district that receives a request for such records from another school district enrolling a pupil that had previously attended a school in such district shall respond to such request within five business days of receiving the request. School districts may report or disclose

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97 education records to law enforcement and juvenile justice authorities if the disclosure 98 concerns law enforcement's or juvenile justice authorities' ability to effectively serve, prior to 99 adjudication, the student whose records are released. The officials and authorities to whom 100 such information is disclosed must comply with applicable restrictions set forth in 20 U.S.C. 101 Section 1232g(b)(1)(E).

8. If one or both of a child's parents are being relocated to the state of Missouri under military orders, a school district shall allow remote registration of the student and shall not require the parent or legal guardian of the student or the student himself or herself to physically appear at a location within the district to register the student. Proof of residency, as described in this section, shall not be required at the time of the remote registration but shall be required within ten days of the student's attendance in the school district.

167.022. Consistent with the provisions of section 167.020, within forty-eight hours of enrolling a nonresident pupil placed pursuant to sections 210.481 to 210.536, the school official enrolling a pupil, including any special education pupil, shall request those records required by district policy for student transfer [and those], discipline records required by subsection 9 of section 160.261, and records of any behavioral threat assessments and personal safety plans of the pupil created by the local education agency if the student is currently subject to an active personal safety plan or has been subject to a personal safety plan in the previous twelve months from all schools and other facilities previously attended by the pupil and from other state agencies as enumerated in section 210.518 and any entities involved with the placement of the student within the last twenty-four months. Any request for records under this section shall include, if applicable to the student, any records relating to an act of violence as defined under subsection 7 of section 160.262.

167.115. 1. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 211 or chapter 610 to the contrary, the **prosecutor**, juvenile officer, sheriff, chief of police, or other appropriate law enforcement authority shall, as soon as reasonably practical, notify the superintendent[5] or the superintendent's designee[5] of the school district in which the pupil is enrolled when a **charge or indictment is filed or a** petition is filed pursuant to subsection 1 of section 211.031 alleging that the pupil has committed one of the following acts:

- (1) First degree murder under section 565.020;
- (2) Second degree murder under section 565.021;
- 9 (3) Kidnapping under section 565.110 as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, or 10 kidnapping in the first degree under section 565.110;
- 11 (4) First degree assault under section 565.050;
- 12 (5) Forcible rape under section 566.030 as it existed prior to August 28, 2013, or rape 13 in the first degree under section 566.030;

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- 14 (6) Forcible sodomy under section 566.060 as it existed prior to August 28, 2013, or sodomy in the first degree under section 566.060;
- 16 (7) Burglary in the first degree under section 569.160;
- 17 (8) Robbery in the first degree under section 569.020 as it existed prior to January 1, 18 2017, or robbery in the first degree under section 570.023;
- 19 (9) Distribution of drugs under section 195.211 as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, 20 or manufacture of a controlled substance under section 579.055;
- 21 (10) Distribution of drugs to a minor under section 195.212 as it existed prior to 22 January 1, 2017, or delivery of a controlled substance under section 579.020;
 - (11) Arson in the first degree under section 569.040;
 - (12) Voluntary manslaughter under section 565.023;
- 25 (13) Involuntary manslaughter under section 565.024 as it existed prior to January 1,
- 26 2017, involuntary manslaughter in the first degree under section 565.024, or involuntary manslaughter in the second degree under section 565.027;
- 28 (14) Second degree assault under section 565.060 as it existed prior to January 1, 29 2017, or second degree assault under section 565.052;
- 30 (15) Sexual assault under section 566.040 as it existed prior to August 28, 2013, or rape in the second degree under section 566.031;
- 32 (16) Felonious restraint under section 565.120 as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, 33 or kidnapping in the second degree under section 565.120;
- 34 (17) Property damage in the first degree under section 569.100;
- 35 (18) The possession of a weapon under chapter 571;
- 36 (19) Child molestation in the first degree pursuant to section 566.067 as it existed 37 prior to January 1, 2017;
- 38 (20) Child molestation in the first, second, or third degree pursuant to sections 39 566.067, 566.068, or 566.069;
- 40 (21) Deviate sexual assault pursuant to section 566.070 as it existed prior to August 28, 2013, or sodomy in the second degree under section 566.061;
 - (22) Sexual misconduct involving a child pursuant to section 566.083; or
- 43 (23) Sexual abuse pursuant to section 566.100 as it existed prior to August 28, 2013, or sexual abuse in the first degree under section 566.100.
- 2. The notification shall be made orally or in writing, in a timely manner, no later than [five days] twenty-four hours following the filing of the charge, indictment, or petition. If the report is made orally, written notice shall follow in a timely manner. The notification shall include a complete description of the conduct the pupil is alleged to have committed and the dates the conduct occurred but shall not include the name of any victim. Upon the disposition of any such case, the juvenile office or prosecuting attorney or their designee shall send a

- second notification to the superintendent providing the disposition of the case, including a brief summary of the relevant finding of facts, no later than [five] two business days following the disposition of the case.
 - 3. The superintendent or the designee of the superintendent shall report such information to teachers and other school district employees with a need to know while acting within the scope of their assigned duties. Any information received by school district officials pursuant to this section shall be received in confidence and used for the limited purpose of assuring that good order and discipline is maintained in the school. This information shall not be used as the sole basis for not providing educational services to a public school pupil unless the school district requests the attorney general's office or the district or charter school's attorney to seek an injunction from a court of competent jurisdiction to exclude the pupil from educational services if there is a substantial likelihood of danger to the safety of pupils or employees of the school district. The information may be used to provide the pupil educational services in an alternative environment.
 - 4. The superintendent shall notify the appropriate division of the juvenile or family court upon any pupil's suspension for more than ten days or expulsion of any pupil that the school district is aware is under the jurisdiction of the court.
 - 5. The superintendent or the superintendent's designee may be called to serve in a consultant capacity at any dispositional proceedings pursuant to section 211.031 which may involve reference to a pupil's academic treatment plan.
 - 6. Upon the transfer of any pupil described in this section to any other school district in this state, the superintendent or the superintendent's designee shall forward the written notification given to the superintendent pursuant to subsection 2 of this section to the superintendent of the new school district in which the pupil has enrolled. Such written notification shall be required again in the event of any subsequent transfer by the pupil.
 - 7. As used in this section, the terms "school" and "school district" shall include any charter, private or parochial school or school district, and the term "superintendent" shall include the principal or equivalent chief school officer in the cases of charter, private or parochial schools.
- 8. The superintendent or the designee of the superintendent or other school employee who, in good faith, reports information in accordance with the terms of this section and section 160.261 shall not be civilly liable for providing such information.
 - 167.117. 1. In any instance when any person is believed to have committed an act which if committed by an adult would be assault in the first, second or third degree, sexual assault, or deviate sexual assault against a pupil or school employee, while on school property, including a school bus in service on behalf of the district, or while involved in

- school activities, the principal shall immediately report such incident to the appropriate local law enforcement agency and to the superintendent, except in any instance when any person is believed to have committed an act which if committed by an adult would be assault in the third degree and a written agreement as to the procedure for the reporting of such incidents of third degree assault has been executed between the superintendent of the school district and
- the appropriate local law enforcement agency, the principal shall report such incident to the appropriate local law enforcement agency in accordance with such agreement.
 - 2. In any instance when a pupil is discovered to have on or about such pupil's person, or among such pupil's possessions, or placed elsewhere on the school premises, including but not limited to the school playground or the school parking lot, on a school bus or at a school activity whether on or off of school property any controlled substance as defined in section 195.010 or any weapon as defined in subsection 6 of section 160.261 in violation of school policy, the principal shall immediately report such incident to the appropriate local law enforcement agency and to the superintendent.
 - 3. In any instance when a teacher becomes aware of an assault as set forth in subsection 1 of this section or finds a pupil in possession of a weapon or controlled substances as set forth in subsection 2 of this section, the teacher shall immediately report such incident to the principal.
 - 4. School districts and charter schools may enter into written agreements with law enforcement agencies as to the procedure for reporting the criminal offenses listed in subsection 1 of this section. The agreements may authorize the school district or charter school to report the criminal offense to the children's division rather than law enforcement if a pupil is under eleven years of age.
 - 5. If a school employee, agent, or official becomes aware of an offense that is required to be reported in this section, the employee, agent, or official shall immediately notify a principal or other administrator to make the report.
 - 6. A school employee, [superintendent or such person's designee] agent, or official who in good faith provides information to law enforcement [or juvenile authorities pursuant to] in accordance with this section or section 160.261 shall not be civilly liable for providing such information.
- 35 [5.] 7. Any school **employee**, **agent**, **or** official responsible for reporting pursuant to this section or section 160.261 who willfully neglects or refuses to perform this duty shall be subject to the penalty established pursuant to section 162.091.
 - 167.151. 1. The school board of any district[-]:
- 2 (1) In its discretion, may admit to the school pupils not entitled to free instruction; 3 and
 - (2) Shall prescribe the tuition fee to be paid by them, except as provided in:

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- 5 (a) Subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this section;
 - (b) Subsection 6 of this section; and [in]
- 7 (c) Sections 167.121, 167.131, 167.132, [and] 167.895, and 168.151.
 - 2. Orphan children, children with only one parent living, and children whose parents do not contribute to their support-if the children are between the ages of six and twenty years and are unable to pay tuition-may attend the schools of any district in the state in which they have a permanent or temporary home without paying a tuition fee.
 - 3. (1) For all school years ending on or before June 30, 2023, any individual who pays a school tax in any other district than that in which such individual resides may send such individual's children to any public school in the district in which the tax is paid and receive as a credit on the amount charged for tuition the amount of the school tax paid to the district; except that any individual who owns real estate of which eighty acres or more are used for agricultural purposes and upon which such individual's residence is situated may send such individual's children to public school in any school district in which a part of such real estate, contiguous to that upon which such individual's residence is situated, lies and shall not be charged tuition therefor; so long as thirty-five percent of the real estate is located in the school district of choice. The school district of choice shall count the children in its average daily attendance for the purpose of distribution of state aid through the foundation formula.
 - (2) For all school years beginning on or after July 1, 2023, any current owner of residential real property or agricultural real property or a named beneficiary of a trust that currently owns residential real property or agricultural real property and that pays a school tax in a district or districts other than the district in which such current owner or current beneficiary resides may send up to four of such owner's or beneficiary's children to a public school, excluding a charter school, in any district in which such owner or trust pays such school tax. For purposes of this subdivision, "residential real property" shall not include any multifamily residential property which exceeds four units. An owner or a named beneficiary of a trust that currently owns residential real property shall not be permitted under this subdivision to send their child to a district outside of the county in which they currently reside. Such owner or beneficiary shall send thirty days' written notice to all school districts involved specifying which school district each child will attend. Such owner or beneficiary shall also present proof of the owner's or trust's annual payment of at least two thousand dollars of school taxes levied on the real property specified in this subdivision within such school district and ownership of the specified real property for not less than the immediately preceding four consecutive years. Neither the resident nor nonresident districts shall be responsible for providing transportation services under this subdivision. The school district attended shall count a child attending under this subdivision in its average daily attendance for the purpose of distribution of state aid under chapter 163, except that such nonresident

students shall not be counted in the district's average daily attendance for the purposes of determining eligibility for aid payments under section 163.044.

- 4. For any school year ending on or before June 30, 2023, any owner of agricultural land who, pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, has the option of sending [his] such individual's children to the public schools of more than one district shall exercise such option as provided in this subsection. Such person shall send written notice to all school districts involved specifying to which school district [his] such children will attend by June thirtieth in which such a school year begins. If notification is not received, such children shall attend the school in which the majority of [his] such individual's property lies. Such person shall not send any of [his] such individual's children to the public schools of any district other than the one to which [he] such individual has sent notice pursuant to this subsection in that school year or in which the majority of [his] such individual's property lies without paying tuition to such school district.
- 5. If a pupil is attending school in a district other than the district of residence and the pupil's parent is teaching in the school district or is a regular employee of the school district which the pupil is attending, then the district in which the pupil attends school shall allow the pupil to attend school upon payment of tuition in the same manner in which the district allows other pupils not entitled to free instruction to attend school in the district. The provisions of this subsection shall apply only to pupils attending school in a district which has an enrollment in excess of thirteen thousand pupils and not in excess of fifteen thousand pupils and which district is located in a county with a charter form of government which has a population in excess of six hundred thousand persons and not in excess of nine hundred thousand persons.
 - 6. (1) As used in this subsection, the following terms mean:
- (a) "Contractor", an individual who devotes at least twenty paid hours per week fulfilling employment requirements or providing services to or for the benefit of a school district or public school employer in such district in any job title or position that is covered for an employee with such job title or in such position by a retirement system created under chapter 169 under a contract between such individual or such individual's employer and such school district or public school;
- (b) "Regular employee", an individual who devotes at least twenty paid hours per week fulfilling employment requirements or providing services to or for the benefit of a school district or public school in such district in any position that is covered by a retirement system created under chapter 169.
- (2) (a) For the 2025-26 school year and all subsequent school years, a school district may admit a child whose parent is a contractor or regular employee of a school

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district other than the child's school district of residence or a public school in such 79 district, and such child may attend school in such nonresident school district.

- (b) Such nonresident school district shall allow the child to attend school in the same manner in which the district allows other pupils who are entitled to free instruction to attend school in the district and without paying a tuition fee.
- (c) Such child shall be considered a resident pupil of such nonresident district under the definition of average daily attendance in section 163.011.
- (d) If such child wishes to attend a school within the nonresident district that is a magnet school, an academically selective school, or a school with a competitive entrance process that has admissions requirements, the child's parent shall furnish proof that the child meets the admissions requirements for such school in order to attend.
 - (3) The school district or public school may require:
- (a) A contractor to provide documentation showing that such contractor meets the requirements of this subsection; and
- (b) A contractor or regular employee to have worked a minimum number of days, not to exceed sixty, for such contractor's or regular employee's child to be eligible to attend school in such nonresident school district under this subsection.
- (4) Neither the resident district nor nonresident district shall be responsible for providing transportation services under this subsection.
- (5) If the parent of a nonresident child attending school under this subsection ceases to be a contractor or regular employee of a school district, the child may complete the school year as provided under the provisions of this subsection.
- 167.164. 1. (1) Any suspension issued pursuant to section 167.161, or this section, 2 or expulsion pursuant to section 167.161, shall not relieve the state or the suspended student's parents or guardians of their responsibilities to educate the student. School districts are encouraged to provide an in-school suspension system and to search for other acceptable discipline alternatives prior to using suspensions of more than ten days or expelling a student from the school.
 - (2) In the event a student is suspended, no school district shall be required to provide a teacher to the suspended student, provided that the school makes available the opportunity for the student to attend an alternative school, utilize alternative services under this section, utilize virtual options, or provides an opportunity to make up school work missed upon returning to school.
 - (3) Each school district or special school district constituting the domicile of any child for whom alternative education programs are provided or procured under this section shall pay toward the per pupil costs for alternative education programs for such child. subject to the following:

- (a) A school district which is not a special school district shall pay an amount equal to the average sum produced per child by the local tax effort of the district of domicile[-];
 - **(b)** A special school district shall pay an amount not to exceed the average sum produced per child by the local tax efforts of the domiciliary districts[-]; and
 - (c) When educational services have been provided by the school district or special school district in which a child actually resides, other than the district of domicile, the amounts as provided in subsection 2 of this section for which the domiciliary school district or special school district is responsible shall be paid by such district directly to the serving district.
 - (4) (a) The school district, or special school district, as the case may be, shall send a written voucher for payment to the regular or special district constituting the domicile of the child served and the domiciliary school district or special school district receiving such voucher shall pay the district providing or procuring the services an amount not to exceed the average sum produced per child by the local tax efforts of the domiciliary districts.
 - **(b)** In the event the responsible district fails to pay the appropriate amount to the district within ninety days after a voucher is submitted, the state department of elementary and secondary education shall deduct the appropriate amount due from the next payments of any state financial aid due that district and shall pay the same to the appropriate district.
 - 2. A school district may contract with other political subdivisions, public agencies, not-for-profit organizations, or private agencies for the provision of alternative education services for students whose demonstrated disruptive behavior indicates that they cannot be adequately served in the traditional classroom setting. Such contracting may be included as part of a grant application pursuant to section 167.335 or conducted independent of the provisions of section 167.335.
 - 167.167. Each school district shall prohibit, in name and practice, any zero-tolerance disciplinary policy or practice of discipline that results in an automatic disciplinary consequence against a pupil without the discretion to modify such disciplinary consequence on a case-by-case basis, such as automatic detention, suspension, or expulsion or the automatic imposition of other disciplinary measures.

167.624. Each school board [in the state, if the school district does not presently have a program as described below, may develop and implement a program to train the students and] and charter school governing board shall provide training for all employees of the district or charter school in the administration of cardiopulmonary resuscitation and other lifesaving methods, as they determine best[, and]. Such board may consult the department of public safety, the state fire marshal's office, the local fire protection authorities, and others as the board sees fit. [The board may make completion of the program a requirement for graduation.] Any trained employee shall be held harmless and immune from any civil

9 liability for administering cardiopulmonary resuscitation and other lifesaving methods in 0 good faith and according to standard medical practices.

167.950. 1. (1) By December 31, 2017, the department of elementary and secondary education shall develop guidelines for the appropriate screening of students for dyslexia and related disorders and the necessary classroom support for students with dyslexia and related disorders. Such guidelines shall be consistent with the findings and recommendations of the task force created under section 633.420.

- (2) In the 2018-19 school year and subsequent years, each public school, including each charter school, shall conduct dyslexia screenings for students in the appropriate year consistent with the guidelines developed by the department of elementary and secondary education.
- (3) In the 2018-19 school year and subsequent years, the school board of each district and the governing board of each charter school shall provide reasonable classroom support consistent with the guidelines developed by the department of elementary and secondary education.
- 2. In the 2018-19 school year and subsequent years, the practicing teacher assistance programs established under section 168.400 shall offer and include two hours of in-service training provided by each local school district for all practicing teachers in such district regarding dyslexia and related disorders. Each charter school shall also offer all of its teachers two hours of training on dyslexia and related disorders. Districts and charter schools may seek assistance from the department of elementary and secondary education in developing and providing such training. Completion of such training shall count as two contact hours of professional development under section 168.021. Such training shall be provided as established in section 168.331.
 - 3. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:
- (1) "Dyslexia", a disorder that is neurological in origin, characterized by difficulties with accurate and fluent word recognition and poor spelling and decoding abilities that typically result from a deficit in the phonological component of language, often unexpected in relation to other cognitive abilities and the provision of effective classroom instruction, and of which secondary consequences may include problems in reading comprehension and reduced reading experience that can impede growth of vocabulary and background knowledge. Nothing in this definition shall require a student with dyslexia to obtain an individualized education program (IEP) unless the student has otherwise met the federal conditions necessary;
- (2) "Dyslexia screening", a short test conducted by a teacher or school counselor to determine whether a student likely has dyslexia or a related disorder in which a positive result

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- does not represent a medical diagnosis but indicates that the student could benefit from 36 approved support;
 - (3) "Related disorders", disorders similar to or related to dyslexia, such as developmental auditory imperception, dysphasia, specific developmental dyslexia, developmental dysgraphia, and developmental spelling disability;
 - (4) "Support", low-cost and effective best practices, such as oral examinations and extended test-taking periods, used to support students who have dyslexia or any related disorder.
 - 4. The state board of education shall promulgate rules and regulations for each public school to screen students for dyslexia and related disorders and to provide the necessary classroom support for students with dyslexia and related disorders. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2016, shall be invalid and void.
- 5. Nothing in this section shall require the MO HealthNet program to expand the 54 services that it provides.
 - 168.021. 1. Certificates of license to teach in the public schools of the state shall be granted as follows:
 - (1) By the state board, under rules and regulations prescribed by it:
 - (a) Upon the basis of college credit;
 - (b) Upon the basis of examination;
 - (2) By the state board, under rules and regulations prescribed by the state board with advice from the advisory council established by section 168.015 to any individual who presents to the state board a valid doctoral degree from an accredited institution of higher education accredited by a regional accrediting association such as North Central Association. Such certificate shall be limited to the major area of postgraduate study of the holder, shall be issued only after successful completion of the examination required for graduation pursuant to rules adopted by the state board of education, and shall be restricted to those certificates established pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this section;
- 14 (3) By the state board, which shall issue the professional certificate classification in 15 both the general and specialized areas most closely aligned with the current areas of certification approved by the state board, commensurate with the years of teaching experience 16 of the applicant, and based upon the following criteria:

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- (a) a. Recommendation of a state-approved baccalaureate-level teacher preparation 18 program; 19
- b. The department of elementary and secondary education shall develop and maintain an eighteen-hour (one thousand eighty minutes) online teacher preparation program related to subjects appropriate for elementary and secondary education settings. Any charitable organization registered in Missouri that is exempt from federal taxation under the Internal 24 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, may submit a teacher preparation program to the department of elementary and secondary education for approval. Once approved, the 26 charitable organization shall be certified to develop and maintain a teacher preparedness program. Approved teacher preparedness programs created by a charitable organization shall be made available by the department of elementary and secondary education. An individual with a bachelor's degree may complete an eighteen-hour online training program, either created by the department or by a charitable organization, and receive a teacher certificate. 30 Such certificate shall not be accepted by Missouri public schools, and nonpublic schools shall not be required to accept the certificate,] but [shall] may be accepted by private schools and private school accrediting agencies;
 - (b) a. Successful attainment of the Missouri qualifying score on the exit assessment for teachers or administrators designated by the state board of education;
 - b. (i) Applicants who have not successfully achieved a qualifying score on the designated examinations will be issued a two-year nonrenewable provisional certificate;
 - (ii) During the two-year nonrenewable provisional certification, an individual teacher may gain full professional certification by:
 - i. Achieving a qualifying score on the designated exam; or
 - Successfully achieving an acceptable score on the state-approved teacher evaluation system from seven walk-through evaluations, two formative evaluations, and one summative evaluation for each of the two probationary years and being offered a third contract by the employing district. For any applicant who has a change in job status because of a reduction in the workforce or a change in life circumstances, the scores required under this item may be scores achieved in any school district during the two-year nonrenewable provisional certification period; and
 - (iii) The employing school district shall recommend to the department of elementary and secondary education that the individual teacher be awarded a full professional certification by the state board under rules prescribed by the state board; and
 - (c) Upon completion of a background check as prescribed in section 168.133 and possession of a valid teaching certificate in the state from which the applicant's teacher preparation program was completed;

- (4) By the state board, under rules prescribed by it, on the basis of a relevant bachelor's degree, or higher degree, and a passing score for the designated exit examination, for individuals whose academic degree and professional experience are suitable to provide a basis for instruction solely in the subject matter of banking or financial responsibility, at the discretion of the state board. Such certificate shall be limited to the major area of study of the holder and shall be restricted to those certificates established under subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this section. Holders of certificates granted under this subdivision shall be exempt from the teacher tenure act under sections 168.102 to 168.130 and each school district shall have the decision-making authority on whether to hire the holders of such certificates;
- (5) By the state board, under rules and regulations prescribed by it, on the basis of certification by the American Board for Certification of Teacher Excellence (ABCTE) or Teachers of Tomorrow and verification of ability to work with children as demonstrated by sixty contact hours in any one of the following areas as validated by the school principal: sixty contact hours in the classroom, of which at least forty-five must be teaching; sixty contact hours as a substitute teacher, with at least thirty consecutive hours in the same classroom; sixty contact hours of teaching in a private school; or sixty contact hours of teaching as a paraprofessional, for an initial four-year ABCTE or Teachers of Tomorrow certificate of license to teach, except that such certificate shall not be granted for the areas of early childhood education, or special education. For certification in the area of elementary education, ninety contact hours in the classroom shall be required, of which at least thirty shall be in an elementary classroom. Upon the completion of the following requirements, an applicant shall be eligible to apply for a career continuous professional certificate under subdivision (3) of subsection 3 of this section:
- (a) Completion of thirty contact hours of professional development within four years, which may include hours spent in class in an appropriate college curriculum;
- (b) Validated completion of two years of the mentoring program of the American Board for Certification of Teacher Excellence, **Teachers of Tomorrow**, or a district mentoring program approved by the state board of education;
 - (c) Attainment of a successful performance-based teacher evaluation; and
 - (d) Participation in a beginning teacher assistance program;
- (6) (a) By the state board, under rules and regulations prescribed by the board, which shall issue an initial visiting scholars certificate at the discretion of the board, based on the following criteria:
- a. Verification from the hiring school district that the applicant will be employed as part of a business-education partnership initiative designed to build career pathways systems or employed as part of an initiative designed to fill vacant positions in hard-to-staff public schools or hard-to-fill subject areas for students in a grade or grades not lower than the ninth

- grade for which the applicant's academic degree or professional experience qualifies the applicant;
 - b. Appropriate and relevant bachelor's degree or higher, occupational license, or industry-recognized credential;
 - c. Completion of the application for a one-year visiting scholars certificate; and
 - d. Completion of a background check as prescribed under section 168.133.
 - (b) The initial visiting scholars certificate shall certify the holder of such certificate to teach for one year. An applicant shall be eligible to renew an initial visiting scholars certificate a maximum of two times, based upon the completion of the requirements listed under subparagraphs a., b., and d. of paragraph (a) of this subdivision; completion of professional development required by the school district and school; and attainment of a satisfactory performance-based teacher evaluation; or
 - (7) By the state board, which shall issue an additional professional subject-area certification for specific content knowledge or for a specialty area to a certificate holder who:
 - (a) Applies for an additional professional subject-area certification;
 - (b) Successfully achieves an acceptable score on the state-approved teacher evaluation system from seven walk-through evaluations, two formative evaluations, and one summative evaluation of the applicant teaching specific content knowledge or the specialty area for which the additional professional subject-area certification is sought;
 - (c) Receives a recommendation from the applicant's employing school district that the applicant be awarded an additional professional subject-area certification by the state board under rules prescribed by the state board; and
 - (d) Completes a background check as prescribed in section 168.133.
 - 2. All valid teaching certificates issued pursuant to law or state board policies and regulations prior to September 1, 1988, shall be exempt from the professional development requirements of this section and shall continue in effect until they expire, are revoked or suspended, as provided by law. When such certificates are required to be renewed, the state board or its designee shall grant to each holder of such a certificate the certificate most nearly equivalent to the one so held. Anyone who holds, as of August 28, 2003, a valid PC-I, PC-II, or continuous professional certificate shall, upon expiration of such person's current certificate, be issued the appropriate level of certificate based upon the classification system established pursuant to subsection 3 of this section.
 - 3. (1) Certificates of license to teach in the public schools of the state shall be based upon minimum requirements prescribed by the state board of education which shall include completion of a background check as prescribed in section 168.133. The state board shall provide for the following levels of professional certification: an initial professional certificate and a career continuous professional certificate.

- 128 (2) The initial professional certificate shall be issued upon completion of 129 requirements established by the state board of education and shall be valid based upon 130 verification of actual teaching within a specified time period established by the state board of 131 education. The state board shall require holders of the four-year initial professional certificate 132 to:
- 133 (a) Participate in a mentoring program approved and provided by the district for a minimum of two years;
 - (b) Complete thirty contact hours of professional development, which may include hours spent in class in an appropriate college curriculum, or for holders of a certificate under subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this section, an amount of professional development in proportion to the certificate holder's hours in the classroom, if the certificate holder is employed less than full time; and
 - (c) Participate in a beginning teacher assistance program.
 - (3) (a) The career continuous professional certificate shall be issued upon verification of completion of four years of teaching under the initial professional certificate and upon verification of the completion of the requirements articulated in paragraphs (a) to (c) of subdivision (2) of this subsection or paragraphs (a) to (d) of subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of this section.
 - (b) The career continuous professional certificate shall be continuous based upon verification of actual employment in an educational position as provided for in state board guidelines and completion of fifteen contact hours of professional development per year which may include hours spent in class in an appropriate college curriculum. Should the possessor of a valid career continuous professional certificate fail, in any given year, to meet the fifteen-hour professional development requirement, the possessor may, within two years, make up the missing hours. In order to make up for missing hours, the possessor shall first complete the fifteen-hour requirement for the current year and then may count hours in excess of the current year requirement as make-up hours. Should the possessor fail to make up the missing hours within two years, the certificate shall become inactive. In order to reactivate the certificate, the possessor shall complete twenty-four contact hours of professional development which may include hours spent in the classroom in an appropriate college curriculum within the six months prior to or after reactivating the possessor's certificate. The requirements of this paragraph shall be monitored and verified by the local school district which employs the holder of the career continuous professional certificate.
 - (c) A holder of a career continuous professional certificate shall be exempt from the professional development contact hour requirements of paragraph (b) of this subdivision if such teacher has a local professional development plan in place within such teacher's school district and meets two of the three following criteria:

- a. Has ten years of teaching experience as defined by the state board of education;
- b. Possesses a master's degree; or
- 167 c. Obtains a rigorous national certification as approved by the state board of 168 education.
 - 4. Policies and procedures shall be established by which a teacher who was not retained due to a reduction in force may retain the current level of certification. There shall also be established policies and procedures allowing a teacher who has not been employed in an educational position for three years or more to reactivate the teacher's last level of certification by completing twenty-four contact hours of professional development which may include hours spent in the classroom in an appropriate college curriculum within the six months prior to or after reactivating the teacher's certificate.
 - 5. The state board shall, upon completion of a background check as prescribed in section 168.133, issue a professional certificate classification in the areas most closely aligned with an applicant's current areas of certification, commensurate with the years of teaching experience of the applicant, to any person who is hired to teach in a public school in this state and who possesses a valid teaching certificate from another state or certification under subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this section, provided that the certificate holder shall annually complete the state board's requirements for such level of certification, and shall establish policies by which residents of states other than the state of Missouri may be assessed a fee for a certificate of license to teach in the public schools of Missouri. Such fee shall be in an amount sufficient to recover any or all costs associated with the issuing of a certificate of license to teach. The board shall promulgate rules to authorize the issuance of a provisional certificate of license, which shall be valid for three years and shall allow the holder to assume classroom duties pending the completion of a criminal background check under section 168.133, for any applicant who:
 - (1) Is the spouse of a member of the Armed Forces stationed in Missouri;
 - (2) Relocated from another state within one year of the date of application;
 - (3) Underwent a criminal background check in order to be issued a teaching certificate of license from another state; and
 - (4) Otherwise qualifies under this section.
 - 6. The state board may assess to holders of an initial professional certificate a fee, to be deposited into the excellence in education fund established pursuant to section 160.268, for the issuance of the career continuous professional certificate. However, such fee shall not exceed the combined costs of issuance and any criminal background check required as a condition of issuance. Applicants for the initial ABCTE certificate shall be responsible for any fees associated with the program leading to the issuance of the certificate, but nothing in this section shall prohibit a district from developing a policy that permits fee reimbursement.

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- 7. Any member of the public school retirement system of Missouri who entered covered employment with ten or more years of educational experience in another state or states and held a certificate issued by another state and subsequently worked in a school district covered by the public school retirement system of Missouri for ten or more years who later became certificated in Missouri shall have that certificate dated back to the member's original date of employment in a Missouri public school.
- 8. Within thirty days of receiving an application from a spouse of an active duty 209 member of the Armed Forces of the United States who has been transferred or is scheduled to be transferred to the state of Missouri, or who has been transferred or is scheduled to be transferred to an adjacent state and is or will be domiciled in the state of Missouri, or has 212 moved to the state of Missouri on a permanent change-of-station basis and has successfully completed the background check described under subsection 5 of this section and section 168.133, the state board shall issue to such applicant a full certificate of license to teach, provided that the applicant has paid all necessary fees and has otherwise met all requirements to be issued such a certificate.
 - 168.025. 1. For purposes of this section, "teacher externship" means an experience in which a teacher, supervised by his or her school or school district, gains practical experience at a business located in Missouri through observation and interaction with employers and employees.
 - 2. The department of economic development and the department of elementary and secondary education shall develop and recommend:
 - (1) Requirements for teacher externships that can be considered the equivalent of the completion of credit hours in graduate-level courses for purposes of salary schedules; and
 - (2) An equivalency schedule that sets forth the number of credit hours in graduatelevel courses that shall be considered equivalent to and awarded for each type of teacher externship. To classify teacher externships and determine the number of credit hours that would be appropriate for each type, the length of the teacher externship, the practical experience gained, or any other factor deemed relevant may be considered.
 - 3. The department of economic development and the department of elementary and secondary education shall adopt and publish on their websites, before July 1, 2020, requirements for teacher externships that can be considered the equivalent of the completion of credit hours in graduate-level courses for purposes of salary schedules and an equivalency schedule as described in subsection 2 of this section. Any teacher externship that meets the published requirements shall be known as and considered a certified teacher externship for purposes of this section.
 - 4. If a school district or charter school uses a salary schedule in which a teacher receives a higher salary if he or she has earned credit hours in graduate-level courses, the

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- school district or charter school shall consider any teacher who has completed a certified teacher externship to have completed credit hours in graduate-level courses on its salary schedule in the manner prescribed by the equivalency schedule developed under this section and compensate the teacher accordingly.
 - 5. The department of elementary and secondary education and the department of economic development may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2019, shall be invalid and void.

[6. Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:

- (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset five years after August 28, 2019, unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly;
- (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset ten years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and—
- (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset.
- 168.036. 1. In addition to granting certificates of license to teach in public schools of the state under section 168.021, the state board of education shall grant substitute teacher certificates as provided in this section to any individual seeking to substitute teach in any public school in this state.
- 2. (1) The state board shall not grant a certificate of license to teach under this section to any individual who has not completed a background check as required under section 168.021.
- 8 (2) The state board may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, or revoke any certificate 9 sought or issued under this section in the same manner and for the same reasons as under 10 section 168.071.
- 3. The state board may grant a certificate under this section to any individual who has completed:
- 13 (1) At least thirty-six semester hours at an accredited institution of higher education; 14 or

- 15 (2) The twenty-hour online training program required in this section and who possesses a high school diploma or the equivalent thereof.
 - 4. The department of elementary and secondary education shall develop and maintain an online training program for individuals, which shall consist of twenty hours of training related to subjects appropriate for substitute teachers as determined by the department.
 - 5. The state board may grant a certificate under this section to any highly qualified individual with expertise in a technical or business field or with experience in the Armed Forces of the United States who has completed the background check required in this section but does not meet any of the qualifications under subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 3 of this section if the superintendent of the school district in which the individual seeks to substitute teach sponsors such individual and the school board of the school district in which the individual seeks to substitute teach votes to approve such individual to substitute teach.
 - 6. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions to contrary, beginning on June 30, 2022, and ending on June 30, [2025] 2030, any person who is retired and currently receiving a retirement allowance under sections 169.010 to 169.141 or sections 169.600 to 169.715, other than for disability, may be employed to substitute teach on a part-time or temporary substitute basis by an employer included in the retirement system without a discontinuance of the person's retirement allowance. Such a person shall not contribute to the retirement system, or to the public school retirement system established by sections 169.010 to 169.141 or to the public education employee retirement system established by sections 169.600 to 169.715, because of earnings during such period of employment.
 - (2) In addition to the conditions set forth in subdivision 1 of this subsection, any person retired and currently receiving a retirement allowance under sections 169.010 to 169.141, other than for disability, who is employed by a third party or is performing work as an independent contractor may be employed to substitute teach on a part-time or temporary substitute basis, if such person is performing work for an employer included in the retirement system without a discontinuance of the person's retirement allowance.
 - (3) If a person is employed pursuant to this subsection on a regular, full-time basis the person shall not be entitled to receive the person's retirement allowance for any month during which the person is so employed. The retirement system may require the employer, the third-party employer, the independent contractor, and the retiree subject to this subsection to provide documentation showing compliance with this subsection. If such documentation is not provided, the retirement system may deem the retiree to have exceeded the limitations provided in this subsection.
 - 7. A certificate granted under this section shall be valid for four years. A certificate granted under this section shall expire at the end of any calendar year in which the individual fails to substitute teach for at least five days or forty hours of in-seat instruction.

- 8. (1) An individual to whom the state board grants a certificate under this section may be a substitute teacher in a public school in the state if the school district agrees to employ the individual as a substitute teacher and such individual has completed a background check as required in subsection 10 of this section.
 - (2) No individual to whom the state board grants a certificate under this section and who is under twenty years of age shall be a substitute teacher in grades nine to twelve.
 - 9. Each school district may develop an orientation for individuals to whom the state board grants a certificate under this section for such individuals employed by the school district and may require such individuals to complete such orientation. Such orientation shall contain at least two hours of subjects appropriate for substitute teachers and shall contain instruction on the school district's best practices for classroom management.
 - 10. Beginning January 1, 2023, any substitute teacher may, at the time such substitute teacher submits the fingerprints and information required for the background check required under section 168.021, designate up to five school districts to which such substitute teacher has submitted an application for substitute teaching to receive the results of the substitute teacher's criminal history background check and fingerprint collection. The total amount of any fees for disseminating such results to up to five school districts under this subsection shall not exceed fifty dollars.
 - 11. The state board may exercise the board's authority under chapter 161 to promulgate all necessary rules and regulations necessary for the administration of this section.
 - 168.331. 1. As used in this section, "school employee" means an individual who works in any paid capacity for a school district or a charter school, such as a superintendent, assistant superintendent, principal, assistant principal, supervising principal, supervisor, teacher, teacher-secretary, substitute teacher, school nurse, social worker, school counselor, school psychologist, mental health professional, librarian, janitor, cafeteria worker, or any other individual employed by such school district or charter school.
 - 2. Except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, in the 2025-26 school year and each subsequent school year, the training, instruction, or education provided to each school employee of a school district or a charter school under section 160.261, 160.263, 160.775, 162.065, 162.069, 167.950, 170.048, or 170.315, other provisions of state law, or the employing school district's or charter school's policies shall be provided as follows:
 - (1) For each newly hired school employee, the employing school district or charter school shall provide such training, instruction, or education annually in each of the first three school years after the hiring of such school employee;

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- 17 **(2)** For all other school employees, the employing school district or charter school shall provide such training, instruction, or education on a schedule as determined by such school district or charter school based on the needs of the school district or charter school, each school employee, or both; and
 - (3) Each school district and charter school shall provide each school employee sufficient time during work hours to complete such training, instruction, or education.
 - 3. This section shall not be construed to exempt a school employee from attending or completing any training, instruction, or education that is required for such school employee's position or job duties or that is required for such school employee by federal law.
 - 4. In the 2026-27 school year and each subsequent school year, all new training, instruction, or education required under state law or rules promulgated by the department of elementary and secondary education for school employees shall be mandatory for and provided to each school employee for at least three consecutive school years before the provisions of subsection 2 of this section apply.
- 170.014. 1. This section shall be known as the "Reading Instruction Act" and is enacted to ensure that all public schools including charter schools establish reading programs in kindergarten through grade five based in scientific research. "Evidence-based reading instruction" includes practices that have been proven effective through evaluation of the outcomes for large numbers of students and are highly likely to be effective in improving reading if implemented with fidelity. Such programs shall include the essential components of phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension, and all new teachers who teach reading in kindergarten through grade three shall receive adequate training in these areas.
 - 2. (1) For purposes of this subsection, "three-cueing system" means any model of teaching students to read based on meaning, structure and syntax, and visual cues, which may also be known as "MSV".
 - (2) A public school district or charter school shall provide reading instruction in accordance with the following requirements:
 - (a) Phonics instruction for decoding and encoding shall be the primary instructional strategy for teaching word reading;
 - (b) Instruction in word reading may not include strategies based on the threecueing system model of reading or visual memory; and
- 19 (c) Reading instruction may include visual information and strategies that 20 improve background and experiential knowledge, add context, and increase oral 21 language and vocabulary to support comprehension, but such visual information and 22 strategies shall not be used to teach word reading.

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- 23 **3.** Every public school in the state shall offer a reading program as described in subsection 1 of this section for kindergarten through grade five.
 - 170.048. 1. By July 1, 2018, each district shall adopt a policy for youth suicide awareness and prevention, including plans for how the district will provide for the training and education of its district employees. Such training and education shall be provided as established in section 168.331.
 - 2. Each district's policy shall address and include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (1) Strategies that can help identify students who are at possible risk of suicide;
 - (2) Strategies and protocols for helping students at possible risk of suicide; and
 - 8 (3) Protocols for responding to a suicide death.
- 9 3. By July 1, 2017, the department of elementary and secondary education shall develop a model policy that districts may adopt. When developing the model policy, the department shall cooperate, consult with, and seek input from organizations that have 11 expertise in youth suicide awareness and prevention. By July 1, 2021, and at least every three years thereafter, the department shall request information and seek feedback from districts on their experience with the policy for youth suicide awareness and prevention. The department 15 shall review this information and may use it to adapt the department's model policy. The 16 department shall post any information on its website that it has received from districts that it deems relevant. The department shall not post any confidential information or any 17 18 information that personally identifies any student or school employee.
 - 4. (1) Beginning July 1, 2025, a public school or charter school that serves any pupils in grades seven to twelve and that issues pupil identification cards shall have printed on either side of the cards:
 - (a) The three-digit dialing code that directs calls and routes text messages to the Suicide and Crisis Lifeline, 988; and
 - (b) The nonemergency telephone number of the local police department; and
 - (c) May have printed on either side of the cards:
- a. The six-digit dialing code that routes text messages to the Crisis Text Line, 741741; and
- b. The telephone number of a local suicide prevention hotline, if such hotline is available.
- 30 (2) If, on July 1, 2025, a public school or charter school subject to the requirements of this subsection has a supply of unissued pupil identification cards that do not comply with the requirements of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the school shall issue those cards until that supply is depleted.
- 34 (3) Subdivision (1) of this subsection shall apply to a pupil identification card issued 35 for the first time to a pupil and to a card issued to replace a damaged or lost card.

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- 170.315. 1. (1) There is hereby established the Active Shooter and Intruder Response Training for Schools Program (ASIRT).
- 3 (2) For each school year ending before July 1, 2026, each school district and 4 charter school may [, by July 1, 2014,] include in its teacher and school employee training a 5 component on how to properly respond to students who provide them with information about a threatening situation and how to address situations in which there is a potentially dangerous or armed intruder in the school. Training may also include information and techniques on how to address situations where an active shooter is present in the school or on school 8 9 property.
 - (3) For the 2026-27 school year and all subsequent school years, each school district and charter school shall include in its teacher and school employee training components on:
 - (a) How to properly respond to students who provide a teacher or school employee with information about a threatening situation;
 - (b) How to address situations in which there is a potentially dangerous or armed intruder in the school:
 - (c) Information and techniques on how to address situations where an active shooter is present in the school or on school property
 - (d) How to identify potential threats or safety hazards; and
 - (e) Protocols for emergencies in the school including, but not limited to:
- 21 a. Evacuations:
- 22 b. Severe weather;
- 23 c. Earthquakes;
- 24 d. Fire: and
- 25 e. Medical.
 - 2. For the 2026-27 school year and all subsequent school years, each school district and charter school [may] that elects to provide such training shall conduct the training [on an annual basis] as established in section 168.331. [If no formal training has previously occurred, the length of the training may be eight hours.] The length of [annual eontinuing training [may] shall be [four hours] determined by the school district or charter school electing to provide such training.
- 3. All school personnel [shall] may participate in a simulated active shooter and intruder response drill conducted and led by law enforcement professionals or school safety professionals. Each drill [may] shall include an explanation of its purpose and a safety briefing. [The training shall require each participant to know and understand how to respond in the event of an actual emergency on school property or at a school event. The drill may 36 include:

- 38 (1) Allowing school personnel to respond to the simulated emergency in whatever 39 way they have been trained or informed; and
 - (2) Allowing school personnel to attempt and implement new methods of responding to the simulated emergency based upon previously used unsuccessful methods of response.]
 - 4. All instructors for the program shall be certified by the department of public safety's peace officers standards training commission.
 - 5. School districts and charter schools may consult and collaborate with law enforcement authorities, emergency response agencies, and other organizations and entities trained to deal with active shooters or potentially dangerous or armed intruders.
 - 6. Public schools shall actively foster an environment in which students feel comfortable sharing information they have regarding a potentially threatening or dangerous situation with a responsible adult. As part of each public school's efforts to actively foster such environment, each public school shall annually provide age-appropriate information and training on the Missouri state highway patrol's Courage2ReportMO (C2R) reporting mechanism or its successor reporting mechanism.
 - 7. For the 2026-27 school year and all subsequent school years, each school district and charter school shall hold an age-appropriate active shooter exercise in which students, teachers, and other school employees participate in and practice the procedures for safety and protection to be implemented under such conditions.
 - 173.232. 1. There is hereby established the "Teacher Recruitment and Retention State Scholarship Program", which shall be administered by the department of elementary and secondary education. The program shall, upon appropriation, provide scholarships, subject to the eligibility criteria enumerated in this section, for eligible students who enter a teacher education program and make a commitment to teach as a condition of receiving such scholarship.
 - 2. (1) Subject to appropriation, each year the department of elementary and secondary education shall make available to eligible students scholarships for up to two years in an amount that encompasses up to one hundred percent of the total cost of eligible students' tuition costs and educational costs related to teacher preparation at a four-year college or university located in Missouri, except that no amount granted for tuition shall exceed the amount of tuition charged a Missouri resident at the University of Missouri-Columbia for attendance. Such amount shall be paid by funds appropriated to the department.
 - (2) The maximum number of scholarships made available or the maximum amount awarded annually under this section shall be as follows:
- 16 [(1)] (a) For academic years ending before July 1, 2025, two hundred scholarships or 17 a maximum awarded amount of one million two hundred thousand dollars;

- 18 [(2)] (b) For the 2025-26 academic year, four hundred scholarships or a maximum 19 awarded amount of two million four hundred thousand dollars;
- 20 [(3)] (c) For the 2026-27 academic year, four hundred forty scholarships or a 21 maximum awarded amount of two million six hundred thousand dollars;
- 22 [(4)] (d) For the 2027-28 academic year, four hundred eighty scholarships or a 23 maximum awarded amount of two million eight hundred thousand dollars;
 - [(5)] (e) For the 2028-29 academic year, five hundred twenty scholarships or a maximum awarded amount of three million dollars;
 - [(6)] (f) For the 2029-30 academic year, five hundred sixty scholarships or a maximum awarded amount of three million two hundred thousand dollars; and
 - [(7)] (g) For the 2030-31 academic year and all subsequent academic years, six hundred scholarships or a maximum awarded amount of three million four hundred thousand dollars.
 - (3) (a) If the number of scholarships or the maximum awarded amount in a given academic year does not meet or exceed the limits listed in subdivision (2) of this subsection, the department shall use such remaining moneys to award additional scholarships for tuition costs and educational costs related to teacher preparation at a four-year college or university located in Missouri to students who are in such students' final semester of a state-approved baccalaureate-level teacher preparation program and are student teaching.
 - (b) The department shall determine the amount of each scholarship awarded under this subdivision based on an equal distribution of such remaining moneys among all students eligible under this subdivision.
 - (c) No amount granted for tuition and under this subdivision shall exceed the amount of tuition charged a Missouri resident at the University of Missouri-Columbia for attendance for one semester.
 - 3. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
 - (1) "Eligible student", an individual who:
 - (a) Is a United States citizen and a Missouri resident;
 - (b) Enters and makes a commitment to pursue a teacher education program approved by the department of elementary and secondary education and offered by a four-year college or university located in Missouri;
- (c) Signs an agreement with the department of elementary and secondary education in which the recipient agrees to teach in a Missouri public school that is a hard-to-staff school or to teach at least one hard-to-staff subject area in a Missouri public school that offers classes in hard-to-staff subject areas, or both, for two years for every one year the recipient received the scholarship;

- (d) Maintains a cumulative grade point average of at least two and one-half on a fourpoint scale or equivalent; and
 - (e) For scholarships awarded for any academic year beginning after June 30, 2025, has made a good faith effort to first secure all available federal sources of grant funding that could be applied to the total cost of such student's eligible tuition and fees as described in subsection 2 of this section;
 - (2) "Hard-to-staff schools", attendance centers where the percentage of certificated positions in the attendance center that were left vacant or were filled with a teacher not fully qualified in the prior academic year exceeds ten percent as reported to the department of elementary and secondary education;
 - (3) "Hard-to-staff subject areas", content areas for which positions were left vacant or were filled with a teacher not fully qualified in the prior academic year as reported to the department of elementary and secondary education.
 - 4. If the number of applicants exceeds the number of scholarships or revenues available, the department of elementary and secondary education may consider the financial needs of the applicant.
 - 5. The scholarships provided in this section shall be available to eligible students who meet at least one of the following:
 - (1) Have successfully completed two years at a community college with a minimum of forty-eight credit hours and a grade point average of at least two and one-half on a four-point scale or the equivalent;
 - (2) Have been awarded an associate degree or the equivalent;
 - (3) Have successfully completed five semesters at a four-year college or university with a minimum of sixty credit hours and a grade point average of at least two and one-half on a four-point scale or the equivalent; or
 - (4) Have completed their baccalaureate degree.
 - 6. (1) Every eligible student receiving scholarships under this section shall teach in an elementary or secondary public school in Missouri as provided in paragraph (c) of subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section. The student shall teach for a period of two years for every one year such student received a scholarship under this section; otherwise, the scholarship shall be treated as a loan to the eligible student. Interest shall be charged on the unpaid balance of the amount received from the date the eligible student ceases to teach until the amount received is paid back to the state. The interest rate shall be adjusted annually and shall be equal to one percentage point over the prevailing United States prime rate in effect on January first of such year.
 - (2) In order to provide for the servicing of such loans, the department of elementary and secondary education [may] shall sell such loans to the higher education loan authority of

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the state of Missouri created pursuant to sections 173.350 to 173.445. For each year the 93 student teaches, up to eight years, one-eighth of the amount received pursuant to this section 94 shall be applied against the total amount received and shall not be subject to the repayment requirement of this section[; provided that twenty-five percent of such amount, not subject to 95 96 repayment, shall be repaid by the local school district to the department.

- (3) The department of elementary and secondary education shall have the power to and shall defer interest and principal payments under certain circumstances, which shall include, but need not be limited to, the enrollment in a graduate program or service in any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States.
- 7. There is hereby established in the state treasury a fund to be known as the "Teacher Recruitment and Retention State Scholarship Program Fund", which shall consist of all moneys that may be appropriated to it by the general assembly, and in addition may include any gifts, contributions, grants, or bequests received from federal, state, private, or other sources. The fund shall be administered by the department of elementary and secondary education. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, moneys in the fund shall not be transferred to the credit of the general revenue fund at the end of the biennium. Interest and moneys earned on the fund shall be credited to the fund. Moneys in the fund shall be used solely for the purpose of awarding scholarships under the provisions of this section.
- 8. An individual who has qualified as an eligible student under this section shall continue to qualify as an eligible student for purposes of paragraph (c) of subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section as long as such individual remains employed by the school district in which such individual agrees to teach regardless of whether such individual's employing school no longer qualifies as a hard-to-staff school, such class taught by such individual no longer qualifies as a hard-to-staff subject area, or such individual's position within the school district changes.
- 177.086. 1. Any school district authorizing the construction of facilities which may 2 exceed an expenditure of fifty thousand dollars shall publicly advertise, once a week for two consecutive weeks, in a newspaper of general circulation, qualified pursuant to chapter 493, 3 located within the city in which the school district is located, or if there be no such newspaper, in a qualified newspaper of general circulation in the county, or if there be no such newspaper, in a qualified newspaper of general circulation in an adjoining county, and may advertise in business, trade, or minority newspapers, for bids on said construction.
- 2. No bids shall be entertained by the school district which are not made in accordance with the specifications furnished by the district and all contracts shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder complying with the terms of the letting, provided that the district 10 shall have the right to reject any and all bids.

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- 3. All bids must be submitted sealed and in writing, to be opened publicly at time and place of the district's choosing.
 - 4. The requirements of this statute are not applicable if the district utilizes a cooperative procurement service, state procurement services as authorized in sections 34.046 and 67.360, services as authorized under section 67.5060, or other purchasing processes authorized by state or federal law.
 - [701.200. 1. Subject to appropriations, each school district, as such term is defined in section 160.011, may test a sample of a source of potable water in a public school building in that district serving students under first grade and constructed before 1996 for lead contamination in accordance with guidance provided by the department of health and senior services. The school district may submit the samples to a department-approved laboratory for analysis for lead and provide the written sampling results to the department within seven days of receipt.
 - 2. The department shall develop guidance for schools in collecting and testing first-draw samples of potable water. The department shall develop and make publicly available a list of approved laboratories for lead analysis.
 - 3. If any of the samples taken in the building exceed current standards for parts-per-billion of lead established by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the school district shall promptly provide individual notification of the sampling results, by written or electronic communication, to the parents or legal guardians of all enrolled students and include the following information: the corresponding sampling location within the building and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's website for information about lead in drinking water. If any of the samples taken in the building are at or below five parts-per-billion, notification may be made as provided in this subsection or by posting on the school's website.
 - 4. The department may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2020, shall be invalid and void.
 - 5. As used in this section, the term "source of potable water" shall mean the point at which nonbottled water that may be ingested by children or used for food preparation exits any tap, faucet, drinking fountain, wash basin in a classroom occupied by children or students under first grade, or similar point of use; provided, that all bathroom sinks and wash basins used by ianitorial staff are excluded from this definition.]